# EASTON, MD.

TUESDAY MORNING, NOV. 20, 1832.


We give in our paper to day the returns of the Presidential election as far as they have been received from the several states. The question may be considered as settled. It is only from Kentucky, Indiana and Louisiana, that the returns now can be matter of interest. Gen. Jackson obtained the vote of all these states in 1828; at this election he will probably lose two of them, viz: Kentucky and Louisiana. The vote of Indiana he will probably obtain; but without any of them, he will have a greater majority over the combined forces of Clay and Wirt, than he had in 1828 over Mr. Adams. He obtains at this election 10 votes in Maine where he had but one in 1828; 7 in New Hampshire where he had none in 1828; forty-two in New York where he had but twenty in 1828; eight in New Jersey, and three in Delaware, all of which he lost in 1828.—In Maryland he has lost three votes, by the unjust division of the State into electoral districts—South Carolina will probably throw her vote away—His entire gain therefore may be set down 49 votes, his loss, (supposing Kentucky and Louisiana to go against him,) will be but 34—eleven of which, are from South Carolina, and could never have gone for Mr. Clay. This statement is made without reference to the increased number of electors in the electoral college.

Mr. Van Buren, as far as we have seen the returns from other States, will receive the entire votes of the Jackson party, with the exception of that of Pennsylvania, and will necessarily be elected by the people, by a large majority.

What confidence can the anti's place in their public presses, after this. That they have deceived their best friends, no man can doubt; that they have done so from ignorance of public opinion in some cases, is likely, but that they have done it in many instances, to cherish and keep alive the demon of party spirit, to foster those unhallowed passions, by which, in many of the states, they retain the patronage of the state governments, must be to every reflecting mind, a matter of little doubt.

The contest, however, is now over. Let us look to principles, not to men, for our future parties; and while advocating sound principles in the general government, let us not lose sight of them in our state government; nor let us, in the warmth of party zeal, forget that we have more important interests at stake, in the wholesome administration of our state and county concerns. It behooves every man to look to these. In these are centred the dearest interests of himself, his family, his children. Have not our local interests suffered, from this all-engrossing subject, the Presidential election?—and what have we profited, what have our opponents lost? They will sleep as soundly, notwithstanding they have cried, *our Republic is in danger*, our *liberties are gone, our country is ruined*. They do not believe what they then said, or their present unconcern bespeaks a complacency more than mortal. On the other hand what have we gained? Nothing, yea nothing in comparison with what remains to be done. That we have supported a firm patriot, an honest man, and a sound statesman, we firmly believe, and in doing so, have the pleasures of an approving conscience; but that his individual interests have been materially benefited, no man will be able to discover. Let us now look to *home*. We shall there find interests more important to be secured; interests, which, if not secured, we, and our children, and our children's children will feel their loss.

*Large Potatoes.*—We have received 32 Irish potatoes, of the *lobster* kind, making a heaped half-bushel, from our friend Mr. Morris O. Colston. This is as fine a sample of potatoes as we have ever seen.

Littleton W. Tazewell, Esq. of Virginia, has resigned his seat in the Senate of the United States.

The President's Guard.—An Englishman in Philadelphia, speaking of the Presidency of Washington, was expressing a wish to an American to behold him. While this conversation passed, "there he goes," replied the American, pointing to a tall, erect, dignified personage, passing on the other side of the street. "That General Washington!" exclaimed the Englishman, "where is his guard?" "Here," replied the American, striking his bosom with emphasis.

