

Eastern-Shore Whig
AND PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE.
BOSTON, MD.
TUESDAY MORNING, OCT. 23, 1831.

TO OUR PATRONS.
We are averse to making an appeal to our patrons, through the paper, for the settlement of their dues; but the necessity of the case obliges us. The amount due by each is small, and might be spared more readily than if permitted to increase, while to us it is all-important. We trust our friends will avail themselves of an early opportunity to call.

Accounts due for postage are expected to be paid promptly. This is absolutely necessary.
STEPHEN SIMPSON.
We congratulate our neighbour of the Gazette, on the felicitous subject of his last editorial. He copies the 4th letter of Stephen Simpson's new series, and recommends it to his readers. We earnestly hope he will continue to copy the letters of this man. We wish them read. They will not only give the people a correct view of the character of this deserter from the cause of Jackson, but they will show in their true colours the unrighteous means and corrupt agents, used by the opposition to destroy the fair fame of our venerable chief magistrate. For his honesty and impending integrity, we have nothing to fear. The testimony of such witnesses, may excite the contempt and detestation of the friends of the President, for the party using them, but no fear of consequences; even with the high minded and honorable of the opposition, such support must be thought unworthy of a good cause.

We should be pleased to hear from our neighbour, his view of Mr. Clay's policy, the American System. He has been the champion of free trade. Why is he now so silent? A calm is said always to precede a change of wind. Is a change of the trade wind about to take place with him? Is he about to raise a current of restricted trade, in place of his old friend Free Trade?

We would remind him that his old friend Condé Raguet, is not yet dead; he lately acted as secretary to the Free Trade Convention. But it may be, the vision of this worthy editor is becoming still more affected. He has wholly overlooked the address of this Convention. He has stumbled on an article from the National Journal, in which that print says:

"There appears to be a general concurrence of sentiment among the friends of Mr. Clay, in favor of his consenting to be a candidate for U. S. Senator from Kentucky. The voice of his country calls him from his retirement to rescue her from impending peril. It seems to be imperative on him to give his opinions on the subject of a modification of the present Tariff. No such modification can emanate from any other source without exciting alarm for the system; but, should he deem such a measure wise and practical, in the existing state of public opinion, his admission to the fact, and his prescription of the form and extent of the modification would doubtless satisfy all the reasonable friends of Domestic Industry."

We should suppose (from its insertion) that this article has met the approbation of our neighbour. It is common amongst editors to copy any article of news, but the mere speculation of a brother editor, is not often copied, unless approved and adopted by the party copying.

It is here thought necessary that Mr. Clay should accept a seat in the U. S. Senate, "that he may give his opinions on the subject of a modification of the present Tariff." It says our country is in peril and Mr. Clay is the only man who can rescue her. A modification of the tariff, emanating from any other source, will excite alarm for the system. If, however, Mr. Clay shall deem a modification of the present Tariff, wise and practical, and should prescribe its form and extent, it would doubtless satisfy all the reasonable friends of Domestic Industry.

Really this is strange language to be used by the friends of free trade. We shall begin to be alarmed for the orthodoxy of your free trade principles, if you insert many such articles. Had it not been for the unfortunate attack, which you made last year on Mr. Calhoun, for his nullification, we should think, (if Mr. Clay can be got rid of, by putting him in the Senate) it would be the most consistent course you could pursue, to take him up and run him as your President. Mr. Wirt, would answer your purpose; he is both Anti-Mason and American System. Mr. McLean will not serve you. In truth both you and your party appear to be at a loss. When the advocates of free trade unite with the friends of the American System, when Masons unite with Anti-Masons, or court their influence and support, to pull down the present administration, it really seems to be a forlorn hope. But this murderer, this proscriber, Jackson, this man who is recreant to all principles, and rotten to the core, to put whom down, all principles, all consistency, all honor are sacrificed, has too strong a hold on the affections of the people to be shaken from that station to which their confidence has exalted him.

YOUTHFUL DEPRAVITY.—In looking over some very recent London papers, we were struck with the Recorder of London's report to the King, of persons under sentence of death in Newgate, after the last February Sessions. Of 27 persons capitally convicted, nineteen were of and under the age of 25; of these, one was only aged 10, another 12, another 14, another 16, two (one of them a girl) 17, two 19, and several 20. Of the 27, one only was ordered for execution.—Eds., aged 23.

