CAMBRIDGE:

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1838.

FURTHER REFORM—A CONVENTION.—The Reformers by their noble perseverance and untiring zeal, have effected some very material and wholesome alterations in the Constitution of Maryland. By the changes made the people have the power of electing their own Governor—the Council is abolished. The people also elect the Senate, and Clerks and Registers receive their appointments for but a term of years. We have seen the good growing out of these amendments to our fundamental law; but notwithstanding Reform, so far, has been attended with the best results, the work is not yet complete. Our organic law requires general and total revision.—It must be entirely re-modelled. The Consitution has been so often changed by piece meals, and without reference to its general structure, that it now as it stands presents a most incongruous mass—a very unharmonious arrangement of its provisions. A thorough digest of its principles, with whatever reformation the enlightened spirit of the age may require, should as soon as possible, take place. What is a Constitution but a brief definition of admitted principles, and intended to be declaratory of rules of action, for those who are to be governed by it? It should be clear in its arrangement, and intelligible to all. This is not the case with the Constitution of Maryland. It involves difficulty and doubt in the construction of its powers. It has been so often patched and re-patched, that its appearance, as a whole, is unseemly.

The hand of reform should clear away its rubish, and put that sort of substantial polish upon it, which will stand the test of the clearest investigation. We believe this can only be done, by a *Convention*, assembled for the express and sole purpose, of framing such a Constitution, as the people require. Legislative amendments of the Constitution, must in their very nature, be faulty and imperfect, because the members have other duties to perform. But a Convention composed of the best and wisest men of the State, representing all interest & parties—made up of Judges, Lawyers, Doctors, Farmers, Mechanics, &c. &c. will be more likely to adopt a system of government, based upon enlightened republican principles, and with provisions calculated to give the greatest satisfaction. Most of the other States of the Union, have had Conventions to remodel their Constitutions, and it is high time Maryland had followed their example. We hope, therefore, at the very next session of the Legislature, a law may be enacted, proposing to the people, the question, whether they will have a convention or not? And let them vote at the next fall election, for a Convention or against it, as they think proper. If there is a majority in favor, (as we doubt not there will be) let a Convention assemble at a convenient season, composed of such a representation as may be deemed, most just and equal. Maryland should not lag behind her sister States. Let the motto of every republican reformer, be a *Convention*. Let the Constitution be *unique*, in its provisions, and worthy of the age, in which we live.

NEW JERSEY ELECTION.—We see that the Governor and a majority of the Council, have have decided in favor of the Whig Candidates for Congress, notwithstanding, it was as clear and manifest as the sun at noonday, that five out of the Van Buren candidates, had a majority of the votes of the people. The attempt is a most daring one to rob the people of their noblest birthright. It meets with universal execration. The whigs will not justify it. It is too barefaced and highhanded to meet with the sanction of the honest and upright. Gov. Pennington and his council, reached their mad conclusion, by omitting to cast up the votes of South Amboy, in Middlesex County and Millville in Cumberland County which had given the Van Buren candidates a considerable majority, sufficient to elect five out of the six Candidates. The clerks of Middlesex and Cumberland Counties, without offering any reason, which we have seen omitted through neglect, or fraudulent design, to make returns of these townships. It was the duty of the governor then, to have sent an express for them; but if he had done this, five of the V. Buren Candidates for Congress, would have been returned. It did not suit his purpose. Great God! To what extremes will party fanaticism carry men to effect their ends, when defeat stares them in the face. Most of the Judges of election and Clerks in N. Jersey belong to the whig party. But two clerks have been found who failed to do their duty. By their delinquency, and the endorsement of it, by the Governor and majority of the Council of New Jersey, the people have been shamefully defrauded of their rights.

The whole matter, however, will be canvassed in the Congress of the United States, and we cannot doubt that the delinquent and damning proceedings of the New Jersey Governor & a majority of his council, together with those of the Clerks of Middlesex and Cumberland will meet with universal reprobation.

