# EASTON, MD.

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1833.


THE LEGISLATURE OF MARYLAND, agreeably to the provisions of the constitution, assembled yesterday at Annapolis. The uncertainty that exists as to the political character of the Legislature, on joint ballot, will, we imagine, insure a very full attendance of the members, and will excite a considerable degree of interest in the public mind, in the proceedings of the first two or three weeks especially. The Governor is to be chosen on Monday next, and the council on the succeeding day.

A convention of the "State Rights" members of the Legislature of Georgia, with delegates from different parts of the State, held at Milledgeville on the 12th instant, unanimously nominated GEORGE M. TROUP, formerly governor of Georgia, as a candidate for the Presidency of the United States.

MR. MCDUFFIE closed his remarks in the House of Representatives, on the Deposite Question, on Monday the 23d instant. The subject of this part of Mr. McDuffie's speech, being an examination of the conduct of the Board of Directors, in the general management of the institution, has been so fully and amply discussed in the Report of the Board of Directors, and the Memorial of the Government Directors, that we have deemed it unnecessary to inflict upon our readers the labour of following the speaker further than we have already given his remarks.

The Presidents of the State Banks, in Philadelphia, according to the Philadelphia Inquirer, have had a meeting, at which a majority of them have determined to apply to Congress for a restoration of the Deposites to the Bank of the United States. The memorial will be found in another part of this morning's Whig.

MR. CLAY.—It will be seen by our columns this morning, that the Kentucky Senator made his great effort on the deposite question, on Thursday last. The Globe (from which print we extract the summary of Mr. Clay's remarks) speaks of it as a complete failure. The editor remarks:—"Mr. Clay never made so flimsy—so hollow—so empty a speech as that, for which he summoned all his powers on yesterday. He fixed the time for this grand display of all his faculties in the service of the Bank, on the day after Christmas, that the House of Representatives, which had adjourned over for the holidays, might have the benefit of his eloquence—and that the members of the Virginia and Pennsylvania legislatures, some of whom were spending their vacation in the city, might also profit by it. But the grand "coup de main" which was to signalize the occasion—which was to put the Secretary of the Treasury under foot, and carry back the funds of the Government to the keeping of Mr. Biddle—which was, in a word, to subject the administration at Washington to that in Chesnut-street—was so miserably feeble in argument and impotent as an attempt at eloquence, that we were really mortified for Kentucky. The State has made so much boast of her orator, we had hoped, for her sake, that Mr. Clay, on such occasion, might have made a creditable exhibition. But, alas! a bad cause, and failing faculties, and conscious inconsistency, leave Mr. Clay a mere Sir Forcible Feeble. What a contrast was his speech yesterday, to the celebrated oration against the Bank in 1811."

The New Orleans Argus, of the 11th instant, contains the following important news:

IMPORTANT AND CHEERING INTELLIGENCE.—By the arrival, last evening, of the schooner Halcyon, Capt. Vigne, in seven days from Tampico, we are favoured with the gratifying intelligence that peace has been restored to Mexico. The regular troops are stated to have been disbanded. Business appears reviving from its late dormant and depressed state—and a permanent confidence was seemingly established—This cheering state of things, we hope, will continue. Intestine feuds and local distraction have ever been the bane of that fruitful country. Peace will reanimate her drooping commerce, and give her a claim to eminence.

## LIEUT. RANDOLPH.

The Baltimore American contains the following summary notice of the decision in the case of Lt. Randolph. The Richmond Enquirer contains the decision entire, but we have not room for it. The Circuit Court of the United States, sitting at Richmond, has decided the case of Lieutenant R. B. Randolph in his favor, and he was discharged from arrest on Saturday. Chief Justice Marshall and Judge Barbour agreed in opinion, and both opinions are to be published. A letter to the editors of the Norfolk Beacon says:—

"The Chief Justice, in delivering his opinion, said that as the constitutionality of the law of 1820 under which the distress warrant against Randolph was issued, had been made a point in the case, he felt himself bound to say that he believed the law unconstitutional, but waiving that question, the case would go off on other grounds. 1st point was, that Randolph was not an officer, within the meaning and intent of the law of 1820, being only an acting Purser. 2d, that his accounts having been settled by Mr. 4th Auditor Watkins, it was not competent for Mr. 4th Auditor Kendall, to re-open his accounts, and 3d, that a distress warrant could not be issued upon a disputed case in the settlement of accounts; but could only be issued legally, for an unpaid balance due to the government."

