TURKS FORCED TO GIVE WAY

Threat of Bulgarian Delegate Has a Prompt Effect.

A COUNTER PROPOSAL MADE

MAY LEAD TO SOLUTION OF THE PROBLEM.

At the Opening of the Day's Proceedings the Turks Renew Their First Propositions, Which Angers the Balkan Delegates and One Bolts the Conference, Saying He Was for Renewal of Hostilities—Then the Turks Come With Important Concessions.

London, January 1.—After their protracted diplomatic skirmishing the Turks finally capitulated to a majority of the demands of the Balkan allies at today's session of the Peace Conference in St. James' Palace. Through Rechad Pasha they agreed to cede practically the whole of the Ottoman Empire's European dominions, except Adrianople and the territory between it and Constantinople, to their victorious but traditionally despised neighbors.

When the session was formally opened today the Turks presented practically the same proposals as they had put forward at the last meeting. These were that Turkey should retain the fortress of Adrianople and that the future boundaries of Turkey and Bulgaria should be settled between those two powers, while the other questions in dispute should be submitted to the great European powers.

The envoys of Bulgaria, Greece, Montenegro and Servia rose in indignation and volubly protested against this trifling by Turkey.

BULGARIAN DELEGATE BOLTS.

M. Madjaroff took the lead in the protest by declaring that the action of the Turks was indecent. It was, he said, an insult to bring the peace delegates to London simply to tell them to leave everything to be settled by the European powers.

M. Madjaroff then launched his bombshell and quit the picture gallery.

His threat was not, however, taken too seriously by his colleagues, who decided to take a temporary recess, evidently expecting that he would return and the conference continue.

The Turkish envoys, when the conference gathered again later, presented in writing new proposals.

TURKISH CONCESSIONS.

The terms the Turkish delegates presented to the conference as a counterproposal to the demands of the allies were:

First—The rectification of the Turko-Bulgarian frontier by making the boundary west of the line now occupied by the troops of the allies in the villayet of Adrianople.

Second—The question of the statue of Adrianople to be settled by Turkey and Bulgaria direct.

Third—The cession of the remainder of European Turkey, including Janina and Scutari, to the allies.

Fourth—The Albanian and Crotan questions to be solved by the powers.

Fifth—The Aegean Islands to remain Turkish.

The announcement of these terms was wrung from the Ottoman delegates with the greatest difficulty. They came only after Rechad Pasha had reiterated Turkey's desire to shift the responsibility for adjudicating all the vital questions to the great powers and the representatives of the allies had registered their unchangeable objections to such a course and plainly had given the Turks to understand that the failure of the Ottoman delegates to embark upon serious negotiations would be a resumption of hostilities in Southeastern Europe.

AN EXCITING SESSION.

Today's sitting was the most momentous and exciting since the beginning of the conference. The Greek Premier, M. Venizelos, presided, and invited Rechad Pasha to present the Turkish counter proposals, as the Turks last Monday had agreed to do.

Rechad said his interpretation of the badly transmitted telegrams of the early week had been correct, his government proposing to submit all questions at issue, except Adrianople, to settlement by the powers. This caused an outburst of indignation which M. Venizelos was hardly able to put down. Several of the delegates shouted that it was dignified to turn such vital matters into a joke, while others observed that they had not come all the way to London and remained here for three weeks to hear a proposition advanced which might have been made at the time of the armistice was signed.

When relative calm was retored M. Venizelos, Dr. S. Daneff, leader of the Bulgarian delegation; M. Novakovitch, Servian, and M. Miyuškovitch, Montenegrin, each for their respective countries, declared that they would not accept the proposed mediation by the powers, and insisted that the Turkish delegates present a practical and defined proposal.

TURKS GIVE IN.

Rechad then announced that his instructions contained another alternative and requested time to formulate it. After a short recess Rechad stated that Turkey, desiring to give tangible proof of her love for peace in deference to advice received from the powers, was ready to make the maximum of possible concessions to the allies by granting a rectification of the frontiers, ceding the territories westward of the line occupied by the allies in the vilayet of Adrianople to them.

