British Charge has received instructions to offer the mediation of his Government for the adjustment of the French question, and has probably this day made a communication to the Executive upon the subject. The President is understood to be against, and Mr. Van Buren in favor of receiving the proposition."

A gentleman who left Washington yesterday, states that a Cabinet Council on the subject of the proferred mediation of Great Britain was held on Thursday, and that another was to be held yesterday.

☞ A report was current yesterday afternoon said to have been brought by respectable passengers from Washington, that the Executive had acceded to the mediation. France, it was understood, had sanctioned the movement of the British Government.

The New York Post of Thursday afternoon, received by last night's mail, says—

We have just learnt from unquestionable authority, that the Captain of the brig Pantaloon has positively stated that the despatches of which he is the bearer, contained an offer of the mediation of Great Britain to prevent further difficulties with France.

The New York Journal of Commerce, second edition of Thursday, says—

"A letter from a highly respectable gentleman at Norfolk, says that the writer had conversed with Captain Correy, of the British brig of war Pantaloon and also with the British Consul at Norfolk, both of whom say positively that the brig is sent for the purpose of tendering the mediation of England on the object of our differences with France."

CONGRESSIONAL SYNOPSIS

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

IN SENATE.

FEBRUARY 1, 1836

A communication was received from the Solicitor of the Treasury covering expenditures, which had been called for at the last session, concerning the claims of the heirs of Silena Elliott.

A great number of private bills were received this morning from the House of Representatives,—read twice and referred. A joint resolution was also received from the House, to authorize the President of the United States to issue rations to those unfortunate persons who had been driven from their houses by Indian depredations on Florida, &c.; which was passed through its various steps, by the unanimous assent of the Senate.

The committee on Foreign Relations were discharged from the further consideration of the petition of the heirs of the late John Paul Jones, and it was referred to the Secretary of State.

Mr. MANGUM, from the committee on finance reported a bill to repeal a provision in the Tariff act, in pursuance of the memorial of the hardware merchants of Philadelphia, which was read and ordered to a second reading.

Mr. GOLDSBOROUGH offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the President of the United States be requested to communicate to the Senate any information that may be in his possession relative to the origin and causes of the existing war in Florida with the Seminole Indians; and also any other intelligence in relation to the same, that he may have it in his power to give, and may think proper to impart.

This resolution, of course, lies over for consideration.

The special order was then taken up. This was Mr. Calhoun's bill to regulate the deposite of the public money, which was read, when, on motion of

Mr. HUBBARD, the consideration of the bill was postponed until to morrow, and the Senate agreed to take up the unfinished debate on Mr. Benton's resolutions.

Mr. BUCHANAN then roseand spoke in favor of the three millions appropriation of the last session, and in censure of the course by which that appropriation was defeated. He labored to show that the fault of the rejection of our claim on France was attributable to the French King, and not the Chambers of France. He went on to defend the course of the President, which he considered remarkable for its moderation, and to criminate the French Government for their reluctance to do what justice required at their hands. Subsequently he made a reply to Mr. Webster's observations, and objected to the conduct of the Senate in adhering to its disagreement to the appropriation of three millions.

Before he finished the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

MONDAY, February 1, 1836.

The House resumed the consideration of the unfinished business of Monday; being the motion to receive an abolition petition from sundry citizens of Massachusetts, presented by Mr. Cushing.

Mr HAMMOND being entitled to the floor, spoke about two hours, in reply to the remarks of the gentlemen from Massachusetts (Mr. Cushing,) and in opposition to the motion to receive the petition.

Mr. HALSEY moved that the motion of reception be laid on the table, which was agreed to, *nem con.*

The Chair was about to commence calling the States for petitions, when Mr. Williams, of Ky. remarked that a lot of abolition petitions were ready to be presented from the east, and prevent the south and west from presenting their petitions. He moved to reverse the order the call, and commence with Missouri instead of Maine.

The Chair stated that it would require two-thirds and the question being taken was agreed to 115 to 50.

The House commenced at the end of the list, and proceeded to receive petitions and memorials which occupied the day.