EDITORS RISING.—The friends of the Administration in Indiana have nominated Daniel V. Culley, an Editor, as a candidate for Lieutenant Governor. There are, moreover, two editors in Congress from the same State, Messrs. Kinnard and Ewing. We are pleased to see the fraternity in the road to promotion. There are none who labour harder, are worse paid, or are less thanked for their labors generally; and we are gratified when we see evidencies that their merits are duly appreciated.—Baltimore Republican.

SMALL POX.—We learn that the London packet ship Ontario, arrived yesterday in the afternoon, and ran into quarantine, where she was detained by the boarding physician, in consequence of having the small pox on board. —N. Y. Com. Adv.

LETTERS.—During the last 48 hours, 11,807 ship letters have been received, distributed and mailed at our Post Office, besides about 4000 letters per the regular mails, making in all about 16,000, not including newspaper parcels.—N. Y. Am.

[COMMUNICATED.]

Pursuant to public notice, the anniversary of the Juvenile Missionary Society of Easton, was held in the Methodist Episcopal Church on Wednesday evening the 25th inst. The meeting was opened with singing and prayer by the Rev. MANLOVE HAZEL, after which, the reports (below) were read by the Secretary and Treasurer, and a motion for their adoption accompanied by an address from the Rev. THOMAS HICKEY, in which he successfully advoted the Missionary cause, from scriptural precepts and examples, and as an efficient usage of the church of Christ. A delightful and appropriate hymn was then sung by the choir, (which by the way) we think would have done credit to an older and better organised association.—The Rev. JAMES NICOLS then arose, and in his usual impressive style, from the authority of Revelation, and from the motives of sound policy, shewed the obligation of every man's playing well his part in life's brief Drama.—And as good stewards distributing the gifts of God, to the promotion of his cause; and in conclusion offered a proposition to collect $50 by individual subscription, and after paying one dollar himself, the balance was soon made up, which together with the usual collection, made the amount of $60 47. After which the Benediction was pronounced by the Rev. THOMAS BAYNE and the congregation dismissed.

EASTON, Dec. 25th, 1833.

The period having again arrived, when it becomes the duty of the Officers and Managers of the Juvenile Missionary Society of Easton, to make their fourth Annual Report to the Society and its patrons, they proceed to discharge this trust, with emotions of thankfulness and gratitude to the dispenser of all good, for the intimations of mercy and love exhibited by him in preserving the institution another year.—For surely it is because he delighteth not in the death of sinners, that he blesses and perpetuates those societies, whose object is to promote his glory in the salvation of the world, by sending light and knowledge to all who are without it. In making our report, we would first call your attention to our proceedings during the year. These have been with few exceptions, such as have usually occupied this board, viz: Making efforts to collect funds for the support of Missions, and attending to our regular monthly meetings. There have been a few changes in our board, occasioned by removals, changes of circumstances, &c. The most important occurrence to be noticed is the formation of an Auxiliary Society at the Trappe. This was done in September, when about 57 persons gave their names as members. A board of managers was elected, and we believe the society is in a prosperous state. Our Treasury is still very diminutive, but we ardently anticipate a speedy enlargement of it. As an aid to the accomplishment of our wishes on this point, we would propose to the society an alteration in its name. It will be remembered that it is now called the Juvenile Missionary Society, and from this circumstance all married persons have been excluded from the board of managers.—The board are impressed with the belief, that if this feature in the character of the society was changed, so that all or any of the lovers of Christ and his Gospel, might become actively engaged in the cause, a more efficient board might be elected, and consequently the resources of the society much increased. They therefore respectfully suggest that the word JUVENILE be stricken out, and the society be called the MISSIONARY SOCIETY OF EASTON; and we make this suggestion in view of the requirement of the constitution on this subject.

