CAMBRIDGE:

MONDAY, APRIL 30, 1838.

The meeting, to appoint delegates to the Baltimore Convention, our friends should recollect, assembles at the Court House this afternoon, at half past two o'clock. We hope there will be a general attendance, as the election of the next Governor is an important affair for old Maryland. The boast of the Chronicle, that they can elect Mr. Steele, or any other candidate, the Governor of this State by 5000 majority, we look upon as mere bravodo. If our neighbor of the Chronicle, or any of his political friends, really believe that, we should like to get a bet out of them upon that, sufficient to buy our paper for the next six months, say $100, for we mean to give them a close rice, and shall go in for beating their candidate, whoever he may be, at least 3000—*nous verrons.*

The election in the Baltimore District to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Mr. KeKim, has resulted in favor of Kennedy, the Whig candidate. We observe that there was not a full turn out of the voters in the District, so that although Kennedy is elected, he has received but a few more votes than he did at the election in July. Many of our friends were absent, but the whigs, composed principally of merchants and their clerks, Bankites and their dependants, are always on the spot, and ready to move heaven and earth to carry into effect the dictates of Nicholas Biddle.—It is well known that the banks are principally against the Government and there can be no doubt that they were not idle, either in effort or means, at the election in Baltimore.—That the citizens of Baltimore should have put their approbation upon the Registry law, which, to all intents and purposes, is a direct reflection upon the integrity of her population, is to us, passing strange. They certainly have not decided upon that question at the recent election, but have made up their minds upon other questions. We shall not believe until that question is directly before the people, that the citizens of the Monumental city will approve of such an odious and disparaging reflection upon themselves. At all events, in the recent election, the whigs have not treated us as badly as we served them in New York, where we have reduced their majority upwards of 2000.

The Duelling Committee appointed in Congress to enquire into the causes that led to the death of Mr. Cilly, have made their report, and concluded with offering resolutions for the expulsion of Mr. Graves from the House, for the censure of the seconds concerned in the duel, and in regard to Webb that the dignity of Congress and the interests of the Nation will be best subserved, by bestowing no further notice upon him. The Report and Resolutions will, in all probability occasion an angry discussion when the subject comes up regularly

COMMUNICATION.

Mr. Barrow,

I am friendly to education and to the instruction of the poor, who are unable to educate themselves, but I am opposed to the *Primary School* system, proposed to be adopted in this county. I believe the means, provided by that system, will be inadequate to effect the object designed. This county requires about 40 schools, which, if $250, (a small salary,) are given to the Teachers, will cost in that one item $10,000, besides the expense of building shool houses &c The late law imposes a tax of $4,000 upon the county, and also takes the free school fund, which is about $1,600, and also our portion of the interest of the surplus revenue, which will be about $2,000. The sum total for the uses of Primary Schools, may be put down at $7,600, from which deduct the Collector's commission at 6 per cent. for the collection of the $4,000 tax, to wit, $240, & the Treasurer's commission for keeping the whole primary school fund, at 3 per cent. to wit, $228, and we have left the sum of $7,132 for the uses of the schools, which will only employ about 28 teachers. So that under this system we shall have but 28 schools—12 less than what are necessary. Then we must increase the County tax, to the amount of $3,000, making in all $10,132, or the people must go without the necessry schools—besides this there is the expense of building the houses and keeping them in repair. The $1 per year, which each scholar must pay, goes to meet contingent expenses &c. From this short statement we can then at once perceive that the present law will only give us about two thirds as many schools, as are necessary. What then shall be done? *Repeal the existing law, and establish the old free school system, with this improvement.* 1st. Take the old free school fund, amounting to $1,600, add to this our portion of the interest of the surplus revenue, to wit, $2,000—take also, the donations to the Cambridge and New Market academies, to wit; $500 from Cambridge and $200 from New Market, making $700 and by adding all these items together, you have a sum total of $4,300, for the use of free schools, without taxing the county one cent. This sum of $4,300, then divide amongst the 40 schools, for the purpose of instructing the *destitute,* will afford $107 to each school, (which supposing each charity scholar to cost $9 per year, the amount, which a teacher can charge for such pupils, under the free school law,) will educate upwards of 11 charity scholars, more, I feel confident, than can be sent to each school, and which will educate in all the 40 schools in the county, upwards of 440 scholars. This then, I think, is the cheapest and best plan for our county, unless the negroes could be sent away, and a thriving white population, substituted in their places.

