CAMBRIDGE:

MONDAY, AUGUST 13, 1838.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.

FOR GOVERNOR OF THIS STATE,

WILLIAM GRASON,

OF QUEEN ANNES COUNTY.

REFORM CANDIDATES.

We are authorized to announce.

Thomas Breerwood, Esq.

AS a candidate to represent Dorchester county in the next Senate of Maryland.

We are authorized to announce.

John Rowins, Esq.

As a candidate to represent Dorchester county in the next General Assembly of Maryland.

We are authorized to announce

William Geoghegan, of Jno.

AS a candidate to represent Dorchester County in the next General Assembly of Maryland.

We are authorized to announce

Phillip H. Graham,

As a candidate to represent Dorchester county in the next General Assembly of Maryland.

July 30th 1838.

☞The Orphans' Court will sit on Tuesday next the 14th inst.

We publish in our columns to-day a strong and severe article from the *Boston Atlas* of the 4th inst. in relation to the proceedings of Baltimore City Court, against our fellow citizen Josiah Bayly Jr. Esq. which we think worthy of the attention of our readers.

This extraordinary case has excited a very great interest throughout the whole country, and the mail regularly brings us papers from every quarter, condemning in the strongest terms the act of that court.

The *Boston Courier*, speaking of the opinion of the Court in this case, says it is "solemn nonsense." There seems to be but one sentiment prevailing in relation to it among Lawyers, Editors and the people at large. That opinion condemns the Court and sustains Mr. Bayly. We will take occasion, when we have time, to treat fully of this matter, and feel assured, that we can establish to the satisfaction of all, that the doctrines of Baltimore City Court are untenable and violate the Bill of Rights of Maryland, and if sanctioned, would place us in an infinitely worse condition, than we were before the Declaration of Independence was signed.

Some anonymous scribbler for the Chronicle attempts to impugn our charges in relation to the whig extravagance which has been displayed for the last seven years, in this State. To shew what reliance should be placed upon this writer as a calculator, we will merely extract the following statement. "A sinking fund is provided to pay the interest of, and reduce the State debt. In 1830 this fund amounted to $30,000 and up to May 1837, it had increased to the astonishing sum of $794,000, merely from the interest at a compound ratio, and when the bonds due from the State, shall become due, this fund by its regular operation, will amount to $30,597,319." No doubt, if $30,000 in seven years, can by *interest, at a compound ratio*, amount to $794,000, it would in a few years, run up to an enormous sum, and be able to pay off the State debt. But if the whigs make such calculations as these, and hold the power of the State, it is a *gone case* with us. They wont mind spending, when they can so easily *calculate* us out of debt. But how, or upon what principle of interest $30,000, can in seven years, amount to the enormous sum of $794,000, we cannot imagine. If this Mr. Whig has found out such a principle, Mc Cubbin, the present able Treasurer of the State, should be turned out, to make room for such a prodigious financier. Whenever this Mr. Whig will explain this extraordinary phenomenon of his, we may take occasion further to notice him, but in the mean time, we would really recommend him, to go to school, (either primary or otherwise,) and learn his figures. The people of Dorset, whether they have primary schools or not, can tell that this Mr. Whig, is no "great shakes" in the way of calculating at least.

