CLOUDY; BRISK NORTHWEST WINDS. SUN RISES 6:32 A. M. SUN SETS 6:36 P. M. HIGH WATER 5:26 A. M. AND 6:17 P. M. TEMPERATURE 43. VELOCITY OF WIND 10 MILES.

Baltimore American.

1773 1913

LIBERTY ENLIGHTENS THE WORLD

ACADEMY.....John Mason
FORD'S.....Julian Eltinge
AUDITORIUM.....Gertrude Hoffmann
MARYLAND.....Keith Vaudeville
HOLLIDAY ST.....Why Women Sin
NEW THEATRE.....Vaudeville and Pictures
VICTORIA.....Vaudeville and Pictures
EMPIRE.....The New Century Girls
GAYETY.....Al Reeves' Big Show

ESTABLISHED 1773—VOL. CCXIV. BALTIMORE, THURSDAY, MARCH 6, 1913 PRICE ONE CENT

EVERY ONE KNOWS WHAT HARM THE BAD DO

BUT WHO KNOWS THE MISCHIEF DONE BY THE GOOD? WHEN YOU GET A FEW BAD HORSES, WITH THE ACCOMPANYING BAD RESULTS, YOU WILL APPRECIATE A GOOD ONE.

BUY NEARBY HORSES FOR GOOD RESULTS

THEY GIVE BEST SATISFACTION UNDER ALL CONDITIONS. A big line of HIGHEST GRADE MOUNTAIN DRAUGHTERS, IN MATED PAIRS AND SINGLES, WHICH WERE SELECTED WITH GREAT CARE, Business and Express Horses, FARM HORSES AND MULES and the stock we receive in exchange from the merchants of Baltimore and SELL TO YOU DIRECT. SERVICEABLE SECOND-HAND HORSES AND MULES, $25 TO $75.

KING'S NEXT AUCTION FRIDAY, MARCH 7

COMMENCING AT 10:30 A. M. As a business proposition YOU CAN'T AFFORD TO MISS ANY OF OUR SALES IF AT ALL INTERESTED. Each one crowded with PRIVATE ENTRIES OF HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, HARNESS, ETC., and our regular CONSIGNMENTS OF OUT-OF-TOWN NEARBY HORSES.

JAMES KING & SONS

HIGH, BALTIMORE, FAYETTE STS. LARGEST ESTABLISHMENT OF ITS KIND IN THE WORLD.

THREE DAYS A WEEK

EVERY MON., WED. & FRI., AT 10:30 A. M., as your opportunity to sell your HORSES, CARRIAGES, WAGONS, HARNESS, Etc., at

KING'S AUCTION

YOU CAN GET YOUR MONEY IN 30 SECONDS. HONEST REPRESENTATION, FULL AUCTION VALUE, and we make NO CHARGE TO OFFER YOUR HORSES & MULES NOT SOLD.

600 CARRIAGES — In our repository, comprising both new and second-hand vehicles to suit city and country purposes and a line of MOYER'S NEW YORK CARRIAGES.

1000 SETS HARNESS — Of superior makes, suitable for carriage and wagon users, both new and second-hand.

250 WAGONS — In our mammoth factory of our own and other makes. You cannot appreciate this immense stock unless you see it for yourself.

PRICES — The very lowest possible and much lower than elsewhere, quality considered.

THE KING-HOSBACH CO.
HIGH, BALTIMORE, FAYETTE STS.

FORD'S — Tonight at 8:15. Matinee Tomorrow. THE FAMOUS JULIAN ELTINGE IN The Fascinating Widow
TOMORROW MATINEE, 25c to $1. NIGHTS & SATURDAY MAT., 25c to $1.50

SPECIAL—Owing to the great demand to see MR. ELTINGE he has consented to give an EXTRA MATINEE FRIDAY PRICES 25c to $1. No Higher.

SEATS SELLING FOR NEXT WEEK
The Daughter Of Heaven
VIOLA ALLEN
And Company of 200. Prices, 50c. to $2.

AUDITORIUM — Tonight at 8.15. Mat. Fri. & Sat. The Most Bizarre and Baroque Of All American Entertainers,
GERTRUDE HOFFMANN
In BROADWAY TO PARIS
The Original New York Winter-Garden Co. 200 People, 50 Chickens, 50 Little Canaries.
Prices — Tues., Wed., Fri. Mats., 50c to $1. Saturday Matinee, 50c to $1.50. Nights, 50c to $2.00.
Next Week — ANNIE RUSSELL'S Old English Comedy Co.

NEW ACADEMY OF MUSIC
Eve's 8:15. Prices 25c to $2. Gallery 25c. Pop. Mat. Sat. 25c to $1.50.
Charles Frohman Presents
JOHN MASON
In His Latest and Greatest Triumph, Henry Bernstein's Masterpiece, "THE ATTACK." By the Author of "The Thief."

