SOCIETY AWAITS COULD WEDDING

Titled Relatives Arrive From Europe for Ceremony.

THOUSANDS SEND PRESENTS

BLUEJACKETS REMEMBER HER DEVOTION TO COUNTRY.

Duchess of Talleyrand, Formerly Miss Anna Gould, With Her Husband, the Duke of Talleyrand, and the Young Prince Howard de Sagan Arrive on the Mauretania to Attend the Wedding of Helen Gould to Finley J. Shepard on January 22.

New York, January 19.—The Duchess of Tallyrand, formerly Miss Anna Gould, reached here today with her husband, the Duke of Tallyrand, and her three-and-one-half-year-old son, Prince Howard de Sagan, on the belated steamer Mauretania, to attend the wedding on January 22 of Miss Helen Gould, the Duchess' sister, and Finley J. Shepard. Anthony J. Drexel, father-in-law of Marjorie Gould, daughter of George J. Gould, also came over to attend the wedding.

The Mauretanian passage from Liverpool was the roughest and slowest trip she has ever made. During an especially heavy blow last Wednesday part of the ship's rail was carried away, the plate-glass windows of the bridge broken and passengers thrown from their berths at the dead of night.

The Duchess, who has not been to this country in nearly four years, expressed her delight on leaving France to be able to come on so pleasing an errand, and the Duke, whose experience here a few years ago made him an ardent admirer of Americans, agreed with her.

The Mauretania brings over many beautiful gifts for the bride-to-be from England and the Continent.

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS.

With the Duchess is her small son, Duke Howard de Sagan, four years old, who it was expected would act as a page at the wedding, but that idea will not now be carried out.

This little boy has the right to be addressed as Royal Highness. He became the Prince de Sagan when his father assumed the title of Duke de Talleyrand, on the death of lad's grandfather in 1910.

The wedding of Miss Gould is eagerly awaited by society on both sides of the Atlantic and perhaps no other bride has received so many letters, telegrams, cablegrams and gifts from so many friends as has this wonderful American woman.

For while born an heiress and inheriting one of the greatest fortunes in the world, Miss Gould is the most democratic, the most modest and unselfish woman. The nation, indeed, is rejoicing over her approaching marriage, for to the thousands and hundreds of thousands who have been aided and made happier through her great philanthropies, her marriage comes as the crowning achievement of a life spent for humanity.

Sailors, soldiers, policemen, little cripples, railroad employes, schoolchildren and thousands of old men and women are among those who have written to Miss Gould, who to them has been a fairy godmother in times past, and in order to show their love of her, gifts—many of them humble, but inspired by love and good feeling—have been sent to her.

These she will cherish more perhaps than the rich gifts of gold and silver and jewels now being showered upon her by her millionaire friends and family and by titled visitors who have come across the Atlantic to see her married to a plain American business man.

INSISTS ON SIMPLICITY.

Like everything else in her life, from the days of her childhood when at school she wore the simplest, the least showy of frocks and wore her hair brushed smoothly back from her fine, strong forehead, her wedding is to be characterized by extreme simplicity. The only feature which will be more than unusually elaborate will be the music, for Miss Gould's fondness for music amounts almost to a passion, and so Nahan Franko's orchestra is preparing an elaborate musical program. Lohengrin and A Midsummer Night's Dream have been chosen, among other classical numbers used for such occasions.

The company will be small and will consist of the bride's relatives and family and some representatives of the various organizations which Miss Gould has been particularly interested in, such as the Army and Navy Y. M. C. A.

The ceremony will be very simple, only the two little nieces of the bride acting as attendants, and Louis J. Shepard will be his brother's best man.

The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. Dr. Daniel Russell, of the Irvington Presbyterian Church.

GAVE MUCH TO SAILORS.

Miss Gould's great devotion to her country during the Spanish-American War and her contribution of $100,000 at that time to the government are facts known to every sailor boy on our ships, and the building of the beautiful Navy Yard Y. M. C. A. in Brooklyn at a cost of half a million dollars has not been forgotten by the boys in blue, nor have the soldiers forgotten the libraries placed at the posts all over the country through the generosity of Miss Gould, and later when the war came how she gave to the government the cots and hospital equipment for immediate use.

All these men, acting as one, are making up a fund, limited to 10 cents from each man, with which to buy gifts for "the greatest American woman in the Army or Navy."

