GREEK ARMY IS ADVANCING

Moving Upon Janina in Semicircle

BOLD PLAN OF ALLIES

To Control Turkish Forts on the Dardanelles.

AWAIT DECISION OF POWERS

Allies, However, Propose to Make the Turks Understand That the War Indemnity Asked Will Be Increased Proportionately to Delay in Concluding Peace—The Allies Declare They Have No Intention of Changing Their Terms—An Offensive Movement Planned by the Allies.

London, January 25.—Both the ambassadors and the Balkan plenipotentiaries held meetings today and discussed academically the Balkan situation and the occurrences in Constantinople. The plenipotentiaries are awaiting instructions. As yet the Servians and Montenegrins have not received from their governments full powers, which Dr. Daneff and Premier Venizelos already possess, to break the negotiations.

M. Novakovitch has proposed to make the Turks understand that the war indemnity asked by the allies will be increased proportionately to the delay in concluding peace.

It is expected that by Sunday all the allies will have received authorization from their respective governments to end the negotiations on their own initiative, but, faithful to the promise made to the ambassadors, they will not use this prerogative until the reply to the powers' note has been received from the new Turkish government.

GREEKS PUSHING AHEAD.

The Greeks meanwhile are pushing their military operations in Epirus. The army there, numbering 50,000, is advancing against Janina in a semicircle. The Greeks have been fighting for five days consecutively. The siege is most difficult, owing to the mountainous nature of the district and the very narrow passes, which are strongly fortified. The operations have been rendered still more difficult by stormy weather.

If the war is resumed in the next week the allies have agreed that the offensive shall be taken by the combined Bulgarian, Greek and Servian forces against both Adrianople and Tchatalja. The Servians will detach some of their troops to help the Montenegrins take Scutari.

A Greek project is under examination aiming to land troops in the Gulf of Saros and occupy the Gallipoli Peninsula. This would give to the allies control of the Turkish fortifications in the Dardanelles, enabling the Greek fleet to enter the Sea of Marmora and threaten Constantinople.

REVOLUTION INEVITABLE.

All this and similar projects are subordinate to the decision of the powers and events in Constantinople, where many consider a military counter-revolution is inevitable within a short time.

What the allies desire is not to be accused of having precipitated matters. Their terms were presented at the sitting of the Peace Conference on December 23, and the Turkish delegates asked time for their consideration. Since then the allies have not changed their terms. They have been simply waiting. But patience has a limit, they say, like the resources of their countries, which are heavily taxed by Turkish procrastination. When all means are exhausted for a peaceful settlement, the allies declare, the war will be resumed and inexorably conducted. Dr. Daneff, head of the Bulgarian delegation, said tonight:

"The best proof of our magnanimity toward Turkey is that we are still here, while events in Constantinople are an eloquent and undeniable indication of what the Turkish reply to the note of the powers will be. After that we might with considerable advantage for us, have resumed, hostilities, but we prefer to be generous and do not wish to be accused of rash action or disregard for the desires of Europe."

Dr. Daneff, the Bulgarian delegate, declared today that further hostilities could have but one issue—the complete annihilation of Turkey. He said the allies now had 1,000,000 troops in fighting trim on Tchatalja lines against not more than 200,000 Turks. He said the Turks had transported great numbers of fresh troops from Asia Minor, but had been unable to get them into any condition of effectiveness.

TURKEY SLOW TO REPLY

Constantinople Now Practically in State of Siege.

Constantinople, January 25.—The drafting of the Turkish reply to the note of the powers has been delayed, owing to the difficulty of finding a permanent occupant for the ministry of foreign affairs, which was filled only temporarily when the new cabinet was formed. Osman Nizami Pasha, the Turkish ambassador at Berlin, is the latest statesman to refuse the office.

It is believed now that Ibrahim Hakki Pasha, a former grand vizier, who was threatened with impeachment on account of the alleged unpreparedness of Turkey for the war with Italy, will accept the post.

The Turkish cabinet is anxious not to keep the European powers waiting too long for a reply and if a foreign minister is not soon appointed a decision will be made without him.

Constantinople is practically in a state of siege, according to dispatches received today by the peace delegates of the allies. The young Turks, fearing that the reins of power may again escape from their hands, are said to be arresting their political adversaries right and left, searching houses and clubs and confiscating documents. They hope in this way to break up the opposition. The allies express the opinion that under these circumstances any excess may be expected.

With this prospect in view the European powers are sending war vessels to reinforce the ordinary guardships stationed at Constantinople.

Italy is especially alarmed over the return to power of the Young Turks, who were inexorable during the Libyan War. The United States Ambassador at Constantinople, William W. Rockhill, during the negotiations for the conclusion of peace between Italy and Turkey, described Djavid Bey, now head of the committee of union and progress, as irreconcilable. Djavid Bey declared that Turkey would fight in Tripoli as long as she possessed a single soldier.

