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AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.
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We guarantee best quality of coal, thoroughly screened; 2,240 pounds to ton.
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THE ONLY PLANT OF THE KIND IN BALTIMORE where it is impossible to get dirty or slaty coal, as it is all automatically screened, sized and slated and kept under cover.
Free 25 Bundles Kindling Wood
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SUBURBAN AUTO DELIVERY
SPECIAL PRICES
½ Cord Pine Wood, $3.75
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HARD BLOW TO THE GOVERNMENT

POWERS OF COMMERCE COMMISSION LIMITED.

SUPREME COURT TAKES HAND

In Decision in Rate Case Involving the Validity of an Order, Tribunal Defines the Hepburn Law and Lays Down the Rule That Commission Cannot Make Rates Without Giving a Hearing to the Carriers Affected.

Washington, January 20.—The government, on behalf of the Interstate Commerce Commission, today met defeat at the hands of the Supreme Court of the United States in its attempt to establish in the commission a right to make rates without substantial evidence being presented at a hearing to show the unreasonableness of rates about to be replaced.

At the same time railroads of the country won an important point when the court decided that in making rates the commission could not rely upon information gathered in investigations by the commission, but must base them upon evidence presented at a hearing where the railroads would have an opportunity to present its side of the controversy.

In thus limiting the power of the commission the court declared that the question of whether any substantial evidence had been presented in a case was one of law for the courts, such as the Commerce Court, to review and was not entrusted exclusively to the commission.

Hepburn Law Defined.

Justice Lamar announced the court's decision in a case involving the validity of an order reducing class rates from New Orleans to Alabama cities.

He quoted the government's position that the Hepburn law, in providing that rates should be set aside if after a hearing the commission should be of the opinion that the charge was unreasonable, meant that the commission's findings as to unreasonableness of rates was not subject to review by the courts.

The Justice in reply pointed to that clause in the law which required a "full hearing" to be accorded, and the universal course of decisions in this country that an administrative order by the government was void if issued without a hearing or if the hearing was inadequate or unfair.

He stated the government's further contention that Congress required the commission to obtain information to enable it to perform its duties, and that, therefore, when it issued an order it was presumed to have obtained information to support its findings.

Entitled to a Hearing.

"Such a construction," said the Justice, "would nullify the right to a hearing—for manifestly there is no hearing when the party does not know what evidence is offered or considered or is not given an opportunity to test, or explain, or repudiate it. The information gathered may be used as the basis for instituting prosecutions for violations of the law and for many other purposes, but is not available as such in cases where the parties are entitled to a hearing."

The case involved a contest between the Interstate Commerce Commission and the Commerce Court. It also attracted attention, because a letter concerning the case, bearing the name of former Judge Archbald, then of the Commerce Court, and written to a railroad attorney at the time the judge was preparing the court's opinion, was made the basis for one of the charges in the impeachment proceedings against him.

A HUSBAND'S ADVICE

A Wife May Recover Damages for Loss of It.

Washington, January 20.—A husband's advice to his wife may possibly be of such a pecuniary value that the wife may recover damages for loss of it, according to a decision today by the Supreme Court.

The court reversed, however, a judgment of $12,000 awarded in the United States District Court for Northern Ohio, to the administrator of the estate of Albert Wisemiller, killed while working on the Michigan Central Railroad, because the trial judge had erred in allowing damages to the widow for loss of the husband's advice and care without there having been any allegations or evidence of such loss.

The court, in the opinion by Justice Lurton, decided that under the employers' liability act for 1908 relatives of an employe, who lives several hours or longer after an accident are entitled to recover damages just as if the employe had been killed instantly.

Railroad lawyers have sought to establish a doctrine that the statute allowed an employe to sue for injuries and allowed his relatives to sue only when killed instantly. They contended that if the employe lived several hours and then died, his death extinguished not only his own cause of action, but that of his relatives.

This contention, the court held, was erroneous. State laws which provide otherwise, Justice Lurton said, must give way as far as interstate commerce was concerned, at least until Congress should repeal the federal law.