This alteration though apparently slight, will open the way by which we trust much more influence will be thrown in the cause of Missions among us. Certainly it is a cause, which should engage every philanthrophic heart and christian spirit. The occurrences of the closing year touching this important subject, are truly cheering to every lover of good order, to every patron of civilization, and to every follower of Him, who left his radiant throne on high, and went about on the earth doing good to the children of men. This cause has obtained a more exalted place in the minds and affections of those who appreciate the blessings of the gospel dispensation, and are actuated by that heaven-born principle of love to God and mankind. This fact will appear by a recurrence to the proceedings in the Missionary Societies in our own country, and also in England. Our hearts are animated by the intelligence of what has been done, and by the plans that are in execution to carry on the tidings of salvation, to those who are groping in the dark for want of the light and influence of the gospel. This seems to be a propititious era in the annals of missions; the spirit of the cause is a abroad in the land, and many are now using their efforts to push it on, 'till the wilderness and solitary places shall rejoice under the cheering beams of the Sun of Righteousness. Much has been done, and much remains yet to be done. The whole world is to be evangelized; and it is to be done by those who have been made partakers of the blessings of christianity. A large portion of the globe is still destitute of the blessings of the gospel of peace; it is this which must stay the reeking knife and tomahawks of the North West Indians, and heal the civil discords of South America. It is the gospel that must chase from Africa, the dark winged Angel of superstition, and level to the ground the proud temble of Asiatic Juggernaut. In short, from the utmost bounds of Nova Zembla to the Cape of Good Hope, and from the frozen shores of Kamschatka to the burning sands of India, the call is loud and urgent, that every christian should come up to the help of the Lord against the mighty. Thus will the ablutions of the Ganges give way to the washings of regeneration in a Saviour's blood, and the long and rugged highways to Mecca, be crowded with travellers to our Zion, when all, all shall know the Lord, from the least even unto the greatest.—We therefore call upon the christian community, to aid in the accomplishment of this object. Give us liberally and freely, remembering that God loveth a cheerful giver, and that whosoever giveth to the poor, lendeth to the Lord.

In conclusion, we tender our sincere acknowledgements, to the patrons and friends of this society, for their liberality extended towards it, and humbly trust that they will continue to sustain it, assuring them that the cause stands much in need of funds. We therefore entreat them not to grow weary in well doing, but to give as unto the Lord. We would say to all "Cast in with us," and thus the kingdom of our God, will continue to extend, 'till every part of the habitable globe shall be brought to a participation of knowledge and salvation, by the preaching of the Gospel of Christ, and the glorious period arrive, when all shall know the Lord, whom to know aright is life eternal.

THOS. B. OZMENT, Sec'ry.

## TREASURER'S REPORT.

It is with feelings of pleasure, that your Treasurer again has the opportunity of presenting the Society with a statement of its finances, and more especially as there is a considerable augmentation in the receipts of the current year over that of 1832; owing, we presume, to greater diligence in the managers, and we would also hope to an increasing disposition on the part of the public, to advance the cause of missions, and thereby impart to their less favored fellow beings, the inestimable blessings of civilization and christianity.

The following is a list of the managers, who have paid, and the amount set down to their respective names.

