Assembly can be carried into effect only by my concurring in the declaration of opinions, which, as already remarked, I not only do not entertain, but the opposite of which I have earnestly asserted and maintained, I do not deceive myself, I trust, in supposing that there is no principle of obligation or propriety on which I could be expected or required to do an act involving equal violence to character and conscience. I have thought it, on the contrary, more consistent with the wishes and intention of the General Assembly, as well as with my own character, to resign into their hands, as I now respectfully do, the office of Senator of Virginia in the Congress of the United States, which has been, and would have continued to be, my highest pride to hold, so long as I could do so with honor.

To this communication, I beg leave to add the expression of the dutiful and distinguished consideration with which I am,

Your fellow citizen and most obedient servant,

W. C. RIVES.

EASTON, MD.

TUESDAY, MARCH 4, 1834.

The National Intelligencer says that the Senate spent nearly the whole of Thursday's sitting with closed doors. It is understood that the subject of their deliberatons was the nominations of Government Directors of the Bank of the United States, and that the deliberations resulted in the rejection of four of the persons nominated, and who have heretofore served in the capacity, namely, H. D. Gilpin, John T. Sullivan, Peter Wager, and Hugh McElderry.

Mr. J. A. Bayard, the fifth person nominated to the Senate, was confirmed some time since

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

The packet ship New York, brings London papers to the 5th January. They contain but little intelligence of interest.

The new Philadelphia packet ship Kensington, is lost on the coast of England; she is ensured in New York for $40,000.

Parliament would be notified to meet on the 4th Feb.

Lander, the African traveller, has reached Liverpool, from Fernando Po. He is in excellent health, after his perilous expedition into the interior of Africa.

The King of Naples and the Pope of Rome persist in not acknowledging the rights of Donna Isabella.

On the 21st of Dec. a corps of the Queen's troops, under Gen. Baron del Solar Espinosa, were repulsed with great slaughter by 1900 Carlists at Guernica, (Biscay,) under Zavala. Two hundred of the royal guard were slain; the line had 80 killed and 120 wounded. The affairs of Spain are extremely unsettled.

The Glasgow Herald, speaking of the prospect of war between England and Russia, enters its protest against it, and among other reasons for its opposition, assigns the following:

Should we go to war with Russia, there is too much reason to apprehend that hostilities between this country and the United States will be the consequence. It is understood that in contemplation of the probability of a war with Great Britain (who would blockade his Baltic ports,) the emperor of Russia has made arrangements with the Americans, by which they are to carry the whole of the Russian produce intended for foreign markets, in their ships; and hence will arise the old contest as to neutral bottoms making neutral goods, and being exempt from the right of search, which discussion will most probably lead us into a war with the United States.

The London Courier of Dec. 24, says "We have some reasons for believing, that the misunderstandings between this country and Russia is likely to be adjusted.

From the Baltimore American of Saturday.

LATE AND IMPORTANT FROM SPAIN.

The editors of the New York Daily Advertiser are indebted to the late Governor Cabrera, now an exile in that city, for the following highly interesting intelligence, received from his respectable correspondents at Cadiz, under date of 22d Jan. by the brig Herald which arrived at Boston on Monday last, having sailed on the 22d, the date of the letters, and which are from the most authentic sources.

The dates from Madrid are to the 17th of January, nine days later than those received by the latest arrival, viz: the Francis Depau, from England.

On the 16th of January, a most daring and deep-rooted conspiracy of the Carlist party was discovered. The plan was to destroy the Queen Regent, her two daughters, the infant Don Francis, his wife and all his children—in fact, to destroy all the Royal Family. Many of the most distinguished persons, of all ranks, had been arrested and thrown into prison.

The Liberals became so indignant at the conduct of the Premier, Zea Bermudez, and his fellow ministers—by whose negligence the conspiracy had been so near being accomplished—that they repaired to the house of Zea Bermudez on the night of the 16th, for the purpose of destroying him; but being unable to find him, they vented their rage by destroying all the furniture and valuables.

The excitement was so great that the Queen Regent changed her government at once, by removing all her Ministers except Zarco Del Valle of the War Department. Martinez de la Rosa is appointed Premier, in the place of Zea Bermudez; Gareli is called to the Department of Justice; Vasquez Figueroa, Minister of Marine; and Aranadale to the Finance Department.

