GOSSIP OF THE HOTEL LOBBIES

STORIES OF HUMAN INTEREST FROM EVERYWHERE.

Reception Planned for Major Robert G. Woodside, of Pittsburgh, Commander-in-chief of the American Veterans of Foreign Service. Great Advance in Scientific Farming—Other Interviews.

Major Robert G. Woodside, of Pittsburgh, commander-in-chief of the American Veterans of Foreign Service, was a guest at the Hotel Belvedere on Monday. Major Woodside left Baltimore yesterday for Washington.

"The local post of the American Veterans of Foreign Service will tender a reception to Major Woodside on Sunday, March 16," said John W. Faid, Jr., of Lansdowne, Md., yesterday, who is in charge of the entertainment. "Major Woodside reported great growth of the order, which is composed of men who saw service in Cuba, Porto Rico, China and the Philippines from April 21, 1898, until July 4, 1892," continued Mr. Faid. "The local post of the order will tender a reception to the Commander-in-chief in the way of a good, old-fashioned campfire and smoker, at which time he will stop at Baltimore on his way to the Panama Canal, where he is to be the guest of honor at a ball to be given by Canal Zone Post, No. 40, at the opening of the New Washington Hotel, March 29.

"Col. Charles Goethals and the other army officers in charge of the work of digging the big ditch are active and enthusiastic members of this post, consequently the ball will be the social event in the history of the isthmus."

Hebrew Pioneer Club Assembly.

"All arrangements have been made and everything is in readiness for the assembly of the Hebrew Pioneer Club to be given at The Emerson Thursday, March 6," said Michael Miller yesterday at The Emerson. "The spacious ballroom on the roof garden is being transformed into a bower of roses, and numerous novelties will be inaugurated.

"A number of former members of the club who now reside in New York, Pittsburgh, Cincinnati and Norfolk are in the city and have been invited to attend the dance.

"The committee in charge is composed of Harry E. Weinberg, Solomon Rogers, Charles H. David, Maurice Levie and Abraham Schiller."

Mr. Miller is also a member of the committee.

Advance in Scientific Farming.

"The United States has made great advances in scientific farming," said R. B. Woodruff, a Western land promoter, at the Hotel Stafford yesterday, "but the government has yet to insure the crops raised by the latest scientific agricultura methods against hail. The American Minister at Bucharest, Rumania, has recently made an interesting report to the Agricutural Department in Washington in which he says:

There is at present, strictly speaking, no governmental insurance against loss of crops by hail and drouth in Bulgaria. Until about two years ago there appears to have been some system of government insurance against hail, but none against drouth, but by a law which recently went into force such insurance is now carried by the National Co-operative Bank, a state institution on the line of the national bank, for which an annual appropriation of $120,000 is made by the government for forming and augmenting a reserve fund. Insurance is not obligatory.

The country has been divided into 24 so-called hail districts in order to make the premiums conform more or less to the risks as computed from the statistical data of the past 15 years. The insurance covers 88 per cent. of the losses occasioned by hail, and it is thought that for the past year nearly the whole of the reserve fund will have been consumed. The year was exceptional, however, and it is estimated that after the law has been in operation for a few years there will be a sufficient reserve fund to cover all eventualities. Should that fund prove insufficient in the meantime, there might be a porportional reduction in the amount of compensation paid for losses, or a loan might be made from the agricultural bank. I have been told that over $2,500,000 of insurance has already been contracted for 1913.

In Rumania there is no governmental insurance against loss by hail or drouth, such insurance being carried by the Dacia company, a private corporation.

I have been informed by the American consulate at Belgrade that "the Servian government does not undertake the insurance of farmers against loss by drouth or hail, nor are these kinds of risks accepted by any of the insurance companies operating in Servia."

Swine in Iowa.

"All the swine in twenty-eight states of the Union do not equal in value those of the state of Iowa," said a Western farmer yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Kernan. "The territory which includes all the North Atlantic states, all of the South Atlantic states and all of the far Western states has swine to the value of $101,884,000, while the swine of Iowa are valued at $104,640,000. In fact, Iowa has more than 14 per cent of all the swine of the United States, and in value they amount to more than 17 per cent. Iowa's population is only two and a quarter million, while that of the twenty-eight states is more than 50,000,000.

Beef cattle are comparatively scarce in Iowa, now, as in the case throughout the entire country, but the Hawkeye state has more beef cattle than all of the North Atlantic states combined. She now has over 86,000,000 beef cattle on her farms. The annuel marketing of beef cattle at the seven principal markets of the United States amounts to 8,000,000.

