THE HOTELS HERE ARE FILLING UP

WITH PRE-INAUGURAL CROWDS FROM OTHER CITIES.

SELLING SEATS FOR PARADE

Speculators From Washington and Their Agents Invade the City, Offering Reservations on Pennsylvania Avenue and Other Points of Vantage at Anywhere From $5 to $50—Plans of the Baltimore Contingent.

Judging by the crowds already at the hotels and the number that are to arrive from distant cities today and tomorrow, Baltimore will be able to hold an inauguration all its own on Tuesday. From distant Western states a number of those who will see Governor Wilson inducted into the highest office of the land arrived here yesterday. Reservations have been made at all the leading hotels by others, and by tomorrow morning the clerks will have to answer "filled up."

It is expected that there will be several thousand visitors in this city tomorrow who will go to Washington for the inaugural ceremonies and return for a day or two after they are over. Owners of grandstands and lessees of convenient viewpoints on Pennsylvania and other Washington streets to be traversed by the inaugural paraders yesterday invaded Baltimore. They sent their agents to several of the hotels to sell tickets, and during the day more than 500 were disposed of.

The prices ranged from $5 to $50. According to one of these ticket sellers the average price paid for seats was $10, but he also said that he expected to get rid of all the tickets he brought to Baltimore by tomorrow night. Today will be a big day in Baltimore, and many of the familiar faces at the Democratic National Convention last June will be in the city.

Several of the Democratic national committeemen will visit friends here before and after the inauguration. Josephus Daniels, a member of the National Committee, and who, it is conceded, will secure a place in the next President's Cabinet, will be one of those to spend a day or two in Baltimore next week.

Wilson Passes Through Tomorrow.

President-elect Wilson is due to pass through Baltimore on his way to Washington early tomorrow afternoon. He is coming from Princeton in a special train and will be accompanied by a large number of Jerseyites. Whether he had in mind missing the parade of the suffragists when he reached Washington is a question, but according to the present arrangements Governor Wilson will not get to the Capital city until after the suffragists have finished their march.

All of the railroads have completed their plans for taking care of the crowds that are expected to go from this city. Each of the steam roads will run trains every few minutes, and the Washington, Baltimore and Annapolis electric line will have trains leaving every ten minutes. This schedule will go into effect tomorrow. All-night cars will also be run by this company.

Richard Jones, one of the watchmen at the City Hall, for the first time since the inauguration of Abraham Lincoln, will miss Tuesday's ceremonies. Mr. Jones will remain on duty in order that a fellow watchman can go to Washington.

Governor Goldsborough yesterday came to Baltimore "to limber up" in horseback riding. For 25 years the Governor has not been on a horse, but he intends to ride in the inaugural parade, so he visited the Baltimore Riding Academy yesterday with Attorney General Macklin, and "rode around the ring" a few times on one of the Police Department's horses. After he had finished he said that it "just seemed like old times," and, therefore, he will appear astride of a big seal brown mare, ahead of the Maryland troops.

Mayor Preston is expected to arrive in Baltimore tomorrow afternoon from Hot Springs, Ark., and on Monday night he will confer with Democratic city party leaders. Then all plans will be completed for the trip that 2,500 dyed-in-the-wool Baltimore Democrats will take to Washington.

Mayor Will Be Marshal.

Mayor Preston will be marshal of the Baltimore contingent, and then will come John J. Mahon, Robert Padgett, Frank Kelley and other party leaders; then the Baltimore congressmen, J. Charles Linthicum and George Konig; then members of the State Central Committee, and finally "the boys." All will wear badges, and each will carry a red, white and blue cane with a pennant attached. Inscribed on the pennant will be "Baltimore's Democracy."

The party will go to Washington in four special trains, the first leaving Camden Station at 9 o'clock. Two bands of music will accompany the party. All the marchers will assemble at the Democratic Club, on Liberty street, at 8 o'clock, and march from there to Camden Station.

The Boston Fusilier Veterans, the only veteran corps to represent Massachusetts in the inauguration parade, will arrive in Baltimore tonight. The corps is scheduled to leave Boston early this morning and reach Baltimore at 10:50 o'clock on a special train. After detraining the veterans will form in line and march to the Hotel Joyce, where they will be quartered for the night.

