WORMS IN THE HEAD OF SHEEP

The Centreville Times of last week, contains an article under the above title copied from "*The New England Farmer*," the following is an extract.

During the autumn of 1833 my flock consisted of about sixty sheep, most of them recently purchased. During the fall and winter, a number of them died—but not until the spring, when I had lost fifteen or sixteen ewes and as many lambs did I discover the cause. Opening the head of one to see in what condition it was in, I found several dark headed, white worms, varying from one half to three fourths of an inch in length, and one eighth of an inch in thickness. The cartilage of the usual organ was in a sadly corrupted state. A number of the other sheep were apparently near their end from the same cause. Selecting three of the worst, I tried what I thought a desperate experiment, pouring a tea spoonful of spirits of turpentine down each nostril. It evidently gave them considerable pain at first but I soon had the satisfaction to see them quietly grazing. I then administered the dose to all the dirty nosed sheep in the flock, and do not remember losing one that was full grown for many months. Last spring I found they were again affected, and I repeated turpentine portions, mixed however with an equal quantity of olive oil which I thought would render it less liable to injure the sheep. The result was again successful.

Mr. Spencer, of the Times, adds the following

NOTE;—Since the article on the last page of today's paper referring to diseases of sheep was in type, the editor has lost one, the head of which was examined after death—the result was the exposure of ten or a dozen worms in the head deposited from 3 to 5 inches from the end of the nostril, of various sizes and ages, resembling in appearance the wolf worm of cattle—the editor thinks it quite probable that if turpentine had been poured up the nostril the sheep would have been saved.

MAGISTRATES' COURTS.

A bill has passed the Md. House of Delegates, to establish Magistrates' Courts throughout the State. The principal features of the bill we learn to be as follows;—

It provides for a court in each election District of the counties to be composed of three Justices of the Peace, resident in the district, to be called the District court, jurisdiction of this Court to extend to all cases of a civil nature, where the debt or damages claimed do not exceed $100, including assaults and batteries, but excepting trespasses upon land where the title is put in dispute The District Courts are assigned a criminal jurisdiction also in small assaults and batteries, where there is no intent to kill but the party accused has the option of having his case tried before Justices of the District Court or in the county court. The Justices of the District Courts are to exercise all the duties of single Magistrates also; and an appeal lies from the single magistrate to the District Courts and from the latter to the County Court. No single Magistrate can exercise a greater jurisdiction in cases below $50 as well as above. And a party suing or sued in the District Court has the right of appearing by attorney who is allowed a fee of $3,33 1-3 for such appearance as in the County Court, to be taxed in the costs. The judgments rendered by the District Courts to be liens on real estate from the time that short copies of them are filed and recorded in the Clerk's office of the county.

INDIAN WAR—EXPECTED BATTLE.

TAMPA BAY, on Board the David Brown } February 14th 1836. }

"The conveyance I had written to you by yesterday has taken another route, and perhaps will not reach its destination, Mobile in some time. We have been unavoidably detained here in wooding, discharging cargo, troops, &c. The army marched out in quest of the enemy, at half past 10 o'clock with all the pomp of war. The red allies brought up the rear, seventy in number, and set up their war-whoops. Late in the afternoon of yesterday, there was a heavy firing heard to the south of us, and it is supposed there was a general engagement. All the families, residents here have taken refuge on board the shipping, during the absence of the army. We are getting under weigh for Havanna via Key West.

From the Charleston Patriot, March 3.

Extract of a letter received in this city, dated

MOBILE, Feb. 22.

I had made up my mind to volunteer, though it seems I am too late, for in conversing with a friend this morning on the subject he informed me that he had just learned from a gentleman direct from Florida, that the Indians are now daily surrendering in small parties, and that it is thought there will be no further resistance, except from a few who cannot expect to be pardoned.

OFFICIAL.

From the Globe of March 5.

We have announced among our items of foreign news, the fact that the King of France has appointed a minister to supply the place of M. Serurier. As the French Government withdrew their minister under a false impression in regard to the President's feelings and intentions, the early appointment of a successor to M. Serurier evinces a just sense of what is proper on the part of that great and powerful nation in restoring amicable relations between it and the United States. This advance of the French Government will, we have no doubt, be promptly and cordially met by the American Executive, and every trace of the late dissension will soon be obliterated, except as a matter of history.

GREAT WHIG MEETING.