They Like Hobson.

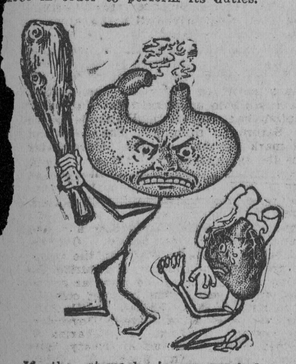
"The women throughout the United States are highly pleased with the selection of Representative Hobson, of Alabama, to head a committee for an inquiry into the proposed women's suffrage amendments to the constitution," said John M. Wilkins, a New York commercial traveler, yesterday at the Hotel Belvedere.

"Hobson made himself a hero when he helped Admiral Sampson to bottle up the Spanish fleet in Cuba during the Spanish-American war. After he left the navy he became a great favorite with the women in this country because he kissed all the women who would let him. Now that he is to head a committee to look into women's suffrage he may again become a national hero. Congress for the past forty years has regularly appointed a committee to consider the women's suffrage question but the members were usually men who bitterly opposed the cause. Hobson is known to be strongly in favor of suffrage and the women of the country look to him for good results."

Gassy Stomach Endangers the Heart

Gas and Other Forms of Indigestion Are Quickly Relieved by Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Undigested food forms gas in the stomach, which causes the walls of that organ to expand and press against the heart. If this pressure should be allowed to become heavy it might result very seriously, as the heart must be kept perfectly free in order to perform its duties.



If the stomach is overworked, its muscles become tired and gradually grow weaker and weaker, until they are unable to take care of the food properly. The glands fail to provide the juices necessary to digest the food. Gases form and cause all sorts of pain, misery and wretchedness, as well as extreme danger to the heart.

It is then that the stomach calls for help. Ordinary medicines are impossible. They not only fail to help the stomach but injure the entire system. Medical men have studied the stomach and have discovered that the digestive juices consist largely of pepsin, hydrochloric acid and nitrogenous ferments. What, then, would be more natural than to supply these properties artificially when the stomach is unable to produce them?

That is the object of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. These powerful little agents relieve the stomach of its burden, thereby giving it an opportunity to regain its normal strength. They tone up, strengthen and revitalize the secretory glands, mucous membranes, absorbing glands and muscular walls. They restore to the stomach its lost powers of digestion so that it can again do its work without assistance. They contain, in a concentrated form, every element necessary to digest all sorts of food, whether acid or alkaline.

If you experience an oppressive feeling just inside the lower end of your breast bone and extending upward towards your heart, do not hesitate an instant. Get Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets from the nearest druggist at once and take one. In a few minutes the pain will leave you and you will feel better. Take a tablet after each meal for several days and your stomach will once more perform its duties. Druggists sell them at 50c. a box.

—Advertisement.

DRIVEN AWAY BY FIRE

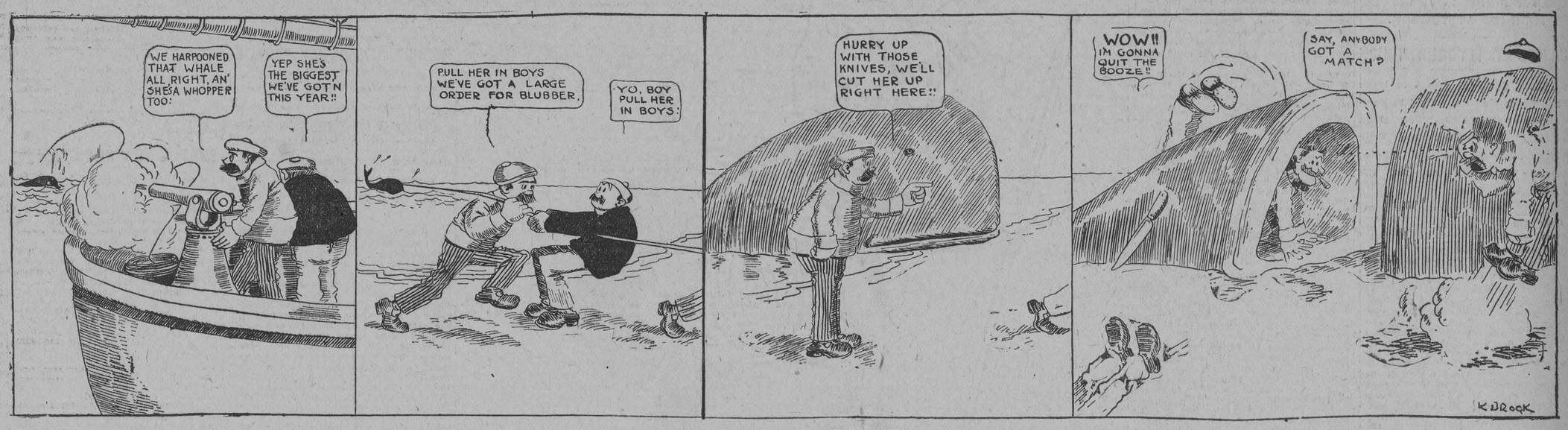
Blaze in Tailoring Place Is Soon Extinguished.