Tomorrow the corps will be taken automobile trips through the city parks and suburbs. At noon luncheon will be served at the Mount Vernon Distilling Company's offices. A number of military and business men of the city will entertain the visitors in the afternoon, and a smoker will follow at night. On Tuesday morning the party will leave for Washington.

B. & O. AND BOND ISSUE

Directors Give Out Statement Regarding the Same.

A meeting of the directors of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company was held yesterday in New York to consider the matter of the bond issue of the 20-year 4½ convertible gold bonds of the company, and to take action to afford additional protection to subscription receipts. The company is already accepting subscriptions from stockholders of the company, and it was learned yesterday that public subscriptions will be received tomorrow by the treasurer of the company at the offices of the Baltimore and Ohio in this city. At the conclusion of yesterday's meeting the directors of the company gave out the following statements:

The Public Service Commission of Maryland on Friday passed an order approving the proposed issue of the 20-year 4½ per cent. convertible gold bonds of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company and the issue of common stock required for conversion purposes and authorizing the issue of the bonds in accordance with the offer made by the company to the stockholders, and the company is proceeding with the issue and is accepting subscriptions and delivering the subscription receipts.

In view of the pending appeal taken by the commission from the order of Judge Gorter, construing the act creating the commission as to its powers with regard to the railroad company, and which, in the opinion of the commission, unduly limited its powers, the order is to have no final effect until the determination of the appeal when the order approving the issue of the bonds becomes effective, irrespective of the way the appeal may be determined.

An early determination of this appeal is anticipated, and the company expects to deliver the bonds at the date of payment of last installment, on May 15, 1913, as originally contemplated, but for the additional protection of the holders of subscription receipts the board of directors of the company, at a meeting held today, authorized an indorsement on the receipts, providing that in the event the bonds are not ready for delivery by December 1, 1913, the company will on or after that date redeem the full paid receipts at par and accrued interest.

PEARY TO LECTURE HERE

On the Conquest of the North and South Poles.

An event of interest to Baltimoreans will be the visit to this city next Wednesday of Admiral Robert E. Peary, the discoverer of the North Pole. During his short stay in Baltimore Admiral Peary will deliver two lectures on The Conquest of the North and South Poles.

Both lectures will be illustrated with lantern slides made from pictures taken by Admiral Peary and his aids while on his famous exploration trips. The first lecture will be delivered next Wednesday afternoon at 4 o'clock before the pupils and guests of the Park School. The lecture will be delivered in the assembly hall of the school on Auchentoroly Terrace. Eugene R. Smith, the principal of the school, said yesterday afternoon, in making the announcement of the lecture, that he will gladly furnish tickets of admission to the lecture to those who apply to him for them.

The second lecture will be delivered before the members of the Phoenix Club, on Eutaw place, at 8 o'clock that evening. The lecture was arranged by the entertainment committee of the club, of which Walter Sondheim is the chairman. After the lecture Admiral Peary will be entertained at a dinner given in his honor by the club. While the members of the committee could not state yesterday when the admiral would arrive in Baltimore, it is expected that he will reach here about noon Wednesday.

As this is the first lecture delivered by Admiral Peary in Baltimore since he discovered the North Pole, a vast amount of interest is being taken by many Baltimoreans in the coming visit. Many requests from prominent persons have already been received by the committee in charge of the lecture at the Phoenix Club for cards of admission to the lecture.

One of Seven Strikers Fined.

Of the seven strikers arraigned before Magistrate Sayler at the Western Police Station yesterday on charges of disorderly conduct in the neighborhood of the Grief factory on Friday night, three were dismissed, three prayed jury trials and one was fined $2 and costs. Miss Ida Abrams, 134 North Exeter street, was the person fined. Those who prayed jury trials through Attorney Charles Jackson, were Louis Katzen, 832 Granby street; Meyer Goldstein, 605 West German street, and Henry Lurie, 1001 North Eutaw street. The cases against Isidor Fagan, 1015 East Monument street; Samuel Green, 1025 Vine street, and William Heyman, 1038 East Lombard street, were dismissed.

Fined for Not Showing His Arm.

Because he refused to permit his arm to be inspected by a health officer, John Kellum, colored, 540 Robert street, was yesterday fined $1 and costs by Justice Henry, of the Northwestern district. Several days ago Dr. E. K. Ballard, of the Health Department, was making his rounds and entered a saloon at the corner of Smith street and Pennsylvania avenue. Kellum refused to have his arm extended, saying that he had been vaccinated. His arrest was ordered, and then it was found that he had been recently vaccinated.