Nearly all the Captains-General of the various Provinces have addressed the most energetic representations to the Queen, requiring a representive government, and demanding the immediate assembling of the Cortes. A new state of things had taken place; the Liberals were again in power; and exiles from foreign countries were returning to the land of their nativity.

From the New York Gazette.

LATEST FROM EUROPE.

Our news boat proceeded yesterday into the bay and again boarded the packet ship Francis Depau, Captain Robinson, through whose politeness we have received the London Courier of Monday evening, January 20. It contains but little in addition to the accounts published by this vessel yesterday.

Earl Grey had not resigned as previously stated.

Paris journals of the 18th, contain reports that Marquis de las Armarillas will be called upon to form a new administration in Spain, and will be enabled by possessing a seat in the Council of Regency, to give unity to the system of Government which the opposition of the Council of the Ministers has sometimes destroyed.

The French 74 gun ship Superb has been lost in the Archipelago.

Storms are stated to have been very violent in the Mediterranean.

Letters from Madrid state that the Queen has intimated an intention to apply for the assistance of France.

The report of Don Miguel's being seriously ill is contradicted. His sister the infant Donna Maria is stated to be dead.

LONDON, January 20—12 o'clock.—Two packets have arrived from Lisbon, bringing dates to the 14th inst. Accounts are decidedly favorable to the Constitutionalists, both with regard to the present condition of the contending armies, and likewise the prospect of an immediate settlement of party differences which have so long existed amongst the Courtiers of Lisbon. Some movements of an important and active nature were expected shortly to be made against Santarem, where much discontent and sickness existed.

Letters from Paris of Saturday, do not show any variations of consequence in the funds.

Our own money market is much more firm this morning, the reports of the last four days, relative to a change in the Ministry having completely subsided.—Foreign Securities are also rather higher.

LATEST FROM THE PACIFIC.

Intelligence has been received at New Bedford from Lima, to the 10th, and Payta to the 26th of November, and from Guyaquil to the 21st January, from which we learn that a revolution had broken out in the latter place and that Signor Vicente Rocafeuerta was placed at the head of the government with about 1000 troops placed under the command of Generals Mena and Flores. The President of the Equador was besieging the city and many of the inhabitants who had been banished from it had arrived at Payta.

A counter revolution is said to have more recently taken place, instigated by Gen. Mena, who had been shot by order of Signor Rocafeuerta.

The disturbances in Peru had not terminated. Col. Salavero entered Truxillo in October with 300 troops and deposed all the authorities, but the Prefect soon after collected a like number and retook the city. Col. Salavero escaped.

President Gamara had returned from the interior to Lima with his troops.

From the Baltimore American.

The Report of the Joint Committee of our Legislature, on the disputed Boundary Line between this State and Virginia, is very harshly treated by the Richmond Whig of Thursday last. The comments do not touch the merits of the controversy, farther than to reiterate the opinion, that the arguments in favor of the claim of Virginia, are "irresistible." The grounds of complaint, severely uttered, against the report of the Maryland committee, relate to those passages in which resentment is expressed against the 'arrogance' of Virginia, in closing the door of negotiation, "without having denied one single fact" contained in the report and resolutions of Maryland duly transmitted to them; and "without any argument to confute or overturn any one of our positions."

This alleged disrespect, the editor of the Whig peremptorily denies, in terms of invective against the committee for asserting it. He asserts, on the contrary, that a report on the disputed boundary was made to the Virginia Legislature in the session of 1832—33, by Charles James Faulkner, as Commissioner; that it reviewed the controversy in an argument which has been pronounced by Chief Justice Marshall to be irresistible, and that it has been transmitted to the government of Maryland.

The principal allegations of the Whig editor are undeniable. On referring to the files of the American, we find, that at the opening of the Virginia Legislature, in December, 1832, the receipt of the Maryland resolutions is acknowledged in the Message of Governor Floyd, and a detailed account given of the measures adopted by the Executive to sustain the claim of Virginia. Among these measures is the appointment of a Commissioner,—C. J. Faulkner, Esq.,—the result of whose researches and investigations was also communicated in the form of a report. Search had been made for a particular document, but without success. The Governor added, the report "clearly shows that our (the Virginia) right to the territory in question, can be sustained in a parliamentary manner, even if we finally fail to obtain the desired document."