Thirteen persons were driven from their home early yesterday morning when a fire, thought to have originated from an overheated stove, broke out in the tailoring place of Stephany Szymezewski, at 2012 Eastern avenue. All escaped injury and returned to their home a short while later.

The fire was discovered shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday morning by Mrs. Rose Eckert, who occupies the second floor of the dwelling. She was awakened by a choking sensation in her throat and discovered that the room was filled with smoke. She aroused her husband. They summoned their five children, whose ages range from one and a half to 10 years, who were sleeping in an adjoining room.

After leading their children to safety, Mr. Eckert returned to the building and went to the third floor, where Mr. and Mrs. George Baxter and their three small children were sleeping. Arthur Robinson, a brother of Mrs. Baxter, having heard the rumpus, dressed hurriedly and ran to the street. Some one had sounded an alarm from Box 164, Bank and Washington streets. Shortly after the arrival of the firemen the blaze was extinguished. The damage, which is covered by insurance, will amount to $200. The blaze was confined to the tailoring shop. Szymezewski, who conducts the place and lives at 1606 Fleet street, had gone to Washington and was not aware that his shop had been wrecked by fire until late last night, when he returned home.

OFFICER CRUST :-: :-: You Can't Lose Him!!



THE PEOPLE'S LETTER BOX

TOPICS DISCUSSED BY READERS OF THIS PAPER.

An Expression of Confidence That President Wilson Will Follow a Policy in Regard to Mexico Similar to That Laid Down by Mr. Taft—A Situation Calling for Level-headedness.

Letters designed for publication in this column must be indorsed with the name and address of the writer. Anonymous communications will not be considered.
When the writer so prefers his name will not be published.
Letters should not exceed 500 words.

To the Editor: I am not one of those persons who view with alarm the change in municipal, state or national administrations to the end that they pursuade some others who are perhaps less well posted or who do not have a grasp of affairs, that the city, state or government is on the verge of a calamity. Some of those who oppose Wilson politically have gone so far as to make the statement that with Taft out and the new president in this country will soon be in the throes of a conflict with Mexico.

I do not believe that Mr. Wilson would attempt to buck the people's will and order intervention by this country. He is an American cast in the right mold, and doubtless believes with other persons who have reasoned the thing out that the best thing to do is to let the Mexicans shoot their own heads off if they so mind, and that the United States most distinctly has nothing to do with their internal differences. A DEMOCRAT.

Baltimore, March 4.

Commends American's Accuracy.

To the Editor: I desire to thank you for the courtesy and consideration shown by your paper during the recent course of lectures given at Albaugh's Theater by the Most Rev. James J. Keane, and I may say that we consider the accounts published in The American were considerably more accurate than those of any other morning newspaper.

Very truly yours,
MARK O. SHRIVER,
For the Press Committee.

Baltimore, March 1.

Thanks The American.

To the Editor: At the meeting of the board of managers of the Light Street Free Kindergarten I was asked to express for them their grateful appreciation of the help your paper gave us in bringing before the public the Angels in Art. Your reporters were most courteous and co-operative, and we feel that no small part of our success is due to the help which came through The American.

Thanking you heartily for your support, I am,

Sincerely yours,
HELEN W. MATHEWS,
Corresponding Secretary.

Baltimore, March 3.

As to M. A. C. Presidency.

To the Editor: In this morning's American the statement is attributed to the Governor that Dean L. H. Bailey, of Cornell Agricultural College, has said that Prof. H. A. Morgan, director of the Tennessee State Experiment Station, is the best man for the position of president of the Maryland Agricultural College. I telegraphed Dean Bailey for information regarding this as follows:

"You are quoted in Baltimore papers as recommending H. A. Morgan for presidency of Maryland Agricultural College. Kindly inform if this is true."