The Primary School law, as passed at the last session, although it authorises a tax upon the county of $4000 suffers *Cambridge to have her donation of upwards of* $500, and *New Market the sum of* $200, which should not have been the case, if Primary Schools are to be kept up by enormous taxes upon the county. I think it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of any sensible man, that the *Free School System* which I here suggest, is infinitely preferable both on account of *cheapness* and *extensive utility,* to the Primary School system, which is endeavored, right or wrong, to be enforced upon the county, against her express dissent. I am glad to find that the Primary School system as proposed, meets with but little favor. I am sure the advocates of education, as I hope all are, will with great unanimity assent to the plan I here propose, which is the old Free School System, with some material amendment.

A FRIEND TO EDUCATION.

DR. WM. R. HAYWARD, offers his professional services to the public.—Office opposite Mr. John T. Wilson's Hotel

April 30th 1838 tf

Notice.

ALL persons who have claims against the estate of Obediah C. Snow, late of Dorchester County, dec'd. are hereby notified to file them in the office of the Register of Wills, of Dorchester County, on or before the 15th day of June next, in order that a dividend may be struck, on the assests belonging to said estate.

ALGERNON THOMAS, Adm'r.
w. a. of Obediah C. Snow.

April 30th 1838. 3t

TAKE NOTICE.

A suitable reward will be paid by the subscriber for the apprehension and delivery over to him, of his negro slave called 'Joe,' who has absconded from his service. This boy is about 5 1-2 feet high, and is a thick, well set fellow, of very dark skin. His teeth in front are very open, from which he may be easily detected. He had on when he ran away, blue kersey clothes and a black cap. He is supposed now to be in the neighborhood of Tobacco Stick. All persons are hereby forewarned that the severe penalties of the law will be enforced upon all, without distinction, who may persuade, or entice this fellow to remain from my service, or who may be found harboring, employing or giving aid and support to him.

JAMES THOMAS,

Apri. 30 3t Ragged Point Neck.

I. O. O. F.

THERE will be a Procession of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows in the Town of Easton, on Monday the 7th of May next.—The brethren of the Order generally are respectfully invited to attend.

It is contemplated to open an Encampment on the same day, for which purpose the brethren of that branch of the order from Baltimore are expected to be present.

By order.

GEO. W. SHERWOOD, Sec'y.

N. B. The Grand Lodge is expected to be present on the above occasion.

O I O F.

There will be a funeral procession over our late brother, Thomas A. Edmondson, on Sunday the 6th of May next, at 11 o'clock, A. M. at his late residence on Taylors Island. The brothers of the order are invited to attend.

JEREMIAH C. WRIGHT, Sec'ry.
Dorchester Lodge, No. 19

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

THE subscriber has just returned from Baltimore, and is now opening at his stand at the Cross Roads, in Cambridge, a fashionable assortment of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, which he will sell upon the most accommodating terms. He has also a fresh supply of GROCERIES, HARDWARE & CHINA WARE, together with general collection of articles, which he feels confident will please his customers He returns his thanks to his friends and the public for the encouragement heretofore bestowed upon him, and he respectfully invites them to call and examine this late arrival of his.

The Public's Ob't. Serv't.
SAMUEL GRIFFIN.

April 30th, 1838. 3w (C.)

A rare chance for a GOOD BARGAIN.

The subscriber wishing to leave Cambridge, will sell out his

DRUG ESTABLISHMENT,

corner of Gay and Race streets, and next door to the Post Office, at a very reduced rate Persons wishing to purchase the Establishment will do the subscriber a favor by calling immediately.

Letters addressed to the subscriber post paid, will be promptly noticed

JOSEPH FLINT.