The report here spoken of was transmitted to us, and an abstract of its 'arguments,' with a list of the documents appended to it, was given in the American of December 28th, 1832, occupying a column. The substance of his conclusions, adverse to the Maryland claim, is, that the "first fountain" of the Potomac, "the point in dispute," was settled by the decision of the King in Council, on the report of the Commissioners appointed on behalf of the Crown and Lord Fairfax, in 1785, to be on the North Branch of the Potomac; that the long acquiescence of Maryland, and the subsequent recognition of the present boundary have settled the question; and that, in fact, waiving all these legal and adjudicated rights, the north branch of the Potomac is in fact the principal stream, and the only one entitled to the name; and that if it were an original question, the claim of Virginia to her present limits would be unquestionable."

It is but common justice to a sister state, to recapitulate these facts. Virginia has disputed the facts, and attempted to confute the arguments of Maryland, but whether 'irresistably' or not, is the very point in question. Maryland thinks otherwise, and desires to go into the Supreme Court of the United States to determine it—not with so much confidence now, perhaps, since the Whig affirms that the Chief Justice has decided against us in advance.

To what particular neglect, the Joint Committee in this State referred, in their report, to justify the charge against Virginia of standing mute, we are not apprised. It may be true that the report of the Virginia Commissioner is not, in terms, a reply to the Maryland report. It is probable that the Virginia argument arose out of independent legislation of their own, and is not, strictly speaking, responsible to ours; but it was subsequently made, and is, in fact, an answer. The omissions of mere form ought not to be captiously regarded. There are no means within our reach to enable us to ascertain whether the Virginia report was in fact officially received by our executive. The Whig asserts that it was transmitted. Here is perhaps another oversight in form—but the report was a matter of such notoriety, that an omission of this kind will hardly be pleaded as a sufficient apology for ignorance of existence. Discourtesy, it might be assumed to be, but not a refusal to answer.

Altogether, our Committee evidently spoke hastily. They were right in their conclusions that Virginia will not negotiate with us on what we consider equal terms, but we do not see the arrogance of manner and obstinate contempt of remonstrances which they charge with such ardor.

We had laid aside the following article for publication last Tuesday; it was then crowded out, and afterwards overlooked in making up the matter for Saturday's publication.

From the Philadelphian.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH IN WEST CHESTER, PA.—A new, handsome, Presbyterian Church edifice, was opened for worship in the borough of West Chester, Pa. on the 5th of January, by the Rev. WILLIAM A. STEVENS, through whose instrumentality, by the blessing of God, a congregation has been collected in that flourishing village. On Friday the 10th, a committee from the New Castle Presbyterry, consisting of the Rev. Messrs. Robert Graham, James Magraw, D. D., W. A. Stevens, and William Finney, with Messrs. J. W. Cunningham and Robert Ralston, elders, met in the new house of worship for the purpose of duly organizing a Presbyterian Church. The organization took place on the 11th. Messrs. Stephen Harris, M. D., Thomas Hutchinson, Robert Ralston, Charles Sink, Henry Fleming, and P. Frazer Smith, were elected Ruling Elders. The communicants received were 19 on certificate from other churches, and 32 on examination and profession of faith. On the Sabbath, the 12th, 14 adults were baptised, and on the same day about 70 professors of the religion of Jesus united in commemorating his death in the Lord's Supper. Religious exercises were continued in the church, in the morning, afternoon and evening of each day, from the 10th until the 15th, inclusive. In addition to the ministers of the committee, above named, the Rev. A. Judson, J. M. Dickson, Wm. T. Sprole and the editor, assisted in conducting the exercises of this first protracted meeting in West Chester, which, we feel confident has already been recorded in heaven, and will not be forgotten there through the ages of eternity.—Among the persons already received to the full communion of this newly organized church, were several who were of Quaker origin and education, and Mr. William Everhart, the only saved passenger from the wreck of the ship Albion. He seems to have been miraculously preserved, and we trust for great good to the church of God. There is evidently a good work of grace progressing in West Chester; and another goodly accession is anticipated by the church at its second communion session.

