CAMBRIDGE:

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1838.

The Balsimore City Court, has passed sentence upon William Stewart for the murder of his father, and consigned him to the penitentiary until the 30th August 1856.

ELECTIONS.—We have carried, during the fall, Maine, Ohio, Maryland, Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware,—all of which States were against us before. The Whigs have held on to New York, but we have gained on them, at least 8000 votes. Truly their hopes must be blasted, their prospects withered.—The people have sounded their death knell.

ALL HAIL DELAWARE.—Small, but spunky. Our intelligence from the late election in this state, is of the most cheering character. We learn the Van Buren ticket (with one exception) has succeeded throughout.—Mr Robinson, Van Buren is elected to Congress, and there is a Van Buren majority in the Legislature, which will give us a United States Senator, good and true, in the place of Bayard, the present whig Senator. Delaware has heretofore gone with the whigs, all hollow. Now, she has most nobly thrown off, the whig shackles, and stands redeemed.

The Chronicle avows its preference for Reverdy Johnson, for U. States Senate. It is not certain by any means, we conceive, that the whigs will be able to elect a Senator of their caste. If they are what will they do with Merrick, the present Senator? Throw him overboard, as not having as much sense as Mr. Johnson? We guess Merrick and his friends, will be likely to kick up, by such a proceeding. He has only served the fag end of a *term*,—for the whigs now to turn him out, will be unkind indeed, especially when he made several speeches last winter. Now if we can muster force enough, we will relieve the whigs from any difficulty on this score, by selecting a good Van Buren man, to occupy the responsible station.

NEW YORK ELECTION.—The Whigs have carried the State, but by a diminished majority of upwards of 3000. The representation in Congress stands 23 whigs, 17 V. Buren. In the State Senate 17 V. Buren, 15 Whigs. In the House 81 Whigs, 47 V. Buren. At the last session the whigs had 100 to 28 Van Buren, in the House. The Abolitionists are said to be 30,000 strong, and have elected Bradish the Whig Lieut. Candidate for Governor. Bradish is an ultra full-blooded Abolitionist, and in favor of abolishing all distinction between white and black. His election, we consider a disgrace to any state. How the Whigs in the pro slavery states, can rejoice in the success of such men, is truly astonishing. Men, whose principles are hostile to the integrity of the Union, and if carried out, would sunder the cords, which now bind us together, as a great and glorious people. We regret that the Empire State, should be in the hands of the Abolitionists, and trust, that at the very first opportunity, she will throw off, such an abominable incubus, which now nestles about her heart, like a nightmare.

(COMMUNICATED.)

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "AURORA."

SIR: I hope you will give the following letter a place in your columns. It is written for the benefit of an individual, who is so far connected with the public, that if benefitted himself the public must necessarily be. My object then being ultimately the welfare of the people, I hope my desire will be complied with.

To the Junior Ed. of the Cambridge Chronicle.

SIR: You have just entered upon an important duty. You have taken the helm of the "Whig" Ship of Dorchester County." On taking command you stated to the "crew" that your line of conduct was marked out. This was all very well. The writer had no objection to the course made known in your introductory remarks. But permit me to say that I think you have wandered from the track there pointed out, and gone so far astry that it is actually necessary (to prevent your vessel cargo and all from being lost in the clouds and fogs which your own brain is creating around you) that some of your friends should interpose. I come then as a friend giving you such advise, as I verily believe will result greatly to your benefit if regarded.

