CAMBRIDGE:

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1838.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATION.

FOR GOVERNOR OF THIS STATE,

WILLIAM GRASON,

OF QUEEN ANNES COUNTY.

REFORM CANDIDATES.

FOR THE SENATE.

THOMAS BREERWOOD.

FOR THE ASSEMELY.

JOHN ROWINS,
PHILLIP GRAHAM,
GEO. A. Z. SMITH,
WM. GEOGHEGAN.

Republican nomination for Worcester.

FOR THE SENATE.

LAMBERT P. AYRES.

FOR THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

ELISHA E. WHITELOCK,
DR. CHESED PURNELL,
LEVIN G. IRVING,
CAPT. JAS. M. HOLLAND.

It seems, that at the late election in Maine, the Van Buren men, have turned out Kent, the whig governor, and elected Mr. Fairfield. This is glorious news. What say the whig papers to this. This is a reaction the other way. It wont suit them, and probably they will say as little about it, as possible. We shall anxiously wait to hear from the Cambridge Chronicle on this subject.

We are gratified to learn that Mr. John I. Stewart, formerly of this county, has been appointed keeper of the Light House on the Bodkin, in the place of the late keeper, who recently died.

The Village Herald, in alluding to a communication from Somerset which appeared in this paper, alleges that we have called for *help* in our controversy with that paper.—That print is without its book in making such a remark.—We asked for no assistance in our interchanges with the Herald. We do not deem that adversary of so potential a character, as to require any special aid to enable us to meet its heaviest artillery. 'Tis true, in the *poetic* line, we may stand indebted to them, but every man is not born a poet, and we must confess that in the selection of poetry we may not be equal to the Herald.—Possibly we might be able to indite *original* stanzes that would tell as well as our neighbor's of the Herald. This we must confess, however, is a debatable point, and sooner than quarrel about it we would yield the palm to that paper. In regard to our correspondent, as we have no paper in Somerset to *checkmate* the Herald, we could not refrain from the publication of the communication sent to us. The Herald seems quite in a *fluster* about it.—This shews that the shot tells.—As for the Herald's bluster, and its reference to the rules of decency, and its remark, that "when our correspondent has the *courage* to write his *name* beneath his communications, and can get any decent man to endorse his respectability, he will be noticed in a very racy and vigorous manner," we think that all that had better been let alone. We know the author of that communication—We believe him to be brave, chivalric and one that would not shrink from any proper responsibility If any one feels sorely aggrieved by his strictures, and is anxious to ascertain the author, we *guess* it will not be a very difficult matter to find him out. We did not believe that his remarks were wanting in proper courtesy in the zeal of political altercation, and we have no doubt that he is an honorable man and ready to do justice in all cases. If the Herald can successfully reply to him, and wishes to do so, certainly it has every chance. To ostracise our correspondent because the usual delicacy would not require him to place his name below his composition, is rather an ingenious way of disposing of an adversary, who writes with too much pith to be efficiently met by a rational reply.

If a Presidential or Congressional election were now going on, the whigs could not say more about national politics than they now do. Why, sirs, we are not now electing Presidents and Congressmen.—We want men in our State Councils, to attend to the business of the State. The whigs have got us in debt—have been extravagant and wasteful in the management of the State funds, and try to shy off from that subject by travelling to the General Government. It wont do, gentlemen, the people will not be deceived.—The citizens of Maryland are now called upon to pass upon the conduct of the whigs in this State for the last seven years—At a proper time, they will be called on to express their opinions of the course of the National Administration—Let us decide one thing at a time.

We believe the whigs are getting quite alarmed about the election of Mr. Steele. They do not talk so much now, about beating some 3, 4 & 5000 votes. They will be quite satisfied, we have no doubt, if they can elect Mr. Steele by the skin of his teeth. With their army of office holders, all organized & drilled for the service, they fear, the struggle with the people.—As the election approaches they quake. The ague and fever, could not shake their nervous system more, than the apprehension of defeat. Why, gentlemen, you should be ready to submit to it, like philosophers. Changes will come—you have had the State for the last seven years—you have become rather wild in your conduct, and it is high time, that a change should take place. Like Belshassar of old, you see (or ought to see) the hand writing on the wall—you have been weighed in the balance & found wanting. Prepare them for a quiet and calm overthrow. None of your spasms and convulsions. It dont look well.