The New York election took place on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of last week. We have seen but partial returns. It is said, the whigs have carried the City of New York by about 1700 majority. It will be recollected for several years past, the city has given the whigs a large majority, and last year, they had a majority throughout the State, of at least 12,000, according to our recollection.—Notwithstanding this, they are ready to throw up their caps, because it is reported, they have *held on* to what they had before. They had better not hollow before they get out of the woods. We have not yet heard from the State, and it yet remains to be seen, whether the whig candidates for Governor and Lt. Governor, are elected. Gen. Jackson used to say, when he was told that the cities were going against him—never mind, said the old Hero, as soon as you leave the Cities, the very first cross roads you come too, you will find my friends, strong and numerous. *Nous verrons.*

The last *Cambridge Chronicle* presented an unusual appearance. It was printed on pale yellow paper, and presented a sickly sallow hue. Has the recent Democratic festival in Dorchester, in honor of the triumph of Democracy in Maryland given it the *jaundice?* Can't our friend of the Aurora inform us?—*Freedom's Centinel.*

We do not pretend to be connoisseurs in analyzing the nature of disease, but we should be inclined to think, from the symptoms developed, that the Chronicle was sorely afflicted with the *black vomit*, judging from the indomitable manner with which it has made war upon the "coloured democrats" as it calls them, who it seems, from the account that print gives, hung about our festival—whether in the capacity of cooks, waiters, attendants, or sage spectators, we wont pretend to say. That paper remarked sometime ago, we believe, that it meant, like old Scipio, to carry the war into *Africa*.—We could not, at the time, exactly divine what was intended, but it appears, from subsequent indications, that it has literally verified the remark, for certainly it has made dreadful havoc amongst the "coloured gentry." Since then the *wool* has been flying in all directions.—Every *corner* is filled up with it. We wont pretend to criticize the taste of our co-temporary, although it seems a little unnatural. "Every one to his liking, as the old man said when he kissed his cow."

The Baltimore *Chronicle* of the 20th says:

"The wife of WM. STEWART, whose trial for the alegded murder of his father is now going on in Baltimore County Court, attends her husband regularly every day watching, apparently with intense interest, the progress of the evidence, and betraying, in her pale, emaciated and anxious but still beautiful countenance the ravages, which the situation of her husband is inflicting upon her constitution. Although the sittings of the Court have been several times protracted until a late hour, she has never left, for a moment, the place which she has secured beside him; and will probably, if nature holds out, witness either his acquital or conviction. There is nothing on earth more full of interest than such an instance of devotion. The constancy and enduring love of woman have been the themes of admiration in all ages, and every day furnishes new proofs of the justness of even the poetical eulogies which they have called forth. The sins and crimes and errors which drive all the rest of the world from the objects of their affections, seem but to bind them the closer to them, and the desertion of sunshine friends is but the signal for newer, more resolved and more exclusive devotion on their part—The rhapsody of Moore

'I know not, I care not, if guilt's in that heart,
'I know that I love thee, whatever thou art.'

seems to find not less warrant in real life than in fiction. Whatever may be the issue of the trial now pending, one cannot but believe that there must have been SOMETHING of good in the man who could attach to him so strongly a young and innocent woman. So often, however, are the affections of woman misplaced—so frequently do we find the best and most beautiful of them lavishing the treasures of their hearts upon totally unworthy objects, that there could, perhaps, be no rule more unsafe than that which would seek to infer the good character or disposition of the husband from the excellent qualities of the wife.

Latest From the Pacific.—Capture of Lima by the Chilian Army.—A slip from the office of the Brunswick (Geo.) Advocate mentions the arrival there, in distress, of the schooner Olive, in 31 days from Chagres, bound for New York. Mr. F. E. HASSLER, American Council at Panama, was a passenger in the Olive, and communicates the following interesting intelligence:

PANAMA, 15th Sept., 1838.

