EASTON, MD.

TUESDAY MORNING, August 6, 1833.

DEMOCRATIC MEETING.

The Democrats of Talbot County, are invited to meet at the Court House in Easton, on TUESDAY the 13th of August, at three o'clock, P. M. for the purpose of nominating four candidates to represent this county in the next General Assembly of Maryland, and to transact such other business as may come before the meeting.

At an election for Directors of the Branch Bank of the Farmers of Maryland at Easton, on Monday 5th inst, the following gentlemen were elected, to wit:—

For Easton and Talbot county—Lambert W. Spencer, William H. Groome, John L. Kerr, Samuel T. Kennard, John M. G. Emory, Henry Hollyday.

Cecil County.—Levin Gale.

Kent County.—William Barroll.

Queen Ann's County.—Dr. Robert Goldsborough.

Caroline County.—John Boon.

Somerset County.—Arnold E. Jacobs.

Worcester County—John C. Handy.

The excitement which prevails in relation to the approaching nomination of a candidate to represent this Congressional District in the next Congress of the U. States, may justify, if not demand, some expose of the principles, as we have understood them, which governed our friends in Talbot and Caroline counties, in passing resolutions recommending the selection of a candidate professing Democratic Republican principles. The party, or at least many prominent men of it, have been accused of treachery to our friends formerly attached to the old Federal party; they have been accused of selfish motives, of seeking to advance their individual interests or ambition, rather than the interest of the party. Such charges are unjust and unfounded.

In giving our views of the principles which governed our friends in Talbot and Caroline counties in the late conventions, it becomes necessary to look back a little; to resurvey the ground which we have passed over for a few years past, in order rightly to understand and appreciate our motives.

It will be recollected, that in the contest of 1824, when General Jackson was first a candidate for the Presidency, he found but few supporters in these counties. —The electoral vote was given for William H. Crawford, then recognised as the Democratic Republican candidate, he receiving generally the support of the Democratic republicans, while the vote of the Federal party (now the National Republican) was given generally for Mr. Adams.

In 1828, the Democratic party of this district, displeased and dissatisfied with the manner of Mr. Adams' election, and disapproving of the measures of his administration very generally espoused the cause of General Jackson, whom, they considered, the candidate of their party. To him they looked for the support of the principles for which they had long contended, and with which his whole political life had been identified. It is true that some distinguished members of the Federal party, considering the choice only one between two evils, preferred Gen. Jackson to Mr. Adams, and thus gave him their support. With his policy generally, both his Democratic and Federal friends have expressed their entire satisfaction.—His Democratic friends, because they considered it in accordance with the principles of Democracy; his Federal friends, because they saw in it a frank and honest, though liberal, action on the principles he professed.

Some of the party it is true, have not approved of certain measures of Gen. J's administration, but in the general, he has received their earnest support; and indeed, by most, he has been considered, the man under Heaven, best calculated to preserve our National Union and State Rights. Our attachment has not been to the man, but to his measures.

Matters, however, are somewhat changed. Gen. Jackson having been elected for his last term, the crisis seems to demand that a man's principles be known. Without a candidate in view we wish to revert to principles; we wish to set land marks by which to steer our future course. We are not singular in this, we have a strong example. What was done by the Jackson party in the great city of Baltimore? —As early as the 6th of December last, at a general meeting of the party they Resolved, that they would no longer be called by the name of Jackson or any other man, that they would resume their old name of Democratic Republicans; that their principles were identified with the Democratic Republican party, and that they would be known by that name. What have Talbot and Caroline done, more than this? Have they excluded any man or body of men? certainly not. They have only re-asserted their principles. If our friends formerly of the old Federal party, are acting on principle, they will be with us still. They are Democratic Republicans in principle, although unwilling to bear the name. But we are attached to the name. It has borne us through former wars of opinion and we are not willing to give it up. It has distinguished the party throughout the country, why then shall we reject it? If our Federal friends are the advocates of a strong national government erected on the ruins of our state governments; if they give to our constitution the constructive powers claimed for it by the National or Federal Republicans: if they go for a high protective tariff, a national Bank, and internal improvements, then indeed, they are not with us, and we wish not their support. —If on the one hand, we differ only in our prejudices for names, are we not mutually prejudiced? But if on the other hand our party is composed of heterogeneous or discordant materials, then we are certainly right in reverting to principles, to know who are with us in truth.