We observe in the last Chronicle a communication over the signature of "A whig," using the following language, "when the Primary School law was first brought into notice, a great majority of the Van Burenites raised a most alarming hue and cry about (we wonder if the whigs did not too) its odious feature, &c., and one of the greatest alarmists was the Editor of the "Aurora." "The columns of that paper teemed with objections to and criticisms upon that law. (By the by, we do not recollect of writing more than one or two articles upon the subject.) But why is the scene so changed? Why is there such a death like silence preserved at this time about the matter? The question is easily answered.—At the time the Editor of the Aurora was pronouncing his maledictions upon that measure, *some of his political friends waited on him and informed him that he must desist from his complaints—that the law was popular, and it would be impolitic to say any thing more against it.*" So much for the quotation, which we pronounce to be a sheer fabrication. Our political friends have never waited upon us and remonstrated against our course, and we believe the charge against Mr. Breerwood is equally false. We are not "in the habit of being moved by wires" as probably this Mr. Whig is. We have our own opinions, which we dare express, no matter who is offended. We were and are opposed to the Primary School law, for this county as it is called, and have expressed our objections to it. We believe it attempts to establish the most lame and ridiculous system that could possibly be adopted, and we believe moreover, that it will prove a great curse to the people of the county.—Many of the most sensible of the whigs, we are satisfied, agree with us in this opinion. It is true, we are friendly to education, and to the instruction of all classes, but the plan we should support would be a far different one from that now in the *full* (no ebb) *tide of successful experiment.* One reason why we thought proper not to continue to discuss the subject was, that if we did, the whigs, or certain of them, might from that circumstance, try to make it a party question, and by force of "the wires and leading strings," endeavor to poke it down the throats of the good citizens of this county, right or wrong. We therefore considered it best to let the matter work its own passage, after we had, as a free press, expressed our views about it. We believe the law to be almost universally unpopular, and that few indeed in this county are its advocates, except a certain sett; and we think it probable that some that were originally in favor of it now have their doubts, and will ultimately oppose it. Probably the writer of the communication wishes these Primary Schools established, that he may have a chance of going to school himself. We should rather think, from the character of his ideas, and the drift of his composition, that a "little learning had made him mad," and that he ought to be placed under a primary teacher for a considerable time yet to come. If he could find a school to teach him good manners too, we think his style might be improved, and he might be a little more decent and respectful to his neighbors Experience, it is said is a dear school, but it is the only one in which fools will learn.

THE BUCKTOWN CONVENTION.—We take the liberty to announce that this *August* assemblage, will hold its session on Wednesday next, with a view of bringing out whig candidates for the Legislature. The delegates, in that grave convention, assembled, had better be particular, not to bring out any "lame ducks".—They do not suit the market, now a days We shall soon see who these whigs would have the sovereign people to vote for, per order.

A BET.—For effect abroad, we have understood, it is quite currently reported, that Mr. Steele will beat Mr. Grason, in Dorchester, some *five hundred votes.* This is laughable enough. If any of the friends of Mr. Steele are sanguine upon this subject, they have now the opportunity of testing their faith, in a most effectual manner. We are authorized to propose the following wager of $100—to wit: $20 that Steele will not beat Grason 500 votes in this County—$20 that he will not beat him 400 votes—$20 that he will not beat him 300 votes—$20 that he will not beat him 200 votes, and $20 that he will not beat him 100 votes. The money to be placed in the hands of some safe stakeholder. If this bet is not taken up in two weeks, we shall consider that Mr. Steele's friends, (at least that portion of them that brag and bet) are not quite so confident, as they would have us believe.

REFORM.—Some time ago we charged Mr. Steele, with having been opposed to Reform. The fact was contradicted. In our last number, we referred to *some* of the proofs (we had others if occasion required,) to establish the correctness of our charges. Now, they attempt to shew that Mr. Grason had also given votes in opposition to Reform, as if this could be a justification for the *denial* that Mr. Steele was opposed to Reform. Mr. Grason, as a *delegate* from Queen Annes County, made certain votes, in his representative capacity, undoubtedly under *implied instructions*, as he came from a small county. What were his individual views upon the subject of Reform, we have no precise data, at hand, upon which to predicate a positive opinion. Our own impression is, that he was favorable to Reform, from the first. Mr. Steele *made speeches* in this county against Reform, and *voted* in the House of Delegates *against it;* and we have no evidence, that he has ever changed his views, except by inference.