Trust Charge Not Sustained.

Washington, January 20.—Holding that the charge of combination in violation of the Sherman Anti-trust Law had not been sustained, the Supreme Court today held the Creamery Package Manufacturing Company and the Owatonna Manufacturing Company of Minnesota, not liable to threefold damages on the charge of driving a competitor, the Owatonna Fanning Mill Company, out of business.

WASHINGTON SOCIETY

Dinner to Justices of the Supreme Court at White House Tonight.

Bureau of The Baltimore American,
1410 Pennsylvania Avenue,
Washington, January 20.

President and Mrs. Taft, who spent the week-end in New York, will arrive at the White House tomorrow and in the evening will entertain at the second of the state dinners, which will be in honor of the justices of the Supreme Court.

Miss Helen Taft, who was one of a house party entertained over Sunday by the Superintendent of the Naval Academy, at Annapolis, and Mrs. Gibbons returned home this morning.

Senator and Mrs. Jackson, of Maryland, were guests at a dinner given this evening by Senator DuPont at his home.

Senator and Mrs. Jackson had as their guest over Sunday Mrs. Jackson's father, Mr. George C. Shelmerdine, of Philadelphia. Next Sunday Mrs. Jackson's sister-in-law, Mrs. Shelmerdine, of Wyndcotte, near Philadelphia, will be their week-end guest.

One of the brilliant social events of tonight was the reception and dance given by the Secretary of the Navy and Mrs. Meyer at their home, in Scott Circle. This was the second of a series of receptions they are giving. While their guests were recruited largely from official circles, there was a goodly number of diplomats and members of residential society.

Miss Esther Cleveland, who spent the week-end with Commander and Mrs. Gibbons, at Annapolis, has returned to the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Hays Hammond. Tomorrow evening Senator and Mrs. Hoke Smith will give a dinner and theater party for Miss Cleveland.

The Congressional Club was the scene of a brilliant gathering tonight, when Representative and Mrs. Guger, of North Carolina, and their son-in-law and daughter, Representative and Mrs. Langley, of Kentucky, entertained at a reception, at which they were assisted by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Rollings, Miss Oates and Miss Arvongasp, of Asheville, house guests of theirs, and also Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Langley, of Washington, Representative and Mrs. Hughes, of West Virginia, and Paymaster Guger, U. S. N. Their guests were mostly from the congressional circle.

Miss Esther Foote, daughter of Col. Stephen M. Foote, will go to Baltimore on February 3 to attend the last Monday german. She will be the guest of Mrs. Von Knoblock.

Mrs. Blanche Robinson and Mrs. Miller, of Baltimore, were week-end guests of Mrs. A. M. McLaughlin.

Mrs. Stimson, wife of the Secretary of War, gave a luncheon today for Mrs. Goethals, wife of Colonel Goethals, of the Panama Canal Zone, inviting to meet Mrs. Goethals Mrs. Hughes, wife of Justice Hughes; Mrs. McLean, Mrs. Sedgely, Mrs. Aleshire, Mrs. Arthur Harlow, Mrs. Judson, Mrs. Fremont-Smith, Mrs. Downey and Mrs. McClintock.

FLURRY ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Broker's Mistake Sends Market Into Wild Uproar.

Bureau of The Baltimore American,
Room 1005, World Building,
New York, January 20.

The mistake of a stock exchange broker gave Wall Street this afternoon the mots exciting time it has ahd in several weeks.

Word was flashed around that the Supreme Court had handed down its long-awaited decision in the Minnesota rate cases favorably to the railroads.

Uproar followed on the exchange. Brokers who had been loitering in the lobby rushed on the floor and began to bid clamorously for stocks. Prices mounted rapidly, the leading railroad issues rising half a point or more between sales.

Union Pacific bounded up three points and other stocks from one to two points. The movement ended as suddenly as it began.

It was learned that a broker had misread a telegram and, instead of the Minnesota rate case it proved to be a case of only minor importance which the Supreme Court had decided. Prices fell back and soon reached the lowest level of the day.