To give, however, to our resolutions the most narrow, contracted view, which some would give them, and what even then is so odious in them? Shall we be censured, abused and accused of treachery to our friends, because we happen to think the time has arrived when our old principles should be reasserted, and that true policy demands that an individual known as a Democratic Republican, who, not only, goes with us in principle, but is not ashamed of our name, should be selected as our candidate for Congress? We are not wanting in confidence in our friends, but we think that true policy demands this course. We ask of our friends to reflect, to be temperate. If we agree in principle, let us not, in disputing about names and shadows, lose sight of the substance. Harmony and concert of action is all that is necessary to insure success. Neither Talbot nor Caroline wishes to press a favorite candidate.—They act from principle only, and from a desire to press forward the great interests of the party. We may be wrong in our views of the best policy, but it is certainly an honest error.

GENERAL JOHN COFFEE.

We merely announced, on reading it, the other day, the death of this brave and patriotic citizen. We had not time, then, to do more. Our feelings prompt us (for we knew him well) to say that he always appeared to us to resemble the idea we had formed of Cincinnatus, more than other modern soldiers. In his person he was tall, well made, and of commanding size—he had a dark complexion, doubtless the effect of exposure to the winds and sun of Heaven, and a fine penetrating dark eye. He was mild, gentle, of most amiable disposition, and true in his friendships.—He resembled some broad, deep, onward flowing river, whose surface is smooth and tranquil; but when pent up between rocks and amidst passes, announces by its power, that it must go through, nor will it be resisted, even though such a gap ensue as was once made at the junction of the Potomac and Shenandoah, at Harper's Ferry. So was General Coffee in battle. This deep, tranquil cast of countenance only indicated what were the powers of the man if roused—and these were clearly disclosed in the famous battle of Talushatchee, which preceded the victory of New Orleans. General Jackson could not have entrusted the most important fight to better hands. He, no doubt, knew his man. In the great battle of the South, General Coffee again signalised himself, as he did afterwards in several battles with the Indians. He was the mountain torrent at Talledega, Emuchfau, Enotichopco. At Emuchfau he was badly wounded, and consigned to the surgeon and a litter—but while in the hands of one, and enduring great agony on the other, the retreating army, on the occasion of the Battle of the Creek, (called Enotichopco Creek,) were rallied by his sudden appearance at its head. Roused by the sound of the retreat, he flew from his litter, mounted his horse, and pointed and led the way to the charge. His presence, united with General Jackson's, stayed the retreat, restored order to the flying ranks, and won the day.

Such was the confidence reposed in General Coffee, that he had only to speak, and gather around him two thousand brave fellows to attack Pensacola. General Jackson wanted these men—told General Coffee to raise them, and they were there, as if by magic.

Gen. Coffee's bravery was not that of the ambitious and bloody warrior. It took root in its country's cause—in its justice—and being convinced that the war was righteous, he put his life at hazard with no more concern about it, than he felt when he took the plough to prepare the ground for the seed that was destined to be cast into it, and upon the returns of which his family depended for support.

Nothing makes a man so brave as a righteous cause. Gen. Coffee would engage in no other. He was, we really believe a Christian. The manner of his death confirms this. It is said he gave proof of the faith of the Christian in his last moments. He blessed his family with a Christian's composure, and a Christian's hope.

We shall always remember him—his plain unostentatious dress—mild, gentle, composed manners, obliging and confiding disposition—and the hallo of his victories, lighted up by that last one over the king of terrors, all go to make up a character which is worthy of imitation, and ought to be loved.

