

Physician's Affidavit.

TAKE NOTICE—This affidavit should, if possible, be in the handwriting of the affiant; the marginal instructions should be carefully observed before writing out the statement. All the facts in possession of affiant as to the origin and continuance of the disability should be fully set forth, and the dates of treatment should be specifically given. If the affidavit is prepared from memoranda in possession of the physician, that fact should be stated.

State of Md County of Calvert, ss:

In the matter of Pension Claim of James Wilson

Personally came before me a Justice of Peace in and for the aforesaid County and State, duly authorized to administer oaths

a resident of Mutual in the County of Calvert and State of Md whose Post-Office address is Mutual

well known to me to be reputable and entitled to credit, and who being duly sworn, declares in relation to the aforesaid case, as follows: That he is a practicing physician, and that he has been acquainted with the said Soldier for about 20

years, and that James Wilson has been a

Sufferer from Leucorrhoea for a number of years
and that upon an examination of him this day
I find him to be a

sufferer from the above named
disease, and that as he
gives no other history of disease

to such an extent that he
can only do light work
and has been unable to do

his usual work for
the last 59 years

He also has a married wife
dependent on him for support
and he is justly due the

increase that he asks for
same.



Philo B. B. B. D.

Notes. For Claims Under General Law.

The Physician's Affidavit should show the following facts:
1st. Whether or not he knew the soldier prior to enlistment; the length of time he has known him, how intimately, and what opportunities he has had of observing his physical condition, whether as his family physician or as a neighbor; and how near he has lived to him. If he knew that the soldier was a sound man at enlistment, he should so state, adding, if true, that had he been unsound he would have known it.
2d. If he treated claimant while in the service, either as his regimental surgeon or while claimant was home on furlough, that fact should be stated. The Claimant's physical condition at such times should be clearly shown, as well as the nature of his disability and dates of treatment.
3d. If he has treated soldier since discharge he should so state, giving the date of his first treatment; what his physical condition was at the time, with a complete diagnosis of the disability; the period during which he treated him should be stated, with dates, as near as possible of the prescriptions.
4th. The extent to which claimant has been unable to perform manual labor since discharge, or first acquaintance to PRESENT TIME (whether 1/4, 1/2, 3/4, or total.)

Notes.
For Claims Under
Act of June 27,
1890.

The Physician's Affidavit must show the following facts:
1st. A complete diagnosis of the disabilities upon which the claim for pension is based, and the period during which he treated him.
2d. That the soldier is suffering at present from a mental or physical disability of a permanent character not the result of his own vicious habits, which incapacitates him from the performance of manual labor in such a degree as to render him unable to earn a support. The degree or extent he has been disabled since the filing of his application should be plainly stated—whether 1/4, 1/2, or total.