John Catmp Jr

EASTERN-SHORE WHIG AND PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE.

VOL. VI.---No. 50. EASTON, MD.---TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 22, 1834. WHOLE No. 330

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED EVERY
TUESDAY & SATURDAY MORNING
(during the Session of Congress,)
and every TUESDAY MORNING, the residue of the year—BY
EDWARD MULLIKIN,
PUBLISHER OF THE LAWS OF THE UNION.

THE TERMS
Are THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM, payable half yearly in advance.

No subscription discontinued until all arrearages are settled, without the approbation of the publisher.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding a square, inserted THREE TIMES FOR ONE DOLLAR, and twenty five cents for each subsequent insertion—larger advertisements in proportion.

CASH!

I WISH to purchase a number of Likely SERVANTS (slaves) of both sexes, from about 12 to 25 years of age, of good habits.—They are for two gentlemen, (citizens of this State) for their own individual use, and not for speculation. I can give the most unquestionable satisfaction as to that, from one of the best houses in this city. Persons wishing to part with their Slaves, will do well to call or communicate with me, as I will give, at all times, the highest prices, in cash.

JOHN BUSK,
Office, opposite the Exchange, South Gay street, Baltimore.
dec 3 6mo*

THE UNION TAVERN

EASTON, MARYLAND.

JOSHUA M. PAULKNER,

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to inform his friends and the public in general, that he has taken the above named property in Easton, Talbot county, Md., known as the "UNION TAVERN," on the corner of Washington and Goldsborough streets, immediately opposite the Bank, adjoining the office of John Leeds Kerr, nearly opposite to that of Wm Hayward, Jr. and directly that of Wm. R. Price, Esq. This house is situate in the most fashionable and pleasant part of the town, within a few paces of the Court House; and a market (I cannot hesitate to say,) equal, if not superior, to any of a like population in this State—he is also gratified in assuring the public, that he has advantages this tavern never before had, viz. A comfortable dwelling adjoining not heretofore attached to the property, and all the property is about to go through a thorough repair; which will enable him to entertain private families, parties or individuals in comfort—he intends keeping in his bar the best of Liquors, and his Table shall be furnished in season with such as the market will afford. He has provided attentive Ostlers and Waiters, and has determined nothing on his part shall be wanting to give satisfaction. His Hacks will run regularly to the Steam Boat Maryland, for the accommodation of passengers, when they can be conveyed to any part of the adjacent county at almost a moment's warning. Regular conveyances can be had from Easton to the principal cities—a four horse stage runs three times a week to Philadelphia via Centreville; the Steam Boat Maryland twice a week to Baltimore, besides other conveyances in the two Easton Packets—so that passengers cannot fail to find an advantage in passing this way. Boarders will be accommodated on liberal terms by the day, week, month or year—he solicits the old customers of the house and the public generally, to call and see him.

oct 1

Collector's Notice.

THE subscriber desirous of completing his collections for 1833, earnestly requests all those who have Taxes to pay, to be prepared to settle the same when called on. The Collector is bound to make payments to those who have claims on the county in a specified time, which is on or about the 20th February next. All persons who shall be found delinquent in settling their Taxes by the above time, will certainly have their property advertised, as I am bound to close the collections without respect to persons.

PHILIP MACKEY,
Collector of Talbot county.
sept 24

A Teacher Wanted,

TO take charge of the district school in Greensborough, from 1st April to the end of the year; applications will be received until the 30th day of March, at which day an election will be held. None need apply except well recommended.

march 4 3t

BURRITT'S
GEOGRAPHY OF THE HEAVENS;

And familiar Class Book of Astronomy,
Accompanied by Colored Engravings, illustrating the Scenery of the Heavens, and the largest of the kind ever published in this country—The Plates of the Atlas, if spread out, would cover a square surface of more than TEN FEET. This work, as now published, contains a greater mass of interesting matter, connected with the study of the heavens, than any other School book extant.

A variety of interesting facts and observations, embracing the latest improvements in the science, were derived directly from the French and English Observatories *expressly* for this Class book, and are not contained in any other. It is now being generally used in the principal Seminaries of New England, and is recommended to schools in general, by members of the Board of Examination of Yale College, as "A work more needed, and which, it is believed, will be more useful, than any other introduced into our Institutions of Learning for a number of years."

