call for the previous question, that a decision might be produced without debate.

The Speaker explained that the previous question must cut off this and all other amendments.

Mr. Jones went into a constitutional argument against the allowance, and proposed that each member should purchase one or more copies of the book, which in his opinion, would be the most constitutional way that the House could reward the meritorious services for which it was made.

Mr. Schley adverted to the refusal on the part of the old confederation to grant to Congress the power of rewarding discoveries in science. He was therefore compelled to oppose it on constitutional grounds.

Mr. Hardin justified the allowance, on the ground of expense incurred by Surgeon Beaumont, which was to produce results beneficial to the public generally.

Mr. J. Q. Adams objected to the mode and form by which the allowance was proposed. It appeared to have come up upon a memorial presented to the other branch, the Senate, and which had by that body been referred to the Joint Library Committee. He reminded gentlemen although he was not opposed to the claim, if presented in another shape, that it was the peculiar province of the House to originate all bills making appropriations for money. He had no constitutional objections to the power of congress granting rewards for discoveries in science but he thought they ought to be only granted upon memorials presented to the House, and which being referred by them to a committee to report, the House would be in a situation fairly to decide upon their merits.

The question on concurrence with the committee of the Whole in the amendment, was taken by yeas and nays, and decided in the negative; yeas 55, nay 129.

The question being on concurrence with the amendment reducing the appropriation for works and barracks at Fort Gibson, Arkansas, from twenty-five to five thousand dollars.

Mr. Sevier opposed the amendment, objecting strongly to the maintenance of the post within the limits of the Indian territory.

Mr. H. Everett said that the amendment only went to prevent the extension of the works at Fort Gibson. All that it decided was, that we should not erect permanent works at Fort Gibson; not saying where a permanent post shall be established. So far the amendment aided the object of the gentleman from Arkansas, and he was surprised at his objecting to it.

The House concurred in the amendment.

Mr. Sevier moved to strike out the section, as amended, from the bill, and insert in lieu thereof an appropriation of ten thousand dollars to establish a military post at Fort Smith, on the Arkansas line. The motion was rejected.

The other amendments reported from the Committee of the Whole were severally concurred in without debate.

The question being on the engrossment of the bill,

Mr. Jones of Gorgia, moved to add a provision to the bill restricting the application of the sums guaranted for the erection and repairs of barracks to the purchase of materials necessary to be used.

Mr. Jones said his object was to reduce the expense of these buildings by making it necessary for the soldiers to do the work themselves.

The motion was rejected.

The bill was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading.

On motion of Mr. J. Q. Adams, the use of the Hall, on Tuesday evening was granted to the members of the bar of the Supreme Court, for the purpose of hearing an Eulogium on the late WILLIAM WIRT.

The House then adjourned.

EASTON, MD.

SATURDAY, MARCH 22, 1834.

The case fairly stated.—The Report of the Committee appointed by the Merchants, Traders, Mechanics and others of N. York, which we this morning publish, we think fairly traces out the true causes of the present commercial distress of the country. All the arguments of Mr. Clay and Mr. Webster, and their adherents, in and out of Congress, to prove that it is attributable to the removal of the deposites, are completely exploded by this plain and simple exposition, and scattered to the winds. The Committee cannot fail, we think, to convince every unprejudiced man, who will take the trouble to examine the report, that the country is indebted for its present difficulties, to the Bank of the United States and not to the President.

We are indebted to our friend, Mr. P. W. GROOME, for the Baltimore Republican and Washington Globe of Wednesday.

VIRGINIA ELECTION.—We learn from the Globe of Thursday morning, that Mr. J. W. BOULDIN, has been elected to supply the vacancy in Congress occasioned by the death of Judge Bouldin, in the district formerly represented by Mr. Randolph, by a majority of between 300 and 400 votes over Mr. Beverly Tucker.

RENEWAL OF THE BANK CHARTER.—Mr. Webster, on Tuesday last, submitted his plan for alleviating the public distress, and restoring tranquillity to the commercial community, and we here insert it:—

RECHARTER OF THE BANK.

Mr. Webster then rose to introduce the bill, of which he had given notice, and which is as follows:

A BILL to continue, for the term of six years, the act entitled "An Act to incorporate the subscribers to the Bank of the United States."