By an arrival from Guayaquil, we have received the following intelligence, which we extract from letters of authenticity from that place and Paita.

On the night of the 27th July, the Bolivian troops, together with two battalions of Peruvians, under General Moran, left Lima, and on the following morning, Nieto entered the city, accompanied by Orbegozo and about 2000 men, and declared the Constitution of 1835, Orbegozo being named Provisional Director. On the 7th August, the Chilian squadron arrived off Callao, consisting of 32 vessels, including transports, and ten men of war; and on the 8th landed at Ancon 5000 men.

The Chilians demanded twenty millions of dollars, and possession of Callao, until the arrangement should be concluded. These demands were considered inadmissible. They then advanced and took Callao and Lima, after an action, in which it is said 2000 men were killed. Gen. Gamara has been proclaimed President. The South still adheres to the cause of Santa Cruz, who, it is said, was within three days of Lima, with an army of 8000 men. The dates from Callao are up to the 22d August, and from Guayaquil to the 1st Sep. Orbegozo had fled to the mountains.

From the Pennsylvanian.

Pennsylvania Legislature.—Since the arrival in this city of the canal commissioners, Messrs. Stevens and Dickey, the Federal organs here have been busy in publishing statements claiming a Federal majority in the Legislature on joint ballot. As these statements are altogether deceptive, the inference is that they have been got up to affect the N. York election, and to break the fall of Federalism and Antimasonry in Pennsylvania, which are now withering under the election of General Porter by a majority of over 10,000, as shown by our tabular returns on Saturday.

In connection with this subject we publish to-day, from the Harrisburg Keystone, a table of the state of parties in both houses.—

We see it stated in some of the federal presses that it is probable that Judge White will be selected to run against Mr. Polk as a candidate for Governor of Tennessee. If this should prove correct, we would desire no better evidence to convince us that the federal opposition in that State are put to their last trump.—*Republican.*

From this it will be seen that the matter will stand as follows:

	Dem.	Fed. & Antimasonic.
Senate,	15	18
House.	56	44
	71	62
	62	
Dem. maj.	9 on joint ballot.	

TOP THIEF.—Mr. Stevens, in his Gettysburk Star, being troubled with the affidavits about the Gettysburg election, proving the fact, that after the boxes had been in Mr Steven's boarding house about twenty Porter tickets had disappeared, has joined in the cry of the Loco Foco frauds, and the intention to contest the election. This bravado will not have the effect intended, to prevent the development of the Ritner frauds. The citizens of Dauphin county have organized a committee of fifty, who will collect the facts and spread them before the public. If their report does not gibbit some of the leaders of the Ritner party, before the searching gaze of public of public indignation, we shall be mistaken. [Keystone.

IN CHANCERY, 5th Nov. 1838.

ORDERED that the sale of the property in the cause of Levin and Henry Phillips against Richard and Reuben Phillips made and reported by the Trustee James A. Stewart be ratified and confirmed unless cause be shown to the contrary on or before the 8th day of January next, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 8th day of December next.

The report states the amount of sales to be six thousand three hundred and thirty dollars and eighty cents.

True Copy.
Test. RAMSEY WATERS.
Nov. 5th 1838. Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Thomas H. Meekins, dec'd are hereby notified that their notes become due on the 17th November, instant

PHILLIP H. GRAHAM,
Adm'r. of Thos H. Meekins.
Nov. 12th, 1838.

CHANCERY SALE.

BY virtue of a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, I will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder at the Court House door, in the town of Cambridge, on *MONDAY* the 10th day of *DECEMBER* next, at the hour of 2 o'clock, (P. M.) all the right and title of Henry Paul in and to the following tracts or parcels of land, to wit: "George's Delight," containing 50 acres, more or less. "Stand Off," containing 20 acres, more or less. "Closure,' containing 22 acres, more or less. "Hart's Desire," containing 20 acres, more or less. "Joseph's Lane," containing 3 acres more or less,—lying and being in Dorchester county, and near Fishing Bay.—It is deemed unnecessary to give a further description of the property as those inclined to buy will examine for themselves

The terms of sale prescribed by the Chancellor, are, one third cash on the day of sale, the residue on a credit of six and twelve months, with interest from the day of sale, to be secured by bond, with securities to be approved by the Trustee.