M. Daneff here rose and said it would be impossible for Bulgaria to renounce her claim to the possession of Adrianople and that he would not accept such an indefinite offer. M. Venizelos said the proposal of Turkey must declare explicitly that the question of Adrianople must be settled independently later. He added that the proposed compromise should even include territory not yet occupied by the allies, citing as an instance Janina. M. Miyuskovitch made similar claim on behalf of Montenegro concerning Scutari.

TRYING TO KEEP SOMETHING.

Rechad then said that the translation of his communication had not yet been finished, but that the first part of it as read naturally meant the cession of Janina and Scutari. He added that the question of Albania and Crete should be solved by the powers, who already had taken the matter into their hands.

Several delegates then asserted that this meant Turkey's renunciation of both Albania and Crete, but Rechad replied that his instructions did not extend to that. M. Novakovitch observed that the Turkish statement did not lend itself to any other interpretation, the allies taking it in that sense.

Rechad, continuing his enumeration of the Turkish proposals, added that the Aegean Islands should remain with Turkey. To this M. Venizelos protested in the name of Greece and also on behalf of the other allies, declaring that the islands geographically and racially were Hellenic, and besides were occupied by Greek troops, except those which had been provisionally retained by Italy at the conclusion of the Turco-Italian war.

ALLIES TO STAND TOGETHER.

Finally Rechad ended the reading of his communication by proposing that Turkey and Bulgaria treat direct concerning Adrianople. M. Daneff immediately declared it would be impossible to accept this proposition, saying "the Balkan states were united en bloc to obtain their independence; en bloc they conducted the war and en bloc they intend to carry on the negotiations and conclude peace on all large or small questions that may arise."

Rechad then inquired whether the allies were ready to discuss peace on the basis of the Turkish proposal of today. M. Venizelos replied that he desired Rechad to put in writing and deliver to the allies the text of his propositions, so that they might return a written answer. Thereupon the sitting was suspended.

BONE OF CONTENTION.

When it again was resumed Rechad complied with the request of M. Venizelos, and in turn was given the written reply of the allies. This, said the allies, would maintain their original terms, but for the sake of discussion they would invite Rechad to present to the next sitting of the conference a map of the district of Adrianople, with the frontier line proposed by Turkey marked out on it. The conference then adjourned until Friday.

Thus the bone of contention is Adrianople, the last remaining memory of the might of Osmanli in Europe. The Bulgarians are ready to allow the Turks to retain in Adrianople the famous mosque of the Sultan Selim, the greatest masterpiece of Ottoman architecture, which is built on the ruins of a Roman pagan temple and which rivals with its 200-foot high minarets the glory of the Mosque of St. Sophia in Constantinople. They also are willing that the Turks shall keep the muradieh, which was built by Murad I.; the mosque of Murad IV. and the Bayard Mosque, which are their main centers in Adrianople for Mohammedan worship.

PEACE IN SIGHT.

But the Turks refuse to give up Adrianople. There is an imperishable sentiment which makes them crave for the holy city, the earliest site conquered by Murad I in 1361. This condition probably explains today's sudden yielding to the allies on other points. Turkey seemingly hopes by ceding almost all her territory to be allowed to retain the only point on which she insists. It is thought likely she also may be ready to cede her islands for the sake of seeing the green banner of the prophet still waving over "the jewel of the Orient," as Adrianople is called.

After the conference had adjourned today the allies held an informal meeting to discuss the situation that had arisen by Turkey's changed attitude. They telegraphed their respective governments, and also notified the ambassadors of the powers of the happenings of the day. Unofficially hope is now entertained that if peace is not concluded by the orthodox Christmas, which occurs January 7, the orthodox New Year, January 14, will witness its approach.

GOVERNOR GOLDSBOROUGH'S NEW YEAR'S RECEPTION TO OFFICERS OF THE MARYLAND NATIONAL GUARD AT ANNAPOLIS

GROUP PHOTOGRAPH TAKEN YESTERDAY BY A MEMBER OF THE AMERICAN ART DEPARTMENT IN FRONT OF THE EXECUTIVE MANSION, ANNAPOLIS.