Mr. Mullikin.
I was surprised on hearing a few days ago some remarks upon the distinction which should exist in Society between the working men and the Richer class, said to have been made by a Virginian, who visited our Town a few weeks since; and confess that I was much surprised to learn that even an apologist could be found among us for a man who declared that the simple fact of another following a mechanical occupation in life was sufficient to render him not only unfit for the society of his more wealthy neighbors, but also to take any part in the elections of his country.—Yet such is the fact and it should at least cause the working men to be more fanatically jealous of their rights, and privileges. It was urged by him that the general ignorance of mechanics was the principal cause of disqualification to take any part in the Government, and it was hinted (not very obscurely) that the ease and facility by which they could be bribed and corrupted was another. To attempt a refutation of the last charge is no part of my business; the more so since the charge was cast upon the honest and sincere of our population; and he who put forth the charge (we speak advisedly) said it either in total ignorance of the men of whom he spoke, or with a willful and reckless disregard of the truth.

But the charge of ignorance may lay more heavily upon us, and perhaps, upon examination; we may find that in this respect we are culpable than at first glance might be supposed. True it is that many of us have been born poor, and have continued so all our lives, and although our judgments may be sound and our principles honest, our intellects are left barren and unenlightened; many of us have not much less an acquaintance with classical literature—we have scarcely tasted, and drunk of the "Pierian Spring." Yet may we not in some degree attribute this to ourselves? May we not partially deserve the imputation? For while the means of acquiring knowledge and thus competing with the proud and wealthy are at hand, the charge of ignorance will not only be a mere reproach upon us but doubly so because we shall deserve it.—This is an age of inquiry and investigation; the spirit of improvement is abroad over the land; the means of acquiring knowledge are cheap and abundant; they let the mechanics join night to day and Sunday to the week; and secure by industry, perseverance and energy, those acquisitions which have been denied them by fortune; let the working men firm themselves into associations, not to dispute upon questions but half understood and with which they have no concern, but to mutually assist in cultivating and improving their intellects and storing their minds with useful knowledge, so that the reproach of ignorance may be no longer cast upon them, and in the stead of being directed and governed by others, they may ere long be found directing and governing.

A MECHANIC.
A murderous assault was committed on the 1st inst. on a young lady in Plattsburg, New York.—The Republican contains the following particulars:—
"An almost infinite number of rumors and conjectures are afloat on the subject, but we believe the following will disclose the facts of the transaction. The lady, in company with her sister, was about eight in the evening, passing through one of the most public avenues of the village, and within a few rods observed a little in front of them, an object in the street which she mistook for an animal, but when they had approached within 5 or 6 feet it arose from the earth and disclosed the figure of a man. He advanced towards them, and examined the face of each alternately with intension. The lady upon whom the assault was perpetrated, attempted to escape, and ran a few feet; but was soon overtaken by the person, who grasped her violently by the throat with one hand, and with the other gave her a blow with a dirk or some other weapon, by which she was severely wounded. The villain was alarmed by her cries of murder, and fled, without accomplishing his design. The nature of the instrument, and the direction of the blow, can leave no rational or well founded doubt, but that the object of the assault was assassination. The person of the individual was entirely disguised, and his face muffled or covered with a mask. The whole subject is wrapped in mystery, and is at present inexplicable. A strong sensation has been produced through the community, and immediate measures have been adopted to investigate and unravel the subject. A Committee of Vigilance has been appointed, who are engaged in a constant and active examination of every circumstance which has been developed.

A Committee on behalf of the citizens have offered a reward of \$500 for the detection and conviction of the offender. The following is the only description given of him: "He is supposed to have been dressed in a large overcoat of a dark color, of more than ordinary length, closely buttoned or wrapped around him, and in pantaloons lighter than his coat. He is believed to be almost six feet high and of a slender frame." As it would appear that the lady herself can furnish no possible clue that might lead to his identification, the most probable supposition is that he is a maniac.

Divine Service will be held in White Marsh Church on Friday the 28th inst. and in Christ Church (Easton) on Saturday the 29th day at 11 o'clock A. M.
The Right Rev. Wm. M. Stone is expected to be present and officiate.
St. Peter's Parish, Oct. 19th, 1831.
The Parishioners of St. Michaels Parish are informed that the Rt. Rev. Bishop Stone has made an appointment to preach and hold a confirmation in the Parish Church at St. Michaels, on Sunday the 30th inst. and that in consequence there will not be divine service at the Ferry on that day.
It is also expected that an ordination will be held on the same occasion.