Published by F. J. HUNTINGTON, Hartford, Conn.: and
Sold by Collins & Hannay, Jonathan Leavitt, and Roe Lockwood, New York;—O. Steel, Albany;—Desilver, Jun. and Thomas; Marshall, Clark & Co. and Geo. Latimer & Co. Philadelphia;—and Joseph Jewett and James Anderson, Baltimore.—[Price $1 50.]

EXTRA TELEGRAPH.

Feeling that a crisis has arrived, when it becomes the duty of every friend of his country to offer up his prejudices and his personal interests, so far as they are in conflict with the great end of redeeming the Government from the misrule which threatens the overthrow of the best interests of society, and believing that the establishment of some organ of communication, through which the advocates of constitional law can address the public intelligence, at a price within the reach of every citizen, is essential to its accomplishment, the subscriber proposes to publish a *semi-monthly*

EXTRA U. STATES TELEGRAPH.

To consist of sixteen large octavo pages, at the reduced rate of five dollars per annum, for five copies, or at the rate of one dollar and fifty cents per annum, for a single copy.

It is intended to constitute a medium through which the ablest pens may address the people, and all such are invited to contribute. It is especially recommended to the consideration of the State Rights Societies now springing up in every State of the Union, and will embody the leading facts, documents, and arguments, upon which the success of the principles which give them life, depend. In a word, its great end will be to harmonise conflicting opinions, and by promoting a surrender of political prejudice and personal intersts, unite those who disapprove of the manner in which the Government is now administered, in a common effort to rescue the institutions of the country from the destiny which, in the opinion of all intelligent and disinterested persons, otherwise awaits us.

With a view to enable subsequent subscribers to obtain the whole series, the first numbers will be stereotyped, and new editions issued as the subcriptions may be enlarged.

Editors with whom we exchange will do us a favor by noticing this proposition, and all persons who desire its success are requested to obain subscribers.

tAll subscriptions *must* be paid in advance.

The first number will issue as soon as five housand subscribers are obtained.

DUFF GREEN.
march 7, 1834.
Subscriptions received at this office.

FINAL NOTICE.

All persons having claims against the estate of William B. Mullikin, late of Talbot county, deceased, are informed that a dividend of assets will be made in a few days. Such as have failed to render their accounts are requested to hand them in to the Register of Wills, without delay, otherwise they will be excluded.

EDWARD MULLIKIN, Adm'r.
of Wm. B. Mullikin, dec'd.
April 5, 1834.

NOTICE.

THE semi-annual examination of the students of the Parsonage Seminary, will take place at the Parsonage on TUESDAY the 15th inst., commencing at 9 o'clock, A. M. The parents and guardians of the boys, are respectfully invited to attend.

april 5

NOTICE.

THE appointment of Overseers of the roads will be made on TUESDAY the 8th instant.—And the commissioners for Talbot county will meet every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, in each week, for five weeks thereafter to hear appeals.

THOS: C. NICOLS, Clk.
to the commissioners for Talbot county.
april 5

Easton and Baltimore Packet.
SCHOONER
EMILY JANE.

ROBINSON LEONARD, MASTER.

THE subscriber grateful for past favors of his friends and customers, and the public generally, begs leave to inform them that the Schooner EMILY JANE, will commence her regular route between Easton Point and Baltimore, on SUNDAY the 23d instant.—Leaving Easton Point for Baltimore at nine o'clock, in the morning, and returning, leave Baltimore for Easton, on WEDNESDAY the 26th instant; at nine o'clock, in the morning, and continue to leave Easton and Baltimore on the above named days, during the season regularly. The Emily Jane is a substantial built vessel, coppered and copper fastened, and is now in complete order for the reception of freight or passengers. The Emily Jane has been sailing about six months and has proved be a very fine sailer, which is a great advantage to passengers and freighters also. All freights intended for the Emily Jane will be thankfully received at the Granary at Easton Point, or elsewhere, at all times; and all orders left at the Store of Dr. Thomas H. Dawson & Son, or with Robert Leonard, who will attend to all business pertaining to the Packet concern, will be punctually attended to.