Amateurs Tonight, 8:15 Sharp.
NEW THEATRE
A Really Great Show.
THE TOURISTS
NOODLES FAGAN.
SIX ALL STAR ACTS.
Special Tonight, 8:15 Sharp.
Amateurs! Amateurs!
ALL NEW—ALL FUNNY.

MARYLAND — Matinee Daily.
12 ALL-STAR 12 FEATURE ATTRACTIONS
HENRY WOODRUFF & CO.
In "A Regular Business Man."
Great Bernardi—Conlin, Steele & Carr. Fred Duprez—Hufford & Chain. Lorraine & Burks—Billy Rogers. The Dooleys—Sue Smith. White's Comedy Circus—Heyn Bros. Special Feature—Thos. A. Edison's Talking Motion Pictures. New Subjects.

LYRIC — 8:30 o'Clock
MONDAY—MARIO
PHILHARMONIC
SOCIETY OF N. Y.
ORCHESTRA
JOSEPH STRANSKY, Conductor.
Soloist RUDOLPH GANZ, Pianist.
TICKETS $1.00, $1.50, $2. At Albaugh's.

GAYETY — Matinee Today at 2.15.
"Hail To The King"
AL. REEVES
And His
BIG BEAUTY SHOW
GET IT, IT'S GREAT.
Next Week—Beauty, Youth and Folly.

EMPIRE — Matinee Daily.
Away Ahead of the Times.
The New Century Girls
With TED BURNS.
Lady Patronage Welcomed.
Country Store Thursday Night.
Next Attraction—The Dandy Girls.

HOLLIDAY ST — Matinee Daily.
Evening, 10c., 20c. and 30c.
Matinee Daily, 10c. and 20c.
WHY WOMEN SIN
Next—FOR HER CHILDREN'S SAKE.

Nineteenth Peabody Recital
Friday, March 7, at 4 o'clock.
KNEISEL QUARTET
With HAROLD RANDOLPH, Pianist.
Single tickets (unreserved), 75 cents.

Mr. Marbury is a Republican in Practice and is About to Enter the Wrong Primaries. He is Not a Progressive, but Persistently Opposed Bryan and Progressive Measures Like the Public Utilities Law and Others. Says He Has No Politics But Votes as He Pleases.

[The following communication appeared in the Baltimore "News" of Feb. 28, 1913.]

To the Editor of THE NEWS:

Almost all of Mr. Marbury's political life has been spent in the service of the Republican party. His "democracy" (?) consists in supporting Republican tickets and, at various times, running on them himself as a candidate for office.

When the thousands of Democrats of Maryland read what he has been doing against them and their candidates during the last 30 years, what they will do to him in the primaries will be a plenty. Mr. Marbury's sponsors ought to have urged him to have entered the Republican primaries. He has no standing in a Democratic primary.

Look at his record:

In 1882 he was against the Democratic ticket and favored the opposition ticket.

In 1883 he was against the Democratic ticket, State and city, and supported the Republican ticket, State and city.

In 1885 he bitterly fought the Democratic ticket, legislative and city, and supported the Republican ticket, legislative and city.

In 1887 he again bitterly fought the Democratic State and city ticket and supported the Republican State and city ticket, and was in the Republican State Convention, helping to nominate the Republican ticket. In that State convention, which included Louis E. McComas, George L. Wellington, William F. Airey, Sidney E. Mudd and other leading Republicans, Mr. Marbury made a bitter speech, pledging himself and his friends to the support of the Republican State ticket and the Republican city ticket, and Frank Kent, in his "History of Maryland Politics," page 149, relates that this Republican speech of Mr. Marbury's, in the Republican State Convention, "aroused tremendous enthusiasm among the Republicans, who saw for the first time in years real hope of electing their ticket."

In 1889 Mr. Marbury ran on the Republican legislative ticket for the House of Delegates, being nominated by a Republican convention at the Eutaw House and, as a Republican candidate he fought hard for the whole Republican ticket, legislative and city, and against the Democratic ticket.

In 1891 he again ran as a Republican—this time for State's Attorney of Baltimore city—upon a Republican ticket headed by William J. Vannort and indorsed by the Republican City Convention, in charge of such well known Republicans as William F. Stone, Stephen R. Mason, Frank S. Strobridge, Dr. Montell, Dr. Tuck and others.

In 1895 he again opposed the whole Democratic ticket, State and city.

In 1896 he was against the Democratic national ticket, fighting William J. Bryan and supporting McKinley.

In 1897 he was against the Democratic State and city ticket and made speeches, just as he had done before in 1883 and 1885 and 1887 and 1889 and 1891 and 1895, for a Republican Legislature and a Republican United States Senator from Maryland.

In the great fight of 1899 he gave no help to the Democratic party in its struggle to redeem the State.

In the national campaign of 1900 he again bitterly fought Bryan and supported McKinley, the Republican candidate for the Presidency.