Fatal Duel—The Washington Globe states that a letter has been received in that city, giving a brief account of a duel between Samuel Gwin, Esq. an officer of the Land Office in Mississippi, and Isaac Caldwell of that State, formerly a partner of George Poindexter, in the practice of law. From the letter it appears, that at a party given by Governor Lynch, Poindexter had publicly abused Mr. Gwin, which being resented by the latter, Caldwell took the quarrel off of Poindexter's hands. The parties fought, each armed with four pistols, taking their positions thirty paces apart, with the right of advancing. Mr. Gwin advanced, receiving the fire from four of his an agonist's pistols, one ball taking effect in his breast. The wound is considered by his physicians mortal. When Mr. Gwin discharged his third pistol, Mr. Caldwell fell, and soo after expired.

Plays were first acted at Athens, about five hundred and sixty years before our era. Comedy was first attempted; tragedy was introduced twenty years latter. They were introduced into England in 1550, in the time of Henry VIII. They seem to have been adopted by the Athenians, as a resting time for singers. The reverse has since been the object.

For the Whig.

To the Honorable Daniel Webster,
and the Honorable Henry Clay.

Your Petitioners, humbly represent, that they have learned from history, that a certain Thersites of old, instigated by the crafty Ulysses, and other mischievous wights, made sundry assaults upon Ajax, and Dioned, for which he was paid by cuffs and kicks, to the no small amusement of the Grecian camp. Your Petitioners further represent, that they have good cause to suspect, that you, and other gentlemen of the Senate, are now using their Senator Goldsborough, for the same unlawful purpose. Last Session, without provocation, he made an attack upon Senator Benton, from which he retreated, under a severe ribroasting, and early this Session he made another adventure; and like the unfortunate Sancho, has sustained a heavy blanketing.—Your Petitioners beg leave to State, that they have but little interest, and concern, in the mischances, and all-timed adventures of Robert Henry, in his individual capacity, but as Senator of Maryland, the people are wounded thro' his sides, and feel the sting of his strikes, to their great discomfort; they therefore pray, that you, and each of you, and your confederates, may forthwith surcease, by words, or otherwise, to encourage him in acts and doings which tend directly or indirectly, to their humiliation and reproach. In consideration whereof, your Petitioners faithfully promise, if the Anti-masons of Pennsylvania, and the Whigs of Maryland, shall set down the renowned hero of Tippecanoe and raise up you, or either of you, in his place, they will on the day of Election, take into consideration, your merits and deserts, and act therein, as in conscience they may feel bound.

P. and Q. In behalf of People
of Maryland.

[For the Whig.]

SOLUTION

To the Enigma in the Whig of the 26th ult.

Some odd fellow has corresponded with you, for the amusement of my lovely sex. I find he is a greater lover of *ale* than of female beauty, too much of which might plunge him into a place of torment; his language is that of a sheep (*bah*) and should he taste of the bitter herb (aloe) it may make him *bray* like a jack. Should he ever be so unfortunate as to be compelled to serve like Jacob of old, for a *Leah*, his true dandy-style (which is as much detested by the fairer part of creation as his lordship's self) might be fashioned into a moddle more pleasing to us. As he appears to have the commanding card (*ace*) alone in a tottering position, one sweet look from a soft famale eye might make him roll and flutter like a partridge with his head off, and induce him to seek for a rib and cease to be a *Bachelor*.

A Miss in her teens.

Talbot County.

For the Whig

We do not here intend to speak
Of him who wrote the doggerel,
Perhaps he's dead, 'twas ten years back
We first saw Anti-Calomel.

But how this plagiaristic Muse
Could dare this thread-bare tale to tell,
Puzzles a dead Thompsonian's ghoss
And pass as Anti-Calomel.

That is the ruth! and this the age
When Jack daws steal the Peacock's quill!
'Twere better far that such a rage
Were cured by taking Calomel.

And then the Doctors all agree
There's nothing that so certain will
Cleanse the furr'd tongue, bad humors free,
As alt'rative dose of Calomel.

CALOMEL.

DIED,

In this County on the 19th Nov. last, at the residence of her Son-in-law, Josiah Kerby, Mrs. Susan Ann Kirby, relict of Lambert Kirby in the 61st year of her age.

Subscription Ball.