DIED
In this county on Sunday night; 23d inst. Mrs. ELIZABETH LITTLETON, in the 91st year of her age.
Suddenly, at the residence of his father, in this county, on Saturday morning last, ROBERT MAR, son of Governor Samuel Stevens, in the 18th year of his age.
In Broad-Creek Neck, in the Bay-side, on Friday the 21st inst. Mrs. MARLA, consort of Mr. RUBEN M. FAULKNER, aged about 62 years.

ATTENTION!
The "Morgan Kidnappers" are ordered to parade in front of the Court House, to-morrow evening, 30th inst. at 5 o'clock, with arms and accoutrements, in complete order. By order of the Company. B. R. JONES, O. S. Oct. 25, 1831

FOR SALE OR RENT
The ensuing year the dwelling house on Dover Street at present in the occupancy of John Bennett, Esq.
Also, the dwelling house on Dover street at present under rent to Mr. JAMES L. SMITH.
Apply to PHILLIP WALLIS, Balt. Oct. 25 1831

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
October 12, 1831.

THE House of Representatives, by resolution of the 4th of May, 1830, directed the Secretary of the Treasury to collect and communicate to the House such information, and report his views on the same, as, in his opinion, may be useful and important to Congress in enacting regulations for the navigation of steam-boats or steam vessels, with a view to guard against the dangers arising from the bursting of their boilers.

Such measures were accordingly taken as were thought best calculated to obtain the requisite information. But, although some highly interesting and valuable communications have been received, the Department has not succeeded in collecting the facts sufficient to enable it to fulfil the directions of the House. In consideration, therefore, of the difficulty of obtaining the requisite information, by any means within the power of the Department, and of the deep interest which the community, and more especially those engaged in steam navigation, have in the subject, it is thought best to make this public application to all who may be able, and are disposed, to promote the benevolent object of the Resolution.

Accidents, like those which it is the desire of the House to prevent, have, unfortunately, been so numerous that many persons will have it in their power to state the causes and circumstances of such casualties; and these, collected from various parts of the Union, cannot fail to be highly useful.
With a view to assist in giving that information, a precise and explicit character, the following queries were prepared.
It is not intended, however, to confine it to the points presented to them, or to the form of communication which they may seem to indicate. On the contrary, the Department will be happy to receive any information in such manner as the writer may be pleased to employ.
It is desirable that communications on this subject should be transmitted by the first of December, or early as may be thereafter.


LOUIS McLANE,
Secretary of the Treasury.
INTERROGATORIES IN RELATION TO THE BURSTING OF STEAM BOILERS.
1. Are you acquainted with the nature and use of Steam Engines? In what employment have you been engaged? Were you present, and in what capacity, at the bursting of any steam boiler, or of a pipe, or of a vessel, or of a machine, or of any other apparatus, by the bursting of which any person has been killed, or any property destroyed, or any other mischief done, and if so, in what case?
2. In that case, was the water in the boiler above gauge cocks? If not, at what height, compared with the lower gauge cocks?
3. If the boiler contained a flue, what was the difference between the height of its upper side and that of the lower gauge cock?
4. What was the weight per square inch on the safety valve?
5. Had the safety valve ever been found rusted or sticking in the aperture, or was it so at the time?
6. Has that part of the boiler above the water ever been heated to a red heat, or approached thereto?
7. Were there any incrustation or sediment found at the bottom of the boiler? If so, what was its thickness and composition?
8. In what part was the boiler rent, and what was the appearance and extent of the rent?
9. If the bursting happened to the boiler of a steam boat, was the boat under way, or at rest? Was the valve open? If so, how long before the accident? Was it opened by the engineer, or by pressure?
10. Was the piston going at its usual speed, or faster, or slower?
11. Had the fireman found any unusual difficulty in keeping up the motion of the engine previously to the bursting of the boiler; and, if so, how long before?
12. Do the iron boilers used in the western waters generally accumulate a calcareous incrustation at the bottom? If so, have any or what means been used, with success, to prevent it?
13. Is it observed that when there is a sediment or incrustation on the bottom of the boiler, it requires more fire than usual to raise the steam; and how often is the sediment removed, and by what means?
14. Are any means used for preventing incrustation on the bottom of boilers; and, if so, what effect has been observed?
15. Have any means been employed to prove steam boilers before they are used afterwards, and what pressure has usually been applied to, iron of a given thickness? Are the proofs made when the iron is cold or hot?
16. Is there any instrument employed to ascertain the temperature of the boiler above the water, or of the steam in the upper part of the boiler? If so, what is it?
17. What means are used to prevent the fire from the fire place and flue from extending to the boat?
18. Have you ever seen steam boilers heated to a red heat on the upper side? If so, in such a temperature regarded as a cause of exploding the boiler?
19. Have any means been used, in the construction of boilers or fire place, to prevent the heating of the upper part of the boiler? If so, what are they?
20. How many persons were scalded by steam, and at what distance was each from the boiler? At what distance from the boiler was the steam supposed to be hot enough to scald? Was the current of steam from the rent in the boiler instantaneous, or did it continue for some time, and how long? What number of persons were wounded by the parts of the boiler or machinery, which were driven off by the explosion, and what position did each of such persons occupy in the boat?
21. Have you ever observed the piston to move irregularly for a few minutes, or a few strokes, alternately faster or slower than its usual speed, without perceiving any change in the resistance to the paddles, or any other obvious cause for such irregularity; and, if so, how it was accounted for?
22. To what immediate cause have you attributed the bursting of steam boilers, which have come within your knowledge?
23. Are there any other facts within your knowledge, in relation to this subject, which appear to be important in the present inquiry? If so, please to state them.
To be published twice a week in the papers authorized to publish the laws.
Oct. 14—Oct. 25—1st D