The position of the 5,000 Italian residents of Turkey is now regarded as so precarious that Italy has dispatched to Constantinople two of her best cruisers, the San Marco and Pisa, and the gunboat Archimede, which is prepared to land 500 bluejackets. At the same time the admiralty has ordered the entire Italian squadron now stationed in the Grecian archipelago, to hold itself in readiness. The remainder of the Italian fleet is at Taranto, within easy call.

Constantinople Trembles.

Constantinople, January 25.—A severe earthquake shook the Turkish capital at an early hour this morning. No loss of life had been reported up to noon.

WARSHIPS IN THE CANAL

Rear Admiral Watt Gives the Limit on Construction.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Washington, January 25.—Rear Admiral Richard M. Watt, chief constructor of the Navy, has just returned from Panama, where he went to determine the limitations of the canal, on which will depend all future construction of battleships by the United States and other great naval powers.

The formula of ultimate construction which he brings back is 110 by 1,000 by 40. This means that the biggest ship that can go through the canal will have measurements of 110 feet beam, 1,000 feet in length and a draught of 40 feet. Thirty-five-foot vessels can go through what Admiral Watts calls low water in the canal. Forty feet is the maximum and means high water in the canal.

At the present time the Navy Department has knowledge that one of the maritime nations intends to build a vessel which will have a length of 750 feet, while some of the vessels of the United States Navy have a length of 700 feet.

The report has been revived at the Navy Department that the constructors are now preparing plans for a 47,000-ton warship.

Admiral Watt says that instructions have not come to him as yet with reference to such a vessel, but it is not unlikely that the specifications will be prepared by the General Naval Board, of which Admiral Dewey is chairman.

THE SIX-YEAR TERM

Senate Being Canvassed to Learn How Members Are Inclined.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Washington, January 25.—Every member of the Senate is being canvassed by the friends and opponents of the six-year presidential term resolution introduced by Senator Works, of California, and set for a final vote in the Senate next Thursday. It appears likely that the number favoring the idea will come close to the necessary two-thirds majority.

"I am confident of a majority and hope for the two-thirds majority," said Senator Works. "The fact that a single presidential term is demanded in the national Democratic platform has been a factor in bringing a large number of Democratic members to approve this resolution. Indeed, I think that the Democrats are more nearly united in its favor than are the Republicans. The regular Republican group is not hostile to it, but the progressive Republicans, including Senators Bristow, Clapp and Crawford, do not approve."

Senator Bristow remarked tonight: "All the standpatters are for the single term, for they are afraid of Roosevelt."

A DINNER TO FITZGERALD

President of Western Maryland a Guest of Pittsburgh Friends.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Pittsburgh, Pa., January 25.—Twenty-two old friends of President J. M. Fitzgerald, of the Western Maryland Railroad, who had been "pals" of his during his days in Pittsburgh with the Wabash Coal Company, tendered him a complimentary dinner tonight at the Duquesne Club, which for elaborateness set a new record in that famous club.

The decorations and menu were in green in honor of President Fitzgerald's fealty to Old Ireland; an elaborately printed songster contained ten specially written songs dedicated to the guest of the evening, and every man present responded to a toast.

F. J. Lanahan, of the Fort-Pitt Malleable Iron Co., was toastmaster, and C. J. Graham, an iron manufacturer, was choir leader. Those present included D. L. and J. M. Gillespie, of the Gillespie Contracting Interests; President J. M. Shoonmaker and General Manager J. B. Yohe, of the Pittsburgh and Lake Erie Railroad; J. T. M. Stoneroad and several other prominent coal operators.

Largest Gold Shipment.

New York, January 25.—The largest shipment of gold ever made to South America on one steamer is said to be that leaving today on the steamship Verdi, whose cargo includes 101 kegs filled with half eagles, eagles and double eagles, reaching a total of $5,050,000.

Get Rid of Pimples, Quick

Stuart's Calcium Wafers Are Wonder Workers in Every Variety of Skin Troubles.

Many people have been heard to say that they used creams and lotions for years without effect, yet after five or six days of Stuart's Calcium Wafers their complexions were perfectly clear.

"Stuart's Calcium Wafers Are Simply Grand to Remove Pimples and All Skin Eruptions.

It's easy to understand why. Creams and lotions only get at the surface, while Stuart's Calcium Wafers go right into the blood and instead of a sluggish deposit in the skin the impurities that cause skin diseases are destroyed in the perspiration that is exhaled through the pores in the form of invisible vapor. You'll never have a good complexion without pure blood, but you positively will have a fine, beautiful complexion if you use Stuart's Calcium Wafers.

They contain no poisonous drug of any kind, are perfectly harmless and can be taken with absolute freedom, and they work almost like magic. Calcium Sulphide, their principal ingredient, is the greatest blood-cleanser known to science.

