HAVE SERUM BUT CANNOT USE IT

Dr. Friedmann Stalls the Government Physicians.

HOLDS FAST TO HIS SECRET

TELLS CANADIANS HISTORY OF HIS DISCOVERY.

The German Doctor Says He Spent 23 Years in Research Work to Find a Tuberculine That Was Not Toxic and Virulent—Says the Ideal Is to Eradicate Tuberculosis and Declares He Has Used It to Vaccinate Children Living in Tubercular Environments.

Washington, March 12.—Government tests of Dr. F. F. Friedmann's tuberculosis vaccine may be delayed indefinitely by the refusal of the Berlin physician to impart to the Public Health Service the method of making vaccine from his cultures or the size of the dose. It developed tonight that Dr. Friedmann has notified Surgeon General Blue that he will not divulge his secret until government physicians have recognized improvement in patients treated by him.

Surgeon General Blue announced today that his official mail had been increased fourfold with letters from all parts of the country from tuberculosis sufferers begging for an opportunity to offer themselves as subjects for test. He reiterated today that under no circumstances would the public health service administer the vaccine to human beings, at this time, if at all.

EXPLAINS TO CANADIANS

Friedmann Tells How He Came to Discover His Serum.

Ottawa, Ontario, March 12.—Dr. Friedrich F. Friedmann, of Berlin, discussed today before the Canadian Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis his treatment for tuberculosis, the manner of his discovery and provisions he took to insure its harmlessness. He said he had spent 23 years in research work to find a tuberculine that was not toxic and virulent, and having found it tried it first of all on himself.

He discarded human tubercle bacilli, he said, after many experiments, because he feared the results were too dangerous. The end of his research came, he asserted, when he found a bacillus which originated in a cold-blooded animal—the turtle—which bacillus became a virulent and atoxic after frequent transplantation.

"When that condition was reached," he said, "I injected it into myself, then into patients infected with tuberculosis, then into healthy children in tubercular surroundings. I have found the remedy invariably harmless."

Discussing tests of his vaccine as a preventive of tuberculosis, Dr. Friedmann, in his address to the convention expressed the hope that this would be found to be the great use of his discovery in the future.

"I have found this remedy harmless when I used it for patients ranging from earliest childhood to the most advanced age in all forms of application—subcutaneously, intramuscal and intravenous—even in big doses," said Dr. Friedmann, "and equally efficient in all forms of tuberculosis, pulmonary bone, joint, glandular and skin. Aside from absolutely hopeless cases, whose fates were already sealed, the remedy has proven its efficiency in most instances.

"To obtain the ideal, to eradicate tuberculosis as an endemic disease, it is necessary not only to cure the tubercular individuals now living, but also to protect the future generations from infection by a method following in principle Janner's vaccination. So far I have vaccinated 350 children varying in age from one hour to three years. Most of these children were living in tubercular environments and were exposed to infection from the source. The earliest immunizations were made 17 months ago, and all the children are well today and are free from all symptoms of scrofula or tuberculosis.

"There is a well-founded hope, therefore, that this will prove the right way and the one to which our future efforts will have to be directed."

A JACK THE CLIPPER

He Cut Tresses From Girls' Heads at Moving Picture Shows.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Lock Haven, Pa., March 12.—Paul Harder, a prominent young society man, was arrested late last night on suspicion that he is the "Jack the Clipper" who for six months has been operating in the moving picture and vaudeville theaters of this town, clipping tresses from the heads of young girls.

While attending a local theater last night with a girl friend, Amy Diem, aged 15 years, of Fleming, near here, felt a tugging at her hair when the lights were turned off. Putting up her hand, a bunch of her own hair dropped into it. Harder was seated in the row immediately behind. Miss Diem called an usher and Harder was asked to step into the lobby, where he was searched. A pair of manicure scissors was found, and Constable Myers placed him under arrest.

Harder was taken to jail, where another search was made and another pair of scissors found. After spending the night in jail he was released on bail today. He claims he is innocent.

A Woman Drowns Herself.

Hagerstown, Md., March 12.—Desperate from suffering, following an illness of 30 years, the wife of James T. Delauney, of Sharpsburg, committed suicide by drowning herself in the cistern at her home this morning. It is believed that her long illness unbalanced her mind. Her body was found about 2 o'clock by her son, Charles Delauney, who had been nursing his mother and fell asleep while sitting at her bedside. Waking, he found the bed empty and instituted a search, which led to the cistern. The body was found in about eight feet of water. She was 70 years old and a member of the Lutheran Church. She leaves her husband, five children and two brothers (Jacob and John Mose, of Sharpsburg).