The public's obedient servant,
JOSHUA LEONARD.
feb 18

TO RENT
FOR THE YEAR 1834.

That two story brick house on Washington street lately occupied by John Meconekin as a Cabinet Maker's shop.

This house is well calculated for a merchant or mechanic, is in good repair, and the stand is believed to be equal to any in this place for either purpose, being in the thoroughfare between the principal public houses. For terms apply

WM. H. GROOME.
Easton, feb 15 eow4w

WAS committed to the Jail of Baltimore city and county, on the 16th day of February, 1834, by Henry W. Gray, Esq. a Justice of the Peace in and for the city of Balmore, as a runaway, a negro man, who calls himself LEVIN DOUGLASS, or JOB KNOCK, says he belongs to Mr. George Corbin, living near Horn Town, Eastern Shore, Virginia. Said negro man is about 20 years of age, 5 feet 5 1-4 inches high, has a scar on his left arm, near the elbow, caused by a fall from a horse. Had on when committed a black worsted roundabout, drab country cloth pantaloons, red flannel shirt, coarse shoes and old black fur hat. The owner (if any) of the above described negro man, is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

D. W. HUDSON, Warden
Baltimore city and county Jail.
march 4 3w

Administrator's Notice.

THE subscriber having obtained letters of Administration on the personal estate of William Harwood, late of Talbot county, deceased, informs such as are due said estate, that unless they call upon the subscriber and settle with him, or make him satisfaction for the settlement of the same, he will not again call upon them, as he deems this a sufficient notice; therefore if any should neglect to attend to this notice, they must expect to be dealt with as the law directs, as the subscriber intends the law to be his guide in this case, without respect to persons. I certainly shall make my collections as soon as the law will admit me to do so.

HENRY D. HARWOOD, Adm'r.
of Wm. Harwood, dec'd.
Easton, march 25 3w

SPRING GOODS.

Wm. H. & P. Groome

HAVE received in part, their Spring supply of GOODS, among which are a variety of DOMESTIC MUSLINS, PLAIN AND TWIL'D COTTON OSNABURGS, PLAIDS AND STRIPES, BURLAPS, TOW LINENS, COTTON YARNS, &c. &c.

ALSO,
A full supply of HARDWARE, GROCERIES, LIQUORS, &c.
march 25 4t

N. G. SINGLETON,

WILL open school on MONDAY the 3d of February, in the SABBATH SCHOOL ROOM, West street, in which the following branches will be taught, viz: Spelling, Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Grammar and Geography. He solicits the patronage of parents and guardians in Easton and the vicinity, and will use exertions to give satisfaction, by attending stricly to advance the scholars in literature and morality. Terms of tuition—twelve dollars per annum, payable quarterly, and a moderate compensation for fuel.

W. W. HIGGINS

HAS just received from Philadelphia and Baltimore

A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF
SADDLERY,

which he is now opening. Those wishing to purchase will do well to give him an early call.

☞Persons indebted to the subscriber of twelve months or more, and whose accounts have been presented, will confer a favor by making immediate payment. Also those indebted on notes of hand which have been or are now due will please call and take them.

dec 31

BOOKS.

EDWARD MULLIKIN has for sale at his Store at the Post-Office, adjoining Mr. Lowe's Hotel,

Fox's Book of Martyrs
Goodrich's Universal Geography
Newton on the Prophecies
Sturm's Reflections
Milton, Young, Gray, Beattie and Collins' Poems
Sterne's Works
Hemans, Heber, and Pollok's Poems
Byron's Works
Pronouncing Bible
Pronouncing Testament
Prideaux's Connexions of Sacred and Profane History
Watts on the mind
Jay's Lectures
Bible Companion
Malcom's Bible Dictionary
Imitation of Christ, by Thomas a Kempis
Evidences of Christianity, by Alexander, Watson, Jenyns, Leslie and Paley
Baxter's Call to the unconverted
Saints' Rest
Græca Majora
Græca Minora
Cooper's Virgil
Clarke's Cæsar
Clarke's Homer
Smarts' Cicere
Cæsar Delphhini
Horace Delphini
Sallust Delphini
Hutchinson's Xenophon
Allen's Euclid
Griesbach's Greek Testament
Greek Exercises
Anthon's Sallust
Mair's Syntax
Adams' Latin Grammar
Ruddiman's do do
Titi Livii
McIntyre on the Globes
Bonnycastle's Algebra
Polite Learning
Blair's Lectures
Blair's Outlines of Ancient History
Tytler's History
Grimshaw's History of Rome
do do France
do do Greece
do do England
do do United States
Tooke's Pantheon
Adams' Geography & Atlas
Worcester's ditto ditto
Olney's ditto ditto
Wanostrocht's French Grammar
Nugent's French Dictionary
Viri Romæ
Kirkham's Grammar
Murray's Grammar
ditto Reader
Academical Reader
Walker's Dictionary
Comley's Spelling Book
Jess, Pike, Bennett and Gough's Arithmetic
Bartlett's Reader
Pocket Bibles, Hymn Books
And variety of other Books, Paper, Inkpowder, &c. &c.

