Proposals

OFFICE INSPECTOR OF BUILDINGS, CITY HALL,
BALTIMORE, MD., Jan. 29th, 1913.

Proposals will be received by the Board of Awards of Baltimore City for FURNISHING AND ERECTING AN ADDITION TO NO. 83 SCHOOL, LAKEWOOD AVENUE AND PHILADELPHIA AVENUE, for the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, for the use of the Board of School Commissioners.

Bids must be in sealed envelopes, addressed to the Board of Awards, and marked on outside "PROPOSAL FOR ADDITION TO SCHOOL BUILDING NO. 83, NORTHWEST CORNER PHILADELPHIA AND LAKEWOOD AVENUES, and left with Mr. Richard Gwinn, City Register, at his office in the City Hall, on or before 11 A. M. WEDNESDAY, February 12th, 1913.

Bids must be accompanied by a certified check of the bidder on some clearing-house bank to the amount of FIVE HUNDRED ($500) DOLLARS, made payable to the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore.

The successful bidder will be required to give bond and comply with the City Charter respecting contracts.

Drawings and specifications can be seen at the Office of the Inspector of Buildings on and after January 30th, 1913.

The Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

CLARENCE E. STUBBS,
Inspector of Buildings.

Approved—
JAMES H. PRESTON,
President Board of Awards. ja30-4t

SEALED PROPOSALS, ADDRESSED TO the Board of Awards, and marked "Bids for Furnishing and Installing Slate Work at Walters Baths, No. 4," will be received at the Office of the City Register, City Hall, Baltimore, Md., until 11 o'clock A. M. WEDNESDAY, February 12th, 1913, FOR FURNISHING AND INSTALLING SLATE WORK IN THE NEW BATH AND LAUNDRY CABINS AT WALTERS BATHS NO. 4, WEST AND MARSHALL STREETS, BALTIMORE, according to the specifications, which may be obtained at the Office of the Free Public Bath Commission, City Hall Annex No. 2, after January 20th, 1913.

All proposals must be accompanied by a certified check of the bidder on a clearing-house bank for one hundred ($100) dollars, drawn to the order of the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, and the successful bidder will be required to give satisfactory bond for the faithful performance of the agreement equal in amount to the value of the contract.

The Board of Awards reserves the right to reject any or all bids or any part of any bid.

WM. H. MORRISS,
Treasurer Free Public Bath Commission.

Approved—
JAMES H. PRESTON,
President Board of Awards. ja30,fe3,5,10

STATE OF MARYLAND, January 27th, 1913.
OFFICE OF SUPERINTENDENT
ROSEWOOD STATE TRAINING SCHOOL,
OWINGS MILLS, BALTIMORE COUNTY, MD.

SEALED PROPOSALS, under Section 8, Chapter 187, Acts of 1912, Laws of Maryland, will be received at this office until 2 o'clock P. M. on the TWELFTH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1913, and then publicly opened, for the erection of a DORMITORY BUILDING on the grounds of the said institution, in accordance with the drawings and specifications prepared by Ellicott & Emmart, Architects, 1101 Union Trust Building, Baltimore City, Md.

SEALED PROPOSALS will also be received at this office until 2 o'clock P. M. on the 12TH DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1913, and then publicly opened, for the HEATING, ELECTRIC WIRING and PLUMBING, respectively, for said Dormitory Building, in accordance with drawings and specifications prepared by said Architects and Charles L. Reeder, Consulting Engineer, 921 Equitable Building, Baltimore City, Md.

The Board of Visitors of said Rosewood State Training School (formerly the Maryland Asylum and Training School for Feeble Minded) reserves the right to reject any and all proposals.

A certified check for $50 on a clearing-house bank, made payable to the order of the Rosewood State Training School, will be required to be deposited by each bidder on the Dormitory Building when proposal is submitted, and a certified check for $250, deposited by each bidder on heating, electric wiring and plumbing when proposals are submitted. Successful bidders will be required to give satisfactory bond in the usual form for the faithful performance of contract.

Drawings and specifications may be secured at the office of the said Architects or the said Consulting Engineer upon depositing $5, which will be refunded if drawings and specifications are returned in good condition after submitting a proper proposal as above set forth.

The sealed proposals must be delivered at the Superintendent's Office at the Rosewood State Training School, and not at the Architects' or the Consulting Engineer's office.

FRANK W. KEATING, M. D.,
Superintendent,
ja27-5t Rosewood State Training School.

