CAMBRIDGE:

MONDAY, JUNE 18, 1838.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.

FOR GOVERNOR OF THIS STATE,

WILLIAM GRASON,

OF QUEEN ANNES COUNTY.

We have been somewhat surprised at the course of the Chronicle, of this place, in speaking of the Van Buren party. If its opponents were men of the most abandoned and sutpid characters, it could not make use of observations, of a more indecorous purport. In some late papers, in alluding to the recent nominations, and apologizing for the discrepancy of views, in regard to the nomination of Mr. Steele, and accounting for the unanimity which prevailed in the nomination of Mr. Grason, it proceeds to say, that the "*Van Buren party being generally led by wires and leading strings, daring not to differ in opinion, and being entirely ignorant of the effect of principle on the actions of men, have falsely hoped, that some portion of the whigs would become lukewarm, in the contest this fall*" &c. Upon what moral principle, can the Chronicle justify such language, and arrogate to itself, all the independence and intelligence of the day. Such remarks may suit the tone and temper of anonymous letter writers, but we conceive are totally at war, with propriety and common decency, to say the least of it, and are unbecoming in a paper, professing to be governed by highminded principles. We had hoped that the Chronicle would abstain from the use of such balderdash, and in its editorials, furnish its readers with sensible and discreet observations, upon public men and measures, without descending to such trashy remarks. It lowers the reputation of a public paper, to indulge in such a strain, & we regret that the Chronicle should resort to it. From the good sense of the conductors of that paper, we feel satisfied upon reflection, that they will agree with us, that the contest of parties, can be conducted, upon such intelligent and decorous principles, as will be worthy of republicans and high-minded men, who have a regard to their moral reputation and standing in society. These remarks are dictated, not in a spirit of ill-natured opposition to the Chronicle, but from the best motives, and we hope will be so construed by that print.

THE SUB TEASURY.—Thsi subject which has been acted on in the Senate, we learn will be taken up, this week, in the House of Representatives. The whigs claim a majorty of six against it, and the Van Burenites, a majority of five, for it. No doubt, it will be a close vote, and it is our own opinion, formed upon rumors, and a general view of parties in the House, that it will receive the sanction of that body, and become the law of the land, Biddle and his satellites, to the contrary not withstanding.

In his speech, lately delived in the Senate, Henry Clay introduced his project, for a new National Bank. The place where he would locate it, he did not distinely assert, but from his intimaton, in regard to the ability of Albert Gallatin, to take Charge of such an institution, one may infer that the City of New York, would be preferred by him, for its principal establishment. Some few years since Clay, spoke of Mr. Gallatin in the most disreputable terms, as a "heartless foreigner," "without a particle of American feeling."—Why this sudden panegyric of Mr. Gallatin? It shows the violence of his feelings and the sinister character of his present eulogiums.—No doubt, finding that Pennsylvania cannot be operated upon, so as to go over to him, as a candidate for the presidency, he is disposed to throw Biddle overboard and make love to old Gallatin, and the State of New York; hoping thus to secure the interest of that State, by holding out the lure of locating an immense Bank in her emporium. What shallow artifices this Protean politician uses, to promote his ambitious views.

POSITION OF PARTIES.—We belong not to that class of men who think the less of a man, individually, because he differs with us in opinion, provided he is honest in his views. Such a principle is anti-social, and totally at war with the order of society. In politics, we profess to be devout believers in the orthodoxy of the views entertained by the democrats of '98, or, in what is sometimes called the "Jeffersonian creed." Because our neighbor is a follower of the Hamiltonian doctrine, we entertain not the slightest disrespect for him on that account. The Republicans of the age of which we speak, were opposed to an extended construction of the constitution, so as to make the general Government stronger, than what was believed to be the intention of its framers. General Hamilton thought it was not, in its provisions, sufficiently energetic and efficient, and sought to enlarge its powers by a latitudinous construction. This was a dividing principle. Practically, Hamilton was a Bank man.—Jefferson opposed to a Bank. This is an illustration shewing the difference of construction of the Federal Constitution. How do you find parties now a days. The administration of Mr. Van Buren is for a curtailment of executive strength, by separating the purse and the sword—opposed to a National Bank—to a protecting Tariff, and to the system of Internal Improvement by the General Government, and in favor of a strict construction of the Constitution. By the entertainment of these views, its patronage is diminished. The opposition in the main go against these views. Who then are the Democrats, and who the Federalists?—We say that the administration of Mr. Van Buren is democratical, and the course and avowals of the whigs exhibit a belief in the efficacy of the Hamiltonian system, and thus, they may, very properly be denominated federalists. Now it matters not what a man may profess, or what he may have been heretofore. Principles are immutable—men change able.—"Fools, it is said, never change their opinions" To apply these remarks, in this State. Mr. Grason may have once been a Federalist, no doubt an honest one,—now he supports the National Administration, and is most conclusively, a believer in the States' Right creed, and an advocate for democratical doctrines.—Many other distinguished Federalists in this State have undergone similar changes. The converse is also true. Some who were, no doubt honest Democrats, have become Federalists in the present history of the Government.