NOTICE.

BY order of the President, a meeting of the board of managers of the T. C. F. Bible Society, will be held on Wednesday the 23d inst.—Punctual attendance is required.

april 15

P. TRAYSER,

BELL HANGER, (in the employ of John A. Stewart of Baltimore,) NOW IN EASTON,

WILL remain in town for a few days, and will thankfully receive, and punctually attend to any orders in his line of business. He may be seen at Mr. Lowe's Hotel.

april 15 pd.

FOR SALE.

A small farm in Miles River Neck, adjoining the lands of Col. Edward Lloyd and Dr. E. Spedden, called "Wheatland." This farm is beautifully situated on Hunting Creek, (a river abounding with fish and oysters,) the land is of the best quality, and well calculated for wheat or corn—the improvements are, a two story framed house with kitchen, smoke house, stable, barn, &c. The above described farm will be sold low and on accommodating terms.—Apply to A. Graham, or to the subscriber,

JAS. H. BENSON.
april 8

Easton and Baltimore Packet,
BY WAY OF MILES RIVER.
SCHOONER

WILLIAM AND HENRY,

JAMES STEWARD, *Master,*

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the public; that the above fine fast sailing, new and substancially built, copper fastened schooner, is now in complete order for the reception of freight and passengers; having a very commodious cabin, she is well calculated for the accommodation of gentleman and ladies. She will commence running as a regular packet between the above places, and will leave Miles River Ferry on SUNDAY the 23d of March instant, at 9 o'clock, A. M. for Baltimore—returning will leave Light-street wharf, Baltimore, opposite the store of A. B. Harrison, at 9 o'clock, A. M. on the following WEDNESDAY, and will continue to run on the above named days during the season. She will take on board and land passengers at William Townsend's going to and from Baltimore.—All orders left at the Drug Store of Messrs. Spencer & Willis, Easton, or with Mr. James Jorden, at the Ferry, will be strictly attended to. The subscribers, intending to use every exertion to give general satisfaction, solicit the patronage of the public.

WILLIAM TOWNSEND, &
JAMES STEWARD.

N. B. For Capt. James Steward's capacity and attention to business as a commander of a vessel, the public are referred to Messrs. Nicholas Goldsborough, Tench Tilghman, Benjamin Bowdle and John Newnam, of this county.

march 15 (G) tf

BY THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES,
Annapolis, March 15th, 1834.

ORDERED, That the Clerk of the Council cause to be published in two newspapers in the city of Baltimore, in two newspapers in the city of Annapolis, in two newspapers in each county where there are two papers published, and in one paper in each county where but one paper is published, the act, entitled, "An act making it penal to sell a certain description of property under certain circumstances."

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
Annapolis, March 20th, 1834.

IN compliance with the foregoing order, I request the Editors of the following newspapers, viz: the Republican and Gazette, at Annapolis; the Patriot and Chronicle, in Baltimore; the Examiner and Herald, at Frederick; the Torch Light and Herald, at Hagerstown; the Civilian and Advocate, at Cumberland; the Journal and Free Press, at Rockville; the Citizen and Republican, at Bel-Air; the Banner, at Upper Marlborough; the Republican, at Elkton; the Courant, at Port Deposit; the Inquirer, at Chestertown; the Times, at Centreville; the Gazette and Whig, at Easton; the Chronicle, at Cambridge; the Herald, at Princess Anne; and the Messenger, at Snow Hill; to publish the act designated in said order, once a week for three weeks.