Alabama Controversy.—The Mobile Register of the 8th instant states, upon authority "that leaves no room to doubt of its correctness," that expresses have been received by Governor Gayle, informing him that the United States' officers have commenced, or are about commencing the removal of the white settlers on the Creek reservations. The expresses are charged to solicit the Governor's aid for the protection of the occupants, in their posession of those lands. The Governor is said to have replied, that "the General Government are right in compelling these removals, and that he will furnish no aid whatever to those who might attempt resistance."

The operation of the orders of the Marshal, which at first directed the removal of all intruders upon the *Creek lands*, has been limited to intruders upon the Indian reservations, which is we believe, all the change of circumstances which has produced so marked a change in the Governor's course and opinions. In the event that the removal is ordered, the State Executive will not interpose to obstruct the execution of the Treaty.

There is, moreover, strong reason to think that the express was premature, and the apprehensions of the settlers, of immediate expulsion, are unfounded. The Marshal gave notice some time since, that no further measure would be taken until the first of March.

From the Baltimore American of Saturday.

BALTIMORE PRODUCE PRICES.

Feb. 28, 1834.

Wheat, no quotations	
Corn white,	50 a 52
do. yellow,	50 a 52
Oats,	31 a 32
Clover Seed	4 25 a 4 50
Timothy do.	3 00

MARRIED

On the 18th of February, in Augusta, Georgia, at the Unitarian Church, EDWARD H. BARRETT, merchant, formerly of Easton, Md. to Miss MARY ANN, daughter of John Sharpe, Esq. of Augusta, Georgia.

DIED

At the residence of his brother, John Mullikin, in this county, on Monday the 24th ult. *Samuel Mullikin*, in the 44th year of his age, after a long and painful illness, which he bore with great fortitude.

A Teacher Wanted,

TO take charge of the district school in Greensborough, from 1st April to the end of the year; applications will be received until the 30th day of March, at which day an election will be held. None need apply except well recommended.

march 4 3t

NOTICE.

THE subscriber gives notice to all persons interested, that it is necessary that business in his hands should be promptly closed, as he is determined that his securities shall not suffer by any delay.

He also wishes to call attention to the notice of Joshua M. Faulkner, Esq. by which it will be, seen, that all his business as late Sheriff, is placed in the subscriber's hands, for settlement, and the TENTH of the present month is fixed as the time by which it must be closed. Those who wish to avoid further cost and trouble will, it is expected, attend to this notice—those who neglect must abide the consequences.

JOS. GRAHAM, Shff.

march 4 tf

THE THOROUGH BRED HORSE

UPTON,

five years old the twenty-fourth of next June.

A bay, with black mane, tail and legs, upwards of fifteen hands high—will stand the ensuing season at Easton and the Trappe alternately.

May Day (the sire of Upton,) was got by Virginian, his dam by Florizel, his grand dam by Dare Devil, g. g. dam by Shark, his g. g. g. dam by Apollo, out of the imported mare Jenny Cameron. Upton's dam, Jessie, was got by Telegraph, (the sire of Bachelor's dam) his grand dam Lady of the Lake, (the dam of Maryland Eclipse) by Hickory, his g. g. dam Maid of the Oaks, by Spread Eagle.—Upton will cover at a reduced price, that will place his services within the reach of all who wish to improve their breed of horses—particulars hereafter in handbills.

E. N. HAMBLETON,
TENCH TILGHMAN.

march 4

Maryland Eclipse.

The thorough bred horse, Maryland Eclipse is now at his stand in Easton, and will be in Centreville on Monday the tenth of March inst., where he will remain a week, and then alternately, at Easton and Centreville, a week at each place during the season. He will be let to mares at the sum of twenty dollars the season, fifteen dollars the single leap, and thirty dollars to insure with foal, and fifty cents to the groom. The single leap payable before the mare goes to the horse—the season at its close, and the insurance as soon as it is ascertained the mare is in foal, or she is parted with.