The following answer was received this afternoon:

"Mr. M. Ellicott, Baltimore.

"I have no candidate, but have suggester a number of names of persons who might be looked up, and Mr. Morgan is one of them.

"DEAN L. H. BAILEY,
"Ithaca, N. Y., March 4, 1913."

William M. Ellicott, 714 St. Paul street.

Baltimore, March 4.

A Common-sense City.

To the Editor: City Councilman West would have a better chance of carrying through his "Jim Crow" street car project if he keeps closer to the truth in his statements with reference to facts. He asserts with a grand air that this is a Southern city. Baltimore is not a Southern city. Neither is it a Northern city. It is a common-sense city, and its people are not and, I believe, never will be in the mood to adopt any measure that will tend to retard its progress along the enlightened road which it has been traveling these many years. One of the brightest pages in its history is its wise and humane treatment of the colored race. In uplifting that race it is uplifting itself.

It is a mistake to assume that the people of Baltimore can be persuaded to undo all the good they have done in this particular, or that they can be swayed by considerations of diseased sentiment. This is not a city of Bleases. The people here are safe and sane. N. G. H.

Baltimore, March 4.

Better Farm Results.

To the Editor: Why cannot the farmers in Maryland lead the way in producing better farm results by the adoption of more scientific methods? We hear a great deal these days about the failure of the general run of farmers to use modern methods in cultivating the land. It has been pointed out time and time again that if they would exercise better care and judgment in selecting seeds for the growing of wheat and corn and carry their work farther when the seed is actually in the ground the yield of the farms would be increased by millions of bushels of both wheat and corn, and would bring added prosperity to the agricultural regions.

One expert has stated that if a variety of wheat were developed capable of producing one more kernel to the head it would mean an addition of 15,000,000 bushels annually to the country's wheat crop. The same expert declared that if farmers were as much exercised in the selection of seed corn as they are in breeding fine horses and cattle there would be an enormous increase in the yield of corn per acre.

If the farmers are not exercising the care that they should in the matter of raising corn crops and if they are not using the scientific methods they should, why cannot the tillers of the soil in Maryland apply the improved methods in this state and thus give Maryland the credit for pointing out the way for increasing the cereal crops of the United States? Let the Maryland farmers think this over. If they give the subject due thought I am sure that they will come to the conclusion that the results to be obtained will be worth striving for. There is room for more progressive farming. AGRICULTURIST.

Belair, Md., March 2.

A New Jersey Economist.

To the Editor: What a commentary on man's intelligence is the fact of so much poverty when consuls all over the world are instructed to hunt markets where goods are not extensively manufactured. Wherever one goes the fact is emphasized that if overproduction does not exist in most lines, the fear of it does, while millions are doing without a sufficiency of such products because of the fact that money, as the standard of value and medium of exchange, so far fails in its mission that it allows the few to get control of most of it, and, having control, so encourages the production and use of luxuries of all kinds as seriously to interfere with the production and use of our common necessities.

I claim that we will eventually standardize commodities that are most necessary to our convenience, and by so doing allow us to resume the coinage of silver over the world on a parity with gold. Under such a system the nations of the world could have a system of money that would bear some relation to trade and industry and of volume enough to allow the free exchange of commodities.

Under our present financial system the best rewards go to those who least deserve them, while millions of energetic people in all walks of life have to depend on the merest chance for their financial rewards, because the work they do and the commodities they produce have no fixed standard to go by, and a year's work in production or in business to them may mean much or little.

In a word, the most production per acre or most business per year, instead of having the incentive of something definite to figure financial rewards on, is subject to mere chance, with no foundation to build future production or business on. B. LODGE.

Paulsboro, N. J., March 4.

Doubts That Boiler Exploded.

