RULING OF COURT FAVORS WACHTER

Progressives' Writ of Mandamus Is Denied.

OPINION BY JUDGE ELLIOTT

NO JUSTIFICATION TO OUST SUPERVISOR.

Court Also Ruled on What Constituted a General Election, but Refrained From Explicitly Deciding That Progressive Party Was One of the Leading Parties of State—Removal of Supervisor Could Only Be Justified for Causes Involving Integrity, Capacity, Etc.

Judge Elliott in the Court of Common Pleas yesterday handed down an opinion in which he refused the petition of the Progressive party to oust Edmund J. Wachter, Republican member of the Board of Supervisors of Elections. The court states that such removal could noly be justified for causes which would involve his personal character, integrity or capacity, because those are the expressed qualifications upon which his tenure of office was made to depend. Judge Elliott in the course of his opinion decided that the presidential election was a "general election," but he refrained from explicitly deciding that the Progressive party was one of the leading parties of the state.

Col. Edward C. Carrington, of the Progressives, when told of the opinion of the court, said last evening that, although he had not consulted Messrs. Charles J. Bonaparte and David Newbold, the legal advisers of the party, he was of the opinion that the Progressives would make a claim for whatever had been allowed under the opinion.

Mr. Edmund J. Wachter said he had heard that the court decided that he was not to be removed, but declined to make any further statement.

QUALIFIED TO FILL OFFICE.

"In the first place," says the opinion, "it is not contended but that at the time of his appointment the said Edmund J. Wachter was legally qualified to fill the office and was properly installed therein, having been named by the Governor of Maryland and confirmed by the Senate of Maryland. If therefore he is to be removed from the office which he now fills it must be by reason of certain facts which are inconsistent with his further remaining in the office.

"In the second place it may be well to consider what is meant by the words, 'the two leading political parties of the state.'

"Section 152 of chapter 538 of the Laws of Maryland, passed at the session of 1890, defines the two leading political parties as those 'which polled the largest number of votes at the last preceding election.'

"Some controversy has arisen in the present suit as to what the term 'general election' means, whether it is to be taken as meaning simply a statewide election or is to be restricted to an election for members of the General Assembly, and this court has been asked to conclude that there can be no general election except for governor and members of the General Assembly or in every second year for members of the General Assembly alone.

AS TO GENERAL ELECTION.

"This court is unable to see any reason why the words 'general election' should be taken in any other than their apparent sense. It has possibly become the popular understanding that the only general election is one at which the members of the General Assembly are elected, but an examination of the law will demonstrate the fact that in every case where the 'general election' is so limited, the reason of the fact that there is expressly associated with that term the further provision 'for members of the General Assembly.'

"The conclusion seems, therefore, entirely justifiable that there may be a general election in the State of Maryland which is not for 'members of the General Assembly,' and if that is true, it would be difficult to understand how an election held throughout the state on the same day and for the same purpose could be otherwise than a 'general election.'

"In this particular case it appears entirely permissible to say than an election for electors of president and vice president of the United States, whom the Supreme Court has decided to be state officers, and for whose election our own code provides 'by general ticket,' and who are chosen by a vote of the whole state on the same day, is a general election.

"It may therefore be concluded that if the appointment of a member of the Board of Supervisors of Elections was to be made by the Governor of Maryland subsequent to the election held throughout the state for the choice of electors of president and vice president of the United States, he would under the law as it exists at present be compelled to appoint two of such supervisors from the two leading political parties casting the largest number of votes at that election.

"Notwithstanding, however, the above conclusion, the question involved in and raised by the petition is not yet answered.

"So far as this petition is concerned the defendant is not denied as having all the qualifications for the office of supervisor of elections, which he had at the time of his appointment and confirmation, with the single exception that he then belonged to one of the two leading political parties which polled the largest number of votes at the last preceding general election, while now it is alleged that for reasons over which he had no control he has ceased to belong to either of these parties.

"This court is not of the opinion that it has any right to subject the defendant to a higher test than could be applied to him if attempted to be removed by the power which appointed him."

The court denied the writ of mandamus

BOMHARDT EXONERATED

Grand Jury Dismisses Man Blamed for Alum Chine Horror.

The investigation of the dynamite explosion on the Alum Chine on March 7 by the Grand Jury yesterday resulted in dismissing the case against William J. Bomhardt. The bail was released. Foreman Edward Stinson, of the Grand Jury, declined to make any comment on the action of the inquest.