STATE OF MARYLAND,
Caroline county, to-wit:

DURSUANT to the act of assembly entitled "An Act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors" passed at November Session, Eighteen hundred and five, and the several supplements thereto; I do hereby refer the within application of Samuel Pritchett for the benefit of said act and supplements thereto, to the Judges of the Circuit Court for the County of Caroline, and I do hereby appoint, and fix the first Tuesday after the second Monday of March next, for the final hearing of said application of the said Samuel Pritchett, and for his appearance before the Judges of Caroline county Court, at the Court House in the town of Denton, on said day, to answer such allegations as may be made against him and such interrogatories as may be propounded to him by his creditors or any of them, and that he give notice by causing this order and discharge to be published in the Whig at Easton, once a week for the space of three successive weeks, at least three months before the first Tuesday after the second Monday of next March.—Given under my hand this 13th day of August, Anno Domini, Eighteen hundred and thirty-one.

ABRAHAM JUMP,
True copy,
Jo. Richardson, Clk.
Oct. 25 3w
Talbot county Court, sitting as a Court of Chancery,
May Term, 1831.
Alexander C. Bul- Ordered that the relief and Eliza Har- port of William Hay- ward, Executors of the will of John Harrison, dec'd, of the sale of certain property, in the above cause, mentioned be ratified and confirmed, unless cause be shown to the contrary before the third Monday of November next, provided a copy of this order be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers, published at Easton, in Talbot county, aforesaid, before the said third Monday of November next. The report states the amount of sales to be two thousand and fifty dollars.

True Copy,
J. Lockerman, Clk.
Oct. 25 3w
SHERIFF'S SALE,
BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of Talbot county Court, and to me directed and delivered, by the clerk thereof, at the suit of Edward N. Hambleton against Isaac B. Parrott, will be sold on the premises of said Parrott, on THURSDAY the 17th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, the following property to-wit:—all the right, title, interest and claim, of the aforesaid Isaac B. Parrott, of, in and to that tract or parcel of land, where he at present resides, by the quantity what it may; also, one sorrel Horse, one old Brown do. one bay mare, one bay horse-colt, 3 years old, one sorrel mare-colt, 3 years old, one bay Horse-colt one year old, 2 yoke of oxen, 12 head of cattle, 15 head of sheep, 12 head of hogs, 2 old carts, one crag harrow, one clover roller, one gig and harness, one Bureau, one Mantle clock, one corner cupboard and contents, 2 beds, bedsteads and furniture, one negro girl called Ann, for a term of years, also the crops of wheat and corn growing on the land, where the aforesaid Isaac B. Parrott now resides, all seized and taken as the property of said Parrott, and will be sold to satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias and the interest and cost due and to become due thereon.