Those in the picture are, from left to right, front row: Mrs. Charles H. Macklin, Price Goldsborough, Mrs. Wm. G. Dawson, Gov. Phillips Lee Goldsborough, Mrs. Goldsborough, Phillips Lee Goldsborough, Jr., and Mrs. Edmund Bowman. Those in the back are: Adjutant General Charles H. Macklin, Adjutant Paul Barnett, Col. H. C. Jones, Col. Louis M. Rawlins, Capt. Joshua G. Harvey, Major Hugh Riley, Brigadier General Charles Gaither, Capt. S. Johnson Poe, Major W. W. Crosby, Captain Austin, Captain Ashbury, Major H. O. Bailey and Major Alexander, U. S. A.

THE SIX POWER LOAN TO CHINA

TROUBLESOME INTERNATIONAL AFFAIR ADJUSTED.

The New Republic to Have Placed at Its Disposal $125,000,000, a Representative of the International Group to Advise Those in Charge of Its Distribution—Boxer Indemnity Not to be Pressed.

Peking, January 1.—A preliminary agreement was arranged today settling the details of the proposed six-power loan of $125,000,000 to China. The new republic is to receive 6 per cent. below the sale price of the bonds. The Chinese audit department, under the advisorship of Herr Romp, the German representative of the international banking group, will supervise the expenditure of the loan.

China has agreed in principle to an arrangement whereby the six powers—the United States, Great Britain, France, Russia, Germany and Japan—undertake not to press for the immediate payment of compensation to foreigners for losses caused by the recent revolution. Russia alone claims $525,000. A mixed commission will assess the amounts owed by China for these loses and the funds for the payment of them probably will be derived from a supplementary loan. An arrangement along this line, however, is subject to the approval of the governments of the six powers interested.

The customs returns for the past year already total about $7,980,000 and later returns are expected to increase this amount to about $8,250,000. This amount will be sufficient to pay the Boxer indemnity up to the middle of last May, but it is understood it will be allowed to stand over and the first proceeds of the loan utilized to settle the arrears in the indemnity.

SEVEN BOYS DROWNED

Coasting and Hockey Proves Fatal Near Utica, N. Y.

Utica, N. Y., January 1.—New Year's Day brought death to four sons of Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Kahler, of Croghan. Ray, Roy, Francis and Daniel, ranging in age from 7 to 16 years, were coasting near their home. They went down a hill and on to thin ice along the edge of Beaver River. The ice broke and all four went into the stream.

Near Boardmanville, Milo Williams, 14 years old; Homer Williams, 12, and Raymond J. Fath, aged 11, were drowned in Olean Creek, while playing hockey. Young Fath broke the thin ice. While trying to rescue him the Williams boys and Charles Fitch, a companion, also broke through. Fitch was the only one of the four who was able to reach shore.

Evacuation of Crete Begins.

Canea, Crete, January 1.—The first move toward the evacuation of the Island of Crete by the forces of the protecting powers—Great Britain, Russia, France and Italy—took place today, when the French guardship Bruix left, taking with it all the stores from the French depot at Suda Bay.

"Forget" Your Stomach Ills

If your stomach is bad, appetite poor, bowels constipated, try

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS

It will tone and strengthen the system and make you "forget" your stomach troubles. All druggists.

SULZER INSISTS ON SIMPLICITY

INAUGURATED AS GOVERNOR OF NEW YORK STATE.

All the Pomp and Display Usually Incident to Such Occasions Were Lacking; This at the Governor's Own Request—Walked from Executive Mansion to the Capitol—Promises Economy.

Albany, N. Y., January 1.—Precedents of years standing were ignored and others created today, during the inauguration of William Sulzer, of New York, as Democratic governor of the Empire state.

All the pomp and display usually incident to such occasions were lacking; this at the governor's own request. There was no military demonstrations; no governor's salute of 19 guns to announce the change of administration; no parade of civic and political bodies; nothing, in fact, to feature the induction into office of the state's chief executive, except a notable gathering of prominent people and the carrying out of the procedure provided by the Constitution.

The new governor in his desire for simplicity insited upon walking from the executive mansion to the capitol, refusing to ride in a carriage which had been provided. After the ceremonies he inaugurated a new feature by appearing on the front steps of the capitol and addressing the thousands who were unable to witness the ceremonies inside.

Governor Sulzer took the constitutional oath of office in the assembly chamber of the capitol. It was lavishly decorated with flags, bunting and patriotic emblems, and provided with seats for more than a thousand persons.