The Chronicle has taken occasion to avail itself of a bet, made in this place, a few days ago, for the purpose of offering a comment.—That paper must be rather hard pushed for matter to write about, when it finds it necessary to seize upon a circumstance of this sort with a view of making up an editorial paragraph. In regard to the ensuing election although at the late general election in this state, between Mr. Van Buren and Gen. Harrison, the whigs had a majority of 3683 votes, yet the Chronicle seems to consider it very liberal in their friends, to bet on Mr. Steele's getting 1000 majority over Mr. Grason.—Now the whigs assert that their party is on the rise, why not then be willing to bet on Mr. Steele's having a majority of 3683 votes more than Mr. Grason? The fact of the whigs not being willing to bet on that number, shows clearly that they are not satisfied that Steele can possibly beat that number, *and that whig stock is declining.* Why sirs, it is liberal on the part of our friends to bet on 1000 majority, in the face of the 3683 votes which Harrison got more than Mr. Van Buren.—Certainly if Mr. Steele does not beat Mr. Grason 3683 votes, it will be considered a falling off in the whig ranks. That there will be a whig defection we doubt not, and we are authorised to propose the following bet. The cash to be put in the hands of a safe stakeholder whenever the bet is taken.—The sum of $200, upon the following points The whole to be taken. $20 that Steele will not beat Grason 3683 votes, at the approaching election in this State—$20 that Steele will not beat Grason 3500—$20 that Steele will not beat Grason 3000 votes—$20 that Steele will not beat Groson 2500 votes—$20 that Steele will not beat Grason 2000 votes—$20 that Steele will not beat Grason 1500 votes—$20 that Steele will not beat Grason 1000 votes—$20 that Steele will not beat Grason 500 votes—$20 that Grason will beat Steele and $20 that Grason will beat Steele 500 votes. If the whigs still think that they are as strong in the State as they were when General Harrison beat Mr. Van Buren 3683 votes, certainly the bet proposed ought to be considered a liberal one, for them. But the fact is, they do not believe in that, nor do we believe they will venture to take the bet above proposed. If they are willing just let them apprise us of it, and the money is ready.

The Chronicle seems to be uneasy, at the circumstance, of numbers of our paper being sent to Somerset. Now we assure the Chronicle if it will afford that paper any satisfaction, that we send none of our papers to that county, unless they are ordered We hope they will be of service, in disseminating correct information in Somerset. The whigs judging from their uneasiness, seem to have fears, about Somerset. We must confess we should like to see old Somerset, rally around Grason, reform and retrenchment, with a zeal and effort, that will carry panick and dismay, into the Steele forces. What has Mr. Steele done for Somerset, that shall cause people there to throw up their caps for him. 'Tis true, we suppose that in the late Congressional election, he went for Mr. Handy the Salisbury nominee, in opposition to Mr. Dennis, who was the favorite of Somerset. Does this fact show any particular attachment, for the favorite men and measures of Somerset? Can the men who attempt to lead Somerset, hold up their hands and say, to the whigs—they have always been whigs, good and true, and therefore the whigs, ought to follow their lead? We believe the people of Somerset, will well weigh, the length, breadth and depth, of the present controversy, and note clearly, the signs of the times. That Somerset is going to give any prodigious majority for Mr. Steele, we do not believe. If he can, under present circumstances, command half the vote of that county, it remains to be seen.

From the Boston Post—Extra—Sept. 11.

GLORIOUS NEWS.

MAINE ELECTION.

FAIRFIELD ELECTED GOVERNOR!

The whigs give up the State, and admit that the democrats have elected their Governor. As compared with the last year, there is a democratic nett gain of *Four Hundred!*

11 o'clock, A. M.—The Steamer Huntress is just in from Bath. Passengers inform us that the democrats have made a large gain in Kennebec county.

Correspondence of the Atlas. (Whig.)