ECLIPSE is a dark chesnut sorrel, near 16 hands high, and possesses great strength and beauty; his colts are remarkably large, and fine, and these upon the turf, give evidence of great speed. One of his colts bred by the proprietor, and sold to a gentleman in New York, proved to be a successful racer, running her mile in 1 minute 51 seconds both heats, and beating four others with ease.

He is the sire of Mr. Dorsey's Ann Page, the winner of the great sweepstakes, over the Central Course last Fall, beating four others—(the colts of American Eclipse, Sir Archie, Tonson and Gohanna.) For a particular description of Eclipse—his pedigree, and performances, &c. see handbill.

JAMES SEWALL.

march 4

Those wishing to breed from Maryland Eclipse, will leave their names with William K. Lambdin, Easton.

To be drawn March the 8th, 1834, THE VIRGINIA LOTTERY, Class No. 5

SPLENDID SCHEME.

100 prizes of $1000

Capital prizes	$20,000	100 prizes of	$1,000
1	10,000	16	500
1	5,000	56	100
1	3,000	56	80

Tickets $10—Halves $5—Quarters $2,50—Eights $1,25.

Also the Literature Lottery Class No. 11, draws March 13th, 1834.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$10,000	6 prizes of	$300
1	3,000	20	200
1	1,460	30	150
5	1,000	50	100
6	400	82	40

Tickets $3—Halves 1 50—quarters 75 cts. at the Lucky Lottery Office of

P. SACKET,
mar 4 Easton, Md.

WAS committed to the Jail of Baltimore city and county, on the 16th day of February, 1834, by Henry W. Gray, Esq. a Justice of the Peace in and for the city of Baltimore, as a runaway, a negro man, who calls himself LEVIN DOUGLASS, or JOB KNOCK, says he belongs to Mr. George Corbin, living near Horn Town, Eastern Shore, Virginia. Said negro man is about 20 years of age, 5 feet 5 1-4 inches high, has a scar on his left arm, near the elbow, caused by a fall from a horse. Had on when committed a black worsted roundabout, drab country cloth pantaloons, red flannel shirt, coarse shoes and old black fur hat. The owner (if any) of the above described negro man, is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

D. W. HUDSON, Warden
Baltimore city and county Jail.

march 4 3w

WAS committed to the Jail of Baltimore city and county, on the 11th day of February, 1834, by William A. Shæffer, Esq., a Justice of the Peace, in and for the city of Baltimore, as a runaway, a mulatto man who calls himself JOHN JOHNSON, says he was born free, and was raised by Joseph Gray, Caroline county, Eastern Shore Maryland. Said mulatto man is about 23 years of age, 5 feet 7 1-2 inches high, has a scar on the left side of his nose caused by a cut, a small scar on the left hand near the wrist, a scar on the top of his right foot, caused by the cut of an axe. Had on when committed, a pair of drab country cloth pantaloons, red flannel shirt, old guernsey frock, blue, red and white Scotch cap, and pair of coarse shoes. The owner (if any) of the above described mulatto man, is requested to come forward prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

D. W. HUDSON, Warden.
Baltimore city and county Jail.

march 4 3w

For Rent,

And possession given immediately, the two story framed dwelling house on Washington street, recently occupied by John Meconekin, dec'd.

P. F. THOMAS, Admr.

feb 18

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court, of Talbot county, will be exposed to public sale, on TUESDAY the 4th of March next, at the late residence of John Meconekin, dec'd. in the town of Easton, the balance of the personal estate of said deceased; consisting of household and kitchen furniture; two Hearses with harness, one nearly new, a House and Lot on Harrison street, with the appertenances, subject to ground rent, &c. &c.

Terms of Sale.—On all sums over five dollars, six months credit, the purchaser or purchasers, giving notes with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale—all sums of and under five dollars, CASH, previous to the removal of the property.—Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, and attendance by

P. F. THOMAS, Adm'r.

The Centreville Times & Cambridge Chronicle, will copy the above until the day of sale, and forward their accounts to the administrator.

feb22

NOTICE is requested to be given, that a FAIR will be held in Easton, about the last of May next ensuing, to aid in procuring funds to build a Church at St. Michaels River ferry, on the N. West side of the river, upon a site recently given for the same—and all ladies disposed to contribute to its success, are most respectfully invited to give their aid.

feb 22

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

ARE NOW TO BE HAD AT THE

COACH, GIG & HARNESS

MANUFACTORY

OF

ANDERSON & HOPKINS

In the town of Easton, Talbot county, Md.