GENTLEMEN favorable to forming a Ball to be held on the 22nd. of the present month (February) are informed that. Subscriptions will be received at the Easton Hotel. It is essentially necessary that they should be at once "up and a doing."

February 6th 3t

For Sale.

3000, cwt. of prime Corn-Blades
Apply at this office.
Easton Jan. 19. 3t (G)

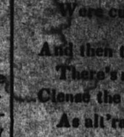
Was Found

Frozen in the Ice on the bay flats near Doct. A. Thomson's on the 18th of December 1835 a BATTEAU about fifteen feet long, painted blue, which the owner can have by proving property, paying for this advertisement, and paying a reasonable compensation to the finder for securing her.

STEPHEN HARRISON.

February 6th 3t

NOTICE.



STRAYED from the subscribers on or about the 1st of August last, a red and white cow with a red calf by her side; the Ear mark is a crop and round hole in each Ear. Also in the fall of 1834 a red and white heifer; no Ear mark. Any person giving information of the above cattle, or either of them, so that the subscribers get them again, will be liberally rewarded.

ANDERSON & HOPKINS.

Feb. 2, 1836. tf (G.)

DEAFNESS.

A York paper sayeth, that a remedy for the restoration of hearing and eyesight is to be had of Doctor Green, Reading, Pa.

It proves effectual when the affliction is caused by nervous weakness, as the remedy gives health and strength to the whole nervous system.

Now—according to the Doctor's practice and principles that

QUEEN OF THE ARS OF PHYSICK, CONSISTS IN KNOWING WHEN NOT TO GIVE IT,

the restoration of hearing is brought about without giving any Physick!—without giving any medicine! as hath been experienced in the editor's own family, as well as in the families of many of his neighbors also. Therefore, and in part return for such great benefits received, we make the above known for the good of our fellow citizens in similar distress.

For a fee of five dollars, assistance is sent—free of postage, for as many as are afflicted in a family including the relative of such family also.

For a fee of ten dollars assistance is sent—free of postage also—for 3 or 4 persons more—in addition—as at times, neighbors, may be, in want of some.

And, in case other sickness besides deafness and loss of eyesight happening, help is sent for such sickness without any charge.

The fee pays for all and every help sent to families from time to time.

This is considered a praiseworthy plan.—And in conclusion, it will, no doubt, be very satisfactory for people to know that the assistance is not to be applied to the ears—nor the eyes.

NOT AT ALL.

Consequently no danger whatever can happen to them—no—none whatever.

And during the time that people are using his assistance at home, and learning how to help themselves to restore and recover their hearing—their eyesight, and their health again,

They can follow their customary business;
They can live as usual;
And they can also eat and drink what tastes best.

The following is an extract of a letter from Mr Baker, to the Printer.

MY FRIEND,

The method of using Doctor Green's remedy is innocent—is easy and performs the cure by strengthening the nerves.—My neighbor Jones' wife thought she would try it too, being along time troubled with weak and sore eyes, together with her deafness, (caused by nervous weakness,) so she sent the customary fee and got some, per mail free of postage, which in a little more than a week made them as good and strong as ever, doing needlework now without spectacle, and now is restored to her eye sight as well as to her hearing.

C. F. BAKER.

N. B. With the remedy the patient receives an instructive and easy way how to preserve health in general, throughout the whole year. This is a great value to families (both to parents and children) and 'tis sent without any charge whatever. It always accompanies the remedy for deafness and eyesight.

Until quite lately people had to go to the Doctor to get help.

This was to them great trouble.

Absence from home and business neglected.

Danger of travelling,

Running the risk of getting sick, from home, which often happened,

Being obliged to stay with the Doctor at times from 1 to 2 or 3 weeks, and sometimes longer.

Generally cost from 20 up to 30, 40, 50 dollars, and sometimes more.

Now—by this new plan of sending help to people, at their homes, all this is saved, and costs so little that 'tis not worth mentioning.

C. F. BAKER.

State of New York, Sept. 10 1835.

Feb. 6 tf

COLLECTOR'S NOTICE.