## FOURTH ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF MARYLAND.

| | Jackson. | | | Clay. | | |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Henry D. Miller | Richard Spencer | James A. Stewart | Albert Constable | R. H. Goldsborough | John N. Steele |
| *Harford.* | 000 | 000 | 000 | 000 | 000 | 000 |
| *Cecil.* | 1101 | 1096 | 1096 | 812 | 814 | 808 |
| *Kent.* | | | | | | |
| Upper | 123 | 123 | 123 | 139 | 139 | 139 |
| Middle | 148 | 148 | 150 | 157 | 153 | 153 |
| Lower | 103 | 105 | 105 | 158 | 156 | 156 |
| *Queen Ann's.* | | | | | | |
| Queenstown | 73 | 72 | 73 | 89 | 88 | 89 |
| C. Ville | 179 | 178 | 179 | 185 | 186 | 185 |
| K Island | 26 | 26 | 26 | 97 | 97 | 97 |
| C. Hill | 188 | 188 | 188 | 104 | 104 | 104 |
| Dixon's | 180 | 180 | 180 | 135 | 133 | 135 |
| *Caroline.* | | | | | | |
| Upper | | average maj. | | 64 | 64 | 64 |
| Middle | 175 | 176 | 175 | 189 | 190 | 190 |
| Lower | | maj. average | | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| *Talbot.* | | | | | | |
| Easton | 137 | 139 | 137 | 173 | 170 | 174 |
| St Michaels | 114 | 113 | 114 | 196 | 196 | 196 |
| Trappe | 56 | 57 | 56 | 167 | 163 | 167 |
| Chapel | 106 | 106 | 106 | 92 | 92 | 92 |
| *Dorchester* | 664 | 665 | 668 | 953 | 958 | 958 |
| *Somerset.* | 000 | 000 | 000 | 000 | 000 | 000 |
| *Worcester.* | 000 | 000 | 000 | 000 | 000 | 000 |

### BALTIMORE CITY.

| *Jackson.* | | *Anti Jackson.* | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Heath | 5025 | Johnson | 4246 |
| Frick, | 5020 | Stewart | 4248 |

### BALTIMORE COUNTY.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Smith | 2198 | Brown | 767 |

### PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION—1832.

| | |
|---|---|
| The majority for Gen. Jackson in Maine is not fully known, but from the returns received may be set down at about | 6,000 |
| In New Hampshire at about | 7,000 |
| In New York, according to anti-Jackson accounts | 15,000 |
| In New Jersey | 457 |
| In Pennsylvania | 23,888 |
| In Delaware | 58 |
| In Baltimore City and County (electing 3 electors) | 2,268 |
| In Virginia, (in part) | 11,272 |
| In Ohio | 5,175 |
| In Kentucky, as far as heard from Clay's majority is | 3,733 |
| In Indiana (3 counties) Clay's majority | 15 |

Members of Congress for New York.
[As fas as heard]

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1st district, | | Abel Huntington, of Suffolk. | |
| 2d | do | Isaac B. Van Houten, Rockland. | |
| 3d | do | Churchill C. Cambreleng,* | New York |
| | | Campbell P. White,* | |
| | | Corneleus W. Lawrence, | |
| | | Dudley Selden, | |
| 4th | do | Aaron Ward,* Westchester. | |
| 5th | do | Abm. Bockee, Dutchess. | |
| 6th | do | John W. Brown, Orange. | |
| 7th | do | Charles Bodle, Sullivan. | |
| 8th | do | John Adams, Greene. | |
| | | Aaron Vanderpool, Columbia. | |
| 9th | do | Job Pierson, Rensselaer. | |
| 10th | do | Gerrit Y. Lansing,* Albany. | |
| 11th | do | John Cramer, Saratoga. | |
| 13th | do | Reuben Whalon, Essex. | |
| 15th | do | Charles McVean, Montgomery. | |
| 16th | do | Abijah Mann, jr. Herkimer. | |
| 17th | do | Samuel Beardsley,* Oneida. | |
| | | Joel Turrell, Oswego. | |
| 19th | do | Sherman Page, Orsego. | |
| 20th | do | Noadiah Johnson, Delaware. | |
| 21st | do | Henry Mitchell, Chenango. | |
| 22d | do | Nicholl Halsey, Tompkins. | |
| 23d | do | Wm. Taylor, Onondaga. | |
| | | Wm. K. Fuller, Madison. | |
| 24th | do | Rowland Day, Cayuga. | |
| 25th | do | Samuel Clark, Seneca. | |
| 26th | do | *John Dickson,** Ontario. | |
| 27th | do | Edward Howell, Steuben. | |
| 28th | do | *Frederick Whittlesey,** Monroe. | |