April 23 1838. tf

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, 9th day of April, 1838.

On Application of Joseph Cator, Administrator of JOHN R. CATOR, late of Dorchester County, deceased—it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks in the Dorchester Aurora, a paper selected by him.

In testimony That the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 9th day of April, in the year of our Lord, 1838.

L.S.

THOMAS H. HICKS.
Register of Wills, Dorchester County

In compliance with the above order,—This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of John R Cator late of Dorchester County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 9th day of October next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 9th day of April, 1838.

JOSEPH CATOR, Admr.
of John R. Cator.

April 23d 1838. 3w

CHANCERY SALE.

BY the Authority of a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, I will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in the town of Cambridge, on *MONDAY,* the 11th day of *JUNE* next, at the hour of 11, (A. M.) the following valuable Real Estate of which Nathan Griffin late of Dorchester County, died seized and possessed, to wit: a tract or part of a tract of land, called "Muir's Inspection," containing 63 1-2 acres, more or less.

A tract or parcel of land, called "The Grove," containing 150 acres, more or less.

A tract or parcel of land, called "Griffin's Venture," containing 8 acres, more o less

A tract or parcel of land, called "Lot No 3," containing 70 1-4 acres, more or less

A tract or parcel of land, called "Lot No. 1," containing 33 acres, more or less

A tract or parcel of land, called "Mills Security," containing 84 acres, more or less.

A tract or parcel of land, called "Marshall's Addition," containing 6 1-2 acres, more or less.

A tract or parcel of land, called "Anderson's Chance," containing 29 3-4 acres, more or less.

Tracts or parcels of land, called "Chance" "Addition," "Middle Land," "Forrest" and "Range," containing 162 1-2 acres, more or less.

A tract or parcel of land, called "Mill's Security Part" and "Bramble's Addition," containing 40 acres, more or less.

A tract or parcel of land, called "Forrest Part" and "Range part," containing 24 acres, more or less.

The above mentioned lands are situated in Dorchester county, in a Neck called Town Point Neck, and on the waters of Little Choptank river and Fishing Creek. The various tracts are all adjacent to navigable water.—The arable land is, generally, highly productive, and the sources of manure for its further improvement very accessible. The supply of woodland is ample for the purposes of the various farms, and I understand, will also furnish a surplus of timber, suitable for market. The improvements upon the farms consist of four Dwelling Houses, with the necessary out houses, in tolerable good condition.—There are also two orchards upon the premises These tracts of land are beautifully situated, on salt water, and for salubrity of air, are unsurpassed by any situations in the county. They are quite convenient to Cambridge, the Metropolis of the county—being only about six miles distant. The property will be sold in parcels to suit purchasers.—The title is believed to be indisputable. Those persons who are disposed to purchase, and desire more particular information, in regard to this property, are referred to Mr. Samuel Griffin, merchant at the Cross Roads in Cambridge, or to Mr. Caleb Griffin, who resides on one of the farms. The aforesaid Nathan Griffin having been a soldier in the Revolutionary War, is also entitled to some portion of the public lands—to what extent the subscriber has not ascertained His right to any public lands, whatever it may be, will be sold on the above day.—The whole subject to the right of dower of Mrs. Sarah Griffin, widow of Nathan Griffin, (a very aged lady.) The terms of sale, as directed by the Chancellor, are, one fourth of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, and the residue on a credit of six and twelve months, with interest on each instalment from the day of sale, to be secured by obligation to be approved of by the subscriber. Whenever the whole purchase money is paid, the property will be conveyed to the purchaser or purchasers.

JAMES A. STEWART,
Trustee

April 23 tds (C. 3w)

CHANCERY SALE.