In his inaugural address the new executive pledged "an honest and efficient and economic and business-like administration," and was greeted with prolonged applause when he said:

"The people know that an ounce of performance is worth a ton of promise, and they will judge my administration, not by what I say now, but what I do hereafter."

Among the prominent persons who attended the inaugural ceremonies were: United States Senator James A. O'Gorman, Democratic National Committeeman Norman E. Mack, George M. Palmer, chairman of the Democratic state committee; Mr. and Mrs. William Randolph Hearst, and Mr. and Mrs. Perry Belmont. Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, did not attend.

The popular election of United States senators was the principal recommendation made by Governor Sulzer in his first annual message to the legislature, which convened tonight.

"The people can and ought to be trusted," said the Governor. "They have demonstrated their ability for self-government. In my opinion, the people of our state are in favor of the election of United States senators by a direct vote."

The Governor also asked the legislature to consider the problem of reducing the high cost of living, and recommended the submission of a constitutional amendment for woman suffrage to the people "as soon as possible."

BURLEIGH FOR THE SENATE

Maine Legislature Will Elect Him January 14.

Augusta, Me., January 1.—Edwin C. Burleigh, of Augusta, Republican, will be elected United States senator on January 14 by the Maine legislature, which opened its seventy-fourth session today, according to the party leaders. The Progressives, who claim to hold the balance of power, announced that they would act with the regular Republicans. Governor-elect William T. Haines, Republican, will be inaugurated tomorrow.

CASTRO WILL GO BACK TO EUROPE

FORMER DICTATOR OF VENEZUELA ON ELLIS ISLAND.

The Former Executive Had Little to Say to Any One and Paced About the Greater Part of the Day With Bowed Head—Only Too Glad to Get Back on First Steamer, He Declares.

New York, January 1.—Gen. Cipriano Castro ate three hearty meals and enjoyed a long walk in the bracing air on Ellis Island today. The former president of Venezuela, who decided to go back voluntarily to Europe when he learned on his arrival aboard a French liner yesterday that his right to land was questioned, seemed satisfied in every way with the entertainment provided him by the federal authorities pending arrangement for his return on a German liner. There was today no intimation but that his expressed preference to make the return voyage by a steamer which would land him in Germany would be met by the Washington authorities.

Today was a holiday on Ellis Island and the Venezuelan guest of the government received no visitors. The effects of the long spell of seasickness he experienced on his voyage over had worn off, and this afternoon he left his quarters and, under the escort of the immigration station's custodian, he made a tour of the island. From the roof of the administration building he obtained a good view of the harbor and the tall buildings of lower Manhattan Island. "An inspiring spectacle," was the English equivalent of his remark as he descended and resumed his tour.

The former executive of Venezuela had little to say to anyone and paced about the greater part of the time, with bowed head, as if in deep introspection. He reiterated that he would be only too glad to get back to Europe on the first steamer that leaves. If tentative plans are officially adopted, the steamer Amerika, sailing Saturday for Hamburg, will probably carry Castro back across the ocean.

REID'S BODY NEARING HOME

Wireless Message Received From British Cruiser Natal.

Newport, R. I., January 1.—The British cruiser Natal, bearing the body of Whitelaw Reid, late United States ambassador to Great Britain, was in wireless communication with the naval radio station here tonight and reported that she would pass the Nantucket Shoals lightship about 2 A. M. tomorrow.

The battleships Florida and North Dakota and the destroyers Roe, Drayton, McCall and Paulding will meet the Natal off the lightship and will convoy her to an anchorage in the North River, New York. Rear Admiral Bradley A. Fiske is in command of this squadron.

The radio station transmitted to Washington wireless messages from the Natal to the naval attache of the British Embassy. Captain Greatorez, of the Natal, reported to the radio station that the weather was good with smooth sea.

Bad Blood

Is the cause of all humors, eruptions, boils, pimples, scrofulous sores, eczema or salt rheum, as well as of rheumatism, catarrh and other troubles. In the opinion of many that have taken it, the greatest blood remedy for all these troubles is

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Get it today in the usual liquid form or in the tablets known as Sarsatabs.

STRENUOUS DAYS BEFORE CONGRESS

BOTH HOUSES WILL RECONVENE TODAY.

Tariff Revision Hearings, Investigations, Archbald Impeachment Case, Fight Over Confirmation of Taft's Appointments and Supply Bills Will Keep Congress Busy During Rest of Short Session.