*Members of the present Congress.
Coalition members *in italics.*

From the returns as far as received, we are enabled to announce the election of 30 Jackson republican, and 2 coalition, members of Congress. Of the remaining 8 members we count upon 2 republicans, and allow 6 coalition: of the latter, in Washington county, it is not ascertained whether the antimasonic or Clay candidate has succeeded. Washington, we believe, is the only county in which the coalition between all the factions that oppose democracy was not complete on every ticket, national state and county.—*Albany Paper.*

## CARROLL IS NO MORE!

On Wednesday morning 14th, the last signer of the Declaration of Independence breathed his last, at the residence of his son-in-law, *Richard Caton*, in Baltimore city.

The Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, in order to testify their respect for the character of one who held so eminent a station in the national eye, adopted suitable resolutions, in regard to his funeral. The President of the United States, the heads of Department, the Governor and Council of Maryland, and other distinguished citizens, were invited to attend. The following is the correspondence between the committee of the City Council and the President:—

*To the President of the U. States:*

The undersigned having been appointed by the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore, a committee to wait upon the President and Heads of Departments, and invite them to join with their fellow citizens in showing the last testimonial of respect to the remains of the late *Charles Carroll, of Carrollton*, have the honor to state that they are at present at Gadsby's Hotel, and desirous to know at what time it will be agreeable to the President to receive the invitation of which they are the bearers.

JNO. I. DONALDSON,
ISAAC F. LIGHTNER,
JOB SMITH, Jr.
} Committee on the part of the First Branch.

SAMUEL MOORE,
FRANCIS H. DAVIDGE,
} Committee on the part of the Second Branch.

Washington, Nov. 15th, 1832.

Washington, Nov. 15th, 1832.

*Gentlemen:*

I am filled with emotions of the most heartfelt sorrow at the death of our friend, the sage and patriot Charles Carroll of Carrollton, which you have announced to me in your note of this date. My sympathy with my country, and with the relatives and neighbors of the deceased on this melancholy occasion, is rendered more poignant because it will be deprived of the gratifying relief which a participation in the funeral honors that are to be paid him by the authorities of Baltimore, is calculated to afford.

Please assure the friends of the deceased that nothing but the most imperious public duty, demanding all my time at this moment, could prevent my taking a part in the proceedings which you inform me have been adopted by the authorities of Baltimore, in honor of his burial. No one estimated higher than I did, his claims, whilst living, upon the gratitude and love of his country: none will cherish more sacredly his memory, now that he is taken from us by the Great Disposer of the affairs of this world.

I have the honor to be, with great respect,
Your very ob't servant,
ANDREW JACKSON.

Messrs. Jno. J. Donaldson, Isaac F. Lightner, Job Smith, junr., Samuel Moore, Francis H. Davidge, Committee.

By order of the President, the offices of government, in Washington, were closed on Friday, as a manifestation of public respect.

From the Baltimore American.

### CHARLES CARROLL IS NO MORE!

*The last of the Signers is dead!* The only remaining link which connected this generation with the past, with that illustrious race of statesmen, philanthropists and patriots, the founders of American Independence, and the benefactors of the world, now, and for all time hereafter—is broken. The brotherhood of glory is reunited above, and Carroll is removed from the love, gratitude, and veneration of the living, to an association with the kindred spirits of Washington and his associates, the departed patriarchs of liberty.—Henceforth the Declaration of Independence is sacred to history—part of the mighty Past. The last of the Signers is dead!

Those tidings, though in the course of nature not unexpected in some degree, will be received with solemn feelings by the American nation. One whose name has been familiar in every mouth for reverence and affection, is departed; one who was the sole relic of the days of our fathers—their sufferings, their constancy, their heroism, their virtues, their triumphs, and all the glories which have succeeded, making us and our country the pride and the hope of the world, has been taken away from our eyes, and every American heart feels as though it had been bereaved of some near and cherished personal friend. A whole people claimed the interest of children in his fame and well-being in his life time, and they will join at his death, with one common impulse, in the tender and reverential feelings of children for a lost benefactor and parent. Their regrets, though profound, will be temperate and resigned, as of those who mourn over a dispensation of Providence which was inevitable, and has been mercifully delayed far beyond the ordinary life of man; of those, who, for their own sake and that of mankind, lament that in this world, goodness and greatness should share the universal doom of decay—immortal qualities, clothed in perishable bodies.