THE subscriber desirous of closing his collection of the County Tax for the year 1834, by the time specified by law, earnestly requests all those indebted for the same to come forward and settle them with the subscriber or his Deputy on or before the 10th day of February next; as all those that do not settle by the time specified may expect the letter of the law enforced against them without respect to persons, as my duty as an officer will compel me to this course. All those in arrears for County Tax for 1834, are requested to settle them without delay, as further indulgence cannot be given. Persons holding property in the county and residing out of it will please attend to this notice.

The public's obedient servant,
JNO. HARRINGTON, Collector
of Talbot county.

Jan. 2 td

TRUSTEE'S SALE.

BY virtue of a decree of Talbot County Court, sitting as a Court of Chancery, the subscriber will expose to public Sale, to the highest bidder, at the Court House door in Easton, on Tuesday the second day of February, between the hours of three and four o'clock in the afternoon, all that Farm situate on the main Road leading from Easton to Miles River Ferry, supposed to contain eighty four acres of land being part of the tract called "Tilghman's Fortune"; and which lies between the lands of Henry Hollyday, Esq. and the subscriber. By the terms of the Decree a credit of twelve months is given on the purchase money. The purchaser passing his bond with approved security to the Trustee for its payment with interest within twelve months from the day of sale and on the payment of the whole of the purchase money with interest (and not before.) The Trustee is authorized to convey to the purchaser and his heirs by a good and sufficient deed the said Farm free, clear and discharge from all claim of the complainant or the defendant and claiming by, from, or under them or either of them.

WM. HAYWARD Trustee.

Jan. 12 ts.

TEACHERS WANTED.

THE Trustees of School District No. 2 are desirous of employing competent male and female Teachers in this School. Satisfactory testimonials of character and qualifications will be required. Applications in writing post paid may be addressed to either of the Subscribers on or before Tuesday 9th day of Feb'y next.

T. R. LOOCKERMAN,
WM. HUNSEY,
SAM'L ROBERTS, } Trust'e.

N B. The above Trustees are also desirous of receiving proposals for a site for a School House.

Jan. 19 td

CLOCK & WATCH MAKING.



THE subscriber begs leave to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has just returned from Baltimore, with a well selected assortment of

MATERIALS

in his line of business, which added to his former stock, renders his assortment general and complete, all of which will be manufactured at the shortest notice and on the most pleasing terms. The subscriber flatters himself from his experience in his line of business, and his personal attention to the same, that he will be able to give general satisfaction to those who may see proper to give him a trial. He has also on hand

New Watches, Watch Chains,
Seals and Keys, Watch Guards,
Silver Thimbles, Silver Ever Pointed Pencils,
Silver Scissor-hooks, Silver Shields,
Plain Gold Rings, Razors, & Razor Straps,
Shaving and Tooth Brushes, Penknives,
Scissors, Percussion Caps, and a variety of other useful articles, all of which he offers at a small advance for cash. He invites his customers and the public in general, to give him a call, [illegible]ment, and he thinks there is no doubt [illegible] will be induced to purchase.

The subscriber returns his thanks to his customers and the public generally, for the very liberal encouragement he has received at their hands, and still hopes by strict and personal attention to business to receive a portion of the public patronage.

The public's humble servant,
JAMES BENNY.

Jan. 2 tf

N. B. The subscriber must remind those persons whose accounts have been standing over six months, that they must call and settle them by the end of the year, and all those who do not call, will find their accounts placed in the hands of officers for collection.

J. B.

WHEEL RIGHT AND BLACKSMITH SHOP.

JOSEPH COUNCILL, respectfully informs the public that he will carry on all kinds of wood Work, at the shop lately occupied by William Vanderford, senr. All persons wanting work done will please call, and every attention will be paid to its dispatch and neatness. Timber and produce will be taken in pay for work done, and half of which can be payed to Mr. Carey, who is authorized to bargain to that effect.

BLACKSMITHING.

HE also informs the public that he has formed a Copartnership with Mr. James Vincent in the above business, and they are prepared to work on moderate terms and allow a liberal credit. They solicit a share of public patronage.

JOS. COUNCILL &
JAS. VINCENT.