The interests of the whig party in this county, are in a measure placed in your hands. According to your conduct in your editorial capacity, so will be the success or downfall of the "Whig" party. First, then, let me advise you to make your life one of untiring study, for you need it much. You must go back centuries and take a wide and thorough survey. You must diligently study the writings of the great politicians, Jefferson, Madison, Hamilton and others, and by seeing as they saw, and feeling as they felt, you will comprehend their writings. You must know the history and doctrines of the political parties of the day, and learn how this subject has been handed down from age to age. You must follow the stream back to its fountain, and I have no doubt you will find it has been "*coloured*" by every different bed over which it has passed. In the next place you must use the most pure and familiar language, setting your richest jewels in the simplest frames. For instance the "coloured democrats;" you should not polish them so much, nor dress them in such gay apparel, but content yourself with giving them a passing notice. You must treat the opinions of others with some respect. Do not set down as false or foolish every idea that does not accord with your own sense of justice and right. Can you not imagine that the wisest and most distinguished men of our country have come to different conclusions? Remember that every man has a right to interpret for himself, and has a right too to claim that respect which candor and honesty in his opinion entitle him to. Use high minded and noble means to advance your cause. Sacrifice not the substance to the form, by dealing in low abuse and vulgar wit, instead of such matter as is calculated to enlighten the public. If you are called on to contend for the "whig" faith, contend earnestly, but not angrily. If *truth* be your aim, this, you must remember lies between extremes. The heat of controversy seldom advances any cause. Again. Think not that because you are the editor of a paper that every thing comes within your scope. Politics is a practical science. It consists rather in carrying out certain great principles, than in mere sentiment and profession. Stop I beseech you all party names, and be not over confident in speculative doctrines. You must be slow to speculate, regarding it your great duty to pour light on your pages. If you do not practice prudence in editing your paper, your paper will create general distrust. It is true you have to touch the political harp, but avoid that unholy violence which snaps its chords. It belongs to the science of prudence in a *young* man to avoid much controversy, and especially all uncharitable denunciations in his remarks. Preach down error by preaching up truth. Do not spend your time in examining the thorns which grow in the political field without plucking and giving your readers some of the richer fruits. Finally *to be good and to do good* should be the *Alpha* and *Omega* of your desires.

This advice Sir is given in the most friendly manner. If it shoud have its designed effect, my only object will be accomplished, and my highest hope gained. I shall now bid you farewell, and hope that I shall see the fruits of my letter in the reformation of your political course.

Yours, &c.

AN OBSERVER.

NEW YORK.—The following article from the Balt. Republican, very clearly shews the character of New York politics, and the various interests, which were brought into the whig political hotchpotch to give the whig party, the ascendancy, in the recent election. Abolitionists, amalgamationists, colored whigs, black spirits and gray, all, all, banded together. What a delightful society! Truly, the democrats had a most piebald set, to contend with.

"On one side we see the efforts of the Abolitionists in behalf of the Federal party in first procuring nominations and then in supporting them. The letter of Blakesley establishes the first fact—the circular of the Anti Slavery Society performs the same for the second. And we here annex this latter document, because we deem it of the utmost importance, and although we have before published it, we would prefer to incorporate it now with our own remarks.

(CIRCULAR)

To the Anti Slavery Electors of the State of New York.

We ask the privilege of brethren, to set forth, briefly but frankly, the reasons which constrain us to cast our votes FOR WILLIAM H. SEWARD, for Governor.

1st. Seward is the candidate of the party which, on the floor of Congress, nobly vindicates the inestimable right of petition, and as nobly asserts the freedom of debate; of the party, also, that sustain John Quincy Adams and Wm Slade; of a party whose views are liberal and tolerant.

2d. Mr Seward is the candidate of the party, which in our last legislature, passed resolutions *against* the admission of Texas into the Union; *against* Patton's gag resolutions; *in favor* of the right of petition; and *in favor* of granting trial by jury to persons claimed as fugitive slaves. Instead of the denunciations and revilings with which our petitions were treated in years past—instead of threatening us with penal enactments, the Whigs received and treated petitions and remonstrances with that respect and comity due to their constituents.

3d. Mr. Seward is the candidate of the party that opposes the re-election of a President who stands pledged to veto any bill abolishing slavery in the District of Columbia.

4th. Mr. Seward is the candidate opposed to Governor Marcy, who in his message to the Legislature, has manifested, in sentiment and sympathy, the bitterest hostility to our cause; and who, as the presiding officer of a public meeting, while he was Governor of the State, recommended the passage of laws authorizing a violation of the mails, and inflicting pains and penalties upon those who were disseminating intelligence and truth.