In 1903, for the first time he actively supported the Democratic ticket, no doubt because his personal friend, Mr. McLane, was on it, who kept one of his relatives, Mr. Fendall, in office as city engineer.

In 1904 Mr. Marbury took no part.

In 1905 he was against the Democracy on the great issue of the campaign, the Poe amendment, which he denounced and opposed.

In 1906 he took no part.

1907 he supported the Crothers ticket, the second State Democratic ticket which he supported in 30 years.

In 1908, with Bryan again as a candidate, Mr. Marbury took no active part.

In 1910 he took no active part for the democracy.

In 1911 he gave a faint, doubtful support to Mr. Gorman, the Democratic nominee for Governor.

So Mr. Marbury's friends are very much mixed and mistaken in bringing him out as a Democratic candidate. His place is in a Republican primary. Sir Isaac Newton said that everything can be answered except a fact. The great big fact in Mr. Marbury's case is that his political career has been that of a steadfast, consistent Republican. For 25 out of the 30 years of his political life in Maryland Mr. Marbury has been of the Republicans, by the Republicans and for the Republicans.

ROBERT M. DOWNS,
Mt. Washington Heights, Feb. 27.

N. B. Mr. Marbury fought the whole Democratic ticket in 1899 and supported the whole Republican ticket. He did the same thing in 1901.

[The following communication appeared in the Baltimore "Sun" of March 1, 1913.]

TO THE EDITOR OF THE SUN—*Sir:* Will those who are bringing out Mr. Marbury for the United States Senate against our Democratic Senator, John Walter Smith, please tell us how he is a Democrat and how he is a progressive and what his claims upon Democrats for this high honor rest on? I always remember Mr. Marbury as supporting, if not belonging to, the Republican party of Maryland. I know he was a Republican all through the eighties and nineties, and in late years has done little, if anything, for the Democratic party. He spoke and fought and voted for Republicans against such good Democratic candidates for office, running on Democratic tickets, as William Pinkney Whyte, Isidor Rayner, Robert M. McLane, Sr., Elihu E. Jackson, Frank Brown, John P. Poe, Thomas G. Hayes, Ferdinand C. Latrobe, Isaac Lobe Straus, A. Leo Knott, Charles B. Roberts, L. Victor Baughman, Edwin H. Brown, John E. Hurst, James Hodges, Henry Williams and many others. In fact, if the Democratic candidates for office on State, legislative and city tickets whom Mr. Marbury has fought and knifed for 30 years were counted, they would be almost enough in themselves to defeat him in the Democratic primaries.

Why not run "Sol" Warfield or "Charley" Bonaparte for Democratic Senator? They are just as good Democrats as Marbury and Marbury is just as good a Democrat as they.

Mr. Marbury's candidacy will, indeed, to use his own language, "summon Democrats to the firing line," but their fire will be against him and not against Mr. Smith or Mr. Straus, who have not spent their political lives driving their knife into Democratic tickets.

And where does Mr. Marbury come in as a progressive? He fought Bryan hard in 1896 and 1900 and was against his nomination in 1908 and did nothing to help him after he was nominated that year. No doubt he was with The Sun and Taft. He has not been for any progressive measure. He tried to kill the Public Utilities law and attempted to sneak through a "fake" substitute for it, which Governor Crothers and Mr. Straus knocked out. He was all mixed up in the Maryland Telephone fiasco and its broken contracts with the people and the deal which handed them over to the telephone monopoly. He is the chief figure in the Houston Oil Company, which is a lumber proposition, drawing its revenue from the Kirby lumber contract. While I have no sympathy with some things which have been said about the lumber interests of Senator Smith, Mr. Marbury is just as much a lumber-interest man as Senator Smith. And how can he claim to be a progressive wheel in 1896 and 1900 he fought Bryan harder than any man in Maryland and in 1908 failed to help him?

No corporation lawyer can be a real progressive, and there is no mask which Mr. Marbury can put on which will disguise him from the thousands of Maryland Democrats who have known him only as an opponent of their party and a supporter of Republican tickets, and as opposed to laws for the people and as in favor of laws for the corporations.

WILLIAM PATTERSON.
Govans, Baltimore county, Md., Feb. 27.

MR. MARBURY'S DECLARATION OF HIS PARTY'S FAITH.

The Baltimore News of December 14, 1910, quotes Mr. Marbury as making the following Declaration of His Political Faith:

"He (Mr. Marbury) said that HE BELONGED TO NO PARTY and HAD NO POLITICS, BUT VOTED ALL THE TIME AS HE PLEASED."

This is a fine Declaration on which to stand in a Democratic Primary.

THE NEWS took the above from THE SUN, which on September 20, 1908, published the same declaration of Mr. Marbury's political creed, as follows:

"WILLIAM L. MARBURY, the lawyer, is one man in Maryland who claims to have NO POLITICS AT ALL. In 1903 he made a speech in which he told his audience that HE BELONGED TO NO PARTY and HAD NO POLITICS, BUT VOTED ALL THE TIME AS HE PLEASED. THOSE WHO KNOW MR. MARBURY KNOW THAT THIS IS TRUE."