Deep, sincere, and universal, will be these sensations, and mingled with them, the consolatory reflections that the long career of the illustrious dead was eminently fortunate. The large estate which he inherited, and risked in our revolutionary struggle, while it furnished his youth and manhood with every rational pleasure, enjoyment, and accomplishment, conformable to his enlightened and liberal taste, made his old age one of ease and affluence, of generous hospitality and liberal benevolence. A numerous and honorable family grew up around him, sweetening the evening of his life with the purest of earthly enjoyments, the communion of the domestic hearth. And at the close of a career which extended twenty-five years beyond the allotment of the Psalmist; blesed in all personal relations, he saw himself the object of reverence to twelve millions of freemen, a mighty nation which had grown up to power, and wealth and glory beneath his eye, and confessed him as one of the chief authors and architects of its greatness! Such was his career, and when has the world ever seen another so perfect in its fulness of blessings and honor in life and in death.

We have collected, as fully as the brief time allowed us for this day's paper would permit from such popular sources as are within our reach, a sketch of the prominent incidents in the life of CARROLL. He was born on the 20th of September, 1737, at Annapolis, in this State, and consequently was, at the time of his death, in the ninety-sixth year of his age. He descended from a highly respectable Irish family, who had emigrated to this country in the reign of William and Mary. At a very early age he was sent to St. Omers, to be educated; thence, after a short time, he was removed to Rheims, to the college of Louis Le Grand; and thence to one of the best institutions in France for the study of civil law. After becoming well versed in this science, he passed over to London, and commenced his term at the Temple, for the study of common law. After finishing his studies and his travels, he returned to his native land at the ripe age of twenty-seven. At this period the discussions between the mother country and the colonies commenced, and were soon after carried on with great warmth. Mr. Carroll did not hesitate, but took sides with the lovers of liberty.

He wielded a ready pen, and was soon known as one of the most powerful political writers in Maryland. He foresaw early that an appeal to arms must be made, and boldly recommended preparations.

Early in 1776, he was sent as one of a commission to Canada, to induce the people of that province to join us in opposing the mother country. The disasters which had previously befallen our arms in that quarter rendered the mission ineffectual. He returned in June, 1776, and instantly repaired to the convention of Maryland, of which he was a member; and there urging them to withdraw the instructions they had given their delegates in congress, not to vote for independence, at length succeeded. He was appointed a delegate to congress. On the eighteenth of July, he presented his credentials to the continental congress at Philadelphia, and on the second day of August following subscribed his name to the immortal instrument. He was considered at the time, as one of the most fearless men of the age; for he had more to risk, in point of property, than any other man in the whole community, Hancock not excepted.—On the first day he entered congress he was appointed to the board of war, of which he was an efficient member. During the whole of the war he bore his part with unabated ardor, often being at the same time a member of the convention of his native state and a member of Congress; a double duty, which required great energy and industy to perform, but, so ably did he discharge his duties, that both bodies were satisfied with his attentions to each. In 1778, he left congress, and devoted himself to the councils of his native state. When the constitution of the United States went into operation, Mr. Carroll was elected a senator from Maryland, and took his seat in the city of New York, at the organization of the government, on the thirtieth of April, 1789. He was elected a second time to this situation.

In the year 1801, he quitted public life at the age of *sixty four*,—and for *thirty years* and upwards, has passed a life of serenity, tranquil happiness and prosperity, till in the fullness of years and honors, the Patriarch has been gathered to his fathers—and the last of the signers is dead!