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| To amount of funds remaining on hand | $7 | 02 |
| " cash paid by Miss Mary Jane Jenkins | 6 | 01 |
| " " " " Alethea Money, | 4 | 50 |
| " " " " H. M. G. Willson, | 3 | 75 |
| " " " " Elizabeth Elbert, | 3 | 50 |
| " " " " Mary Jane Barnett, | 2 | 10 |
| " " " " Hannah Gibbs, | 2 | 00 |
| " " " " Ellen Nicholson, | 1 | 74 |
| " " " Mr. Thos. B. Ozment, | 8 | 25 |
| " " " " Wm. H. Hopkins, | 7 | 62½ |
| " " " " Charles Robinson, | 6 | 00 |
| " " " " Richard Gibbs, | 2 | 50 |
| " " " " Alexander Dold, | 1 | 12½ |
| | $56 | 12 |
| Amount of collections taken at the Annual Meeting, | 60 | 47 |
| Making an aggregate of | $116 | 59 |
| Remaining in the hands of the Treasury on the 28th of December, 1833. | | |

JAMES H. MCNEAL, Treasurer.

We have inadvertently, heretofore, omitted the following remarks of the Vice President of the United States, on taking the chair of the Senate, on Monday the 16th inst.

SENATORS:—In entering upon the duties of the station to which I have been called by the people, deference to you, and justice to myself require, that I should forestal expectations which might otherwise be disappointed. Although for many years heretofore a member of the Senate, I regret that I should not have acquired that knowledge of the particular order of its proceedings, which might naturally be expected. Unfortunately for me, in respect to my present condition, I ever found those at hand, who had more correctly appreciated this important branch of their duties, and on whose opinions as to points of order I could at all times safely rely. This remissness will doubtless, for a season, cause me no small degree of embarrassment. So far, however, as unremitted exertion on my part, and a proper respect for the advice of those who are better informed than myself can avail, this deficiency will be remedied as speedily as possible, and I feel persuaded, that the Senate, in the meantime, will extend to me a considerable indulgence.

But however wanting I may be for the time, in a thorough knowledge of the technical duties of the Chair, I entertain, I humbly hope, a deep and solemn conviction of its high moral obligations. I am well aware, that he who occupies it, is bound to cherish towards the members of the body over which he presides, no other feelings than those of justice and courtesy—to regard them all as standing upon an honorable equality—to apply the rules established by themselves for their own government, with that impartiality, and to use whatever authority he possesses, in the manner best calculated to protect the rights, to respect the feelings, and to guard the reputations of all who may be affected by its exercise.

It is no disparagement to any other branch of the Government to say, that there is none in which the Constitution devolves such extensive power as it does upon the Senate. There is scarcely an exercise of Constitutional authority in which it does not mediately or immediately participate; it forms an important, and, in some respects, an indispensable part of each of the three great departments, Executive, Legislative, and Judicial; and is, moreover, the body in which is made effectual that share of power in the Federal organization so wisely allowed to the respective State Sovereignties.

Invested with such august powers, so judiciously restricted, and so safely adapted to the purposes of good government, it is no wonder that the Senate is regarded by the people of the United States, as one of the best features, in what they at least consider to be, the wisest, the freest, and happiest political system in the world. In fervent wishes that it may long continue to be so regarded, and in a conviction of the importance of order, propriety, and regularity in its proceedings, we must all concur. It shall be an object of my highest ambition, Senators, to join with you, as far as in me lies, in effecting those desirable objects, and in endeavoring to realize the expectation formed of this body, at the adoption of the Constitution, and ever since confidently cherished, that it would exercise the most efficient influence in upholding the Federal system, and in perpetuating what is at once the foundation and the safeguard of our country's welfare—the Union of the States.

The packet ship Europe, by agreement with shippers and consignees, and by permission of the insurance company, lies off at sea, without the limits of the United States, until after the 1st proximo, in order that the goods by her may be introduced after that period at the reduced duties.—N. Y. American.

MASSACHUSETTS.—There has again been a failure to elect a member of Congress in the ninth election district of Massachusetts. There was nearly one third less votes polled then on the last previous occasion, and the plurality of the votes given was increased in favor of the anti-masonic candidate.

Nearly a million of dollars in specie has lately been received at New Orleans from Mexico.

The New York Star states that a Mr. Burden, of Troy, is about to succeed in the almost miraculous project of propelling a steam boat 30 miles an hour. Perhaps, if the march of improvement continues, before the close of this generation, seven days will be an average passage across the Atlantic.—Washington Moderator.