Attendance given by
J. M. FAULKNER, Shff.
FOR SALE.
THE Subscriber having declined farming, will sell at public sale, at his residence near Bowdell's Ferry, on THURSDAY the 3d day of November next, all his farming utensils,

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, &c.
TERMS.—A credit of six months will be given on all sums over five dollars, the purchaser or purchasers giving note with security before the articles are removed—on all sums of and under five dollars the cash will be required. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock A. M. and attendance given by
SAMUEL MACKAY,
Talbot county, Oct. 23 3w
N. B. Also a first rate batturens, copper fastened, carrying fifty bushels or more.
S. M.

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of Talbot county Court, and to me directed and delivered, by the Clerk thereof, at the suit of Henry Goldsborough, against Reuben Perry, will be sold for cash at the Court House in the town of Easton, on TUESDAY the 15th of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. of said day, the following property to-wit: all his right and title in and to the farm where he at present resides, formerly belonging to Henry Morgan, likewise 2 head of horses, 10 head of horned cattle, 2 carts and one Steer, seized and taken as the property of the aforesaid Reuben Perry, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias, and the interest and cost due and to become due thereon.
Attendance will be given by
J. M. FAULKNER, Shff.
Oct. 25 4w

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of a venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county Court, and to me directed and delivered, at the suit of Charles W. Pitt, adm'r. of John R. Pitt, vs. Wm. W. Eccleston, against Wm. C. Ridgway and Samuel Account, will be sold at the front door of the Court House in the town of Easton, on TUESDAY, the 15th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. the following property of Wm. C. Ridgway, to-wit: all the right, title, interest and claim of the said Wm. C. Ridgway, of Washington street, in the town of Easton—also, 3 beds and furniture, 12 chairs, one side-board and two tables, taken and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid venditioni exponas and the interest and costs due and to become due thereon. Attendance by
WM. TOWNSEND, late Shff.
Oct. 25 4w

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county Court, and to me directed and delivered, at the suit of the State of Maryland, at the instance, and for the use of Elijah Spence, vs. Thomas Arringdale, against James Cain, Thomas Bullen, Robert G. Lloyd and Thomas Baker—also, one venditioni exponas, issued and directed as aforesaid, at the suit of the State, use of Elijah Spence, vs. Thomas Arringdale, against James Cain, Ex'r. of John Cain; fees for 1829, 1830 and 1831, against said Cain, will be sold on the premises of said James Cain, dec'd., at the Hole-in-the-wall on WEDNESDAY the 16th day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. the following property, to-wit:—4 head of Horses, one gig and harness, one horse cart, one ox cart, one yoke of oxen, 18 head of cattle, 12 head of hogs, and 10 head of sheep, taken and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid claims and the interest and costs due and to become due thereon.
Attendance given by
WM. TOWNSEND, late Shff.
Oct. 25 4w

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of two writs of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county Court, and to me directed and delivered, by the clerk thereof, one at the suit of the State of Maryland at the instance and for the use of John Stevens, jr. adm'r. D. B. N. of Peter Stevens, jr. dec'd. against James Cain, Ex'r. of Levin McGinnis, and the other at the suit of the State of Maryland, use of John Stevens, jr. adm'r. D. B. N. of Peter Stevens, dec'd. against James Cain and Thomas Bullen, dec'd. against James Cain and Thomas Bullen, will be exposed to Public Sale, and sold to the highest bidder at the late residence of the said Cain, on Wednesday the 16th of November next, the following property: one horse, one cart, and one Gig and Harness, also all that parcel of Land of which the said James Cain died possessed, viz. part of Marsh Land, near Parson's Landing, containing 165 acres of land, more or less, also part of Bozman's addition and Sandy Hill, containing 191 acres of Land more or less, part of True Trust, containing 24 acres of land, more or less; the goods and chattels lands and tenements of the said Cain, seized and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid writs of venditioni exponas, and the interest and cost due and to become due thereon.
Attendance given by
J. M. FAULKNER, Shff.
Oct. 25 4w

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county Court, and to me directed and delivered, by the clerk thereof, at the suit of Joseph Martin, against Nancy James, will be sold at public sale for cash, at the front door of the Court House in the town of Easton, on TUESDAY, the 22nd day of November next, between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 o'clock P. M. the following property to-wit, all the estate, right, title, interest and claim, of her said Nancy James, of, in and to, that tract or parcel of land, called Barnston, 'Cox's addition,' and part 'Samuel's Beginning,' situated on Island Creek, in Talbot county containing the quantity of 138 acres of land, more or less, taken to satisfy the aforesaid venditioni exponas, and the interest and costs due and to become due thereon.
Attendance given by
WM. TOWNSEND, late Shff.
Oct. 25 4w