The coroner's jury held that the direct cause of the explosion was the act of William J. Bombardt in striking with a cotton hook a box containing dynamite. Yesterday's session of the inquest was set apart to hear the testimony in the case. The testimony taken before the coroner's jury had already been submitted to the inquest and it was used as a guide to summon such witnesses as were considered to be necessary to give the inquest an understanding of the case.

The inquest, it is said, devoted approximately two and one-half hours to the hearing of testimony and the consideration of the case, and the refusal to present seems to indicate that it was considered that Bombardt could not be held criminally responsible for the explosion. The form of verdict of the coroner's jury did not attempt to pass upon the intention behind the actual acts of the case, or the motives, if any, of anyone connected with the case.

Several suits have already been instituted in the Federal Court and state courts by some of those injured in the explosion, as well as by the surviving relatives of some killed. It is not now known what effect the action of the Grand Jury will have on the trial of these cases. In the declarations of some the name of Bomhardt and the alleged use of the cotton hook were particularly referred to.

CONTEST KERNAN WILL

Sons of Theatrical Man Begin Their Fight in Court.

Suit to break the will of the late James L. Kernan, the hotel and theater proprietor who died last winter, was entered yesterday in the Orphans' Court by Joseph Lewis Kernan and Eugene Ferdinand Kernan, his sons. The suit was filed through Harman, Knapp, Ulman & Tucker, and means the first gun of a warm fight that is expected to be carried on by the sons of Mr. Kernan to gain possession of his large estate.

The proceedings started yesterday are directed against Shirley Carter and Frederick C. Schanberger, manager of the Maryland Theater, which was owned by Mr. Kernan. Besides this, the James Lawrence Kernan Hospital and Industrial School for Crippled Children, one of the dead hotel proprietor's largest charitable beneficiaries, will also be concerned in the coming controversy, but no intimation of an attack upon the deed of trust for the benefit of this charity was made in the suit filed yesterday.

By his will Mr. Kernan donated much money to charitable organizations and named Shirley Carter executor. The petition states that the salary of Mr. Schanberger was doubled and made exorbitant. That the will was obtained by fraud is the main allegation in the petition and the court was asked to revoke the letters granted Mr. Carter.

NO MORE GRADE CROSSINGS

Mayor Opposed to Any More in South Baltimore.

In a letter yesterday to John J. Fitzgerald, president of the Western Maryland Railway Company, Mayor Preston expressed himself as being absolutely opposed to the establishment of any more grade crossings in South Baltimore. Inasmuch as the railroad company recently purchased an extensive tract of land surrounding Winans Cove, in South Baltimore, and might perhaps desire the construction of grade crossings, the Mayor thinks the present time as opportune in notifying it of the city's views.

In his letter the Mayor said:

J. M. Fitzgerald, Esq.,
President, Western Maryland Railway Company,
Continental Building, City.

Dear Sir: I observe that you have bought a very extensive tract of land surrounding Winans Cove, in South Baltimore, consisting of about 100 acres.

We are projecting an improvement at this time in the paving of Hanover street and your line on Donaldson street, running into the property, which, I understand, you are about to develop, will involve additional tracks at the grade crossings at Hanover, Light and Charles streets.

I think at this time, when the city is putting down improved paving and sewers, and your company is contemplating extensive improvements and additional tracks at that point, that we ought to take up with your railroad, in a comprehensive way, the grade crossing question in South Baltimore

I am very much averse, and I think the citizens of Baltimore would be unwilling, to consent to additional grade crossings by any railroad in Baltimore.

Our difficulty in South Baltimore with the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad and the extreme cost that we have been put to, render any further addition to the grade crossing problem very inadvisable.

The preliminaries had better be through Major Shirley, of the Topographical Survey Commission, perhaps, as he has had the matter up heretofore and we will be glad to co-operate with you on the subject at your convenience.

Yours very truly,
JAMES H. PRESTON,
(Signed) Mayor.

HERMIT FOUND DEAD

Hanging by a Rope From Rafter of Shanty.

The Baltimore county authorities are making a rigid investigation into the death of William Blumtrit, 49 years old, whose body was found hanging by a rope from a rafter in a shanty on the Idle Hour shore, Deep Creek, a branch of Middle River, yesterday morning. It was thought that the man had been dead since last Monday, as that was the last time he was seen by residents in that locality.

Blumtrit, who was a fisherman, had been known in the vicinity of Middle River for the last fifteen years. During the entire time he lived alone and was very seldom if ever seen in the company of others. He seemed burdened with some secret and overwhelming grief.

Sometime ago, however, Charles England, who lives near Middle River, gained his friendship and Blumtrit unfolded some of his secrets. He told him that in his younger days he had been married to a woman in Germany, but over some trivial matter his father-in-law forced his wife to secure a divorce from him.