PROPOSALS FOR EQUIPAGE.—Depot Quartermaster's Office, Twenty-sixth street and Gray's Ferry road, Philadelphia, January 23, 1913. Sealed Proposals, in triplicate, subject to the usual conditions, will be received here until 11 o'clock A. M., FEBRUARY 13, 1913, and then opened for furnishing and delivering at this depot: Bedsteads, Brushes, Bed Castors; Cords and Tassels, Worsted; Stovepipe Elbows, Fields for Colors, Shovel Handles, Trunk Lockers, Card Receivers, Bed Springs, Guidon Staffs. Standard samples can be seen and specifications, blanks for proposals and full information will be furnished upon application at this office. Envelopes containing proposals to be indorsed "Proposals for Equipage, to be opened February 13, 1913." LIEUT. COL. THOMAS CRUSE, Depot Quartermaster. ja29,30,31,fe1,11,12

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, Room 2, Customhouse, Norfolk, Va., January 28, 1913.—To Whom It May Concern: Whereas, navigation is obstructed and endangered by the wreck of the steel whaleback Barge BANGOR, sunk in Hampton Roads, Va., notice is hereby given that unless otherwise removed within thirty days the wreck will be removed by the United States under authority of law. Sealed Proposals for its removal will be received at this office until 12 o'clock, noon, FEBRUARY 28, 1913, and then publicly opened. Information on application. E. EVELETH WINSLOW, Lt. Col., Engrs. ja28,29,30,31,fe25,27

Money Wanted and to Loan

The American

Is the one company which will treat you just right at all times. When you open an account with us you are free from worry and regrets. No one, not even the members of your own family, need know you are borrowing.

Our Guarantee

No matter what others advertise we will make you a loan of $10 or more at a lower rate and easier terms. No references, assignments, pledges, red tape or delay.

Q. & P. PHONE, ST. PAUL 1900.

American Loan Co.
111 W. Lexington St.
THIRD FLOOR, SINGER BLDG.

WE LOAN MONEY
ON
FURNITURE, PIANOS, STORAGE RECEIPTS, HORSES, WAGONS, SALARIES and ALMOST ANYTHING

At lower rates of interest than any company in the city. No "loan office" methods. No red tape. We are old-established, with unlimited capital. All business absolutely private.

ANYWHERE IN MARYLAND.

Baltimore Investment Co.
(Laundry Building),
120 NORTH PACA ST., near Lexington.

$10 LOANS
And Upwards Secured for Salaried Employes, Owners of Furniture and Others.

$15 loans....30c. interest		$30 loans....60c. interest	
$20 loans....40c. interest		$40 loans....80c. interest	
$25 loans....50c. interest		$50 loans...$1.00 interest	

If you have a loan elsewhere, bring your receipts and we will show you how much you can save by borrowing from us.

Having loans elsewhere does not prevent your getting loans here.

GLOBE LOAN CO.
715 EQUITABLE BLDG., Opp. Courthouse. d&S

QUICK LOANS
ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, ETC.
LEGAL RATES
Orleans Chattel Loan Co.
1120 ORLEANS ST.
PHONE—WOLFE 1604-Y.

UNION LOAN CO.
FROM $10.00 UP.
HAVE YOU EVER BEEN TO THIS OFFICE AND INQUIRED OUR RATES? IF NOT, IT WILL PAY YOU TO DO SO BEFORE TAKING A LOAN WITH ANY OTHER COMPANY, as you will find our terms the BEST IN THE CITY.
UNION LOAN CO.,
112 WEST LEXINGTON ST.
FOURTH DOOR FROM GAS OFFICE.
d30-d&Slm

MARYLAND LOAN CO.
Write, Phone or Call. C. & P., St. Paul 2159.
We loan on Furniture. Rates on 6-mo. loan:

Amt. rec'd.	Monthly paym't.	Full amt. paid back
$15.00	$3.22	$19.30
$20.00	$4.10	$24.60
$25.00	$5.00	$30.00
$30.00	$5.90	$35.40
$35.00	$6.90	$41.40

W. B. REARICK, MGR.,
815-817 Equitable Building. d&S

Money Wanted and to Loan

1891 OLDEST ESTABLISHED 1891
THE MARYLAND CHATTEL LOAN ASSOCIATION,
ALBERT BLUME, JR., MANAGER,
CALVERT BUILDING,
Rooms 229, 231 and 233 (Second Floor), S. E. COR. FAYETTE AND ST. PAUL STS.
$10.00 UP TO $500.00 LOANED ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, etc., without removal.
LEGAL RATES. NO EXTORTION.
See US and Keep Out of the Clutches of Loan Sharks.
Address or phone and agent will call and explain rates without cost.
C. & P., St. Paul 2559. d&S

MONEY AT 6%
LEGAL RATES ONLY ON YOUR LOANS ON SALARY AND FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES AND VEHICLES WITHOUT PUBLICITY OR DELAY.
ONE-THIRD TO ONE-HALF
what you have been charged will pay the cost of a loan here.
No Fees Charged for Application
Get the money now and pay it back in small monthly payments as convenient.
Household Loan Co.
(LICENSED LOAN BROKER),
21 West Lexington Street
(Second Floor),
Between Charles and Liberty streets.
Telephone—St. Paul 1662. d&S