Be it enacted, &c. That the act entitled "An Act to incorporate the subscribers to the Bank of the United States," approved on the tenth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, shall continue in full force and effect for the term of six years, from and after the period therein limited for its expiration, to wit: the third day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six; and that all the rights, interests, properties, powers, and privileges secured by the same act, with all the rules, conditions, restrictions, and duties therein prescribed and imposed, be and remain after the said third day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, during the said six years, as if the said limitation in the said act, had not been made; *Provided*, nevertheless, that so much of the said act as declares that no other Bank shall be established by any future law of the United States, during, the continuance of the Corporation thereby created, shall not be continued by this act; but that it shall be lawful for Congress, whenever it shall see fit, to establish any other Bank, to come into existence and operation at any time, on or after the fourth day of March, one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That all public moneys accruing to the United States, and becoming payable from and after the passage of this act, in places where the said Bank, or any of its offices, is established, shall be deposited in the Bank of the United States and its Offices as heretofore; *Provided*, that, at any time after this act shall have been accepted, Congress may, by law or joint resolution, cause such moneys to be withdrawn and removed to any other custody or place of deposite.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That, in consideration of the benefits and privileges conferred by this act, the said Bank shall pay to the United States the annuity or yearly sum of two hundred thousand dollars, which said sum shall be paid, by the said Bank, on the 4th day March, in each and every year, during the said term of six years.

Sec 4. *And be it further enacted*, That Congress may provide by law, that the said Bank shall be restrained, at any time after the third day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six, from making, issuing, or keeping in circulation, any notes or bills of said Bank, or any of its offices, of a less sum or denomination than twenty dollars.

Sec. 5. *And be it further enated*, That, at any time or times within the last three years of the existence of said corporation, as continued by this act, it shall be lawful for the President and Directors to divide among the several stockholders thereof, such portions of the capital stock of the said corporation as they may have withdrawn from active use, and may judge proper so to divide.

Sec. 6 *And be it further enacted*, That so much of any act or acts of Congress, heretofore passed and now in force, supplementary to, or in any wise connected with, the said original act of incorporation, approved on the tenth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixteen, as is not inconsistent with this act, shall be continued in full force and effect during the said six years, after the third day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and thirty-six.

Sec. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the President and Directors of the said Bank, on or before the first day of the next session of Congress, to signify to the President of the United States their acceptance, on behalf of the Bank of the United States, of the terms and conditions in this act contained, and if they shall fail to do so on or before the day above mentioned, then this act shall cease to be in force.

Previous to the introduction of the bill, Mr. Webster addressed the Senate at some length, expounding the situation of the country, the opinions of the Committee, and his own views, in the presentation of this measure. The report of this speech is necessarily postponed.

Mr. Leigh then gave the reasons which would compel him to vote against the prolongation of the charter of this Bank, or the charter of a new one; at the same time he threw out an idea that a condttion of things might be developed which would change the views both of the State of Virginia and himself on the subject of the Bank.

SELECTED ITEMS

Fatal Accident—Loss of Lives.—On Tuesday the 4th inst. six men were engaged in navigating a flat boat, laden with stone coal, down the Yougheogany river, in Pennsylvania. On approaching the Little Falls, Fayette county, it was discovered that the boat was not in the middle of the shute, which is very narrow and very rapid. Their fate seemed as inevitable as it was appalling. Consternation and dismay overwhelmed the party. One or two abandoned the boat and made for the shore. The others remained in mute despair, and were carried over the falls with the boat, which turned sidewise in its passage, and was capsized and sunk with its contents. Four were drowned, and two got to shore with great difficulty.

Very late from Tampico.—We are indebted to captain Miner, of the schooner Rob Roy, for a Tampico paper of Feb. 20th. The government, it is said, has invited the revolutionists who still have arms in their hands, to go and colonize Texas.

Tacambero, Jan. 27. The assassin, Canalizo, has at length entered this town with a small body of cavalry. The atrocities he has committed all along his route, are horrible. Forced contributions, and every kind of violence, will make his memory execrable for ages. The people have risen in mass, armed with clubs and stones, to revenge these outrages, and the consequence is, that the assassin Canalizo has retired with some loss.

A bill is now pending before the New York Legislature for the abolition of Capital Punishment.

A writer in Frazer's Magazine, after noticing the difficulties under which people labour in obtaining a faithful distribution of their property after death, suggests the following novel remedy: "I propose," says he, "that a public executive be appointed under the sanction of government; that an office be opened, and a sufficient number of clerks employed to transact the business of a public executorship, on such terms as may pay the expenses of the establishment; with which may be usefully connected a court of arbitration which should settle all questions of dispute between claimants who were willing to sign a consent to that effect without going into the interminable court of chancery."

