EASTERN-SHORE WHIG AND PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE.

VOL. VI.---Nº. 28. EASTON, MD.---SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 25, 1834. WHOLE Nº. 305.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY
TUESDAY & SATURDAY MORNING,
(during the Session of Congress,)
and every TUESDAY MORNING, the residue of the year—BY
EDWARD MULLIKIN,
PUBLISHER OF THE LAWS OF THE UNION.

THE TERMS
Are THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable half yearly in advance.

No subscription discontinued until all arrearages are settled, without the approbation of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a square, inserted THREE TIMES FOR ONE DOLLAR, and twenty five cents for each subsequent insertion—larger advertisements in proportion.

Collector's Notice.

THE subscriber desirous of completing his collections for 1833, earnestly requests all those who have Taxes to pay, to be prepared to settle the same when called on. The Collector is bound to make payments to those who have claims on the county in a specified time, which is on or about the 20th February next. All persons who shall be found delinquent in settling their Taxes by the above time, will certainly have their property advertised, as I am bound to close the collections without respect to persons.

PHILIP MACKEY,
Collector of Talbot county.

sept 24

NOTICE.

MARYLAND ECLIPSE will resume his old stands, the ensuing season, in Easton and Centreville.

dec. 14, 1833. tf

United States Mail Stages.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

THE MAIL STAGE from Easton, via Wye Mills and Queenstown to Broad Creek, will leave Easton every Sunday and Wednesday morning, at 7 o'clock, and reach Broad Creek at 2 o'clock, P. M. in time for passengers to arrive at Annapolis at an early hour in the evening in the mail packet.

Returning, leave Broad Creek at 9 o'clock, A. M. or immediately after the arrival of the Mail Packet from Annapolis, and reach Easton same evening.

The MAIL leaves Easton every Tuesday and Saturday afternoon at half past 12 o'clock, for Cambridge, and returns same evening.

The MAIL STAGE for Centreville, leaves Easton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday afternoon, at half past 1 o'clock, and reaches Centreville in time for an early supper. Returning, leaves Centreville at 8 o'clock, A. M. and arrives at Easton by 12 o'clock.

Fare from Annapolis to Easton,	$3.50
Or—from Annapolis to Broad Creek,	$1.00
" from Broad Creek to Queenstown,	1.50
" from Queenstown to Wye Mills,	50
" Wye Mills to Easton,	1.00
" from Easton to Cambridge Ferry,	1.00
" from Easton to Centreville,	1.00
" from Wye Mills to Centreville,	50

All Baggage at the risk of the owners.
Easton, Jan. 4, 1834.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

THOMAS H. JENKINS

HAVING just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore is now prepared to present to the public

A VERY HANDSOME ASSORTMENT OF
WINTER GOODS, viz:

Double and Single width Black Merino, and all the various colours of English Merino's,

Turkey three and four red Chintz, of the most fashionable patterns and now worn very much in the cities.

Black and Chockolate Ground Calicoes new style and very rich.

MERINO SHAWLS, White, Black and Scarlet, richly bordered SILKS.

Black Italian Lustring, and Gro de Soire

A beautiful assortment of coloured Gro de Naps, adapted to the season.

VELVETS.

Black and blue-black Silk Velvets, various shades of brown, do. do.

FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!

The ladies are particularly requested to call and examine a beutiful lot of
FUR CAPES, BOAS AND THIBETS.
They can be sold on reasonable terms.

MEN'S AND BOYS' CAPS.

A general assortment of CLOTH CAPS—also a handsome lot of Fine Seal Skin FUR CAPS.

QUILTED SILK VESTINGS.
NEW STYLE STRIPED CASSIMERES.

SEVERAL HANDSOME SETS OF
CHINA WARE.

Together with a liberal collection of other GOODS, selected with care and attention, from the markets of Philadelphia and Baltimore.

T. H. J. grateful for past favors from the Public, respectfully tenders his thanks. The assortment of Goods that he is now opening for sale will, he hopes be an inducement for the liberal continuation of their patronage.—Nothing that attention and assiduity can suggest, shall be wanting on his part, to please all who may desire to purchase.

Easton, Dec. 24.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, &C.

Lately received and for sale by the subscribers.