No matter how bad your skin may be, Stuart's Calcium Wafers will quickly work wonders with it. It's goodbye to blackheads, pimples, acne, boils, rash, eczema and a dirty "filled-up" complexion. You can get a box of Stuart's Calcium Wafers at any drug store at 50 cents a box, and you will be positively delighted with their wonderful effect.

COURT ORDERS SICKLES' ARREST

Civil War Hero Charged With Misappropriating Funds.

IS IN DESPERATE STRAITS

AGED GENERAL HOPES FRIENDS WILL AID HIM.

The One-time Soldier and Diplomat Has Until Tomorrow to Raise the Sum Alleged to Have Been Taken by Him From the New York State Monument Commission—He Has Figured Prominently in the Public Eye Since 1859, When He Was a Member of Congress.

Special Dispatch to The American.

New York, January 25.—Gen. Daniel E. Sickles, one of the most spectacular figures in the thinning lines of Civil War commanders, has until Monday to raise $23,476 to turn over to the representatives of the State of New York or submit himself to arrest for misappropriation of the funds of the State Monument Commission. Eighty-eight years old, his body shattered by a shell at Gettysburg, now further enfeebled by long illness, the grim old man lay propped on his pillows tonight hoping against hope that members of his family or former friends would come to rescue him from his pitiable plight.

Deciding there was no use waiting any longer for the old General to make good the deficit in the commission's funds, Attorney General Carmody, at Albany, obtained an order for Sickles' arrest and sent a deputy, Franklin Kennedy, to New York with it. Kennedy turned the order over to Assistant Attorney General McQuade here tonight, and after consultation it was decided to give General Sickles until Monday before serving the warrant.

SHORTAGE OF $29,000.

Carmody came to his decision regretfully, he said. He felt, however, that forbearance has ceased to be a virtue. It was known that during the years Sickles was chairman of the Monument Commission, a position he occupied up to a month ago, when the first disclosures of the shortage in the funds were made, the General had helped himself to the commission's money as though it were his own. His integrity was never questioned by his associates, and he was allowed to draw on the funds at will. When the shortage was discovered last month, it amounted to $29,000.

Then came one of the strange surprises with which the old veteran's life has been filled. His wife, whom he had estranged 30 years ago and who, with his son, had made many bitter charges against his mode of life, came to the front for him and turned over $6,000 in account on the debt, with a promise to pay the balance by January 20. It was said that Mrs. Sickles would raise the money by selling property she owned in Madrid, Spain. On January 20 the money was not forthcoming, but in its place came a letter from Mrs. Sickles asking for more time.

The attorney general in the meantime had made inquiries that showed Sickles' affairs to be in desperate shape financially. His Fifth avenue home is mortgaged and about to be sold. There seems absolutely no chance of the General's being able to raise the money and even Mrs. Sickles' ability to obtain the $23,000 balance appears extremely doubtful.

HIS PICTURESQUE CAREER.

The proceedings instituted today are not of a criminal character. For that reason it was an order of the arrest of Sickles and not a warrant that was issued by the Supreme Court. Carmody proposes to give Sickles and his family and friends every opportunity, even after the General is placed under arrest, to raise the sum due.

General Sickles has figured prominently in the public eye since 1859, when he was a member of Congress at Washington. His wife at that time was Therese Bagioli, the daughter of an Italian music master. Sickles discovered an affair between his wife and Philip Barton Key, United States district attorney in the District of Columbia and a son of Francis Scott Key, author of the Star-spangled Banner. Sickles met Key on the street, drew a revolver and shot him dead. He was acquitted by a jury and for a time was acclaimed a hero for "defending the honor" of his household. A few months later he forgave his wife and took her back to live with him.

The present Mrs. Sickles found life with the Civil War hero unbearable many years ago. Attacks made on her character by the General recently drew from their son an answering accusation that Sickles had for 16 years supported a woman, who now is the wife of a prominent New Yorker.

ROSE FROM THE RANKS

Vice President of New Haven Road Once a Brakeman.

New York, January 25.—Adelbert R. Whaley, just elevated to a vice presidency of the New Haven Railroad, is expected to relieve President Charles S. Mellen of practically all of the actual operating responsibilities of the road.

In contrast to the $25,000 post to which Mr. Whaley has now been elevated after 34 years in New England railroad business, it is recalled that at 16 years of age he started his career as a freight brakeman on the old Providence and Worcester Railroad at $1.62 a day.

300 MOORS ARE KILLED

Fierce Conflict With a French Expeditionary Force.

Mogador, Morocco, January 25.—Heavy losses were inflicted on a large force of Moorish rebels who last night attacked a French expeditionary column near this place. The fighting was very severe for some hours and 300 Moors were killed or wounded.

They were finally routed and fled in all directions, but the French were unable to pursue them, owing to the smallness of their force. The French casualties were eight killed and 41 wounded.