The creditors of the said Henry Paul deceased, are hereby notified to exhibit their claims, with the vouchers thereof, to the Chancery Office, within four months from the day of sale.

JAMES A. STEWART.
Trustee.
Nov. 10, 1838. (ods.)

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, 5th day of November, 1838.

On Application of MARY ANN JONES, Executrix of Levin Jones, (C. H) late of Dorchester County, deceased; it is ordered, that she give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that she cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in the Dorchester Aurora, a paper selected by her.

In testimony That the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 5th day of November in the year of our Lord 1838.

L.S.

THOMAS H. HICKS,
Register of Wills, Dorchester County.

In compliance with the above order,—This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Levin Jones, (C. H.) late of Dorchester County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 5th day MAY, next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand and seal this 5th day of November, 1838

MARY ANN JONES,
Executrix of Levin Jones.
Nov. 12th, 1838. 3w

VENDUE.

WILL be sold at public sale, on Saturday the 17th of November, a quantity of stocks and planks, belonging to the estate of the late William Allen Craft. Terms as usual. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, at Craft's Mill, and attendance given by

JAMES HUTCHERSON,
Adm'r. of Wm. Allen Craft.
Nov. 5 1838

PUBLIC SALE
OF MORUS MULTICAULIS TREES.

THE Queen Anns County Silk Company, propose to offer at public sale on their Farm near Centreville, E. Shore of Maryland, Ten Thousand Morus Multicaulis trees, on the 16th day of the present month, November, on a credit of six months with interest from the day of sale, the purchaser giving note with approved security. They will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

P. B. Hopper Jr.
Cor. Sec. of Q. A. Co. S. C.
Nov. 5 1838. tds

Bank of Salisbury,
OCTOBER 19, 1838.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that Books of subscription for the augmented capital stock of this institution, will be opened at the Banking House in Salisbury, on MONDAY, the 29th October inst, and continue open from day to day until the whole of said stock shall be disposed of.

The aforesaid stock, being divided into share of twenty five dollars each, every subscriber is required to pay at the time of subscribing for the same, the sum of five dollars on each share, and the remaining twenty dollars, in instalment of five dollars each at equidistant periods of ninety days. By order,

WM. H. RIDER, Cashier.
Oct. 29, 1838. 3w

TO TEACHERS.

AN election for teacher in the East New Market Academy, will be held at New Market, on Saturday 13th inst. In addition to the usual qualifications as an English teacher, a knowledge of the classics would be desirable.

Applicants will address N. E. Green sec'y.

By order of the board,
N. E. GREEN, Sec'y.
Oct. 8th 1838. 1t

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons, without distinction, who are indebted to the estate of Nathan Griffin late of Dorchester county deceased, are hereby notified to make payment to the subscribee *on or before the 4th day of June next* Such as neglect this notice cannot expect further indulgence, as I shall be compelled to put the claims against them in the shortest train of collection.

CALEB GRIFFIN, Exec'r. of
Nathan Griffin.
May 21 1838 3t

VENDUE.

THE Subscriber having determined to decline farming, will offer at public auction, on Thursday the 15th Novr. next (on the premises) his entire stock; amongst which there are some fine work and unbroke steers, Hogs, Cattle, and Sheep, corn, and corn blades; with house and kithen furniture; terms made known on the day of sale, and attendence given by

WILLIAM BYUS.
Castle Haven Neck.
Oct 22 3t C3t

Capital, 100.000 Dollars!

One of the largest and most Brilliant Schemes ever drawn in the United States!