THOS. CULBRETH, Clerk
of the Council.

ACT.

An act entitled, an act making it penal to sell a certain description of property, under certain circumstances.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland,* That whenever an action of replevin shall be brought in this State, and the property in dispute shall be any mulatto negro or negro slave, it shall not be lawful for either plaintiff or defendant, or any other person, in whose possession such mulatto, negro, or negro slave shall be, to sell such mulatto, negro, or negro slave, until such action of replevin shall first have been determined; and any sale thus made shall be void, unless an order of the Court authorising such sale be first had and obtained.

SEC. 2. *And be it enacted,* That every person, his, or her councellors, aiders, or abettors, who shall be duly convicted of selling or transporting such mulatto, negro, or negro slave, beyond the limits of this State, before the final decision of said action of replevin, or without an order of the Court as aforesaid, shall be deemed guilty of felony, and shall be sentenced to undergo a confinement in the Penitentiary for a period of time not less than two nor more than ten years, to be treated as the law directs; *Provided nevertheless,* this second section shall not extend to any person or persons, who by the finding of the jury in such action of replevin, shall be determined to be the rightful owner or owners of such mulatto, negro, or negro slave.

BY THE HOUSE OF DELEGATES,
March 15, 1834.

This engrossed bill, the original of which passed this House the 15th March, 1834, was this day read and assented to.

By order,
LOUIS GASSAWAY, Clk.

BY THE SENATE,
March 15, 1834.

This engrossed bill, the original of which passed the Senate the 15th March, 1834, was this day read and assented to.

By order,
JOS. H. NICHOLSON, Clk.
[L. S.] JAMES THOMAS.
April 1 3w

MILLINERY.

Miss CATHARINE JACKSON,

TAKES this method to inform the ladies of this and the adjacent counties, that she intends carrying on the Millinery and Mantua Making, at the house heretofore occupied by Mrs. Ann Maria Faulkner, for that purpose. She hopes the old customers of the house, and the ladies generally, will patronize her, as she is determined to use her utmost endeavors to give general satisfaction.

april 19

POETRY.

EARTH'S WEARY ONES.
By Mrs. Jane E. Locke.

Open the grave, the vaulted grave,
For the weary ones of earth—
They are pressing on, and their bosoms heave,
For the morn of heavenly birth.
They are pressing on—in the mockery
Of joy and hope—they long to die:
They are pressing on, in the strength of power,
And the pride of wealth—they wait the hour.

Ye may trace them in the hall of song,
By the lamp's high flaming light,
Where pipe and tabret their notes prolong,
And jewels are sparkling bright.
In the show of beauty, of mirth and pride,
Light down the mazy dance they glide;
By the pallid cheek 'neath the smiles they wear,
And the smothered sigh, ye may trace them there!

They are deck'd in the ruby's ruddy glow,
And wealth of the far down sea;
And the diamond shines but to mock their wo,
And proclaim the spirit free.
But alas, alas, for the fond hopes crushed,
For the tones of love in the dark tomb hushed,
For affection changed and vows forgot—
Nor gems, nor pearls, can that memory blot.

Raise ye the veil at the festal hour,
From that fair unfurrowed brow;—
A bride—but wo for the bride groom's bower—
The grave ye may open now:—
From the glittering robes of royalty,
Peers the broken heart through the sunken eye;
And the wreath of fame crowns the weary band—
'Mid the honored crowd, the hopeless stand.

Ye may trace them in the house of prayer,
On the lowly bended knee—
With uplifted eye and a brow of care—
The burthened soul to free.
Then open the grave—they are pressing on,
In beauty and youth, but a visage wan,
In festal halls—'neath the laurel's wave.
They are weary of earth—open the grave.

THE MYSTERIOUS ROBBER, OR THE STOLEN WATCH.