For sometime he tried to effect a reconciliation, but was unsuccessful. Disheartened, he came to this country and went to Middle River, where he built himself a small shanty and lived the life of a hermit.

THREE YEARS FOR BIGAMY

Charles F. J. Schaeffer Sentenced After Pleading Guilty.

Charles F. J. Schaeffer yesterday, in the Criminal Court, pleaded guilty to the charge of bigamy and was sentenced by Judge Dobler to three years in the Penitentiary. Mrs. Elizabeth Schaeffer is the first wife, and there is a daughter by this marriage.

Some time ago Schaeffer was sentenced by Justice Loden to serve sentences in jail amounting to 10 years. Before the term was completed he was released. On December 24, 1910, he married Sadie Bailey. When it was discovered that the marriage was bigamous he was arrested. Both wives testified against him.

Ad Club Fund Growing.

Henry Morton, chairman of the ways and means committee of the Ad Club, reported yesterday that he had subscriptions amounting to nearly $600 to the convention fund. The fund is fast growing, and the $50,000 is expected to be raised within the next month.

LOCAL MENTION.

LET US SHOW YOU
How You Can Look Like the Many Others Who Patronize Us.
To be well dressed is an easy problem to solve if you will let The Popular-Price Tailor do your work.
B. WEYFORTH & SONS,
Est. 1845. 58 Years' Successful Tailoring.
217-219 N. PACA ST.
Open 8 P. M.; Saturdays 10 P. M. St. Paul 1836.

Coal—E. Stabler, Jr., Coal Co.—Wood. Highest Grades Coal. Lowest Market Prices and Full Weight. Office, Cor. Eutaw and Madison Sts. Yard, Cor. Oliver St. and Maryland Ave.

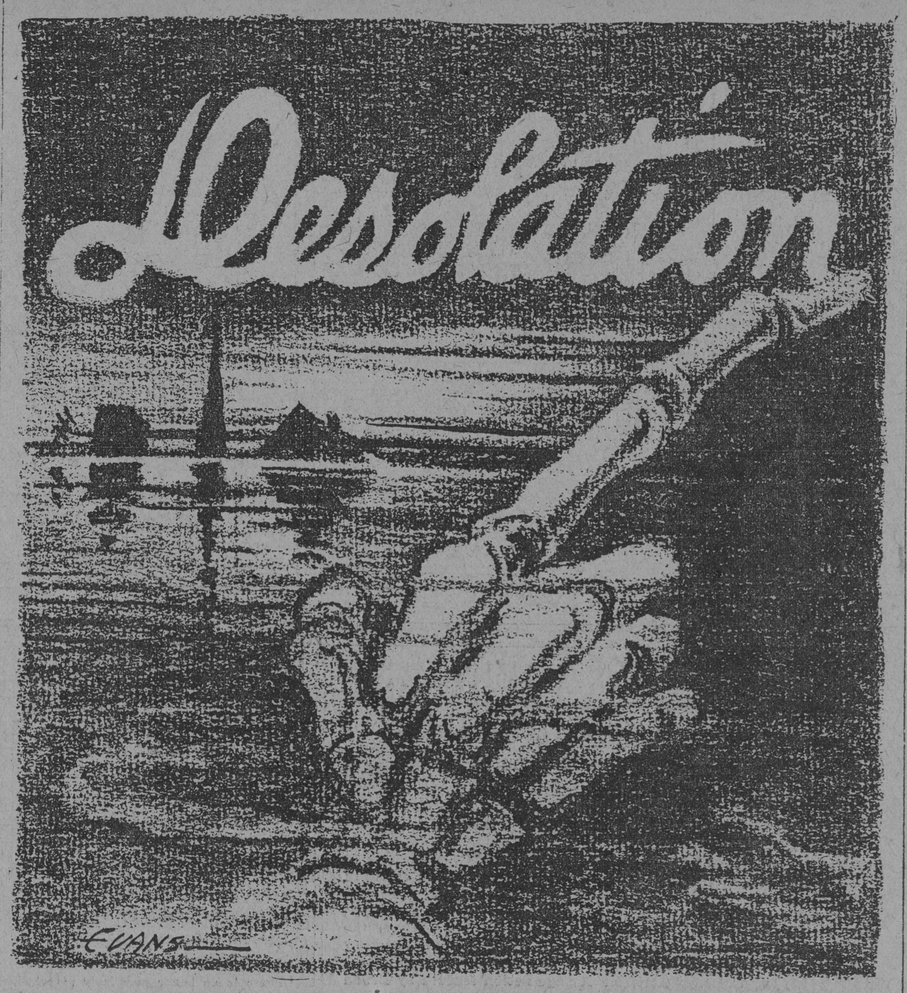
Money loaned on furniture, farm implements, storage receipts, autos, horses, wagons, live stock, etc. Baltimore Investment Co. 120 N. Paca st., nr. Lexington.