Washington, January 1.—Representative Underwood and Senator Martin, Democratic leaders, respectively, of the House and Senate, had a conference today over plans for Democratic tariff revision and for legislative work during the balance of the short session that reopens tomorrow. No definite plan of action for the present session was agreed on, but the Democratic leaders discussed in detail President-elect Wilson's tariff views, as outlined to Mr. Underwood at Trenton yesterday.

Both houses will confront crowded programs when they reconvene at noon tomorrow. In the congestion of legislation, investigation, hearings and the Archbald impeachment proceedings, the Democratic forces will bring during the next few weeks the full scope of tariff revision preparation and party organization for the special session that is to begin probably about March 15.

Representative Underwood has not discussed publicly the details of his conference with President-elect Wilson, but it is known that the general plan of the tariff revision was gone over. In the meetings to begin this week of Democratic members of the Ways and Means Committee, the opinions of the President-elect and the general understanding arrived at between him and Mr. Underwood will be considered fully, and an outline made of the various tariff revision bills that will be prepared in advance for the special session.

Tariff Hearings Next Week.

The tariff hearings begin next Monday and the large volume of mail received from manufacturers, commercial organizations and consumers indicates a widespread interest in the woolen, chemical, iron and steel tariff schedules. Scores of men representing the producing and manufacturing interests of the country are expected to give their tariff views to the Ways and Means Committee.

While the Archbald impeachment trial will re-open in the Senate Friday the principal business of Congress will not be resumed until Monday. The money trust investigation, the tariff hearings and other important committee work will then be added to the pressure incident to getting the big appropriation bills finished before March 4. At the informal Democratic conference today it was agreed that the appropriation bills had made such progress that there probably will be no difficulty in passing all of them before adjournment.

The problem connected with the confirmation of President Taft's appointments will be taken up in the Senate again soon after it reconvenes, and a majority of the senators express the opinion that a solution will be found that will allow at least some of the appointments now pending to be acted on. Thus far the Democrats have successfully prevented confirmation of all but one or two appointments made since December 2.

Fight Over Appointments.

Senator Martin, who is also chairman of the committee appointed at the recent Democratic caucus to take up the appointment fight, said today that he would call the committee together within a few days to formulate a plan of Democratic action. As a rule Democratic senators express the opinion that comparatively few of the President's appointments should receive confirmation, but there are appreciable breaks in the ranks. A growing number of Democrats favor a "discriminatory system" that would permit confirmation of many of the appointments now before the Senate.

A fight is being directed against the new industrial commission, the nine members of which were appointed a few weeks ago by President Taft. Although "senatorial courtesy" would ordinarily bring about the speedy confirmation of Senator Sutherland's appointment as chairman, Democratic leaders are fighting all the appointments on the ground that the new commission's investigation of industrial conditions will run through two or three years of President Wilson's term.

Should President Taft send in the appointment of Col. George W. Goethals as governor of the Panama Canal under the new law, it will undoubtedly also meet with Democratic opposition. Many prominent Democrats favor the selection of Colonel Goethals, however, and would work for his confirmation.

Many members of both houses had not returned to Washington tonight from their holiday journeys, and there will be numerous empty seats when the Senate and House meet at noon tomorrow. Chief interest in the Senate on the opening day is expected to center about Senator Bailey's speech against the initiative and referendum, a speech that is considered his "farewell" to the Senate.

ROWDYISM RAMPANT

Many Injured During Riotous Celebration in New York.

Bureau of The Baltimore American,
1005 World Building,
New York, January 1.

In celebrating the arrival of the New Year in New York more persons were injured and more damage done to property than on the most hilarious Fourth of July before the safe-and-sane days. A score of men and women were shot during the celebration, three others were seriously stabbed by merrymakers, one negro was shot and killed, a policeman was shot twice during the riotous New Year's celebration in San Juan Hill, and the police stations to day were filled with men and women charged with intoxication and disorderly conduct. Self-respecting men and women traveling in the subway, elevated and street cars in the early morning hours were made the marks of insult and threats of violence with impunity by the riotous throng. Many unnecessary alarms of fire were turned in in the general disorder, costing the city a large amount of money.