*The Scottish Thistles.*—This ancient emblem of Scottish pugnacity, with its motto, *Nemo me impune lacessit*, is represented of various species in royal bearings, coins, and coats of armour; so that there is some difficulty in saying which is the genuine original thistle. The origin of the national badge itself is thus handed down by tradition:—When the Danes invaded Scotland, it was deemed unwarlike to attack an enemy in the pitch darkness of night; instead of a pitched battle by day; but on one occasion the invaders resolved to avail themselves of this stratagem; and in order to prevent their tramp from being heard, they marched barefooted. They had thus neared the Scottish force unobserved, when a Dane unluckily stepped with his naked foot upon a superbly prickly thistle, and instictively uttered a cry of pain, which discovered the assault to the Scots, who ran to their arms, and defeated the foe with a terrible slaughter. The thistle was immediately adopted as the insignia of Scotland.

*Vocal Machinery of Birds.*—It is difficult to account for so small a creature as a bird making a tone as loud as some animals a thousand times its size; but a recent discovery has shown that, in birds, the lungs have several openings communicating with corresponding air-bags or cells, which fill the whole cavity of the body from the neck downwards, and into which the air passes and repasses in the progress of breathing. This is not all; the very bones are hollow, from which air pipes are conveyed to the most solid parts of the body, even into the quills and feathers. This air being rarified by the heat of their body, adds to their levity. By forcing the air out of the body, they can dart down from the greatest heights with astonishing velocity. No doubt the same machinery forms the basis of their vocal powers, and at once solves the mystery.—[Gardiner's Music of Nature.]

*The Ornithorhynchus Paradoxus.*—The following interesting fact in natural history was communicated by Dr. Weatherhead to the Committee of Science of the Zoological Society, at their meeting on Tuesday last. For the last five and twenty years, naturalists in Europe have been striving to obtain the carcase of the impregnated female Ornythorhynchus Paradoxus, but without success, for it is by dissection alone that the hitherto doubtfully and disputed point concerning the anomalous and paradoxical manner of bringing forth its young can be satisfactorily demonstrated. This long sought-for desideratum is, at length, attained. Through the kindness of his friend, Lieutenant the Hon. Lauderdale Maule, of the 39th regiment, Dr. Weatherhead has had the bodies of Ornithorynchi transmitted to him from New Holland, in one of which the ova are preserved, establishing, along with other curious circumstances, ascertained, the extraordinary fact, that this animal, which combines the bird and quadruped together in its outward form, lays eggs and hatches them like the one, and rears and suckles them like the other.

### OHIO.

The first permanent settlement of Ohio, was commenced at Marietta, 1783; 1788, the country was under a territorial government, and called the Western Territory, which was afterwards altered to the territory northwest of the Ohio; and in 1802, it was erected into an independent State.

Governors.

| | |
|---|---|
| 1789, Arthur St. Clair, Governor till the end of the territorial government, | |
| *Under the Constitution.* | |
| Edward Tiffin, elected | 1803 |
| Thomas Kirker, acting Governor | 1807 |
| Samuel Huntington, elected | 1808 |
| Return J. Meigs, do | 1810 |
| Othniel Looker, acting Governor | 1814 |
| Thomas Worthington, elected | 1814 |
| Ethan Allen Brown, do | 1818 |
| Allen Trimble, acting Governor | 1822 |
| Jeremiah Morrow, elected | 1822 |
| Allen Trimble, do | 1826 |
| Duncan McArthur, do | 1830 |
| Robert Lucas, do | 1832 |

There will be a protracted meeting in the Methodist Protestant Church in Centreville to commence on Friday night the 23d inst. to continue Saturday, Sunday, Monday and Tuesday. On Sunday a public collection will be taken for the support of the gospel. It is expected that the President of the Conference with several other ministers including Dr. Reese, Mr. Stockton and Mr. Daniel E. Reese jr. will be in attendance.—*Cent. Times.*

☞A four days meeting will commence in the Methodist Protestant Church in Easton, on Friday evening, 30th inst. at 6½ o'clock, which it is expected will be attended by the same ministers as the one in Centreville.

☞Preaching may be expected at the Methodist Protestant Church, in this town, THIS EVENING, to commence at half past 6 o'clock.

### BALTIMORE PRICE CURRENT.

November 16, 1832.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Wheat, white | $1 20 a | 1 25 |
| Do. best red | 1 12½ a | 1 20 |
| Do. ord. to good (Md.) | 1 12 a | 1 15 |
| Corn, White, | 83 a | 84 |
| Yellow, | 83 a | 84 |

### MARRIED

On the 28th ult. by the Rev. Mr. Storks, Mr. Reuben F. Jones, to Miss Hester Ann Marshall, all of this county.