Coal—W. J. Chapman Coal Co.—Coke 25 Bushels Coke, $3.50. Sharp & Lombard—Oak and 20th Sts.

Wm. F. Rogers & Son Co.
Public Accountants & Auditors.
606 AMERICAN BUILDING.

JENKINS & JENKINS
216 N. CHARLES STREET.
Many Beautiful and Useful Pieces in Silver, China and Cut Glass From $2.00 to $10.00.

THE MOVING FINGER



THE MOVING FINGER WRITES AND, HAVING WRIT, MOVES ON;
NOR ALL YOUR PIETY, NOR ALL YOUR WIT
CAN LURE IT BACK TO CANCEL HALF A LINE,
NOR ALL YOUR TEARS WASH OUT A WORD OF IT.

COL. RAWLINS NOW LEADING

BELIEVED TO BE CHOICE FOR POSTMASTER.

SWANN HURT HIS CHANCES

His Announcement That He Favored Marbury for Senator Has Invited Opposition—Congressman Smith Surprised His Colleagues by Indorsing Col. Swann—Situation Is Now Complicated—Senator Smith Could Block Confirmation.

According to information received from Washington last night, Col. Sherlock Swann's chances are not so bright as they were, by reason of his taking sides in the senatorial fight by indorsing the candidacy of Mr. Marbury. As the story goes Senator John Walter Smith is not likely to take kindly to the appointment of any man who would be in a position, if he cared to use his influence, to aid his opponent.

Again, it is understood that the congressional delegation, particularly that end of it which represents Baltimore city, in whole and in part is not in accord. Up to this time Mr. Linthicum has not espoused Colonel Swann's cause, nor has Mr. Konig made a fight for him. To the surprise of the other members of the delegation, Congressman Smith, of the Fifth district, which includes three wards in the city, called at the Postoffice Department yesterday and indorsed Colonel Swann. Whether he did this of his own volition or at the request of any branch of the organization is not known. The action taken, however, has caused no little comment.

In local circles it was stated yesterday that the attitude of Colonel Swann had caused some of the most influential Democrats, particularly those unfriendly to Mr. Marbury, to have espoused the cause of Colonel Rawlins, commander of the Fifth Regiment, and now an official in the postoffice, and his chances are said to have improved materially.

The point is made that Colonel Rawlins is entitled to the position because of his experience. He, it is averred, is not identified with the organization any more than Colonel Swann or Mr. Mahoon, and hence cannot be credited to the regular leaders. That Senator Smith can block the confirmation of Colonel Swann is certain, and if the latter's nomination is also opposed by the congressmen from the city his road to the postoffice would be a rocky one.

Whatever may be the outcome, just now Colonel Rawlins is said to have the inside track and the men well posted are tipping him as the winner.

MR. SOLTER'S AUTO STOLEN

Stranger Drives Machine From in Front of Home.

Leaving his automobile for a few moments in front of his home, 1210 North Caroline street, while he went to change his collar, George A. Solter, a member of the Board of Police Examiners and a trustee of Goucher College, came out again to find that a thief had made off with the machine, which is a five-passenger car, license No. 3373, with a green body. Looking up and down the street Mr. Solter spied a machine going south to Broadway and, followed by several pedestrians, he pursued, but was unable to overtake the car.

The robbery was reported to the police of the Northeastern district and Sergeant Sutton was assigned to investigate. It is thought that one of a band of auto thieves which has been operating in the northern section is the culprit.

The robbery occurred shortly before 9 o'clock. Several of Mr. Solter's neighbors said that a man had calmly entered the car and driven off. It was thought that he was a friend of Mr. Solter. The car is valued at $4,000.

Williams' Drowning Accidental.

After investigating the death of Thomas H. Williams, 1224 North Stricker street, who was drowned in the harbor late Wednesday night, Coroner Thomas R. Chambers, of the Central district, issued a certificate of death due to accidental drowning. According to G. S. Williams, 2123 North Fulton avenue, a relative, Williams went to the waterfront to see friends who had promised to send him some oysters. He missed his footing and went overboard.

Holland's Letter Today

The phenomenal progress of the South.
A section meriting special consideration from the administration.