While this reign of hoodlumism was in order, thousands were drinking and singing in the hotels and restaurants, for the waiters' strike was put off until the servitors had garnered their harvest of tips.

Besides those stabbed and shot, scores of men were badly beaten in resenting insulting remarks made by the bands of hoodlums parading with horns and ticklers or throwing pepper about.

Thousands of dollars' worth of plate-glass windows were shattered by bullets and buckshot fired by irresponsible revellers. In many cases the injured persons were seated at the windows of their homes, bullets crashing through the glass and hitting them. Some of the wounded are in serious condition.

SALUTED BY STATE

Governor Receives Officers

AN IMPOSING NEW YEAR FESTIVITY AT THE EXECUTIVE MANSION.

The Visitors Welcomed by Governor and Mrs. Goldsborough, Mrs. Charles F. Macklin, Mrs. William G. Dawson, Mrs. Edmund O. Bowman, Miss Margaret Graham and Robert P. Graham, the Secretary of State—A Delightful Repast in the Blue Room.

Special from a Staff Correspondent.

Annapolis, Md., January 1.—Following the custom of a score of more years, commissioned officers of every organization of the Maryland National Guard came to Annapolis this morning and paid their respects to the Governor. The reception given the officers by the Governor and Mrs. Goldsborough was one of the most imposing ever held in the executive mansion in a number of years.

The officers of the Fourth and Fifth Regiments, Naval Brigade, Coast Artillery Corps and Hospital Corps left Baltimore on cars of the Washington, Baltimore and Annapolis Electric Line shortly after 10 o'clock and arrived at Naval Academy Station about an hour later. Here they were met by the members of the First Regiment and a line of march was formed. All the officers were in full dress, and they received rounds of applause as they marched to the Governor's home.

At the entrance to the mansion the officers were met by Major Robert Alexander, U. S. A., Adjutant General Charles F. Macklin and Brigadier General Charles Gaither. The officers then entered the mansion and were first met by the Governor and his wife, who wished each a happy New Year. Others who helped to receive the visitors were Mrs. Charles F. Macklin, Mrs. William G. Dawson, Mrs. Edmund O. Bowman, Miss Margaret Graham and Robert P. Graham, secretary of state.

After paying their respects to the Governor and Mrs. Goldsborough the visitors were escorted to the Blue Room, where a delightful repast was served. The Naval Academy Orchestra, under the leadership of Professor Zimmerman, rendered selections.

Six midshipmen from the first-year class of the Naval Academy were present and volunteered their services to take any of the visitors through the Academy. After spending over an hour in the mansion the officers posed on the lawn of the Governor's home while a member of The American Art Department took their photograph.

Among those present were: Major Hugh R. Riley, Capt. C. E. Meyer, Lieut. D. J. Murray, from the First Infantry; Capt. Joshua Harvey and Lieut. Charles Hill, from Troop A; Capt. S. B. Austin, Lieut. H. H. Thomas and Lieut. H. W. Jamison, from the Artillery Corps; Commander Ralph Robinson, Lieutenant Commander H. G. MacFarland, Paymaster F. A. Savage and Ensign E. S. Mellinger, from the Naval Brigade; Capt. Howard Ashbury and Lieut. Henry W. Kennard, from the Hospital Corps; Major H. O. Bailey, Capt. A. Hughes, Capt. Ducan MacCalam, Chaplain H. O. Swain, Capt. R. Fuller Shyrock, Capt. Lewis Haber, Lieut. J. E. Hogg and Lieut. George L. Cadwell.

Those present from the Fourth Regiment were: Col. Henry C. Jones, Lieutenant Colonel George T. Robinson, Major Henry Barrett, Major Harry Ullrich, Capt. Paul Burnett, Capt. Charles Hahn, Capt. Frank Riley, Capt. J. E. Rittenhaus, Capt. William H. Vickers, Capt. W. D. Gould, Captain Cockey, Lieut. Fred Vinopp, Lieut. Guy Stanton, Lieut. C. Prichett, Lieut. J. Brohawn, Lieut. J. White, Lieut. R. L. Cauffin, Lieut. N. V. Wright, Lieut. Arthur Blackburn, Lieut. Harry Wagner, Lieut. George Roberts, Lieut. S. C. Pennington and Lieut. B. C. Cooper.