We look upon Mr. Steele, although once he may have been a Democrat, as now a Federalist. This change of position, and opinion, reflects no reproach upon either of those gentlemen, but may be a consideration with their Fellow citizens, in supporting one or the other. We would not proscribe a man because he was an old Federalist, and is now a Democrat bona-fide, nor would we support a man because an old Democrat, and now a Federalist, to all intents and purposes, dyed in the wool.

PROSPECT OF CROPS.

Generally we have good reports of the wheat and rye fields. Some of the southern counties in Pennsylvania complain of the ravages of the flies, but the opinion is general, that there will be a great harvest. We find the following paragraph in the Fredericksburgh (Md.) Herald:

"We are informed by persons from various parts of the country, that there never has been a more beautiful prospect for a full crop of grain in this section of country, than now exists. If the harvest should fulfil the present expectation, it will make the hearts of the farmers of old Frederick rejoice again"

The coincidence of the above with reports from other sections of that state and other portions of the country, warrant the opinion that the prospects are generally good. In addition, we may remark that Maine has become a wheat growing state, by the bounty which the legislature offered for the cultivation of that species of grain; and the closing of many of the large factories in Massachusetts have sent hundreds to agricultural pursuits who have been for some years past engaged in some way with the manufacture of cotton and woolen fabrics. This has been carried to such an extent, that vast quantities of land which have been left untilled for several years, are this year, producing wheat, rye and maize—so that while we are producing a good crop in the middle states, the demand in the eastern section is to be diminished.—*United States Gazette.*

MARRIED,

On the 12th instant, in Straits Hundred, by the Rev. Mr. Peck, Mr. *Vachel Keene* to Miss *Harriet W. Keene.*

On the 13th instant, in Cambridge, by the same, *David P. Hoge* Esq. to Mrs. *Hester L. D. Willis*

DIED,

On Thursday last, in the lower part of this County, Mrs. *Emily,* consort of Charles Tubman.

A BALL.

CHARLES L. SPIES, Professor of Dancing, begs leave to return thanks to his patrons for the encouragement he has received, since his stay in Cambridge. Being about to close he respectfully announces to the public, that his Exhibition and Final Ball, will take place on Wednesday evening, the fourth of July, at 8 o'clock, to which the Gentlemen of this and the adjacent Counties are invited.

Tickets to be had at Mrs. Flint's Hotel, Dr. Flint's Drug Store, and at this Office.

June 18th 1838 3w (C.)

CHANCERY SALE.

BY virtue of a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, I will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, at the store of Mr Greenbury Thomas, on Saturday the 14th day of July next, between the hours of 3 and 4, (P. M.,) the following Real Estate, of which Thomas Linthicum, died seized and possessed, to wit: A valuable tract or parcel of land, called "Jordon part," containing

96 1-4 ACRES,

more or less. This land is well situated in Dorchester County, lying and being in "Hill's Point Neck," and directly on "Brannock's Bay"—part of it is cleared, and the residue covered with excellent timber, very convenient to navigable water. For a residence or speculation, this property offers great inducements to purchasers.

The terms of sale, are, one third cash, and the residue, on a credit of six and twelve months, with interest on each instalment from the day of sale, to be secured by bond with security, to be approved by the Trustee. On the payment of the whole purchase money, I will convey the above property, to the purchaser or purchasers

JAMES A. STEWART. Trustee.