FROM THE AMERICAN TO THE NAVY

John Vernon Stumpf, who was for more than four years connected with The American and The Star, is a member of the United States Radial Corps and is stationed on the United States ship Hancock at the Brooklyn Navy Yard. He is a son of Mr. and Mrs. John Stumpf, of 1733 North Patterson Park avenue, and is twenty years old. Young Stumpf took a course in wireless telegraphy in a private school in this city and qualified for service in the Navy. He is apt and energetic and gives promise of making a mark for himself.

TWO WEEKS, THEN ST. PATRICK'S DAY

WHEN EVERY TRUE SON OF ERIN WILL WEAR GREEN.

Because the Holiday Falls in Lent This Year the Usual Elaborate Celebration Will Be Absent—How the Day Will Be Observed. The Career of St. Patrick Not Clear in History.

Two weeks from tomorrow the feast of St. Patrick, the patron saint of Ireland, will be observed by every true Irishman in Baltimore. On this day, March 17, sons and daughters of old Erin will consider themselves unworthy of the old country if they do not at least wear a little piece of green in honor of the national saint.

Owing to the fact that the feast this year falls during Lent, there will be no extensive celebration, as has been the custom in years gone by. St. Patrick's Catholic Church, Bank street and Broadway, always in past years the rallying place for the paraders and worshippers, will be open only for the congregation and occasional worshippers.

The order of the day, however, will be observed in all branches, and high masses will be omitted. Although stripped of all religious significance, the day will nevertheless be marked by most of the secular features.

The Ancient Order of Hibernians will have their parade as usual. They will assemble at Poppleton and Hollins streets at 2 o'clock in the afternoon and march to Baltimore street, to Guilford avenue, to Lexington street, to Holliday, to Baltimore, to Broadway, south past St. Patrick's Catholic Church, counter-marching and up Broadway to North avenue.

P. J. Welsh, the state president, and other officers, are making plans for other details of the celebration, but as yet they have not been completed. St. Patrick's Day will not fall in Lent again until 1940, when it will come on Palm Sunday.

To St. Patrick is given the credit of turning all the snakes out of old Ireland. But there are some folks who are doubtful of this story, saying that the soil of Ireland is so bad that snakes would not flourish there anyway. It is not known whether March 17 commemorates the date of his birth or his death.

Despite the uncertainty as to his early life, there is no doubt that he was the best beloved prelate of his time. He became a noted Christian evangelist, and certainly attained the rank of bishop in the Catholic Church. He had the understanding of humanity that marks him as a true son of Erin, and he added to his native wits and shrewdness the learning of the church. He was a statesman of great ability, won the confidence of his chiefs of the island, and through them began Christianizing the people.

One of the first things he did was to light a paschal fire on the Hill of Slane, in opposition to one kindled by the Druids on the Hill of Tara, which eclipsed the light of the latter forever. He followed this up by kindling the fires of religion in the hearts of his people over the little island, and then founded one church for every day in the year. Wherever he founded a church he planted a school at its side.

Four lands claim St. Patrick for a son—Scotland, Wales, France and England. It is believed, however, that the Irish apostle first saw the light of day at Kilpatrick, Scotland, at the junction of the Clyde and Leven, in the county of Dumbarton.

HURLEY IS PROMOTED

Made Lieutenant by Police Board. Other Changes.

Round Sergeant Charles E. Hurley, of the Northeastern district, was yesterday promoted by the Police Board to the position of lieutenant in the Eastern district to fill the vacancy caused by the death last Wednesday of Lieut. Gilbert C. James.

At the same time the board promoted Sergeant Walter M. James, of the Southern district, to the rank of round sergeant. This appointment came as a surprise, as it was generally believed that Sergeant Dunn, of the Northern district, who has been a sergeant for over 10 years, and who was at the top of the eligible list, would be promoted.

Patrolman Charles E. Wilhelm, of the Northwestern district, was made a sergeant by the board. Patrolman Wilhelm came out on top of the eligible list a year ago, and would have been promoted to a sergeantcy by the board at that time, but as he had been in the department only a few years, it was decided that he had not enough experience.