THE subscribers take this method of returning their grateful acknowledgments to the gentlemen of Talbot and the adjacent counties, for their liberal patronage, since they commenced the above business; and beg leave to inform them, and the public generally, that they have now on hand,

A SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT OF ARTICLES IN THEIR LINE,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

8 NEW GIGS,

price from 180 to 300 dollars, of various patterns and finish:—also SIX second hand ditto, of various prices; and TWO good

SULKEYS,

one of them is hung on Six Steel Springs; and a

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

NEW HARNESS,

all of which will be disposed of on moderate terms, for cash or good paper, and liberal prices given for old Carriages in exchange.

They have under way a first rate Coachee, and a number of Gigs, in an unfinished state, which can be finished at the shortest notice, and to any particular directions, according to order.

THEY HAVE ALSO A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

MATERIALS,

in their line, of every description, from which by the assistance of the best workmen, and their own knowledge of the business, they are persuaded they can finish off as handsome and substantial Coachees, Barouches, Gigs, &c. &c. as any establishment in the State. All kinds of repairs done in a neat and durable manner, and steel springs of every description made and repaired, all of which will be done at the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

The public's obedient servants,

ANDERSON & HOPKINS.

N. B. A. & H., have also for sale, a large and superior turning LATHE and TOOLS, which can be bought low. Two boys of good steady habits, from 13 to 15 years of age, will be taken as apprentices, the one at the woodwork, and the other at the trimming branch of the business. Letters addressed to Anderson and Hopkins, Easton, Talbot county, Md., specifying the kind of carriages wanted, will be promptly attended to, and the carriage brought to their own door.

feb 18 3m A. & H.

MORE NEW FALL GOODS

WILLSON & TAYLOR

Have again returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, and have just opened a great variety of very

HANDSOME GOODS,

which added to their former supplies renders their assortment very extensive and complete.

Consisting in part as follows:

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Valencia, Silk and Swansdown vesting, Flannels, Baize, Rose and Point Blankets, 3 4 and 6 4 English Merinos, new style Calicoes, Ginghams, 4-4 and 8 4 black, white and Scarlet Merino Shawls, handsome Thibet and Valencia Shawls, Lustrings Gro de Swiss and Gro de Naples Silk a very splendid assortment; Woollen and Cotton Hosiery, &c. &c. &c.

—*ALSO*—

Groceries, Liquors. Wines and Teas, Hardware and Cutlery, China, Glass & Queensware &c.

all of which will be disposed of on the most reasonable terms for cash or in exchange for Feathers, Lindsey and Kersey. Their friends and the public generally are invited to give them an early call.

dec 21

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Talbot county, will meet at the Court-House in Easton, on TUESDAY the eleventh of March instant, at 10 o'clock, A. M. for the purpose of appointing Overseers of roads and Constables. Applicants for the office of constable, will please make their applications as early in the morning as practicable.

THOS. C. NICOLS, Clk.
to the Commissioners for Talbot county.

march 1

CLOVER SEED.

THE subscribers have this day received an additional supply of *CLOVER SEED* of prime quality, which they will sell low.

ALSO,—Spades, Shovels, Hoes, &c.

WM. H. & P. GROOME.

march 1 3t

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a Decree of Talbot county Court, sitting as a Court of Equity, the subscriber will offer at public sale to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House in the Town of Easton, on TUESDAY the twenty-fifth day of March next, between the hours of 12 o'clock, M. and 4 o'clock, P. M. all that tract or plantation of land, on which Thomas Bowdle now resides, beautifully situated on Choptank river, immediately opposite the Town of Cambridge, usually known by the name of "Akers' Ferry;" the same being part of the real estate of the late William Jenkins, deceased. This farm contains one hundred and eighteen acres and one-half of an acre of land, more or less, and rents at this time for $425 per annum. The improvements on this property are excellent, consisting of a commodious and

comfortable dwelling house, and good out houses, which taken in connexion with the advantages of the situation, render this farm one of the most desirable in the county. The ferry contributes greatly to the value of this property, being a much frequented thorough-fare between the two counties of Talbot and Dorchester. The proprietor can have the privilege of supplying horses and carriages for the conveyance of passengers. The mail also passes twice a week over this ferry throughout the year.