Dec. 29 3t

In Press and will soon be Published,

A PRACTICAL TREATISE
ON THE
CULTURE OF SILK,

Adapted to the Soil and Climate of the United States, by P. G. COMSTOCK, Secretary of the Hartford County Silk Society, and Editor of the Silk Culturist. Illustrated by Engravings.

THE interest in all parts of the United States in the Culture and Manufacture of Silk, manifested by the constant calls for information on the subject, has induced the publisher to have prepared a plain *Practical Treatise* on the cultivation of the Mulberry and rearing Silk Worms, adapted to the Soil and Climate of this country and to the wants of plain practical men.

The practical Culturist in this country needs a directory adapted to the Soil on which he plants his trees, and the Climate in which he rears his worms; without reference to Soils and Climates less congenial to their growth. It has been therefore the object of the author to make a treatise strictly practical, omitting nothing of importance to the Culturist, and adding nothing of a useless or extraneous character.

As making the raw materials into *Sewing Silk* and *Twist* is very profitable to the Silk Grower, all necessary information for that purpose will be given.

The work will be published in a duodecimo about 100 pages, in handsome binding—price 50 cts. A part of the edition will be put up in elastic covers to be forwarded by mail.

P. G. COMSTOCK.

Hartford Dec. [illegible] 4t

BARGAINS. BARGAINS.

Oldson & Hopkins,

HAVE just returned from Baltimore, with a large and complete assortment of New Goods in their line to which they respectfully invite the attention of their friends and the public generally. Among their assortment may be found every variety for comfort and convenience, consisting in part as follows:

FRESH GROCERIES, Viz:
Loaf & Brown Sugars, Coffee, Teas & Chocolate. Flour, Powder, & Shot, &c.

ALSO,

A complete assortment of QUEENSWARE, GLASS AND CROCKERY WARE, and all kinds of FRUITS, TOYS, AND CONFECTIONARY, together with a great variety of Fancy Articles, all of which they will sell on the most reasonable terms for Cash. Feathers, Quills, Rags, Dried Fruit, Bunnoy Beans, &c. &c.

They respectfully return their thanks for past favours of their friends and the public and hope by unremitted attention to business to merit a continuance of the same.

Dec. 19 6t

NOTICE.

THE Commissioners for Talbot County, will meet on Tuesday the 26th inst.—Teachers who have been employed since the 1st of July last, are requested to bring in their accounts certified by the Trustees of their respective schools, up to the 1st January inst. for settlement.

THOS. G. NICOLS, Cl'k.
to Commissioners for T. C.

Jan. 19 3t (G)

THE SALMAGUNDI, AND NEWS OF THE DAY.

EMBELLISHED WITH A MULTITUDE OF

COMIC ENGRAVINGS.

A new periodical, of a novel character, bearing the above appellation, will be commenced on the beginning of January, 1836—While it will furnish its patrons with the leading features of the news of the day, its principal objects will be to serve up a humorous compilation of the numerous lively and pungent sallies which are daily floating along the tide of Letters and, and which, for the want of a proper chan el or their preservation, are positively lost to the reading world. Original wits and humorists of our time will here have a medium devoted to the faithful record of the scintillations of their genius. It is not necessary to detail the many attractions which this journal will possess, as the publisher will furnish a specimen number to every person who desires it—(those out of the city will forward their orders, *postage paid*)—and he pledges himself that no exertions on his part shall be wanting to make each succeeding number superior in every respect to the preceding ones.

THE SALMAGUNDI will be printed on large imperial paper, equal in size and quality to that which is at present used for the Gentlemen's Vade Mecum. It is calculated that more than

500 *ENGRAVINGS*

will be furnished to the patrons of this Journal in one year—these, in addition to an extensive and choice selection of Satire, Criticism, Humor and Wit, to be circulated through its columns, will form a Literary Banquet of a superor and attractive order, and the publisher relies with perfect confidence on the liberality of the American public, and the spirit and tact with which this expensive undertaking will be prosecuted, to hear him successfully and profitably along with it.

The terms of the Salmagundi will be TWO DOLLARS per annum, payably invariably in advance. No paper will be furnished unless this stipulation is strictly adhered to.

☞ Clubs of three will be supplied with the paper for one year, by forwarding a five dollar note, postage paid. Clubs of seven will be supplied for the same term, by forwarding a ten dollar note. ☞ The papers that are sent out of the city will be carefully packed in strong envelopes, to prevent their rubbing in the mail.