Mr. Grason, most assuredly *has voted in favor of reform*, and we publish his votes below, upon the great Reform Bill, which we believe would never have been a part of the law of the land, if it had not been for the course of the 19 Van Buren electors, or a similar decided and commanding tone on the part of the Reformers. The whigs, at least some of them deserve no credit for it, for if, they could have had their own way, Reform might have slept on the Statue Book for ages.

Mr. Grason's vote upon the Bill, entitled an Act to confirm an Act, entitled an Act to amend the Constitution and Form of Government of the State of maryland, passed at December session 1836 ch. 197.

Mr. Grason was elected to the Legislature from Queen Annes County in the fall of 1837, and took his seat at the December session of that year. At pages 225 and 226 of the Journal of the House of Delegates for that year, we find the House acting upon the Great Reform Bill, being the Bill, to confirm an Act, altering the Constitution, so as to elect the Governor by the people—to abolish the Council—to elect the Senate by the people &c. The said Bill was then read the second time, and the question put shall the said Bill pass. Resolved in the Affirmative.

On motion of Mr. Roberts, the yeas and nays were ordered and appeared as follows:

Affirmative—Messrs. Tuck, Speaker, Ford, Crane, Tall, Parker, Comegys, Maulsby, Carter, Boon, McDaniel, Usilton, Welch, Gale, Brown, Higgins, Simmons, Orrick, Risteau, Ely, Turner of Baltimore, Kerr, Denny, Boyle of Talbot, Jump of Talbot, Jones, Adams, Lemmon, Eccleston, Goldsborough, Evans, Simper Bowie, Ghiselin, Alexander, GRASON, Roberts, Harrison, Wilmer, Townsend, Selby, Hearn, Powell, Biser, Geyer, Ent, Cramer, Williams, Forwood, Nelson, Jump of Caroline, Giles, Hillen, Gallagher, Mann, Swingley, Rentch, Witner, Griffith, White, Dawson, Neff, Blocher, Huddleson, Sprigg, Boyle of Carroll, Shower, Berrett, Powder—68.

Negative—Messrs. Hopewell, Causin, Sollers, Parran, Duke, Kent, Beall, Hughes, Carpinter, Matthews—10.

Mr. Grason's vote to alter the Constitution, so as to appoint Clerks and Registers for a term of years.

At page 268 of the same Journal, we find the House taking the vote upon this Bill—the question was put, shall the said Bill pass? Resolved in the affirmative—the yeas and nays being ordered appeared as follows:

Affirmative—Messrs Carpinter, Speaker pro tem., Crane, McDaniel, Eccleston, Goldsborough, Parker, Comegys, Boon, Jump, of Caroline, Giles, Hillen, Usilton, Welch, Gale, Brown, Higgins, Simmons, Parran, Duke, Kent, Beall, Risteau, Ely, Turner, of Balt., Jump, of Talbot, Jones, Carroll, Evans, Bowie, Ghiselin, Coombs, GRASON, Roberts, Harrison, Wilmer, Biser, Geyer, Cramer, Williams, Forwood, Nelson, Maulsby, Carter, Gallagher, Mann, Swingley, Rentch, Witmer, Bean, Griffith, White, Dawson, Neff, Blocher, Huddleson, Boyle, of Caroline, Shower, Berret, Powder—59.

Negative—Hopewell, Causin, Ford, Matthews, Simpers, Kerr, Boyle, of Talbot, Swann, Alexander, Townsend, Kelby, Powell—12. So the bill was passed.

Death of Com. Rogers.—Commodore John Rogers expired, in Philadelphia, on Wednesday evening the 1st. inst., at the Naval Asylum near the Schuylkill, in the 74th year of his age, after an illness of nearly a year, during which time he was at periods deprived of his reason.

His remains were interred with the honors usual upon such occasions.

Commodore Rogers was at the head of the American navy and the oldest commander in the service. Commodore Barron takes his place with a salary augmented from 2,500 to 3,500 dollars. Commodore Stewart, now in command at the Philadelphia Navy Yard, is second upon the list of officers and has been forty years in the service.