Lieutenant Hurley's rise in the department has been rapid. He was appointed to the force July 8, 1893, and assigned to the Northwestern district. On April 30, 1904, he was made sergeant and on December 19, 19111, round sergeant. He has been frequently commended by various boards, and he became widely known in connection with the case of Capt. Bernard J. Ward, when Captain Ward was removed from the department.

Round Sergeant James and Sergeant Wilhelm also bear excellent records.

Taken From His Young Bride.

Arrested while he was chatting with his bride of only four days in their apartments at 1529 McCulloh street, August F. Lohoefer, 22 years old, was yesterday morning arraigned before Justice Smith at the Eastern Police Station, charged with the larceny of a suit of clothes and other articles, valued in all at $22, the property of Max Frahm. He was held under $250 bail for the action of the Grand Jury. Lohoefer was arrested late Friday night by Sergeant Herman Bruns, of the Eastern district, on a warrant sworn out by Frahm. Yesterday morning his wife, crying bitterly, appeared at the station-house. Mrs. Lohoefer stated that she met her husband last year when the torpedoboat Preston was in Baltimore. She went to visit the ship and was shown about it by Lohoefer, who was at that time a member of the crew.

In this manner the two became acquainted. After a courtship of almost a year Lohoefer proposed and was accepted. The ceremony was performed last Monday and the couple had taken up their future home at the McCulloh street address. Frahm, suspecting his friend, swore out a warrant for his arrest. Crying bitterly over his predicament and the thought of his newly wedded wife, Lohoefer could not explain to the magistrate why he had taken the articles. "I don't know what made me do it, judge," he sobbed. "I did not need them." He was then taken back to await the trip to jail. A few minutes after the wagon left, Mrs. Lohoefer, who is a stranger in Baltimore, went into the police station to see her husband. When she learned that he was already on his way to jail she broke down and wept bitterly.

Royal Mail Co. Secures Local Agent

A move that may mean big things for Baltimore trade when the Panama Canal is opened was made yesterday, when the Royal Mail Steam Packet Company, of London, England, commissioned Robert Ramsay, the local representative of the Johnston Line Foreign Agency, as their Baltimore agent. The Royal Mail Company has never before had an office in Baltimore, and the opening of one at this time is believed to be full of significance, inasmuch as the Royal Mail Company is one of the largest of its kind dealing almost exclusively in South American trade. The ships of this company at present run from Southampton, England, to the West Indies and various ports on the east coast of South America, and thence to New York. The general opinion is that it will not be long before the Royal Mail steamships will be seen running from Baltimore to ports on the west coast of South America after the opening of the canal.

Gas Co. Extends Time.

Owing to the unsatisfactory conditions which prevail at the present time in the money market, both at home and abroad, the Consolidated Gas Electric Light and Power Company yesterday sent letters to stockholders of the company extending the time for exchanging the outstanding preferred stock of the company for common stock from April 1 to September 1. It is said that with the present high rates of money it would have been almost an impossibility for the stock to have been underwritten except at prohibitive rates.

NEW NICKEL NOT THING OF BEAUTY

PRONOUNCED UGLIEST MONEY EVER COINED.

A BULL IS THE FEATURE

When Head Is Pointed to the Clouds the Animal Resembles an Ape—Goddess of Liberty Gives Way to an Indian—Everything About Coin Is Cramped—Great Demand at Subtreasury—Banks Limited to Small Amounts.

Joy is neither confined nor unconfined over the appearance of the new nickel issued by the government and which made its first appearance in public yesterday. On the contrary, bankers as well as the general public are outspoken in their adverse criticism of this coin, which is pronounced the ugliest ever perpetrated on a trusting people. It is not to be compared with the five-cent piece it supersedesany more than is a crazy quilt with a fine piece of needle work.

There is no difference in the size, but the design is very much more gaudy. Instead of the head of the Goddess of Liberty surrounded by stars with the year of issue beneath as the old coin, the new one carries a raised Indian head with the inscription "Liberty" opposite the forehead and the figures 1913 in close quarters on the spinal column. It is on the reverse side, however, that the nickel loses its identity completely.

Instead of the numeral V encircled by a wreath and the arrangement in a semicircle of "United States of America" with "cents" under the numeral to complete the circle, there appears on the latest production a buffalo very much cramped for room. Like the Indian head, this is raised, and because of insufficient room on the sides, which are taken up altogether by the animal, "United States of America" is lumped overhead and the designation "Five Cents," also cramped, appears below.