The Whigs of Ohio lately held a meeting at Columbus, and we are informed by the opposition prints that not more than 2000 were present from all parts of the State. After all the blowing of trumpets and drumming up of recruits, no greater number could be collected. This is just as we anticipated. We never believed that the Hero of Tippecanoe could muster a greater vote in Ohio than that assembled at Columbus, adding a few stragglers perhaps who had not the wherewithal to travel to the capital at this season of the year. Of course, as they assembled for no other purpose, they nominated the Anti-Masonic ticket unanimously. We have reason for believing that the report is not true that a silk *petticoat* was voted to *General William Henry Harrison*, as a mark of high respect, and in honor of the generous relief afforded by the General to young Croghan during his Spartan-like defence of Fort Stephenson. Report has proved herself a great fibber in this instance. *Balt. Rep.*

It is evident, that there is, in every part of Great Britain, a strong inclination to cultivate the best feelings towards the United State. The late magnanimous effort to prevent a rupture with France is the most conspicuous evidence of this disposition, but an incident which is related in the papers, and which we will here recount, shows that it is not confined to the members of the Government.

It is known that the flag of the Frigate Chesapake has been exhibited among the thousand other trophies of Brittain's prowess, in one of the Halls of the University at Oxford. It was discovered that the sight was any thing but agreeable to the numerous Americans who visit that celebrated seat of learning, and the flag has been recently taken down and hidden from the view. This delicate regard to the national susceptibilities of Americans is worthy of all praise and imitation.

DIED,

In Denton Caroline County, on Tuesday evening the 8th instante, Maria Louisa, daughter of Abraham Griffith, Esq. in the 17th year of her age.

Thus in the morning of life has youth and beauty been snatched away from parents and friends, and gone down to the silent tomb in all its sweetness and freshness. Long, very long will the tear of friendship spring forth at the bare remembrance of the sweetness and perfection of her whom those feeble lines even more feebly commemorate, but the consolation lingers with many that she was as fitted for Heaven as Earth, and the mutability of human nature has willed it even as it is.

Tan Bark.

THE Subscribers wish to purchase one hundred and fifty cords of TAN BARK, delivered either at their Tan Yard or at Easton Point Wharf.

They also have on hand and constantly keep a general assortment of

BOOTS, SHOES,

and LEATHER, which they will sell on the most favorable terms for cash, or in exchange for Bark, Hides, Sheep Skins, or country produce generally.

H. E. BATEMAN, & Co.

who wish to employ 4 Journeymen Shoe makers, and 2 Apprentices from 12 to 15 years of age, of good moral character.

The Cambridge Aurora will please copy 4 times and charge this office.

March 15 tf (G) 4t

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore City and County, on the 25th February, 1836, as a runaway, by James Blair, Esq., a Justice of the Peace in and for the City aforesaid, a negro woman named MARGARETTA PHILIPS alias RICHARDS, who says that she is free but did belong to Henry I. Duvall, of Annapolis, Md. She is about 31 years of age 5 feet 1 inch high—she has a scar on her right wrist, one on her left leg—her clothing consists of a dark lasting frock, black cotton shawl and a cotton handkerchief on her head—white yarn stockings and fine laced boots

The owner (if any) of the above de cribed negro is requested to come forward, prove property pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged as required by the act of Assembly.

D. W. HUDSON, Warden,
of Balt. City and County Jail.

mar. 12 3w

A FRESH SUPPLY
OF
GARDEN SEEDS
JUST RECEIVED
BY
T. H. DAWSON & SON.

March 12 3t

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas issued out of Talbot County Court, and to me directed against James Lecompte and Susan his Wife at the suit of George W. Callahan, will be sold on Tuesday the fifth day of April next, at the front door of the Court House, in the town of Easton, for cash, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 5 o'clock P. M. of said day, all the interest of the said James Lecompte and Susan his wife, of in and to the following negroes to wit: one negro woman called Crease, one negro girl called Harriett, one negro boy named David and one negro boy named Edward, seized and taken as the property of the said James Lecompte and Susan his wife, to satisfy the above mentioned writ of Venditioni Exponas and the interest and cost due, and to become due thereon.

attendance given by
JOSEPH GRAHAM, Sh'ff.

March 12 law ts

MARYLAND.

Talbot County Orphans' Court,

11th day of MARCH Anno Domini, 1836.

On application of RICHARD ARRINGDALE, Ex'r. de bonis non of William P. Fountain, late of Talbot county, deceased—It is ordered, that he give the notice requir ed by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 11th day of March, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty six.

L.S.