BY virtue of a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, I will offer at public sale to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in the Town of Denton, Caroline county, on *WEDNESDAY,* the 16th day of *MAY* next, at the hour of 11, (A. M.) all that tract or parcel of land, lying and being in said county, and on the West side of Choptank river, of which Isaac Messick died seized and possessed, called by the name of "Partnership," or by whatsoever name it may be known, containing

140 ACRES,

more or less This plantation is within a short distance of the village of Greensborough and convenient to the Choptank river. The arable land, I understand, is tolerably productive—the remainder well timbered, and the improvements upon the property ample and in good condition. The aforesaid Isaac Messick purchased this farm of a certain Atwell Chance, of Caroline county, and it will be sold subject to the right of dower of the widow of the said Isaac Messick, (if she be living.) The title is believed to be indisputable. Any further description of the premises is deemed unnecessary, as those who are disposed to buy will examine for themselves. The terms of sale, are one third of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, and the residue on a credit of six and twelve months, with interest on each instalment from the day of sale, to be secured by obligation with security to be approved of by the subscriber. As soon as the whole purchase money is paid the property will be conveyed to the purchaser or purchasers. The creditors of the said Isaac Messick, are hereby notified to exhibit their claims, with the vouchers thereof, in the Chancery Office, at Annapolis, within four months from the day of sale.

JAMES A. STEWART, Trustee.

April 16th 1838. (tds)

The Whig at Easton will insert the above 3 times and charge this office.

VENDUE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, the subscriber will offer at public sale, all the

PERSONAL PROPERTY

(negroes excepted,) belonging to the estate of Joseph Byus lately deceased, consisting of the following articles, to wit: Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs; Corn, Fodder, Bacon; Household and Kitchen Furniture; the Crop of wheat on the ground at the late residence of said Joseph Byus, and one half of the crop of wheat on the ground at Jenkin's Creek farm; farming utensils, cord wood at the landing at Jenkins' Creek, and also cord wood in the woods at Jenkins' Creek, and cord wood in the woods at the Town Point farm.—One half of the schooner called "Rebecca Ann," and one half of a scow, canoes, and other articles too tedious to be mentioned. The sale will commence at 9 o'clock, on TUESDAY, the 1st. day of May next, at the home place, and be continued there and at Jenkins' Creek, until its conclusion. Terms of sale made known on the day of sale, and attendance by

WM. STANLEY BYUS,
Adm'r. of Joseph Byus.

April 16 3w

To enterprising Men!

GENTLEMEN, I am about to submit to your consideration a proposition in regard to my Patent for this State, Delaware and Virginia, and in submitting to you this proposition, I am directed by the following considerations, to wit: I feel it a duty I owe to the public (separate and apart from my individual interest) to introduce my Mills personally at as early a date as possible in different sections of the United States. This sense of duty to the public together with the influence of self-interest alone caused me to stop in Dorchester, and prove to the public, the existence of a Mill well calculated for horse power or any other power. Now I have served the public in this way by the introduction of one Mill at Tobaccostick, shortly I must depart to some other section of our favored and happy land, and there introduce another Mill for the benefit and profitable use of the citizens in the vicinity of the same, and so on I feel bound to go from place to place, until I shall introduce these labour-saving Mills all over this land. In performing this it will be perceived at once that it will take me (using all diligence) some three or four years, and my individual exertions alone will fall infinitely short of supplying that demand for these Mills which will necessarily follow its introduction. I am disposed to be satisfied with a small portion of that benefit secured to me (for fourteen years) by the Patent Laws, and also feel disposed to invite others to participate in the benefits offered in this exclusive property.—At as early a date as possible I wish these Mills to be introduced in at least two places in the State of Virginia, and one place in Delaware; and for me to do this in two or three years, I should have to neglect other States for a time, and particularly an engagement that I made last spring in the South, which I am bound to attend to so soon as I can leave this county. But the Mills can be introduced in Virginia and Delaware as well without as with my personal attention; for instance, there are two individuals (house carpenters,) at Tobaccostick, (who executed the larger part of the work on the mill at that place) either of these men or both, can build and start a Mill as well without my attention as though I was present, either of them can do better work than myself, for be it distinctly understood that I am not a workman, I have never worked three hours in all my life with a workman, with the view of learning how to execute work, but from a boy my mind had a natural inclination to mechanism, and for several years past I have made *Machinery* my exclusive study; and I can, and from a small boy, could make any thing out of iron, steel, or wood, which I desired.—But I am digressing, I will return. All that will be necessary to introduce the Mill in the before mentioned States, will be the advancing of a few dollars to pay for the saw and castings, which will be furnished in New York, by R. Hoe & Co., at a short notice, and shipped by them to any place directed, the saws are warranted by R. Hoe, & Co., an old established House in New York, I hold their obligation to that amount, which can be seen by calling on me. Secondly I am a man of family, having a wife and six children, whom I have not seen for the last eight months, my situation in regard to being absent from them is by no means an enviable one, self interest alone could not induce me in future to be absent so long, but public good associated with the same, would stimulate me to forego again for a time, the happy and much desired society of *wife, children and friends,* and whenever I am cast down and troubled about this separation, my consolation is, it is for *public good.* Thus whilst I shall be engaged in placing before the public in different remote sections of the country this improvement, you can or some of you can have it introduced in your neighboring States with but very little trouble and expence, and wherever there is a Mill built in any section of a State, there make an agent to sell to others who may want a single right or a county right, and in this way thousands of individuals will in a few years experience its benefits, and you who engage in spreading and extending from place to place this labour-saving Mill, will be reaping that reward which will be sure to follow a well managed enterprize—first by administering to the convenience and interest of the public, and secondly by having your pockets filled by the one thing which is so much desired by all. Thousands of sections of country there are of fine timber remote from water power in every State, now lying dormant for the want of a cheap convenient horse-power Saw Mill, which will, if energy be mounted on the wheel of improvement, gradually roll into our extensive markets the trees of the forests, manufactured into that kind of lumber which the mechanic can get to build the *house* in which he may repose after the toils of the day, and the *ship* which shall be burthened with the fruits of industry, bearing the same across the briny deep to distant ports.