The terms of sale will be a credit of six months on one-third of the purchase money, a credit of twelve months on another third of the purchase money and a credit of eighteen months on the remaining third of the purchase money, with legal interest on the whole from the day of sale. The purchaser will be entitled to a proportionate part of the rent for 1834, to be computed from the day of sale. Bonds with good and approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale and payable at the above periods, will be required. Upon the payment of the whole purchase money and the interest, a full and complete title, free and discharged from all claim of the widow's dower, will be given.

S. HAMBLETON, Jr. Trustee.

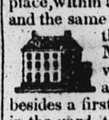
feb 1

CHANCERY SALE.

BY authority of a decree of the High Court of Chancery, I will expose at auction, at the Court House door, in the town of Denton, on SATURDAY, the 15th March next, between the hours of two and four, P. M. the plantation in Caroline county, whereof Major John Mitchell died entitled. This property, I understand, is very valuable. The entire tract contains about

THREE HUNDRED ACRES,

a fair proportion of which is covered with wood and timber, with the arable land well divided into fields. The soil is represented to be very kind, adapted to the growth of wheat, corn, &c. and remarkable for its productiveness. This farm is beautifully situated, adjacent to the lands of Messrs. Orrell, Hardcastle, Talbot and others, (a healthy and pleasant vicinity,) lying directly on the public road leading from Denton (the metropolis of the county) to Greensborough, about equidistant (4 1-2 miles) to either place, within a mile and a half of Choptank river, and the same distance from a grist-mill. On



this property there is an excellent Mansion House, in good condition, with substantial out-houses; and, to add to its many other advantages, besides a first rate well of water, immediately in the yard, there is (what is always considered a great desideratum) a never-failing stream near the buildings, affording a supply for stock, &c.

I cheerfully invite those who are disposed to purchase, to examine the premises themselves, as it is believed they will bear the most critical inspection.

The terms of sale are one-third of the purchase money to be paid on the day of sale, (or on the ratification thereof,) one other third in six months, and the remaining third in twelve months from the day of sale, with interest on each instalment from the day of sale, to be secured by bond with approved security.

The Trustee hereby gives notice to the creditors of the said John Mitchell, to exhibit their claims, with the necessary vouchers thereof, to the chancery office, within four months from the day of sale.

JAMES A. STEWART, Trustee.

Cambridge, feb. 22—25 3w

The Easton Gazette and Whig will publish the above once a week till sale, and charge the Cambridge Chronicle office.

Schooner Wrightson.

THE EASTON AND BALTIMORE PACKET

SCHOONER WRIGHTSON,

GEORGE W. PARROTT, Master,

WILL commence her regular trips between the two places, on WEDNESDAY morning next, 26th of February—leaving Easton at 9 o'clock. Returning will leave Baltimore on SATURDAY morning following at the same hour, and will continue to sail regularly on those days, until superseded by my new packet now building and in a state of considerable forwardness. Thankful for past favors, every exertion will continue to be made both by the captain and myself, to deserve a continuance of the same.

SAMUEL H. BENNY,
Easton Point.

Freight intended for the Wrightson can be left at my granary at the Point; and all orders left at the Drug store of Messrs. Thomas H. Dawson & Son, will be promptly attended to

feb 25 3w (G) S. H. B.

READ THIS NOTICE!!!

THE subscriber's time having expired as Sheriff of Talbot county, he has legally authorised JOSEPH GRAHAM, Esq., the present Sheriff, to close his present business for him, which remains unsettled, both on executions and fees. This business must be closed, hurtful as it may be to all parties concerned; but if the plaintiffs do not countermand executions, heretofore in my hands, and pay the Sheriff's costs and release him, on or before the 10TH OF MARCH NEXT, no excuse can be made to prevent advertisements from appearing in the papers and elsewhere.

It is unnecessary to say more on account of the fees, than that further indulgence will not be given, as all persons delinquent already know the fees have been long since due.

J. M. FAULKNER, Late Sheriff.

February 11, 1834. G tf

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