Mrs. Maus, wife of Col. L. Marvin Maus, of the medical corps of Governors Island, has been asked to act with the men in the selection of the gift. All the posts situated near New York have joined forces in making their present. Beyond the metropolitan district, each regiment is making an individual gift. Soldiers from posts in far-away Guam and the Philippines are sending in their gifts of gratitude to the woman who has done so much for the Army and Navy.

MAKES FINAL PURCHASES.

Miss Gould spent yesterday making final arrangements for her wedding. At 11 A. M., with her little niece Dorothy, she motored to the shop of her dressmaker and received her final fitting. There she met Mrs. Russell Sage. Mrs. Sage, who saw the gown for the first time, declared it "exquisite" and, on Miss Gould's request for criticism, she said she thought it "too perfect to be improved upon."

The gown is made of ivory white satin, profusely trimmed with rare rose point lace, which was sent over by her sister, the Princess de Sagan, as a wedding present. Her veil of rose point lace will be held on her head with a spray of orange bolossoms.

As she was leaving the dressmaker's a reporter asked Miss Gould if she cared to make a statement.

"I am very, very happy," said Miss Gould, "and I thank both the press and the public for their good wishes, but I really cannot make any statement."

A photographer attempted to take her picture, but she held her hands before her face and laughed at his discomfort. She blushed when the reporter asked her to pose, and declared that she never gave her pictures to the paper.

"If they snap them I cannot help it, but I cannot give them out."

Then with a laugh she ordered the chauffeur to drive on.

MORE TROUBLE FOR MADERO

The Situation at Tlaxacala Causes Him Uneasiness.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Mexico City, January 19.—Governor Sanchez, of the State of Tlaxacala, is still holding the state treasury in the city of Tlaxacala against revolting rurales and a mob. The Governor today issued a call for volunteers to come to his assistance, and the War Department in this city has dispatched a force to aid the government in saving the treasury and the city.

President Madero today removed General Beltran, commander of the federal forces at Vera Cruez, because of his failure to suppress the rebels in that part of Mexico.

Commodore Azueta has been assigned to the command of the Pacific fleet, consisting of three gunboats, one of which is in drydock.

The situation at Tlaxacala is causing President Madero grave concern. Advices thus far indicate that General Hidalgo, the governor who refuses to quit his office, has received emissaries from General Zapata. The revolting rurales and the armed portion of the mob in that city will join the rebels should they be driven from the city, which is now in control of the federals. One regiment of regulars and a company of rurales sent to the scene yesterday have not been heard from. A Senate committee is also on its way to the scene in an endeavor to effect peace.

Reports of trouble in several other sections of the republic were received today. General Zocayo with a strong force is reported approaching Acapulco and is due there tonight or tomorrow. Three towns in Tamaulipas are in open rebellion. The British warship Shearwater is at Acapulco and will remain there until the American cruiser Denver arrives.

INDIANS DEFY A POSSE

Fifty Utes Will Not Deliver Up Big Rabbit to Police.

Cortez, Col., January 19.—Fifty Ute Indians, determined not to deliver Big Rabbit, one of their tribesmen, to the county authorities to answer a charge of shooting Joseph Vichel, a sheep herder, are entrenched in the mountains 18 miles from here and defied a posse of a hundred men today.

The Indians yesterday took up their position in the mountains, after they had left the reservation in Southwestern Colorado, and declared today that they would fight to the death rather than give up Big Rabbit. They are said to be armed with repeating rifles and to have plenty of ammunition.

Indian Agent John Spear has been appealed to by the county authorities in the hope that he might be able to induce the Indians to return to the reservation and surrender Big Rabbit. Spear's advances today, however, were rebuffed by the Indians, and he has wired the Interior Department at Washington for instructions. Spear stated tonight that he would take no further action until he had heard from Washington.

Two weeks ago Big Rabbit and another Indian attempted to camp near the spot where a group of sheep herders had pitched a tent. The sheep herders, it is said, ordered them away. A fight ensued, in which one of the Indians was killed and Vichel was injured. Big Rabbit carried his dead comrade back to the reservation and the killing aroused the anger of the Utes. Vichel will recover, it is believed.

BOTH SIDES OBDURATE

No Signs of Settlement in Garment-workers' Strike.