This privilege you can obtain on the following terms, the patent right for this State, Delaware and Virginia, is put down at twenty thousand dollars Fifteen thousand dollars, of which I will sell; that is, three fourths of the entire patent right for the above named States, on the following terms and conditions: One fourth payable in 12 months, one fourth in 2 years, one fourth in 3 years, and the remaining fourth in 4 years, each payment bearing an interest of 3 per cent. per annum. I am clearly of the opinion that the business if properly managed will make its own payments, particularly after the first. The entire patent in toto, will be managed and conducted by the individual or individuals, who may take an interest of three fourths in the patent until the expiration of the 4 years, at which time if the business done does not exceed twenty thousand dollars clear of expence, no call will be then or thereafter made for the one fourth which I reserve; if the business amounts to more than that amount, the call will be made for the reserved fourth. The recess of time from this until the expiration of the four years, the purchaser or purchasers of three fourths of the patent, will be entitled to the use of all the moneys that may be obtained on the sale of patents throughout the before mentioned States; after the expiration of the four years time, there will be the other eight years to come, before the patent will run out. Nearly 2 years having already passed away since the date of my patent. It is my belief that half or more than half of the business, which can be done in the patent will be done in the four years, if reasonable diligence is used At this time I should refuse to take twenty thousand dollars even in cash, for the entire patent right for the above States. I as much believe the one fourth I reserve and do not offer for sale, will eventually bring me ten or fifteen thousand dollars, as I believe it will bring me one hundred dollars Since I commenced building the Mill at Tobacco Stick, I have had about one dozen applications for these Mills; if this be a criterion by which to calculate the patent right for the three States, they must eventually bring and be worth forty or fifty thousand dollars, if each county in this State will average five Mills to the county, then the patent for this State will bring the rise of fourteen thousand dollars, at one hundred and fifty dollars each, this is my price for the right of one Mill, I am confident five Mills to each county is a very moderate calculation, some counties will have from ten to fifteen, whilst other's will have less. If Maryland be worth fourteen thousand dollars, Virginia must be worth three times that amount, and drop Delaware entirely, the two States Maryland and Virginia, it will be perceived will be worth about fifty thousand dollars. Virginia has one hundred and ten counties, and two Mills to the county will make that amount, Virginia is a very populous State, large and has vast quantities of Timber.