## GREAT ECLIPSE OF THE SUN.

The most remarkable of the phenemena that this year (1834) will happen, is the eclipse of the Sun on Sunday the thirteenth of November. This is the third of the very uncommon of five large eclipses, visible to us, in the short term of seven years, the fourth of this series will take place May 15th, 1836, and the last September 18, 1838.

The eclipse of the present year, will doubtless receive great attention throughout our country. In those places where its magnitude will not exceed seven digits, much diminution of light is not to be expected, even at the time of the greatest obscuration; perhaps, however, it may be sufficient to render visible the planet Venus, then about 30 degrees E. S. S. of the Sun, and much nearer the Earth, than usual, nor will the obscuration be very great where the eclipse is almost total; since it has been observed on former occasions, that the uneclipsed part, even when reduced to a mere point, sheds sufficient light to render small objects distinctly visible, and invisible the brightest of the stars. Indeed on account of the refraction of the Sun's rays by the atmosphere of the Earth, the darkness can hardly with strictness be considered total, even where the Sun is completely shut out from the light. In the great and remarkable eclipse of June 16th, 1806, when the sun was totally obscured, at Boston, for five minutes, as much light remained as is given by the moon when full; and greater darkness will not probably be experienced, in any place, on the present occasion.

The Georgia Democrat gives a description of the Alabama Gold Region, quite as highly colored as that of the Virginia mines in the account of Featherstonhaugh, in his letter to Mr. Madison, which we mentioned yesterday. The Alabama gold region averages forty miles in width, and the gold is said to be of the fineness of twenty and a half carats. The Coosa river runs through the district for a hundred miles, and affords deposites of gold in abundance.—With very careless work and slight machinery, those deposites yield from one and a half to two and a half pennyweights a day. The vein hill mines have not been touched, and little of the deposites have been fully examined.

As in Virginia, so in Alabama, there is no doubt that sufficient capital, under the management of persons of sufficient enterprize and skill, would develope an immense fund of wealth and advance the prosperity of the State very largely, within a few years.

The board of examiners, at the head of which was Professor Silliman, appointed to investigate the cause of the destruction of the steamboat New England, have reported that the sole cause of the bursting of the boilers was the immense pressure of steam to which they were subjected, through the negligence of the engineer. The New York Gazette well observes, when giving place to this statement, that the engineer is the most important person on board a steamboat, and that he should be a man of scientific as well as of practical acquirements.

[Philad. Inquirer.

MARRIED

On the 19th inst., by the Rev. Levi Storks, Mr. JAMES K. WRIGHTSON to Miss SARAH A. BRUFF, all of this county.

On Tuesday last, by the same, Mr. SAMUEL ADAMS, to Miss LYDIA PLUMMER, all of this county.


C. COATES & SON,

SURGEON DENTISTS,

OF PHILADELPHIA,

RESPECTFULLY inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Easton and its vicinity, that they will remain a few days at Mr. Lowe's Hotel—Where they are prepared to perform all the various branches in the profession of

DENTAL SURGERY.

Ladies will be waited on at their dwellings, if requested.

N. B. Testimonals of our profession may be seen, if required.

dec 31 3t

W. W. HIGGINS

HAS just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore.

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

SADDLERY,

which he is now opening. Those wishing to purchase will do well to give him an early call.

☞ Persons indebted to the subscriber for twelve months or more, and whose accounts have been presented, will confer a favor by making immediate payment. Also those indebted on notes of hand which have been or are now due will please call and take them.

dec 31

NOTICE.

I intend carrying on, at my old stand, on Dover street, the BLACKSMITHING BUSINESS, generally; also, WHITESMITHING.—And I solicit a share of public patronage. The public's obedient servant,

WM. VANDERFORD.

Easton, Dec. 31

LAMB,

MAFUFACTURER OF BRISTLE FRAME STOCKS,

No. 1 SOUTH CALVERT STREET.

BALTIMORE.