PATAPSCO LOAN CO.,
323 and 325 EQUITABLE BUILDING.
We loan money at the following rates:

$10 6 mos..$2.29	mo..$13.74	$25 6 mos..$4.90	mo..$29.94
$15 6 mos..$3.19	mo..$19.14	$30 6 mos..$5.89	mo..$35.34
$20 6 mos..$4.09	mo..$24.54	$35 6 mos..$6.89	mo..$41.34

These figures cover the entire cost, and you get the full amount asked for.
JOHN F. WARNER,
Manager.
Phone—St. Paul 2038. ja30-d&Stf

LOANS ON FURNITURE
LOANS TO SALARIED PEOPLE
You can get a loan of us quickly without any red tape, and neither your friends, neighbors or employer need know. 23 years established means we are a reliable company, and will treat you right, charge you only the rates allowed by law, make the payments weekly or monthly and give you an all-around square deal. Other loan companies paid off. No charges in advance.
Why not see us, write us or phone St. Paul 2654 TODAY!
CHESAPEAKE LOAN CO.,
2 EAST LEXINGTON ST. ROOM 7.
ja8-d&Slm

LOANS ON FURNITURE ONLY.
THE CHATTEL LOAN ASSOCIATION,
ORGANIZED 1898 TO SAVE BORROWERS FROM EXTORTION.
9 EAST LEXINGTON STREET.
LICENSED PETTY LOAN BROKER.
$20 EIGHT MONTHS, $3.15 PER MONTH.
$25 EIGHT MONTHS, $3.80 PER MONTH.
$30 EIGHT MONTHS, $4.50 PER MONTH.
$35 EIGHT MONTHS, $5.20 PER MONTH.
These figures cover entire amounts to be paid.
DANIEL G. AMMIDON, President; ELISHA R. PERKINS, Vice-President; DANIEL W. HOPPER, Treasurer; W. N. FINLEY, Manager. tf

LOANS ON REAL ESTATE
CITY OR COUNTRY.
First or Second Mortgages, $20 up.
ALSO ON FURNITURE, ETC.
Made same day applied for. Lowest Rates. Best Terms. Smallest Payments.
MUTUAL LOAN FUND BUILDING ASSO'N,
Room 15, 210 E. Lexington St.,
OPP. POSTOFFICE. d&S

MONEY LOANED ON FURNITURE. ONE SIGNATURE.
New loan law. PACA LOAN CO.
ja21-d&Slm 15 N. Paca St. St. Paul 5896.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE. SPECIAL TO COLORED PEOPLE. $5.00 cost $1.50 and $10.00 cost $3.00; one signature; strictly confidential. GEO. BREITENACH, 9 NORTH PACA STREET. ST. PAUL 1799. ja24-d&Slm

MONEY FOR SALARIED PEOPLE AND others upon their own names; cheap rate; easy payments; confidential. D. H. TOLMAN, 1011 American Building, Balto. and South Sts. d&S

QUICK PRIVATE LOANS
One signature, husband or wife. We pay up other loans. Get our rates before borrowing.
BALTIMORE LOAN CO., 415 N. Greene street. d&S

SHORT TIME NOTES OF $25.00 TO $150.00 quickly discounted. No publicity. Address MM 1217, This Office. ja4-d&Slm

LOANS MADE WHILE YOU WAIT. NO DELAY.
MULHOLLAND & CO.,
523 EQUITABLE BUILDING. dtf

People's Loan Co.
123 N. Eutaw St.
LICENSED BY THE STATE.
--LEGAL--
LOAN RATES
TO
HOUSEKEEPERS and WORKINGMEN
THIS IS WHAT WE CHARGE:
LESS THAN $10, CHARGE $3.00.
" $20, " $5.00.
" $50, " $6.00.
And interest at six per cent.
WE WILL MAKE YOU A LOAN.
We care little about security. If you need money, don't be without it when it costs so little to get it. This is truly a people's company. You will here receive all the courtesy and consideration you would receive at a bank.
BANKERS TO THE PEOPLE.
People's Loan Co.
123 N. Eutaw St.
One door south of Lexington street.

ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC. MONEY. Capital, $1,000,000. Strictest privacy. Endorsed by leading banks and newspapers. Bonded
1% to 2%. NO EXTRAS.
WHY PAY MORE? to city and state.
PRUDENTIAL LOAN SOCIETY
MARYLAND CASUALTY BUILDING.
Fayette and Guilford. d&S

Caution Don't be deceived by lengthy advertisements. If want money on furniture and salary to buy anything or pay ground rents, taxes, sewer bills, grocerymen, landlord, visit, write, phone STANDARD LOAN CO., 228 St. Paul St., near Courthouse. Largest, Cheapest, Private Co. Save this. ja8-d&Slm

Money in One Hour Legal rates, payable 50c. weekly. No investigation amongst your neighbors and stores like other companies do. 212 N. GREENE and 712 N. GAY STS. Telephones—St. Paul 8727 and Wolfe 5814-M. One Signature. dzf-d&Stf

COAL TAR CAUSES DEATH

Excessive Quantities Found in Doses for Headaches.