SANK WITH ALL HANDS

Steamer Goes Down While Assistance Was Standing By.

Charleston, S. C., January 20.—Another tragedy of the sea was recorded here today when Captain Ree, of the Dutch steamship Phecda, reported the sinking of a large Danish tramp steamer about 50 miles off Plymouth, England, on December 26 during a hurricane. The entire crew perished. The name of the vessel is not known, but officers of the Phecda believe it probably was the Ivar or Copenhagen.

The vessel was sighted by the Phecda during a storm on the afternoon of December 26. Captain Ree signaled to the steamer offering assistance, but received no reply. The Phecda continued to approach the distressed steamer, but before she was reached a high sea broke over her and she sank.

The Phecda stood by the spot where the ship went down in the hope of recovering bodies of the crew. None was found and near midnight the Phecda resumed its journey to the port here.

TO PERPETUATE PARTY

Republican Club of Illinois Is Incorporated at Chicago.

Springfield, Ill., January 20.—A license to incorporate was issued today to the Republican Club of Illinois. The incorporators are former United States Senator William Lorimer, William Hale Thompson and Frederick Lundin, of Chicago. The object is stated to be:

"To promulgate the principles of the Republican party as promulgated in the platform adopted in its national conventions from its birth to the convention of 1912, inclusive; to oppose the initiative, referendum and recall of judicial decisions and every other policy which proposes a change in the fundamental principles of the government inaugurated by the fathers and consecrated by the blood of its sons, and to afford recreation, education and fellowship for its members."

FAVORS REFORM MEASURES

Nevada Governor Would Change State's Divorce Law.

Carson City, Nev., January 20.—Gov. Tasker L. Oddie in his message to the Nevada legislature today recommended passage of a law requiring residence of one year instead of six months in the state before a divorce could be obtained. He also advocated a law limiting the number of rounds in a prize fight.

Pointing out that Nevada is surrounded by states which have given women equal suffrage, the Governor urges ratification of an amendment giving them the right to vote in Nevada.

Suggests Park for Rockies.

Washington, January 20.—A national park in the Rocky Mountains of Colorado in the vicinity of Longs Peak, including the valley known as Estes Park, the continental divide and the mountain ranges nearby, is recommended by R. B. Marshall, chief geographer of the United States Geological Survey, who has just concluded a detailed examination of the region. Mr. Marshall suggests that it be named the Rocky Mountain National Park.

Famous "Pint of Cough Syrup" Receipt

No Better Remedy at Any Price.

Fully Guaranteed.

Make a plain syrup by mixing one pint of granulated sugar and ½ pint of warm water and stir for two minutes. Put 2½ ounces of pure Pinex (fifty cents' worth) in a pint bottle, and fill it up with the Sugar Syrup. This gives you a family supply of the best cough syrup at a saving of $2. It never spoils. Take a teaspoonful every one, two or three hours.

The effectiveness of this simple remedy is surprising. It seems to take hold instantly, and will usually stop the most obstinate cough in 24 hours. It tones up the jaded appetite and is just laxative enough to be helpful in a cough, and has a pleasing taste. Also excellent for bronchial trouble, throat tickle, sore lungs and asthma and an unequaled remedy for whooping cough and croup.

This recipe for making cough remedy with Pinex and Sugar Syrup (or strained honey) is a prime favorite in thousands of homes in the United States and Canada. The plan has been imitated, though never successfully. If you try it, use only genuine Pinex, which is the most valuable concentrated compound of Norway white pine extract, and is rich in guaiacol and all the natural healing pine elements. Other preparations will not work in this recipe.

A guaranty of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this recipe. Your druggist has Pinex, or will get it for you. If not, send to The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

CLARENCE S. DARROW

Who was placed on trial yesterday for the second time on a charge of having attempted to corrupt a juror in the McNamara case.

MAY TAKE DUTY OFF OF LEMONS

CITRUS FRUIT MEN AT TARIFF HEARING.

California Growers Contended for the Retention of the Duty, but the Indications Point to Free Lemons or a Cut of Fifty Per Cent. of the Present Rate—Two Baltimoreans Appear.