Peculiar After Effects of Grip This Year

Leaves Kidneys In Weakened Condition

Doctors in all parts of the country have been kept busy with the epidemic of grip which has visited so many homes. The symptoms of grip this year are very distressing and leave the system in a run-down condition, particularly the kidneys, which seem to suffer most, as every victim complains of lame back and urinary troubles, which should not be neglected, as these danger signals often lead to more serious sickness, such as dreaded Bright's Disease. Local druggists report a large sale on Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root which so many people say soon heals and strengthens the kidneys after an attack of grip. Swamp-Root is a great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, and, being an herbal compound, has a gentle healing effect on the kidneys, which is almost immediately noted by those who try it. Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., offer to send a sample bottle of Swamp-Root, free by mail, to every sufferer who requests it. A trial will convince any one who may be in need of it. Regular size bottles 50 cts. and $1.00. For sale at all druggists. Be sure to mention this paper.

OREGON'S NEW SENATOR

Harry Lane, who succeeds Senator Jonathan Bourne, Jr.

MUST PLEAD GUILTY

Bathtub Trust Gets No Comfort From President Taft.

Washington, January 25.—President Taft today refused to dismiss the criminal antitrust suit against the so-called Bath Tub Trust. He was requested to terminate the proceedings by Herbert Noble and Harry M. Daugherty, of counsel for the defendants, on the ground that the combination had been dissolved.

The President stood squarely behind Attorney General Wickersham and Edwin P. Grosvenor, special assistant to the Attorney General in immediate charge of the case, who previously had declined to consent to quashing the proceedings. The Attorney General has been constant in holding to his determination to re-try the case before Judge Sessions at Detroit February 3. He will accept no pleas on behalf of the defendants, it is said, except pleas of guilty. The attorneys appealed from the Attorney General's decision to the President, who discussed the entire situation today with Messrs. Wickersham, Grosvenor, Noble and Daugherty. The combination complained of in the indictments, it was pointed out, had been terminated in January, 1911, shortly after the indictments were returned. The President, however, sustained the Department of Justice's view that the defendants should be tried nevertheless on the charges preferred.

The civil suit against the alleged trust recently was decided by the Supreme Court in favor of the government.

FORECASTS WILSON'S POLICY

Probable Attitude As to Panama Canal Tolls Controversy.

Washington, January 25.—Chairman Adamson, of the House Commerce Committee, in a formal statement today predicted that one of President-elect Wilson's first requests upon the incoming Congress would be for a repeal of the free passage provision in the Panama Canal act applying to American ships.

"If Secretary Knox succeeds in avoiding or postponing the demands of England," said Mr. Adamson, "he will undoubtedly also remove all foundation for the illogical claims of our people, who say they are opposed to subsidies, but still favor discrimination in favor of coastwise ships from tolls, which is a subsidy. England may justly complain that if the canal is to be used as an instrument to distribute subsidies under the treaty, those subsidies must be equal to all nations.

"The true issue for us to determine is, shall we rob our own people by an unjust discrimination to enrich the coastwise shipping trust? I would no at all object to a brush win England if we had a just cause, but it looks very foolish and unprofitable to maintain any sort of row with her, commercial, diplomatic or warlike, to defend the infliction of an incidental discrimination caused by the immoral and unjust robbery of our treasury and the masses of the people to confer benefits upon a special interest."

THE FIFTH WILL GET IT

Regiment Will Get City Hall Corridor During the Inauguration.

Bureau of The Baltimore American,
1410 Pennsylvania Avenue,
Washington, January 25.

The bill introduced by Senator John Walter Smith to allow the Fifth Regiment of Maryland to use the City Hall in this city for quarters during the inauguration of President-elect Woodrow Wilson is as good as passed. It has already passed the Senate and was today favorably reported to the House by Chairman Ben Johnson, of the Committee on the District of Columbia, going to the calendar, where it will soon be reached and passed. Today's action means that the House will approve the bill and grant the Fifth Regiment the same use of the City Hall as in the past. Under this action the regiment will be allowed to use the corridors of the City Hall from 6 o'clock of the evening of March 3 until 7 o'clock of the evening of March 4 when the regiment will return to Baltimore.

THE RETORT COURTEOUS

Pennsylvania Congressmen Exchange Left-handed Compliments.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Washington, January 25.—"Misstatement," "deliberate misrepresentation," and "untruth" were the compliments bandied tonight between Representatives J. Hampton Moore and Michael J. Donahue, Republican and Democrat, respectively, from Pennsylvania.

Glory over securing appropriations for improvement of the Delaware River, harbor and breakwater was the cause. Donahue attacked Moore for alleged misrepresentation in claiming all credit for money secured from Congress.

Moore retorted that Donahue hired a press agent to take all of the newspaper credit.

The House granted each Pennsylvanian five minutes to air his personal views, with a "no decision" ending.

Capital Stock Increased.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Dover, Del., January 25.—A certificate of increase in the capital stock was filed here at the state department today for the Maryland Land and Lumber Company, increasing its capital stock from $100,000 to $3,000,000. The company was first incorporated here November 12, 1912, with Wilmington, Del., incorporators.