Racine, Wis., January 29.—An excessive quantity of coal tar contained in consecutive doses of headache powders taken by Mrs. Bertha Brehein, 33 years old, caused her death today. Three times during the night she partook of the medicine. A fourth dose early this morning caused a slumber from which she never awakened.

There is Only One
"Bromo Quinine"
That is
Laxative Bromo Quinine
Used The World Over to Cure a Cold in One Day
Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c.
E. W. Grove

DIFFERS WITH MRS. LONGSTREET

SICKELS' WAR RECORD NO BAR TO PROSECUTION.

CARMODY'S OPINION OF CASE

The Attorney General of New York State Replies to Telegram Sent by Widow of the Confederate General, Wherein She Offered to Raise Enough Among Southern Veterans to Pay Gettysburg Hero's Debt to State.

Albany, N. Y., January 29.—The fame of Gen. Daniel E. Sickles as a soldier should not deter New York state in its efforts to collect the $23,476 unaccounted for by the General, as chairman of the New York Monument Commission. This is the view advanced by Attorney General Carmody in a letter today to Mrs. Helen D. Longstreet, of Gainesville, Ga., widow of the Confederate general.

In a telegram to Attorney General Carmody Mrs. Longstreet offered to raise $23,476 from "the ragged and maimed followers of Lee."

Attorney General Carmody's letter says:

"Your sympathetic and patriotic expressions do justice to your heart, but they do violence to the facts in this case. General Sickles is being prosecuted by the State of New York for converting to his own use the sum of $23,476. This money came into his hands as chairman of the State Monument Commission, to be used, among other purposes, for the erection of monuments to mark the resting-places on the Field of Gettysburg of the brave soldiers who fell in defense of their country, and to provide for a celebration upon the Field of Gettysburg, in which those living might participate at the state's expense, in a fitting manner.

"General Sickles appropriated this amount to his own use. This he has not attempted to justify or to defend, admitting that he took the state's money for private use without authority of law—an act which, under our laws and under the laws of all civilized governments, means stealing. He was given his own time to repay this amount, and that time was extended, at his suggestion, without any desire to embarrass him, and with the full appreciation of the claim which he has upon this nation for the great services he rendered in the rebellion.

"These services cannot be over-estimated; but even the fame of the soldier must not be used as a cloak or protection for the commission of crime, and it is nothing less than misdirected sympathy to undertake to so confuse the questions involved as to make an ordinary prosecution for a crime seem like persecution, and to elevate as a martyr a person who confesses his dereliction.

"New York state appreciates her heroes and feels humiliated at the spectacle which this case presents. New York state also respects her laws and seeks to enforce them in a spirit of equality to all.

"I trust this brief statement of the facts will show you how erroneous have been your views, how misplaced your sympathy and how misdirected your criticism."

VETERANS POORLY FED

Report on the National Soldiers' Home in California.

Washington, January 29.—"The comfort and happiness of our former soldiers should not be sacrificed and their years shortened in order that a few dollars may be saved to the nation's treasury. While economy is commendable, it should not be obtained at the sacrifice of the comfort and happiness of the nation's preservers."

This declaration was contained in a report made to the Senate today by the special committee which investigated conditions at the Pacific branch of the National Home for Disabled Volunteer Soldiers, at Santa Monica, Cal. The committee reported that the veterans were poorly fed and that their housing conditions could be greatly improved. It recommended many changes in the conduct of the home, chief among which were "more liberal appropriations for food and better facilities for cooking."

Senator Jones presented to the Senate with the report a bill to transfer control of the home to the War Department. The investigating committee found no evidences of graft or misappropriation of funds. It found that the soldiers were being fed, however, for from 16 to 20 cents a day, while in the National Home at Washington the average is 35 cents a day. The Pacific Coast home has become so popular with old soldiers seeking a mild climate that the committee recommended a law limiting admission to the home to veterans enjoying pensions of less than $20 a month.

ANCIENT NORTH AMERICA

Prof. Tozzer Finds Mexico Was Civilized in the Early Days.

Washington, January 29.—Mexico and the countries of Central America enjoyed a civilization when all the remainder of the Western Hemisphere was sunk in darkness, according to Prof. Alfred M. Tozzer, of Harvard University, whose treaties on Mexican manuscripts was made public today by the Smithsonian Institution. The investigator found that the ancient peoples had their own methods of counting time by means of crude calendars, and that their revolution from recording events through picture writing into actual phonetic writing is distinct.