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY,
Class A, for 1838.
To be positively drawn, at Alexandria, D. C.
SATURDAY, 17th NOVEMBER.
Under the superintendence of Commissioners.

SCHEME.

1 PRIZE OF 100,000 DOLLARS.	
1	30,000
1	20,000
1	10,000
1	8,000
1	7,500
1	6,000
1	5,000
1	4,000
1	3,740
5	2,500
10	2,000
50	1,000
60	800
85	500
126	250
126	200
126	150
126	100
126	80
126	60
252	50
3150	40
23436	20

1,080,400 dollars! Grand Total!!

Ticket, $20—Half, 10—Quarter, 5—Eight 2 50.

All enclosures come safely and duly to hand, and are promptly attended to, when directed to.

CLARK.
Museum Building, Baltimore, Md.

A CARD.

THE subscriber having sold out his store at the Cross Roads, and being anxious to close up his business in that line, as he designs commencing farming the next year, takes the liberty respectfully to inform those who are indebted to him, that they will do him a great favor by making settlement on or before the 1st day of September next. The subscriber owes money, which he is desirous of paying as soon as possible. He hopes therefore, that those who owe him, may make it convenient to adjust their accounts by the above day. Those who neglect this notice, must not complain, if they find their accounts in the hands of an officer.

The Public's Ob't. Serv't.
SAMUEL GRIFFIN.
July 2d 1838. 3w

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, 24th day of September 1838.

On Application of Solomon Robinson, Administrator of Francis Stephens late of Dorchester County, deceased—it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks in the Dorchester Aurora, a paper selected by him.

In testimony That the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 24th day of Sep., in the year of our Lord, 1838.

L.S.

THOMAS H. HICKS.
Register of Wills, Dorchester County.

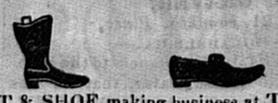
In compliance with the above order.—This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Francis Stephens, late of Dorchester County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 24th day of March next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 24th day of September, 1838.

SOLOMON ROBINSON,

Notice.

THE subscribers wish to inform their friends and the public generally, that they have commenced the



BOOT & SHOE making business at Tobacco Stick, having laid in a good stock of materials and having good workmen employed, they are prepared to accommodate all who may we disposed to give them a call; and they hope by strict attention to business, good work and moderate charges, to receive a liberal share of patronage.

THOS. & WILLIAM HOPKINS.
October 1st 1838. 3w

JUST RECEIVED FROM
PHILADELPHIA,

A fresh assortment of the best and most handsome GOODS suitable for the fall season, purchased at the lowest *cash* prices, and will be sold upon the most liberal terms.

WHITE & ANDERSON.
Sept. 24 1838. 3w

KNAPP & COMEGYS,
DENTAL SURGEONS,

N. W. Corner of *Charles & Fayette streets, Baltimore.*

Improvements in Dental Surgery.

"A mouth without Teeth is a mouth without charms."

Strength, beauty, and durability are combined in Dr. KNAPP'S late improved Incorruptible Teeth.

These teeth never change their color—never decay—no fœter arises from them and therefore do not injure the breath. They can be inserted in such a manner as to elude detection from the most scrutinizing observer, and so as to make the articulation of the voice perfect, and assists very materially in the process of mastication. These teeth have been universally approved of by those who have worn them, as well as numerous gentlemen of the most profound science, both in in this country and Europe.

Among them may be found the names of Proff's R. N. Smith, J. D. Ducatel, J. R. W. Dunbar, and George Gibson, M. D. of Baltimore.

Proff's Sewell, Jones, May, and Lindsley, of Washington.

Proff Geddings, Charleston S. C:
" Allen, Dickinson College.

All opperations in Dental Surgery are performed according to the late sientific improvement in the art by

KNAPP & COMEGYS, *Dental Surgeons*, N. W. corner of Charles and Fayette sts. Baltimore.