PORTLAND, Sept. 10th, 10 P. M.

The following returns are all that have been received from this county up to this hour, and I can detain your express no longer. Two towns now remain to be heard from, which gave last year 258 votes for Kent and 221 for Parks. The prospect is that Fairfield receives about 75 votes more than Kent in this county, but the Whig Senators run better than the Governor and may be elected.

The votes for member of Congress are not counted in all the Towns, but there is enough to make it pretty certain that no choice has been effected.

VOTES FOR GOVERNOR—CUMBERLAND COUNTY.

1838			1837
Kent.	6112	Kent.	4796
Fairfield.	6196	Parks.	4850

YORK COUNTY—FOR GOVERNOR.

1838.			1837.
Kent.	4303	Kent.	3310
Fairfield	5093	Parks.	3741

The Portsmouth Gazette of the 11th has the following Postcript,

MAINE ELECTION

The following returns of the election yesterday in this State shew a great gain to the Democratic side. If the rest of the State has done as well, the democrats have got all and more than their highest expectations:

1838.			1337.	
	Fairfield	Kent.	Parks.	Kent.
Ellicot,	212	125	98	61
Kittery,	255	38	154	25
York	332	208	195	129
Berwick,	190	219	64	187
Wells,	336	241		

REPRESENTATIVES.—York, William McIntire;—Kittery, Daniel Frisbee; Nathaniel Hanscom, 3rd., Wells, Samuel Meldram.—All Democrats.

POSTSCRIPT.

(*Correspondence of Hale's News Room.*]

BOSTON, Tuesday Afternoon, Sept. 11.

The steamboat Huntress is just in, (2 P. M.) having left Bath during the night. She brings the following returns from Lincoln county.

1838.			1837.	
	Kent	Fairfield,	Kent.	Parks
Bath,	548	244	500	177
Georgetown	55	164	29	108
Westport,	16	61	14	54
Woolwich,	206	32	148	18
Whipsburg	183	114	161	71
Bristol,	253	268	234	233
Wiscasset,	282	145	255	108
Warldboro'	475	240	402	173

From the Boston Post.

VERMONT ELECTION—GOOD.

The Burlington Sentinel of Thursday, received at 9 o'clock last evening, contains the following:

GLORIOUS VICTORY.

Our returns of the result of the Congressional Election in this District are not yet complete, but sufficient have come in to place the election of the Hon. JOHN SMITH, the democratic candidate, beyond a doubt, and that, too, by a handsome majority. The fourth District has returned to her first love, redeemed from the foul stain of federalism. In this County, the strong hold of Mr. Allen, it will be seen that Mr. Smith received nearly as large a vote as Mr. Allen.—The battle has been fought strictly on the ground of a Constitutional Treasury against a National Bank, & the people have strongly pronounced themselves against such an institution.

The Sentinel appends to these remarks returns from 16 towns in Chittenden county, 10 in Franklin, 6 in Orleans, and 6 in Lamoille, which gave Smith, the democratic candidate for Congress 99 majority over all the other votes cast; scattering and all. The Sentinel says—

"The towns remaining to be heard from in Franklin, Lamoille and Orleans counties, will no doubt increase Smith's majority to 200. All of Mr. Allen's strong holds have been given. Grand Isle, it is expected will give a small majority for Mr. Allen."

Fletcher is re-elected by above 700 majority. The Senate will stand the same, probably, as it did last year. The whigs have a small gain in the House.

The comparative vote for governor will be about the same as last year, both sides having increased their number considerably. This is doing well for democracy—*the re-election of Mr. Fletcher to Congress by an increased majority, and the gain of a member in the 4th district.*

MARYLAND:

Talbot County Orphans' Court, }
7th day of September, A. D. 1838. }

On Application of JOHN NEWNAM, Adm'r. of Thomas Bowdle, late of Talbot county, deceased—It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton, and also in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Cambridge.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 7th day of September, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty eight.

L.S.

Test, JAS. PRICE, Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance with the above order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas Bowdle, late of Talbot county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 1st day of April next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 7th day of September, 1838.

JOHN NEWNAM, Adm'r.
of Thomas Bowdle, dec'd.