June 18th 1838 tds (C. 3w)

IN CHANCERY, June 7th 1838.

ORDERED that the sale of the property in the cause of Delaba Sparkling and Rebecca his wife, and John W. Conaway Administrators of Atwell Chance, against Owen Boon, Adm'r. of Isaac Messick and Edward Messick made and reported by the Trustee James A. Stewart, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 11th day of August next, provided that a copy of this order be published in some news paper, once in each of three successive weeks before the 11th day of July next. The Report states the amount of sales to be $300.

True copy

Test RAMSY WATERS, Reg. Cur. Can.

June 18th 1838.

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale on reasonable terms, all his land on Little Choptank river opposite Tobacco Stick. The farm whereon he lives is a very handsome situation, located about one mile on the river, and about the same distance on the main road, and is a first rate place for fishing, oystering, and gunning.

The other is a tract of land consisting of 107 acres on the opposite side of the main road, pretty well wooded, running to back creek, where a vessel drawing eight feet water can load within one hundred yards of the shore. Further description is deemed unnecessary as doubtless those wishing to purchase will come and view for themselves.

LEVIN KILLMAN.

June 18, 3t*

FROM PHILAD. AND BALTIMORE.

THE subscribers have just received a full assortment of

NEW GOODS,

from Philadelphia and Baltimore, purchased below a fair value and offered unusually cheap for cash. We will make it an object to persons wishing to purchase to give us a call before they do so.

WHITE & ANDERSON.

N. B. A large assortment of Parasols and Umbrellars, also a handsome variety of New and fashionable Silks for dresses &c.

W. &. A.

June 11th 1838. tf

SINGING SCHOOL.

G. GURNEY respectfully announces to the citizens of Cambridge, that he proposes to give a course of Lessons in the art of Singing, which will be executed in good stile of scientific accuracy and skill; and harmonized gudiciously upon the improved, and essential principles of modern musical science, and to secure this delightful part of public worship from its languishing state. He pledges himself to give general satisfaction. The course will consist of sixteen lessons.

Terms $3, half payable in advance, those who wish to attend are requested to leave their names at this Office.

June 11th 1838.

THE LITERARY PEARL.

THE subscriber proposes to publish, on the first of June inst. in the city of Philadelphia, a magazine under the above title, which will be punctually issued on the first of every month. The work will be under the superintendence of several literary gentlemen, and will contain the choisest gems of literature, selected with the utmost care, from the best European and American literary journals.

The PEARL will be printed on good type and fine paper, and will comprise a greater variety of literary miscellany than any similar publication in the country. Each number will contain 48 royal octavo,—forming a volume of about 600 pages, with a copious index and a beautiful title page, which will adapt it as well to the library as to current use.

The terms of the PEARL are unusually low, being TWO DOLLARS per annum in advance, or THREE COPIES for FIVE DOLLARS.

A discount of 25 per cent will be allowed Post Masters and others disposed to extend its circulation.

Editors of newspapers, by giving the above six or more insertions, and forwarding their paper to the "LITERARY PEARL," shall be entitled to a copy.

☞All communications to the publisher must be free of postage, otherwise they will not be opened,

Address, T. E. MARTIN.
61 Dock st. Philada.

June 11th 1838.

NOTICE.

JAMES A. STEWART, Esq., Attorney at Law, Cambridge, Dorchester County, Md. is my LEGAL Agent, for the sale of patents for my Patent Horse-power Mills, in the State of Maryland.

WM. J. McGEHEE.

June 4, 1838. tf

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

A NEW AND IMPROVED

PORTABLE HORSE POWER AND THRESHING MACHINE.

Having obtained Letters Patent, bearing date Feb. 6th, 1838, for an improvement on a *PORTABLE HORSE POWER,* for propelling Threshing Machines, Clover Mills, Small Grist Mills, &c.