To the Editor: On the morning of February 10 an explosion took place in a cellar on Guilford avenue, shattering a vertical sectional castiron steam heating boiler. The explosion was blamed on the boiler, yet the conditions under which the boiler was operated would contradict this theory. The janitor and fireman claims that when he left the boiler about 7:20 that morning the water in the boiler was at its proper level, the gauge recorded zero—that means that there was no pressure whatever, that the fire door was partly open, the check draft open and that the draft door was closed. This being so, it was impossible to get up a very great steam pressure, for the reason that with the draft door shut very little oxygen was supplied to the fire from under the grates; with the check draft open which, as its name implies, checks the draft) and the fire door partly open the air had an unimpeded course through the flues and against the heating surfaces of the boiler. This, instead of helping the fire to get hotter and thereby generating steam, would do just the reverse. It would cool off the flue and heating surfaces of the boiler and thereby prevent any great pressure of steam being generated, particularly so great a pressure as to disrupt, crack or explode the boiler, and, since these boilers are tested to 100 pounds hydrostatic presure per square inch at the factory and will work under 75 pounds steam pressure per square inch day after day, it does not at all look reasonable to blame the explosion on the boiler.

It is so exceedingly rare for a castiron boiler to explode that when a rumor is circulated that one really did explode it is worth investigating. As a rule they crack, and only then when there is a lack of water in the boiler. This lack of water causes an unequal expansion of the metal; that directly in contact with the fire getting redhot while the other parts of the castings are still black, and, not expanding in proportion with the redhot metal, cracks. Or, when the metal is redhot, water let into the boiler, thus coming in contact with the metal, cracks it.

There are many thousands, nay tens of thousands of castiron steam heating boilers in use and of this great number, we only hear of an occasional boiler cracking, never hearing of one exploding, and since the janitor claims that conditions surrounding the above mentioned boiler were normal, it does not seem possible that that particular boiler could have caused the explosion or that the boiler exploded. ENGINEER.

Baltimore, March 3.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

THRILLING TIME IN LAUNCH

Three Young Men Defied Winds and Were Lost for Three Days.

Just as steps were being taken for the organization of a rescue party to search the waters of the Chesapeake for them, three young men of Northeast Baltimore, who left Ferry Bar in a 20-foot launch last Sunday and who had not been heard from since, stepped from a train in Union Station yesterday, shortly after noon. Reaching their homes on North Bond street half an hour later, they allayed the fears of their relatives, who, in turn, called off the search. William Hartan, 22 years old, 505 North Bond street; John Ruppert, 28 years old, and Martin Ruppert, 20 years old, 503 North Bond street, are the three men who defied the heavy winds and piloted their little craft from Ferry Bar to a shore on Sues Creek, Middle River.

Becoming swamped a mile out from the mouth of Middle River about 5 o'clock Sunday afternoon, their engine broke down, and they drifted aimlessly about for hours until they finally ran into Sprys Island early Monday morning. They were picked up by a shorekeeper late Monday night, taken to Sues Creek in his motorboat and yesterday morning went to Chases Station, where they boarded a train for Baltimore.

Covered with mud, haggard of countenance and weary, the young men reached their homes about 12:30 yesterday and retired immediately. Before he fell off to sleep, young Hartan told a thrilling story. Despite the fact that they were facing the winds when they left Ferry Bar, the little craft seemed to have made good headway until just before Middle River was sighted. Then a heavy northwest gale struck them and drove them several miles out. The launch then edged gradually toward Middle River, facing the wind. However, when about a mile out the waves, which had been mercilessly lashing the launch, swished over her gunwales and, careening the littel boat, soon swamped it. The engine was damaged and there was no way to repair it. Throughout the entire night the wind continued to drive the craft toward the southeast, and, with a broken rudder, the launch, occupied by three drenched and exhausted passengers, foundered upon Sprys Island. Early Monday morning a shorekeeper espied the boys' distress signals and went to the rescue.

The parents and other relatives of the missing men were worried almost to distraction by the failure of the three to put in their appearance Sunday night. Monday added to their fears, and, communicating with the police, both the elder Hartan and the father of the Ruppert boys had arranged to have a rescue party organized. Measures to organize this party were afoot when the missing ones came home.

MAY GET BACK EL DIARIO

Diaz Disposed To Aid Simondetti, Who Was Exiled from Mexico.

E. T. Simondetti, formerly a publicist and journalist in Mexico, from which country he and his wife were exiled and who will return to that city, in a letter sent to The American yesterday calls attention to a special cable dispatch to New York recently in which occurs the following:

Among the documents of Urquidi, the Maderoist sub-secretary of communications, have been found letters implicating the Maderoist government and the Blanco Nacional de Mexico in a conspiracy to deprive fraudulently Ernest Simondetti, a New York journalist, of his paper, El Diario.

Simondetti was forced into exile two years ago on trumped-up charges and his paper forced into bankruptcy. Diaz has expressed an intention to restore the paper to Simondetti and reimburse him.