On the 6th inst. by the same, Mr. James A. Ridgaway, to Miss Elizabeth Kirby, all of this county.

In this town on Tuesday evening last, by the same, Mr. William W. Byrn, of Cambridge, to Miss Elizabeth Jenkins, of this town.

## TRUSTEE'S SALE
### Of Valuable Real Estate.

By virtue of a decree of Caroline county court, sitting as a court of Chancery, the subscriber as Trustee will offer at public Sale on THURSDAY the 13th day of December next, on the premises, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M, and 2 o'clock, P. M. that large and valuable tract of Land called Arby Manor, containing five hundred and thirty one acres, with a sufficiency of timber, situate in Caroline county, about two miles from Denton,—the late residence of Philemon Plummer, deceased; on this tract of land there is a framed dwelling and Kitchen, with out houses &c., all in pretty good repair, being the farm held and owned by the late Philemon Plummer deceased, and which will be sold for the payment of his debts. The terms of sale are as follows, the purchaser or purchasers, will be required to pay one third of the purchase money on the day of sale,—one third in twelve months thereafter, and the residue in eighteen months from the day of sale, the whole sum to be secured to the trustee, as such, by the bond or bonds of the purchaser or purchasers, with such security as the trustee shall approve of, with interest from the day of sale. Upon the ratification of the sale by the court, and upon the payment of the whole of the purchase money and interest, and not before, the Trustee will, by a good and sufficient deed, to be executed, acknowledged and recorded according to law, convey to the purchaser or purchasers, his, her or their heirs or assigns, the lands and real estate so sold to him, her or them as aforesaid, free, clear and discharged from all claim of the defendants or claimants or either of them.—Further terms made known on the day of sale.

The creditors of the late Philemon Plummer are hereby notified to exhibit their claims properly authenticated to the clerk of Caroline county court, within six months from the day of sale—or they may otherwise be excluded from all benefit of the money or moneys arising from the sale of the real estate of the said Philemon Plummer, late of Caroline county deceased.

GILES HICKS, Trustee.

nov 20 4w

## FOR RENT.

THE House on Washington street at present occupied by Mrs. Ridgaway and for a number of years by Mrs. Holmes, as a Millinery Store, for which business it is a first rate stand, having been so long occupied for that purpose and none other. It will be rented low to a good tenant, and possession will be given on the first of January next. For terms apply to JOHN MECONEKIN.

Easton, Nov. 20th, 1832 3w

## New and Splendid Assortment of
## BOOTS AND SHOES.

THE Subscriber has just returned from Baltimore with his winter assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's

### BOOTS AND SHOES.

They have been carefully selected and consist of *Ladies best Morocco Boots and Shoes,*
*do do Lasting do do*
*Gentlemen's best Caf Skin Boots,*
*do do Monroes and Shoes,*
A great variety of coarse SHOES, CAPS, &c. He also manufactures Boots and Shoes of the best materials, both sewed and peg'd.

His customers and the public generally are invited to call and view his assortment which is much larger and of a better quality than he has ever had.

nov 20 3w PETER TARR.

N. B. Those persons who are indebted, are respectfully reminded that cash is requisite to enable me to keep up my assortment.

THE following superior and splendid scheme of the Union Canal Lottery, No. 24 will be drawn on WEDNESDAY, the 1st of December. Fortunes in it can be had, addressing orders to

JOHN CLARK, Baltimore.

Capital $20,000, and one hundred $1,000.—UNION CANAL LOTTERY of Pennsylvania, Class No. 24, for 1832. To be drawn in the city of Philadelphia, 1st December, 1832.—66 Number Lottery, 10 drawn balls.

SCHEME:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 prize of | $20,000 | 56 prizes of | $80 |
| 1 | 10,000 | 112 | 50 |
| 1 | 5,000 | 112 | 40 |
| 1 | 3,000 | 224 | 30 |
| 100 | 1,000 | 1960 | 20 |
| 16 | 500 | 15400 | 10 |
| 56 | 100 | 18040 prizes | $366,080 |

Tickets $10, Halves 5, Quarters 2 50, eighths 1 25.