Read It On The Financial Page

assisted at the service. Previous to the confirming of the candidates Bishop Murray delivered a short address and later preached a sermon on the Soldiers of Jesus Christ.

At the meeting of the Bible class of the Chapel of the Advent at 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon C. F. Pennington, of St. Andrew's Protestant Episcopal Church, will deliver an address on Co-operation and Activity.

Rev. Henry P. Manning, the director, is making efforts to increase the weekly attendance.

On Monday night there will be a reunion of the Young People's Guild of the church, during which a novel "egg hunt" will be introduced.

JOHN HANNIBAL ROBBED

Thieves Loot His Apartments in The Homewood.

Thieves entered the apartments of John Hannibal, former active Democratic politician, in the Homewood Thursday night and during the family's absence looted the rooms of jewelry and money amounting to more than $1,500. It is believed that entrance was gained by means of a duplicate key.

Mr. Hannibal, his wife and daughter went out to dinner Thursday evening, and when they returned, about 10 o'clock, every room had been turned topsy-turvey. Everything of value except the engraved silverware was taken. All of Mrs. Hannibal's jewelry and that belonging to the daughter was missing. A diamond weighing more than a karat in a locket belonging to Miss Hannibal, was picked out and the locket thrown on the floor.

The thieves were very thorough and left no trace or clue. Every drawer in the furniture was ransacked and even the bed clothes were pulled off, searched and then thrown on the floor. Headquarters Detectives Armstrong and Atkinson are at work on the case.

Henry J. Moseman, 609 Columbia avenue, with stalls in the Lexington Market, reported that he was robbed of a wallet containing $146.

When the Cat's Away.

When the cat's away the mice will play. Witness the care-free enthusiasm, so touchingly boyish, with which the New Jersey legislators trample under foot one of ex-Governor Wilson's pet reform measures.—Chicago Record-Herald.

John P. Doyle

New manager of Stafford Hotel, who succeeds Robert S. Downs.

LATROBE STATUE FOR BROADWAY

JOINT COMMISSIONS DECIDE ON THE SITE.

DESIGN WILL COST $4,800

Artists Berge and Miller Will Make the Memorial—Reporter for The American First Suggested the Site Selected and Mayor Preston Warmly Indorsed the Idea—Design Will Be of Bronze and Will Rest on a Pedestal of Stone.

At a joint conference in the Mayor's reception-room yesterday between the Latrobe Memorial Commission and the Municipal Art Commission it was decided to establish the proposed bronze memorial of Gen. Ferdinand C. Latrobe at Broadway and Baltimore street. This site was first suggested by a reporter of The American several months ago. The Mayor received the suggestion warmly and at the various sessions of the commission commended it as the logical place for a memorial of the seven-times city executive.

Artists Berg and Miller were selected to make the memorial. Their designs were selected a week ago by the commission, although no official announcement of this fact was made until yesterday. Both men will collaborate and prepare a fitting memorial to General Latrobe. This will cost $4,800. The City Council allowed the commission $5,000.

The Latrobe memorial will be nine feet high and will show General Latrobe in a sitting position. The memorial will rest on a six-foot pedestal of stone. The commission, it is understood, will have to raise additional money to pay for the pedestal.

Some of the sites considered at yesterday's meeting were: Latrobe Park, Baltimore and Light streets, Park avenue and Fayette street, City Hall Plaza, Holliday street entrance of the City Hall and St. Paul and Fayette streets.

Although the majority of the members of both the Latrobe Commission and Municipal Art Commission voted in favor of locating the Latrobe Memorial at Baltimore street and Broadway, some of them favored placing it in front of the City Hall. They thought that would be an ideal place and would set off the city structure fittingly. The objectors to the plan, however, stoutly maintained that it would be hidden at this point and would attract little attention.

Arguing in favor of locating the statue in East Baltimore, it was said that General Latrobe was a man of the people and liked to be with the masses. He liked the people of East Baltimore and always attended their banquets and receptions. Besides, it was claimed that the children of the foreign element, who reside near that section, would become inspired by such a memorial.

Former State Senator Young, a member of the Municipal Art Commission, expressed himself as enthusiastic over the selection of the East Baltimore site. "It was a fine move and I think will be appreciated by East Baltimoreans," said Mr. Young. "General Latrobe was a man of the people and liked to be identified with the masses. The uptown sections of the city did not appeal to him as much as the crowded places where the masses worked and lived."

When the memorial is established, it is understood that there will be interesting ceremonies carried out by the Latrobe Commission. Just what form the exercises will take will be decided on at a meeting of the commission.

Collection for Sufferers.