5th. The re-election of Governor Marcy would go very far towards the re election of Martin Van Buren whose measures and policy are so hostile to the cause of human liberty.

And finally, because our knowledge of Mr. Seward leads us to confide in the general soundness and integrity of his principles. We view the great question of a Sub-Treasury, a National Bank or the Currency of minor importance compared with the great subject of human liberty; and believing that the election of *Mr.* Seward, and the defeat of Governor Marcy, will best promote the great cause of Universal Emancipation, we shall vote for him ourselves, and recommend our Abolition friends to do the same.

We are, respectfully,
Your fellow citizens.
JEFFERSON MAYELL.
President Albany Young Men's Anti-Slavery Society and others.

There can be no discussion about this Circular on the part of the federal party. Here the position is clearly taken and the grounds of argument distinctly shown why the Abolitionists are to unite in opposition to the Democratic Administration and, of consequence, of the party which supports it, and why on the other hand, the Federal candidate and the Federal party are to be considered as the true allies of these Anti-Slavery incendiaries, in support of a cause which would break down the Constitution and dissolve the Union itself; which would violate the right of property of the citizens of the slave holding States; which would light up a civil war the most fearful that the world has ever witnessed; and which would strike at the lives of our wives and children and sacrifice the safety of our dearest social relations as a bloody offering to this unhallowed Moloch.

In conclusion, we cannot do better than append the following precious document. It enters the category of evidence by which the political alliance of the modern federal whig party with the social amalgamationist of whites and blacks is established beyond controversy. The political consequences of these "whigs of color" with their committees of vigilance, is truly admirable.

ALL MEN ARE BORN FREE AND EQUAL.

TO THE COLORED CITIZENS OF THE CITY & COUNTY OF N YORK.

At a respectable and numerous meeting of the colored freeholders of this city, held at Wilberforce Hall, Mr. JOHN FORT was called to the Chair, and WM. JOHNSON was appointed Secretary.

After the minutes of the previous meeting was read Mr. Fort, the chairman, moved that the minutes be so amended as to read, "that the colored citizens of New York be earnestly requested to vote the

WHOLE WHIG TICKET.

Nominated at Masonic Hall;" which, after considerable discussion, was adopted. It was then moved and adopted.

1st. That WM H. SEWARD, having, in his letter to the committee of Abolitionists, *shown himself more friendly to the abolishment of all distinction, as far as regards COLOR* than the candidate of the Democratic party, we agree to give him our unanimous support.

2d. That LUTHER BRADISH has shown himself the unqualified friend of human rights and in consequence, shall receive the votes of every colored citizen in this city.

3d That the Congress and Legislative ticket of the Whig party shall also receive our support.

The following gentlemen were then appointed a vigilance committee.

Thaddeus Silay,	John Piper,
John Bonser,	George Douglass,
Terence Sample,	Hannibal Allen,
John Blake,	Cato Smith,
Parker Downing,	Wm. Johnson,
Cæsar Mott,	John Smith.
Antony Moore,	

JOHN FORT, President.
WM. JOHNSON, Secretary.

The Vigilance Committee will be in attendance at this place during the three days of the election. Our friends who were not at the meeting, will please provide themselves with tickets by calling on the members of the *COLORED WHIG* Freeholders Vigilance Committee.—*Balt. Rep.*

NEW JERSEY.

The democratic members of the Legislative Council and General Assembly of New Jersey have just issued an address to the people, recommending them to hold County Conventions to appoint delegates to a State Convention to assemble at Trenton on the 8th of January next, in reference to the recent conduct of the Governor and Council, "to take into consideration the alarming state of public affairs, to adopt such measures as to them shall seem best, to preserve the rights, vindicate the privileges, and maintain the liberties of the people."

A STRAY COW

CAME to the premises of the Subscriber, living in Black Water, near Cambridge, a pale red Cow, with a crop off the right ear, and with a bob tail, which the owner can have by proving property, and paying charges.