This little tribute we owe to one, who amidst all party bickerings, and party strifes, knew how to cherish a friendship previously formed, and to respect an opponent in politics. This is saying a good deal for a citizen now-a-days, and it evinces a moral courage which too few know how to cultivate and still fewer ever feel.—*Philad. Herald.*

Anecdote of a Sailor.—During the prevalence of the cholera last year in this Borough, a sailor of decent appearance called at Mr. W. S. Lacoste's boarding house, and frankly told him that he was a-drift at the mercy of the elements, without a harbor a-head, or a shot in the locker, and if perchance he should be boarded by the cholera, why, he must founder in the street, he supposed. Lacoste, who was never known to be backward in extending relief to a fellow creature in distress, and who perceived a warrant for the poor fellow's honesty in his countenance, readily tendered him a bed and a seat at his table, until it should be better times with him, which friendly offer Jack accepted with much joy. Not readily meeting with a vessel to ship on board of, however, our hero became impatient, and after making a suitable acknowledgement of his gratitude to his kind and generous host, and promising to quit the score as soon as it was in his power, he left his house and embarked for New York. Twelve months had rolled on, and the sailor had entirely escaped from L's memory, when one day last week, a seaman, very neatly clad, and of a prepossessing countenance, called at his house and without any preface, thus accosted him:

"Here are $200, I wish you to take as much of it as you want to pay yourself for your generosity to me, and keep the balance till I call for it. I am just off to sea, and if I should go to Old Davy, why, you see, I had rather you should have it than any body I know."

"Why, who are you, and what claim have I to your money?"

"Oh, then, you have forgot the poor sailor you took out of the street last year, and treated so kindly—but he has not forgot you."—So saying, he forced the money upon his benefactor, adding—"I know if I get back safe, I shall find the money safe, and if I don't, why keep it and welcome. And here (pulling a lottery ticket from his pocket) here, take this, and if it draws a prize keep that too. Then giving Mr. L. a cordial shake of the hand, he left him and went on board his vessel, which in an hour after was under way for a foreign port.

In less than 24 hours after his departure, Mr. L. called at a Lottery Office to enquire the fate of Jack's ticket, when he had the satisfaction to learn that its numbers had drawn the handsome sum of $1000—Jack's share of the prize money being $250.—*Norfolk Herald.*

A CROW QUESTION.—Among the laws past at the last session of the New Hampshire Legislature was one to repeal a previous act granting a bounty upon the destruction of crows. This repeal was made in consequence of a practice extensively prevalent, of procuring crows' eggs, and hatching them under hens, and bringing them forward for the premium. It was urged, that owing to this practice, the bounty was calculated rather to increase than diminish the robbers of the corn fields.

It admits of a doubt, we think, whether the repeal of the law was most sagacious step which the Legislature could have adopted under the circumstances. It is well known, or ought to be, that a hen cannot *lay* crows' eggs, though she may hatch them; and, as she would not be so likely to injure the morals of the young crows and teach them bad habits, as the parent bird, it appears to us, that the practice of procuring crows' eggs ought to have been encouraged, as the most effectual means of bringing the crows under the control of the Legislature. The eggs once procured, the Legislature is certain of their contents and may either eat them or have them hatched, as it pleases: but if left with their "natural protector," they are sure to be carefully nursed, and taught all kinds of naughty tricks, until they are able to shift for themselves, and set even the Legislature at defiance.

The editor of the New-York Advertiser—Mr. Dwight—says that his *History of the Hartford Convention* will probably be ready for the press in two or three weeks, and will be published in as short a time thereafter as the nature of the case will admit. He says that it will be found very different from any speculations which have been formed as to its probable character. This, we suppose, is intended as a sort of a fillip to public curiosity; but the book will no doubt prove highly interesting, and have a ready sale.—*Balt. Gaz.*

In the Superior Court, in New York, on Monday last, a case was tried in which the proprietor of one of the Greenwich Omnibuses was defendant. The action was brought for the recovery of damages for the injury sustained by a boy, run over by the Omnibus in January last. It was proved that the coach was going too fast at the time. The accident occurred at a corner, and by an ordinance of the Corporation, no one must ride or drive round a corner otherwise than at a walk, under a penalty of five dollars. The cases was not an aggravated one; no bones were broken; the horses were going at a moderate pace, and in charge of a careful driver. Verdict for the plaintiff, $175.

Harvest in the Far West—The Missouri Republican of the 16th, says a most bountiful harvest has crowned the labours of the farmers of that state and of Illinois. At that date, the wheat crop had been generally secured, and proved to be very abundant,—far more than sufficient for the home supply.