The First Baptist Church will take up a special collection tomorrow morning for the benefit of the Western flood sufferers.

SAYS OUR CITY IS LAUGHING STOCK

BECAUSE OF ENFORCEMENT OF BLUE LAWS.

LETTER OF GERMAN EDITOR

Asks Mayor Preston If Stories Published Abroad About Baltimore and Its "Fanatical and Pretending Christians" Are Really True. The Writer's Comment on "Vice Crusaders, Sabbath-chasers and Cigarette-hunters."

Claiming that Baltimore is becoming known throughout the world as the "laughing-stock town of America," because of the enforcement of puritanical blue laws, Ludwig Von der Gonna, one of Germany's leading writers and journalists, has written to Mayor Preston seeking information on the subject. Mr. Von der Gonna is the publisher of a daily newspaper in Kerten and contributing editor to prominent periodicals in the German Empire.

Accompanying his letter to the Mayor, which was received at the City Hall yesterday, were several clippings from different newspapers in Germany in which are told humorously the ludicrous efforts of "fanatical and pretending Christians who are seeking the enforcement of blue laws that are even too absurd for the bygone ages." The German journalist says that he has a fine opinion of the fairness, intelligence and wisdom of the Americans he has met and cannot believe that the people of Baltimore or Maryland would countenance the bigotry and superstition that have been related in the foreign press.

Incidentally, Mr. Von der Gonna makes the observation that where repeated attempts are made by prohibitionists to prevent the sale of spirituous liquors, other citizens, imbued with a foolish spirit of reform, imagine themselves special representatives from heaven and spend their time in fighting imaginary evils. "They become vice crusaders, Sabbath-chasers and cigarette hunters."

Quoting from a big metropolitan newspaper in his country, Mr. Von der Gonna said that it had printed an account of the arrest of several railroad laborers who were sent out by their foreman to repair a broken rail. "The article stated that had not the damage been rectified, a serious disaster might have resulted," said the writer, "as an express train was due on the track in about an hour after the broken rail was discovered."

The article further stated that when the county police discovered the workmen repairing the damage the latter were placed under arrest. They were taken before a magistrate and fined.

"If such things really happen in Baltimore and Maryland I would like to know about them. Would you do me the honor of enlightening me concerning the real facts? There have recently appeared similar articles in the German and other foreign press concerning absurd and foolish doings of 'puritanical toreadors' in the big city of which you are Mayor."

Mr. Von Der Gonna said that his purpose in writing to the Mayor was merely to seek information and that personally he had no interest in the activities of the reformers of Baltimore, directly or indirectly. He said that for the sake of justice and fairness, it was not fair for the European press to slander many good citizens of Baltimore for the supposed doings of what he thought to be a "small minority."

The German journalist concludes by stating that some of his correspondents have written to his newspaper, in the hope of obtaining information on the subject. Hence, he proposes to use the Mayor's reply in the public press.

COLORED CHURCH GIVES $15

Goucher Contribution From Pikesville a Big Surprise.

Coming as a complete surprise to the Goucher Campaign Committee, and considered by them to be the most complimentary subscription which they have yet received, $15 was contributed to the fund yesterday by the congregation of St. Matthew's Methodist Episcopal (colored) Church, Pikesville. The subscription was sent to John T. Stone, chairman of the committee, by the pastor, Rev. R. A. Green. Mr. Stone was touched by the spirit actuating the gift, coming as it did from a congregation of limited means, none of whose members or their children can ever expect to receive any direct benefit from the college. Mr. Stone said:

"I consider this contribution the greatest compliment ever paid to Goucher College, and it reflects the greatest credit upon the colored race, who have thus shown that they appreciate the great advantages of that education for which the college stands, although they cannot expect to receive it from Goucher. I greatly appreciate the gift and cannot find words sufficient to express my deep gratitude."

This afternoon the final rally for the college will be held at the Hotel Emerson at 1:30, at which all of the campaign workers will gather, and after partaking of luncheon will report what they have accomplished during the week, and will discuss plans for the windup of the campaign. April 4 is the last day of the campaign, and unless the necessary $200,000 is pledged by that time, Goucher College will close its doors. Although members of the committee are optimistic, contributions are coming in slowly. It is expected that the financial teams will report substantial contributions today. Beginning Monday, the teams will meet daily at The Emerson at 12:30 for luncheon, and report the amount of contributions received. These will be marked on a large blackboard and the figures changed as each additional contribution is announced. The campaign headquarters will also be transferred to The Emerson, and will be in charge of Norman M. Parrott, secretary of the Greater Baltimore Committee.