THOMAS STEWART, Sr.
Nov. 19, 1838. 3w

PUBLIC SALE.

ON Monday the 3d. of December inst. I will offer at public sale, in the town of Cambridge two valuable Farms, the property of the late Wm. Vans Murray, one containing about 300, and the other about 250 acres, and both lying in Dorset county, within two miles of Cambridge. One of these Farms will certainly be sold on that day, for the purpose of paying Wm. Murray's debts. Two thousand dollars will be required, as the first payment, at the time of sale, and a credit given for the balance of the purchase money.

WILLIAM GRASON,
Trustee of W. V Murray.
Nov. 19, 1838. tds

IN CHANCERY, 5th Nov. 1838.

ORDERED that the sale of the property in the cause of Levin and Henry Phillips against Richard and Reuben Phillips made and reported by the Trustee James A. Stewart be ratified and confirmed unless cause be shown to the contrary on or before the 8th day of January next, provided a copy of this order be published in some newspaper once in each of three successive weeks before the 8th day of December next.

The report states the amount of sales to be six thousand three hundred and thirty dollars and eighty cents.

True Copy.

Test, RAMSEY WATERS,
Nov. 5th 1838. Reg. Cur. Can.

CHANCEY SALE.

BY virtue of a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, I will offer at public sale, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door, in the town of Cambridge, on *MONDAY* the 10th day of *DECEMBER* next, at the hour of 2 o'clock, (P. M.) all the right and title of Henry Paul in and to the following tracts or parcels of land, to wit: "George's Delight," containing 50 acres, more or less. "Stand Off," containing 20 acres, more or less. "Closure," containing 22 acres, more or less. "Hart's Desire," containing 20 acres, more or less. "Joseph's Lane," containing 3 acres more or less,—lying and being in Dorchester county, and near Fishing Bay.—It is deemed unnecessary to give a further description of the property as those inclined to buy will examine for themselves.

The terms of sale prescribed by the Chancellor, are, one third cash on the day of sale, the residue on a credit of six and twelve months, with interest from the day of sale, to be secured by bond, with securities to be approved by the Trustee.

The creditors of the said Henry Paul deceased, are hereby notified to exhibit their claims, with the vouchers thereof, to the Chancery Office, within four months from the day of sale.

JAMES A. STEWART.
Trustee.
Nov. 10, 1838. (tds.)

ALL KINDS OF JOB PRINTING NEATLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Thomas H. Meekins, dec'd. are hereby notified that their notes become due on the 17th November, instant.

PHILLIP H. GRAHAM,
Adm r. of Thos. H. Meekins.
Nov. 12th, 1838.

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, 5th day of November, 1838.

On Application of MARY ANN JONES, Executrix of Levin Jones, (C. H.) late of Dorchester County, deceased; it is ordered, that she give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that she cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks, in the Dorchester Aurora, a paper selected by her.

In testimony That the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 5th day of November in the year of our Lord, 1838.

L.S.

THOMAS H. HICKS,
Register of Wills, Dorchester County.

In compliance with the above order,—This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters testamentary on the personal estate of Levin Jones, (C. H.) late of Dorchester County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 5th day MAY, next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand and seal this 5th day of November, 1838.

MARY ANN JONES,
Executrix of Levin Jones.
Nov. 12th, 1838. 3w

VENDUE.

WILL be sold at public sale, on Saturday the 17th of November, a quantity of stocks and planks, belonging to the estate of the late William Allen Craft. Terms as usual. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock, at Craft's Mill, and attendance given by

JAMES HUTCHERSON,
Adm'r. of Wm. Allen Craft.
Nov. 5 1838.

PUBLIC SALE
OF MORUS MULTICAULIS TREES.