Now, sirs, to be sure about the matter, strike off one half and reduce it to twenty-five thousand, will not that amount of business (which can be carried into operation with an advance of less than one thousand dollars,) be something handsome. The cheapness of the Mill, its convenience, its running so very light, and the quality of the lumber it makes, are recommendations to be found in no other. Lastly, the Mill will cut oak or any kind of timber, and can be built by any good house carpenter. It is stated by some persons who have examined the lumber, to be worth more by twenty-five cents per hundred than any lumber cut by the common saw.

WM. J. McGEHEE.

April 9, 1838. 3w

A CARD.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber will find their accounts with Mr. Henry Burn Sr., or James Rea, Esq., who are legally authorised to collect the same.

WM. W. BYRN.

March 5th 3w

REMOVAL.

THE subscriber has removed from his Old Stand to the one recently occupied by Wm. W. Byrn, and directly opposite Yates' Hotel, where he has now on hand and will continue to keep a general variety of

FANCY AND STAPLE GOODS,

which he will sell unusually cheap for cash or on a short credit.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his stock of goods.

The public's obd't. servant,
HENRY BURN.

Feb. 19th 1838. 3w

TOBACCO STICK,

MARCH 24th, 1838.

THE citizens of Maryland and the adjacent States are now informed that my Horse power Saw Mill has been put in operation at the above vilage. The Patentee will remain in this neighborhood for a few weeks longer. County rights are offered for sale on such terms as will be much to the interest of purchasers He would like to sell to some individuals a privilege of one half or three fourths of his Patent, for several States, in such an arrangement, the payments will be easy. He refers to the report of some gentlemen of Tobacco Stick, in regard to the draft on horses and the amount of business done in a given time.

WM. J. McGEHEE

The Easton S. Whig, Talbot, Peoples Press, Somerset, and Sentinel, Worcester, will insert the above three times and charge this office.

SELECT SCHOOL.

THE Rev. W. PECK, respectfully informs the citizens of Cambridge and vicinity, that by Divine permission, he will on Monday the 19th instant, open in the upper room of Mr. Thomas Hayward's store, a

SELECT FEMALE SCHOOL

The course of instruction shall include READING, WRITING, ARITHMETIC, GEOGRAPHY, GRAMMAR RHETORIC, HISTORY, COMPOSITION—the elements of ASTRONOMY, CHEMISTRY and PHILOSOPHY.

Parents, Guardians, and all friends of education, desiring to see the order of the School may feel assured that their visits shall be duly appreciated.

Terms of tuition, $5 per quarter.

Cambridge, March 19th 1838.

Notice.

THE subscriber having moved back to that well known Tavern, the

UNION HOTEL,

would be glad to entertain his old friends and the Public generally His Table, Bar, and Stables shall be well furnished at all times, and his charges shall be moderate. Board can be had by the year, month, week or day, as low and as good as any Boarding House in town. Private Parties can be furnished with good Rooms at any time. Terrapins and Oysters will be constantly kept and served up in the neatest manner when in season

The publics obedient servent,
JOHN T. WILSON.

August 21 1837. tf

DANCING SCHOOL
CHARLES L. SPIES,

FROM BALTIMORE,

RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Cambridge and its vicinity, that he has taken that large and commodious Room at Mrs. Flint's Hotel, where he intends opening a Dancing Academy for young Ladies, Misses, Masters and young Gentlemen.

Mr. S. respectfully gives notice that he teaches in the latest and most fashionable style, and will introduce a variety of fashionable Dances, such as COTILLIONS, WALTZES, SPANISH AND CONTRA DANDES, in all their varieties.

Days of tuition on Wednesday's and saturday's at three o'clock in the afternoon for young Ladies, Misses and Masters, and at 1 2 past six for young gentlemen.

Private classes will also be taught and punctually attended to

The subscriber has been teaching the above Art, in the town of Easton, and has letters in his possession which recommend him to the citizens of Cambridge.

Terms $10 per quarter.

Letters addressed to Mr. S. and left at Mrs Flint's, or at the Chronicle Office, Cambridge, will be punctually attended to.