Test,

JAS: PRICE. Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

IN COMPLIANEC WITH THE ABOVE ORDER,

Notice is hereby given,

That the subcriber, of Talbrt county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot county in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of William P Fountain, late of Talbot county, deceased.—All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 13th day of Sept. next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 11th day of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six

RICHARD ARRINGDALE, Adm'r.
of William P Fountain, deceased.

March 12 3w.

DEAFNESS.

A York paper sayeth, that a remedy for the restoration of hearing and eyesight is to be had of Doctor Green, Reading, Pa.

It proves effectual when the affliction is caused by nervous weakness, as the remedy gives health and strength to the whole nervous system.

Now—according to the Doctor's practice and principles that

MUCH OF THE ART OF PHYSICK, CONSISTS IN KNOWING WHEN NOT TO GIVE IT,

the restoration of hearing is brought about without giving any Physick!—without giving any medicine! as hath been experienced in the editor's own family, as well as in the families of many of his neighbors also. Therefore, and in part return for such great benefits received, we make the above known for the good of our fellow citizens in similar distress.

For a fee of five dollars, assistance is sent—free of postage, for as many as are afflicted in a family including the relative of such family also.

For a fee of ten dollars assistance is sent—free of postage also—for 3 or 4 persons more—in additon—as at times, neighbors, may be, in want of some

And, in case other sickness besides deafness and loss of eyesight happening, help is sent for such sickness without any charge.

The fee pays for all and every help sent to families from time to time.

This is considered a praiseworthy plan.—And in conclusion, it will, no doubt, be very stisfactory for people to know that the assistance is not to be applied to the ears—nor the eyes.

NOT AT ALL.

Consequently no danger whatever can happen to them—no—none whatever.

And during the time that people are using his assistance at home, and learning how to help themselves to restore and recover their hearing—their eyesight, and their health again,

They can follow their customary business;
They can live as usual;
And they can also eat and drink what tastes best.

The following is an extract of a letter from Mr Baker, to the Printer.

MY FRIEND,

The method of using Doctor Green's remedy is innocent—is easy and performs the cure by strengthening the nerves.—My neighbor Jones' wife thought she would try it too, being a long time trouoled with weak and sore eyes, together with her deafness, (caused by nervous weakness,) so she sent the customary fee and got some, per mail free of postage, which in a little more than a week made them as good and strong as ever, doing needlework now without spectacle, and now is restored to her eye sight as well as to her hearing.

C. F. BAKER.

N. B. With the remedy the patient receives an instructive and easy way how to preserve health in general, throughout the whole year. This is a great value to families (both to parents and children) and 'tis sent without any charge whatever. It always accompanies the remedy for deafness and eyesight.

Until quite lately people had to go to the Doctor to get help.

This was to them great trouble.

Absence from home and business neglected.

Danger of travelling,

Running the risk of getting sick, from home, which often happened.

Being obliged to stay with the Doctor at times from 1 to 2 or 3 weeks, and sometimes longer.

Generally cost from 20 up to 30, 40, 50 dollars, and sometimes more.

Now—by this new plan of sending help to people, at their homes, all this is saved, and costs so little that 'tis not worth mentioning.

C. F. BAKER.

State of New York, Sept. 10 1835.
Feb. 6 tf

THE SALMAGUNDI,
AND NEWS OF THE DAY.
EMBELLISHED WITH A MULTITUDE
OF
COMIC ENGRAVINGS.

A new periodical, of a novel character, bearing the above appellation, will be commenced on the beginning of January, 1836—While it will furnish its patrons with the leading features of the news of the day, its principal objects will be to serve up a humorous compilation of the numerous lively and pungent sallies which are daily floating along the tide of Literature, and which, for the want of a proper channel for their preservation, are positively lost to the reading world. Original wits and humorists of our time will here have a medium devoted to the faithful record of the scintillations of their genius. It is not necessary to detail the many attractions which this journal will possess, as the publisher will furnish a specimen number to every person who desire it—(those out of the city will forward their orders, *postage paid*)—☞—and he pledges himself that no exertions on his part shall be wanting to make each succeeding number superior in every respect to the preceding ones.

THE SALMAGUNDI will be printed on large imperial paper, equal in size and quality to that which is at present used for the Gentlemen's Vade Mecum. It is calculated that more than

500 *ENGRAVINGS*

will be furnished to the patrons of this Journal in one year—these, in addition to an extensive and choice selection of Satire, Criticism, Humor and Wit, to be circulated through its columns, will form a Literary Banquet of a superor and attractive order; and the publisher relies with perfect confidence on the liberality of the American public, and the spirit and tact with which this expensive undertaking will be prosecuted, to bear him successfully and profitably along with it.