☞ THE SALMAGUNDI will be published on alternate weeks—otherwise it would be impossible to procure the numerous embellishments which each number will contain—and the general interest it will afford must be enhanced by this arrangement.

☞ All orders must come postage paid.

☞ Address, CHARLES ALEXANDER, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

Jan. 5

SHARP'S ISLAND,
For Sale.

THIS beautiful estate, situate at the mouth of Choptank river, is now offered for sale, on the most moderate terms. In the deed to the late Jacob Gibson Esq. it is stated to contain six hundred and twenty one acres of land—But should any loss be ascertained to have accrued by washing, &c. for a survey of it the present proprietor will make a proportionate abatement from the purchase money. This estate is offered at the very reduced price of $5000, one third of which sum is to be paid in cash, and the remaining two thirds, in one, two and three years; the purchaser giving Bond or Bonds with approved security for the payment of the same. For further particulars inquire of Joseph W. Reynolds, Esq near Lower Marlborough, Calvert county, or to the subscriber at Easton, Talbot county.

T. R. LOOCKERMAN.

dec 22

The Whig at Easton, and the newspapers at cambridge, are requested to insert the above advertisement for two months, and forward their bills to this office.

Drugs, Medicines, Oils,
PAINTS DYE STUFFS. GLASS, &c. &c.

THE subscribers having associated themselves in the

DRUG BUSINESS,

and taken the stand recently occupied by Doctor Samuel W. Spencer, and formerly by Moore & Kellie, have just returned from Baltimore with an entire new assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Oils, Paints, Dye-stuffs, Glass, &c. &c.—and offer them to their friends and the public on the most reasonable terms.

EDWARD SPEDDEN.
JAMES DAWSON.

N. B. Doctor S. or D. will at all times cheerfully prescribe for, give directions to any persons calling on them at their Drug Store, free of charge.

E. S. & J. D.

Easton, Oct. 3 1835. tf

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore City and County on the 14th November, 1835, by James L. Maguire, Esq. a justice of the Peace for the City of Baltimore, a negro boy who calls himself JAMES GREEN, and says he is free, and was born in Queen Ann's County, Md. and was raised by his mother Debby Green, who now lives in Philadelphia. He is about 15 years, of age, 5 feet 4½ inches high, has a scar on his left foot an. several on his left knee; clothing, a blue round about, grey cassinet pantaloons, drab cloth vest, cotton shirt, fine shoes, and old straw hat.

The owner (if any) of the above described negro is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged according to law.

D. W. HUDSON, Warden,
Balt. City and County Jail.

Dec. 1. 3w

20 Dollars Reward.



RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 1st of the present month (January) John Scott, of yellow complexion; his clothing when he left my services, was a brown frock coat, and blue pantaloons, old striped Vest of blue red and white, and old black cap, with flat top; the above fellow has two small scars under the left eye, height about five feet four or five inches. Age about eighteen years. The above Reward will be paid to any person who will apprehend the said fellow and lodge him in any Jail, so that I get him, and all reasonable charges paid if brought home to the subscriber near the Trappe.

THOMAS STEWARD.

January 5, 1836. tf

Carey's Library
OF CHOICE LITERATURE.

To say that this is a reading age, implies a desire for instruction, and the means to gratify that desire. On the first point, all are agreed; on the second, there is diversity both of opinion and of practice. We have newspapers, magazines, reviews, in fine, pamphlets of all sizes, on nearly all subjects, which have severally their classes of readers and supporters. And yet, copious as are these means of intellectual supply, more are still needed. To add them to the reviews of the day, and passing notices of books, the people, in large numbers, in all parts of our great republic, crave the possession of the books themselves, and details, beyond the passing allusion, of the progress of discovery in art and science. But though it be easy to ascertain and express their wants, it is not so easy to gratify them. Expense, distance from the emporium of literature, engrossing occupations which prevent personal application or even messages to libraries and booksellers, are so many causes to keep people away from the feast of reason, and the enjoyments of the coveted literary ailment. It is the aim of the publishers of the Library to obviate these difficulties, and enable every individual, at a small cost and without any personal effort, to obtain for his own use and that of his favored friends or family, valuable works complete, on all the branches of useful and popular literature, and that in a form well adapted to the comfort of the reader.