Signed: The Progressive Democratic Club Of Baltimore

Published As Advertisement By F. I. Savage, Treasurer

REPUDIATES CONFESSION

Mrs. Conway Takes Stand at Murder Trial in Chicago.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Chicago, Ill., March 5.—The "show woman" in Beatrice Ryall Conway-Cramer came to the front today and prompted her to drop the role of confessed companion of her husband in the murder of Miss Sophia Singer, and assume her abandoned role of lion tamer.

She tripped across Judge Kersten's courtroom and into the witness chair, disregarded her own lawyer's fixed instructions, defied the prosecuting attorney, and repudiated her detailed confession of the part she had taken in the killing of Miss Singer, her former friend and benefactress.

In so doing the woman threw away her last opportunity to tell about the Singer murder and save herself from an almost certain term in the penitentiary. She threw away this opportunity after a final warning from her lawyer that a truthful statement was all that could save her.

And the entire proceeding was based on the hope that she might save her husband, Charles Conway, or Cramer, the clown and high diver, from the gallows.

After it was all over the woman appeared in better spirits than she had been during all the hours of the trial, during which it had been taken for granted that she would go on the witness stand and to save herself admit the truth of the confession she had made to the police.

She turned to Conway, who had kept his eyes upon her during every moment that she was on the witness stand. His one fear was that she would admit the truth of the confessions, thus spoiling his defense of "police intimidation." When she left the witness stand, and their stories of police brutality still stood, he heaved a sigh of relief and leaned back in his chair.

Assistant State's Attorney Fleming, who is confident that but one verdict can come from such a situation, will demand the death penalty for Conway. Just what he will demand as a fitting punishment for Mrs. Conway he did not say. It is not expected that he will ask the death penalty for her.

LEVI P. MORTON IS ILL

Former Vice President Confined to Fifth Avenue Residence.

New York, March 5.—Announcement was made by the family today that Levi P. Morton, vice president in the Harrison administration and former governor of New York, is seriously ill at his Fifth avenue residence. He is 89 years old.

ROLLER SKATING
North Ave. Casino
SIX DAY RACE
MARCH 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 & 8.
ONE HOUR EACH NIGHT.
ADMISSION 10c.

Paint and Powder Club AUCTION SALE of Boxes and Seats for FLORODORA
Tea-room, Hotel Belvedere, Saturday afternoon, 4 P. M., March 8th.

TOLCHESTER EXCURSIONS
Always Popular. Always the Best.
Books Are Open for Engagements.
Secure Your Date Now.
Apply to Pier 16, Light Street.

METROPOLITAN SAVINGS BANK
S. W. Cor. Charles and Saratoga Sts.
At the meeting of the Board of Directors held February 13, 1913, it was resolved to pay interest at the per annum rate of
3.65%
on depositors' accounts for the year ending December 1, 1913.
C. C. SHRIVER, President.

WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY
Don't Fail to Use the
Cumberland-Pittsburgh Express
Leaves daily, 4:15 P. M., Union 9:05, Walbrook 9:16, arriving Cumberland 2:20 A. M. (sleeper remains over and may be occupied until 7 A. M.) Pittsburgh 7:30 A. M. High-class Electric-lighted Train, Standard Pullman Sleepers, Vestibuled Coaches.

Local Notes

Reduce the high cost of living. Buy a Parcel Post Scale, Blank Books, Fountain Pens, Steel Pens, Ink and all stationery for sale at Cost Price. The J. F. W. DORMAN CO., RUBBER STAMPS AND STENCILS, 526 N. Calvert Street.

American Barber Shop,
American Building, Main Corridor.
Decidedly an establishment of the highest class, where cleanliness and good attention prevails. Only popular prices are asked.

It Is Better To Go To
EMIL FISHER for
Cleaning and Dyeing Than Wish You Had.
216 W. Fayette.
419 N. Charles. 229 N. Howard.

Established 1825.
CONSOLIDATED LOAN CO.,
PAWNBROKERS. NO. 1 N. GAY ST.
SIDE ENTRANCE TO PRIVATE OFFICE.
Loans Held Any Length of Time Agreed Upon.

Wanted a First-Class Colored Violin Player. Apply at once
515 W. LEXINGTON ST.

Special—Large Sugar Cured Hams, 15⅞c lb. Compound Lard, 8½c lb. Butterine, 2 lbs. 29c. W. P. BIRD & BRO., 211 N. Paca.

Beveled Plate Glass and Mirrors.
We are manufacturers. Are you wise? Chaudron & Co., 217 W. Camden. Phone.