Washington, January 20.—Free lemons, or at least a 50 per cent. cut in the present duty of one and one-half cents a pound, assumed shape today as part of the Democratic tariff revision policy of the coming extra session of Congress.

Most of the testimony before the Committee on Ways and Means at three sessions today and tonight while under the general subject of the agricultural schedule of the Payne-Aldrich Law, bore on citrus products, an industry that represents $200,000,000 investment on the Pacific Coast.

The Citrus Protective League, of California, comprising growers and shippers of oranges and lemons, and the Fruit Growers' Exchange, which Chairman Underwood, of the committee, insisted was the selling agency for these producers, contended for retention of the present duty on its products. The spokesman for these interests was G. H. Powell, of Los Angeles, formerly acting chief of the Bureau of Plant Industry.

Want Tariff Eliminated.

The New York Fruit Exchange, comprising jobbers, importers, commission merchants and brokers, demanded elimination of the lemon tariffs. Its spokesman, Eugene M. Travis, of New York, called the California industry a "trust" that had earned "abnormal profits," and declared it was the beneficiary of undue taxation on a household necessity.

Democratic Leader Underwood favors putting lemons on the free list, while some members of the committee were figuring today on three-quarters of a cent a pound as a fair compromise.

Mr. Powell urged that lemons remain at one and one-half cents a pound duty, and oranges, limes, grape fruit, shaddocks and pomelos at one cent. He said there were 12 lemons per capita consumed in this country annually and that the present tariff levy amounted to three and one-half or four cents per capita tax. He said the California growers got their lowest prices between the Alleghanies and the seaboard, where the competition was hte fiercest, and the highest west of the Missouri River, where they commanded the market. He insisted that tariff reduction would lead to Italian monopolistic control of the American lemon market.

No Longer Needs Protection.

Mr. Underwood said he wanted to find out what the California growers' organization was doing. Mr. Powell described the 115 local exchanges that transmitted orders and determined prices of their own products, these 115 federating into 17 district exchanges, which in turn federated into the California Growers' Exchange, with agents in various consuming cities. He would not admit that it was a "selling agency."

Mr. Travis testified that the New York Fruit Exchange view was that the lemon industry no longer needs protection, and he pointed to the opening of the Panama Canal as meaning a lowering of the freight cost on lemons.

Baltimoreans Appear.

R. Tyner Smith, representing the J. S. Johnson Company of Baltimore, appeared before the Ways and Means Committee today with an argument in favor of a duty of 20 per cent. on pineapples. R. M. McCormick, of the McCormick Company of Baltimore, also appeared before the committee this afternoon with an argument in favor of a stiff differential between the rates of duty on ground and unground spices.

Mr. Smith asked for a uniform rate of 20 per cent. on canned pineapples. He claims that under the present excessive differential on goods containing sugar the Hawaiian packers had nearly secured and would soon entirely secure a monopoly of the trade in this variety of goods.

Unlighted Lamp Caused Wreck.

Washington, January 20.—An unlighted switch lamp and the "inexperience" and "lack of alertness" of a freight-train crew are assigned by the Interstate Commerce Commission as the causes of the accident on the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway at Indianapolis, Ind., on November 13, resulting in the death of 15 persons and the injury of 11. Attention is called in the report to the lack of automatic block signals.

Due to Careless Signalling.

Washington, January 20.—Careless signalling is indicated in a report of the Interstate Commerce Commission today as the primary cause of an accident on the New Orleans Division of the Yazoo and Mississippi Valley Railroad, near Montz, La., on November 12, in which 15 passengers were killed and 249 passengers and three employes were injured. No block system was on the railroad.

WILL BENEFIT MARYLAND LANDS

SENATOR JACKSON INTRODUCES A RECLAMATION BILL.

If It Becomes a Law It Will Restore to Agricultural Uses Thousands of Acres of Swamp Lands—Senator Jackson Explains His Measure—State Law Inadequate—Eastern Shore Interested.

Bureau of The Baltimore American,
1410 Pennsylvania Avenue,
Washington, January 20.