General Naval Order.—As a mark of respect to the memory of Commodore John Rogers, late senior officer of the navy of the U. States, who died in Philadelphia on the 1st instant, the flags of the navy yards stations, and vessels of the United States navy, are to be hoisted half-mast, and thirteen minute guns fired at noon on the day after the receipt of this order.

Officers of the navy and marine corps are to wear crape for thirty days.

J. K. PAULDING

Navy Department, Aug 3, 1838.

DEMOCRATIC REVIEW.

The next, or ninth, number of the Democratic Review will be published on the first of September, commencing the *third* volume. The first *number* of the Democratic Review having been published in october, 1837, in advance of the regular monthly issue, commencing January, 1848, it becomes necessary to intermit one month's publication, so as to bring the usual series of twelve numbers within the present year. Advantage will be taken of this delay to complete in the next, or September, number the "History of the late session of Congress," executed in the same manner as the "History of the Extra Session," which gave such general satisfaction in the January and February numbers of the Democratic Review.

"REDEEM THE STATE."

Be it remembered, that WILLIAM GRASON is the Democratic Candidate for Governor of Maryland, and that he is supported for the station because he is wise, prudent, and honest and capable.

Be it remembered, that the State of Maryland was out of debt when the Whigs got the ascendency, and now they are obliged to borrow money to defray the necessary expenses!! Will the people not aid in making a change by electing WILLIAM GRASON their Governor?

Be it remembered, that the Federal Governor Veazey, paid Mr. Culberth, the Clerk of the Council, upwards of Four Thousand dollars, extra—i. e. over and above his ordinary salary, which was fifteen hundred dollars a year!! Will the people not aid in turning such an extravagant ruler out and put a man like William Grason in his stead?

Be it remembered, that the Federal Governor, Veazy, paid to Mr. Thompson some four or five hundred dollars, as the records will show, for taking care of the State House at Annapolis, when at the same time he received a regular salary of the State, as Messenger of the Council, which holds its sessions in the State House!! Will the people continue such servant in power or will they make a change this fall by electing William Grason?

Be it remembered, that the Federal Governor Veazey, paid to the State Printer at Annapolis some four hundred dollars of the peoples money for work he never performed!!—Are the People disposed to countenance such conduct; or will they turn their backs upon it with indignatirn, and at the next election go to the polls and vote for William Grason for the Governor.

Be it remembered, that the Federalists in the last Legislature of Maryland passed what is commonly called a Registry Law!! imposing upon the citizens of Baltimore an additional qualification before they can get their votes Thus proving, that if they had the control they would impose an odious Property Qualification upon every voter!! Are the people willing to risk their liberties any longer in the hands of such anti republican rulers.

God save our country from destruction at the hands of wicked, speculating Bank rulers and Aristocratic Nabobs.—Cumberland Advocate.

MR. GRASON.—We have the most cheering evidence from all parts of this county, of the success which awaits Mr. Grason. Our friends are up and doing, and if the other counties in the state will only do as well in the good cause of Grason and Democracy as Carroll, we pledge ourselves that we shall elect our governor by a large majority. We think we can assert with the utmost confidence that we can give him a majority of at least 200 in Carroll. His majority we think will not be less, though it is more than probable that it will much exceed that number. The rank anti-reformer and aristocrat John N. Steele, will not find much favor with our honest independent voters. Grason and Democracy, thorough reform and state economy, are the rallying cries of the Republicans of Carroll.—*Democrat.*

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, 6th day of August, 1838.

On Application of Levin Hodson and William A. Stewart, Administrators of Samuel H. Hodson, lately deceased—it is ordered, that they give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, & that they cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks in the Dorchester Aurora, a paper selected by them.

In testimony That the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 6th day of August in the year of our Lord, 1838.

L.S.

THOMAS H HICKS.

Register of Wills, Dorchester County.

In compliance with the above order,—This is to give Notice, that the subscribers of Dorchester County, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Samuel H. Hodson, lately deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, on or before the 6th day of February next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under our hand this 6th day of August, 1838.