The charm of variety, as far as it is compatible with morality and good taste, will be held constantly in view in conducting the Library, to fill the pages of which the current literature of Great Britain, in all its various departments of Biography, History, Travels, Novels and Poetry, shall be freely put under contribution. With, perchance, occasional exceptions, it is intended to give entire the work which shall be selected for publication. When circumstances, authorize the measure, recourse will be had to the literary stores of Continental Europe, and translations made from French, Italian, or German, as the case may be.

Whilst the body of the work will be a reprint, or at times a translation of entire volumes, the cover, will exhibit the miscellaneous character of a Magazine, and consist of sketches of men and things, and notices of novelties in literature and the arts, throughout the civilized world. A full and regular supply of the literary monthly and hebdomada journals of Great Britain and Ireland, in addition to home periodicals of a similiar character cannot fail to provide ample materials for this part of our work.

The resources and extensive correspondence of the publishers, are the best guarantee for the continuance of the enterprise in which they are now about to embark, as well as for the abundance of the materials to give it value in the eyes of the public. As far as judicious selections and arrangement are concerned, readers will, it is hoped, have reason to be fully satisfied, as the editor of the Library is not a stranger to them, but has more than once obtained their favourable suffrage for his past literary efforts.

TERMS.

The work will be published in weekly number containing twenty imperial octavo pages with double columns, making two volumes annually, of more than 1000 octavo pages, each volume, and at the expiration of every six months, subscribers will be furnished with a handsome title page and table of contents. The whole amount of matter furnished in a single year will be equal to more than forty volumes of the common sized English duodecimo books, the cost of which will be at least ten times the price of a years subscription to the "Library." The paper upon which the Library will be printed, will be of the finest quality used for book-work, and of a size admirably adapted for binding. As the type will be entirely new, and of a neat appearance, each volume, when bound, will furnish a handsome, as well as valuable, and not cumbersome addition to the libraries of those who patronise the work.

The price of the Library will be five dollars *per annum* payable anyance.

A commission of 20 per cents, will be allowed to agent, and any agent, or postmaster forwarding five subscribers and remitting the amount of subscription shall be entitled to the commission of 20 per cent or a copy of the work for one year.

A specimen of the work, or any information respecting it may be obtained by addressing the publishers post paid. Address,

E. L. CAREY & A. HART, Philad'a.

Oct. 02 tf

Talbot County to wit.

ON application to me the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid by petition in writing of Amos Davis stating that he is under execution, and praying for the benefit of the act of Assembly, passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, for the relief of Insolvent Debtors; and the several supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned in the said acts; and the said Amos Davis having complied with the several requisites required by the acts of Assembly, I do hereby order and adjudge that he said Amos Davis be discharged from his imprisonment, and that he be and appear before the Judges of the Talbot County Court, on the first Monday of May Term next, and at such other days and times as the Court shall direct; the same time is appointed for the creditors of the said Amos Davis to attend, and shew cause, if any they have, why the said Amos Davis should not have the benefit of the said acts of Assembly.

Given under my hand the 16th day of December 1835.

LAMBERT W. SPENCER.

Jan. 30 w3t

Talbot County, to wit.

ON application to me the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid by petition in writing of Daniel Frampton stating that he is under execution, and praying for the benefit of the act of Assembly, passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, for the relief of Insolvent Debtors; and the several supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned in the said acts; and the said Daniel Frampton having complied with the several requisites required by the acts of Assembly, I do hereby order and adjudge that the said Daniel Frampton be discharged from his imprisonment, and that he be and appear before the Judges of Talbot County Court, on the first Monday of May Term next, and at such other days and times as the Court shall direct; the same time is appointed for the creditors of the said Daniel Frampton to attend, and shew cause, if any they have, why the said Daniel Frampton should not have the benefit of the said acts of Assembly.

Given under my hand the 2nd day of January, 1836.

LAMBERT W. SPENCER.

Feb. 2 3t

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