Thousands of acres of swamp lands in Maryland, at present utterly useless for agriculture and a menace to health and sanitation, will be restored to fruitful activity and will add to the wealth of the state when a bill introduced in the Senate by Senator Jackson today becomes effective. The Department of Agriculture has had for some time an engineer, with headquarters at Easton, who has been making surveys of the swamp lands of the state, and particularly the Eastern Shore, and who had prepared projects based on these surveys for the reclamation of these lands and their restoration to fertility. Mr. Jackson's bill will provide authority for the United States government to reclaim all these lands.

Immediately on taking his seat in the Senate Mr. Jackson called upon the Secretary of Agriculture, Mr. Wilson, to confer with him upon what had been done by the government in regard to the swamp lands of Maryland. At his request Mr. Wilson had his officials lay before Mr. Jackson an exhaustive resume of all that has been done. Mr. Wilson assured Mr. Jackson that the government would heartily co-operate with the State of Maryland in reclaiming the waste lands, and upon this assurance Mr. Jackson prepared the bill which he introduced today.

Senator Jackson Explains.

The bill is best described by Senator Jackson himself.

"The drainage bill introduced by me in the Senate this morning," said Mr. Jackson, "provides, first, that the Secretary of Agriculture shall make investigations and surveys of the swamp and overflowed lands of Maryland and devise plans for their drainage, with estimates of the cost of such projects. Second, that he shall make an annual printed report to Congress as the result of his investigations and the status of the drainage projects under way. Third, that if he finds such projects feasible he shall let contracts to the extent of the funds available under the appropriation. Fourth, that he shall co-operate with the local boards of drainage commissioners or similar bodies to the extent of devising plans for drainage projects. Fifth, the bill appropriates $100,000 to carry out its purposes. The bill is not complicated or cumbersome. I have intentionally made it clear and short. The details are left to the discretion of the Secretary of Agriculture and his staff of drainage experts.

State Law Inadequate.

"Maryland has, for many years, had a tax ditch law, whereby, upon the petition of the inhabitants of a section, the county commissioners would appoint commissioners to lay out the ditch and assess the benefits upon the parties affected. The law has many technical effects. Its practical workings have often been hampered by petty politics. It has all the disadvantages of local administration of a project requiring more central and, therefore, more uniform treatment. The legislature of 1912 passed a law providing for the formation of drainage districts and the appointment of drainage commissioners, with additional powers, notably the power to issue bonds. This is an admirable law, but defective in that it does not provide for a consistently developing reclamation. The drainage of these lands in Maryland is so vast a project that it requires more than local needs to stimulate the enterprise. My bill provides for co-operation between these local bodies and the Secretary of Agriculture, in that the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to furnish plans and specifications for the various local boards. This would result in all drainage projects being conducted in a scientific and foresighted manner.

The Department of Agriculture is well equipped to undertake this work.

Eastern Shore Will Benefit.

The Department of Drainage Investigation has already conducted important investigations of drainage projects in Maryland, notably, in the Sycamore Bottom of the Potomac River, in the section near Seneca, Montgomery county, along the same river, in the Perry Pond section of Talbot county, and in sections along the Pocomoke River and Marumsco Creek. My bill refers only to Maryland, but the proposition is a vast one. The Eastern Shore will be benefited in particular by the provisions of this bill. The peculiar character of much of that section makes drainage absolutely necessary. There are vast areas notably in Talbot, Dorchester, Wicomico, Worcester and Somerset counties easily capable of being transformed into fertile fields by skillful drainage. It is difficult indeed to realize the advantages to come to the material interests of this state from scientific reclamation. In the West, desert lands are being reclaimed by putting on water. Is it not just as important to reclaim the swamp lands of the East by taking off the water?"

Senator Jackson's bill was referred to the Committee on Public Lands, of which committee Mr. Jackson is a member. He will at tomorrow's meeting of this committee ask an opportunity when the committee will give him a hearing at which he will explain in detail purposes of the bill and the great benefits which it will accomplish for not only the people of Maryland, but in a broader and national sense, because these lands reclaimed will make splendid trucking farms on which will be produced great quantities of vegetables whose ready access to the great markets of the country will prove a material factor in adjusting and reducing the present high cost of living.