New York, January 19.—There was no indication today of any change in front, either on the part of the manufacturers or strikers, as the fourth week of the garment-workers' strike began. The strikers are said to be just as insistent as ever that their union shall be recognized, while Eugene S. Benjamin, president of the New York Clothing Trades' Association, remains firm against this concession. Both sides aver that they are well organized and financially strong enough to maintain their positions for some time to come.

Two meetings to ratify the agreement entered into Saturday between the manufacturers and the leaders of the dress and shirtwaist branch of the garment-making industry by which the strikers are to return to work tomorrow morning were held today. At both there seemed to be only a half-hearted acquiescence by the workers in the plans of their leaders. The protocol affects 129 shops and close to 30,000 operatives. It is expected, however, that only about half the latter will return. Even if all go back it would leave more than 100,000 workers still on strike in other branches of the garment trades.

ASK FUNDS FOR STRIKERS

Chicago Workers to Vote on Walk-out Tomorrow.

Chicago, January 19.—Chicago garment-workers will vote Tuesday on a proposition to call a general strike in the trade. According to announcements by several delegates today the men are in favor of joining the New York garment-workers in a walkout.

The announcement that the garment-workers probably will strike was made at a meeting today of the Chicago Federation of Labor. Delegates from the garmentworkers asked aid from the federation for themselves—when the strike officially is declared—and for the New York garmentworkers, who are said to be feeling the first touches of want. A motion was adopted authorizing members of the garmentworkers' union to solicit funds among various laboring organizations to aid the strikers in New York.

HELD UP BY FOOTPADS

Montgomery County Farmer Robbed in Washington.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Washington, January 19.—Robert Watkins, a farmer of Cedar Grove, Montgomery county, Md., was held up and robbed by four negro men at Tenth and C streets early this morning. Watkins was felled by a blow on the back of the head, and the negroes then took from his pocket a pocketbook containing $100 in bills. Watkins was not knocked unconscious, and gave the police a pretty good description of his assailants.

WARM OCEAN CURRENT

Over 100 Miles in Width Off the Australian Coast.

Special Cablegram to The American.

Sydney, N. S. W., January 19.—A warm current originating in the equatorial part of the Pacific Ocean and flowing along the eastern coast of Australia and past Tasmania, has been discovered by H. C. Dannevig, head of the Australian Fisheries Department.

The current is over 100 miles in width and flows at the rate of seven miles an hour.

Eulogies in the House.

Washington, January 19.—Eulogies were delivered in the House today upon the character of the late Representative D. J. Foster, who had served the First District of Vermont for 12 years previous to his death last summer. The speakers were Representatives Plumley and Green, of Vermont; Nye, of Minnesota; Martin, of South Dakota; Hawley, of Oregon; Weeks, of Massachusetts, and Kahn, of California.

UNITED STATES ARMY OFFICERS WHO WILL HAVE CHARGE OF THE INAUGURAL PARADE

—Photographs Copyrighted by Clinedinst, Washington.

GEN. W. W. WOTHERSPOON, Commander of regular Army division.

GEN. LEONARD WOOD, Chairman.

GEN. A. L. MILLS, Marshal of military division.

LIEUT. H. C. HODGES, Adjutant General.

LIEUT. J. C. LEE, Secretary of committee.

COL. EDWIN ST. JOHN GREBLE, Vice chairman of the military organization committee.

COL. H. T. ALLEN, Chief of Staff to General Wood.

TURKISH NAVAL OFFICERS FIGHT

Continued from First Page.

into negotiations respecting those islands some distance removed from the Dardanelles. If Turkey's answer is unsatisfactory, the allies, in deference to Europe, will ask the powers whether they have means to compel Turkey to comply with their wishes. If not, the allies will carry out the plan already announced, leading to the resumption of the war.

In such event the allies will regard all concessions heretofore made for the sake of peace, either to Turkey or the powers, as void. Thus they will not recognize the undertaking consenting to an autonomous Albania, or the promise of Servia and Montenegro to retire from the Adriatic. Questioned as to the possibility in this case of Austria employing force, the head of one of the delegations said today:

"We shall see whether the triple entente, and especially Russia, will permit such action on the part of Austria. If we are forced to fight another war, the cost of which is nearly $1,000,000 daily, we will not abandon territories already occupied unless driven out by force. That would mean a European war.

"If Austria were permitted to march on Belgrade and to bombard our troops on the Adriatic, and we were crushed, we should prefer to become Austrian rather than belong to the Slav race, when our mother, Russia, lacks the force or the will to protect us."