"Unfortunately, the material available is very limited," Professor Tozzer complains, referring to the scarcity of manuscripts. "The number of manuscripts is exceedingly small, for through their earnest efforts to stamp out the religion, ancient doctrines and teaching of the natives the Spaniards destroyed a large number of the manuscripts."

The paper, which is regarded as a distinct addition to the world's knowledge of the ancient North American peoples, is published by the institution as an addition to its annual report of 1911.

ONE TERM FOR PRESIDENT

Senate Will Finally Act on Works' Resolution Today.

Washington, January 28.—Final action on the resolution proposing a six-year presidential term, to be submitted as a constitutional amendment to the states, will be taken in the Senate before adjournment tomorrow. The Works resolution, which has been pending for several months, has been made a special order of business. It is believed the measure will have a strong majority in its favor. The proposed amendment, if ratified by two-thirds of the states, would become effective after the end of President Wilson's present term.

UNCLE SAM DOES NOT LEND

Virginian Fails to Borrow $3,000 From the Government.

Washington, January 29.—"Please lend me $3,000," was the modest request received today by the United States Treasury in a letter from a man of Scottsburg, Va., who was willing to pledge his lands and all as security. "I won't give you any trouble in getting it back at the proper time," he added. The Treasury vaults did not swing open, however.

MRS. WILLIAM P. JACKSON

—Copyrighted by Clinedinst.

Wife of Senator Jackson. They have leased a handsome residence in Washington and will entertain extensively.

VIOLATED THE FUR SEAL LAW

COMMITTEE WOULD PROSECUTE COMPANY.

A Closed Season of Five Years Also Indorsed, Although Taft Wants Law to That Effect Repealed—Lease, It Is Charged, Was Obtained by Fraud—Conspiracy to Defraud Russia Alleged.

Washington, January 29.—In a report on fur seal conditions at the Pribilof Islands the House Committee, which conducted a wide investigation, today indorsed a closed season of five years. President Taft recently asked to have a law to that effect repealed.

The committee reported that the North American Commercial Company had violated the law by killing female seals and yearlings, and recommended that the attorney general proceed against the sureties of the company, who subscribed to a bond of $500,000 for faithful fulfillment of its lease. The sureties were D. O. Mills and the late Senator Stephen B. Elkins. The committee charges that the lease was obtained by fraud, which consisted of the filing of a false affidavit by Isaac Liebs, president of the company, to the effect that neither he nor his associates were engaged in pelagic sealing or in any violation of law.

The committee sets out that Liebs and his associate lessee, Herman Liebs, were interested in the schooner James Hamilton Lewis, outfitted "for the purpose of committing depredations on the high seas," and that the Liebs combined with Alexander McLean, known as a notorious British pirate, to commit depredations on the high seas by way of unlawfully killing fur seals belonging to the government of the United States."

"Your committee finds," says the report, "that Isaac Liebs corresponded, combined and agreed with H. H. D. Peirce, then third assistant secretary of state of the United States, and Charles H. Townsend, seal expert of the Bureau of Fisheries, in preparing and collecting a fraudulent claim for damages for the seizure of the Lewis by the Russian government. The Hague Tribunal awarded the United States $50,000 for the owners of the vessel. The committee further recommends that the State Department negotiate with Russia for the purpose of rectifying the wrong done by Liebs, C. H. Townsend and H. H. D. Peirce against the government of Russia, a friendly power."

COMPLAINT AGAINST QUEBEC

Canadian Province Removes Export Tax From Crown Land Timber.

Washington, January 29.—As the result of complaints against the recent order of Quebec, Canada, purporting to remove all restrictions or export tax from the timber of certain crown lands of that province, President Taft personally will decide whether wood pulp and paper made from the timber affected will be entitled to free entry into the United States.

According to representations to this government, Quebec's action amounts to a discrimination against American holders of crown lands, and to grant the free entry privilege, it is declared, would simply defeat the real intent of the wood pulp and paper clause of the Canadian reciprocity agreement. The State and Treasury Departments have investigated the situation, and will make a joint report to the President.

"I Never Closed My Eyes Last Night"
How often have you been forced to say these very words. You evidently have never tried
Tutt's Pills
which gently regulate your system and stir your liver to action. Sugar coated or plain —at your druggist.

PAID HIGH PRICE FOR ORE LEASE

EXPERT CROSS-EXAMINED IN STEEL TRUST PROBE.

Statistical Evidence of an Alleged Monopoly Was Produced at the Request of the Government by William M. Gray, Head of the American Iron and Steel Institute.

New York, January 29.—Today's hearing in the government suit to dissolve the United States Steel Corporation was occupied with further testimony bearing on the acquisition by the corporation of the Hill ore lease and the introduction of statistical evidence. P. H. Nelson, the ore expert, who yesterday testified that in his opinion the steel corporation had paid an exorbitant price for the lease for the purpose of keeping the ore out of the hands of its competitors, was cross-examined by counsel for the trustees of the Hill lands, defendants in the suit.