Buckwheat Flour,	Sperm, Mould & Dip Candles,
Fresh Bunch Raisins	Fine and coarse Salt,
Almonds,	Salt Petre,
Currants,	Loaf & Lump Sugar,
Goshen Cheese,	Powder and Shot.
Family Flour,	
Best Sperm Oil.	

CAST STEEL AXES, a superior article, *and a choice assortment of*
Old Wines, Liquors, &c.
W. H. & P. GROOME.

Nov. 26—eow4t

THE ATHENIAN, AND LITERARY GAZETTE.

With a view to meet the wishes, as well as the wants of the public, it is contemplated to issue, on or about the first of January next, a new paper, devoted to

The fine Arts, the Drama, News, and General Miscellany, and embracing Original Essays, Poetry, Tales, Sketches of American Scenery, Biography. Rules of Life, Scientific and Literary Intelligence, &c.

Besides a department of light reading particular attention will be paid to that under the head of "Reviews," in which all new works, whether of domestic or foreign origin, will be critically noticed. The present paper will be superceded by "The Athenian," on the termination of the present year, and each subscriber will be furnished with a copy, which will not only contain a much greater quantity, but also a far greater variety of useful and important matter, and every exertion will be used to sustain fully the character of the prospectus, as well as to keep pace with the improvements, the knowledge, and the rising spirit of the age.

In order to render the publication complete in every department, arrangements have been made for an acquisition of valuable assistance; and as soon as the patronage will warrant, a series of engravings, illustrative of celebrated structures or distinguished individuals, will periodically accompany the work.

The ATHENIAN being uncircumscribed in its utility, will be equally devoted to every section of the Union, and will comprehend every subject which may be worthy of observation or productive of interest.

Aware that the offer of rewards to literary aspirants has elicited some highly creditable specimens of American literature, which it will be the particular aim of the Athenian to encourage, premiums for a variety of such articles as are suitable for its columns will be offered early in January. As the amout must depend greatly on the patronage received, and as the publishers are desirous of exercising a degree of liberality that will afford a sufficient inducement for competition of a higher order, they cannot but hope that the public generally will second their endeavors to generate and foster native talent.

With a view to accommodate the public with semi-annual opportunities of subscribing to this work, the publishers will issue it in two volumes, each containing twenty-six weekly numbers, and comprising 316 pages; thus, the Athenian will present, within the year, eight hundred and thirty-two pages of well selected and original reading, upon every subject likely to interest the public. This it will be readily admitted, gives to the publication a claim which no other weekly quarto in the United States can advance, as they contain but half its intended number of pages, and generally charge double the amount of its subscription. Of the quality of its subjects it would be superfluous to speak, as it is not only pleasan er, but safer to dge by practice than profession. It may, however, not be unnecessary to say that *it* will be, in every sense, worthy of preservation; and will make two handsome volumes annually, with each of which an accurate and copious index will be furnished.

Such arrangements have also been effected with the most popular publishers in London, Edinburgh and Dublin, as will put the Athenian in possesson of the earliest editions of the works of merit, and the principal journals published in these cities. Its readers will thus have the latest literary information of works progressing through, as well as of those but newly issuing from the press; and also the earliest receipt of such news as those journals may communicate. It is the determination of the publishers of the Athenian to issue bulletins from its office, that those papers at a distance which shall notice the alterations proposed for this paper, and insert the present advertisement in full, shall possess the immediate advantage of such arrivals. In addition to these arrangements, they are either negociating for, or have actually engaged the aid of some of the first literary characters of the day, thus making ample provision for the full success of the undertaking as far as depends on their exertions.

Historical, dramatic, biographical, and poetic contributions will be diligently and promptly attended to, and are respectfully solicited.—Book-sellers and publishers of literary works, music, and prints, will find "The Athenian" a very convenient medium for their advertisements, which will be conspicuously inserted under the department expressly devoted to this object, and on the most liberal terms; and such of them as may wish a critical notice of their books should send them in as early in the week as possible. All communications must be post paid, and addressed to

BLACKWOOD & CO.
No. 1 Athenian Buildings, Philadelphia.

TERMS, &c.

The ATHENIAN will be printed on a superior quality of double royal paper, folded and stitched in the quarto form, and afforded at the unprecedented low price of TWO DOLLARS per annum, payable invariably in advance.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.