THE superiority of his STOCKS is well known by the constant care taken to render every Stock a perfect article to suit the form of the neck. Gentlemen will find constantly on hand an extensive assortment of Silk, Satin, Bombazine and Velvet Stocks, plain and trimmed, of the very best quality and newest fashion, at a reduction of 33 per cent. He would particularly recommend his new and beautiful article the Cravat Stock, also his Velvet and Bombazine Ribbed.

☞ Merchants visiting this city will always find a large assortment, which he will sell by the dozen cheaper than they can be procured in any section of the United States.

☞ Fur and Ladies Riding Stocks, (a new article)—Gentlemen and Boy's plain and dress, made to measure at two hours notice.

Old Stocks covered.

dec 31

MORE LUCK AT THE EASTON LOTTERY OFFICE.

P. Sacket sold in the Delaware Lottery, class No. 51, a prize of $70—in a whole ticket also a $30 in the same—who also sold in the Delaware Lottery, class 49, a prize of $40—and one of $20—also in the New York Lottery, class No. 37 a prize of $200, all sold in the last few days.

To be drawn the 3d day of January, 1834, the Virginia Lottery Class No. 1

SCHEME.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 prize of | $15,000 | 10 prizes of | $1,000 |
| 1 | 7,000 | 10 | 500 |
| 1 | 5,000 | 10 | 300 |
| 1 | 2,336 | 10 | 200 |

No prize less than $5—Tickets $4 50—Shares in proportion.

Delaware Lottery, Class No. 1, draws Jan. 7th, 1834.

GRAND SCHEME.

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| 1 prize of | $20,000 | 70 prizes of | $500 |
| 1 | 5,000 | 85 | 200 |
| 1 | 2,000 | 128 | 50 |
| 1 | 1,500 | 128 | 40 |
| 1 | 1,210 | 128 | 30 |

No prize less than $5. Tickets $4 50.—Shares in proportion, at the Easton lucky Lottery Office of

P. SACKET.

dec 31

FOR RENT, THE ENSUING YEAR,

THE House and Lot near the Point, where Captain Samuel Thomas resided. For terms apply to

SAM'L. H. BENNY, agent for Miss Thomas.

dec 31

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore city and county, on the 10th day of December, 1833, by Charles Kernan, Esq., a Justice of the Peace in and for the City of Baltimore, as a runaway, a bright mulatto woman who calls herself ELIZABETH TAGLE; says she was born free, and raised by her mother, Polly Harman, living near Horn Town, Eastern Shore, Virginia. Said mulatto woman is about 23 years of age, 5 feet 5 inches high, has a large scar on her right shoulder and arm, occasioned by a burn; also, a small scar on her right wrist. Had on, when committed, a calico frock, small red shawl, black navarino bonnet, white cotton stockings and fine leather shoes.

The owner (if any) of the above described mulatto woman, is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.

D. W. HUDSON, Warden, Balt. City and County Jail.

dec 31

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore city and county, on the 11th day of December, 1833, by Ephrain Smith, Esq., a Justice of the Peace in and for the City of Baltimore, as runaway, a colored lad, who calls himself ROBERT HARRIS; says he belongs to Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson, living near Cambridge, E. Shore, Md., but was committed as belonging to Jesse Bulling, near Cambridge. Said colored lad is about 16 years of age, 5 feet 2 1-2 inches high, very much scarred on his back from a cow-hide, large scar on his right leg, large scar on his left leg, with several scars on both hands. Had on when committed, a pair of old light blue cassimere pantaloons, cotton shirt, white summer roundabout, straw hat and a pair of coarse lace boots.

The owner (if any) of the above described colored lad is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

D. W HUDSON, Warden, Balt. City and County Jail.

dec 31 3w

NARRAGANSET HORSE.

The splendid Nankeen coloured Narraganset Horse will stand, the ensuing season, at Easton and the Trappe.

N. B. He is the sire of J. W. Jenkins', Edward Eartin's and Ennalls Martin's horses, to whom reference is made for the quality of his colts.