For the pick of a splendid collection of Numbers, apply at

CLARK'S,

N. W. corner of Calvert and Market, N. W. corner of Gay and Market, and N. E. corner of Charles and Market streets.—Where prizes have been sold amounting to millions of dollars.

nov 20

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore City and County on the 30th day of October, 1832, by Thomas Sheppard, Esq. a Justice of the Peace in and for the city of Baltimore, as a runaway, a colored Man, who calls himself DAVID MORE, or BROWN; says he belongs to Joseph More, Ship Carpenter, Norfolk, Virginia. Said colored man is about 28 years of age, 5 feet 9½ inches high, has a scar on the left cheek occasioned by a burn, a mark on the left side of his upper lip and a scar over his right eye, both occasioned by cuts, the whole of his left leg has been severely burnt, he says when a child. Had on when committed, a pair of Fustian pantaloons, light and blue roundabout, dark Valencia vest, white cotton shirt, and black fur hat. The owner of the above described colored man is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

D. W. HUDSON, Warden
Balt. City and County Jail.

nov 10—20

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore City and County on the first day of November, 1832, by Lewis Baltzell, Esq. a Justice of the Peace in and for the city of Baltimore as a runaway a colored man, who calls himself JOHN SHIELDS, says he is free, but did belong to Joseph Husbands, on Deer creek, said colored man is about 40 years of age; 5 feet 6 inches high; has a small scar under the left eye occasioned by a cut. Had on when committed a pair of coarse drab pantaloons, a green bombazet coat, light striped vest, muslin shirt, white fur hat and a pair of India rubber shoes. The owner of the above described colored man is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

D. W. HUDSON, Warden
Balt. City and County Jail.

nov 10—20

## FOR SALE OR RENT,

A Good Brick House and Lot in the town of St. Michaels. Possession given immediately.—Apply to

SAMUEL TENANT.

Oct. 30th 1832 3w

## NOTICE.

WILL be sold at Public Vendue, on TUESDAY, the 18th day of November, inst. at the Court House door in the town of Easton; the HOUSE and improvements the property of the heirs of Thomas Bright, dec'd. adjoining the property of John Hull. Terms made known on the day of Sale. JAS. CHAPLAIN, Agent.

nov 6

### *THE HAGERS-TOWN MAIL*
### PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT, FOR SALE.

THE subscribers will dispose of the valuable printing establishment called "THE MAIL." It is located in Hagerstown, Washington County, Md. It publishes an imperial sheet, has an excellent and numerous list of subscribers and a very extensive advertising patronage. Its political course has been in favour of the present administration. A fine speculartion is now afforded to any person disposed to engage in the printing business.

It will be offered at Public Sale on *Saturday the 24th of November*, but in the mean time private propositions will be received and considered.

J. F. KENNEDY,
H. KENNEDY,
} *Adm'rs.*

Hagerstown Nov. 10 1832.

## NOTICE.

THE Subscribers having commenced the Mercantile business, under the firm of

HOPKINS & EDMONDSON,

at the stand formerly occupied by Edward S. Hopkins, beg leave respectfully to inform their friends and the public generally that they have just returned from Baltimore, with an extensive assortment of

DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

such as Domestic Plaids, Muslins, Flannels, Cassinets, Vestings, Circassians, Ladies worsted, Cotton and Lambs Wool hose, Gloves, &c, *with a complete assortment of*

CALICOES

of the newest style; together with a large assortment of

GROCERIES,

*CHINA, GLASS AND QUEENSWARE,*

with many fancy articles, all of which has been selected with care, and will be sold low for cash, Feathers, Rags, Quills, &c. &c.

EDWARD S. HOPKINS.
WILLIAM EDMONDSON.

Easton, Nov. 13 3w

## REMOVAL.

### MISS MARY BROWN.

RESPECTFULLY informs her friends and the public generally that she has removed her

MILLINERY
*AND FANCY STORE*

to the house formerly occupied by T. P. Smith, Esq. She invites her former customers and friends, to call and view her new assortment of fashions and goods, and flatters herself that her attention to her business in all its varieties of Mantua and Bonnet Making will be pleasing to the public.