Like a Tired Bull Moose.

Col. Harry B. Wilcox, president of the First National Bank, concluded, after an examination, that the designer copied his buffalo from a tired bull moose, and he remarked incidentally that anything resembling a bull moose did not look good to him. Another banker to whom this was repeated and who is a leading Democrat, said when this remark was repeated to him, "That view is in accord with mine."

Douglas H. Thomas, president of the National Merchants and Mechanics Bank, simply remarked that the new coin was not as attractive nor as artistic as the old, while Mr. Delcher, of the National Bank of Baltimore, thought criticism would disappear when the people became accustomed to the change.

At the Subtreasury there was no differences of opinion. All agreed that the old nickel surpassed the new in appearance. One of the tellers bluntly stated that none of the last three designs beginning with the St. Gaudens on the gold piece, the Lincoln head on the penny and the bull on the nickel reflected much credit on the artists, the latest production being about the worst of all.

Like everything new, the bull nickel was much in demand. From the time the doors opened at the Custom-house until near the close there was a continuous stream of applicants for the new money. Amounts distributed were limited to $10, the majority being satisfied with $5. All the banks made demands, but inasmuch as only $5,000 was sent here from Washington the various institutions were also cut down to much less than they asked for.

As the coin was closely examined by the connoisseurs new discoveries were made. One called attention to the fact that when the bull is placed on his haunches and in a sitting position he loses his identity and becomes a huge ape. Again, another found that when the entire body is hidden under the thumb and only the facial end revealed there appear the handsome features of a man wearing a goatee.

But whether they liked them or not the people wanted these nickels, and it was not until the Subtreasury was cleaned out that the crowd dispersed. Many of the banks divided their quota with correspondents in the counties.

For 15 Cents Apiece.

In every Eastern city, where the coins were issued the demand was great. A dispatch for New York stated that the new nickels were selling for 15 cents apiece on the street corners. At the local subtreasury several hundred persons waited in line for them during the forenoon, and a rule was adopted limiting the number given any one person to 100. But $10,000 worth was received there and they were oversubscribed many times.

It was reported that the new coin would not pass through the counting machine, but this is a mistake. It can also be used in slot machines, the government having made the necessary changes in the formation.

The next new money to be issued will be bank notes somewhat smaller than those now in use. These are said to be about the size of the Australian notes. While the changed dimensions will not affect the general public they will handicap the bank teller for a time, as he has been accustomed to the larger paper. The object in reducing the size is to economize on paper, the government expecting to effect a saving that will amount to thousands of dollars.

Can Almost See Pimples Go

The New Calcium Sulphide Treatment Does Wonders to Every Kind of Skin Eruption.

You don't want to wait forever and a day to get rid of your pimples or other skin eruptions. You want to get rid of them right now. Next week you may want to go somewhere where you wouldn't like to have to take the pimples along.

Pimples Quickly Disappear from Face, Arms, Neck and Back, and Insure a Beautiful Complexion.

You can get rid of them just in time by taking Stuart's Calcium Wafers.

These wonderful little workers have cured bad boils in three days, and some cases of skin diseases in a week.

They contain as their main ingredient most thorough, quick and effective blood cleanser known, calcium sulphide.

Remember this, too, that most pimple treatments reek with poison. And they are miserably slow besides.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers have not a particle of poison in them. They are free from mercury, biting drugs or venomous opiates. This is absolutely guaranteed. They cannot do any harm, but they always do good—good that you can see in the mirror before your own eyes a few days after.

Don't be any longer humiliated by having a splotchy face. Don't have strangers stare at you, or allow your friends to be ashamed of you because of your face.

Your blood makes you what you are. The men and women who forge ahead are those with pure blood and pure faces.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers will make you happy because your face will be a welcome sight not only to yourself when you look into the glass, but to everybody else who knows you and talks to you.

Stuart's Calcium Wafers are sold by all first class druggists at 50 cents a box. They are very pleasant to the taste and in results are truly remarkable.

—Advertisement.

ELIMINATING GRADE CROSSINGS

Improvements in South Baltimore Growing Apace.