One of the most extraordinary occurrences of Modern times, was lately witnessed on the line of the Chesapeake and Delaware Canal. A Mr. Whelden who left Easton, in this state, on the 27th June 1832, was attacked on the 15th of August at 3 o'clock, P. M. and at 7 o'clock the next morning was to all appearance dead. In an hour after he was placed in a coffin, and taken to the burial place.—Here, as the coffin lay beside the grave, a deep moaning was heard, and immediate suspicion of the fact inducing the people to remove the coffin lid, Whelden exhibited signs of life—He was removed, and is now in the borough of Easton, alive and well.

U. S. schr. Porpoise.—A letter from Lieutenant M'Intosh to the Secretary of the Navy announces his arrival at Pensacola, on the 12th inst. from the Cuba station, in consequence of the yellow fever and cholera appearing on board. Of the former, there were seven, and of the latter two cases. On leaving the coast of Cuba, the sick rapidly recovered, with one exception, a boy, who died of the fever.—But four cases remained at the above date, one of whom had previously been an invalid and the others are out of danger.

Some improvements have been made by Dr. Smith, of Washington city, in the properties and modus operandi of the magnetic needle, the importance and success of which have been practically observed and publicly attested by Captain Kennedy, of the U. S. Frigate Java.

DIED

At Philadelphia, on Saturday, 27th ultimo, in the 60th year of his age, Commodore WILLIAM BAINBRIDGE, of the United States Navy.

His funeral took place on Monday afternoon, which was attended by the officers of the army and navy then in Philadelphia.

BALTIMORE PRICES.

	August 5.		
Wheat, white, bush.	$1 25	a	1 30
do. best red,	1 16	a	1 19
do. ord. to good (Md.)	1 10	a	1 15
Corn, white	60	a	63

For Rent and Sale.

THE subscriber wishes to sell out his

STOCK OF GOODS,

at Crotcher's Ferry, consisting of a general assortment, suitable for a country store; also, he would rent his STORE HOUSE, and give possession immediately.—This is an excellent stand for business, situate immediately on the waters of the Nanticoke river, formerly the property of the late John Cropper, Esq.

—ALSO—

TO RENT FOR 1834.

THE Store House, Granary and Corn Crib; also, three Dwelling Houses, situated at Upper Hunting Creek; also, the Store House and Dwelling where the subscriber now resides. This property is in excellent repair, and a good stand for business; also a Farm in the North West Fork, where Isaac Leverton lately died; and a Farm where Newton Andrews now lives in Caroline county. For terms, make early application to JACOB C. WILLSON.

Upper Hunting Creek, Aug. 6. 3w

Independent order of

ODD FELLOWS.

A PROCESSION of *this order* will take place in Easton, on the 10th of August next, (the Anniversary of Miller Lodge) on which occasion the Grand Lodge of Maryland will be present; all Brothers of the order are invited to join.

The Procession will proceed through the principal streets, to the Methodist Protestant Church, where an Oration will be delivered. The public are respectfully invited.—The galleries will be appropriated for the ladies.

Easton, Aug. 6.

MARYLAND:

Talbot County Orphans' Court,

2nd day of August A. D. 1833.

On application of Joseph Turner, Administrator of Thomas Kirby, late of Talbot county, deceased—It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 2nd day of August in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty three.

L.S.

Test, JA: PRICE, Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance to the above order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas Kirby, late of Talbot county, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 10th day of February next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 2nd day of August, 1833.

JOSEPH TURNER, Adm'r.
of Thomas Kirby, dec'd.

aug 6 3w

BALTIMORE

SATURDAY VISITER,

A Family Newspaper:

Containing the Foreign and Domestic News of the week—a Price Current of the Markets, (carefully corrected,)—Prices of Stocks—and Bank Note List—Together with a variety of Miscellaneous Matter—for the instruction and amusement of its readers.

The Publishers, on commencing a *new volume*, have considerably improved the paper, and made such arrangements as will enable them to obtain Selections from the most popular Periodicals of the day.—They therefore may confidently promise the patrons of the "VISITER," to present them with Reading Matter of the choicest description—and at as early a period as any of their co-temporaries. Great care will be observed in the variety served up, to blend the useful with the entertaining.