ADMIRALS IN STREET FIGHT

Retired Naval Officer Boxes Cabinet Officer's Ears.

Rome, March 12.—A street fight with fists between Admiral Pasquale Cattolica, the Italian minister of marine, and Admiral Gozo, recently retired from the Italian Navy, caused a great sensation here today.

Admiral Gozo, meeting the minister of Marine on the street, went straight up to him and boxed his ears. Admiral Cattolica replied energetically to the assault, and a rough-and-tumble conflict continued until the combatants were separated by bystanders, and Admiral Gozo was arrested by the police.

Gozo's grievance, it is said, was the Minister's act in placing him on the retired list.

Admiral Cattolica, on entering the chamber of deputies this evening to participate in the opening of the discussion of the naval budget, was received with a warm and affectionate ovation from the members of all political parties in consequence of the personal attack made on the minister of marine by Admiral Gozo earlier in the day.

Vice Admiral Giovanni Bettolo, former chief of the naval staff, during the debate on the naval budget delivered a weighty and patriotic speech in which he insisted upon the necessity of a systematic and progressive development of Italy's naval program up to the extreme limit of the economic possibilities of the nation. The Vice Admiral said such a program should be carried out with the greatest rapidity in order to bring into being the highest state of naval efficiency that is possible.

STARTS FOR HOME TODAY

Cardinal Gibbons Making Visit to Brother in New Orleans.

Special Dispatch to The American.

New Orleans, La., March 12.—Cardinal Gibbons has planned to leave for his home in Baltimore Thursday evening. He arrived in New Orleans, March 4, for his annual visit to his brother, accompanied by his secretary, Father Louis Stickney, and by Father T. J. Kenny, pastor of St. Peter's Church. The Cardinal has enjoyed a number of social affairs—a dinner as the guest of Mrs. T. J. Semmes, another as the guest of Mrs. George Denegre, and several in his brother's home, in Canal street, where a few friends were entertained at a time. The Cardinal has visited a number of the Catholic institutions of this city, taking in one each day. Sunday morning he preached to over 600 men in St. Joseph's Church, saying the mass and giving Communion to the Knights of Columbus. He has also enjoyed the rest from his ordinary life and will return in time to take up the special preparation for Holy Week and Easter.

SUICIDE OF TWO LADIES

The Wife and Daughter of an Old Army Surgeon.

London, March 12.—Mrs. Louisa Jeffryes and Natalie Jeffryes, the wife and daughter of Dr. Wyman Jeffryes, a Scotchman who served some time as an army surgeon in the American Civil War, committed suicide yesterday in a pond near Godalming, Surrey.

Dr. Jeffryes, when he identified the bodies today, said he served a long time in the United States Army and fought in three wars. He declared that his wife suffered from hallucinations and that his daughter was overwrought by constant attendance on her.

LIVE WIRE KILLS MAN

Moving-picture Operator Meets Death While at Work.

Philadelphia, March 12.—While spectators who crowded a theater in the northeastern section of this city sat in wonder at the sudden stopping of a moving picture being displayed on the screen today, an investigation by attaches of the house resulted in the discovery that the operator had been electrocuted. His body was found stretched across an electric switchboard in the little room in which the machine was located. The dead man, Frederick Schmidstetter, 43 years of age, was an experienced operator, and the manner in which he came into contact with the live wire is a mystery.

RESTORED TO CITIZENSHIP

Missouri Governor Grants Clemency to Former Convict.

St. Louis, March 12.—Governor Major today restored citizenship to Julius Lehmann, former member of the St. Louis House of Delegates, who served four years in the penitentiary for bribery.

Lehmann was convicted during the famous municipal boodle trials conducted by Joseph W. Folk, then circuit attorney, and was sentenced to seven years in the penitentiary. This sentences was commuted in 1907 by Mr. Folk, who by that time had become governor. Lehmann left prison June 14, 1907, but the clemency shown by his prosecutor did not include the restoration of citizenship.

ORDERS A CHICKEN DIET

Magistrate Says Woman Must Eat Thirteen in Two Weeks.

Bureau of The Baltimore American, Room 1005 World Building, New York, March 12.

Mrs. Jennie Harporn, of 78 Milford street, must eat 13 chickens in two weeks, according to a decision of Police Magistrate Dodde today.

Mrs. Harporn had 23 chickens in her yard. Neighbors complained, and a health inspector told Mrs. Harporn she can keep only 10 chickens. She was arrested for disregarding this order, and today was taken to court.

"How will you get rid of the 13 chickens?" asked the magistrate.

"Eat them," said the woman.

"See that you do inside of two weeks," the court ruled.