THE Queen Anns County Silk Company, propose to offer at public sale on their Farm near Centreville, E. Shore of Maryland, Ten Thousand Morus Multicaulis trees, on the 16th day of the present month, November, on a credit of six months with interest from the day of sale, the purchaser giving note with approved security. They will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

P. B. Hopper Jr.
Cor. Sec. of Q. A. Co. S. C.
Nov. 5 1838. tds

Bank of Salisbury, OCTOBER 19, 1838.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that Books of subscription for the augmented capital stock of this institution, will be opened at the Banking House in Salisbury, on MONDAY, the 29th October inst, and continue open from day to day until the whole of said stock shall be disposed of.

The aforesaid stock, being divided into share of twenty five dollars each, every subscriber is required to pay at the time of subscribing for the same, the sum of five dollars on each share, and the remaining twenty dollars, in instalment of five dollars each at equidistant periods of ninety days. By order,

WM. H. RIDER, Cashier.
Oct. 29, 1838. 3w

DR. WM. R. HAYWARD, offers his professional services to the public.—Office opposite Mr. John T. Wilson's Hotel

April 30th 1838 tf

Capital, **100.000** *Dollars!*

One of the largest and most Brilliant Schemes ever drawn in the United States!

ALEXANDRIA LOTTERY,
Class A, for 1838.
To be positively drawn, at Alexandria, D. C.
SATURDAY, 17th NOVEMBER.
Under the superintendence of Commissioners.

SCHEME.

1 PRIZE OF 100,000 DOLLARS.	
1	30,000
1	20,000
1	10,000
1	8,000
1	7,500
1	6,000
1	5,000
1	4,000
1	3,740
5	2,500
10	2,000
50	1,000
60	800
85	500
126	250
126	200
126	150
126	100
126	80
126	60
252	50
3150	40
23436	20

1,080,400 dollars! Grand Total!!
Ticket, $20—Half, 10—Quarter, 5—Eighth 2.50.

All enclosures come safely and duly to hand, and are promptly attended to, when directed to.

CLARK.
Museum Building, Baltimore, Md.

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons, without distinction, who are indebted to the estate of Nathan Griffin late of Dorchester county deceased, are hereby notified to make payment to the subscribe *on or before the 4th day of June next* Such as neglect this notice cannot expect further indulgence, as I shall be compelled to put the claims against them in the shortest train of collection.

CALEB GRIFFIN, Exct'r. of
Nathan Griffin.
May 21 1838 3t

KNAPP & COMEGYS,
DENTAL SURGEONS,

N. W. Corner of *Charles & Fayette streets, Baltimore.*

Improvements in Dental Surgery.

"A mouth without Teeth is a mouth without charms."

Strength, beauty, and durability are combined in Dr. KNAPP's late improved Incorruptible Teeth.

These teeth never change their color—never decay—no fœter arises from them and therefore do not injure the breath. They can be inserted in such a manner as to elude detection from the most scrutinizing observer, and so as to make the articulation of the voice perfect, and assists very materially in the process of mastication. These teeth have been universally approved of by those who have worn them, as well as numerous gentlemen of the most profound science, both in in this country and Europe.

Among them may be found the names of Proff's R. N. Smith, J. D Ducatel, J. R. W. Dunbar, and George Gibson, M. D. of Baltimore.

Proff's Sewell, Jones, May, and Lindsley, of Washington.

Pro'ff Geddings, Charleston S. C:
" Allen, Dickinson College.

All opperations in Dental Surgery are performed according to the late sientific improvement in the art by

KNAPP & COMEGYS, *Dental Surgeons*, N. W. corner of Charles and Fayette sts. Baltimore.

Sep. 3, 1838.

CLARK'S
OLD ESTABLISHED LUCKY OFFICE
N. W. corner of Baltimore & Calvert sts.
(UNDER THE MUSEUM.)
WHERE HAVE BEEN SOLD
Prizes! Prizes! Prizes!!
DOLLARS--MILLIONS OF DOLLARS!