The Cranford Club, composed of eight young Baltimore women, who are interested in charitable work, gave a tea yesterday afternoon from 4 to 6 o'clock and from 8 to 10 o'clock at night at the home of Mrs. C. W. Bassett, 2947 St. Paul street, in the interest of the fund. The club, which was formed by Miss Mary Jeanette Bassett about eight years ago, pledged $100 for the fund, and it is thought that something over this amount was raised. A large number of friends of the young ladies packed the house both afternoon and night, among them being Mrs. John Miller Horton, of Washington, D. C., who is a candidate for the presidency of the D. A. R.; Mrs. Man, the present vice president general, and Mrs. Scott, the present president. Each of these ladies presented the club with a check for a substantial amount. The remainder of the money was raised through the sale of confections of various descriptions.

Miss Jessie Wilson, daughter of the President, who made a splendid plea for the college Thursday afternoon at a great mass-meeting at Ford's Opera House, returned to Washington yesterday morning. She was accompanied to the station by her friend, Miss Mary George White, and Dr. Hans Froelicher, whose guest she was while in this city.

Fund For The Flood Sufferers

The American and The Star will receive contributions for the flood and fire victims of the Middle West and turn them over to the Maryland Red Cross, unless otherwise specified by the subscriber.

Star and American	$100.00
E. E. Nordenholz	50.00
Albert Marburg	50.00
W. S. Thomas	50.00
Friends' Benevolent Society, per J. Janney	25.00
Edw. Michael, through Ernest Nordenholz	5.00
M. S. T.	5.00
J.	5.00
F. W. McAllister Co.	10.00
Walter	2.00
A. W. Scott	2.00
John G. A.	1.00
A. B.	10.00
T. D. Goldberg	5.00
Dr. J. A. Nydegger	5.00
L. C. J.	3.00
Ruby Seal Society of Forest Park	5.25
Little Jean and Woody	1.00
A Dentist	5.00
George N. Silberman, 421 N. Exeter street	1.00
Felix A. Leser	2.00
Fredericka Leser	2.00
Fulton Leser	2.00
Independent Order Brith Shalom of Baltimore	50.00
A. Kress	3.00
Two Sisters	2.00
W. C. A.	2.00
Cash	1.00
A. K.	12.00
C. Y.	10.00
W. W. H.	1.00
W. H. R.	1.00
Dorothy P. Lobe	1.00
Mr. and Mrs. J. Faust	10.00
Mrs. Celia Pimes	2.00
P. J. H.	5.00
G. H. K.	10.00
S. B.	2.00
J. D. F.	5.00
Mrs. Jenks Griffee	5.00
Cash	1.00
Mackubin, Goodrich & Co.	25.00
M. E. D.	2.00
Employes of Hecht Bros. and Co.	35.00
Total	$531.25

Stewart & Co. sent to The American to be forwarded to the flood zone 50 pairs of children's shoes, 50 pairs of women's shoes and 127 pieces of women's and children's undergarments.

Two large bundles of clothing were left at The American Office by persons who refused to give their names.

ANDERSON TO MARBURY

Antisaloon League Superintendent Propounds New Questions.

William H. Anderson, superintendent of the Antisaloon League of Maryland, sent the following letter yesterday to William L. Marbury regarding the latter's statement published earlier in the day:

Dear Sir: Your statement in the morning papers in lieu of a reply to my questions as to your attitude respecting the local option issue is so contradictory and inconsistent with itself and shows such lack of comprehension of the real situation that I feel under the necessity of asking you certain other questions.

1. If, as you admit in this statement, this issue is of sufficient importance to overshadow and obscure all others, have not the people at least as much right to know your attitude upon it as upon other things which you concede are of less interest?

2. Granting the soundness of President Wilson's proposition that this is a moral question and should not be a political issue, in which we agree with him entirely, do you not see that this has no application whatever to the present Maryland situation, because local option is already a political issue in Maryland, made such by the refusal of the political organization of the party to which you at present claim allegiance to pass legislation which would allow the people to settle this issue on the moral basis?

3. Do you believe that the President would for a minute be a party to any proposition which would involve the sacrificing of a moral issue like this to secure a senator or two? And if not, then do you not consider that you owe it to him to explain wherein the situation in Maryland is different from that in New Jersey, to avoid the danger of putting him in a false position by your misit interpretation of his wishes?

4. Is it not true that you or somebody for you have been promised support by certain liquor interests and business interests friendly to the liquor traffic, provided you refuse to pledge yourself to the people to stand for their rights on this question?