NO MORE FIRE HORSES

New York Department Supplanting Them With Motors.

New York, March 12.—The day of the fire horse in New York City is over.

"We will purchase no more horses for the fire department," Commissioner Johnson announced this afternoon. "We have now about 1,500 horses in the department and we are replacing horse-drawn apparatus with motors as fast as possible."

ANOTHER STATE AGAINST HUERTA

SINALOA OFFICIALLY JOINS IN THE REVOLT.

AGUA PRIETA IS EVACUATED

Yaqui Indians Volunteer to Join the Insurgents, Who Have Named a Provisional Governor and Are Preparing to Give Battle to the Federal Troops—Kosterlitzky, the Federal Commander's Plight—A Battle Imminent.

Nogales, Ariz., March 12.—The State of Sinaloa, south of Sonora, has revolted officially against Huerta's national government and named a provisional governor, according to reports of persons arriving here today from Hermosillo. They also report that the Yaqui Indians of Sonora have volunteered to assist the insurgents. State troops, under General Obregon, today began moving in from their camp, 20 miles to the south. Further conferences between Colonel Kosterlitzsky, of the Nogales garrison, and Capt. C. C. Smith, of the Fifth United States Cavalry border patrol, have been without result.

Obregon's forces, at noon, were only three miles away. Kosterlitzky sent word to Captain Smith that he was starting out to give battle.

Kosterlitzky, whose 40 years of military service in Mexico ends in April, when he will be retired on full pay, finds himself facing probably the most serious situation of a military life filled with campaigns against the Indian tribes of Sonora. With fewer than 300 rural police and recruits, he must meet an advance of nearly 1,000 state troops or flee to the American side.

General Obregon sent commissioners to Nogales, Sonora, late this afternoon and they conferred with Colonel Kosterlitsky and Mexican Consul Aguilar. It is said the conference was largely on the subject of avoiding the killing or injuring of Americans on this side of the line. Kosterlitsky is quoted as saying that he regrets the danger to Americans, but that he will not try to avoid a battle if the state troops attack the town.

Captain Smith, of the Fifth United States Cavalry Border Patrol, has sent a train to Fort Huachuca for reinforcements.

Obregon's troops this afternoon halted their advance against Nogales, Sonora, because of an appeal from Mexican Consul Aguilar, who is attempting to arrange a conference between the insurgent leader and Kosterlitzky.

Troopers of the Fifth United States Cavalry are prepared to clear the streets of this town on short notice.

GOING AGAINST ODDS

Ojeda Marches Out to Join Kosterlitzky's Rural Guards.

Douglas, Ariz., March 12.—General Ojeda and 450 men evacuated Agua Prieta at 9 o'clock today, and began an overland march west to Nogales, where Colonel Kosterlitzky's rural police are threatened with attack. Each man carried all the arms and ammunition possible. The rest of the garrison equipment, surplus arms and ammunition were left packed in box cars, ready to rush to Nogales, Ariz., in event of fighting in the Mexican town. Opposite a troop rain is being held under steam today at Fort Huachuca, a few miles north of the border.

In three divisions, riding dilapidated army horses and hauling three machine guns, the federals marched slowly toward the Naco Mountains on a supposedly perilous trip to Nogales. The move was viewed by a reinforced United States patrol.

Ojeda left a guard of 30 armed men at the garrison under Col. Jesus Montara, who, immediately after the departure, applied at the American custom-house for permission to leave his arms and ammunition in case he was attacked and for admission of his men to the United States. Permission was granted with the provision that the supplies could not be recovered unless by permission of the President of the United States.

Ojeda expected to go to Nogales via Naco and Cananea. At Naco 100 federal troops are ready to evacuate and join him and at Cananea 500 will also evacuate.

This will leave every point in Northern Sonora, except Nogales, in possession of the Constitutionalists.

The retiring general took all the Mexican custom-house and federal telegraph office accoutrements with him.

Miguel Samaniego already is on the way with 800 state troops to garrison the town and reports from Fronteras said that Callas and Bracamente will leave there today for Agua Prieta. This will place 1,000 Constitutionalists in the port.

Only one woman, Mrs. Anna Gatliff, keeper of a curio store, remained in Agua Prieta last night. Only three Mexican families remained in the town and all homes are denuded, everything of value having been brought to this side for safety. Two merchants also brought their stocks across the line.

The loading of ammunition and guns into box cars late yesterday was for the purpose of disarming the Yaquis, who were suspected of disloyalty, but they would not give up their rifles and the scheme failed.