The witness admitted that after the lease had been consummated even higher royalties were paid for ores by independent interests than those stipulated in the lease, but declared that this was because of the scarcity of ore in the district after the Hill lands had been removed from the market. He reiterated his statement that the acquisition of the Hill lands, together with the transportation facilities controlled by the corporation, gave it an advantage over competitors.

The statistical evidence was produced at the request of the government by William H. Gray, head of the statistical bureau of the American Iron and Steel Institute, and supplemented similar evidence produced by the witness at a previous hearing. It was intended to prove that the steel corporation has enjoyed a monopolistic share of the country's output of iron and steel.

It had been expected that the government would complete its case today, but lack of time forced counsel to adjourn the examination of two additional witnesses until tomorrow.

TO PROBE LAST CAMPAIGN

Senate Committee Granted Power to Extend Investigation.

Washington, January 29.—Investigation of alleged activity of the Postoffice Department in connection with President Taft's campaign is forecast as one of the first developments before the Senate Campaign Expenditures Committee as the result of the Senate today extending the committee's authority to cover the campaign ending November 5, 1912.

The resolution passed the Senate without opposition. It is understood that Senator Clapp, chairman of the investigating committee, contemplates calling Postmaster General Hitchcock, Charles D. Hilles, Republican national chairman, and others connected with the Republican campaign as the first witnesses. Representatives of the other political parties will also be summoned to tell of receipts, expenditures and political activities between the nominating conventions and election.

CLAIRVOYANTS WIN OUT

Are Paid for Time and Not for Information.

Chicago, January 29.—Fortune tellers, clairvoyants, spiritualists and others claiming to be able to furnish news of the other world, recover lost valuables or locate hidden gold, are paid for their time and not for the information they may give. This was the opinion of the Illinois Supreme Court recently in an opinion rendered in a case involving the constitutionality of an act declaring such business unlawful.

The case was cited today in Municipal Judge Mahoney's court on behalf of Hyman Leibowitz, a palmist and medium. The prisoner's dismissal was ordered.

SULZER'S MIND MADE UP

Stands Pat on Reforms Advocated for Stock Exchanges.

Albany, N. Y., January 29.—Governor Sulzer will confer tomorrow with a committee representing the New York Stock Exchange, concerning proposed legislation arecting stock exchanges which the governor is drafting.

"I put nothing in my message to the legislature on proposed reform," said the Governor, "that cannot be put to the severest test possible. Everything in that message is backed up with information that I have before me in the form of affidavits."

FARM ANIMALS ON INCREASE

Report Shows Auto Has Not Displaced Horse and Mule.

Washington, January 29.—The introduction of the automobile on farms of the United States has not displaced the horse or mule, for the latest estimate of the number of these animals on farms January 1, this year, announced today by the Department of Agriculture, shows more horses than ever before, except in 1909 and 1910, and more mules than in any other year on record. Horses and mules were of greater value than ever before, except in 1911. The number of horses increased 58,000 over last year and mules increased 24,000.

While the number of beasts of burden on the farm increased, the number of food animals decreased. Milch cows decreased 202,000 since January 1, 1912; other cattle decreased 1,230,000; sheep decreased 880,000 and swine decreased 4,232,000.

In average value per head, compared with 1912, horses increased $4.83; mules, $3.80; milch cows, $5.63; other cattle, $5.16; sheep, 48 cents; swine, $1.86. In total value the increases were: Horses, $105,528,000; mules, $19,588,000; milch cows, $107,369,000; other cattle, $159,581,000; sheep, $21,609,000; swine, $79,781,000. The total value of all farm animals increased $493,456,000, or 9.9 per cent., over 1912.

UNCLE SAM'S IDLE CASH

Plan to Deposit It in Banks and Draw Interest.

Washington, January 29.—A loss of $40,000,000 that the government might have received in interest on idle funds in the Treasury since 1905 and a much greater loss on funds deposited without interest in national banks, will be described in a report soon to be made to the House favoring the adoption of the Goeke bill for a compulsory deposit law.

Figures will show, according to members of the House Committee on Expenditures in the Treasury Department, that the government can earn from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000 a year on its idle cash. The proposed law would compel banks to bid for deposits, would limit the amount any bank might receive, and compel all banks to pay interest on government deposits.

The report of the committee is expected to show that under a 2 per cent. interest law the government could have earned nearly $150,000,000 since 1886 on idle funds in the Treasury and money deposited in national banks.

STUDENT COMMITS SUICIDE

Burgess Dickinson Took Fatal Leap From Apartment.