January 1st, 1838.

Notice.

ALL persons who have claims against the estate of Jeremiah Colston, late of Dorchester County, dec'd are hereby notified to file them in the office of the Register of Wills, of Dorchester County, on or before the 18th day of Febuary next, in order that a second dividend may be struck, on the assests belonging to said estate.

WILLIAM JACKSON, Adm'r.
of Jeremiah Colston.

Dec. 18. 3w

TO TIMBER OWNERS
ON THE EASTERN SHORE.

YOUR attention is invited to the business of Lumber making on a much cheaper and more convenient scale than ever before used or reduced to practice.

A SAW MILL,

from its peculiar construction, adapted to horse power, by which 2 horses are capable of sawing one thousand feet (board measure) in 10 hours. This Mill is calculated to be placed in the midst of the timber, and when all of the timber shall have been consumed the Mill can be moved and placed in the midst of other timber and in a few days be prepared for business again. The Mill has no crank, but is a simple Rotany Saw with but four Bits; these Bits are inserted in the plate and when one set of Bits shall wear out other new Bits are replaced, and any good Blacksmith can make and put in these Bits. The saw plate will last an age. The entire cost of the Mill including the Patent will not exceed $650. The Patentee is now engaged in building a Mill at Tobacco Stick Dorchester County, where he can be consulted until the 20th of January next, after which time he will return to his Native State (Georgia.)

WM. J. McGEHEE.

N. B. He wishes to engage two young men who are good carpenters, to go to the South with him for the purpose of aiding him in the building of Mills; he will make a contract by the year or for a longer time. None need apply but those who can be well recommended as to good work and steady habits

WM. J. McGEHEE.

Dec. 18th 1837. tf

The S. Whig, Talbot Co. Peoples Press, Somerset, and Sentinel, Worcester, will insert the above three times and charge this Office.

TAILORING.

THE Subscriber begs leave respectfully to announce to his friends and the public, that he still carries on the

TAILORING BUSINESS

IN ALL ITS DIFFERENT BRANCHES,

At his old stand, in Cambridge.

He has lately procured *A NEW SYSTEM OF CUTTING OUT GARMENTS,* which has never been used before in this part of the State. It is adjusted upon a mathematical principle, and cannot fail to succeed in all cases. Upon this plan, the science of cutting clothes is no longer uncertain, and dependent upon the eye and accident, for a good fit It is as unerring as the truths of geometry He congratulates himself and his friends upon the possession of this long sought desideratum. He is prepared to make up clothes for his patrons in the neatest and most fashionable style, having made an arrangement to procure the

LATEST NEW YORK FASHIONS

of the season. His work shall be finished in the best manner, and he warrants his garments to fit. Having been located in this place for the last twelve years, he returns his acknowledgements to his friends and the public, for the flattering encouragement they have bestowed upon him. He pledges himself to devote his most assiduous attention to accommodate those who entrust work to his care. In conclusion, he invites all to call, and he flatters himself that they will be entirely satisfied that he has promised nothing but what he will most rididly fulfil.

The public's obedient servant,
LEVIN WINGATE.

Cambridge, Dec. 11 tf

N. B. All who have accounts of long standing with subscriber are requested to make a speedy settlement. L. W

A CARD.

THE subscriber respectfully informs his patrons and the public, that he has opened the shop over the Billiard Room, back of Mr. John Bradshaw's Tavern, in the town of Cambridge, where he is prepared to carry on the business of

SHAVING & HAIR CUTTING,

in the neatest manner. For the better accommodation of his customers, he has furnished his shop *with separate shaving boxes,* for each of his customers. He pledges himself, that his establishment, shall be kept in the cleanest order, and every effort made to ensure a liberal support. He flatters himself, that by his long acquaintance with the above business, and by his zealous exertions to give satisfaction, the citizens of Cambridge and all who favor him with a call, will be entirely pleased, and that his shop will be considered a valuable and necessary acquisition to the metropolis of the county.

THOMAS WILLIAMS.

Cambridge, Sept. 11, 1837. 3w