Ellicott City Marriage Licenses.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Ellicott City, Md., March 12.—Marriage licenses were issued here today to the following:

Stanley Leroy Ward, 23, and Myrtle May Brown, 23; both of Washington, D. C.

Dorsey Mylears, 23, and Carrie L. Barnes, 18; both of Howard county.

Harold S. Lincoln, 22, and Florence A. Baker, 21; both of Washington, D. C.

Charles A. Warfield, 21, Howard county, and Annie M. Palmer, 19, Frederick county.

Franklin Steward Manley, 33, and Mazie Brosenne, 36, both of Howard county.

Harry R. E. Lewis, 21, and Louisa M. Brundick, 19; both of Baltimore city.

Enoch Toogood, 22, and Margaret Patterson, 19; both of Elkridge, Howard county.

Mrs. Lloyd Lowndes Wins.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Cumberland, Md., March 12.—The defendants won in both cases in the United States District Court here today, Judge Rose presiding. The jury decided in favor of the Cumberland Coal Company in the $10,000 damage suit against it by Joseph Diebasco for the killing of Samuel Diebasco. Judge Rose rendered a decision in favor of Mrs. Lloyd Lowndes in the suit of Mr. and Mrs. William J. Read, of Elkins, W. Va., to recover on some bank stock put up as collateral with a note, and which was afterwards sold outright and the balance above the note paid to plaintiffs.

Richard E. Griffith.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Winchester, Va., March 12.—Richard E. Griffith, former postmaster of Winchester, and one of the best-known traveling men in Virginia, died here suddenly late last night of Bright's disease. He was 65 years of age and leaves a widow and one son (Richard E. Griffith, Jr., of Winchester). Mr. Griffith was a son of the late Aaron H. Griffith, of Brookland, this county. During President Harrison's administration he was postmaster here.

HON. LEVI PARSONS MORTON

—Copyright by Marceau, New York.

Former vice president of the United States who is very ill at his New York residence. Mr. Morton is now nearly eighty-nine years old. He has long been a leader of the Republican party, was governor of New York, member of Congress, minister to France and has held many other responsible positions. Mr. Morton is a banker of great wealth.

WILSON TO USE THE BIG STICK

Continued from First Page.

Congress. The President will send first a message pointing out the necessity for tariff revision and will follow this with a series of messages upon specific things which he believes Congress may be able to act upon without unnecessarily prolonging the session. This course is said to have been approved at today's Cabinet meeting. The suggestion that only tariff revision be attempted at the coming session arose from the fear that other subjects might cloud the tariff question and interfere with it.

CANNON VISITS WILSON.

It was a day of many callers for the President, and while most of them were members of Congress being consulted about patronage questions, some talked legislative policies and others came merely to pay their respects. Among these was Uncle Joe Cannon, former speaker of the House, who said good-by to the President before departing for his home in Danville, Ill. With his cigar conspicuously displayed in the manner familiar to official Washington, the former speaker stood on the steps of the executive offices talking to the correspondents who had asked him the purpose of his visit.

"I came to say good-by to the President and wish him well," he said. "He's my President as well as anybody else's, you know."

The President saw a number of visitors in the East Room, among them Solicitor General Bullitt and Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the Money Trust investigating committee, but the visits were social in character. For a short time during the afternoon the President worked on his correspondence, but he soon was outdoors enjoying the spring weather. The President spied some magnolias in blossom, observed the growing verdure of the White House grounds and swung into a brisk walk along Potomac Drive. Only a Secret Service man accompanied him and he attracted practically no attention as he strolled through the parkways.

SAILS FOR ECUADOR

Senora Leonidas Plaza, Wife of South American President.

New York, March 12.—Senora Leonidas Plaza, wife of the President of Ecuador, sailed today with her five children for Colon, there to cross the isthmus and join her husband in Quito. The varied political fortunes of Senora Plaza have kept her here for more than five years, an exile from her native land.

Senor Plaza, who was elected president of Ecuador last September, after years spent in the United States as an exile, has never seen his youngest child, born 17 months ago, a month after he returned to his home in South America. All five children were born in America, and none of them can speak Spanish, the mother tongue of the land over which their father rules.

WOMAN DIES IN FIRE

Aged Pensioner Trapped by Flames in Philadelphia Lodging-house.

Philadelphia, March 12.—Trapped in a little upstairs backroom by flames which damaged a lodging-house in the center of the city early today, Mrs. Annie Maguire, an aged pensioner, was rendered unconscious by the smoke and died shortly after being carried to the street. Two other women lodgers were overcome and are in a hospital in a serious condition and two firemen who suffered from the smoke had to be removed to the same institution. The damage to the building was slight.