New York, January 29.—Burgess Dickinson, a young student of music, whose body was found last night at the bottom of an airshaft of the apartment-house where he lived in Washington Square, is believed to have taken a suicidal leap from a window sill on the sixth floor because he was discouraged in his ambitions of musical composition. His brother, Howard Carter Dickinson, who is an assistant district attorney, declared today that he believed the young man was temporarily insane, and the coroner decided to record the case as suicide.

Dickinson was the 28-year-old son of Rev. Edwin H. Dickinson, pastor of the North Presbyterian Church of Buffalo. He was graduated from the Yale Scientific School in 1907. His brother said he was gifted as a composer and was doing some exceedingly difficult work in musical research recently, but he fell far short of his ideals and could not reach the effect he was striving for.

HUGE MISSIONARY FUND

Over $4,000,000 Left by Robert Arthington, of England.

New York, January 29.—One of the largest bequests ever made for missionary work is disclosed in an appraisal of the estate of Robert Arthington, of England, which was filed with the Surrogate's Court yesterday. Although the value of the entire estate is not given, the personal property alone is appraised at $4,593,000, practically all of which is left to two London missionary societies—the Baptist Missionary Society and the London Missionary Society.

The will directs that the money be used for "Giving to every tribe of mankind that has them not and which speaks a language distinct from all others accurate and faithful copies of at least the Gospel of St. John and the Gospel of St. Luke, together with the Book of the Acts of the Apostles printed in the language of that tribe." The will further prescribes that at least 10 or 12 persons of each tribe be taught how to read.

PLUNGES FROM SKYSCRAPER

New York Lawyer Tumbles 18 Stories to His Death.

New York, January 29.—Morris H. Beall, a lawyer, sat on the window sill of his office this afternoon, glanced outside and down 18 stories to the roof of the skyscraper boiler-house below. A moment later he was swaying uncertainly on his narrow seat. Then he somersaulted down and lay crumpled up a dozen steps from a young woman at a telephone switchboard near a window. The girl calmly called up police headquarters and told them of the tragedy. Beall was dead when picked up. From papers in his office it was learned that he was a native of Omaha, had been a member of the class of 1894 at Yale and was once managing clerk of the law firm of Carter, Hughes & Dwight, of which Supreme Court Justice Hughes was a member.

MAY HOLD UP LIEN LANDS

Secretary Fisher Advised to Do So From California.

Sacramento, Cal., January 29.—F. C. Dezendorf, a special agent of the Department of the Interior, has advised Secretary Fisher by telegraph to hold up all California lien lands involved in the recent inquiry that resulted in the resignation of Louis R. Glavis, secretary of the State Conservation Commission.

Should this recommendation be followed, claims to many thousands of acres will be denied approval by the department.

Glavis was charged with having advanced the claims of the Weed Lumber Company and other large concerns, over those of smaller claimants. Following the state investigation of the charges against him, Dezendorf was sent to California to institute a separate inquiry on behalf of the government.

Scrofula
The following testimonial clearly shows the wonderful efficacy of Hood's Sarsaparilla:
"When my daughter, now grown up, was only three months old, she had a swelling in her neck, which the doctors pronounced scrofula. She was failing in health. I read of a cure by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and thought that if this medicine would cure one it would cure another, and gave it a trial. When our little girl had taken two bottles she was entirely cured." Mrs. C. E. Steward, Marengo, O.
Get Hood's today in usual liquid form or tablets called Sarsatabs.

CUSHING POETRY BASIS OF SUIT

MRS. LEONA TRAVERS WANTS DIVORCE AND ALIMONY.

EROTIC VERSES PRODUCED

In Her Complaint Against Dr. J. Townsend Travers, a Well-known New York Physician, Mrs. Travers Presents Copies of Two Letters Which Finally Led Her to Bring Action—Allowed Only $1 a Week Spending Money, She Says.

Bureau of The Baltimore American,
Room 1005 World Building,
New York January 29.

Burning protestations of love are contained in a leter filed this afternoon with the papers in Mrs. Leona Travers' suit for a separation from Dr. J. Townsend Travers, a well-known Harlem physician. Mrs. Travers designates the writer of the hectic leters as "Jane Doe" and attaches to it a cool little note which she received from her husband at about the same time, the temperature of the two epistles being as different as the polar region is from the tropics.

"Passion but an ember of the sun," and other little high-temperature terms are sprinkled through "Jane's" missive.

Justice Hendrick, in the Supreme Court, took the erotic verses included in the note under consideration with Mrs. Travers' application for alimony and counsel fees and promised to give decision Tuesday.

In her complaint are copies of two letters which finally led Mrs. Travers to bring her action. One of the letters reads, in part, as follows:

"Well, what do you think of this outburst. I am sure you are not angry, but tell me, do you think that I am the least bit silly.

"This is the last, and mine, my sweet darling. I wonder you know, or can you realize how much there is in me. Or would you rather that I shower them on another. If you give me one fourth in return I am quite sure that I will be satisfied."