BITTER FIGHT EXPECTED

Opponents of Lincoln Monument Want National Highway.

Washington, January 20.—Bitter opposition to the bill providing for the erection of a $2,000,000 monument to the memory of Abraham Lincoln is threatened when the measure is taken up in the House Wednesday. The bill already has passed the Senate. It provides for the erection of a statue and Greek temple on the Mall, near the Washington Monument, and its opponents are trying to substitute for it a plan to construct a memorial highway from Washington to Gettysburg.

So intense has the fight grown that Richard Watrous, secretary of the American Civic Association, today sent broadcast several thousand letters to members of the organization asking them to call on their representatives in the House to support the monument measure. The fight for the highway plan is being led by Representative Borland, of Missouri.

A COMPROMISE PLAN

Treasury to Conciliate Ports in the Customs Reorganization.

Washington, January 20.—To conciliate cities protesting against the loss of the office of the collector of customs and its location with a nearby rival, the Treasury Department is considering a compromise in its tentative plan of customs reorganization. The suggested scheme would make both ports in such cases headquarters of a customs district, the collector dividing his time between them. The department has under consideration the application of this proposition at Newport News and Norfolk, Va.; St. Paul and Minneapolis, and Duluth and Superior.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Have You Rheumatism, Kidney, Liver or Bladder Trouble?

Pain or dull ache in the back is evidence of kidney trouble. It is Nature's timely warning to show you that the track of health is not clear.

Danger Signals.

If these danger signals are unheeded more serious *results* follow; Bright's disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble, may steal upon you.

The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable curative effect in the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine, you should have the best.

Lame Back.

Lame back is only one of many symptoms of kidney trouble. Other symptoms showing that you need Swamp-Root are, being obliged to pass water often during the day and to get up many times during the night.

Inability to hold urine, smarting in passing, uric acid, headache, dizziness, indigestion, sleeplessness, nervousness, sometimes the heart acts badly, rheumatism, bloating, lack of ambition, may be loss of flesh, sallow complexion.

Prevalency of Kidney Disease.

Most people do not realize the alarming increase and remarkable prevalency of kidney disease. While kidney disorders are the most common diseases that prevail, they are almost the last recognized by patient and physicians, *who usually content themselves with doctoring the effects*, while the *original disease* constantly undermines the system.

Sample Bottle Sent Free.

Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at all drug stores.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., which you will find on every bottle.

EDITORIAL NOTICE—To prove the wonderful merits of Swamp-Root you may have a sample bottle and a book of valuable information, both sent absolutely free by mail. The book contains many of the thousands of letters received from men and women who found Swamp-Root to be just the remedy they needed. The value and success of Swamp-Root is so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample bottle. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Be sure to say you read this generous offer in The Baltimore Daily American. The genuineness of this offer is guaranteed.

GIVES POWER TO OTHER COUNTRIES

IMMIGRATION BILL PROVISION DISAPPROVED.

WOULD AFFECT RUSSIAN JEW

Measure Sent by Senate Back to Conference After a Bitter Attack on It—Obnoxious Provision Calls for a Certificate of Character From Emigrants—Places in Hands of Russia Power to Prevent Jews From Emigrating.

Washington, January 20.—Control that Russia and other countries might exercise over emigration to the United States led the Senate today to refuse to accept the conference report on the Burnett-Dillingham Immigration Bill. The bill was sent back to conference with the Senate's disapproval of the provision requiring certificates of character from immigrants coming from countries where such certificates are issued.

This feature of the bill was attacked by Senators La Follette, O'Gorman, Root, Stone and others as dangerous to the future of American immigration. The provision had been recommended by the federal immigration officials. Senator Lodge, in charge of the conference report, asked that the bill be sent back to conference where the "certificate of character" provision probably will be eliminated.