Sep. 3, 1838.

NOTICE.

THE subscribers are anxious to purchase about

One hundred Slaves,

from Ten to Twenty five years of age, of both sexes. Good titles will be invariably expected, and CASH will be invariably paid. Persons having such property to dispose of, will do well to call on

OVERLY & SANDERS.
August 27, 1738. 3m.

CLARK'S
OLD ESTABLISHED LUCKY OFFICE
N. W. corner of Baltimore & Calvert sts.
(UNDER THE MUSEUM.)

WHERE HAVE BEEN SOLD
Prizes! Prizes! Prizes!!
DOLLARS--MILLIONS OF DOLLARS!

NOTICE.—Any person or persons, throughout the United States, who may desire to try their luck, either in the Maryland State Lotteries, or in authorised Lotteries of other States, some one of which are drawn daily—Ticket from $1 to $10, shares in proportion—are respectfully requested to forward their orders by mail (post paid) or otherwise, enclosing cash or prize tickets which will be thankfully received and executed by return mail, with the same prompt attention as if on personal application, and the result given (when requested) immediately after the drawing. Please address

JOHN CLARK.

Old established Prize Vender, N. W. corner of Baltimore and Calvert streets, under the Museum.

Baltimore, April 17 1837 yy

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, 24th day of September, 1838.

On Application of LEWIS ROSS Administrator of JOHNN DAWSON, late of Dorchester County, deceased—it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in the Dorchester Aurora, a paper selected by him.

In testimony That the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 24th day of September in the year of our Lord, 1838.

L. S.

THOMAS H. HICKS,
Register of Wills, Dorchester County.

In compliance with the above order,—This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of JOHN DAWSON, late of Dorchester County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 24th day of March next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 24th day of September 1838.

LEWIS ROSS, Adm'r.
of John Dawson, dec'd.
Oct. 15th 1838

DR. WM. R. HAYWARD, offers his professional services to the public.—Office opposite Mr. John T. Wilson's Hotel

April 30th 1838 tf

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING
NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS
OFFICE.

HORSMANS PILLS.
R. FENNER,

General Agent for Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware, &c.: No 3 1-2 south 7th st. three doors below Market st. Philadelhia, and No 10 North st. Baltimore, near the Post Office.

HEALTH SECURED BY THE USE OF THE HYGEIAN VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL MEDICINES,

As formerly prepared under the supervision of the late Mr. THOMAS MOAT, Vice President of the British College of Health, London. Manufactured in this country in their original purity by H. SHEPHEARD MOAT, eldest son of the above.

Which have obtained the approbation and recommendation of Thousands, who have been cured in Consumption, Cholera Morbus, Inflamations, internally or externally, and all diseases of the liver, yellow fever, gout, rheumatism, lumbago, tic doloreux, dropsy, St. Vitus's dance, epilepsy, apoplexy, paralysis, palsy, green sickness, and all obstructions to which the Female form is so distressingly liable, and which send so many of the fairest portion of the creation to their untimely graves; small pox, measles, whooping cough, scarlet fever, asthma, jaundice, gravel, stone, and all urinary obstructions, fistula, piles, structures, ruptures and syphilisis in all its stages; constipated bowels, worms, scurvy, itching of the skin, kings evil and all cutaneous disorders; in short, every complaint to which the human frame is so direfully subject, under all their varied forms and names; as the Hygeian conviction is, that *man is subject to only one real disease*, that is, to the IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD, from which springs every complaint that can possibly assail his complicated frame, and that it is the perpetual struggle of this vital, pure stream of life, (the gift of Almighty power) to disencumber itself of its viscious, acrid humors, with which it has become commixed.