LOSSES ON BOTH SIDES

The Turks' Reports of the Fight at the Dardanelles.

Constantinople, January 19.—The ministry of the interior has issued a report of an engagement between the Turkish and Greek fleets between the islands of Tenedos and Lemnos lasting several hours.

According to this official report there were heavy losses on both sides. The Turkish fleet returned safely to the Dardanelles and the wounded are being brought to Constantinople.

It is not known here whether this report refers to the engagement on Saturday or whether the engagement was renewed Sunday.

MESSENGERS ARE TARDY

States Are Slow in Sending in Electoral Votes.

Washington, January 19.—In order to comply with the law it will be necessary for all the states to get their electoral returns to Washington by the beginning of next week. The requirement is that all the returns shall be in the hands of the president of the Senate by Monday, January 27, and a warning was sent out today from the office of the president of the Senate that if the reports were not received by that date the states failing would be in danger of losing their votes.

Up to the close of business last night only 15 states had reported by messenger and 35 by mail. Those reporting by messenger are: Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Maryland, Nebraska, New Jersey, North Carolina, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Vermont and West Virginia. All others lack only a week of being delinquent.

Not only does the law provide that states failing to get in their votes on time may be deprived of their votes, but it operates so as to cause messengers to lose their mileage pay allowed them for bringing the vote to Washington. This is 25 cents per mile, one way, and is a considerable item in cases of men coming from far-distant states. The imposition of penalties is optional with the presiding officer of the Senate, and never has been exercised, but ordinarily the returns have come in more promptly than during the present year.

WILSON'S SECRECY MYSTIFIES THEM

A NUMBER OF CONGRESSIONAL SCHEMES HALTED.

Democratic Senators and Representatives Who Had Planned an Ambitious Legislative Program Have Now, for Lack of Knowledge of the President-elect's Position, Decided to Drop Them.

Washington, January 19.—President-elect Wilson's refusal to allow himself to be committed to any definite plans of reorganization or to outline publicly through senators and congressmen the details of his legislative plans has had a marked influence on congressional activity during the last few weeks. Plans that promised to engross the session in political fights at both ends of the capitol now are held in abeyance, while congressional interest centers about the more routine work of legislation, investigation and tariff bill hearings.

Democratic leaders from Both Houses have made pilgrimages to New Jersey since Christmas to talk over the new administration's work with the incoming President. The general result of these conferences, however, has been to hold up for the time being any concerted reorganization scheme in the Senate and House and to restrain the activity of the Democratic forces that would have launched several important political and legislative programs had President-elect Wilson given definite encouragement to the partially outlined schemes.

To the majority of those who have visited him Governor Wilson has given little indication of his plans for legislation or his support of certain policies. The few to whom he has confided definite opinions have been pledged to secrecy and have been unable to use the President-elect's influence to aid their own plans or to support any general program of action.

The reorganization fight in the Senate, which promised sensational developments in December, has shown little activity during the last two weeks. The efforts of Democratic leaders now are directed toward bringing about an outcome that will leave no dissatisfied faction in the party and will at the same time insure the so-called progressive Democratic forces a full voice in the future administration of the Senate.

FLOOD STILL DANGEROUS

Ohio River Still Rising at Evansville, Ind.

Evansville, Ind., January 19.—The Ohio River continued to rise here today despite announcements by the government weather observer that it would remain stationary until it began to fall. Tonight it had reached a stage of 46.7, but the additional increase has not affected the situation. City officials announced all flood sufferers, have been cared for and it is planned to give the men work in connection with the sanitary precautions to be taken when the water recedes.

HEAVY DAMAGE IN ILLINOIS

Live Stock and Crops Hard Hit by Ohio River Rise.

Golconda, Ill., January 19.—The rise of the Ohio River is causing the most damage to live stock and crops since the flood of 1884, according to reports received here. The river rose nine inches in the last 24 hours. Thousands of bushels of corn and many heads of hogs and cattle have been destroyed.

Farm Lands Under Water.

Cairo, Ill., January 19.—Thousands of acres of farming land in the vicinity of Cairo were flooded today, when the Ohio River went to 45.5 feet, half a foot over the danger mark. Indications are the river will rise another six inches.

Hawaii's Fourth of July.