The N. York Star says, All pensions granted under the act of Jan. 7, 1832, are now payable at the Mechanics' Bank, and those previously granted are paid as usual at the United States Bank.

A strip of gum elastic applied to any joint affected with the rheumatism, has been found in all cases an infallible remedy, says the Lebanon Republican. The prescription is simple enough to warrant an experiment.

Governor Davis, of Massachusetts, has appointed Thursday the 3d of April next, as a day of general thanksgiving and prayer.

A gold mine, recently discovered in Buckingham county, Va. is said to excel in richness any previously known in this country. The owner, in one day, with six or seven hands, raised upwards of two thousand dollars worth of ore. A letter published in the Richmond Whig describes rocks taken at random out of the pit, to average from 250 to $300; a bushel of selected pieces, "and not a few of them," yield from *nine hundred to eleven hundred* dollars the bushel. The mine is about eight miles south east of Buckingham Court House.

SMALL POX.—The ship Cashmere arrived on Monday at Boston from Plymouth, England. While at that port, John Pearce, of N. Yarmouth, and Vincent Lewis, of Kentucky, died of the small pox. Edward Dowdy, of N. Carolina, Oliver Dodge, of Gloucester, Mass. and William Pittfield, of Burlington, N. J. were left sick.

From the New York Evening Star.

FROM EUROPE.

The ship Caledonian, Capt. Graham, arrived last night from Liverpool, bringing dates to the 2nd February, and from London to the 1st. They furnish no later intelligence from Spain or Portugal.

The British Parliament were to meet on the 4th of February. The subjects of church reform, poor laws of Ireland, corporation reform, &c. would be the first to present themselves to the consideratidn of this body.

The Admiral of the Viceroy of Egypt had deserted and joined the Grand Seignor, and was with his vessel at Constantinople.

The difficulties which were threatened in consequence of the designs of Russia on Turkey, had entirely subsided.

The Duke of Wellington had been thrown from his horse while riding near Strathfieldsay: The editor of a Liverpool paper says, his grace was thrown from his horse, which afterwards struck him on his forehead, but his grace's skull being uncommonly thick, we rejoice to add that he sustained no injury.

A Royal Bankrupt.—King William, of Holland, is Bankrupt! He has caused a protest to be made against the sale of his wines, not recognising the validity of the sequestration. The sale, however, was proceeded with.

A great famine was raging at Madras at the last dates, and the wretched inhabitants were flying in all directions.

The wind at Portsmouth shifted on the 29th of Jan., and nearly 300 vessels left the Roads for Sea. The London Mercantile Journal, of the 28th of Jan. says: "Saturday was the 104th day, in which we have not been without rain for 24 hours together, in London, a circumstance which has not occurred for 100 years."

On the 31st January, the River Thames overflowed its banks, by which the cellars in the neighborhood were overflowed, and an immense quantity of perishable articles were destroyed. The granary keepers on the banks were great sufferers.

A commercial treaty between Prussia and Russia, had been attempted, and when all things were thought to be definitely settled, the Autocrat receded from the negociation.

Bernadotte, King of Sweeden, it is now distinctly understood, removed the French Consul from his dominion, on account of improper conduct to one of the ladies of the Court.

A sort of Colonization of several parts of Asia, it is said, will be undertaken by the Ottoman Government.

The cholera was committing the most extensive rages in several parts of India.

KANDAHOR.—A heavy shower of æreolites fell lately in this city; owing to the weight of the shower the roof of many houses fell in, and others were perforated. Zelfekar Aly Khan, the son of Olimala, having (although forbidden by his parents) gone to the court yard of their house to gather some of these pebbles, which were very round and smooth, was killed by the fall of one of these fiery meteors, which struck him with such violence on the head as to fracture his skull into three pieces. The flash which accompanied the stroke was so vivid, that it dazzled the eye of those sitting in the balcony of the house. The stone was found to weigh three seers, and many of the stones weighed upwards of two seers. This phenomenon was succeeded by so dense a fog, that the rays of the sun could not be perceived for the three days that it lasted.

LONDON, Jan. 30.—The Dutch papers of the 25th January, state that the Conference in London cannot be resumed until the consent of the German Confederation can be obtained to the session of Luxumburg. In the mean time all eyes in Holland are turned on the Prince of Orange's journey to St. Petersburg, and he cannot be expected back before March, and until that period no event of importance is looked for, and the result of the Vienna Conference will, probably, only be known in April, at the meeting of the States General.