☞The *Baltimore Saturday Visiter*, is published weekly, on the largest size sheet, by CLOUD & POUDER, No. 1, S. Gay Street, Baltimore.

☞The terms are only $2 per annum; if paid in advance.

☞Those Editors who exchange with the "Visiter," and are disposed to aid the circulation, shall meet with a return of favor if they will copy the above.

Baltimore, June, 1833,—Aug. 6.

Good luck again at the Easton

LOTTERY OFFICE.

Sold to a Gentleman in town, combination, 9, 36, 42, a prize of $400 Also a prize of $30 in the Delaware Lottery, Class 29. Who also sold a short time since, a prize of $1,600, one of $100 and one of $40.

New York Lottery, Extra Class No. 22, to be drawn on Wednesday, August 7th, 1833. All Prizes and no Blanks.

SPLENDID SCHEME.

1 prize	$15,000	5 prizes	$1,000
1 "	3,000	5 "	400
1 "	2,000	40 "	100
1 "	1,800	58 "	40
1 "	1,500	58 "	30

Tickets $5, shares in proportion at the lucky Lottery office of

P. SACKET,
two doors from the Post office,
EASTON, Md.

aug 6

Bill in Talbot county Court,

Sitting as a Court of Chancery.

May Term, 1833.

William H. Dawson, vs. James Dawson and others children of Joseph H. Dawson, dec'd.

ORDERED by the Court, (a former order of this court not having been published,) that the report of William Haddaway, Trustee for the sale of certain property in the above cause mentioned, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn before the third Monday of November next, provided a copy of this order be inserted, once in each of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers published in the town of Easton, before the first day of October next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $2007,00.

True copy, JOHN B. ECCLESTON.

Test, J. Loockerman, Clerk.

aug 6

Bill in Talbot county Court,

Sitting as a Court of Chancery.

May Term, 1833.

Nehemiah Fountain, adm'r. of Andrew Manship. vs. John Stevens, administrator D. B. N. of Wm. Ray, deceased, and John B. Ray and others heirs of said William Ray, dec'd.

ORDERED by the Court that the report of William Hayward, Junr. Trustee for the sale of the Lands and real estate in the above cause and proceedings mentioned, be ratified and confirmed unless cause to the contrary be shewn, before the third Monday of November next, provided a copy of this order be inserted once a week for three successive weeks in one of the newspapers published in the town of Easton, before the first day of October next.

The report states the amount of sales to be $1050,00. JOHN B. ECCLESTON.

aug 6

New and Splendid Assortment of

BOOTS & SHOES.

THE subscriber has just returned from Baltimore, and is now opening the best assortment of BOOTS and SHOES, that he has ever had. His friends and the public are requested to call and see him. He is determined to sell at the most reduced prices for cash. He has also a great variety of Palm leaf Hats, Blacking, &c. &c.

PETER TARR.

april 9

Collector's Second Notice.

THE subscriber desirous of completing his collections for the year 1832, earnestly requests all those who have not settled their Tax, that they will no longer defer the payment thereof. The collector is bound to make his payments to those who have claims on the county in a certain specified time, which has nearly expired, and is much pressed for the same; therefore those in arrears, must be prepared to settle the amout of their Taxes when called on, or in case of their neglect to do so, the law will be his guide.

PHILIP MACKEY, Collector.

april 16

Caroline Camp-Meeting.

A Camp-meeting will be held by the members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, in the woods adjoining Denton, to commence on FRIDAY, the 9th August, and to conclude on the following Wednesday:—To those acquainted with this situation nothing is necessary to be said in its favor; to such as are unacquainted with it, we would say, no place on this shore possesses more advantages than this; no place is more level or better shaded than this, while at the same time there is no underling or small timber on the ground, the shade being formed entirely by very tall trees. There is in Denton a very extensive supply of water, surpassed in quality by none on this shore.—Persons from a distance, either in vessels or otherwise will find no difficulty in attending this camp meeting—it being situated within three hundred yards of the Choptank river.

The preachers from the adjoining circuits, the Methodists generally, and all friends of such meetings, are most cordially invited to attend by THE MANAGERS.