LEVIN HODSON and
WILLIAM A. STEWART,
Admr's. of Samuel H. Hodson.

August 13th 1838. 3w

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, 6th day of August, 1838.

On Application of William A. Stewart, Administrator of JAMES E STEWART, late of Dorchester County, deceased—it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in the Dorchester Aurora, a paper selected by him.

In testimony That the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 6th day of August in the year of our Lord, 1838.

L. S.

THOMAS H. HICKS,

Register of Wills, Dorchester County.

In compliance with the above order,—This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of James E Stewart, late of Dorchester County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 6th day of February next; they may otherwise by law beexcluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 6th day of August, 1838.

WILLIAM A. STEWART,
Adm'r. of James E. Stewart, dec'd.

Aug 13 3w

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, 6th day of August, 1838.

On Application of Algernon Hurley, Administrator of Newton Hurley, late of Dorchester County, deceased—it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks in the Dorchester Aurora, a paper selected by him.

In testimony That the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 6th day of Aug., in the year of our Lord.1838.

L.S.

THOMAS H. HICKS.

Register of Wills, Dorchester County

In compliance with the above order,—This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Newton Hurley, late of Dorchester County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 6th day of February next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 6th day of August, 1838.

ALGERNON HURLEY,
Adm'r. of Newton Hurley dec'd.

Augs't. 13 3w

NEW SCHOOL.

THE Subscriber, a graduate of the University of Gottingen, and at this time Principal of the Academy in Cambridge, respectfully informs the citizens of Dorchester and the adjoining counties that he will on the first day of October, the expiration of his Academical year, open a school for the instruction of youth. The course of tuition shall comprise LATIN, GREEK, FRENCH, SPANISH, HEBREW and GERMAN; together with Ancient and Modern History, Moral and Natural Philosophy, Geography, with the use of Globes, Rhetoric, Composition, Chemistry, Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, and Euclid.—Terms $5 per quarter.

HENRY W. MAERTENS.

Cambridge, Md
August 6th, 1838. 3w

NEGROES FOR SALE.

WILL be sold, in pursuance of an order of Dorchester County Orphans' Court one negro woman Tabitha, one negro girl Hester Ann, slaves for life. Sale to take place at the late residence of Thomas H. Meekins dec'd., on Thursday the 30th inst. at 10 o'clock. The terms of sale are, a credit of six months, with interest from day of sale, the purchaser giving bond with approved security. PHILLIP H. GRAHAM,

Adm'r. of Thomas H. Meekins.

August 6 4w

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Wm. Jones, late of Dorchester County, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims, in the Registers office, on or before the 23d day of August next as a Dividend will be struck on the said estate on that day.

BENTON H. HOBBS,
Adm'r. of William Jones.

July 30, 1838. 3w.

NEGROES WANTED.

THE subscriber wishes to purchase for his own, and brotherinlaws use, thirty likely young negroes, to take to the State of Georgia. They must be clear of fault, and unquestionable titles will be required, *in every instance*, for which he will pay the highest cash prices.

During his absence from Cambridge, he refers to Mr. William H. Yates, for further particulars.

U. J. BULLOCK.

Cambridge, July 30th 1838.

TO RENT,

FOR the ensuing year, that large and commodious Dwelling, with a lot and garden attached, at present in the occupancy of Solomon Robinson Esq. Also, a house at present occupied by Mrs. Hopkins, and one by Edmund Car. This property is all pleasantly situated in the town of Cambridge. For particulars apply to

LEWIS ROSS,
near Cambridge.

July 30, 1838 3w*

IN CHHNCERY, 19th July, 1838.

ORDERED that the sale of the property in the cause of Fanny Linthicum and Benjamin Linthicum and others, against Henrietta Linthicum and Thomas Linthicum and others, made and reported by the Trustee, James A. Stewart, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary, on or before the 24th day of August next, provided a copy of this order be published in some news paper once in each of three successive weeks before the 24th day of August next. The Report States the amount of sales to be one Thousand and one Dollars.