Sept. 17 3w

CATTLE SHOW

POSTPONED.

AT a meeting of the Trustees of the Md. Agricultural Society for the E. S. held on the 23d ult. it was unanimously, Resolved—That in consequence of the failure of the corn and root crops and the deplorible condition to which the stock have been reduced by the unprecedented drought which has prevailed throughout the country it is expedient to postpone the Cattle Show for twelve months and that it be held on or about the 1st of November 1839.

By order

T. TILGHMAN, Sec'ry.

September 4, 1818.

Papers friendly to Agriculture are requested to copy the above.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers are anxious to purchase about

One hundred Slaves,

from Ten to Twenty five years of age, of both sexes. Good titles will be invariably expected, and CASH will be invariably paid. Persons having such property to dispose of, will do well to call on

OVERLY & SANDERS.

August 27, 1738. 3m.

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, }
14th day of August, 1838. }

On Application of Traverse Staplefort, Executor of Jacob Traverse, late of Dorchester County, deceased—it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in the Dorchester Aurora, a paper selected by him.

In testimony That the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 14th day of August in the year of our Lord, 1838.

L.S.

THOMAS H. HICKS,
Register of Wills, Dorchester County.

In compliance with the above order,—This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Jacob Traverse, late of Dorchester County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 14th day February next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand and seal this 14th day of August, 1838.

TRAVERSE STAPLEFORT,
Exct'r. of Jacob Traverse, dec'd.

Aug. 20th 1838. 3w

KNAPP & COMEGYS,

DENTAL SURGEONS,

N. W. Corner of *Charles & Fayette streets, Baltimore.*

Improvements in Dental Surgery.

"A mouth without Teeth is a mouth without charms."

Strength, beauty, and durability are combined in Dr. KNAPP's late improved Incorruptible Teeth.

These teeth never change their color—never decay—no fœter arises from them and therefore do not injure the breath. They can be inserted in such a manner as to elude detection from the most scrutinizing observer, and so as to make the articulation of the voice perfect, and assists very materially in the process of mastication. These teeth have been universally approved of by those who have worn them, as well as numerous gentlemen of the most profound science, both in this country and Europe.

Among them may be found the names of Proff's R. N. Smith, J. D Ducatel, J. R. W. Dunbar, and George Gibson, M. D. of Baltimore.

Proff's Sewell, Jones, May, and Lindsley, of Washington.

Pro'ff Geddings, Charleston S C:
" Allen, Dickinson College

All opperations in Dental Surgery are performed according to the late sientific improvement in the art by

KNAPP & COMEGYS, *Dental Surgeons,* N. W. corner of Charles and Fayette sts. Baltimore.

Sep. 3, 1838.

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, }
6th day of August, 1838. }

On Application of Algernon Hurley, Administrator of Newton Hurley, late of Dorchester County, deceased—it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks in the Dorchester Aurora, a paper selected by him.

In testimony That the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 6th day of Aug., in the year of our Lord, 1838.

L.S.

THOMAS H. HICKS.
Register of Wills, Dorchester County.

In compliance with the above order,—This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Newton Hurley, late of Dorchester County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 6th day of February next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 6th day of August, 1838.

ALGERNON HURLEY,
Adm'r. of Newton Hurley dec'd.

Augs't. 13 3w

IN CHANCERY. }
20th August, 1838. }

ORDERED that the sale of the property in the cause of Nathan Vickars and others against Martin Tull and Priscilla Tull made and reported by the Trustee James A. Stewart be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary, on of before the 25th day of October next, provided a copy of this Order be published in some Newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 25th day of September next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $300.

True Copy
Test, RAMSEY WATERS,
August 27, 1838. Reg. Cur. Can.

NEW SCHOOL.

THE Subscriber, a graduate of the University of Gottingen, and at this time Principal of the Academy in Cambridge, respectfully informs the citizens of Dorchester and the adjoining counties that he will on the first day of October, the expiration of his Academical year, open a school for the instruction of youth. The course of tuition shall comprise LATIN, GREEK, FRENCH, SPANISH, HEBREW and GERMAN; together with Ancient and Modern History, Moral and Natural Philosophy, Geography, with the use of Globes, Rhetoric, Composition, Chemistry, Plane and Spherical Trigonometry, and Euclid.—Terms $5 per quarter.