The subscriber takes this method of informing the public, that he will be prepared to supply all orders at the shortest notice. The superiority over other machines, consists in ease of operation, durability and simplicity. Being constructed principally of iron, both Horse Power and Thresher, the bearings being surrounded with oil cups, which retain oil sufficient for one day, without replenishing, supercedes the necessity of hourly application of oil, which renders other machinery so liable to injury from neglect, and hazardous to those who may superintend them, consequently produced by applying oil during the operation or from a neglect of its mechanical construction. The vertical and horizontal bearings are supplied with oil by nutrition and capillary which is a great saving of oil, and prevents them from becoming dry and injuring the machine, which is so detrimental to other machinery. The Horse Power occupies the space of 3 feet by 3 feet 6 inches, which contains the moving machinery. This machine will thresh all kinds of grain, it also answers the purpose of cleaning clover seed, and with my late improvement is far superior to my former machines.

This machine can be transported in a common cart or wagon, without any inconvenience. A further description is deemed unnecessary, as those who would wish to purchase will call and examine for themselves. The subscriber has constantly on hand the above described machines, at his manufactory, north of Brandywine village, Del., where orders will be received and the machines sent to any part of the neighboring States. Hundreds of certificates can be produced that it is superior to any thing of the kind they have yet seen.

References to the superiority of this machine may be had in the surrounding counties of Philadelphia, Montgomery, Delaware, Chester and Lancaster, Pa.; New Castle, Kent and Sussex, Del.; Cecil, Kent and Harford, Md; Salem, Cumberland, Gloucester, and Burlington, N. J., where these machines have been justly celebrated and given entire satisfaction. JESSE URMY.

P. S.—Corn shellers made to order of the latest improvement Also, repairing Horse Power, will be attended to with fidelity and despatch, at his manufactory, north side of the Brandywine, near Wilmington.

Agent for Dorchester county, Md., James Dixon, Esq. Cambridge.

June 4, 1838 4t*

Caution.

ALL persons are hereby forwarned against cutting wood, or otherwise trespassing on my wood Lot, lying near Cambridge, and adjoining a lot belonging to Mr. Samuel Corkran. The law will be rigorously enforced against all who neglect this caution.

ANN E. CRAIG

Cambridge, May 7th. 3w

FRANCIS H. ROWINS,

CLOCK & WATCH MAKER,

RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Cambridge and its vicinity, that he still continues to carry on the above business in all its VARIOUS BRANCHES, at his old stand, nearly opposite Mr. James Straughn's store. He warrants all work to be faithfully and expeditiously executed, and on as accommodating terms as can be done in the City or elsewhere.

N. B. He will attend private houses in the Town or Country, to repair and clean clocks, if required.

June 4th, 1838. wtf

KINGSTON HALL SCHOOL.

THIS Institution is in prosperous operation, in Somerset County, Maryland, with Miss CARROLL as Principal, and under the supervision of her father THOMAS KING CARROLL. Instruction by highly accomplished Teachers, is afforded in MUSIC on the Piano and Guitar, in the FRENCH & ITALIAN LANGUAGES, & in DRAWING and PAINTING, in their varieties

The principal studies in the English department, are as follows:—Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Book Keeping, Composition, Grammar, History, Natural and Civil, Geography, with the drawing of Maps, Rhetoric, Natural, Moral and Intellectual Philosophy, Paley's Natural Theology, and Evidences of Christianity, Chemistry, Astronomy, Logic, Political economy, Kame's Elements of Criticism, Conchology, Mythology, Botany, Geology, Trigonometry, Plane and Spherical, and Algebra.

CONDITIONS OF ADMITTANCE.

Board and Tuition in the English department, with bedding and washing per quarter,	$80 00
Day Scholars,	5 00

EXTRA CHARGES.

Music on the Piano, with use of instrument, per quarter,	$13 00
Do. on the Guitar, with use of do.	10 00
French,	6 00
Italian,	5 00
Landscape Drawing and Painting,	5 00
Theorem and Mezzotinto,	8 00

Books, Stationary and Drawing materials furnished at book store prices.

An extra charge will be made for lights per quarter, and also, for fuel during the winter session.

There will be a public examination in every session. The vacation will take place on the last day of August, and continue until the first Monday in October.

☞All payments to be made in *advance,* at the commencement of every quarter.

Parents not residing near the School, can have articles of clothing purchased for their daughters, by depositing the money with the Principal of the Institution.