This valuable medicine, being composed only of vegetable matter, of medicinal herbs, and warranted on oath, as containing not one particle of mercurial, mineral, or chemical substances, (all of which are uncongenial to the nature of man and therefore destructive to the human frame,) is found to be perfectly harmless to the most tender age, or weakest frame, under every stage of human suffering, the most pleasant and benign in its operation, and at the same time the most certain in searching out the root of every complaint, however deep, and of performing a cure that was ever offered to the world. This wonderful effect, too, is produced by the least trouble to the patients, with the least possible sensation of pain, exhaustion or bodily strength, and without the fear of catching cold or attention to dress or diet, in any way different from their accustomed habits.

These Pills cure in all cases, and cannot be taken in excess. Experience, which is the touchstone of all human knowledge, has long borne testimony to the fact, and extensive use of them has already verified its truth in this country.

These medicines cure by purging, and yet the weak, the feeble, the infirm, the nervous, the delicate are in a few days strengthened by their operation, because they clear the body of its bad humors, and invariously produce sound sleep. They are the safest and most efficacious Medicine to take to sea, preventing scurvey, costiveness, &c.

The operation of this mild medicine, which conveys immediate conviction of its utility, from the first dose, is as beneficial to the mind as the body; first calming, then curing all mental derangements, eccentricities, nervous affections, irritabilities and restlessness, from whatever source,—complaints, which have hitherto not been properly understood, as the Hygeists have found them all to proceed from acrimonious humours in the blood, and, happily for the present and future race of mankind discovered a cheap and universal mode of purifying, curing and preventing

The being cured of any disease, infirmity, orsore, is now no more a dubious or uncertain proceedure—perseverance in the Vegetable Universal Medicines will always restore nature to her due course. The literary and sedentary of both sexes, whose pursuits so much impair the faculties, will find a sure remedy in the Universal Medicines for preserving the energy and sprightliness of the imagination, and improving their health; old age will be attained by the use of them, and passed free from pain and infirmities.

They are not enveloped with the mysteries of other medicines; they only require to be persevered in with sufficiently large doses, and the patient will come off well; when a disease is obstinate, patients frequently do not take doses large enough.

The medicines are comprised in three different articles only, viz: in two kinds of pills, of different strength or power, designated by No. 1, and No. 2; the first is a powerful, but most mild and gentle aperient, or opening medicine, detaching and partially removing the billious ropy humors, while the No. 2 Pills carry off those and the serious acid and putrid humors, incidental to the body; and act together as a ferret in a warren never resting until every avenue of the human frame is thoroughly searched, and cleansed of its impurities.

The Vegetable Cleansing Powders are of great assistance to patients, and facilitate the evacuation of bad humors; they soften, cleanse, and detach the acrimonious phlegm; are cooling and allay thirst. One, two or three powders may be taken throughout the day, mixed in a half tumbler of water.

The pills are sold in 25 cent boxes, and packets of $1, $2 and $3 each. The powder in boxes 37 1-2 cents.

CAUTION.—Medicines of such great virtue as these, have been, and will be most certainly counterfeited. To protect those desirous of obtaining the Genuine Hygeian Medicines, every packet has a fac simile of the signature of H. Shepheard Moat, on one side, and on the other a yellow label, with the written signatures of the agent for the district, and the actual seller of the medicine.

The publications in proof of the Hygeian Theory, are:

Morisoniana 2 vols. 8vo—price $2,75 per vol
The Family Adviser, 3 vols. 8vo—$1 per vol
Practical Proof, containing many attested cures, price 37 1-2 cents. And just published.
The Mother's Book of Hygeian Midwifery by H. Shepheard Moat, of New York

☞Respectable parties may be appointed Agents on liberal terms, by applying to the General Depot, No. 3 1-2 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET, three doors below Market Street, Philadelphia—and at No. 10 North street, Baltimore, nearly opposite the Post Office, where the Genuine Medicine may always be obtained.

Agent for Delaware—JOHN HEAZLITT, Wilmington.

Agents for Dorchester County, Md.—S. E. P. LECOMPTE, Cambridge; T. & S. HIGGINS, New Market.

May 28th 1838. 1yr.