An interesting letter sent by Mr. Simondetti to the New York Press and published in that paper is also reproduced as follows:

Sir: William Howard Taft leaves office with the best wishes for the success of the incoming chief executive of the nation. Although defeated in a strenuous contest by Mr. Wilson, he is game enough to have accepted his defeat gracefully and patriotic enough to place the will of the people and the welfare of his country above his personal ambitions. Let us contrast this happy condition with the present situation in Mexico.

The last words of the old warrior and statesman Porfirio Diaz before going into exile were:

"The man who comes after me will have to govern as I did. I shall not return here until peace and prosperity have been restored, unless Mexico should suffer foreign invasion, in which case I would return to lead the army and fight for my country and flag."

Not a word of censure for his enemies, the men who drove him out of Mexico, has he uttered, either before leaving his afflicted country or afterward to the present day, following their downfall.

On the other hand, compare the attitude of Francisco Madero, who repeatedly and publicly attacked his fallen opponent during the brief period he remained in power, and had all the portraits of Porfiro Diaz removed from public buildings and schools. Now, upon his defeat and their fleeing from Mexico, Madero's relatives and friends have declared that the United States should intervene to establish peace and order. They have spread broadcast rumors of horrors and savage deeds perpetrated by their opponents. Also note the attempt of Maderist soldiers on the border to bring about intervention by attacking Americans. Is this patriotism? According to American standard, which are the real Mexicans?

E. T. SIMONDETTI.

New York, March 3.

"Piles Cured in 6 to 14 Days." Your druggist will refund money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure any case of Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days. 50c. —Advertisement.

J. A. BOLGIANO LAID TO REST

RETIRED MERCHANT AND PHILANTHROPIST BURIED.

Ministers Who Were Closely Connected With Him in His Church Activities Conduct the Services. Eulogy of Rev. Dr. Bird—The Honorary Pallbearers — Those Who Were at the Grave.

Many were the tributes paid to the memory of Joseph Ault Bolgiano, retired head of the seed firm of J. Bolgiano & Son, and philanthropist, whose funeral was held yesterday morning from the home of his daughter, Mrs. J. Burch Joyce, 1800 West North avenue. Services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. William Bird, a member of the Baltimore Methodist Episcopal conference, whose charge is at Midland, Md., and Rev. Dr. Frank Porter, pastor of the Woodberry Methodist Episcopal Church, both of whom were warm personal friends of Mr. Bolgiano.

Dr. Bird, who was formerly pastor at the Waverly Methodist Episcopal Church when Mr. Bolgiano was superintendent of the Sunday School, and who has been closely connected with him during the last 31 years, spoke in beautiful eulogy of his long and successful life in Christian and philanthropic work. Dr. Porter read the lesson from the burial service of the Methodist rite and followed it with a prayer. The family has received a great number of telegrams and letters of condolence from his friends offering them their sympathy. Many newsboys, white and black, came to see their old friend for the last time.

Beautiful flowers were sent by friends and from the interests with which he was connected. A magnificent pall of smilax and lilies-of-the-valley, which completely covered the coffin, was sent by the members and former employes of the firm of J. Bolgiano & Son; an immense bunch of Easter lilies from the Fidelity and Trust Company, a handsome wreath of roses from the Security Storage and Trust Company, and a large flat piece from the Canton National Bank. The honorary pallbearers were:

George Blakiston, president of the Union Trust Company; Henry Clark, president of the National Howard Bank; Henry S. King, president of the Security Storage and Trust Company; John T. Stone, president of Maryland Casualty Company; ex-Governor Edwin Warfield, president of the Fidelity and Deposit Company; John K. Shaw, president of the Free Summer Excursions; John T. Morris, general secretary of the Y. M. C. A., and Frederick A. Dolfield, president of Canton National Bank.