June 4th 1838. 4w

CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the citizens of Cambridge and its vicinity, that he intends carrying on the above business in the office attached to Mrs. Donovan's dwelling, and next door to Mr. Francis Corkran's hat shop, where he can be found at all times, to execute all orders in his line in a neat and durable manner and with despatch. He flatters himself from his experience in the business to give general satisfaction to those who may favor him with their custom, and hopes by strict and personal attention to business to share a part of the public patronage,

The public's ob't serv't

June 4 tf WILLIAM COX.

N. B. Persons having clocks to clean in the country can be waited upon at their residence at a moments warning; charges reasonable. W. C.

TOBACCO STICK,

MARCH 24th, 1838.

THE citizens of Maryland and the adjacent States are now informed that my Horse power Saw Mill has been put in operation at the above vilage. The Patentee will remain in this neighborhood for a few weeks longer. County rights are offered for sale on such terms as will be much to the interest of purchasers. He would like to sell to some individuals a privilege of one half or three fourths of his Patent, for several States, in such an arrangement, the payments will be easy. He refers to the report of some gentlemen of Tobacco Stick, in regard to the draft on horses and the amount of business done in a given time.

WM. J. McGEHEE

The Easton S. Whig, Talbot, Peoples Press, Somerset, and Sentinel, Worcester, will insert the above three times and charge this office.

SELECT SCHOOL.

THE Rev. W. PECK, respectfully informs the citizens of Cambridge and vicinity, that by Divine permission, he will on Monday the 19th instant, open in the upper room of Mr. Thomas Hayward's store, a

SELECT FEMALE SCHOOL.

The course of instruction shall include READING, WRITING, ARITHMETIC, GEOGRAPHY, GRAMMAR, RHETORIC, HISTORY, COMPOSITION—the elements of ASTRONOMY, CHEMISTRY and PHILOSOPHY.

Parents, Guardians, and all friends of education, desiring to see the order of the School may feel assured that their visits shall be duly appreciated.

Terms of tuition, $5 per quarter.

Cambridge, March th 1838.

CLARK'S

OLD ESTABLISHED LUCKY OFFICE

N. W. corner of Baltimore & Calvert sts.

(UNDER THE MUSEUM.)

WHERE HAVE BEEN SOLD

Prizes! Prizes! Prizes!!

DOLLARS--MILLIONS OF DOLLARS!

NOTICE.—Any person or persons, throughout the United States, who may desire to try their luck, either in the Maryland State Lotteries, or in authorised Lotteries of other States, some one of which are drawn daily—Ticket from $1 to $10, shares in proportion—are respectfully requested to forward their orders by mail (post paid) or otherwise, enclosing cash or prize tickets which will be thankfully received and executed by return mail, with the same prompt attention as if on personal application, and the result given (when requested) immediately after the drawing. Please address

JOHN CLARK.

Old established Prize Vender, N. W. corner of Baltimore and Calvert streets, under the Museum.

Baltimore, April 17 1837 yy

MORISON'S PILLS.

R. FENNER,

General Agent for Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware, &c. No 3 1-2 south 7th st. three doors below Market st. Philadelphia, and No 10 North st. Baltimore, near the Post Office.

HEALTH SECURED BY THE USE OF THE HYGEIAN VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL MEDICINES,

As formerly prepared under the supervision of the late Mr. THOMAS MOAT, Vice President of the British College of Health, London. Manufactured in this country in their original purity by H. SHEPHEARD MOAT, eldest son of the above.

Which have obtained the approbation and recommendation of Thousands, who have been cured in Consumption, Cholera Morbus, Inflamations, internally or externally, and all diseases of the liver, yellow fever, gout, rheumatism, lumbago, tic doloreux, dropsy, St. Vitus's dance, epilepsy, apoplexy, paralysis, palsy, green sickness, and all obstructions to which the Female form is so distressingly liable, and which send so many of the fairest portion of the creation to their untimely graves; small pox, measles, whooping cough, scarlet fever, asthma, jaundice, gravel, stone, and all urinary obstructions, fistula, piles, strictures, ruptures and syphilisis in all its stages; constipated bowels, worms, scurvy, itching of the skin, kings evil and all cutaneous disorders; in short, every complaint to which the human frame is so direfully subject, under all their varied forms and names; as the Hygeian conviction is, that *man is subject to only one real disease,* that is, to the IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD, from which springs every complaint that can possibly assail his complicated frame, and that it is the perpetual struggle of this vital, pure stream of life, (the gift of Almighty power) to disencumber itself of its viscious, acrid humors, with which it has become commixed.