The following was related to us a few days since by a gentleman of New York. A singular robbery recently took place in our city, the circumstances connected with which have produced quite a sensation. One of the most respectable physicians of New York who resides in the upper part of Broadway, was, while attending the Italian Opera one evening a few weeks since robbed of his watch. It was a family piece, and had been handed down from father to son for several generations—hence it was prized far beyond its real value.—In order to regain it, if possible, the physician advertised for it in several of the public journals of the day, offering one hundred dollars for its recovery, and "no question to be asked the person who should return it." A few days after the publication of the advertisement, he received a note through the post office, stating that if he should appear in the bar room of the opera house at a certain hour on a designated evening, the watch would be returned. The physician laughed at the note, pronounced it a quiz, but, nevertheless, so anxious was he to gain his watch, that he cherished the faintest hope upon the subject, and determined to attend the opera. Accordingly, at the hour designated, he appeared in the bar room, and after looking round upon the company for a few minutes, without observing any one who seemed desirous of an interview returned into one of the boxes. Still anxious however, he a few minutes after again passed into the bar room. It was comparatively vacant, but he had been there but a few seconds, when a fine, tall, genteelly dressed young man came up to him, and with a sivery voice and affable manner inquired the hour. The physician hesitated a minute, cast an inquisive glance upon the stranger, and observed, with somewhat of irritation, that some scoundrel had a short time before robbed him of his watch.—'Indeed!' coolly replied the stranger and drawing an old fashioned gold watch from his pocket, he held it before the physician, and with a smile observed, "*the true time, I believe, Sir!*"

The physician immediately recognised the stolen watch, and made an effort to grasp it.—The stranger stepped back a few paces, and coolly observed that "he had attended the opera as a *man of honour,* expecting to meet a *man of honour.* You advertised your watch," he continued, "and pledged your honour as a gentleman to reward with one hundred dollars the individual who should return it to you. We meet, therefore, so far as the law is concerned, upon *neutral* ground. Here is your watch, sir. *My* part of the contract is fulfilled, and I appeal to you as a gentleman to perform *yours.*

The physician hesitated—was evidently confused and agitated. After a moment's pause he took the watch, stated that he did not expect to meet the author of the note addressed to him—confessed that he had not provided himself with the money, but pledged his word that if the stranger would accompany him to his residence, the reward should immediately be paid. "Without hesitation," said the stranger, and putting his arm though that of the physician, the two walked out of the opera house and up Broadway to the residence of the latter, who promptly handed the supposed robber a hundred dollar note. He politely bowed and departed.

It is further stated that the physician felt much curiosity to discover the stranger—conversed freely upon the subject with the friends, and indeed endeavored to detect him in every way possible without having recourse to the police office. About a fortnight after the recovery of his watch and on one of the stormiest nights of the season the bell at the physican's door was rung with great violence. It was near midnight—the winds howled and the streets were flooded, the water running above the gutters, and rendering even the side walks almost impassible.

The servant, roused from his sleep, hurried down stairs, opened the door, and ushered an old man into the hall, who in the most pressing and startling manner demanded to be shown to Dr. S. in private. The Doctor was abruptly summoned, and expecting some urgent case, demanded his immediate attention, had hurried down to his study, into which the old man had already been ushered. He immediatly commenced stating a case of extreme distress—said that his wife was subject to temporary fits of madness and had just been seized with a paroxysm of the most violent character. He proceeded to give an account of the history of the case, but before he had entered deeply into details, threw off the cloak in which he was enveloped, and the wig in which he was disguised, and stood before the physician as the stranger of the opera house--the fair faced gentle voiced young man from whom he received his watch. The physician started back with astonishment—the stranger continued, "I have chosen a stormy night for this visit, sir, but however calm my demeanor, youthful my features, or composed my manner, my life is necessarily one of storm. It is now a fortnight since we met, and have *you* redeemed your promise to receive your watch and ask no questions—implying that you sought your *property alone* and not vengeance upon the wretch—I know the meaning of the phrase—who was forced by his accursed destiny to seem a thief? Can you, before God and your conscience, affirm that you have acted a generous part—an honourable part? You cannot—I tell you here in this shawdowy room—at this midnight hour—that you cannot. You have described me—my person—my appearance—my manner to a hundred of your particular friends—have done every thing but visit the office of the police with a detailed account of my person and the whole transaction. You have forfeited your honour, and even now through your *confidential* representations, the ministers of justice—the myrmidons of the police—are eager for my arrest,—are hunting me with the spirit of tigers seeking for a victim. Sir, beware! You provoke a desperate man when you make me your foe. I am no thief—I did not filch from you the watch that I restored to you. Again I say beware. I know you thoroughly and wish you well. But villain as I may be, I may not be hunted down with impunity."