Personal

MRS. PAMELE J. LOGUE AND FAMILY wish to thank the Baltimore Perpetual Bldg. and Loan Asso., Baltimore Coal Exchange and friends for their kindness and sympathy in their bereavement. dit'ltp

A Perfect White Diamond Ring, 1 kt., $89; worth $175. BECK, 110 Equitable Bldg. dfp

DR. AND MRS. FOWLER ARE LOCATED at 1207 E. MONUMENT ST. fe22-dtmp

FARSON'S ACAD. MUSIC CONCERT HALL. CLASS FOR BEGINNERS TONIGHT. ALL LATEST DANCES. EASY TERMS. 1tp

LOANS ON FURS, OVERCOATS AND WINTER Garments; good care summer months. New York Loan Office, 668 W. Baltimore St. mh1-d&S1mp

MRS. ADOLPH, LICENSED MIDWIFE, IS located at 1023 MYRTLE AVENUE. fe22-d&S1mp

MRS. GERTRUDE KATZEN, Licensed Midwife, now located at 216 N. Poppleton St. fe13-d&S1mp

To the Ladies

MAYER, Optician, 532 North Gay.—Opera and Marine Glasses, Gold Spectacles, Eyeglasses, Chains. Artificial Eyes inserted and fit guaranteed. tu,th,sa-tf

$2.50 For Gold Frameless Eyeglasses. We restore every defect of vision to effect headache cures. Eyes tested free. BRAUN, Eyesight Specialist, 538 N. Gay St. tu,th,sa-tf

NEW Designs sure to please. Runge, Paperhanger, 627 W. Balto. Phone, St. Paul 700. d&S

HIS FIRST DAY AS PRESIDENT

Wilson Settles Down To Work In Hand

TALKS WITH CABINET

Explains Reported Policy of the "Open Door."

TUMULTY ALSO KEPT BUSY

The President, In Addition to Several Conferences and Attending to Matters Appertaining to His Office, Finds Time to Shake Hands With Close to Two Thousand Persons Who Crowded Into the White House in the Afternoon—Takes First Automobile Ride Through Capital.

Washington, March 5.—With the tinsel and the military pomp, the cheers of the multitude, the stirring music of bands and the heavy tread of marching thousands, the fireworks and the limelight only a pleasant memory, Woodrow Wilson settled down in the chair of Presidents as quietly and with as little ceremony probably as almost any man who ever crossed the threshold of the White House to become its master. His long day was crowded with incidents and filled with the flavor of the power that is a President's.

Almost his first act was to serve notice upon officeseekers that they will not be welcome at the White House unless they have been invited. Almost his last tonight was to confer with Senator John W. Kern, today chosen leader of the Democrats in the Senate and reputed representative of the administration in the upper house. In between he found time to shake hands with close to 2,000 persons, consult with his new Cabinet and with a few friends in Congress, dictate letters and generally launch his own ship of administration.

In spite of the reports that Mr. Wilson might be expected to change many of the precedents that have grown up about the presidency, he bothered with none of importance today, except that which permitted the office-seeker to invade the White House. He fitted in easily with the machine of the executive offices, did mostly what trained officials told him should be done and took up the routine of government with ease.

TUMULTY ALSO BUSY.

Joseph P. Tumulty, Mr. Wilson's secretary, was just about as busy as his chief. He talked to the newspaper men stationed at the White House a half dozen times; dictated many letters; received the congratulations of scores of friends from New Jersey and talked with many prominent Democrats.

The President spent the morning in his office; the afternoon in the White House at luncheon, and in the East Room receiving delegations and at 4 o'clock shut up shop and went out with Mrs. Wilson for his first automobile ride through Washington.

All the delegations received today came by appointment, and the reported policy of the "open door" was explained to be an open door only to those who came upon public business.

After luncheon with his family and Secretary Tumulty, Mr. Wilson learned one of the uses of the East Room. He stood for 40 minutes and shook hands with 1,140 persons. Major Thomas L. Rhoads, personal aid for a year to former President Taft, shot them by as fast as he could get their names, and the new President never flinched at the ordeal.

TAKES SPIN IN AUTO.

With all the callers disposed of, Mr. Wilson called for one of the White House automobiles used by Mr. Taft and started out for a spin around Washington. No aid in uniform, such as accompanied Mr. Taft, went with him, but the two motorcycle policemen assigned to guard the President on such trips, kept close behind on the ride.

After the President returned from his automobile ride Lindley M. Garrison, the Secretary of War, had a brief conference with him.

"I told the President that I thought I earned my salary today," said Secretary Garrison, with a laugh. "I'm learning the machinery of the department. You can't go from an equity court to a government department in a day and get accustomed to it at once."

Mr. Bryan, the Secretary of State, called after Secretary Garrison left. He brought with him Huntington Wilson, former assistant secretary of state, and the heads of the various bureaus of the State Department, presenting them to the President. Secretary Bryan said there were some questions in the various bureaus which required the attention of the President at once, but that they concerned routine chiefly.

USES ROOSEVELT'S CHAIR.