True Copy

Test, RAMSEY WATERS,

July 30th 1838. Reg. Cur. Can.

A CARD.

THE subscriber avails himself of this mode to inform his friends and the public, that he designs continuing the Tavern business in its various branches, at his old stand, the "Washington Hotel," Princess Anne, Somerset County, Md. The House is undergoing a thorough repair, and he flatters himself that he will be enabled to give general satisfaction to those who may be pleased to give him a call.

The public's ob't. serv't.
JOHN W. B. PARSONS.

July 23. 3w

DORCHESTER COUNTY, To wit:

ON application to me the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, by George Sullivane of the said county, stating that he is in actual confinement for debts which he is unable to pay, and praying to be relieved therefrom agreeably to the acts of Assembly for the relief of insolvent debtors, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors and debtors, on oath, so far as he can at present ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said George Sullivane being in actual confinement, and I being satisfied that the said George Sullivane has resided for two years last past in the State of Maryland, and he having taken the oath prescribed by the Act of 1805, and given bond with sufficient security for his appearance before the Judges of Dorchester County Court, to be held at Cambridge, in said county, on the first Tuesday after the fourth Monday in October next, and at such other time or times as the said Court may direct, to answer the allegations of his creditors, and having complied with the requisitions of the act of December session, 1825 and the several supplements thereto, by executing a deed of all his property, real, personal or mixed, to John G. Abbott, appointed by me Trustee of the said George Sullivane, and the said Trustee having given bond with approved security for the performance of the trust, and certified in writing to me that he is in possession of all the estate of the said George Sullivane mentioned in his schedule—I DO THEREFORE ORDER AND DIRECT that the said George Sullivane be discharged from his imprisonment, and that he be and appear before the Judges of the Dorchester County Court on the day above mentioned; the same time is appointed for his creditors to attend and show cause, if any they have, why the said George Sullivane should not obtain the benefit of said Insolvent Laws—AND I DO FURTHER ORDER AND DIRECT that the said George give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this application to be inserted in a newspaper published in Cambridge, three months before the said day, and to be continued in such newspaper once a week for the space of three successive weeks, and also a like copy to be set up at the Court House door three months before said day.

Witness my hand, the 4th day of July, 1838. ARTHUR BELL.

True copy.

Test, E. RICHARDSON, Clk,

July 23 1838 3w

TO RENT.

FOR the ensuing year, the Dwelling House, with the garden attached thereto, at present in the tenure of Mrs. Ann Sullivane—Also that elegant Store Room, formerly occupied by Messrs. Reed and Pattison. For particulars apply to the Subscriber.

JAMES PATTISON,
Unity Hill;
near Cambridge.

July 23 1838 3w

A CARD.

THE subscriber having sold out his store at the Cross Roads, and being anxious to close up his business in that line, as he designs commencing farming the next year, takes the liberty respectfully to inform those who are indebted to him, that they will do him a great favor by making settlement on or before the 1st day of September next. The subscriber owes money, which he is desirous of paying as soon as possible. He hopes therefore, that those who owe him, may make it convenient to adjust their accounts by the above day. Those who neglect this notice, must not complain, if they find their accounts in the hands of an officer.

The Public's Ob't. Serv't.
SAMUEL GRIFFIN.

July 2d 1838. 3w

DR. WM. R. HAYWARD, offers his professional services to the public.—Office opposite Mr. John T. Wilson's Hotel

April 30th 1838. tf

IN CHANCERY, 21st. June, 1838.

ORDERED that the sale of the property in the cause of Samuel Griffin and Eliza his wife, and Caleb Griffin and Eliza his wife, against James Griffin, Lavina Griffin and others made and reported by the Trustee James A. Stewart, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary on or before the 24th day of August next, provided that a copy of this order be published in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 24th day of July next.