ONE KILLED IN WRECK

Trolley Train Hits Freight at Lockport, N. Y.

Lockport, N. Y., January 25.—One man was killed and 20 persons seriously injured in a collision between a trolley passenger train and a freight on the International Railway here early today. The injured are all members of the Lockport Aerie of the Fraternal Order of Eagles, who were returning from a lodge entertainment in Buffalo last night.

The freight train was standing on the main line when the passenger train crashed into it. The forward car of the passenger train and the rear car of the freight were completely demolished.

According to the conductor of the freight train, a switchman was sent 3,000 feet back of his train to flag the passenger trolley. The switchman says he waved his lantern until the cars were almost upon him and had to jump to save his life. He declared that the trolley cars were making more than 30 miles an hour when the crash came.

TO GIVE ANOTHER A CHANCE

Chairman of Democratic Congressional Committee Resigns.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Washington, January 25.—Congressman James T. Lloyd, of Missouri, today announced his determination to retire as chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee, which position he has filled for years. In letters to Democratic members of the House he indorses for the position Congressman Ben Johnson, of Kentucky. Mr. Johnson has the support of Speaker Clark. The committee will meet to organize early in April.

HONEYSUCKLE IN BLOOM

Spring Weather Starts Flowers in Central Park.

Special Dispatch to The American.

New York, January 25.—New Jersey has no monopoly these days of blooming flowers, the kind that ought to bloom in the spring. Park Commissioner Stover announced today that the employes of his department had notified him that honeysuckle are flowering all over Central Park. What is more, the commissioner had a sizable bouquet of the little beauties on display in his office.

In all the years of his long service Mr. Stover says that he has never before seen honeysuckle blooming at this time of the year. But then it has been a mild winter—a very mild winter.

The New Jersey stories are vindicated.

$100,000 TO BAPTISTS

Rockefeller Will Give Large Sum When More Is Raised.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Chicago, January 25.—John Rockefeller has given the Northern Baptist convention $100,000, on the condition that it raise $250,000 more than it did last year. Officials announced the donation today.

The terms of the gift are that Rockefeller will give $50,000 if it raises the excess of $125,000, and another $50,000 if it gets an additional sum of $125,000. Last year the convention secured $1,568,000.

The Northern Baptist convention is the central body of Baptist churches of the North. It raises funds devoted for uses in missions and publication work.

INAUGURATION PLANS RIPENING

Railroads Preparing for Unusually Heavy Travel.

WOMEN WILL HOLD A BALL

THE HOUSE CHIPS IN FOR THE EXPENSES.

A Number of the Railroad Companies Have Filed Their Excursion Rate Tariffs—Congress to Chip in $25,000 for Expenses—Members of Several Riding Clubs to Be in the Parade in Fine Hunting Costumes—Victory for the Suffragists.

Bureau of The Baltimore American,
1410 Pennsylvania avenue,
Washington, January 25.

Railroads in all parts of the country are preparing for the heavy travel to the nation's capital for the inauguration of the first Democratic president in the last 20 years, or the first since Grover Cleveland became the country's executive for the second time. Several railway companies have filed their excursion rate tariffs with the Interstate Commerce Commission for approval, the first batch arriving today.

These excursion rates usually are one-way fares for the round trip, with tickets good for 30 days. In some cases, where the time limit for the return is short the fare is even less. The first rates were approved today. They were from New Orleans and Atlanta.

From now until a few days before inauguration day the commission expects to receive and approve many such special or excursion rates.

THE HOUSE CHIPS IN.

The House this afternoon "chipped in" $25,000 toward the fund for President-elect Wilson's inauguration. Moreover, it provided against charging of extortionate rates to visitors by the taxicab and cab "trust." The $25,000 is specifically for public comfort and policing. The bill has already passed the Senate.

"I want to know just how much we will have to pay to ride in the parade," Minority Leader Mann jokingly demanded when Chairman Fitzgerald, of the Appropriations Committee, offered the resolution.

"I hope you will find it convenient to walk—or invite me to ride in your limousine," Fitzgerald retorted, explaining that the superintendent of police will fix cab rates and see that they are kept low enough.

"This appropriation is for a very necessary, beneficial purpose," Fitzgerald concluded, amid a roar of "joshing" from the Republicans and applause from the Democrats.

Fitzgerald said the money is not to be used for any Capitol reception.

"The reception plan is all off," the Democratic leader asserted. "The Democratic caucus in the Senate killed that for good and all."

AN INAUGURAL BALL.

Visitors to the inauguration ceremonies, if they care to remain in the national capital for two extra days, will not be deprived of the glories of an "inauguration ball," for the Southern League of the Women's National Wilson and Marshall organization has determined to supply the deficency on the evening of March 6. Dignified dancing of the "turkey trot" will not be prohibited, according to the leaders, and the "Tango" and "chicken flip" and the "bunny hug" will be permitted if they are danced with due decorum.