NOTICE.—Any person or persons, throughout the United States, who may desire to try their luck, either in the Maryland State Lotteries, or in authorised Lotteries of other States, some one of which are drawn daily—Ticket from $1 to $10, shares in proportion—are respectfully requested to forward their orders by mail (post paid) or otherwise, enclosing cash or prize tickets which will be thankfully received and executed by return mail, with the same prompt attention as if on personal application, and the result given (when requested) immediately after the drawing. Please address

JOHN CLARK.

Old established Prize Vender, N. W. corner of Baltimore and Calvert streets, under the Museum.

Baltimore, April 17 1837 yy

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, 24th day of September, 1838.

On Application of LEWIS ROSS Administrator of JOHNN DAWSON, late of Dorchester County, deceased—it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks in the Dorchester Aurora, a paper selected by him.

In testimony That the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 24th day of Sep., in the year of our Lord, 1838.

L.S.

THOMAS H. HICKS.
Register of Wills, Dorchester County.

In compliance with the above order,—This is to give Notice, that the subscriber of Dorchester County, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Dorchester County, in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Francis Stephens, late of Dorchester County, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 24th day of March next; they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 24th day of September, 1838.

SOLOMON ROBINSON,

Dorchester County Orphans' Court, 24th day of September 1838.

On Application of Solomon Robinson, Administrator of Francis Stephens late of Dorchester County, deceased—it is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for all creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week, for the space of three successive weeks in the Dorchester Aurora, a paper selected by him.

In testimony That the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of Dorchester County Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my name, and the seal of my office affixed, this 24th day of Sep., in the year of our Lord, 1838.

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Given under my hand this 24th day of September, 1838.

SOLOMON ROBINSON,

A CARD.

THE subscriber having sold out his store at the Cross Roads, and being anxious to close up his business in that line, as he designs commencing farming the next year, takes the liberty respectfully to inform those who are indebted to him, that they will do him a great favor by making settlement on or before the 1st day of September next. The subscriber owes money, which he is desirous of paying as soon as possible. He hopes therefore, that those who owe him, may make it convenient to adjust their accounts by the above day. Those who neglect this notice, must not complain, if they find their accounts in the hands of an officer.

The Public's Ob't. Serv't.
SAMUEL GRIFFIN.
July 2d 1838. 3w

MORISON'S PILLS,
R. FENNER,

General Agent for Pennsylvania, Maryland, Delaware, &c. No 8 1-2 south 7th st three doors below Market st. Philadelhia, and No 10 North st. Baltimore, near the Post Office.

HEALTH SECURED BY THE USE OF THE HYGEIAN VEGETABLE UNIVERSAL MEDICINES,

As formerly prepared under the supervision of the late Mr. THOMAS MOAT, Vice President of the British College of Health, London. Manufactured in this country in their original purity by H. SHEPHEARD MOAT, eldest son of the above.

Which have obtained the approbation and recommendation of Thousands, who have been cured in Consumption, Cholera Morbus, Inflamations, internally or externally, and all diseases of the liver, yellow fever, gout, rheumatism, lumbago, tic doloreux, dropsy, St. Vitus's dance, epilepsy, apoplexy, paralysis, palsy, green sickness, and all obstructions to which the Female form is so distressingly liable, and which send so many of the fairest portion of the creation to their untimely graves; small pox, measles, whooping cough, scarlet fever, asthma, jaundice, gravel, stone, and all urinary obstructions, fistula, piles, structures, ruptures and syphilisis in all its stages; constipated bowels, worms, scurvy, itching of the skin, kings evil and all cutaneous disorders; in short, every complaint to which the human frame is so dreafully subject, under all their varied forms and names; as the Hygeian conviction is, that *man is subject to only one real disease*, that is, to the IMPURITY OF THE BLOOD, from which springs every complaint that can possibly assail his complicated frame, and that it is the perpetual struggle of this vital, pure stream of life, (the gift of Almighty power) to disencumber itself of its viscious, acrid humors, with which it has become commixed.