BY VIRTUE of two writs of venditioni exponas, and three writs of fieri facias, to me directed, against Robert L. Harrison, one at suit of Sarah Hossefrosse, assignee of Peter Joshua, one other at the suit of James Harrison, assignee of Philemon T. Hambleton; one other at the suit of Rigby Hopkins, and one other at the suit of Perry Porter, and one other at the suit of Jerry Bouldin, against the said Harrison, will be sold on WEDNESDAY, the 5th day of February next, at the store of Nicholas Orem, in the town of Saint Michaels, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 4 o'clock, P. M. of said day, the following property, to wit: one negro girl named Tilly, for cash, to the highest bidder: taken as the property of the said Harrison, and will be sold to pay and satisfy the above mentioned writs and his officer's fees for 1833, and the interest and costs due and to become due thereon.

THOS. GRAHAM, Jr.
Jan. 11, 1834 Constable.

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore City and County, by Joshua Trimble, Esq., a Justice of the Peace in and for Baltimore County, as a runaway, a negro man who calls himself RICHARD SMITH, and says he belongs to Thomas B. Crawford, of Prince George's County, near Upper Marlboro. The said negro is about 30 years old, 5 feet 7 inches high, has several small scars on his forehead and a scar on his left wrist, caused by a reap hook. Had on when committed, gray casinet roundabout, gray cloth pantaloons, old vest, fine linen shirt, black fur hat, yarn stockings, and coarse lace boots.—The owner of the above described negro, if any, is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharge according to law.

D. W. HUDSON, Warden
JyH Baltimore City and County Jail.

A CARD.

A. WOOLFOLK wishes to inform the owners of negroes, in Maryland, Virginia, and N. Carolina, that he is not dead, as has been artfully represented by his opponents, but that he still lives, to give them CASH and the *highest prices* for their Negroes. Persons having Negroes to dispose of, will please give him a chance, by addressing him at Baltimore, and where immediate attention will be paid to their wishes.

N. B. All papers that have copied my former Advertisement, will copy the above, and discontinue the others.

oct 9

A CARD.

The subscriber being about to remove from Easton requests all persons indebted to him to call immediately and make payment, otherwise he will be under the disagreeable necessity of placing their accounts in the hands of an officer for collection.

ANDREW OEHLER.
Easton, Nov. 26th, 1833. 3w

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaiaing in the Post Office at Easton, Md. on the 1st of January, 1834, which, if not taken up by the 1st of April, will be sent to the Post office Department as dead letters.

	A
Wm. Atwell	Wm. Arringdale, 2
Abraham Adams	
	B
Rachel Bruff	Samuel Barrott, 2
Fanny Barnett	Emma Banning
Susan Ann Banning	John S. Blake
Levin Bantom	William Beckley
	C
A. W. Chamberlaine,	Thos. S. Cook
	D
Henry Delchay	Peter Davoust
Ruth Dulin	Levin Dawson
	E
John Edmondson	2
	F
Wm. Faulkner	Joseph Farland
Robert Fish	Risden Fountain
	G
John Goldsborough 2	R. H. Goldsborough
James Grace	Thos. or Wm. Gibson.
	H
H. Henrick	Rob. Henderson
A. Hacket	Thos. Hickey
Manlove Hazel	Stephen Hussey
Harriet Hicks	
	J
Thomas Jackson	Charlotte Jackson
Widow Jefferson	
	K
Miss S. M. Kerr	Elizabeth H. Kemp
	M
L. Elizabeth Martin	Adino M'Knitt
Archibald Marshall	James Meloney
	N
August de Nanteuil	
	O
Samuel Ozmon	J. Ozment
	P
James Parrott, 4	Wm. Pratt
Howell Powell	Perry Perkins
Nehemiah B. Pratt	B. J. Pritchard
	R
Wm. C. Ridgaway	Robert R. Ross
Charles H. Rigby	Sarah Ann Ross
	S
Henry Sullivan	Sacket & Doyle 12
Elizabeth Sears	Charles Smith
John Seymore	Richard P. Spencer
Miss M. A. Spencer	
	T
Anna Ll. Tilghman	Ellen M. Troth
H. M. Tilghman	
V	Henrietta Vinson
	W
Rhoda Wilson	James Weston
Robert Walton	Sarah Ann Wilson
Wm. Willibee	Peggy C. Wilson
Ann Weaver.	

EDW. MULLIKIN, P. M.
Jan. 1—4th 3w

MARYAND:
Caroline County Orphans' Court.