This valuable medicine, being composed only of vegetable matter, of medicinal herbs, and warranted on oath, as containing not one particle of mercurial, mineral, or chemical substances, (all of which are uncongenial to the nature of man and therefore destructive to the human frame,) is found to be perfectly harmless to the most tender age, or weakest frame, under every stage of human suffering, the most pleasant and benign in its operation, and at the same time the most certain in searching out the root of every complaint, however deep, and of performing a cure that was ever offered to the world. This wonderful effect, too, is produced by the least trouble to the patients, with the least possible sensation of pain, exhaustion or bodily strength, and without the fear of catching cold or attention to dress or diet, in any way different from their accustomed habits.

These Pills cure in all cases, and cannot be taken in excess. Experience, which is the touchstone of all human knowledge, has long borne testimony to the fact, and extensive use of them has already verified its truth in this country.

These medicines cure by purging, and yet the weak, the feeble, the infirm, the nervous, the delicate are in a few days strengthened by their operation, because they clear the body of its bad humors, and invariously produce sound sleep. They are the safest and most efficacious Medicine to take to sea; preventing scurvey, costiveness, &c.

The operation of this mild medicine, which conveys immediate conviction of its utility, from the first dose, is as beneficial to the mind as the body; first calming, then curing all mental derangements, eccentricities, nervous affections, irritabilities and restlessness, from whatever source,—complaints, which have hitherto not been properly understood, as the Hygeists have found them all to proceed from acrimonious humours in the blood, and, happily for the present and future race of mankind discovered a cheap and universal mode of purifying, curing and preventing.

The being cured of any disease, infirmity, or sore, is now no more a dubious or uncertain proceedure—perseverance in the Vegetable Universal Medicines will always restore nature to her due course. The literary and sedentary of both sexes, whose pursuits so much impair the faculties, will find a sure remedy in the Universal Medicines for preserving the energy and sprightliness of the imagination, and improving their health; old age will be attained by the use of them, and passed free from pain and infirmities.

They are not enveloped with the mysteries of other medicines; they only require to be persevered in with sufficiently large doses, and the patient will come off well; when a disease is obstinate, patients frequently do not take doses large enough.

The medicines are comprised in three different articles only, viz: in two kinds of pills, of different strength or power, designated by No. 1, and No. 2; the first is a powerful, but most mild and gentle aperient, or opening medicine, detaching and partially removing the billious ropy humors, while the No. 2 Pills carry off those and the serious acid and putrid humors, incidental to the body; and act together as a ferret in a warren, never resting until every avenue of the human frame is thoroughly searched, and cleansed of its impurities.

The Vegetable Cleansing Powders are of great assistance to patients, and facilitate the evacuation of bad humors; they soften, cleanse, and detach the acrimonious phlegm; are cooling and allay thirst. One, two or three powders may be taken throughout the day, mixed in a half tumbler of water.

The pills are sold in 25 cent boxes, and packets of $1, $2 and $3 each. The powder in boxes 37 1-2 cents.

CAUTION.—Medicines of such great virtue as these, have been, and will be most certainly counterfeited. To protect those desirous of obtaining the Genuine Hygeian Medicines, every packet has a fac simile of the signature of H. Shepheard Moat, on one side, and on the other a yellow label, with the written signatures of the agent for the district, and the actual seller of the medicine.

The publications in proof of the Hygeian Theory, are:

Morisoniana 2 vols. 8vo—price $2,75 per vol

The Family Adviser, 3 vols. 8vo—$1 per vol

Practical Proof, containing many attested cures, price 37 1-2 cents. And just published.

The Mother's Book of Hygeian Midwifery, by H. Shepheard Moat, of New York

☞Respectable parties may be appointed Agents on liberal terms, by applying to the General Depot, No. 3 1-2 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET, three doors below Market Street, Philadelphia—and at No. 10 North street, Baltimore, nearly opposite the Post Office, where the Genuine Medicine may always be obtained.

Agent for Delaware--JOHN HEAZLITT, Wilmington.