Honolulu, January 19.—Americans and natives joined today in celebrating the twentieth anniversary of the overthrow of the Hawaiian monarchy—the Fourth of July of the islands. The festivities ended tonight with a banquet in honor of those who participated in the revolution.

MRS. LEEDS TALKS ON SUFFRAGE

WILL GIVE CLEANER POLITICS AND GOVERNMENT.

She Believes It Would Raise Woman to a Higher Plane in the World of Man and Cause Him to Treat Her With Greater Respect—But Mrs. Leeds Declares She Is Not a Suffragist Herself.

Special Cablegram to The American.

London, January 19.—An amendment to the franchise bill, which comes up for decision this week, calling on Parliament to give women the ballot, is the foremost topic of interest in London at the present time.

With the idea of finding out what women thought of the prospects of success for franchise in England, the correspondent of the International News Service this afternoon called on Mrs. William B. Leeds at the Ritz Hotel. Mrs. Leeds has just returned from St. Moritz and will be off in a few days to Paris, en route to the Riviera for a short stay before returning to America.

Before the subject of the interview was touched upon Mrs. Leeds spoke of her son. She once more denied emphatically the authorship of the statement to the effect that young Leeds is being educated in England because there are no suitable colleges in America, although it is a fact that he is at Eaton now and will likely enter Oxford or Cambridge when his preparatory days are over. Coming to the object of the interview, Mrs. Leeds said:

"There is no doubt that woman suffrage would be a good thing, inasmuch as it will undoubtedly raise women to a higher plane in the world of man, thereby causing him to treat her with greater respect, and, in my opinion, as an observer. It will result in giving us cleaner politics and better forms of government. Mind you," she continued, "I am not a suffragist. In fact, I don't know a great deal about the subject, although I have dear friends who are most interested in the cause and spend a great deal of their time in propaganda work."

"As a matter of fact, I haven't time enough to go deeply into the question, but it is really a most interesting topic, and I have little doubt but that the time is not far off when woman will be given the power to voice her opinion on politics with a vote at the polls. It must come in the ordinary progress of things."

A MATRIMONIAL TANGLE

Captain Bishop Will Divorce His Wife to Legally Marry Her.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Washington, January 19.—When Capt. Giles Bishop, Jr., United States Marine Corps, has been divorced by his wife, he will ask her to remarry him. She will accept his proposal and they will be wed. The Bishops have been caught in an unfortunate matrimonial tangle which needs two divorce decrees and a new wedding to unsnare all kinks.

Captain Bishop is being sued by his wife because they have just learned that his divorce by his first wife is not legal outside of Nebraska.

On December 3, 1899, Captain Bishop married Miss Maude Wooten, of New York, and in 1905 was sent to Porto Rico. When he returned a few months later he learned that she had secured a "snap" divorce in Nebraska through service by publication.

Captain Bishop waited four years and then married the present Mrs. Bishop, who was Miss Florence May Kellerman, of Philadelphia. For four years they have lived happily together and no cloud appeared on the horizon until Captain Bishop chanced to learn that such a Nebraska divorce was not legal outside of that state.

In Pennsylvania, in the District and elsewhere, Captain and Mrs. Bishop are not legally married. Hence the divorce suit brought by Mrs. Bishop and the remarriage to follow, after Captain Bishop has sued his first wife for divorce in Philadelphia and secured his decree.

Captain Bishop was on duty at Manila prior to his detail to the League Island Navy Yard, Philadelphia.

HOW PINKERTON SAVED LINCOLN

Continued from First Page.

village on shore, opposite the point where the helpless vessel lay. Yielding to the entreaties of the church people, the captain one day consented that a prayer-meeting might be held in the cabin or large room of the boat. The meeting had not progressed very far until the vessel, yielding to the movements of the crowd and the additional weight at one end, began to lurch slightly, and presently slid off the offending sand bar. In an instant she floated away into the deep water. At that particular moment an old brother, with eyes closed, was on his knees sending up a long and fervent petition to the Almighty. The captain's joy knew no bounds. Without waiting for the good brother to finish his prayer, the former mounted a chair, and cried out at the top of his voice: "Get off this boat, every d——d one of you; this prayer-meeting's ended."

ON WILD GOOSE CHASE

Geraldine Farrar Has Trouble With Her Flock.

Special Dispatch to The American.