Talbot county, dec 28 tf

NOTICE.

THE subscriber has just returned from Baltimore, and brought with him an elegant assortment of Materials in his line of business, and is now prepared to make

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S BONNETTS AND HATS,

of the newest and most approved fashions. He takes this opportunity of tendering his grateful acknowledgements for past favors, and earnestly solicits a share of public patronage.

ENNALLS ROSZELL.

dec 28 tf

NOTICE.

MARYLAND ECLIPSE will resume his old stands, the ensuing season, in Easton and Centreville.

dec. 14, 1833. tf

A COOK WANTED.

A Gentleman living in Baltimore, wishes to purchase a good plain COOK, from 30 to 40 years of age, without children. A liberal price will be given. Apply to the Editor.

dec. 17 3w

3000 WEIGHT OF PRIME CORN FED PORK, IS WANTED. Apply at the Whig office.

Dec. 21

NOTICE.

THE subscriber having purchased the entire stock of GOODS of the firm of KENNARD & LOVEDAY, and having added to it a new and

HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF

FALL GOODS

selected by him with care from the markets of Philadelphia and Baltimore, intends carrying on the Mercantile business in his own name, in the store room formerly occupied by Kennard & Loveday. He particularly invites a continuation of the customers of the old firm, and all others who feel disposed to favor him with a call, assuring them, that no exertion on his part shall be wanting to render all dealings agreeable and satisfactory

WILLIAM LOVEDAY.

oct 29 tf [G]

A TEACHER IS WANTED, at the District School, No. 8, of the Middle District of Caroline county. A person competent to teach with facility, the usual branches in Primary Schools, together with English grammar, bringing satisfactory testimonials of good moral character, will meet with immediate employment. Application by letter, post paid, or in person, may be made to the subscriber, Secretary to the Board of Trustees, who will communicate all applications to the Board immediately.

RD. CHAMBERS, Secretary to the Board of Trustees.

December 24, 1833 w


IN TALBOT COUNTY COURT,

SITTING AS A COURT OF CHANCERY.

November Term, in the year 1833.

ORDERED, That the sale of the lands made to John Leeds Kerr, by John M. G. Emory, Trustee for the sale of the real estate of Richard Sherwood, deceased, in the cause of John Crandale and Thomas R. Brooks, against John H. Norfolk and Sarah his wife, formerly Sarah Sherwood, Howell P. Sherwood, Richard P. Sherwood, James Sherwood, William Sherwood, Robert Sherwood, Benjamin Sherwood, Ann P. Crandale, wife of John Crandale, Eliza Brooks, wife of Thomas R. Brooks, the heirs at law, and Ann Sherwood widow and administratrix of Richard Sherwood, deceased, and reported by the said Trustee, be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shown, on or before the third Monday in May, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty-four: provided a copy of this order be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, in two of the newspapers published on the Eastern-Shore of Maryland, before the tenth day of January, in the year last aforesaid.

The report of the Trustee states the amount of sales to be $485 25.

R. T. EARLE,
P. B. HOPPER,
J. B. ECCLESTON.

True copy, Test Jacob Loockerman, Clk.


Astronomical Lectures.

*Lecture 9—for Wednesday evening the first* of January, shall include the method of discovering the distance of the sun and moon, magnitude, phases, figure, rotation, libration, changes and eclipses of the moon, harvest moon, hunter's moon, and horizontal moon.

Lecture 10---for Friday evening the 3d of January, will contain an account of the eclipses of the sun, theory of the tides, observations on the two inferior planets, Mercury and Venus.

dec 28

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

THOMAS H. JENKINS

HAVING just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore is now prepared to present to the public

A VERY HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF

WINTER GOODS, viz:

Double and Single width Black Merino, and all the various colours of English Merino's,

Turkey three and four red Chintz, of the most fashionable patterns and now worn very much in the cities.

Black and Chockolate Ground Calicoes new style and very rich.

MERINO SHAWLS, White, Black and Scarlet, richly bordered SILKS.