Abandonment of the official inaugural ball and the decision not to permit use of the Capitol for a public reception has aroused talk of a mammoth public reception at the White House on the evening of March 4.

HORSEMEN IN HUNTING HABIT.

One hundred notable horsemen of American society, clad in pink hunting suits, will be a notable feature of the inaugural parade. Representatives of some of the most famous hunting clubs in the country will ride, and the spectators will thus have an opportunity to witness the feats of world-renowned riders. The Green Spring Valley Club, of Baltimore; the Keswick Club, of Virginia; the Chevy Chase and Washington Hunt Clubs, of Washington, will be in the parade. Among notable society men from the national capital who will ride are Joseph Leiter, Preston Gibson, William Hitt, Count D'Ahemar, Count de Chambrun, Walter Brooks, Jr., Robert Hinckley, Frederick and Reginald Huidekoper, Gist Blair, Randall Hagner and Capt. Granville Fortescue.

VICTORY FOR SUFFRAGISTS.

The American Woman Suffrage Association scored a victory over the local inaugural committee today at a hearing before the Senate Committee on Buildings and Grounds. The committee determined to grant the women the right to build a reviewing stand opposite the Treasury for the suffrage parade March 3, unless the inaugural committee will consent to the use of the stands being built for the review of the inaugural parade March 4.

Thus far the inaugural committee has declined to permit the women to make use of any of the official stands on the day before the inauguration. Notwithstanding the strenuous opposition of the inauguration officials the Senate gave the suffragettes the assurance that they might erect a big stand opposite the Treasury portico, where the suffragist tableaux are to be given.

WANTS TO SERVE IN TOMBS

Robin Continues Efforts to Keep Away From Penitentiary.

Special Dispatch to The American.

New York, January 25.—Joseph G. Robin, "skyrocket financier," continued his successful efforts today to keep from serving the one year's penitentiary sentence imposed on him for wrecking the Northern Bank and allied institutions. With a cell ready for him and an order for his transfer signed, he secured an order from Justice Page directing that he be kept in the Tombs until next Wednesday "to settle his personal affairs."

Robin has boasted that he will serve the entire year in the Tombs, where he is one of the favored patients and where he is credited with having made a million since his arrest nearly two years ago.

DEFAULTER STILL AT LARGE

Friends of New Jersey Bank Cashier Will Aid Him.

Newark, N. J., January 25.—Friends of Abram L. Beavers, defaulting cashier of the closed National Bank of High Bridge, were making a desperate effort tonight to raise the $82,000 they say is needed to make good his shortage. Beavers is still missing and Deputy United States Marshal Peckham said that no warrant had yet been sworn out for his arrest.

Although it was reported that the amount of the defalcation might reach half a million dollars, A. L. Fowler, United States examiner in charge of the bank, said he could not say before the first of next week just what loss the bank will suffer.

HUMAN BOMB CONVICTED

Carl Riedelbach Tried to Blow Up Police Station.

Los Angeles, Cal., January 25.—Carl Riedelbach, the "human bomb," who terrorized the Central Police Station several months ago, when he entered it carrying an infernal machine and calmly announced that he intended to blow everything to "kingdom come," was convicted today by a jury on the charge of having deposited dynamite in an inhabited place. The conviction ended Riedelbach's second trial, the first having resulted in a disagreement.

Riedelbach during the trial "joshed" policemen and detectives who testified against him.

WEATHER OBSERVATIONS

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU,
Washington, January 25.

Weather Forecast for Sunday: For Maryland, District of Columbia, Virginia, West Virginia, Delaware and Eastern Pennsylvania, fair; light southerly winds.

Weather Conditions and General Forecast: Pressure is generally below the normal east of the Rocky Mountains, with centers of depression over West Lake Superior and North Dakota, resulting in light local snows from the Upper Lake Region west. There was no other precipitation of consequence over the country, except some rains in the Middle and South Atlantic and East Gulf States along the North Pacific Coast.

Temperatures have risen generally, except in the Atlantic and East Gulf States, and are above the seasonal average throughout the country, the excess ranging from 20 to 35 degrees over the Northwest.

With the exception of local snows and rains over the extreme north portion of the country, the weather will be generally fair Sunday and Monday over all districts without decided temperature changes, except in the Northwest and the Central West, where it will be somewhat colder by Sunday night or Monday.

Daily Report.

Custom-house, Baltimore, January 25.

Time.	Thermometer.	Relative Humidity.	Direction of Wind.	Velocity of Wind.	Precipitation.	State of Weather.
8 A. M.	43	86	N.	6	.08	Cloudy
8 P. M.	45	64	SW.	4	.00	Clear

Normal temperature 33 | Highest temperature 54
Mean temperature 48 | Lowest temperature 42

Maximum velocity of the wind, 8 miles an hour, from the north.

Record of Temperature.