New York, January 19.—Geraldine Farrar, as the Goose Girl in Koenigskindor, left the libretto and musical director flat at the mattinee today while she went on a wild goose chase. The flock of tame geese trained to amble amiably off the stage when the King's son begins his love scene with their mistress balked and continued to waddle around the stage, hissing violently at every effort to shoo them into the wings.

The audience began to titter and Miss Farrar, smiling broadly, chased the flock around and around until she had them all off the stage but one. With a sudden spring she seized the unruly goose by the neck and carried it off the stage while the conductor stopped the orchestra and held his baton arrested until she returned.

THREE DEAD IN FIRE

Woman and Two Children Trapped in Tenement.

Elizabeth, N. J., January 19.—In a fire, believed to be of incendiary origin, in a frame tenement-house here today a woman and her two children were trapped on the third floor and burned to death. Two men were injured, one probably mortally, by jumping from a third-story window.

Mrs. Louis Simbro and her two daughters, two months and four years old, respectively, are dead. Rafael Murillo, a boarder, is in a hospital in a critical condition. The charred bodies of mother and children were found in the ruins.

DREXEL DENIES RUMOR

Is Not Going to Philadelphia or Around the World.

Special Dispatch to The American.

New York, January 19.—Anthony J. Drexel, who arrived from London today on the Mauretania, set at rest the rumor in circulation recently that he was on his way to Philadelphia to effect a reconciliation with his wife, from whom he has been estranged for some time.

"I am not going to Philadelphia," he said, "nor am I going on a trip around the world, as has been reported."

HEAD-ON COLLISION

Limited Runs Into Freight—Two Killed, Five Injured.

Brookhaven, Miss., January 19.—The Chicago-New Orleans Limited, of the Illinois Central Railroad, was in a head-on collision with a freight train near here tonight. Two members of the freight crew were killed and five passengers of the limited hurt, but not seriously. The wreck is said to have been caused by a misplaced switch. The dead are W. B. Fredericks, engineer, and W. Selby, brakeman, both of McComb, Miss.

THAT ELUSIVE COLD WAVE

Snow and Rain Predicted During the Week.

Washington, January 19.—The week will open with a cold wave over the Northwest and Central West, according to the bulletin issued by the Weather Bureau today. "It will extend into Eastern Colorado, Kansas and the lower Missouri and upper Mississippi Valleys," says the bulletin, "and temperatures will also be low west of the Rocky Mountains. The cold wave will extend eastward and southeastward in modified form, reaching the Atlantic and East Gulf States about the middle of the week and continuing for a day or two. There will be a reaction to nearly normal conditions over the Northwest and extreme West after Tuesday and over the Central West after the middle of the week.

A disturbance now over the upper Mississippi Valley and the Central Plains States will move eastward, attended by rains and snows that will reach the Atlantic States by Tuesday or Tuesday night, and it will be followed by generally fair weather for a day or two. Another disturbance will probably appear over the extreme Northwest about the middle of the week. It will be attended by local snows over the Northwest and by snows and rains to the eastward and southeastward, reaching the Eastern States by the end of the week."

DELAWARE'S NEW SENATOR

Handy's Withdrawal Assures Saulsbury of the Election.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Wilmington, Del., January 19.—Willard Saulsbury, of Wilmington, Democratic national committeeman from this state and member of Wilson's campaign cabinet, will be elected United States senator to succeed Senator Henry A. Richardson, Republican, of Dover. This was assured today when ex-Congressman Levin Irving Handy, of Smyrna, principal opponent of Saulsbury, withdrew from the race.

Saulsbury will be selected in a caucus of the 29 Democratic members of the legislature at Dover tomorrow night. The vote will be taken in each House Tuesday, with the formal election in joint session the following day. The 23 Republican minority members will vote for whom they choose individually.

A sensation on the eve of Saulsbury's prospective election occurred today when the Wilmington Sunday Star, independent, in an editorial intimated that William H. Slayton, a lawyer, had distributed in Kent county, on the eve of election, $2,000 in the interest of Saulsbury.

The editorial refers to boasts of Saulsbury that Senator H. A. du Pont will resign when he (Saulsbury) "appears at the door of the Senate," and concludes:

"It behooves the Democrats to learn for sure that Senator du Pont will not be able to invoke the senatorial quarantine and thus keep Mr. Saulsbury entirely away from the Senate chamber."

A LITHOGRAPHIC FREAK

Eyes of Madonna in Picture Seemed to Move.

Special Dispatch to The American.