14th day of January, A. D. 1834

ON application of Peter Johnson, adm'r of Jesse Hubbard, (of Peter) late of Caroline county, deceased—It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that the same be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes and proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this fourteenth day of January, Anno Domini eighteen hundred and thirty four.

L.S.

Test, W. A. FORD, Reg'r.
of Wills for Caroline county.

In compliance with the above order,
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Caroilne county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Caroline county, in Maryland, Letters of administration on the personal estate of Jesse Hubbard, (of Peter) late of Caroline county, deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceaseds estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the twenty fifth day of July next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.—Given under my hand this fourteenth day of January, A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty four.

PETER JOHNSON, Admt'r
of Jesse Hubbard, (of Peter.)
Jy18 3w

$20 REWARD.——RAN AWAY from the estate of Shadrach Liden, late of Caroline county, deceased, in March last, a NEGRO MAN, called HENRY SATTERFIELD, or sometimes Henry Fountain. I think he had a scar on his forehead. His clothing is not recollected; his complexion is rather black; he has followed the farming business, and is supposed to be about 40 years of age. Any person who will arrest and secure said negro in Denton jail, or deliver him to the subscriber, shall have the above reward, if taken out of the state; if taken in the State of Maryland, ten dollars.

EDWARD W. LIDEN,
Administrator of Shadrach Liden, dec'd.
Jan. 11 3w

NEW FIRM.

DR. S. W. SPENCER, having associated C. F. WILLIS with him in the DRUG BUSINESS, it will now be conducted under the firm of SPENCER & WILLIS; who have on hand and intend keeping a FULL supply of MEDICINE, DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, &c.

Dr. S. W. SPENCER, having the utmost confidence in the integrity, and capacity of Mr. WILLIS, will now attend exclusively to the practice of his profession. His office is in front of his father's dwelling, opposite J. M. Faulkner's Hotel.

January 1st, 1839. Jy 7

WAS committed to the jail of Queen Ann's county on the 16th day of September 1833, by William Harper, a justice of the Peace in and for Queen Anns county, as a runaway, a colored man who calls himself JOHN DINGOES—says he was born free, and emigrated from France to this country. Said John Dingoes is about thirty years of age, five feet four inches high Had on when committed, a blue round jacket and linen trowsers.

The owner (if any) of the above described colored man is requested to come forward prove property, pay charges, and take him away—otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

THOMAS SUDLER, Shff.
dec. 7 2m of Queen Ann's county.

C. COATES & SON,
SURGEON DENTISTS,
OF PHILADELPHIA,

RESPECTFULLY inform the Ladies and Gentlemen of Easton and its vicinity, that they will remain a few days at Mr. Lowe's Hotel—Where they are prepared to perform all the various branches in the profession of

DENTAL SURGERY.

Ladies will be waited on at their dwellings, if requested.

N. B. Testimonals of our profession may be seen, if required.

dec 31 3t*

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore City and County, on the 21st day of December, 1833, by Wm. A. Schaeffer, Esq. a Justice of the Peace in and for the City of Baltimore, as a runaway, a mulatto woman, who calls herself JANE, or MARIA MATTHEWS, says she was born free and raised by her mother, on the Reisterstown road, near the Pennsylvania line—said mulatto woman is about 19 years old, 5 feet 3 inches high, has a scar on her right breat, caused by a burn; large full eyes. Had on when committed, a dark calice frock, dark cotton handkerchief on her neck and head, white cotton stockings, and old shoes. The owner of the above described mulatto woman, if any, is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.

D. W. HUDSON, Warden
Jy11 of Baltimore City and County Jail.

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore City and County on the 25th day of December, 1833, by James Blair, Esq. a Justice of the Peace in and for the City of Baltimore, as a runaway, a negro man who calls himself JOHN KELLY, and says he belongs to Mrs. Martha Brown, in Queen Anne's County, near Queenstown. Said negro is about 20 years old, 5 feet 3½ inches high, has a scar on the left side of his neck, caused by the Kings Evil, and a small scar on his left check, caused by a cut. Had on when committed an old blue cloth coat and pantaloons, old black silk vest, black stock, old black fur hat, cotton shirt and boots. The owner (if any) of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

D. W. HUDSON, Warden
Jy11 of Baltimore City and County Jail.

A RUNAWAY.—Was committed to the Jail of Harford county, as a runaway, on the 21st of December, 1833, a negro man who called himself WILLIAM DORSEY, but now says his name is BILL GETTYS. He says he is about 35 years of age; he is about 5 feet 8 1-2 inches high, (also says he was born free in the state of Pennsylvania,) has a speck in the right eye, a small scar on the upper lip, a large scar on the right wrist, and three fingers of the right hand drawn up, occasioned he says by a burn; and there appears to be two teeth wanting in front, one above and the other below. He has a very down look when spoken to, and a very flat nose. Had on when committed an old black coat, and a pair of old black pantaloons; also a pair of striped cotton pantaloons, a swansdown vest, a pair of old shoes, and an old fur hat.