A minute more, and the doctor was alone in his chamber. The young robber is yet at large.—*Philad. Inq.*

BANK OF THE UNITED STATES.
April 8th, 1834.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this day, Mr. Eyre, from the Committee on the Offices, presented the following report, which was read. Whereupon, on motion of Mr. Sergeant, it was unanimously

Resolved, That the said report be approved and published.

Extract from the minutes.
S. JAUDON, Cashier.

The Committee on the Offices deem the close of the first quarter of the year, a proper occasion to present a review of the measures adopted by them in conformity to the instructions of the Board, on the 24th of September, and 21st January.

During the summer of 1833, it became manifest that the Executive of the United States meditated some signal act of hostility to the Bank; and, accordingly, the Board took early measures to provide against it. For this purpose, they began by preventing the increase of business of the Bank—by diminishing the time of the loans, so as to make the funds of the Bank more available, and finally to protect the western offices against a repetition of the effort made during the last year, it is believed from the same quarter, to cause a run upon them.—Accordingly, on the 13th of August, 1833, the Board adopted the following resolutions:

1. Resolved, That for the present, and until the further order of the Board, the amount of "bills discounted," shall not be increased at the Bank and the several offices.

2. Resolved, That the Bills of Exchange purchased at the Bank and all the offices, except the five western offices, shall not have more than ninety days to run.

3. Resolved, That the five western offices be instructed to purchase no Bills of Exchange, except those payable in the Atlantic cities, not having more than ninety days to run—or those which may be received in payment of existing debts to the Bank and the offices, and then not having more than four months to run.

This was the only measure then deemed necessary, the Board being anxious to make the Bank safe, without incommoding the country. So strong was this conviction, and so reluctant was the Board to diminish its business, until it became necessary, that when, on the 16th of August, the government directors offered a resolution "for the gradual reduction of the business of the institution throughout all sections of the country," the Board declined even the consideration of it.

It was not until the 24th of September, that as the indications of an approaching act of aggression were multiplied, the Board, appointed a committee of seven members, "to take into consideration what measures it was necessary and proper should be adopted on the part of the Bank in consequence of the recent intimations that the deposites of the government were to be moved.

The committee, still unwilling to diminish its accommodation to the community, did not advise any curtailment of the loans, but merely followed out the plan adopted on the 13th of August, of keeping the funds of the Bank in a state of activity, and moving them forward gradually to the Atlantic cities, where the Bank was most vulnerable to the Treasury. They therefore, on the 1st of October, prepared resolutions, which were adopted, to the following effect:

1st, To extend their third resolution of the 13th of August from the five Western offices to the offices of Burlington, Utica, Buffalo, Pittsburg, Natchez and New Orleans.

2d. That all the other offices should likewise purchase bills only on the Atlantic cities, New Orleans and Mobile, not having more than 90 days to run.

3d. To increase the rates of buying bills of exchange.

4th. To restrict the receipts of the state bank notes to those in the same place with the offices;—and

5th. To collect the debts due by distant state banks.

Up then to the 1st of October, 1833, no order had been given to curtail the loans. But all who are familiar with our commerce know that during the summer, in the interval between the old and new crop, commercial operations and the loans founded on them subside.—This may be seen in the following statement of the reduction of the business of the bank between the 1st of July and the 1st of October for many successive years. That reduction amounted—

In 1823	to	1,240,436	14
1824	to	2,119,291	31
1825	to	2,131,436	75
1826	to	3,012,258	41
1827	to	2,215,818	61
1828	to	1,473,926	98
1829	to	3,258,080	10
1830	to	2,710,644	14
1831	an increase under the peculiar circumstances of the country during that year		
1832	to	4,722,770	70
1833	to	3,275,694	62

So that without any orders to that purpose, but in the natural course of business, the loans had diminished from the 1st of July to the 1st of October, 1833, $3,275,694 62—a result oc-

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