The following table gives the minimum temperatures at 8 o'clock tonight for the past 24 hours at the following named stations:

Atlantic City, clear	40	Montgomery, cloudy	60
Bismarck, pt. cloudy	10	Montreal, cloudy	26
Boston, clear	34	Nantucket, clear	36
Buffalo, clear	30	New Orleans, pt. cldy	62
Charleston, cloudy	60	New York, clear	38
Chicago, clear	30	Oklahoma, clear	23
Cleveland, cloudy	30	Pittsburgh, cloudy	34
Corpus Christi, cloudy	52	Philadelphia, clear	40
Denver, cloudy	34	Portland, Me., clear	28
Detroit, cloudy	28	Portland, Ore., cloudy	46
Duluth, cloudy	4	Providence, clear	36
Eastport, cloudy	30	Quebec, clear	10
Galveston, clear	52	Raleigh, cloudy	56
Green Bay, clear	16	Salt Lake City, pt.cdy	28
Hatteras, cloudy	64	San Francisco, clear	46
Havre, cloudy	34	St. Louis, clear	30
Helena, cloudy	42	St. Paul, pt. cloudy	20
Jacksonville, clear	66	Scranton, cloudy	34
Kansas City, clear	34	Shreveport, clear	44
Knoxville, clear	48	Spokane, clear	38
Louisville, clear	32	Tampa, clear	70
Marquette, cloudy	12	Washington, clear	42
Memphis, clear	40	Winnipeg, cloudy	*14

*Below zero.

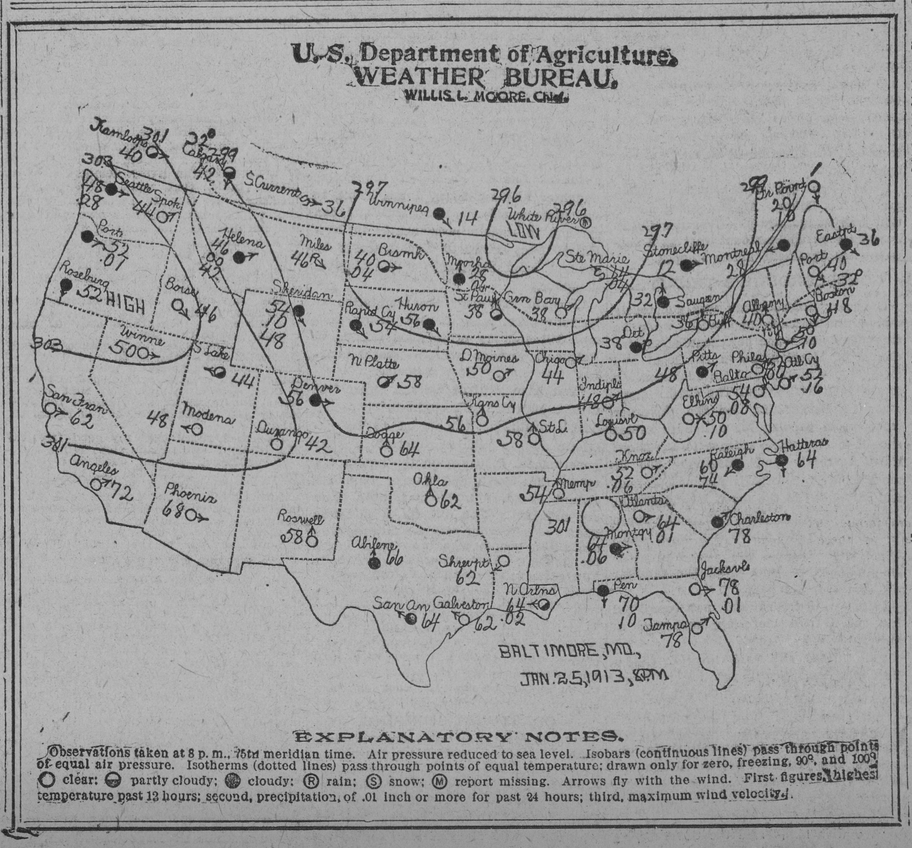
Almanac for Today.

Sun Rises....7:20 A. M. | Sun Sets....5:19 P. M.
Moon Rises....10:27 P. M.

HIGH WATER.

9:39 A. M....1.1 Foot | 10:33 P. M....1.1 Feet

[Calculations expressed in Eastern Standard Time.]



EXPLANATORY NOTES.

Observations taken at 8 p. m., 75th meridian time. Air pressure reduced to sea level. Isobars (continuous lines) pass through points of equal air pressure. Isotherms (dotted lines) pass through points of equal temperature; drawn only for zero, freezing, 90°, and 100°. ○ clear; ◐ partly cloudy; ● cloudy; Ⓡ rain; Ⓢ snow; Ⓜ report missing. Arrows fly with the wind. First figures, highest temperature past 12 hours; second, precipitation, of .01 inch or more for past 24 hours; third, maximum wind velocity.