This is the poem the writer describes as "mine."

"Good night; ah, no, the hour is ill
which severs those it should unite,
"Let us remain together still; then it
will be good night.
"How can I call the lone night good
night, though the sweet, sweet wishes
wing its flight.
"Be it not said, but understood—then it
will be good night.
"To hearth which near each other move
from evening close to morning light,
"The night is good because, my love, they
never say good night."
"Because I love you, love you, my precious boy."

A more temperate letter by Mr. Travers is also made an exhibit in the complaint.

Mrs. Travers alleges that, although her father gave a wedding present of $4,000 and although her husband's income is $10,000 a year, she was given only $1 a week spending money, that her apparel became ragged from much use and that she had to cook for her husband's servants.

She said Dr. Travers took his father, mother, brother and sister to live with him in the home at 74 East One Hundred and Eleventh street and that he did not allow her to have their apartment warm enough for her to take a bath. She had to bathe at a friend's home, she alleges.

WASHINGTON SOCIETY

Mrs. Dimock Gives Theater Party and Dance for Miss Cleveland.

Bureau of The Baltimore American,
1410 Pennsylvania Avenue,
Washington, January 29.

Miss Esther Cleveland, who is again back in Washington, the guest of Mrs. Rookwood Hoar and her daughter, Miss Frances Hoar, is being extensively entertained. The biggest social event of the night was the theater party and dance given for Miss Cleveland by Mrs. Henry F. Dimock, with whom Mrs. Cleveland spent part of her time when on her visit to Washington. Mrs. Dimock took her young guests first to the theater. In the company, besides Miss Cleveland, were Miss Helen Taft and her own house guest, Miss Isabelle Vincent, Miss Hoar and some 60 others. After the theater the guests were joined by 40 more at Mrs. Dimock's home and a merry time was had dancing.

Another notable dancing party was that given tonight at the Chevy Chase Club by Representative and Mrs. James Wadsworth, Jr., and the later's brother, Mr. Clarence Hay, to which some hundred or more of the younger married set and young people were bidden. Supper was served at midnight.

The Secretary of the Interior and Mrs. Fisher have recalled their invitations to the cabinet dinner, which they were to have given tomorow night for the President and Mrs. Taft, on account of the death yesterday of Secretary Fisher's father, the Rev. Dr. Daniel Webster Fisher. Secretary and Mrs. Fisher will take no more part in social affairs.

Mrs. John A. Logan and Mrs. Tucker are entertaining Mrs. George Wood, of New York, and Mrs. Scott, of Toledo, O., daughter of Judge John Boyle, and on Saturday will have another guest in the person of Madame Henri Sincay, of Paris.

Mrs. James M. Gudger, Jr., wife of the representative from Asheville, N. C. was hostess at a charming tea, having to assist her Mrs. J. W Langley, of Kentucky, and Mrs. T. S Rollins, of Asheville, both of whom are her house guests. Her guests were recruited from the official, congressional and residential sets

The Vicomtesse d'Azy, wife of the naval attache of the French Embassy, returned to Washington today after an absence of several months in France. She was met in New York and escorted to Washington by the Vicomte d'Azy

Mrs. Charles A. Munn has just returned to Washington after a prolonged absence, and is quite ill at her home, in Scott Circle. She has with her her son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Munn. The latter was Miss Mary Astor Paul, of Philadelphia. Miss Gladys Munn is also with her mother.

WANTS AN EXPORT TAX

Humphrey Files Bill Levying Same Tariff as on Imports.

Washington, January 29.—Representative Humphrey, of Washington, wants to tax American goods when they are exported, as well as taxing imports. With this object in view, he introduced a bill today as an amendment to the Payne-Aldrich Tariff Act, which would provide for the levying of a tax on all exports, the tax to be the same as that on similar imported articles.

ORDERS TELEPHONE INQUIRY

The Commerce Commission Takes Formal Action.

Washington, January 29.—The Interstate Commerce Commission today issued the formal order for the inquiry into the affairs of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company. The investigation recently was transferred to the commission from the Department of Justice by Attorney General Wickersham. The commission has not yet set dates or places for the hearings.

FORCED BY GRATITUDE OF HUNDREDS
To Repeat His Offer of Dec. 5 in The Baltimore Daily American

I have been so moved the past few weeks by the gratitude of Baltimore Daily American Readers, that I have decided to make again the offer which I made in the Dec. 5 issue. This is what I said: "I am going to **Give Away a Free Treatment for Deafness to every sufferer who asks for it.**"

The letters of request have poured in; letters of grateful thanks have also poured in. From every part of the continent the people whom I have cured of that terrible affliction—Deafness—are thanking me.

**A letter from the Far West says, "Allow me to thank you a thousand times for the good hearing you have