Among those who were present at the services and who later accompanied the body to Greenmount Cemetery were:

Van Lear Black, Henry Clark, Henry S. King, John T. Morris, George Blakiston, John K. Shaw, Frederick A. Dolfield, Dr. and Mrs. J. Burch Joyce, Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Taylor, John Bolgiano, Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Bolgiano, Charles W. Bolgiano, Dr. and Mrs. Walton Bolgiano, Walton Bolgiano, Miss Mary E. Bolgiano, Mr. and Mrs. Roland Bolgiano, Miss Edith Bolgiano, Miss Ruth Bolgiano, Mr. and Mrs. Charles J. Bolgiano, Master C. Alfred Bolgiano, Mr. and Mrs. F. William Bolgiano, Mr. and Mrs. Webster Smith, Mrs. Samuel Ault, Reese Amos, Mrs. William B. Ditman, the Misses Taylor, Mrs. Thomas Walton, Mrs. Jessie Walton, Miss Josephine Edmonson, Miss Masson, Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Joyce, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. John F. Hancock, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Robinson, Miss Margaret Robinson, William H. Mihm, Captain John Lynch, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund C. White, Mrs. Frederick A. Dolfield, Miss Dolfield, Daniel E. Derr, Mrs. Charles Carman, Mr. and Mrs. Cyrus Joyce, Sr., Mrs. Richard Brice, Miss Lydia Joyce.

WEATHER OBSERVATIONS

UNITED STATES WEATHER BUREAU,
Washington, March 4.

Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday: For Maryland, Delaware and District of Columbia, generally fair Wednesday and Thursday, preceded by unsettled weather early Wednesday morning, colder Wednesday; moderate northwest winds, becoming variable.

For New England, snow and colder Wednesday; Thursday, fair and warmer, moderate variable winds.

For Eastern New York, probably snow Wednesday, followed by fair in the afternoon, colder; Thursday, fair and warmer; moderate variable winds.

For New Jersey and Eastern Pennsylvania, unsettled Wednesday, followed by fair in the afternoon, colder; Thursday, fair and warmer; moderate variable winds.

For Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina, fair Wednesday and Thursday, colder Wednesday; moderate northwest winds, becoming variable.

For West Virginia, fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Weather Conditions and General Forecast: The Western disturbance is slowly advancing eastward and during Tuesday it caused precipitation in nearly all districts between the Mississippi Valley and Atlantic Coast, snow falling in Northern and rain in Southern sections.

Another disturbance is developing in the Northwest and light snow is already falling to the south of its center in portions of Minnesota and North Dakota. Moderately cold weather for the season has overspread the Great Lake Region and the Middle Mississippi and Lower Ohio Valleys, while in other sections of the country comparatively mild temperatures have prevailed.

Generally fair weather will prevail over the entire country, with the exception of snow in New England and New York State and in the North Lake Region Wednesday and rain in the North Pacific districts, while the temperature will fall again in the Atlantic States Wednesday no unseasonably cold weather is anticipated and moderate tempearture will moreover prevail generally throughout the West and Middle West.

The winds along the New England Coast will be moderate variable, shifting to northwest; along the Middle and South Atlantic Coast, moderate west to northwest, becoming light and variable; along the East Gulf Coast, light north to northeast; along the West Gulf Coast, light variable; on Lake Michigan, moderate southwest, shifting to west.

Steamers departing Wednesday for European ports will have moderate variable winds, mostly northwest, with cloudy weather and light snow flurries to the Grand Banks.

Daily Report.

Custom-house, Baltimore, March 4.

Time.	Thermometer.	Relative Humidity.	Direction of Wind.	Velocity of Wind.	Precipitation.	State of Weather.
8 A. M.	44	64	S.	3	.00	Cloudy
8 P. M.	56	47	SW.	6	.00	Cloudy

Normal temperature 38 | Highest temperature... 57
Mean temperature.. 50 | Lowest temperature.... 43

Maximum velocity of the wind, 10 miles per hour, from the southwest.

Record of Temperature.

The following table gives the minimum temperatures at 8 o'clock tonight for the past 24 hours at the following named stations:

Atlantic City, cloudy.	40	Montgomery, cloudy..	48
Bismarck, clear.....	18	Montreal, cloudy.....	4
Boston, cloudy.....	30	Nantucket, cloudy....	34
Buffalo, snow.....	18	New Orleans, cloudy..	56
Charleston, cloudy....	52	New York, cloudy.....	38
Chicago, clear.....	26	Oklahoma, clear.....	34
Cleveland, snow.....	30	Pittsburgh, rain.....	42
Corpus Christi, cloudy	60	Philadelphia, rain.....	42
Denver, partly cloudy	30	Portland, Me., snow..	30
Detroit, clear.....	18	Portland, Ore., cloudy	46
Duluth, snow.....	*2	Providence, cloudy....	34
Eastport, cloudy.....	12	Quebec, clear.....	*4
Galveston, cloudy.....	60	Raleigh, cloudy.....	44
Green Bay, clear.....	*6	Salt Lake City, cloudy	46
Hatteras, cloudy.....	50	San Francisco, cloudy	48
Havre, cloudy.....	22	St. Louis, clear.....	40
Helena, clear.....	34	St. Paul, cloudy.....	2
Jacksonville, cloudy..	56	Scranton, rain.....	34
Kansas City, clear...	32	Shreveport, clear.....	54
Knoxville, rain.....	36	Spokane, cloudy.....	34
Louisville, cloudy....	44	Tampa, cloudy.....	60
Marquette, clear.....	*6	Washington, pt. cldy.	44
Memphis, clear.....	48	Winnipeg, snow.....	*10

*Below zero.