NO HONORS AT ADMIRAL'S GRAVE

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ing the Admiral. Investigation showed, however, that the child died a natural death. The Admiral and his wife later became reconciled.

Dr. Joseph Frame, of Redland, the Eaton family physician, who saw the Admiral the day before he died, and who was called in at the time of his death, said today:

PHYSICIAN REFUSES COMMENT.

"The case is in the hands of Medical Examiner Osgood and District Attorney Albert F. Barker, of Plymouth county, and they will act as they see fit.

"The whole story will come out in time. It is rather peculiar to me that the neighbors near the Eaton home, who undoubtedly knew or have heard things, didn't let this come out before. I did not sign the death certificate giving the cause of death. That was up to the medical examiner. I saw the Admiral last Friday. They say he died Saturday, but I've got nothing to say. I'm only going to say what I can reasonably say on a witness stand, if I have too. I wouldn't say the Admiral was a man in feeble health. That's all I care to say."

Mrs. George Harrison, Mrs. Eaton's mother, remained at the home in West Norwell. She said today: "These rumors that my son-in-law was poisoned are terrible. We feel terribly distressed over his death. It is nonsense to say that the Admiral was poisoned. His stomach, as people well knew, was in bad shape.

"He was a naval man, and like many naval men do, he used considerable liquor. His death was from purely natural causes. Admiral Eaton was unable to retain food in his stomach during the past year or so. This was especially true of his breakfast.

COOKED OWN DINNER.

"Last Wednesday he cooked his own dinner, as he was in the habit of doing at times. He had a pig killed. It weighed 90 pounds, and last Wednesday he cooked it himself with vegetables. At 2 P. M. he sat down and ate about two pounds of it. A few hours later he became sick. He seemed to be suffering at the time.

"Thursday he was taken sick and was attended by Mrs. Eaton and his stepdaughter Dorothy. He was nauseated that day and complained of feeling tired. He said his body ached. He continued sick during Thursday night and Friday and complained of feeling cold. Mrs. Eaton gave him hot water bottles for his feet and back. Both she and her daughter Dorothy worked over him until late Friday night. Mrs. Eaton did not sleep in the room with the Admiral that night. She slept with her daughter in a nearby room.

"About 2 o'clock Saturday morning I heard a sound of something falling and I called to my daughter, Mrs. Eaton, and to Dorothy. I said I was afraid something had happened to the Admiral. They found that he had fallen out of bed. He seemed dazed. He did not seem to understand what had happened. They put him in bed again and he said, 'That's good; I feel better now. I feel quite comfortable.' Mrs. Eaton remained in the room with the Admiral, and she fell asleep. About two hours later, as dawn was breaking, I was awakened by voices in the hall, evidently those of Mrs. Eaton and Dorothy. I heard Dorothy say, 'He's gone.' Then I got up and found that he had died.

CARRIED $6,000 INSURANCE.

"My daughter told me that she fell asleep and knew nothing further until daybreak, when she awoke and found he was dead. I think Dr. Frame did not realize how ill the Admiral was when he treated him on Friday.

FOUND KOHLER BEHIND ICEBOX

CLEVELAND CHIEF OF POLICE TO ANSWER CHARGES.

PHYSICIAN DEFENDS HIM

Samuel D. Shearer, Former Husband of the Woman With Whom It Is Charged the Defendant Was Guilty of Immoral Conduct, Told the Civil Service Commission His Version of the Story—First Witness for Defense Is Heard.

Cleveland, O., March 12.—Samuel D. Schearer, former husband of the woman with whom it is charged Chief of Police Fred Kohler was guilty of immoral conduct, today told the Civil Service Commission his version of the occurrences at the Schearer home which constitute the basis for the charges against the police chief.

The prosecution then rested and Dr. Maurice Budwig, first witness for the defense, stated that he had prescribed for Kohler while the chief was at home in bed on February 2, 1912, the date of his first alleged visit to the Schearer home.

On the night of June 5, 1912, Schearer said he smashed a window in his home after ringing the doorbell for several minutes, and going through the house found Kohler hidden behind the icebox in the kitchen.

"You've got me," Kohler exclaimed, according to Schearer, "now what are you going to do with me?"

Then they went upstairs to where Mrs. Schearer was found. Schearer described Kohler and his wife as being in "scanty attire."

Schearer insisted that his wife must go away that night, and said he asked Kohler to provide a place for her to stay. "Sam, you wouldn't put me out of the house tonight?" the witness said his wife pleaded.

Clayton P. Benjamin, a friend of Schearer's, was then called to identify Kohler and Mrs. Schearer, the witness said. Finally Mrs. Schearer left the house, Schearer said, and during the conversation which followed the witness said Kohler asked that the story be kept from his wife.