HENRY W. MAERTENS.

Cambridge, Md }
August 6th, 1838. } 3w

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of Wm. Jones, late of Dorchester County, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims, in the Registers office, on or before the 23d day of August next as a Dividend will be struck on the said estate on that day.

BENTON H. HOBBS,
Adm'r. of William Jones.

July 30, 1838. 3w.

CLARK'S

OLD ESTABLISHED LUCKY OFFICE

N. W. corner of Baltimore & Calvert sts.

(UNDER THE MUSEUM.)

WHERE HAVE BEEN SOLD

Prizes! Prizes! Prizes!!

DOLLARS--MILLIONS OF DOLLARS!

NOTICE.—Any person or persons, throughout the United States, who may desire to try their luck, either in the Maryland State Lotteries, or in authorised Lotteries of other States, some one of which are drawn daily—Ticket from $1 to $10, shares in proportion—are respectfully requested to forward their orders by mail (post paid) or otherwise, enclosing cash or prize tickets which will be thankfully received and executed by return mail, with the same prompt attention as if on personal application, and the result given (when requested) immediately after the drawing. Please address

JOHN CLARK.

Old established Prize Vender, N. W. corner of Baltimore and Calvert streets, undert he Museum.

Baltimore, April 17 1837 yy

NOTICE.

JAMES A. STEWART, Esq., Attorney at Law, Cambridge, Dorchester County, Md. is my LEGAL Agent, for the sale of patents for my Patent Horse-power Mills, in the State of Maryland.

WM. J. McGEHEE.

NEGROES WANTED.

THE subscriber wishes to purchase for his own, and brotherinlaws use, thirty likely young negroes, to take to the State of Georgia. They must be clear of fault, and unquestionable titles will be required, *in every instance,* for which he will pay the highest cash prices.

During his absence from Cambridge, he refers to Mr. William H. Yates, for further particulars.

U. J. BULLOCK.

Cambridge, July 30th 1838.

IN CHHNCERY, }
19th July, 1838. }

ORDERED that the sale of the property in the cause of Fanny Linthicum and Benjamin Linthicum and others, against Henrietta Linthicum and Thomas Linthicum and others, made and reported by the Trustee, James A. Stewart, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shewn to the contrary, on or before the 24th day of August next, provided a copy of this order be published in some news paper once in each of three successive weeks before the 24th day of August next. The Report States the amount of sales to be one Thousand and one Dollars.

True Copy
Test, RAMSEY WATERS,
July 30th 1838. Reg. Cur. Can.

DORCHESTER COUNTY, To wit:

ON application to me the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Orphans' Court of Dorchester county, by George Sullivane of the said county, stating that he is in actual confinement for debts which he is unable to pay, and praying to be relieved therefrom agreeably to the act's of Assembly for the relief of insolvent debtors, a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors and debtors, on oath, so far as he can at present ascertain the same, being annexed to his petition, and the said George Sullivane being in actual confinement, and I being satisfied that the said George Sullivane has resided for two years last past in the State of Maryland, and he having taken the oath prescribed by the Act of 1805, and given bond with sufficient security for his appearance before the Judges of Dorchester County Court, to be held at Cambridge, in said county, on the first Tuesday after the fourth Monday in October next, and at such other time or times as the said Court may direct, to answer the allegations of his creditors, and having complied with the requisitions of the act of December session, 1825 and the several supplements thereto, by executing a deed of all his property, real, personal or mixed, to John G. Abbott, appointed by me Trustee of the said George Sullivane, and the said Trustee having given bond with approved security for the performance of the trust, and certified in writing to me that he is in possession of all the estate of the said George Sullivane mentioned in his schedule—I DO THEREFORE ORDER AND DIRECT that the said George Sullivane be discharged from his imprisonment, and that he be and appear before the Judges of the Dorchester County Court on the day above mentioned; the same time is appointed for his creditors to attend and show cause, if any they have, why the said George Sullivane should not obtain the benefit of said Insolvent Laws—AND I DO FURTHER ORDER AND DIRECT that the said George give notice to his creditors by causing a copy of this application to be inserted in a newspaper published in Cambridge, three months before the said day, and to be continued in such newspaper once a week for the space of three successive weeks, and also a like copy to be set up at the Court House door three months before said day.