The owner of the above negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away; otherwise he will be disposed of according to law.

PRESTON McCOMAS,
Sheriff of Harford County.

☞The Baltimore American, Easton Whig, and National Intelligencer, will copy the above to the amount of one dollar, and charge the subscriber.

Jan. 2d, 1834. Jy 11

CASH!

I WISH to purchase a number of Likely SERVANTS (slaves) of both sexes, from about 12 to 25 years of age, of good habits.—They are for two gentlemen, (citizens of this State) for their own individual use, and not for speculation. I can give the most unquestionable satisfaction as to that, from one of the best houses in this city. Persons wishing to part with their Slaves, will do well to call or communicate with me, as I will give, at all times, the highest prices, in cash.

JOHN BUSK,
Office, opposite the Exchange, South Gay street, Baltimore.
dec3 6mo*

NOTICE.

WAS committed to the jail of Montgomery county, Maryland, on the 26th of December last, as a runaway, a negro woman who calls herself ALSEY DORSEY, about 22 years of age, five feet 2 inches high; has a scar on the left side of her neck. Her clothing when committed was a striped linsey frock, old shoes and stockings. She says she belongs to Mr. Ethelbert Taney, of Washington county. The owner of the above described woman is requested to come forward and release her, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.

RICHARD R. WATERS, Sh'ff.
Jan 18 4w

The following interesting passage is taken from the article in the last number of the North American Review on the Whale Fishery:

As the whale ship escapes with perhaps fewer disasters, so the men are generally more healthy than in any other seafaring employments.—They experience nothing so fearful, as many merchant ships do, from the direful diseases of the tropical regions. Those ships, however, which frequent stormy seas, and remain long abroad without fresh provisions, often find the scurvy making its fearful ravages. It is also true, that the unfortunate man, who is not active enough to elude the line, is sometimes carried down by it. Sometimes bones are broken and lives lost in the rough contests with the inhabitants of the deep. Sometimes a boat's crew is separted and never heard of, though they generally reach the land, or are rescued by some other vessel. Notwithstanding these causes of disaster, ship after ship returns without losing a man by death.

Among the accidents that have occurred in the prosecution of this business, the loss of the ship Essex, Capt. George Pollard, Jr. of Nantucket, is one of the most remarkable. It was thus described in an authentic narrative of the event, published by the mate of the ship, Mr. Owen Chase:

'I observed a very large spermaceti whale, as well as I could judge about eighty-five (?) feet in length. He broke water about twenty rods off our weather bow, and was lying quietly with his head in a direction for the ship. He spouted two or three times, and then disappeared. In less than three seconds he came up again, about the length of the ship off, and made directly for us, at the rate of about three knots. The ship was then going with about the same velocity. His appearance and attitude gave us at first no alarm, but while I stood watching his movements and observing him, but a ship's length off, coming down for us with great celerity, I involuntarily ordered the boy at the helm to put it hard up, intending to sheer off and avoid him. The words were scarcely out of my mouth before he came down upon us at full speed, and struck the ship with his head just forward of the fore chains. He gave us such an appalling and tremendous jar as nearly threw us all on our faces. The ship brought up as suddenly and violently as if she had struck a rock, and trembled for a few moments like a leaf. We looked at each other in perfect amazement, deprived almost of the power of speech. Many minutes elapsed before we were able to realize the dreadful accident, during which time he passed under the ship, grazing her keel as he went along, came up alongside her to leeward, and lay on the top of the water, apparently stunned with the violence of the blow, for the space of a minute. He then suddenly started off in a direction to leeward.—After few moment's reflection, and recovering in some measure from the sudden consternation that had seized on us, I, of course, concluded that he had stove in a hole in the ship, and that it would be necessary to set the pumps going. Accordingly they were rigged, but had not been in operation more than one minute, before I perceived the head of the ship to be gradually settling down in the water. I then ordered the signal to be set for the other boats, at that time in pursuit of whales, which I had scarcely despatched, before I again discovered the whale apparently in convulsions on the top of the water about one hundred rods to leeward. He was enveloped in the foam, that his continual and violent threshing about in the water had created around him, and I could distinctly see him smite his jaws together as if distracted with rage and fury. He remained a short time in this situation, and then started off with great velocity across the bows of the ship to windward.