"I said 'you can rest assured that she will never learn about this from me.'" Schearer said. "I thought it was the only sensible thing he had said during that evening."

Regarding Benjamin's testimony given yesterday, Schearer said he did not remember that his wife had said she was to blame for having invited Kohler there that evening. He admitted that Kohler had said he had come there that evening in the expectation of meeting other parties.

Members of the commission examined Dr. Budwig's daybook memorandum of his visit to Chief Kohler on February 2, and City Solicitor Wilcox declared that the name "Fred Kohler" seemed to him to be "written over an erasure."

After questioning Dr. Budwig concerning his visits to other patients on that day, the hearing was adjourned until 1 o'clock Thursday.

In a statement issued tonight Chief Kohler outlined what probably will be the line of his defense against the charges of immoral conduct with Mrs. May Schearer on June 5 last. He says he was given to understand that he was to meet Mr. and Mrs. Schearer and another couple at the Schearer home that night, and says he saw he was the victim of a trap when he got there and found only Mrs. Schearer. His statement claims the evidence so far in his trial has not shown any immoral conduct on his part.

WOMEN ON POLICE FORCE

Bill at Albany Allows Twenty or More for New York.

Albany, N. Y., March 12.—Authority to appoint 20 patrolwomen, or as many more as necessary, is given the police commissioner of New York city in a bill introduced in the state legislature today.

The appointees would be between 30 and 45 years old, would be uniformed and would do duty in dance halls, public parks and moving picture shows, or in regularly protecting women and children. They would draw the same salary as male members of the force and would share in the police pension fund.

FAVORS MINIMUM WAGE

Bill in Ohio Legislature Seeks to Learn Women's Wages.

Columbus, O., March 12.—A bill which is intended as a companion measure to the industrial commission bill, now pending in the legislature, has been prepared and will be introduced in the House tomorrow with the sanction of Gov. James M. Cox, who has stamped it an administration measure. The bill would require all persons or corporations employing five or more females to report to the state inspector of workshops and factories, giving detailed information as to wage of women, hours of employment, etc. The data thus secured is to be turned over to the state industrial commission, which it is proposed shall be created.

Governor Cox announced himself in favor of the minimum wage for women workers, but the bill as drawn does not as yet provide for that feature.

LOOK FOR GOOD SEASON

American Ice Company Has Plenty of Artificial Ice on Hand.

Bureau of The Baltimore American, Room 1005 World Building, New York, March 12.

The Wall Street Journal tonight says: "Officials of the American Ice Company are very optimistic on the outlook for the present year and are confident that with a normal summer the company will be able to show its largest business of the last decade. The company has been unable to harvest any considerable amount of natural ice on the Hudson and there is absolutely no chance that it will be able to do any business there this month, even with freezing weather.

"Under President Oler's direction the company's force in Baltimore, Washington and Philadelphia, has been transferred to the Maine fields, it being evident that any natural ice which the company will secure this year must come from that state. It is hoped that at least 500,000 tons of ice will be harvested in Maine this year, of which at least half will be sent to New York city.

"Despite these steps it is certain that the American Ice Company will have a shortage in natural ice, but the effect of this is to a certain extent discounted by the fact that some 600,000 tons were carried over from last year.

"Other ice companies will undoubtedly face a far more serious shortage this year than will the American Ice Company, due, of course, in a large degree to the large artificial capacity of the larger company. Indeed, it is certain that the smaller companies will be obliged to go to the American Ice Company during the coming summer for supplies. It is estimated that close to 60 per cent. of the ice sold by the American Ice Company is artificial. Such a strong position as the company now occupies is due largely to the foresight of President Oler, who, since he assumed the executive management of the company about eight years ago, has been engaged in building up its artificial capacity.

MEN, NOT WAGES, BLAMED FOR VICE

Continued from First Page.

indorsement to a proposal for a joint investigation of white slave traffic by the states of Illinois and Michigan, Governor Woodbridge N. Ferris urged that the Michigan investigation extend beyond so-called white slave conditions.

"I want every city in Michigan investigated regarding the social evil. I want something practical that will deal with the white slave evil and then probe into things closer home and if possible a greater menace to our social fabric. What we want is a cleaning up at home. I want to see an investigating committee appointed and hard at work as soon as possible."

A resolution has already been introduced in the legislature for a vice probe, but there are certain restrictions in Michigan laws which prevent the appointment of committees or commissions to serve beyond the terms of the legislature itself.

"Some way will be found to overcome this difficulty, even if we have to stretch a point," said the Governor.