Denton, Carolince co. E. S. Md. july 9

THE STEAM BOAT

GOV. WOLCOTT,

Capt. WM. W. VIRDIN, will leave Baltimore every Thursday morning at 9 o'clock for Rock Hall, Corsica, and Chestertown—returning will leave Chestertown at 8 o'clock on Friday morning, Corsica at about 10, and Rock Hall at about 12 noon, and arrive in Baltimore at 4, P. M.

WM. OWEN, Agent.

apr 30

The Steam Boat Maryland

CAPTAIN TAYLOR,

WILL leave Baltimore every Tuesday and Friday morning at 7 o'clock, for Annapolis, Cambridge, (via the Company's wharf at Castlehaven) and Easton; leave Easton every Wednesday and Saturday morning at 7 o'clock for Cambridge (via the Company's wharf at Castlehaven) Annapolis and Baltimore; leave Baltimore every Monday morning at half past 6 o'clock for Centreville, (via the Company's wharf on Corsica Creek) and Chestertown, and return to Baltimore the same day.

All baggage and packages at the risk of the owners thereof.

April 9

150 NEGROES WANTED.

THE subscriber wishes to purchase one hundred and fifty servants of all descriptions,—Mechanics of all kinds, from 12 to 25 years of age. He also wishes to purchase fifty in families.—It is desirable to purchase them in large lots, as they will be settled in Alabama, and will not be separated. Persons having slaves to dispose of will do well to give him a call, as he is permanently settled in this market and is prepared at all times to give the highest cash prices. All communications directed to him in Easton will be promptly attended to. He can at all times be found at Mr. Lowe's Hotel in Easton.

THOS. M. JONES.

may 7

A CARD.

A. WOOLFOLK wishes to inform the owners of negroes, in Maryland, Virginia, and N. Carolina, that he is not dead, as has been artfully represented by his opponents, but that he still lives, to give them CASH and the *highest prices* for their Negroes. Persons having Negroes to dispose of, will please give him a chance, by addressing him at Baltimore, and where immediate attention will be paid to their wishes.

N. B. All papers that have copied my former Advertisement, will copy the above, and discontinue the others.

oct 9

WANTED.

☞350 NEGROES

I WISH to purchase three hundred NEGROES of both sexes, from 12 to 25 years of age, and 50 in families. It is desirable to purchase the 50 in large lots, as they are intended for a Cotton Farm in the State of Mississippi, and will not be separated. Persons having Slaves to dispose of, will do well to give me a call, as I am permanently settled in this market, and will at all times give higher prices in CASH, than any other purchaser who is now, or may hereafter come into market.

All communications promptly attended to.

Apply to JOHN BUSK, at his Agency office, 48 Baltimore street, or to the subscriber, at his residence above the intersection of Aisquith st. with the Harford Turnpike Road, near the Missionary Church. The house is *white*, with trees in front.

JAMES F. PURVIS & CO.

may 29 Baltimore.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of 2 writs of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county Court, and 3 other writs of venditioni exponas issued out of the Court of Appeals for the Eastern Shore, and to me directed by the Clerks thereof at the suits of the following persons, viz: 1 at the suit of Isaac Atkinson, Administrator with the will annexed of Robert Kemp, 1 at the suit of Lucretia Valiant, 1 at the suit of Samuel Harrison use of Richard Spencer use of John Kennard use of William Tiffany and Company, 1 at the suit of James Frazier use of Richard Frisby as to $52 75 cents with interest from the 16th November 1826 and use of Samuel Lecompte for residue, and 1 at the suit of Samuel Roberts use of Jenkins & Stevens, against Bennett Bracco, will be sold at the front door of the Court House in the town of Easton for Cash on Tuesday the 13th day of August next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 6 o'clock, P. M. of said day, all that farm or plantation situate in Miles River Neck, called Bracco's Addition, containing 290 acres of land more or less, seized and taken as the lands of Bennett Bracco, to satisfy the aforesaid writs of venditioni exponas and the interest and cost due and to become due thereon.