Almanac for Today.

Sun Rises.....6:33 A. M. | Sun Sets.....6:22 P. M.
Moon Rises.....6:04 A. M. Thursday.

HIGH WATER.

4:51 A. M.....0.8 Foot | 5:35 P. M.....1.01 Feet

[Calculations expressed in Eastern Standard Time.]

HUNNER CASE AGAIN TODAY

Physicians and Surgeons Interested in the Outcome.

Physicians and surgeons of Maryland are awaiting with interest the outcome of the suit of Mrs. Bertha Stevenson and her husband, Charles Stevenson, for $30,000 damages against Dr. Guy L. Hunner, the well-known specialist of Baltimore. Trial of the case will be resumed before Judge Heuisler and a jury in the Superior Court today. Dr. Hunner operated on Mrs. Stevenson in June, 1910. Sometime later, it is alleged, a quantity of gauze and thin mercerized rubber which had been used as drains after the operation, were found in the wound. Mrs. Stevenson alleges that tuberculosis was the result. The case is interesting, not only from the medical standpoint, but also because it will clearly define the law with regard to legal responsibility for damages on the part of surgeons who perform operations.

Attorneys William Bolton and T. Allan Goldsborough, counsel for Mr. and Mrs. Stevenson, claim that under the law the surgeon is obliged to give personal attention to the subsequent treatment of the patient, including the dressing or supervision of the dressing of the wound, and that legally he may not delegate this work to anybody else down to the time of the patient's discharge.

On the other side, Attorneys Dennis & Dennis, counsel for Dr. Hunner, claim that the law does not require all this of the operating surgeon. The dressing of the wound, the defense claims, is purely a mechanical work and when the patient is in a hospital, as was the patient in this case, this work can be done by others than the surgeon. It would be impossible for a surgeon after an operation to attend to the continued dressing of the wound. This, they say, would prevent his attending to many cases which only skilled surgeons could handle.

So far, the defense has offered testimony tending to prove the identity of a part of the resected kidney of Mrs. Stevenson and certain tests made by Dr. Cullen and Dr. Welch, of Johns Hopkins University, establishing the presence of tubercular taint. Dr. Hunner testified Monday, the purpose of his testimony being to show that he had not been neglectful of his patient down to the time of her discharge by him. Dr. Hunner testified that he had removed or seen removed the original "cigarette" drain from the wound, several days after the operation. Other drains were put in the wound afterward, but not by him. Thus, the whole point of the case is, whether or not a surgeon must personally supervise the dressing of the wounds up until the time the patient is discharged from the hospital.

INSTRUCTION BY THE STEREOPTICON

SCHOOL CHILDREN SO TAUGHT LESSON IN GEOGRAPHY.

Assistant Superintendent Koch Lectured to Over 1,000 Pupils in School No. 83, and Will Visit Another Building Today—Graphic Presentation of Subject Appeals Particularly to Children.

For the first time in the history of Baltimore, school children studied their geography lesson by stereopticon views, yesterday. One thousand pupils of No. 83 are of the opinion that it is an excellent departure.

Assistant Superintendent Charles J. Koch was responsible for the innovation, and he was kept busy all day long yesterday lecturing to the classes. Yellowstone Park was the subject of the lecture which was delivered by Mr. Koch, and it was illustrated with stereopticon views, which he took himself on his trip through the park in 1905.

The first lecture was delivered before pupils in the sixth, seventh and eighth grades whose combined classes numbered about 250 children and completely filled the large lecture-room. The third, fourth and fifth grades were divided into two sections of 250 each.

Mr. Koch was enthusiastic yesterday over the success of the plan and declared that he thought it only a matter of time until all classes would be taught by moving pictures and stereopticon views.

Today Mr. Koch will lecture to the students of School No. 77, on the same subject, and from time to time he will lecture to the pupils at the different schools on various subjects.

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