The Journal de Smyrne of the 15th ultimo, contains dates from Alexandria to the 24th Nov. At that time the Viceroy of Egypt was still at Cairo, pushing with great activity the preparations for his expedition against the Hedjaz. These forces will amount to 16,000 men; and although it was at first understood that they were to be commanded by Achmed Pacha, the War minister, it is now said that they will be headed by Abbas Pacha, the grandson of Mehemet Ali. The interest which he takes in this enterprise has induced his highness to delay for the present his intended journey to Upper Egypt. The works of the naval arsenal at Alexandria do not appear to be relaxed; and the maintenance of a formidable sea force seems still to be an object of the Egyptian Government. The exportation of all sorts of grain continues to be prohibited, and considering the wants of the army and the scantiness of the harvest there is no probability of its being taken off.

A writer in the *New York American* makes the following suggestion to the stockholders in the *United States Bank:*

"*What*, then does this institution owe to the Government? A *parchment*—a *form of words*—called a *charter*! Does this charter guarantee the Government support—the Government patronage? On the contrary, at this moment, it is made the pretence of embittered hostility. *What, then, does this charter accomplish?* Here is the great question. *Of what use is this charter?* Simply, and no more than this—*it enables the Corporation to transact business, to sue and be sued, in its corporate name.* Nothing more under heaven.—*Without a charter*, any *two* persons may form a *corporation* for *banking*, and so may *two thousand*, or *ten thousand!* Any partnership may establish agencies, in *two* cities, or in *two hundred*. Any partnership of men may make *promissory notes*, payable on demand, of five thousand dollars, or of *five*, to whomsoever will receive them: Any partnership may *discount paper* or *lend money* on interest. Any partnership may constitute an attorney to sign its notes, to give its discharges, or to conduct its suits. A POWER OF ATTORNEY IS as good as a CHARTER! A PARTNERSHIP, *with like funds, composed of like parties, and under like management is as good as a* BANK!

What, *then*, can you do? The President has declared—has sworn—that you will have no recharter. Declare, in return, *that you will do without one.* Do you doubt your patnership *credit?* Examine its present basis. Speak boldly. Proclaim, that on the expiration of your present charter, you will resolve yourselves into a Banking partnership, and continue your business in its whole extent; that you will establish agencies for exchanges and loans in every city in the Union; that you will constitute Nicholas Biddle, or any body else, your Attorney to sign notes, conduct suits, and transact business in general. Do this, and my word for it, no body can prevent you. No body will distrust you! Do this to-morrow and you restore mercantile credit in a week."

The editor of the New York *Evening Star*, (Major NOAH,) approves of the scheme:

"There is no law in Pennsylvania (says he) to prevent the present concerns of that institution being carried on precisely on the same principle as *Stephen Girard* established and carried on with undoubted success *his* banking establishment; and no law can constitutionally pass in any State, which shall deprive a citizen of his right to accept the agency or attorneyship of that Bank. Let this proposition be seriously considered, and if there are no insurmountable objections to it, we should say the question is settled. The Bank will continue its business as long as public confidence is resposed in it.

Fatal Accident.—A new Orleans paper contains the following account of a fatal accident occasioned by intemperance:

"A man named Joseph Hyger was killed yesterday by one named Jean Jacque Hubert, both Germans. The particulars as we learn them are these: Hubert had a hair-trigger rifle in his hand, which was loaded; and Hyger was seated at a table opposite to him; the former levelled the rifle and said he would fire, the later replied, fire; and no sooner was the word out of his mouth than the piece went off, and the ball entered Hyger's head, right between the eyes. Hubert was in liquor, which, with the fact of the rifle having a hair-trigger, accounts for the deed. Those who were present are of opinion that it was an accident.

MARRIED

On Tuesday last, by the Rev. Mr. Storks, Mr. SOLOMON S. HOPKINS, to Miss HESTER ANN, eldest daughter of the late James Seth, Esq. all of this county.

RELIGIOUS NOTICE.

A quarterly meeting will be held in the Methodist Protestant Church in this town, on Saturday and Sunday, the 22d and 23d instant, to which the public are invited.

It is hoped every member of the Quarterly Conference, together with the electors of Delegates to the Annual Conference, if practicable, will be in attendance on Saturday morning.