Attendance by WM. TOWNSEND, late Shff.

july 23 4w

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county court, and to me directed, against Levin Millis, at the suit of John Arringdale, use of Nicholas Hammond, will be sold at public sale for cash, at the front door of the court house, in the town of Easton, on TUESDAY the 13th of August next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 6 o'clock, P. M. the following property, to wit: all that farm or plantation of him the said Levin Millis, situate in the Chapel District, in Talbot county, on which Levin Millis, Jr. now resides, consisting of the following tracts or parts of tracts of land, to wit: part of a tract of land called Fork, and part of a tract of land called Helsley, containing 190 acres of land more or less—also an adjoining tract of land called Forrest and Dike, containing 113 acres of land more or less—taken and will be sold to pay and satisfy the aforesaid venditioni exponas, debt, interest and costs due and to become due thereon. Attendance given by

WM. TOWNSEND, late Shff.

July 23

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of seven writs of venditioni exponas; issued out of Talbot county Court, and to me directed, against Bennett Bracco, at the suits of the following persons, viz: 2 at the suit of John Leeds Kerr, assignee of James B. Ringgold, one at the suit of Solomon Lowe, one at the suit of William K. Lambdin, one at the suit of John Goldsborough and Anna Caroline Hammond, Adm'rs. D. B. N. of Nicholas Hammond, one at the suit of William Hughlett, and one at the suit of John Leeds Keer, against Samuel Roberts, Henry Catrup and Bennett Bracco, surviving obligors of Edward Roberts and William A. Leonard, also a venditioni exponas issued out of the Court of Appeals for the Eastern Shore, and to me directed against said Bennett Bracco, at the suit of Wm. Hayward, Jr. use of John Crandall, use of Willam Bromwell, (of Baltimore will be sold at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Easton, for cash, on TUESDAY the 13th day of August next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 6 o'clock, P. M. of said day, all those lands devised by John Bracco, to the said Bennett Bracco in and by his last will, bearing date the twenty ninth day of July, in the year seventeen hundred and ninety four, and deposited among the records of the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, and in the said will described as his dwelling plantation, where Robert Hall formerly lived, with all the lands thereto adjoining which he held either by patent or purchase, after the quantity of four hundred acres should be laid out, including his former dwelling plantation for Col. John Hughes, and also, all that tract of land called Bracco's Addition, being a resurvey of a tract of land called Hall's Range, and granted to the said Bennett Bracco by patent, bearing date the 6th day of April 1812 containing 356 acres, one half acre and eight perches of land, more or less, with the improvements and appurtenances to the said lands belonging, all lying and being in Talbot county, aforesaid, seized and taken as the lands and tenements of said Bracco, to satisfy the aforesaid writs of venditioni exponas and the interest and cost due and to become due thereon.

Attendance by J. M. FAULKNER, Shff.

July 23

Trustee's Sale.

ACCORDING to a decree of Caroline county court, sitting as a Court of Equity, will be offered at public sale on the premises, on SATURDAY the 10th of August next, between the hours of 12 and 4 o'clock, a tract of land called James' Reserve, or by whatsoever name or names the same may be called, whereon John Hardesty lived and died, lying and being in Caroline county, within one mile of Greensborough, one mile of the subscriber's mill, and being immediately on Choptank river, containing one hundred and fifty acres of land more or less, the principal part of which is cleared land, and is considered to be the kindest and most certain to produce a fair crop of any land in the neighborhood, and with the least expense, with a comfortable dwelling and necessary out buildings, standing within about two hundred yards of the river, rendering it very convenient to ship all kinds of produce, either to Baltimore or Philadelphia, which lands will be carefully surveyed and a plot thereof exhibited on the day of sale. The terms are, a credit of 12 months will be given, the purchaser or purchasers giving bond with approved security, with interest thereon from the day of sale.

THOS. BURCHENAL, Trustee.

Greensborough, July 9

WOOL! WOOL!!

IT is now nearly time to commence sheering Sheep. The subscriber therefore respectfully requests his friends, the farmers of Talbot and the adjacent counties, to commence the operation of *washing* and *shearing* as early as they may think proper, and that he is ready to purchase wool at the highest cash prices at his Ware Room near the Market corner. Wool sellers who may give him a call, or direct a line to him in Easton, will find that he is prepared and willing to give them as high prices as they can get in Baltimore or Philadelphia as many of them can bear witness to.

BENNETT TOMLINSON.

may 21

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