Black Italian Lustring, and Gro de Soire.

A beautiful assortment of coloured Gro de Naps, adapted to the season.

VELVETS.

Black and blue-black Silk Velvets, various shades of brown, do. do.

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

The ladies are particularly requested to call and examine a beutiful lot of

FUR CAPES, BOAS AND THIBETS.

They can be sold on reasonable terms.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CAPS.

A general assortment of CLOTH CAPS—also a handsome lot of Fine Seal Skin FUR CAPS.

QUILTED SILK VESTINGS.

NEW STYLE STRIPED CASSIMERES.

SEVERAL HANDSOME SETS OF

CHINA WARE.

Together with a liberal collection of other GOODS, selected with care and attention, from the markets of Philadelphia and Baltimore.

T. H. J. grateful for past favors from the Public, respectfully tenders his thanks. The assortment of Goods that he is now opening for sale will, he hopes be an inducement for the liberal continuation of their patronage.—Nothing that attention and assiduity can suggest, shall be wanting on his part, to please all who may desire to purchase.

Easton, Dec. 24.

MORE NEW FALL GOODS.

WILLSON & TAYLOR

Have again returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have just opened a great variety of very

*HANDSOME GOODS,*

which added to their former supplies renders their assortment very extensive and complete.

*Consisting in part as follows:*

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Valencia, Silk and Swansdown vesting, Flannels, Baize, Rose and Point Blankets, 3 4 and 6 4 English Merinos, new style Calicoes, Ginghams, 4-4 and 8-4 black, white and Scarlet Merino Shawls, handsome Thibet and Valencia Shawls, Lustrings Gro de Swiss and Gro de Naples Silk a very splendid assortment; Woollen and Cotton Hosiery, &c. &c. &c.

—ALSO—

Groceries, Liquors. Wines and Teas, Hardware and Cutlery, China, Glass & Queensware &c.

all of which will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms for cash or in exchange for Feathers, Lindsey and Kersey. Their friends and the public generally are invited to give them an early call.

dec 21

DEER CREEK

Young Ladies' Academy.

THE *Semi-Anual Examination* of the Pupils in this Institution took place on Monday, the 18th instant, in the presence of a majority of the Trustees, who have great pleasure in being able to say, that they have not, elsewhere, witnessed in pupils so young, greater accuracy and extent of knowledge in History, Geography, Astronomy, Natural Philosophy and Chemistry, than was manifested on that occasion. Pieces of composition were shown as the unaided production of the pupils, which would do credit to mature years; and the exercises in Parsing, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, &c., were altogether calculated to place Miss CHEYNEY, who superintends this seminary, in the first rank of those who undertake the government and instruction of the female mind. And the trustees feel assured that when instruction in the French language is added to the branches already taught—few schools in the country will hold out better prospects for the acquisition of a useful and substantial Female education.

The Academy is situated five miles north of Belle Air, immediately on stage route between Philadelphia and Baltimore, by way of Conowingo, in a pleasant and healthy neighborhood, and the young ladies are boarded in the family of Mr. Trimble, where every attention is paid to their health and morals.

TERMS:

| | |
|---|---|
| Boarding, washing, fuel, &c. | per quarter. $20 00 |
| Tuition | 5 |
| French extra | 5 |
| Drawing extra | 5 |

Boooks and Stationary furnished at moderate prices.

JOHN FORWOOD
SAMUEL BROWN
ROB. H. ARCHER
PARKER FORWOOD } Trustees.


WAS committed to the jail of Queen Ann's county on the 16th day of September 1833, by William Harper, a justice of the Peace in and for Queen Anns county, as a runaway, a colored man who calls himself JOHN DINGOES—says he was born free, and emigrated from France to this country. Said John Dingoes is about thirty years of age, five feet four inches high Had on when committed, a blue round jacket and linen trowsers.

The owner (if any) of the above described colored man is requested to come forward prove property, pay charges, and take him away—otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

THOMAS SUDLER, Shff. of Queen Ann's county.

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