South Bethlehem, Pa., January 19.—A picture of the Madonna, whose eyes hundreds of people declare are moving, caused a great deal of excitement here today at the home of Miss Kate Fox, a public school teacher. The picture has been in the Fox family for years, and before it her mother, who was found dead in bed a month ago, is said to have prayed five hours a day.

Miss Fox, when she discovered the miracle, said she believed it was the spirit of her mother returned and informed her neighbors, and in a short time 1,000 people sought admittance to the house. Superstitious foreigners became excited and the police reserves were held in readiness for an outbreak.

In the midst of the excitement a Catholic priest entered the house and took the picture. After examining it the clergyman declared it a lithographic freak.

NO BOSSES THERE NOW

Pennsylvania Legislature Meets Under New Conditions.

Harrisburg, Pa., January 19.—For the first time in more than a quarter of a century the Pennsylvania legislature will organize tomorrow free of boss dominion. The Progressives have already won the control of the House and have elected for speaker a man identified with the best of the Republican-Progressive interests.

The fight tomorrow will come on the clerks of both houses, and as the nominations are on clearly factional lines, it is only fair to assume that the same lineup that was manifested in the contest for speaker will be maintained in the election of the important officers that are to follow.

Control of the appointments that go with this patronage have already been taken out of the hands of the president of the Senate and the speaker of the House and they will be made and all committees named by the Committee on Committees, which has been empowered to have full sway in the matter of these appointments.

SAID HE WAS KING

W. H. Carter, of Virginia, Is Arrested in Chicago.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Chicago, January 19.—Worthy H. Carter was even serious to the policeman who arrested him.

"I am the first king of the United States; Woodrow Wilson is the second," he announced from the curbing in front of the Hotel Sherman, at Clark and Randolph streets.

If Carter expected an audience to gather he was not disappointed. Five hundred persons and one policeman crowded around him. He was led away by the policeman, to whom he announced he was secretary of war and ambassador to England during his block and a half walk to the station.

Carter was identified by cards and papers found in his possession. His address was given as Riggs, Scott county, Va. He is being held at the Twenty-second Street Station, where he will be examined as to his sanity tomorrow morning.

WILL NOT SIGN BOND

Rich Amateur Musician Refuses to Help Union He Joined.

St. Louis, Mo., January 19.—With the declaration tonight by J. W. Lambert, a member of the Musicians' Mutual Benefit Association and known as St. Louis' richest bachelor, that he would not sign the $70,000 appeal bond necessary to release P. J. Morrin and J. H. Barry from the Leavenworth Penitentiary, plans for release on bond of the St. Louisans convicted of complicity in the dynamite conspiracy received a check.

Lambert created a stir in society circles a month ago by joining the Musicians' Union, and as a last resort the local Building Trades Council decided to turn to him to provide the signature to the appeal bond for Morrin and Barry.

Steamer Colorado Is Floated.

Key West, January 19.—After being ashore on a reef near Tortugas for several days, the Mallory Line steamer Colorado was floated last night and proceeded for Galveston. Wrecking tugs lightered part of the steamer's cargo and, with the assistance of the revenue cutter Miami, freed her.

SHOULD LEARN FROM THE JEWS

Their Love of Liberty, Says Taft, Lesson to Americans.

ADDRESS TO B'NAI B'RITH

THE PPESIDENT A GUEST AT THE CONFERENCE.

He Speaks of the Achievements of the Jews in America and Refers to Their Philanthropic Work. Refers to His Dream of Universal Peace and His Rude Awakening. Goes to Yale Today to Accept Professorship and to Resign His Fellowship.

Special Dispatch to The American.

New York, January 19.—President Taft today attended services at the Marble Collegiate Dutch Reformed Church, took an auto ride up Riverside Drive to Grant's Tomb, dined with his brother, spent the afternoon looking over the J. P. Morgan collection in the Metropolitan Museum of Art, and tonight addressed the annual conference of the B'nai B'rith. He left shortly before midnight for New Haven, where tomorrow it is expected he will resign his Yale fellowship, preparatory to accepting the Kent law chair.

Mrs. Taft accompanied the President on all his trips of the day. At the Marble Collegiate Church the pastor, Rev. David James Burrell, specially mentioned the President by name and invoked divine blessing upon the Chief Executive of the nation.

The examination of the Morgan collection occupied nearly all of the afternoon. Mr. and Mrs. Taft were shown the various rooms containing the art treasures by the superintendent of the museum, all visitors being excluded.