WORLD'S PURITY CONGRESS

Pastors Throughout Country Will Be Called to Aid.

Lacrosse, Wis., March 12.—B. S. Steadwell, president of the World's Purity Federation, today issued a call to the pastors of all churches of all denominations throughout the United States urging them to make November 9 next Purity Sunday. This Sunday will be during the week of the World's Purity Congress at Minneapolis. It is expected that the vice revelations being made in Illinois and promised in other states during the spring and summer will furnish sermon material for pastors who will discuss the topic.

FOR SUPPRESSION OF VICE

Pennsylvania Will Have State Commission if Proposed Bill Passes.

Harrisburg, Pa., March 12.—Pennsylvania will have a state department for the suppression of vice if a bill introduced in the Senate yesterday becomes a law. Under the terms of the measure the department would be conducted by a "vice commissioner" to be appointed by the Governor. The proposed law would require physicians, surgeons, druggists or other persons "having knowledge of the existence of cases of certain diseases arising from vice within the state," to report the same to the department.

Further provisions of the bill would authorize the commissioner to issue warrants for the arrest of persons who disobey the regulations of the department and to enter any premises for the purpose of suppressing vice in any form.

Violations of the proposed law would be punishable by a fine of not more than $1,000, or imprisonment not exceeding one year, or both.

WORKING GIRLS' WAGES

Philadelphia Consumers' League Prepares to Gather Data.

Philadelphia, March 12.—In an effort to secure accurate data regarding the necessary expenditures of working girls and women, the Consumers' League of this city is having thousands of condensed account books printed and will today begin to distribute them among workers in mercantile and industrial plants. Members of the league, which has already compiled much data regarding the wages paid here, state that it is futile to expect a girl offhand to give the details of her expenditures. The books, which they hope will be kept regularly and returned within a specified time, are expected to give much information not at present available.

Should the bill for a minimum wage commission, now before the state legislature, become a law, the information secured by the league will be placed in the hands of the proposed commission.

AGAINST MINIMUM WAGE

Henry Siegel Declares Women Would Be Driven From Stores.

Special Dispatch to The American.

New York, March 12.—If the $9 wage is made the minimum by law, girls and women will be driven out of the department stores and onto the streets, is the opinion expressed by Henry Siegel, the merchant, in an interview today in connection with the coming to this city of the Chicago legislative committee, who have been investigating vice conditions in Illinois. Mr. Siegel is interested in department stores in three cities and has in his employ several thousand girls and women.

"It is ridiculous to say that paying a woman $2 a week more or less will make her moral or immoral," he said. "Will $2 save a woman? Will $8? It is a matter of association and home life far more than of actual wages.

"The investigators have been looking at the subject within too narrow confines.

"Girls as well as men must be paid in proportion to their services.

"The hysteria of sympathy has blinded the Chicago investigators to the results of the law they propose. Out of pity for the women I am opposed to the minimum wage law.

"Women would be driven from business and men would take their places. When such a law is enacted more women will be upon the streets of our cities than ever before in the history of this country. Then it may be truly said that industry has forced them to the streets. The reason would be that a man at $12 is far more valuable than a woman at $7 or at $9.

"I resent the implication that women and girls employed in stores are as a class immoral. They are as moral as any people you can find. They are above the average. Good salespeople rank high. We will not employ immoral girls. They are inefficient and their influence is bad.

"I do not think that this country is at present prepared for a minimum wage law. Women should strive for efficiency. Wages depend upon merit, and merit at the present time creates a balance. If they will take greater interest in their work they will get the deserved increase. Women in my employ have worked up from cash girls to buyers at salaries from $40 to $50 a week. Our stores take recognition of merit and I am sure others do the same."

EUROPE EXCITED BY WAR FEVER

Efforts to Check Jingoists in France and Germany.

STOCK EXCHANGE AFFECTED

FRENCH SORBONNE'S ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE.

German Government Rebukes Newspapers That Publish Provocation Articles—Also Disavows Attack on France as the European Mischief-maker—350 Professors of the Sorbonne Issue an Address Urging France Not to Yield to the Military Panic.

Berlin, March 12.—The German government today published a sharp rebuke to certain newspapers which are declared to have been fomenting international trouble by provocative articles. It also disavows an attack made by the Cologne Gazette on France as the "European mischief-maker," to which a section of the foreign press attributed an official character.

The government statement declares that "the situation has improved and there is no doubt that the efforts of the powers toward peace will be successful."

The government's statement was made public on the Bourse three hours before the close today. This and the reported demobilization of Russian and Austro-Hungarian troops had an immediate effect on the market, some stocks gaining as much as five points, while increases of two or three points were general. Day to day loans were slightly easier, but this was offset by the private discount on long bills rising to 8 per cent., thus reaching the official rate of discount.