For a few days at least President Wilson will sit behind the big mahogany desk in his private office, in a chair which was used by former President Roosevelt. The chair Mr. Taft occupied was shipped to New Haven. Before he left the White House he ordered another for his successor, exactly like the one he used, but it had not arrived today. The Roosevelt chair is old and battered, but still good for service.

President Wilson's first visitors in his office today were home folk from New Jersey. In five taxicabs about 30 of them descended upon the executive offices to witness the swearing in of Joseph P. Tumulty as secretary to the President. President Wilson came into the room just as Secretary Tumulty had taken the oath.

"You look just the same as President as you did when you were Governor," remarked State Senator J. Warren David, with whom Mr. Wilson was intimately identified in accomplishing corporation reform in New Jersey.

The President replied that he felt just the same and was feeling fine. He shook hands with the party and showed them his own office. He commented at once on the excellent lighting, the exposure of his office in Trenton to bright light having distressed him very much at times.

CRANE A VISITOR.

Charles R. Crane, of Chicago, vice chairman of the Finance Committee of the Wilson campaign, was the first to have an appointment with the President. He called, he said, merely to pay his respects and was leaving tomorrow for Chicago, where he expected to hear the speech of Walter L. Fisher before the Commercial Club. Mr. Crane said he believed it would be an important utterance.

Mr. Crane has frequently been mentioned since the campaign for a diplomatic post. Though the President has

Continued on Ninth Page.

DAHLGREN DIVORCE SUIT

Millionaire Clubman Begins Fight to Prove His Innocence.

Bureau of The Baltimore American,
Room 1005 World Building,
New York, March 5.

Eric B. Dahlgren, millionaire clubman, whose wife, Lucy Drexel Dahlgren, daughter of the late Joseph A. Drexel, founder of the firm of Drexel, Morgan & Co., is seeking a divorce, began today his fight to prove himself innocent of Mrs. Dahlgren's charges. His lawyer, James B. Ely, formally submitted to Justice Bijur opposition briefs to the findings of Referee Klein, which recommended a divorce for Mrs. Dahlgren, who is related in marriage to Harry Lehr, of Baltimore, she being a sister to Mrs. Lehr.

Neither Mr. or Mrs. Dahlgren appeared in court, Mrs. Dahlgren being represented by William K. Olcott, who moved to confirm Mr. Klein's report. When the case was called both lawyers submitted briefs. The utmost reticence was observed by the attorneys. Both declined to state what points in law or fact they had called to the attention of Justice Bijur. They placed in Justice Bijur's hands a great volume of testimony.

If Justice Bijur sustains the referee, it is said to be Dahlgren's intention to carry his fight to the Court of Appeals. The testimony adduced at the trial, which was held behind closed doors, is said to be far from as conclusive as is usually offered in divorce actions. In rendering his decision, it was stated, the referee relied entirely on cases which awarded divorces to plaintiffs after "opportunity" and "inclination"—terms of wide discretionary latitude—had been established.

A BERTH FOR M'COMBS

Ambassadorship Offered Campaign Manager by Wilson.

Washington, March 5.—President Wilson made formal announcement today that he offered an ambassadorship to Chairman William F. McCombs, of the Democratic National Committee.

"Mr. McCombs told me he did not wish a cabinet appointment. I have offered him one of the principal diplomatic posts and hope he will accept. I desire men of cabinet size for the chief foreign appointments," said the President.

It is known that the ambassadorship to France has been offered.

Particular significance was generally attached to the visit at the White House offices of several other men mentioned for diplomatic posts. Abraham I. Elkus, who is likely to go to Japan, saw the President for a few minutes, as did Thomas Nelson Page, who may go either to Austria or Germany, and Charles R. Crane, of Chicago, who seems certain to go to Russia.

Richard Olney, of Massachusetts, who was secretary of state in President Cleveland's cabinet, was said to be slated for Great Britain. Frederick C. Penfield will go either to Austria or Italy and Augustus Thomas, of New York, is declared likely for one of these two posts. Justice J. W. Gerard for Spain, William Church Osborn or Henry Morganthau for Germany or Turkey and Frederick H. Aller for Switzerland are considered likely to represent the new administration abroad.

Boston, March 5.—"This is the first time I have heard of the matter," said Richard Olney today, when shown a Washington dispatch mentioning him as President Wilson's probable selection as ambassador to Great Britain.

As to whether he would accept the post if it was offered to him, Mr. Olney said he could say better when that time arrived. "But," he added, "it would not take me long to make up my mind."

DIPLOMACY MOVES SLOWLY

Both Sides Suffering While Powers Arrange Peace Terms.

London, March 5.—The diplomatic wheel is turning slowly in the Near East settlement. Only yesterday were the formalities of communicating Turkey's request for European mediation completed at the capitals of the Balkan League, and the allied governments gave an identical reply—that they must first consult with each other.

Meanwhile, although more than a month has passed since the armistice was ended, military operations are practically in abeyance and Turkey's besieged fortresses, which were to fall in a few days, still hold out. The financial and economic results of this delay must be disastrous to the allies.

