

PHYSICIAN'S AFFIDAVIT.

TAKE NOTICE.—This affidavit should, if possible, be in the handwriting of the affiant; the marginal instructions should be carefully observed before writing out the statement. All the facts in possession of affiant as to the origin and continuance of the disability should be fully set forth, and the dates of treatment specifically given. If the affidavit is prepared from memoranda in possession of the physician, that fact should be stated.

State of Pa
County of Ph } SS.

In the Pension Claim No. _____
of _____ late of _____

(Company and regiment of service, if in the army; or vessel and rank, if the Navy.)

Personally came before me a John J. Lynn in and for the aforesaid

(Official character of Magistrate.)

County and State Ph a citizen of Ph
in the County of Ph and State of Ph

well known to me to be reputable and entitled to credit, and who being duly sworn, declares in relation to the aforesaid case, as follows:

That he is a practising physician, and that he has been acquainted with said Soldier for about Three years, and that On or about March 1887

(Here embody all the facts known to the affiant in accordance with the marginal instructions. No erasures or interlineations will be permitted unless the Magistrate certifies in his jurat that they were made before executing the paper.)

first became acquainted with the
claimant, Dr. Henry M. Hall and was
associated with him in medical
practice and so continued for about
nine months, and I have been
intimately acquainted with him
up to the present date.

NOTES.

The Physician's Affidavit should show the following facts:

1st. Whether or not he knew the soldier prior to enlistment; the length of time he has known him; how intimately, and what opportunities he has had of observing his physical condition, whether as his family physician or as a neighbor and how near he has lived to him. If he knew that the soldier was a sound man at enlistment, he should so state, adding, if true, that had he been unsound he would have known it.

2d. If he treated claimant while in the service, either as his regimental surgeon or while claimant was home on furlough, that fact should be stated. The claimant's physical condition at such times should be clearly shown, as well as the nature of his disability and dates of treatment.

3d. If he has treated soldier since discharge he should so state, giving the date of his first treatment; what his physical condition was at the time, with a complete diagnosis of the disability; the period during which he treated him should be stated, with dates, as near as possible, of the prescriptions.

4th. The extent to which claimant has been able to perform manual labor since discharge.

On my first acquaintance with him I found him suffering
with an almost total continuous disability from piles
for which he had an operation performed which gave
him great physical relief. In addition to the piles I
knew him to be a great sufferer from periodic neuralgia
of the head and rheumatism of the lower extremities
and he complained of a glowing numbness
of the feet and loss of power in the lower limbs
Soon after the operation for the relief of the strangulated piles
he informed me that the ^{numbness in} extremities had greatly increased
and that the disturbance in the head had become more
frequent and greatly aggravated and that it was his
professional belief that the whole trouble was of neuralgic
origin and first developed in the Summer and Fall
of 1864 in the U.S.A. first by a long continued
diarrhoea with nervous debility immediately
followed by piles and well defined neuralgic
indications and which had to be so treated