PRAISES THE JEWS.

The President began his address at the B'nai B'rith celebration with a reference to the medal recently presented to him by B'nai B'rith, as he thought undeservedly, adding: "But honors don't come very often."

From the Jews, Mr. Taft said, the American people should profit by their example of love of liberty and love of guaranty of rights and equality and their intensity of spirit.

"I don't like to drop into politics," he continued. "I don't seem to have been a grand success. But the American people will have to be educated over again in lessons of liberty and will have to be taught again the real value of the rights we now have and the restraints under which we enjoy them."

"Something has been said of the intolerance of other countries," Mr. Taft went on. "Tolerance does not exist in other countries as in our own, but we must know that tolerance in this country will have its beneficent effects all over the world. The attitude of the American people on that subject cannot but bring about a better condition. I don't need to preach patience to your race. I don't need to preach persistence to you. I don't believe in progress overnight."

JEWISH PHILANTHROPIES.

Turning to the topic of progress toward world peace, the President said:

"I had a dream that we were going to take a long step toward universal peace, but after negotiating a treaty with England and a treaty with France I awoke."

He explained that through treaties between this country and European nations and interlocking treaties to follow he had hoped a great arbitral court could be established.

"That was my dream," he said. "We negotiated the first two treaties with England and France, and then I woke up. It's bound to come, however, because progress in this direction cannot be defeated. I hope on in spite of this nightmare that the Senate gave me."

Mr. Taft concluded with a eulogy of the Jewish character and of Jewish philanthropies, which he said were the most nearly perfect because the people of the race stand together that the race may live.

GOING HOUSE-HUNTING.

At New Haven tomorrow the President will attend the January meeting of the ale corporation, and it is believed he will tender his resignation as a fellow. The President will take up his duties as Kent professor in the Yale law school at the close of his term as president, and it has occurred to him that it would not seem entirely proper to remain on the corporation and be a professor in the university. If he remained on the corporation he would be in the position of practically passing judgment on his own work as a member of the faculty.

While the President is at the meeting Mrs. Taft will look over some of the local residences that have been picked out as the future home of the Tafts, and she, with the President, may make their decision before night.

The President will return to New York tomorrow night, and after attending the theater, will take the midnight train for Washington.

MORE LIBERAL IN SPAIN

The New Premier's Program Favors Complete Religious Freedom.

Madrid, January 19.—Count Alvaro de Romances, the new premier, will publish his program as soon as the King returns from a hunting trip in Granada. The program, which is strongly marked by liberal tendencies, is understood to comprise complete reconstruction of the associations bill, after negotiations with the Vatican; complete religious freedom, secularization of the cemeteries, obligatory civil marriage, a diminution of the number of non-elective senators and a corresponding increase of elective senators, increased salaries for teachers, important public improvements, the creation of a second squadron of the fleet and various measures to improve the condition of the working classes.

King Alfonso is planning visits to Paris, London and Berlin in the spring and Rome in the autumn.

Latest Shipping News.

Delaware Breakwater, January 19.—Passed up, stmr Berkshire, Jacksonville and Savannah for Philadelphia. Passed out, stmr Putney Bridge (Br), Philadelphia for New York.

Philadelphia, January 19.—Arrived, stmrs New Orleans, from Providence, etc; Dorchester, Jacksonville and Savannah.

New York, January 19.—Arrived, stmr Isle of Jura, from Cienfuegos.

Sable Island, January 19.—Stmr Caledonia, Glasgow for New York, was 748 miles east of Sandy Hook at 4 A. M. Dock 8:30 A. M. Tuesday.

Brow Head, January 19.—Stmr Patricia, New York for Hamburg, was 800 miles southwest at 1:32 A. M. Signaled, stmr Minnewaska, New York for London.

Fayal, January 19.—Arrived, stmr Germanicus, Hamburg for Norfolk (much damaged in tempestuous weather).

Fishguard, January 19.—Arrived, stmr Carmania, New York for Liverpool (and proceded).

Gibraltar, January 19.—Passed, stmr Italia, New York for Leghorn.

Lizard, January 19.—Passed, stmr (supposed) Minnesota, Philadelphia for London.

Malinhead, January 19.—Signaled, stmr California, New York for Glasgow.

Queenstown, January 19.—Sailed, stmr Campania, for New York.

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