The banks, preparing to meet dividend payments, are holding back as much cash as possible and the proposed great military expenditures have acted unfavorably on the money market.

A study of Prussia's railroad plans calling for a large outlay of money shows a considerable portion of this expenditure is to be reckoned to military account. The majority of the lines to be laid down will connect strategic points and serve purely military purposes. Comparatively few important central traffic points will be reached by the new lines.

THE SORBONNE'S ADDRESS

Urges France Not to Yield to the Military Panic.

Paris, March 12.—Some opposition to the immense and hurried increase of the peace footing of the French army has made its appearance. Some 350 professors of the Serbonne, among them the finest scholars in France, have issued a united address to the people of France not to yield thoughtlessly "to the military panic and to forces of reaction which tend toward desperate adventures hostile to the republican government."

The professors do not declare themselves opposed to the suggested three-year period of service in the active army, but ask for the fullest and most thoughtful consideration of the situation without haste and without excesses of emotion.

Another declaration, signed by Anatole France and several other members of the French Institute, literary men, scientists and professors, was published today, urging calm consideration of the proposed military measures, "which if adopted will profoundly affect the life of France, both intellectually and economically."

Premier Briand, it is said, has informed a number of members of parliament that it will not be necessary to rush through the military bills before Easter.

LANE NOT TO INTERFERE

Former Secretary Fisher's Order In Hetch Hetchy Case Stands.

Washington, March 12.—Although he declined to interfere with the decision of former Secretary Fisher, who refused to grant a permit pending an appeal to Congress, Secretary of the Interior Lane today approved maps filed by the city of San Francisco showing the project for protection of water rights in the Toulumne River, in Hetch Hetchy Valley.

The Secretary told representatives of San Francisco, the American Civic Association and the Turlock and Modesto irrigation districts that he would advise Congress that, in his opinion, the highest use to which this water could be put would be to make it serve the purpose proposed by San Francisco.

He said, however, that, as he had been the original attorney for the city in this matter, some 12 years ago, he thought that it would be unbecoming to grant a permit in the face of the denial of Secretary Fisher, although the view he now holds is that held by him when representing the city.

AUSTRALIA'S NEW CAPITAL

Foundation Stone of Model City Laid With Ceremony.

Sydney, Australia, March 12.—The foundation stone of the future capital of Australia was laid today by Baron Denman, governor general of the commonwealth. Lady Denman christened the new city Canberra in the presence of great crowds from Melbourne and Sydney.

The Australian ministers also attended the ceremony of inauguration of what is intended to be a model capital. The city is to be built on a site on which the only buildings now existing are scattered dwellings of farmers.

Elect Bank President.

Special Dispatch to The American.

Chestertown, Md., March 12.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Chestertown Bank William W. Beck, the vice president and counsel, was promoted to the presidency, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Alday Clements. Samuel Vannort was elected vice president. Merrick Clements, bookkeeper, was elected a director to fill the vacancy caused by his father's death.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure

The only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar

NO ALUM, NO LIME PHOSPHATE

PLAIN GARDEN SAGE NATURALLY DARKENS FADED, GRAY HAIR AND IS HARMLESS TOO

Restores Its Lustre, Prevents Scalp Itching; Dandruff and Falling Hair.

That beautiful, even shade of dark, glossy hair can only be had by brewing a mixture of Sage Tea and Sulphur. While it is a mussy, tedious task, it well repays those whose hair is turning gray, faded and streaked.

Your hair is your charm. It makes or mars the face. When it fades, turns gray and looks dry, wispy and scraggly, just an application or two of Sage and Sulphur enhances its appearance a hundred fold.

Don't bother to prepare the tonic; you can get from any drug store a 50-cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy," ready to use. This can always be depended upon to bring back the natural color and lustre of your hair and is the best thing known to remove dandruff, stop scalp itching and falling hair.

Everybody chooses "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur" because it darkens so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush and draw this through the hair, taking one small strand at a time, which requires but a few moments. Do this at night, and by morning the gray hair has disappeared, and after another application it becomes beautifully dark and appears glossy, lustrous and abundant. It certainly helps folks look years younger and twice as attractive, says a well-known downtown druggist.

—Advertisement.

What Is Your Opinion Worth?

Express in $$$ how much YOU think Goucher College is worth to you as a community investment for Baltimore.

Remember that every dollar you give will help to swell the $200,000 fund.

If Goucher leaves Baltimore, what do you think other cities will think of Baltimore?

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