STEAM BOAT NOTICE.

THE STEAM BOAT

GOVERNOR WOLCOTT,

Captain William Virdin,

WILL leave Baltimore every THURSDAY morning at 9 o'clock for Rockhall, Corsica and Chestertown, commencing on the 27th inst.—Returning will leave Chestertown on every FRIDAY morning at 8 o'clock, Corsica at 10 o'clock, and Rockhall at 12 o'clock, noon.

The WOLCOTT has been much improved since last season in every respect, and the proprietors solicit for her a share of public patronage.

WM. OWEN, Agent.

march 22

Sold at the Easton Lottery office on last Saturday combination 6 48 54 a prize of $150 in the Virginia State Lottery, Class No. 5—Drawn numbers 58 16 6 54 15 22 60 48 50 37 12.

To be drawn on March 25th 1834, the Maryland State Lottery, Class 6.

MAMMOTH SCHEME.

50 prizes of $1000 & 110 prizes of $500.

Capital prize		$30,000	60 prizes of	$1,000
1	of	12,000	110	500
1	"	8,000	128	100
1	"	6,000	128	80
1	"	3,000	128	60

No prize less than $12—Tickets $10—Shares in proportion.

Also the Virginia State Lottery, Class No. 6, draws March 29th 1834.

SCHEME.

1 prize of	$20,000	20 prizes of	$1000
1	6,000	20	500
1	5,000	20	300
1	3,000	100	100
1	1,140	128	50

No two numbers draw less than a $20 prize—Tickets $5—Shares in proportion at the Lottery office of

P. SACKET, Easton, Md.

march 22

NOTICE.

The full bred horse SWEEPER DARE DEVIL, will stand the ensuing season, at Centreville and Head of Chester; to commence on the 21st March at Centreville, and continue the season out at the above named places, alternate weeks at each. His pedigree will be seen in hand-bills.

The season will commence on Friday 21st March, and end on the 20th June.

—*TERMS*—

Sweeper Dare Devil, will be let to mares at ten dollars the Spring's chance, but if paid before the close of the season dollars will discharge the claim. Fifteen dollars to ensure a mare with foal, to be paid as soon as ascertained to be with foal, or property parted with with. Five dollars the single leap.—Twenty five cents to the groom in each case.

ROGER ADAMS.

march 22 tf

WAS committed to the Jail of Baltimore city and county, on the 1st day of March, 1834, by Joseph Shane, Esq., a Justice of the Peace in and for the City of Baltimore, as a runaway, a negro woman, who calls herself SALLY DORSEY; says she was born free, and was raised by Mrs. Deborah Stahler, living in Montgomery County, near Mr. Caleb Bently's. Said negro is about 18 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches high, has a scar over both eyes and across the nose, also a small scar on the right hand, caused by burns, has a large mouth, and down look when spoken to. Had on when committed, an old dark calico frock, blue cotton handkerchief on her neck, and yellow cotton handkerchief on her head, and an old pair of shoes.

The owner (if any) of the above described negro woman, is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.

D. W. HUDSON, Warden,
Balt. City and County Jail.

march 22 3w.

AGRICULTURAL NOTICE.

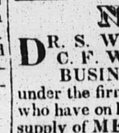
The Trustees of the Maryland Agricultural Society for the Eastern Shore will hold their next meeting at Plinhimmon, the residence of Tench Tilghman, on THURSDAY the 27th inst. at 11 o'clock, A.M. A punctual attendance of the members is particularly requested.

M. GOLDSBOROUGH, Sec'ry.

March 18.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a Decree of Talbot county Court, sitting as a Court of Equity, the subscriber will offer at public sale to the highest bidder, at the front door of the Court House in the Town of Easton, on TUESDAY the twenty-fifth day of March next, between the hours of 12 o'clock, M. and 4 o'clock, P. M all that tract or plantation of land, on which Thomas Bowdle now resides, beautifully situated on Choptank river, immediately opposite the Town of Cambridge, usually known by the name of "Akers' Ferry;" the same being part of the real estate of the late William Jenkins, deceased. This farm contains one hundred and eighteen acres and one-half of an acre of land, more or less, and rents at this time for $425 per annum. The improvements on this property are excellent, consisting of a commodious and comfortable dwelling house, and good out houses, which taken in connexion with the advantages of the situation, render this farm one of the most desirable in the county. The ferry contributes greatly to the value of this property, being a much frequented thorough-fare between the two counties of Talbot and Dorchester. The proprietor can have the privilege of supplying horses and carriages for the conveyance of passengers. The mail also passes twice a week over this ferry throughout the year.