SHERIFF'S SALE.
BY virtue of a writ of fieri facias, issued out of Talbot county Court, and to me directed and delivered, by the clerk thereof, at the suit of John Valiant, against Henry Delehay, will be sold at public sale, at the front door of the court house, in the town of Easton, on TUESDAY the 15th of November 1831 between the hours of 10 o'clock A. M. and 4 P. M. the following property to-wit: one house and lot, where Solomon Macnahan lives, and one horse and Gig, one horse cart, one Bureau, one Desk, one Sideboard, 12 Windsor chairs, 3 Bedsteads, 3 Beds and furniture, two tables, seized and taken to satisfy the aforesaid fieri facias, interest and cost due and to become due thereon.
Attendance given by
J. M. FAULKNER, Shff.

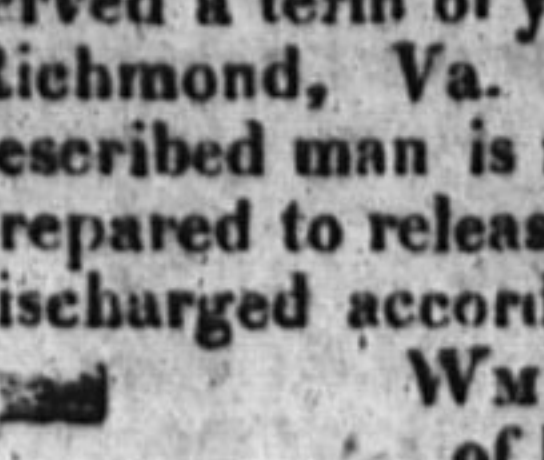
FOR SALE.
THE Subscriber having declined farming, will sell at public sale, at his residence near Bowdell's Ferry, on THURSDAY the 3d day of November next, all his farming utensils,

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, &c.
TERMS.—A credit of six months will be given on all sums over five dollars, the purchaser or purchasers giving note with security before the articles are removed—on all sums of and under five dollars the cash will be required. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock A. M. and attendance given by
SAMUEL MACKAY,
Talbot county, Oct. 23 3w
N. B. Also a first rate batturens, copper fastened, carrying fifty bushels or more.
S. M.


Constable's Sale.
BY virtue of two writs of fieri facias (one at the suit of Jerry Bowlin, the other at the suit of Perry Porter), issued by Thomas Bruff, Esq. and to me directed, against Robert L. Harrison, will be sold at Constable's sale, on Monday the 14th of November next, between the hours of 3 and 4 o'clock, P. M. at St. Michaels, one negro girl named Fanny, and one negro girl named Anna, late the above writs, with the interest and costs due and to become due thereon. Attendance by
A. S. COLSTON, Constable.
Oct. 25 2w

NOTICE.
HAVING sold out my entire stock of Goods to Mr. Samuel Mackay, and declined the Mercantile Business, those who are indebted to me on book, are requested to call at an early period and settle their accounts, as I am determined to bring my business to a close. I hope no further notice will be wanting.
JOHN W. JENKINS.
Oct. 25.

TO BE LET,
For the Ensuing Year,
THAT commodious Dwelling House and Garden, situated in Easton, and on Dover Street, and now occupied by Mr. Edward S. Hopkins. The Subscriber would sell this property on accommodating terms, or exchange it for lands.
Also, to be let several small and convenient tenements in Easton. Also, to be hired negroes of all ages, for the next year. Apply to Mr. Edward S. Hopkins, or the subscriber.
JOHN LEEDS KERR.
Easton, Oct. 25

NOTICE.
Was committed to the jail of Montgomery county, on the 23d day of September, 1831, as a runaway, a black man,

ANTHONY MORRY.
He is about 30 years of age, five feet 10 inches high—has some few black marks on his face—His clothing were cloth roundabout and corded pantaloons—hat and shoes. He says he was born free and served a term of years with Mr. Winston, of Richmond, Va. The owner of the above described man is requested to come forward prepared to release him, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.
WM. O'NEALE, jr. Sh'ff. of Montgomery county, Md.
Oct. 18—Oct. 25 4w \$1.25

Notice.