"I believe the introduction of this clause was at the sincere desire of the immigration officials, to aid them in keeping out members of the Black Hand and the Camorra," said Senator Root. "But it would open the door to foreign countries to limit or prevent the right of citizens to emigrate to the United States.

Directed Against Criminals.

"It was evidently directed against the evils resulting from the immigration of criminals, who are making collections and groups of the most desperate criminals in New York. I believe the immigration officials were thinking of Italian criminals, and not of Russian citizens, in framing this clause, but its effect might be serious to the best character of immigration we now have."

Hundreds of telegrams and protests were received by the Senate early in the day from Jewish societies and immigration organizations. It was claimed that Russia, by refusing to issue certificates of character to Jews or other citizens, could practically stop emigration to the United States.

Senator La Follette criticised the power exercised by conference committees in putting new matter into bills so that it could not be amended in the Senate or the House.

"The rules and regulations of the Senate and House have been so framed and so built up and engrafted upon by precedent as to put the legislation of this Congress in the hands of a few men," declared Senator La Follette in the Senate today, speaking against the conference report.

"I hope the time is coming when these two bodies will be made more democratic and more responsive to the public will," he added.

Gives Power to Russia.

Senator Lodge contended that the provision did not affect Russian immigrants and held that the conferees had not exceeded their authority.

Senator La Follette declared Russia could prevent its people leaving for the United States by refusing to issue certificates of good character. Russians who now come to the United States surreptitiously, he said, would under the new provisions be excluded.

"All those who believe in republican principles of government could be refused a certificate," he said. "Russia knows that one free tongue in New York is more harmful to Russia than 10,000 shackled subjects in Siberia.

"Russia does not want these people seeking freedom admitted to the United States, and I believe that is why some others do not want them admitted; for these people are a menace to plutocracy, and there are certain people in this country who do not favor encouraging the menace to plutocracy."

ARMY AND NAVY

Orders Issued to Officers From Departments in Washington.

Washington, January 20.—The following orders to army officers have been issued:

Leaves—First Lieutenant John W. Meehan, Medical Corps, 10 days.

Resignations—First Lieutenant Robert C. LeConte and John A. Tompkins, Jr., Medical Reserve Corps, resignations accepted to take effect January 18.

Orders to naval officers:

Lieut. (junior grade) W. F. Newton, detached Arkansas; to post graduate course, Naval Academy.

Ensign M. A. Mitscher, detached Vicksburg; to Annapolis.

Ensign H. B. Gilbert, detached Annapolis; continue treatment Naval Hospital, Mare Island.

Ensign E. W. Jukes, placed on the retired list of officers from January 15; physical disability incurred in line of duty; to home.

Paymaster E. C. Tobey, detached Maryland; to home, wait orders.

Paymaster C. J. Cleborne, detached navy yard, Norfolk; to naval station, Olongapo.

Paymaster J. R. Hornberger, detached navy yard, Mare Island; to Maryland.

Boatswain J. E. Quirk, to Kentucky.

Machinist E. G. Herzinger, to navy yard, Puget Sound.

Paymaster's Clerks O. C. Cato and Josiah Merritt, appointment revoked.

Paymaster's Clerk F. E. Crossman, appointed; to Salem.

Paymaster's Clerk Harry Mack, appointed; to navy yard, Norfolk.

Movements of vessels:

Arrived—San Francisco, Jarvis, Jouett, Fanning, Patterson, Vermont, Michigan, South Carolina, Ammen, Trippe, Burrows, Sterling, at Guantanamo; Petrel, at Santo Domingo City; Cyclops, at Guacanayabo Bay.

Sailed—Hercules, from Norfolk for Washington; Nashville, from Santo Domingo City for Guantanamo; Henley, from Guantanamo for Cristobal; Solace, from Guantanamo for Guacanayabo Bay; Nero, from Tiburon, for Puget Sound; Wheeling, from Key West for Tampa; Sterling, from Guantanamo for Hampton Roads; Whipple, Truxtun, Preble, Stewart, Paul Jones, from San Diego for Santa Barbara.

MAY REINDICT MELLEN

Federal Grand Jury Discharged and a New One Is Ordered.