The terms of sale will be a credit of six months on one-third of the purchase money, a credit of twelve months on another third of the purchase money and a credit of eighteen months on the remaining third of the purchase money, with legal interest on the whole from the day of sale. The purchaser will be entitled to a proportionate part of the rent for 1834, to be computed from the day of sale. Bonds with good and approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale and payable at the above periods, will be required. Upon the payment of the whole purchase money and the interest, a full and complete title, free and discharged from all claim of the widow's dower, will be given.

S. HAMBLETON, Jr. Trustee.

feb 1

50 verysuperior MULES, at *AUCTION*, *in Baltimore, on* SATURDAY, *March 29th instant, at 10 o'clock.*

THE place of sale will be Owens' (late Barnum's) Stables, in North street.

The drove is now on the way from the West. The animals are very large and full blood; and possibly at no time, in this country, has an opportunity offered to the farmer, or such as want for their own use, to select from so fine a collection as this.

Sale positive. Terms at sale.

H. W. BOOL, Jr. Auct'r.

for all kinds of Real, Personal and other property.

march 18 3t

NEW FIRM.

DR. S. W. SPENCER, having associated C. F. WILLIS with him in the DRUG BUSINESS, it will now be conducted under the firm of SPENCER & WILLIS; who have on hand and intend keeping a FULL supply of MEDICINE, DRUGS, PAINTS, OILS, &c.

Dr. S. W. SPENCER, having the utmost confidence in the integrity, and capacity of Mr. WILLIS, will now attend exclusively to the practice of his profession. His office is in front of his father's dwelling, opposite J. M. Faulkner's Hotel.

January 1st, 1839. Jy 7

READ THIS NOTICE!!!

THE subscriber's time having expired as Sheriff of Talbot county, he has legally authorised JOSEPH GRAHAM, Esq., the present Sheriff, to close his present business for him, which remains unsettled, both on executions and fees. This business must be closed, hurtful as it may be to all parties concerned; but if the plaintiffs do not countermand executions, heretofore in my hands, and pay the Sheriff's costs and release him, on or before the 10TH OF MARCH NEXT, no excuse can be made to prevent advertisements from appearing in the papers and elsewhere.

It is unnecessary to say more on account of the fees, than that further indulgence will not be given, as all persons delinquent already know the fees have been long since due.

J. M. FAULKNER, Late Sheriff

February 11, 1834. G ft

NOTICE.

THE annual meeting of the Female Bible Society of Talbot county, will be held in the Church at Easton, on TUESDAY the 25th, if the weather permit the attendance of the distant members, if not on the next favorable day.

The Rev. Mr. NICOLS, will address the society, and its members are therefore particularly requested to attend. But the Managers respectfully invite all who may feel an interest in their proceedings to honor the anniversary by their presence. The Church will be open at 11 o'clock.

march 15

MILLINERY.

Mrs. A. M. FAULKNER,

HAVING concluded to resume the business of Millinery and Mantua-Making in the house heretofore conducted by her sister, Miss Mary Brown, and having engaged Miss Jackson and her sister Miss E. Brown, in whom she places implicit confidence, flatters herself, and assures her former customers and the Ladies of this and the adjacent counties, that she will receive the FASHIONS regularly from Philadelphia and Baltimore, in season; and nothing on her part shall be wanting to please those who may think proper to patronize her.

feb 1

NOTICE.

THE subscriber gives notice to all persons interested, that it is necessary that business in his hands should be promptly closed, as he is determined that his securities shall not suffer by any delay.

He also wishes to call attention to the notice of Joshua M. Faulkner, Esq. by which it will be, seen, that all his business as late Sheriff, is placed in the subscriber's hands, for settlement, and the TENTH of the present month is fixed as the time by which it must be closed. Those who wish to avoid further cost and trouble will, it is expected, attend to this notice—those who neglect must abide the consequences.

JOS. GRAHAM, Shff.

march 4 tf

NOTICE.

THE appointment of Constables for Talbot county is necessarily postponed until TUESDAY the 25th instant, in consequence of there not being a board of commissioners on Tuesday last.

THOS. C. NICOLS, Clk.
to the Commissioners for T. C.

march 15

Great Bargains! Great Bargains!