WAS committed to the jail of Montgomery county, on the 23d day of September, 1831, as a runaway, a dark mulatto man, by the name of

JOSEPH JACKSON;
He is about 50 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high; has lost the use of his left knee, occasioned by the white swelling. His clothing were casinet coat and corduroy pantaloons—hat and shoes. He says he was liberated by Samuel Owens of Baltimore county. The owner of the above described man is requested to come forward and release him, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.
WM. O'NEALE, jr. Sh'ff. of Montgomery County, Md.
Oct. 18—Oct. 23 4w \$1.25

New Fall Goods.
WM. H. and P. GROOME,
HAVE just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and offer for sale on the lowest terms, at their Store, opposite the Bank, an unusually large assortment of
British, French, India & Domestic
DRY GOODS,
suitable for the present and approaching season.

AMONG WHICH ARE,
Superfine Cloths & Cassimers
of the most fashionable colours,
COMMON DUTTO,
CASSINETTS, FLANNELS,
Blankets; Merinoes, Circassians, Bombazines,
Merino Shawls and
COTTON YARNS from No. 4 to 24,
together with a general assortment of
Hardware & Cutlery,
China, Glass, Queensware, Stone Ware,
Powder and Shot,
also, a full supply of
Groceries & Liquors
Among which are some superior
OLD WINES & FRESH TEAS
Which have been selected with great care.
Feathers, Linsey, Kersey, &c. taken in exchange.
Oct. 18

Dry Goods! Dry Goods!!
THE Subscribers have just received by the ships Belvidere, Herald, Hyperion, and other late arrivals, their Fall Stock, comprising a well selected and very general assortment of
Staple, Fancy, and Desirable
British Dry Goods.
AMONG WHICH ARE
Fine, Superfine, and Extra Cloths and Cassimers, all colors and qualities;
Mixt and Drab Devonshire Kerseys,
Drab, Olive and Brown Flusings,
Do. do. Peterhamas, (a new and elegant article for over coats.)
Roses, Point, Duflin, Fancy and Mackinaw Blankets,
Vestings, Bombazines, Bombazines, Circassians, Merino Circassians, Rattinet, Tartan Pleids, Brown and Blue Camblets,
Tartan Camblets, Cotton and Worsted Shawls, of every description,
Cambrie and Chintz Prints all prices and qualities.
Cambric—Mull—Jackonet—Book—Swiss—and Fancy Muslins, &c. &c.
A handsome assortment of French, India and Italian Silk and Fancy Goods,
White, Brown and col'd Domestic Muslins,
Ticks, Flind, &c. &c.
All of which will be sold on the most pleasing and liberal terms.
WM. BROMWELL, and CO.
No. 155, Market street, Baltimore.
P. S. Our Stock of Negro Clothing is very large—consisting of Onaburgs, Burlaps, Tickenburgs, Kerseys of all kinds, Napt Cloths, Stout Mixt and Drab Cloths, heavy Woolen Stockings, stout Cotton Onaburgs and Muslins, &c. well worth the attention of Farmers as well as Merchants.
Baltimore, Oct. 11—Oct. 18—3w

NEW GOODS.
THE Subscriber has the pleasure of informing his friends and the public that he has just returned from Baltimore with a complete assortment of
DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,
and handsome Calicoes,
OF VARIOUS PATTERNS AND PRICES.
Also a General Assortment of
Groceries, China, Glass & Queensware, &c. &c.
All of which he will sell at the lowest rates for cash.
EDWARD S. HOPKINS.
Oct. 11 3w

New Fall & Winter Goods.
KENNARD and LOVEDAY has just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and are now opening at their Store House opposite the Easton Hotel, a full and extensive assortment of GOODS, adapted to the present and approaching seasons, viz:
Coarse and fine Cloths, Cassimires, AND CASSINETTS, BLANKETS, Flannels & Baizes, &c.
together with a general assortment of British & French fancy & staple dry GOODS.
Hardware and Cutlery
GROCERIES, LIQUORS,
China, Glass & Queen's Ware,
Wood, Stone, Earthen &c.
Tin Ware &c. &c.
all of which they offer on favorable terms to their customers and the public generally. Wool, Feathers, Meal, Linsey and Kersey &c. taken in exchange.
Oct. 11

Davis's Ploughs
At Reduced Prices.
JUST Received a large supply of Davis's Ploughs & Castings, at the following reduced prices.
7 inch \$5
6 inch 4.50
LAMBERT REARDON.
Easton Oct. 11