New York, January 20.—The federal grand jury which has been investigating the transportation situation in New England was today discharged. This action was taken because the jury is the same that indicted Charles S. Mellen, president of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, and F. J. Chamberlin and Alfred W. Smithers, president and chairman, respectively, of the Grand Trunk Railway of Canada, for violating the anti-monopoly law, and the right of one of its members to serve was challenged by the defendant counsel.

A new grand jury to be sworn in tomorrow will continue the investigation, recalling witnesses who testified before the discharged grand jury.

Meantime the disputed qualifications of the juror in question will be threshed out before a petit jury. In case the contention of the defendants is sustained it is understood that the government attorneys will ask their reinstatement by the new grand jury.

Breathe Booth's Hyomei

Kill the Loathsome Germs of Catarrh and Banish All Disgusting Symptoms.

Just as long as you have catarrh your nose will itch, your breath will be foul, you will hawk and spit, and you will do other disgusting things because you can't help yourself. The germs of catarrh have you in their power; they are continually and persistently digging into and irritating the mucus membrane of your nose and throat. They are now making your life miserable; in time they will lacerate the membrane and prove a fertile field for the germs of Consumption and other microbes.

There is one sure remedy for catarrh, and that is Booth's HYOMEI. Just breathe it through the inhaler and use the vapor treatment as directed.

A complete outfit, including inhaler and bottle of HYOMEI is $1.00 at druggists everywhere. Separate bottles of Booth's HYOMEI if later needed, 50 cents.

ECZEMA 25 YEARS FACE A MASS OF IT

Says "Resinol Cured Me of One of the Worst Cases Anybody Ever Saw."

Philadelphia, Pa., Sept. 20, 1912.—"I had eczema for the last twenty-five years, and have been afflicted so badly that for weeks I could not go outside the door. My face was one mass of pimples and not only the looks of it but the itching and burning pains I experienced were just dreadful. I lost a great deal of sleep and had to keep dampened cloths on my face all night to relieve the pain. I had become disgusted with trying different things.

"One day I made up my mind to try Resinol, and after using one jar of Resinol Ointment, and one cake of Resinol Soap, I saw the difference, and now my face is as clear as anybody's, and I certainly don't need to be ashamed to go out. Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment cured me of one of the worst cases of eczema, I guess, that anybody ever saw." (Signed) Mrs. C. Hellmuth, 5611 Appletree Street.

Nothing we can say of Resinol equals what others, such as Mrs. Hellmuth, say of it. If you are suffering from itching, burning skin troubles, pimples, blackheads, dandruff, chapped face and hands, ulcers, boils, stubborn sores, or piles, it will cost you nothing to try Resinol Ointment and Soap. Just send to Dept. 4-T, Resinol Chem. Co., Baltimore, Md., for a free sample of each. Sold by all druggists.

Tonsiline Prevents Diphtheria

Diphtheria is the most dreaded disease of childhood, because it is so often fatal. It is invariably preceded by Sore Throat—nature's danger signal.

At the appearance of Sore Throat the first thought should be its quick cure. Don't regard it lightly—don't think it may be gone tomorrow. An hour's delay may bring fatal results.

What good doctor in his practice now advises delay or thinks lightly of any Sore Throat, especially in children?

Modern medication wisely endeavors to quickly control and cure the simpler forms of disease—it's so much easier and so much safer than waiting for the graver diseases to follow.

It is right here and in this way that TONSILINE has its greatest value.

Tonsiline will positively cure the Sore Throat and thereby prevent the dread disease—Diphtheria.

Tonsiline is the one remedy, sold largely throughout the United States, exclusively for the cure of Sore Throats. Its field is limited but it does its whole duty every time. TONSILINE has justly earned the success it has achieved as a Sore Throat Cure.

Buy a bottle today and have it ready for instant use.

Tonsiline is the stitch in time.
25 cents and 50 cents. Hospital Size $1.00. All Druggists.

QUININE? NO! PAPE'S BEST FOR BAD COLD

**First dose of Pape's Cold Compound rel