With the purchase yesterday by the Commissioners for Opening Streets of 30 pieces of property in South Baltimore, the elimination of grade crossings in that section has taken on renewed impetus. Commissioners Eugene Grannan, Bushrod M. Watts and Edmund Budnitz have been at work for sometime in an effort to obtain all the necessary property. During the absence from the city of President Grannan, Commissioner Watts handled the business end of the transaction, and the admirable manner in which he arranged the preliminary details elicited high praise from city officials.

The commissioners announced yesterday at the City Hall that arrangements will be made at once for the removal of buildings abutting on the rights of way of the approach to the Lee street bridge. The Street Commissioners have disposed of the buildings on the ground they purchased to contractors.

Following the purchase of the property by the city, the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has asked bids on the construction of the bridge, and contracts will be awarded as soon as the buildings have been moved to make way for the approach. The Lee street improvement extends from Barre street to Little Greene street, the east approach being from the building line on Barre street to Lee street. The length of the approach will be 300 feet. The bridge proper that will carry Lee street over the tracks will be 418 feet in length. The west approach, which includes a bridge over Little Greene street, will be 365 feet in length, making the total length of the improvement 1,083 feet.

The plan of the Lee street improvement provides for a paved sidewalk on one side, the remaining space on the bridge to be given over to teams and paved with belgian blocks.

The plans for the elimination of grade crossings in South Baltimore call for the construction of four bridges which will carry the streets over the tracks. The length of the bridges and approaches is such that there will be practically no grade perceptible. Four bridges are included in the plan as approved by city officials, at Hamburg, Ostend (formerly Stockholm), Lee and Cross streets. The bridge at Hamburg street has been completed and work at Ostend street is under way, leaving Lee and Cross street bridges to be constructed.

You Needn't Fear the Light

IF YOU USE

NEWBRO'S HERPICIDE

FOR THE HAIR

There is no surer way to increase one's natural charm and personal appearance than by devoting a reasonable amount of time to the care of the hair.

Hair that is dry, brittle, stringy and uneven is unsightly and manifests the presence of dandruff. Nothing destroys the natural beauty of the hair more surely than dandruff, which is now known to be due to a germ.

For the eradication of dandruff and to stop falling hair one should use **Newbro's Herpicide** regularly and intelligently. This wonderful prophylactic keeps the hair and scalp absolutely clean and healthy. It increases the beauty and luxuriance of the hair as nothing else will. A mass of natural, fluffy, snappy hair, as a frame for the face, adds much to one's attractiveness.

Beautiful women everywhere, people of discriminating tastes with a knowledge of and a desire for the good things of life use and recommend **Newbro's Herpicide.** They know that by so doing they are improving their appearance as well as their hair and "need never fear the light." **Herpicide** not only destroys dandruff and keeps the hair from falling out, but stops itching of the scalp almost instantly. The odor is exquisite, the feeling delightful and cooling.

SEND FOR BOOKLET AND SAMPLE BOTTLE—See Coupon

Two Sizes, 50c and $1.00. Sold and Guaranteed Everywhere. Your money back if you are not satisfied. Applications at the better barber shops and hair dressing parlors.

Read Drug and Chemical Co.

Special Agents.

Don't Wait—Send 10 Cents for Sample and Booklet Today.
THE HERPICIDE COMPANY, Dept. 828, Detroit, Mich.
Please find enclosed 10 cents, for which send me sample bottle of Newbro's Herpicide, also a booklet on the care of the hair.
Name.....
Address.....
City.....
State.....

Save Goucher College

$200,000 Will Do It.

Notify The American Of Amount You Will Subscribe.

Kneisel Quartet to Return.

The recital by the Kneisel String Quartet at the Peabody Conservatory of Music on Friday afternoon will be the last opportunity this season of hearing this world-renowned organization. The playing of this quartet is surely the very perfection of ensemble and it is responsible for a standard of chamber music playing in America such as is equaled in few countries of the world. Innumerable requests for engagements have taken the Kneisels across the continent four times, and three highly successful series of concerts have been given in London and the principal cities of England. Never before has the quartet offered so strong a program as will be performed Friday, when they will be assisted by Harold Randolph, pianist, who is always an artistic addition to this superb ensemble. The compositions are as follows:

Beethoven—
Quartet in F major. Op. 18. No. 1.
Dvorak—
Torzetto in C major. Op. 74.
Schumann—
Piano quartet in E flat major. Op. 47.

Lighting Plant at Loch Raven.