SOMETHING THAT NOBODY KNOWS

Who Is Going to Be in President Wilson's Cabinet.

GREAT PUZZLE OF THE DAY

EVERYBODY IS TRYING HARD TO SOLVE IT.

Mrs. Wilson Asks Question, Indicating That She Is Inquisitive, but in the Dark, and Wilson's Friend Hughes Says If the President-elect Would Only Tell Him Who Will Not Be in It, He Will Be Relieved—Many Candidates Are Being Urged.

Bureau of The Baltimore American,
Room 1005 World Building,
New York, January 25.

Here is the real positive truth about President-elect Wilson's cabinet. National Chairman William F. McCombs doesn't know who's going to be in it.

Vice Chairman William G. McAdoo doesn't know.

Joseph H. Tumulty, the Governor's secretary, doesn't know.

Dudley Field Malone, his closest personal friend, doesn't know.

United States Senator-elect William Hughes, of New Jersey, doesn't know.

William J. Bryan doesn't know.

Mrs. Woodrow Wilson, his wife, doesn't know.

Miss Margaret Wilson, his oldest daughter, doesn't know.

Miss Jessie Wilson, his second daughter, doesn't know.

Miss Eleanor Wilson, his youngest daughter, doesn't know.

Not one of the men who will eventually be in the cabinet knows.

And Woodrow Wilson himself doesn't know.

Within the last few days a personal friend of the Wilson family spent the evening at the Wilson home in Princeton. After Governor Wilson had left the parlor for a moment to answer the telephone Mrs. Wilson said to the visitor:

"Do you think Woodrow is going to put Mr. Bryan in the cabinet?"

Her real anxiety for definite information was shown by her words and expression, which reflected clearly the attitude of mind of Wilson's own wife and daughters. They don't know, and they are just as curious to find out as anybody else.

BILLY HUGHES' TROUBLES.

Recently Billy Hughes, Wilson's right-hand man in New Jersey, who has just been elected senator and who is as close to Wilson as any other person in the world, visited Trenton for the specific purpose of having Wilson tell him at least who some of the improbabilities were, so that he could relieve himself of the terrific pressure that friends of Cabinet candidates are bringing to bear on him in the belief that he is in Wilson's confidence.

He left Trenton totally ignorant of the names Governor Wilson is considering.

"The clamor of the numerous elements in Congress who are after Cabinet places and the way they are bearing down on me, can hardly be imagined," said Mr. Hughes. "If the Governor would only indicate to me the men for whom there is not the slightest chance, I could head off 20 candidacies, but he won't give me a whisper."

The fact that there has been no Democratic Cabinet to make up for so long probably accentuates the persistency of the efforts of groups of politicians to get places for their favorites and makes the number of candidacies greater than usual.

There are probably 30 or 40 men whose friends are working night and day to land them. They are almost frantic to get some definite evidence of success, but thus far not a single individual has received any encouragement or has the remotest idea where he stands. Wilson has sent for dozens of big Democratic leaders and has drained them dry of information and opinion about every prominent Democrat they know, but he has literally told them nothing.

WILSON'S MIND STILL OPEN.

Time and again stories have been published that Wilson had decided on this man or that man. Time and again Democratic leaders high in the confidence of the President-elect and in the councils of the party have confidentially told their friends they knew this or that man was to be named.

Not a particle of foundation for such reports and statements exists. Wilson says: "I have not arrived at any conclusion. I am looking over the field of choice. I am taking up one name, thinking it over and then laying it aside to take up another. Any report that I have reached any conclusions is absolutely without foundation, for the simple reason that I have not approached any decision, even in my own mind."

Every bit of evidence indicates that this is the simple, literal truth. The most of convincing is this.

"Not one of the people who would be logically expected to know who is to be in the cabinet has the slightest idea, and each of them is zealously and persistently trying to find out."

JOB HUNTERS WORRY SULZER

Thousands of Candidates for Public Service Commissioner.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Albany, N. Y., January 25.—Admitting that there were 37,582 candidates who had filed application with him for the fat job of public service commissioner, Governor Sulzer wearily declared this afternoon that there were other things that answered the general description of war given by General Sherman, and that one of them was being a patronage dispenser.

Nathaniel Green to Hang.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Washington, January 25.—Nathaniel Green, the negro, who was convicted of a brutal and felonious assault on Mrs. Adelaide Grant here on Christmas Day, was today sentenced to be hung on Friday, March 21. Justice Stafford in pronouncing sentence referred to Green's crime as worse than murder and its details more horrible than his experience of 30 years had brought to his attention.

New Standard Army Sword.

Washington, January 25.—Major General Leonard Wood, chief of staff, and a board of officers have selected a new sword to be a standard for all arms of the service. It is designed both for cutting and thrusting and is similar to that used by Napoleon's Cuirassiers. The blade is 35½ inches long, is straight and narrower than the present curved saber.

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