The Report states the amount of sales to be $9834 371 2.

True copy.

Test, RAMSEY WATERS,

July 2d 1838. 3w Reg Cur Can.

A CARD.

THE subscriber having purchased from Mr. Samuel Griffin, his stock of GOODS, at the Cross Roads, in the Town of Cambridge, invites his friends and the public generally to call, and examine his assortment, which consists of a great variety of articles to suit purchasers of every description. He means to keep constantly on hand, an excellent supply of commodities, to accommodate his customers and which he will sell upon the most liberal terms. He hopes his efforts to please, together with the character of his assortment will induce his friends, to give him a call

The Public's Ob't. Serv't.
CHARLES H. LECOMPTE.

July 2d 1838. 3w

NOTICE is hereby given, that the Commissioners of the Primary Schools of Cambridge District, wish to employ three teachers, one to take charge of each of the following schools, viz: Cambridge, Bucktown, & Town Point, at such salaries as the funds to be received shall authorize; not over $250 per annum—persons who shall apply must bring undoubted testimonials of good character and competency to teach the elementary branches of a common English education.

The Commissioners are prepared to receive immediate applications, to enter into engagements to commence on the 1st day of July next.

THOS. I. H. ECCLESTON, Pres't
A. C. THOMPSON, Sec'y.

June 28th 1838 3t

FOR SALE.

A lot of land heavily timbered belonging to Charles K. Bryan, containing ten acres. This Lot is conveniently situated, being about two miles from Town. Persons wishing to purchase can see it

Sale will commence at 12 o'clock A. M, on Monday the 30th July next, at the Court House door in Cambridge.

S. W. LECOMPTE.

July 2 1838. tds.

FROM PHILAD. AND BALTIMORE.

THE subscribers have just received a full assortment of

NEW GOODS,

from Philadelphia and Baltimore, purchased below a fair value and offered unusually cheap for cash. We will make it an object to persons wishing to purchase to give us a call before they do so.

WHITE & ANDERSON.

N. B. A large assortment of Parasols and Umbrellars, also a handsome variety of New and fashionable Silks for dresses &c.

W. & A.

June 11th 1838. tf

NOTICE.

JAMES A. STEWART, Esq, Attorney at Law, Cambridge, Dorchester County, Md. is my LEGAL Agent, for the sale of patents for my Patent Horse-power Mills, in the State of Maryland.

WM. J. McGEHEE.

June 4, 1838. tf

FRANCIS H. ROWINS,

CLOCK & WATCH MAKER.

RESPECTFULLY announces to the citizens of Cambridge and its vicinity, that he still continues to carry on the above business in all its VARIOUS BRANCHES, at his old stand, nearly opposite Mr. James Straughn's store. He warrants all work to be faithfully and expeditiously executed, and on as accommodating terms as can be done in the City or elsewhere.

N. B. He will attend private houses in the Town or Country, to repair and clean clocks, if required.

June 4th, 1838. wtf

CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the citizens of Cambridge and its vicinity, that he intends carrying on the above business in the office attached to Mrs. Donovan's dwelling, and next door to Mr. Francis Corkran's hat shop, where he can be found at all times, to execute all orders in his line in a neat and durable manner and with despatch. He flatters himself from his experience in the business to give general satisfaction to those who may favor him with their custom, and hopes by strict and personal attention to business to share a part of the public patronage,

The public's ob't serv't

June 4 tf WILLIAM COX.

N. B. Persons having clocks to clean in the country can be waited upon at their residence at a moments warning; charges reasonable. W. C.

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons, without distinction, who are indebted to the estate of Nathan Griffin late of Dorchester county deceased, are hereby notified to make payment to the subscribee *on or before the 4th day of June next* Such as neglect this notice cannot expect further indulgence, as I shall be compelled to put the claims against them in the shortest train of collection.

CALEB GRIFFIN, Exct'r. of
Nathan Griffin.

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