By this time the ship had settled down a considerable distance in the water, and I gave her up as lost. I, however, ordered the pumps to be kept constantly going, and endeavored to collect my thoughts for the occasion. I turned to the boats, two of which we then had with the ship, with an intention of clearing them away and getting all things ready to embark in them if there should be no other resource left. While my attention was thus engaged for a moment, I was roused by the cry of the man at the hatchway, "here he is,—he is making for us again." I turned around, and saw him about one hundred rods directly a head of us, coming down with apparently twice his ordinary speed; and to me it appeared with tenfold fury and vengeance in his aspect. The surf flew in all directions, and his course towards us was marked by a white foam of a rod in width, which he made with a continual violent threshing of his tail. His head was about half out of water, and in that way he came upon, and again struck the ship. I was in hopes when I descried him making for us, that by putting the ship away immediately, I should be able to cross the line of his approach, before he could get up to us, and thus avoid what I knew, if she should strike us again would be our inevitable destruction. I called out to the helmsman "hard up," but she had not fallen off more than a point before we took the second shock. I should judge the speed of the ship at this time to have been about three knots, and that of the whale about six. He struck her to windward directly under the cathead, and completely stove in her bows. He passed under the ship again, went off to leeward, and we saw no more of him."

This disastrous encounter occurred near the equator, at one thousand miles' distance from land. Provisioned and equipped with whatever they could save from the wreck, twenty men embarked in three slender whale boats, one of which was already crazy and leaky. One boat was never heard of afterwards. The crews of the others suffered every misery that can be conceived, from famine and exposure. In the captain's boat, they drew lots for the privilege of being shot to satisfy the rabid hunger of the rest. After nearly three months, the captain's boat, with two survivors, and the mate's boat with three, were taken up at sea, two thousand miles from the scene of the disaster, by different ships.

There have been other instances of shipwreck, caused by the shock of these leviathans. In 1807, the ship Union of Nantucket, Captain Gardiner, was totally lost between Nantucket and the Azores, by a similar concussion. But no other instance is known, in which the mischief is supposed to have been malignantly designed by the assailant, and the most experienced whalers believe that even in this case the attack was not intentional. Mr. Chase, however, could not be persuaded to think so. He says that all he saw "produced on his mind the impression of decided and calculating mischief" on the part of this maddened leviathan.

The whaler sometimes roams for months without finding his prey; but he is buoyed up by the expectation of finally reaping the profits of a great voyage. To some minds, the pursuit of such gigantic game has a tinge of the romantic. There must be a thrilling excitement in the adventurous chase. 'The blood more stirs to rouse a lion, than to start a hare.' Many become passionately attached to the business, notwithstanding all its privations, and reluctantly leave it at last. They have moments of most pleasing anxiety, and meet with some incidents of the most enlivening cast. On the south-east coast of Africa is Delego Bay, a calm smooth place, frequented by vessels from various parts of the world. In this bay, a few years since, a whale was observed about equally distant from an American and English ship. From both the boats were lowered, manned and pushed off in an instant. They sped with the velocity of the wind. The scene reminds one of the competitors for the prize in Æneas' boat race on the shores of Sicily

'Olli certamine summo
Procumbunt: vastis tremit ictibus ærea puppis,
Substrahiturque solum.'

'Now, one and all they tug amain: They row
At the full stretch, and shake the brazen prow,
The sea beneath them sinks.'

The English at first ahead, perceiving their rivals gaining upon them, bore wide off to keep them out of the reach of the whale. When the two boats were nearly abreast, one of the American sailors leaped from his seat, and with extraordinary agility hurled the ponderous harpoon over the English boat,—it struck the monster in the vital part,—the English boat shrunk back under the warp,—the waves were crimsoned with blood,—and the American took possession, while the whole bay echoed and re-echoed with repeated shouts of applause.