According to reports published at Vienna, the powers are at variance on the question of indemnity. It is said that Great Britain and France oppose the idea, while Russia favors it. It is supposed that Russia may have secretly advanced funds for war purposes to Bulgaria and, therefore, desires to see Bulgaria reimbursed by an indemnity.

A Constantinople dispatch received at Vienna reports the existence of a serious movement among the military leaders at Tchatalja to overthrow the government.

CARDINAL IS TAKING REST

His Eminence Denies Himself to Visitors in New Orleans.

Special Dispatch to The American.

New Orleans, La., March 5.—Cardinal James T. Gibbons, who is stopping in the home of his brother, Col. John T. Gibbons, on Canal street, has decided to take a complete rest during the 10 days of his visit. The venerable prelate, who does not show the burden of his 78 years, retired to his room immediately after breakfast Wednesday morning, and left instructions with his secretary, Father Lewis R. Stickney, of the Baltimore Cathedral, that under no circumstances should he be disturbed. "The cardinal showed no signs of fatigue after the journey," Father Stickney said. "The trip was pleasant in every respect and the train reached here on schedule time. The cardinal will have very few engagements during his stay here, partly due to the fact that his visit is during Lent and partly because he has decided to have a complete rest while here with his family."

Apart from the mass he will celebrate at St. Joseph's Church at 7 o'clock Sunday, the Cardinal will not officiate at any public ceremonies during his stay in the city. Word today reached Cardinal Gibbons that over 1,100,000 copies of his book, The Faith of Our Fathers, have been published.

LEAVES IT IN DOUBT

An Appeal Taken in Castellane-Gould Annulment Case.

Rome, March 5.—The decision rendered by the Papal tribunal of Rota, favorable to the annulment of the marriage of Count Boni de Castellane and Miss Anna Gould, now the Duchess de Talleyrand, is not final. According to the ecclesiastical law, two decisions are necessary for a definite verdict. In the Castellane-Gould case the first decision was against annulment, and the second in favor of it.

The Duchess de Talleyrand has appealed against the latest verdict of the Rota tribunal, in order to protect her children, and the settlement of the appeal will constitute the final verdict with respect to the annulment of the marriage.

VANDALISM AT GETTYSBURG

Eight Battlefield Monuments Ruined

A HEAVY HAMMER USED

Noble Works of Sculptors Smashed in the Night.

ACT OF A MALICIOUS HAND

Memorials to Pennsylvania, New York, Vermont, Wisconsin and Massachusetts Patriots Ruthlessly Knocked to Pieces—Lower Jaw of Granite Lion on Monument to Grant's Vermont Brigade Broken Off — Mutilation Prosecuted in a Systematic Way. To Be Probed.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Gettysburg, Pa., March 5.—Eight monuments on the Gettysburg Battlefield were badly damaged last night by a vandal, who evidently used a heavy hammer for his destructive work. The monuments which suffered were the Fifth Corps Headquarters, Forty-ninth and Ninety-sixth Pennsylvania, Fortieth New York, Grant's Vermont Brigade, Sixth Maine, Fifth Wisconsin and Thirty-seventh Massachusetts. Large pieces of granite were chipped off prominent parts of all the memorials, while on the Ninety-sixth Pennsylvania and Fortieth New York statues of soldiers parts of the faces were knocked off, guns mashed and portions of the bodies broken. On the Grant Vermont Brigade memorial a large granite lion was defaced by the breaking off of the lower jaw.

That the destruction was the result of malice, and not of a craze of a relic-hunter, is evident from the fact that the broken pieces were not carried away, but litter the ground. Portions of stone, gun barrels, fragments of stone shoes and peaks of the stone caps that covered the heads of the stone figures, as well as stone noses and ears and portions of stone hands, are scattered about the bases of the statues. The destructive work, so far as inspection has revealed, is confined almost entirely to the part of the National Park lying near Little Round Top, the start of it being on Sykes avenue, which leads out to the place mentioned and past Devils Den. The first object of the vandal's hand was a large stone cross which marks the position of the Fifth Army Corps on the second day of the battle. The upright of the cross was capped by a handsome granite cone, the whole design having presented a beautiful appearance as it fronted Sykes avenue from its position in a small boulder-strewn tract of woodland. Today the cone lies in fragments on the ground, and jagged pieces of splintered rock protrude from where it was on the top of the upright of the cross, while the cross itself has been chipped at every corner except in front, and the pieces of granite lie at its base. The monument itself is ruined, and it stands there a sort of parody on the subject it was erected to commemorate.

HIS WORST WORK.

About 20 yards from the mutilated cross was a beautiful 8-foot granite monument, simulating the tall stump of a tree. It marks the spot of the Thirty-seventh

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WORLD'S NEWS IN BRIEF

THE COUNTRY AT LARGE.