From the Fifth Regiment the following were present: Col. Louis M. Rawlins, Lieutenant Colonel John Hinkley, Major Washington Bowie, Major Irving Adams, Capt. S. Johnson Poe, Capt. William P. Dame, Capt. Edmund Du Val, Capt. H. F. Haines, Capt. T. Elbert, Capt. H. Gelston, Herbert Smith, F. A. Hancock, Capt. J. G. Knight, Lieut. D. Thomas, Lieuts. F. B. Shepherd, A. L. Amos, E. J. Griffin and all of the company captains and lieutenants.

The members of the Governor's staff present were: Gen. William D. Gill, Gen. J. Kemp Bartlett, Col. Henry L. Duer, Col. B. Lownes and Col. W. Miller.

GETS NEW HAVEN HOME

Taft Leases the Parmelee Mansion for Two Years.

New Haven, Conn., January 1.—It was announced today that President Taft has leased the Parmelee Mansion, at Hill House avenue and Trumbull street, for a term of two years, with the privilege of purchasing. The President is expected to take up his residence here soon after leaving the White House.

Bullion Valued at $38,184,003.

Denver, Col., January 1.—Bullion valued at $38,184,003 was received at the Denver mint in 1912, according to figures made public today. This is an increase of $2,954,034 over 1911. The bulk of this was received from Colorado. Smaller quantities were received from other Rocky Mountain states and from Canada, Mexico and South Africa.

Woman Lost in Blizzard.

Fort Collins, Col., January 1.—Mrs. Alice McMillan, 55 years old, a wealthy widow who came from California a few months ago, is lost in a blizzard at Chambers Lake, near the crest of the continental divide. Forest rangers and volunteer searchers have been scouring the hills through the storm since Tuesday noon.

BOWELS BAD, LIVER TORPID? CASCARETS

If Constipated, Bilious, Headachy, Stomach Sour, Get a 10 Cent Box of Cascarets—Take One Tonight.

You men and women who can't get feeling right—who have headache, coated tongue, foul taste and foul breath, dizziness, can't sleep, are bilious, nervous and upset, bothered with a sick, gassy disordered stomach, or have backache and feel worn out.

Are you keeping your bowels clean with Cascarets, or merely forcing a passageway every few days with salts, cathartic pills or castor oil? This is important.

Cascarets work while you sleep; cleanse and regulate the stomach, remove the sour, undigested and fermented food and foul gases; take the excess bile from the liver and carry out of the system all the constipated waste matter and poison in the intestines and bowels.

A Cascaret tonight will straighten you out by morning—a 10-cent box from any drug store will keep your stomach sweet, liver and bowels regulated and head clear for months. Don't forget the children. They love Cascarets because they taste good—do good—never gripe or sicken.

CLEAN YOUR LIVER AND 30 FEET OF BOWELS WITH "SYRUP OF FIGS"

More Effective Than Calomel, Castor Oil or Salts; Gently Cleanses the Stomach, Liver and Bowels Without Nausea or Griping. Children Dearly Love It.

You know when your liver is bad, when your bowels are sluggish. You feel a certain dullness and depression, perhaps the approach of a headache, your stomach gets sour and full of gas, tongue coated, breath foul, or you have indigestion. You say, "I am bilious or constipated and I must take something tonight."

Most people shrink from a physic—they think of castor oil, calomel, salts or cathartic pills.

It's different with Syrup of Figs. Its effect is as that of fruit; of eating coarse food; of exercise. Take a teaspoonful of delicious Syrup of Figs tonight and you won't realize you have taken anything until morning, when all the clogged up waste matter, sour bile and constipation poisons move on and out of your system, without gripe, nausea or weakness. Nothing else cleanses and regulates your sour, disordered stomach, torpid liver and thirty feet of waste-clogged bowels like gentle, effective Syrup of Figs. Don't think you are drugging yourself. Being composed entirely of luscious figs, senna and aromatics, it can not cause injury.

If your child is cross, sick and feverish, or its little stomach sour, tongue coated, give Syrup of Figs at once. It's really all that is needed to make children well and happy again. They dearly love its pleasant taste.

Ask your druggist for the full name, "Syrup of Figs and Elixir of Senna," and look on the label for the name—California Fig Syrup Company. That, and that only, is the genuine. Refuse other fig syrup substitute with con

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