5. Is it not true that you are, or expect to be, in a deal with Senator Lee by which you expect later to try to square yourself with the temperance people by an equivocal partial local option declaration and yet hold the support of most of the liquor interests?

6. You and your running mate will probably have primary candidates for the Legislature. How will you advise them to vote in the Legislature on the local option bill?

7. In case the Legislature elects the senators from Maryland and a proposition should be made to make you senator, provided you would use your influence and endeavor to cast the votes of the legislators whom you control against the local option bill, what will be your attitude? Will you advise these men to do it or consent to it or even close your eyes if it is done in your behalf without consulting you, or will you stand up manfully and denounce any attempt to make merchandise of the people's rights on a moral question.

8. You insinuate that I "will not deal fairly with public men or public questions." Is it not true that I called upon you at your office and assured you that the Antisaloon League was not committed to anybody and would not oppose you, provided you declared squarely in favor of the application of democratic principles to the liquor question, and made clear that we were not asking you for a statement as to any particular bill, and that I waited more than a week for a reply after I sent you, at your request, a copy of the questions answered by Mr. Straus before writing the open letter which I made public?

Passengers by Sea.

The following passengers sailed last evening on the Merchants and Miners' steamship Kershaw, Capt. J. Johnson, for Boston, Mass.:

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Potter, Mr. and Mrs. F. Collins, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. W. E. Buck, Mr. and Mrs. I. R. Kelsey, Mr. and Mrs. O. D. Winters, Mr. and Mrs. George M. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Cooke.

Mrs. D. H. Markham, Mrs. E. P. Hill, Mrs. Mercer Barber, Mrs. L. Spicer.

Misses M. Buck, A. Buck and Jessie Rand.

Messrs. S. Kneciand, W. C. Strong, Dr. C. A. Moore, W. L. Dow, Victor Hanson, E. T. Beggs, W. P. Cobb, T. E. Rhodes, J. G. Holmes, G. H. King, D. H. Markham, L. G. Lindberg, T. C. Overton, C. L. Edwards, H. King.

DESIGN FOR NEW NORMAL SCHOOL

PARKER, THOMAS & RICE SUCCESSFUL ARCHITECTS.

COMMISSION MAKES AWARD

There Were Seven Competitors and Much Time Was Consumed in Making a Selection—Simplicity and Economy Combined in Plans Adopted—Buildings of Red Brick. Arrangement of the Dormitories Meets With Approval.

After careful deliberation the State Normal School Commission yesterday afternoon selected the designs submitted by Parker, Thomas & Rice, architects, and to them will be awarded the commission of preparing the plans for the new school buildings. As the state will probably have to expend about one million dollars to complete the work, of which the architect receives 6 per cent, the commission was worth trying for.

There were seven competitors. These were Baldwin & Pennington, Theobald W. Pietsch, Wyatt & Nolting, Otto G. Simonson, Albert C. Leech, Ellicott & Emerich and the successful bidders.

The plans, which are very elaborate, provide for an administration building 55 by 200 feet, having two wings, one 46x144 feet, and the other 38x90 feet, for dormitories 44x200 feet, 44x86 feet and 28x100 feet, and a kitchen and a powerhouse. The cubage given is, administration building, 1,573,476; the dormitories, 671,796; the kitchen, 58,080, and the powerhouse, 980,900.

The design is of the American school of architecture, the idea being to combine beauty, compactness and economy in the construction. More attention was devoted to the arrangement of the dormitories than to any other part, these being regarded as most important. They are quadrangular in form and though divided are to be under one roof. A fire wall, a fireproof staircase and fire doors separate the interior sections. There are plenty of wide doors, making egress easy in case of fire, and the numerous windows and high ceilings insure plenty of light and air.

There is to be an attractive facade on the York road, the buildings being finished in red brick, with the exception of the front of the administration building. This, upon motion of A. J. Cummings, will be constructed of white marble taken from the quarries in Baltimore county.

Following are the members of the commission who selected the plans: Governor Goldsborough, Congressman Linthicum, John S. Biddison, P. J. Campbell, W. Mitchell Digges, Carville D. Benson, M. Bates Stephens, Miss Sarah E. Richmond, Murray Vandiver, A. J. Cummings and A. M. Sproesser.

A luncheon was served at the conclusion of the labors of the commission.

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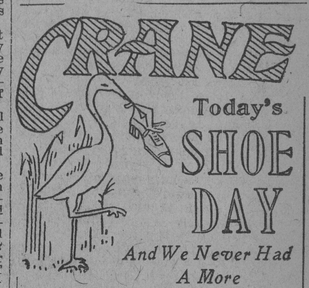

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