Witness my hand, the 4th day of July, 1838. ARTHUR BELL.

True copy.
Test, E. RICHARDSON, Clk,
July 23 1838 3w

TO RENT.

FOR the ensuing year, the Dwelling House, with the garden atttached thereto, at present in the tenure of Mrs. Ann Sullivane—Also that elegant Store Room, formerly occupied by Messrs. Reed and Pattison. For particulars apply to the Subscriber.

JAMES PATTISON.
Unity Hill;
near Cambridge.

July 23 1838 3w

A CARD.

THE subscriber having sold out his store at the Cross Roads, and being anxious to close up his business in that line, as he designs commencing farming the next year, takes theli berty respectfully to inform those who are ndebted to him, that they will do him a great favor by making settlement on or before the 1st day of September next. The subscriber owes money, which he is desirous of paying as soon as possible. He hopes therefore, that those who owe him, may make it convenient to adjust their accounts by the above day. Those who neglect this notice, must not complain, if they find their accounts in the hands of an officer.

The Public's Ob't. Serv't.
SAMUEL GRIFFIN.

July 2d 1838. 3w

DR. WM. R. HAYWARD, offers his professional services to the public.—Office opposite Mr. John T. Wilson's Hotel.

April 30th 1838 tf

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons, without distinction, who are indebted to the estate of Nathan Griffin late of Dorchester county deceased, are herer by notified to make payment to the subscribee *on or before the 4th day of June next.* Such as neglect this notice cannot expect further indulgence, as I shall be compelled to put the claims against them in the shortest train of collection.

CALEB GRIFFIN, Exct'r. of
Nathan Griffin.

May 21 1838 3t

To Rent,

FOR the ensuing year, that large and commodious Dwelling, with a lot and garden attached, at present in the occupancy of Solomon Robinson Esq. Also, a house at present occupied by Mrs. Hopkins, and one by Edmund Car. This property is all pleasantly situated in the town of Cambridge. F particulars apply to

LEWIS ROSS
near Cambridge.

July 30, 1838 3w*

MORISON'S PILLS.

R. FENNER,

General Agent for Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware, &c. No 3 1 2 south 7th st. three doors below Market st. Philadelphia, and No 10 North st. Baltimore, near the Post Office.

HEALTH SECURED BY THE USE OF THE HYGEIAN VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL MEDICINES,

As formerly prepared under the supervision of the late Mr. THOMAS MOAT, Vice President of the British College of Health, London. Manufactured in this country in their original purity by H. SHEPHEARD MOAT, eldest son of the above.

Which have obtained the approbation and recommendation of Thousands, who have been cured in Consumption, Cholera Morbus, Inflamations, internally or externally, and all diseases of the liver, yellow fever, gout, rheumatism, lumbago, tic doloreux, dropsy, St. Vitus's dance, epilepsy, apoplexy, paralysis, palsy, green sickness, and all obstructions to which the Female form is so distressingly liable, and which send so many of the fairest portion of the creation to their untimely graves; small pox, measles, whooping cough, scarlet fever, asthma, jaundice, gravel, stone, and all urinary obstructions, fistula, piles, structures, ruptures and syphilisis in all its stages; constipated bowels, worms, scurvy, itching of the skin, kings evil and all cutaneous disorders; in short, every complaint to which the human frame is so direfully subject, under all their varied forms and names; as the Hygeian conviction is, that *man is subject to only one real disease,* that is, to the IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD, from which springs every complaint that can possibly assail his complicated frame, and that it is the perpetual struggle of this vital, pure stream of life, (the gift of Almighty power) to disencumber itself of its viscious, acrid humors, with which it has become commixed.