This valuable medicine, being composed only of vegetable matter, of medicinal herbs, and warranted on oath, as containing not one particle of mercurial, mineral, or chemical substances, (all of which are uncongenial to the nature of man and therefore destructive to the human frame,) is found to be perfectly harmless to the most tender age, or weakest frame, under every stage of human suffering, the most pleasant and benign in its operation, and at the same time the most certain in searching out the root of every complaint, however deep, and of performing a cure that was ever offered to the world. This wonderful effect, too, is produced by the least trouble to the patients, with the least possible sensation of pain, exhaustion or bodily strength, and without the fear of catching cold or attention to dress or diet, in any way different from their accustomed habits.

These Pills cure in all cases, and cannot be taken in excess. Experience, which is the touchstone of all human knowledge, has long borne testimony to the fact, and extensive use of them has already verified its truth in this country.

These medicines cure by purging, and yet the weak, the feeble, the infirm, the nervous, the delicate are in a few days strengthened by their operation, because they clear the body of its bad humors, and invariously produce sound sleep. They are the safest and most efficacious Medicine to take to sea; preventing scurvey, costiveness, &c.

The operation of this mild medicine, which conveys immediate conviction of its utility, from the first dose, is as beneficial to the mind as the body; first calming, then curing all mental derangements, eccentricities, nervous affections, irritabilities and restlessness, from whatever source,—complaints, which have hitherto not been properly understood, as the Hygeists have found them all to proceed from acrimonious humours in the blood, and, happily for the present and future race of mankind discovered a cheap and universal mode of purifying, curing and preventing

The being cured of any disease, infirmity, orsore, is now no more a dubious or uncertain proceedure—perseverance in the Vegetable Universal Medicines will always restore nature to her due course. The literary and sedentary of both sexes, whose pursuits so much impair the faculties, will find a sure remedy in the Universal Medicines for preserving the energy and sprightliness of the imagination, and improving their health; old age will be attained by the use of them, and passed free from pain and infirmities.

They are not enveloped with the mysteries of other medicines; they only require to be persevered in with sufficiently large doses, and the patient will come off well; when a disease is obstinate, patients frequently do not take doses large enough.

The medicines are comprised in three different articles only, viz: in two kinds of pills, of different strength or power, designated by No. 1, and No. 2; the first is a powerful, but most mild and gentle aperient, or opening medicine, detaching and partially removing the billious ropy humors, while the No. 2 Pills carry off those and the serious acid and putrid humors, incidental to the body: and act together as a ferret in a warren, never resting until every avenue of the human frame is thoroughly searched, and cleansed of its impurities.

The Vegetable Cleansing Powders are of great assistance to patients, and facilitate the evacuation of bad humors; they soften, cleanse, and detach the acrimonious phlegm; are cooling and allay thirst. One, two or three powders may be taken throughout the day, mixed in a half tumbler of water.

The pills are sold in 25 cent boxes, and packets of $1, $2 and $3 each. The powder in boxes 37 1-2 cents.

CAUTION.—Medicines of such great virtue as these, have been, and will be most certainly counterfeited. To protect those desirous of obtaining the Genuine Hygeian Medicines, every packet has a fac-simile of the signature of H. Shepheard Moat, on one side, and on the other a yellow label, with the written signatures of the agent for the district, and the actual seller of the medicine.

The publications in proof of the Hygeian Theory, are:

Morisoniana 2 vols. 8vo—price $2.75 per vol
The Family Adviser, 3 vols. 8vo—$1 per vol
Practical Proof, containing many attested cures, price 37 1-2 cents. And just published.
The Mother's Book of Hygeian Midwifery by H. Shepheard Moat, of New York

☞Respectable parties may be appointed Agents on liberal terms, by applying to the General Depot, No. 3 1-2 SOUTH SEVENTH STREET, three doors below Market Street, Philadelphia—and at No. 10 North street, Baltimore, nearly opposite the Post Office, where the Genuine Medicine may always be obtained.

Agent for Delaware--JOHN HEAZLITT, Wilmington.

Agents for Dorchester County, Md.—S. E. P. LECOMPTE, Cambridge; T. & S. HIGGINS, New Market.

May 28th 1838. 1yr.