ARE NOW TO BE HAD AT THE

COACH, GIG & HARNESS

MANUFACTORY

OF

ANDERSON & HOPKINS

In the town of Easton, Talbot county, Md.

THE subscribers take this method of returning their grateful acknowledgments to the gentlemen of Talbot and the adjacent counties, for their liberal patronage, since they commenced the above business; and beg leave to inform them, and the public generally, that they have now on hand,

A SUPERIOR ASSORTMENT OF ARTICLES IN THEIR LINE,

CONSISTING IN PART OF

8 NEW GIGS,

price from 180 to 300 dollars, of various patterns and finish:—also SIX second hand ditto, of various prices; and TWO good

SULKEYS,

one of them is hung on Six Steel Springs; and a

SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

NEW HARNESS,

all of which will be disposed of on moderate terms, for cash or good paper, and liberal prices given for old Carriages in exchange.

They have under way a first rate Coachee, and a number of Gigs, in an unfinished state, which can be finished at the shortest notice, and to any particular directions, according to order.

THEY HAVE ALSO A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

MATERIALS,

in their line, of every description, from which by the assistance of the best workmen, and their own knowledge of the business, they are persuaded they can finish off as handsome and substantial Coachees, Barouches, Gigs, &c. &c. as any establishment in the State. All kinds of repairs done in a neat and durable manner, and steel springs of every description made and repaired, all of which will be done at the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

The public's obedient servants,

ANDERSON & HOPKINS.

N. B. A. & H., have also for sale, a large and superior turning LATHE and TOOLS, which can be bought low. Two boys of good steady habits, from 13 to 15 years of age, will be taken as apprentices, the one at the woodwork, and the other at the trimming branch of the business. Letters addressed to Anderson and Hopkins, Easton, Talbot county, Md., specifying the kind of carriages wanted, will be promptly attended to, and the carriage brought to their own door.

feb 18 3m A. & H.

THE THOROUGHBRED HORSE

UPTON,

five years old the twenty-fourth of next June.

A bay, with black mane, tail and legs, upwards of fifteen hands high—will stand the ensuing season at Easton and the Trappe alternately.

May Day (the sire of Upton,) was got by Virginian, his dam by Florizel, his grand dam by Dare Devil, g. g. dam by Shark, his g. g. g. dam by Apollo, out of the imported mare Jenny Cameron. Upton's dam, Jessie, was got by Telegraph, (the sire of Bachelor's dam) his grand dam Lady of the Lake, (the dam of Maryland Eclipse) by Hickory, his g. g. dam Maid of the Oaks, by Spread Eagle.—Upton will cover at a reduced price, that will place his services within the reach of all who wish to improve their breed of horses—particulars hereafter in handbills.

E. N. HAMBLETON,
TENCH TILGHMAN.

march 4

NARRAGANSET HORSE.

The splendid Nankeen coloured Narraganset Horse will stand, the ensuing season, at Easton and the Trappe.

N. B. He is the sire of J. W. Jenkins', Edward Eartin's and Ennalls Martin's horses, to whom reference is made for the quality of his colts.

Talbot county, dec 28 tf

Maryland Eclipse.

The thorough bred horse, Maryland Eclipse is now at his stand in Easton, and will be in Centreville on Monday the tenth of March inst., where he will remain a week, and then alternately, at Easton and Centreville, a week at each place during the season. He will be let to mares at the sum of twenty dollars the season, fifteen dollars the single leap, and thirty dollars to insure with foal, and fifty cents to the groom. The single leap payable before the mare goes to the horse—the season at its close, and the insurance as soon as it is ascertained the mare is in foal, or she is parted with.

ECLIPSE is a dark chesnut sorrel, near 16 hands high, and possesses great strength and beauty; his colts are remarkably large, and fine, and these upon the turf, give evidence of great speed. One of his colts bred by the proprietor, and sold to a gentleman in New York, proved to be a successful racer, running her mile in 1 minute 51 seconds both heats, and beating four others with ease.

He is the sire of Mr. Dorsey's Ann Page, the winner of the great sweepstakes, over the Central Course last Fall, beating four others—(the colts of American Eclipse, Sir Archie, Tonson and Gohanna.) For a particular description of Eclipse—his pedigree, and performances, &c. see handbill.

JAMES SEWALL.

march 4

Those wishing to breed from Maryland Eclipse, will leave their names with William K. Lambdin, Easton.

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