This valuable medicine, being composed only of vegetable matter, of medicinal herbs, and warranted on oath, as containing not one particle of mercurial, mineral, or chemical substances, (all of which are uncongenial to the nature of man and therefore destructive to the human frame,) is found to be perfectly harmless to the most tender age, or weakest frame, under every stage of human suffering, the most pleasant and benign in its operation, and at the same time the most certain in searching out the root of every complaint, however deep, and of performing a cure that was ever offered to the world. This wonderful effect, too, is produced by the least trouble to the patients, with the least possible sensation of pain, exhaustion or bodily strength, and without the fear of catching cold or attention to dress or diet, in any way different from their accustomed habits.

These Pills cure in all cases, and cannot be taken in excess. Experience, which is the touchstone of all human knowledge, has long borne testimony to the fact, and extensive use of them has already verified its truth in this country.

These medicines cure by purging, and yet the weak, the feeble, the infirm, the nervous, the delicate are in a few days strengthened by their operation, because they clear the body of its bad humors, and invariously produce sound sleep. They are the safest and most efficacious Medicine to take to sea; prevent ing scurvey, costiveness, &c.

The operation of this mild medicine, which conveys immediate conviction of its utility, from the first dose, is as beneficial to the mind as the body; first calming, then curing all mental derangements, eccentricities, nervous affections, irritabilities and restlessness, from whatever source,—complaints, which have hitherto not been properly understood, as the Hygeists have found them all to proceed from acrimonious humours in the blood, and, happily for the present and future race of mankind discovered a cheap and universal mode of purifying, curing and preventing

The being cured of any disease, infirmity, orsore, is now no more a dubious or uncertain proceedure—perseverance in the Vegetable Universal Medicines will always restore nature to her due course. The literary and sedentary of both sexes, whose pursuits so much impair the faculties, will find a sure remedy in the Universal Medicines for preserving the energy and sprightliness of the imagination, and improving their health; old age will be attained by the use of them, and passed free from pain and infirmities.

They are not enveloped with the mysteries of other medicines; they only require to be persevered in with sufficiently large doses, and the patient will come off well; when a disease is obstinate, patients frequently do not take doses large enough.

The medicines are comprised in three different articles only, viz: in two kinds of pills, of different strength or power, designated by No. 1, and No. 2; the first is a powerful, but most mild and gentle aperient, or opening medicine, detaching and partially removing the billious ropy humors, while the No. 2 Pills carry off those and the serious acid and putrid humors, incidental to the body: and act together as a ferret in a warren, never resting until every avenue of the human frame is thoroughly searched, and cleansed of its impurities.

The Vegetable Cleansing Powders are of great assistance to patients, and facilitate the evacuation of bad humors; they soften, cleanse, and detach the acrimonious phlegm; are cooling and allay thirst. One, two or three powders may be taken throughout the day, mixed in a half tumbler of water.

The pills are sold in 25 cent boxes, and packets of $1, $2 and $3 each. The powder in boxes 37 1-2 cents.

CAUTION.—Medicines of such great virtue as these, have been, and will be most certainly counterfeited. To protect those desirous of obtaining the Genuine Hygeian Medicines, every packet has a fac simile of the signature of H. Shepheard Moat, on one side, and on the other a yellow label, with the written signatures of the agent for the district, and the actual seller of the medicine.

The publications in proof of the Hygeian Theory, are:

Morisoniana 2 vols. 8vo—price $2,75 per vol
The Family Adviser, 3 vols. 8vo—$1 per vol
Practical Proof, containing many attested cures, price 37 1-2 cents. And just published.

The Mother's Book of Hygeian Midwifery, by H. Shepheard Moat, of New York

☞Respectable parties may be appointed Agents on liberal terms, by applying to the General Depot, No. 3 1-2 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET, three doors below Market Street, Philadelphia—and at No. 10 North street, Baltimore, nearly opposite the Post Office, where the Genuine Medicine may always be obtained.

Agent for Delaware--JOHN HEAZLITT, Wilmington.

Agents for Dorchester County, Md.—S. & E. P. LECOMPTE, Cambridge; T. & S. HIGGINS, New Market.

May 28th 1838. 1yr.