The cause of woman suffrage received a setback in Massachusetts and Maine when the legislatures of those states defeated resolutions to have the word "male" stricken from the Constitution.

Sergt. J. D. Manley, of the Texas National Guard, who killed a spectator of the Taft parade in Dallas nearly four years ago, lost his appeal from a sentence of 40 years for second degree murder.

The foreman and four men of a Santa Fe Railroad construction gang were killed and 25 others injured, some of them fatally, at Keen Brook, Cal., by a premature explosion of dynamite.

Both branches of the Idaho legislature, which have large Republican majorities, adopted resolutions of congratulation to Woodrow Wilson on his ascendance to the presidency.

Henry C. Stone, 70 years old, said to be the oldest member of the Elks in the United States, former actor and theatrical manager, is dead at his home in Paterson, N. J.

Oscar Dana Allen, professor of metallurgy and analytical chemistry at Yale University from 1871 to 1887, is dead at his home at Ashford, Wash. He was 77 years old.

Levi P. Morton, vice president in the Harrison administration, is reported to be seriously ill at his Fifth avenue residence in New York. He is 89 years old.

Dr. Frederick C. Johnson, one of the owners of the Wilkes-Barre (Pa.) Record, and prominent in the newspaper world, is dead. He was 54 years old.

General Bliss reported that Mexicans fired the first shots in the second clash on the border.

SPORTS.

Arthur Shafer, the infielder, who was wintering in California, set all talk of his quitting baseball at rest when he reported at the Giants' training camp.

The liner Oceanic, due in New York today, carries Sir Thomas Lipton's challenge for another yacht race for the America's Cup in 1914.

Winners on the Charleston track were Jack Kellogg, Parcel Post, Dipper, Efferdil, Gardenia and Swartz Hill.

Members of the Cincinnati National League team began their spring training season at Mobile yesterday.

Winners on the Juarez track were Old Rosebud, Rogon, Kiva, High Street, Suffragist and Rosevale.

FOREIGN.

A German torpedo-boat destroyer was rammed and sunk by a cruiser during the maneuvers in the North Sea, and 66 officers and crew were drowned.

Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, leader of British militant suffragettes, has broken down and gone to the country for a complete rest.

The celebration of the tercentenary of the Romanoff dynasty on the throne of Russia began in St. Petersburg.

Both the German and the French military officials are planning to largely increase their standing armies.

Myron T. Herrick, United States Ambassador to France, has sent his resignation to President Wilson.

Geoffrey England, a British aviator, was killed while making a flight at Salisbury, Plain, England.

Ethel Slade, a British militant suffragette, was sentenced to nine months' imprisonment.

Sir Thomas Lipton has issued another challenge for the America's Cup.

WORLD'S NEWS IN BRIEF

BALTIMORE CITY.

Cloudy today and fair tomorrow.

Admiral Robert E. Peary, the discoverer of the North Pole, delivered two lectures yesterday on The Conquest of the Poles, the first being at the Park School and the other at the Phoenix Club.

After he had shot and killed his wife and attempted suicide by shooting himself in the head, Barnett R. Clark, Arlington real estate dealer, who is now dying at the University Hospital, held members of the Arlington fire and police departments at bay for more than 15 minutes in front of his home at Rogers and Denmore avenues.

Mayor Preston received a letter from Henry De Pachman, a young Chicago business man, asking that co-operation be extended him in his efforts to make the acquaintance of a "beautiful Southern society girl."

The board of directors of the Maryland Penitentiary exonerated former Warden Emeritus John F. Weyler of the charges of graft, misconduct and mismanagement, and answered in detail the report of Governor Goldsborough's penitentiary probing committee.

According to the estimates of the Baltimore and Ohio and the Pennsylvania Railroads and the Washington, Baltimore and Annapolis Railway Company, nearly 90,000 Baltimoreans visited the inauguration this year.

George P. Phenix, vice president of the Hampton Normal and Agricultural Institute, will be one of the principal speakers this evening at the annual meeting of the Maryland Tuberculosis Association at McCoy Hall.

Sergeant John Carey, of the Central district, was commended by the Police Board for the part he played in the arrest of Robert H. Davis, the "window-washer" thief, who was apprehended several weeks ago.

It developed at the weekly meeting of the Paving Commission that there was much opposition to the efforts of the body to narrow some of the improved thoroughfares in order to place a parking thereon.

The Reinie Salmon Company has awarded a contract to C. Newbold & Son for the erection of two additional stories to the firm's pleant on the northwest corner of Warner and Ostend streets.

Miss Anna Herkner, assistant chief of the Bureau of Statistics and Information, gave an informal talk at the Bryn Mawr School upon Social Ills—Their Chief Cause and Chief Remedies.

Dr. W. W. Davis, secretary of the Lord's Day Alliance, called upon Mayor Preston in opposition to the ordinance to have the so-called Sunday blue laws repealed.

Charters were filed at the State Department at Dover, Del., for Lilly & Co., manufacturers of candles, and