Easton, Oct. 30

## STORE FOR SLE.

THE whole stock of goods in the store of the late William Clark, Esq. deceased, are offered at private sale on very accommodating and advantageous terms—an Inventory and appraisment of the goods has been made, which (as well as the stock of goods) may be seen and examined by any person or persons disposed to purchase. This opening for a store is perhaps the best ever known in the town of Easton; the room and stand the best in the place—Application to be made to

JNO. STEVENS, Executor
of William Clark, dec'd.

Easton, Nov. 6th, 1832.

N. B. All persons indebted to the estate of Wm. Clark, dec'd.—are particularly requested to make immediate payment to

3w J. S., Ex'tor.

## FALL GOODS.

### WM. H. & P. GROOME,

HAVE just received and are now opening a very extensive and complete assortment of

FRESH GOODS,
SUITED TO THE SEASON:

AMONG WHICH ARE

Cloths of various colours and qualities, Cassimeres and Cassinetts, Baizes and Flannels, Point & Duffil Blankets, Bombazines and Bombazetts, Merinoes & Circassians, a great variety, Lindseys and Kerseys, Merino, Cashmere, Thybet & Circassian Shawls, long & square, a large assortment, Barage, Crape Lisse and other fancy handkerchiefs, Irish Linens & Lawns, White & brown Shirtings, Cotton Yarn, &c.

—ALSO—

GROCERIES, Viz:

Wines: Old L. P. Madeira, Sicily do, Sherry and Lisbon, Port and Teneriff, Old Cognac Brandy, do Dupoys—very sup. Old Monongahela whiskey

Fresh Teas: Imperial, Gunpowder, Hyson and Black

Sperm Oil & Candles. Cheese—very nice Buckwheat Flour Powder and Shot

LIKEWISE

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

*HARDWARE, CUTLERY, CASTINGS, QUEENS-WARE, CHINA, GLASS, &c.*

Among which are complete sets of Dining and Tea China, Brass Andirons, Shovel and Tongs, Looking Glasses, Cast-steel Axes, Cut and Wrought Nails, Spikes, &c. All of which will be sold at the most reasonable rates for cash or in exchange for Country Kerseys, Lindsey and Feathers.

oct 30

## FALL FASHIONS, for 1832.
### *MRS. RIDGAWAY,*

VERY grateful to the ladies of Talbot, and the adjacent counties, for the patronage she has received since she commenced the MILLINERY BUSINESS in Easton, has the pleasure to announce to her customers and the ladies in general, that she has received per the last Packet, the latest Fashions from New York, Philadelphia and Baltimore, with an elegant assortment of articles in her line. She invites the ladies to call and view her latest patterns for Cloaks, Riding, Walking and Evening Dresses, Capes, &c.

N. B. Mrs. R. has a young lady who has been brought up to the Millinery and Mantua-making business in the city of Baltimore, which together with her own perfect knowledge of the business, she flatters herself that general satisfaction will be received by those that will favor her with their custom either in the Millinery or Mantua-Making.

nov 13 3w

## TO RENT,

AND possession given immediately, in Whiteleysburg, Kent county, State of Delaware, a two story dwelling house, with other necessary out buildings.—Also a Store-house and granary, with two or three lots attached to the same. The stand is good for the Mercantile business.

Also, a Tan Yard, containing 80 laying away vats, 60 of which are in good order, 7 large latches, 4 limes, 7 pools, 8 bates, 1 steam boiler, 4 mill houses, 1 currying shop, and a bark shed, which will contain 180 cords.—To an enterprising man, the stand would be excellent; bark plenty, hides cheap, and leather in demand. Tanners look to it, you may miss a bargain. The property will be let very low, as two of the mill houses are somewhat out of repair, owing to the yard not being in operation for two years past. Also to let in said village two or three small tenements, suitable for mechanics. Application to be made to the subscriber near the premises.

WM. WHITELEY.

nov 13 3w

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