Agents for Dorchester County, Md.—S. & E. P. LECOMPTE, Cambridge; T. & S. HIGGINS, New Market.

May 28th 1838. 1yr

FOR RENT

THE Farm on Taylors Island where the late Thomas A. Edmondson resided—Also the adjoining Farm. Apply to James Pattison Esq., Town Point, or to

JAMES HOOPER,

May 28, 1838 * Baltimore.

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, 21st day of May 1838.

On Application of John B. Robinson, Acting Administrator of JOHN DEAN, late of Dorchester County, deceased—it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in the Dorchester Aurora, a paper selected by him.

In testimony That the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 21st day of May, in the year of our Lord, 1838. L. S.

THOMAS H. HICKS,

Register of Wills, Dorchester County.

In compliance with the above order,—This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of JOHN DEAN, late of Dorchester County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 21st day of November next; they may otherwise by law beexcluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 21st day of May 1838.

JOHN B. ROBINSON,

Act. Adm'r. of John Dean.

May 28, 3w

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons, without distinction, who are indebted to the estate of Nathan Griffin late of Dorchester county deceased, are hereby notified to make payment to the subscriber *on or before the 4th day of June next* Such as neglect this notice cannot expect further indulgence, as I shall be compelled to put the claims against them in the shortest train of collection.

CALEB GRIFFIN, Exec'r. of Nathan Griffin.

May 21 1838 3t

TO TIMBER OWNERS

ON THE EASTERN SHORE.

YOUR attention is invited to the business of Lumber making on a much cheaper and more convenient scale than ever before used or reduced to practice.

A SAW MILL,

from its peculiar construction, adapted to horse power, by which 2 horses are capable of sawing one thousand feet (board measure) in 10 hours. This Mill is calculated placed in the midst of the timber, and when all of the timber shall have been consumed the Mill can be moved and placed in the midst of other timber and in a few days be prepared for business again. The Mill has no crank, but is a simple Rotary Saw with but four Bits; these Bits are inserted in the plate and when one set of Bits shall wear out other new Bits are replaced, and any good Blacksmith can make and put in these Bits. The saw plate will last an age. The entire cost of the Mill including the Patent will not exceed $650. The Patentee is now engaged in building a Mill at Tobacco Stick Dorchester County, where he can be consulted until the 20th of January next, after which time he will return to his Native State (Georgia.)

WM. J. McGEHEE.

N. B. He wishes to engage two young men who are good carpenters, to go to the South with him for the purpose of aiding him in the building of Mills; he will make a contract by the year or for a longer time. None need apply but those who can be well recommended as to good work and steady habits.

WM. J. McGEHEE.

Dec. 18th 1837. tf

The E. S. Whig, Talbot Co. Peoples Press, Somerset, and Sentinel, Worcester, will insert the above three times and charge this Office.

Notice.

THE subscriber having moved back to that well known Tavern, the

UNION HOTEL,

would be glad to entertain his old friends and the Public generally. His Table, Bar, and Stables shall be well furnished at all times, and his charges shall be moderate. Board can be had by the year, month, week or day, as low and as good as any Boarding House in town. Private Parties can be furnished with good Rooms at any time. Terrapins and Oysters will be constantly kept and served up in the neatest manner when in season.

The publics obedient servent.

JOHN T. WILSON.

Augst 21 1837. tf

CHANCERY SALE.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS.

THE subscriber has just returned from Baltimore, and is now opening at his stand at the Cross Roads, in Cambridge, a fashionable assortment of SPRING & SUMMER GOODS, which he will sell upon the most accommodating terms. He has also a fresh supply of GROCERIES, HARDWARE & CHINA WARE, together with general collection of articles, which he feels confident will please his customers. He returns his thanks to his friends and the public for the encouragement heretofore bestowed upon him, and he respectfully invites them to call and examine this late arrival of his.

The Public's Ob't. Serv't.

SAMUEL GRIFFIN.

April 30th, 1838. 3w (C.)

DR. WM. P. HAYWARD, offers his professional services to the public.—Office opposite Mr. John T. Wilson's Hotel

April 30th 1838 tf

I WILL sell very low for cash, 80,000 Cypress SHINGLES, of good quality.

THOMAS HAYWARD.

May 14th 4t