Our sealers have been equally adventurous in their explorations. A few years since, two Russian discovery ships came in sight of a groupe of cold inhospitable islands in the Antarctic Ocean. The commander imagined himself a discoverer, and doubtless was prepared, with drawn sword, and with the flag of his sovereign flying over his head, to take possession in the name of the Czar. At this time he was becalmed in a dense fog. Judge of his surprise, when the fog cleared away, to see a little sealing sloop from Connecticut, as quietly riding between his ships, as if lying in the waters of Long Island sound. He learned from the captain, that the islands were already well known, and that he had just returned from exploring the shores of a new land at the south; upon which the Russian gave vent to an expression too harsh to be repeated, but sufficiently significant of his opinion of Amertcan enterprise. After the captain of the sloop, he named the discovery "Palmer's land," in which the Americans acquiesced, and by this name it appears to be designated on all the recently published Russian and English charts.

From the Providence Journal.

THE EXETER MASSACRE.

We have never before been in possession of many of the circumstances attendant upon this diabolical outrage. Of all the butcheries that have been committed by the greatest monsters single handed, we have never heard of any that in any degree compared with this, in atrocity and rashness. We are now able to give to our readers, a full history of this affair, as derived from the physician under whose attention and skillful management all the poor mangled sufferers are rapidly recovering.

Four or five weeks before this melancholy event occurred, the wretch who was the author of it, called at the house of Mr. Reynolds, whose family he afterwards attempted to destroy, and solicited and obtained lodgings for the night. At this time, in reply to the inquiries of the family, he said that he had been at work on the Canton Rail Road, where but a short time previously he had buried his wife, and that he was then on his way to the South part of the State, in pursuit of employment. Mrs. Reynolds understood him in his Irish accent, that his name was Burke or Dirk. He could then have had no conceivable motive to misrepresent, and probably ingeniously told truth that may hereafter lead to his apprehension. After having been absent a few days he returned dissatisfied, as he represented, with the price of labor on the Stonington Rail Road, and that he could do better where he was before. He came along at this time, in the morning, and while at Mr. Reynold's house, saw him receive some money, for some barrels he had sold, and probably, at the same time discovered a considerable quantity of money in Mr. Reynold's pocket book, which he looked over while making change. After eating his breakfast, he passed on to the north, and was not seen afterwards for about three or four weeks, when on the 12th of December he returned to the neighborhood, at about half past 3 in the afternoon, where he loitered around till about 7 o'clock, in the evening, when he again solicited the hospitality of this unsuspecting family. He retired to bed before any of the family, and left his light burning, till the two young men, who slept in the same chamber, went up to bed and put it out.

Between 12 and 1 o'clock, Mrs. Reynolds was awakened by a noise in the chamber, and roused her husband to ascertain the cause.—He called from the kitchen several times, "what is the matter above?" but received no reply. Soon, however, this stranger approached him, bent up in an attitude of great distress, and putting his left hand around him commenced plunging his knife into Mr. Reynold's abdomen. All Mr. Reynolds' efforts were exerted to hold him off, and in the midst of the struggle, Mrs. Reynolds ran through the kitchen out of the door. While standing at the door, she looked in to see what was the fate of her husband when the villain, leaving his former prey, rushed upon her, seized her by the arm and twice buried his reeking knife, up to his very knuckles in her breast. Supposing that he had dispatched her, he ran across the kitchen to the bed room of the daughter, about 16 or 17 years of age, who was crying "murder" and while opening her door, her father, all wounded as he was, crowded by him and received into his own breast, stab after stab, that had been designed for her. She immediately fled to a neighboring house, and gave alarm. Her mother also fled from the hand of the assassin, to a factory near by, where, having told her story, she fainted away. From both of these places assistance came too late to secure the murderer. After Mr. Reynolds had extricated himself from the assault in the bedroom, he ran out doors to the wood pile, bleeding at numerous wounds, to get a club and return to the conflict with the desperate and undaunted fiend. The horrible creature had in the mean time fled, and has not yet been overtaken. It is supposed that he was seen in Providence the next day, and in which direction he went from here, if indeed he was here at all, is entirely unknown. Both the young men in the chamber, the youngest of whom is about 14 years old, were badly injured by blows upon the head from an axe, and the head and arm of the youngest was most dangerously fractured.

This cold blooded monster must have delibe-

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