Water Engineer Whitman announced yesterday that he would shortly proceed to construct a lighting plant at Loch Raven, to be operated by the overflow from the Loch Raven dam. The plant will operate the proposed filtration works near Lake Montebello and the lighting system around the Loch Raven dam. The plant will be similar to the one at Back River, constructed by Sewerage Engineer Calvin W. Hendrick.

Mr. Whitman said that he would construct his lighting plant where the city established a lighting plant of its own elsewhere. "The overflow of water from the dam will always be sufficient to operate a lighting plant of great size," said Mr. Whitman. "I believe that the plant will also be able to produce electricity for the municipal buildings and the street lamps."

The cost for maintaining the plant, the Water Engineer said, would be very small, as employes would have to be kept at the dam. They could easily operate the plant in addition to attending to their other duties.

DO YOU GET UP WITH A LAME BACK?

Have You Rheumatism, Kidney, Liver or Bladder Trouble?

Pain or dull ache in the back is evidence of kidney trouble. It is Nature's timely warning to show you that the track of health is not clear.

Danger Signals.

If these danger signals are unheeded more serious *results* follow; Bright's disease, which is the worst form of kidney trouble, may steal upon you.

The mild and immediate effect of Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy, is soon realized. It stands the highest for its remarkable curative effect in the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine, you should have the best.

Lame Back.

Lame back is only one of many symptoms of kidney trouble. Other symptoms showing that you need Swamp-Root are, being obliged to pass water often during the day and to get up many times during the night.

Inability to hold urine, smarting in passing, uric acid, headache, dizziness, indigestion, sleeplessness, nervousness, sometimes the heart acts badly, rheumatism, bloating, lack of ambition, may be loss of flesh, sallow complexion.

Prevalency of Kidney Disease.

Most people do not realize the alarming increase and remarkable prevalency of kidney disease. While kidney disorders are the most common diseases that prevail, they are almost the last recognized by patient and physicians, *who usually content themselves with doctoring the effects,* while the *original disease* constantly undermines the system.

Sample Bottle Sent Free.

Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at all drug stores.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., which you will find on every bottle.

EDITORIAL NOTICE—To prove the wonderful merits of Swamp-Root you may have a sample bottle and a book of valuable information, both sent absolutely free by mail. The book contains many of the thousands of letters received from men and women who found Swamp-Root to be just the remedy they needed. The value and success of Swamp-Root is so well known that our readers are advised to send for a sample bottle. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. Be sure to say you read this generous offer in The Baltimore Sunday American. The genuineness of this offer is guaranteed.

—Advertisement.

Why Duffy's Is Best---and Costs More

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey costs more because it is made solely for medicinal purposes.

The medicinal values in malt whiskey can only be obtained by methods in making that add to the cost, but are not necessary in producing beverage whiskies or cheap malts.

We use all malted grain in making Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. This costs more than if only a small percentage were malted, and the balance raw grain, as in other whiskies. But it gives a better and purer product than could be obtained if part raw grain were used.

All of the grain is malted, and the malting process acts as an automatic check to insure wholesomeness, because no mouldy, defective grain can be malted. This compels a costly but careful selection of sound, healthy grain commanding highest market prices.

To make a perfect medicinal malt it is necessary to take out the injurious by-products found in beverage whiskies. This is done by repeated distillations. Although this adds to the cost, it insures purity—the prime essential in a medicinal malt whiskey.

ABSOLUTELY PURE & UNADULTERATED TRADE MARK

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey

is the only whiskey that was taxed as a medicine by the U. S. Government during the Spanish War—the one true medicinal whiskey.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey is most valuable when taken in small doses in treating stomach trouble, indigestion, grippe, colds, bronchitis, pneumonia, throat and lung troubles, insomnia and wasting diseases, and in cases of lowered vitality due to illness or advancing age.

Buy a bottle of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey today and keep it always on hand, ready for emergencies.

Ask your druggist, grocer or dealer for Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. Take no chances with a cheap substitute. Sold in SEALED BOTTLES ONLY—never in bulk. Price $1.00 a large bottle. Write our doctors for free advice.

SMART AND HEALTHY AT 90

Mrs. Elizabeth Von Wormer, Grovenor Corners, N. Y. "I have been a user of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey for over 15 years and it is more than life to me. I am an old lady of 90, yet am smart and in good health, and it is all owing to Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. I could not live without it."

The Duffy Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

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