The terms of the Salmagundi will be TWO DOLLARS per annum, payably invariably in advance. No paper will be furnished unless this stipulation is strictly adhered to.

☞ Clubs of three will be supplied with the paper for one year, by forwarding a five dollar note, postage paid. Clubs of seven will be supplied for the same term, by forwarding a ten dollar note. ☞ The papers that are sent out of the city will be carefully packed in strong envelopes, to prevent their rubbing in the mail.

☞ THE SALMAGUNDI will be published on alternate weeks—otherwise it would be impossible to procure the numerous embellishments which each number will contain—and the general interest it will afford must be enhanced by this arrangement.

☞ All orders must come postage paid.

☞ Address, CHARLES ALEXANDER, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia.

A NEW FEATURE.

THE repeated solicitations of many substantial friends, and the belief that the improved state of public taste will fully justify the alteration, have induced the publisher of the *Gentleman's Vade Mecum* to change one of the least attractive features in the present manner of conducting that periodical. It is well known that he is about commencing, on an improved plan, a monthly work called the *Modern Acting Drama*, which it was proposed should contain the Plays, &c. which appear in the Vade Mecum, accompanied by suitable embellishments—believing that this publication within itself fully supply the demand for Dramatic literature, he proposes, in lieu of a republication of the same Plays, Farces, &c. in the Vade Mecum, to substitute the *Popular Novels* of the old English writers, such as SMOLLETT, FIELDING, RICHARDSON, GOLDSMITH, &c. Beginning with the *Life and adventures of Joseph Andrews, and his friend John Adams.* No novels of the present day have had such general celebrity, and created so exciting an interest, and though they be found in every Gentleman's library in our Atlantic cities, they are comparatively unknown to the great mass of the lovers of polite literature. Cooke's splendid London edition of these works has been selected to copy from. It is adorned with *numerous Engravings;* all of which will be carefully copied by a first rate artist of this city, and given in succession with the novels. In order to avoid any difficulty with his present subscribers, the publisher will furnish every one of them that may desire it, the numbers for a year of the Modern Acting Drama, for one dollar additional to the subscription price of the Vade Mecum. It is true that this will scarcely defray the cost of the paper and printing of the former work, but it will enable the publisher to strengthen the attraction of the Vade Mecum, and afford to those attached to Dramatic literature an opportunity of gratifying their taste at a trifling expense.

Renewed effort will be made to render the other departments of the Vade Mecum more attractive than heretofore. Arrangements have been made to procure the earliest *Sporting Intelligence*, and all information relative to the *Affairs of the Turf.* Engravings of celebrated *Winning Horses* will be given every month—and other new and pleasing embellishments are in active preparation. A new series of Portraits of the most beautiful *Military Uniforms* in the use among the principal Volunteers Corps of Philadelphia, New York, Boston, Baltimore, and elsewhere are about to be commenced. A review of the *Prevailing Gentleman's Fashions* will be regularly published every quarter. An *Epitome of Passing Events*, and notices of the prominent Dramatic attractions will as heretofore continue to form a conspicuous and entertaining portion of this journal. Besides which, a considerable space will be allowed for *Tales, Poetry, Anecdotes, Legerdemain, Statistics, Agriculture, Fishing, Fowling, Domestic Economy, Valuable Receipts &c.;* and re-publication of the most popular ENGLISH AND AMERICAN SPORTING AND NATIONAL SONGS—SET TO MUSIC.

The GENTLEMAN'S VADE MECUM, or SPORTING AND DRAMATIC COMPANION, is published every Saturday, on fine extra-imperial quarto paper, of a superior quality, each number forming eight pages of the largest class, at $3 per annum. Orders from abroad, postage paid, will be promptly attended to, and the paper carefully packed, to prevent it from rubbing by mail. As the number of agents will be limited to principle cities, or such other places where a considerable subscription may be obtained, we request those who propose to patronise the work, to transmit by mail at once to the publisher.—Small notes of solvent banks of the different States, taken at par.

*** New subscribers, by enclosing a five dollar note, can be supplied with the Gentleman's Vade Mecum from the commencement of the present volume, and also the Modern Acting Drama for one year—or instead of the latter, they may order the Salmagundi, and News of the Day—the three are entirely distinct works, their contents forming no part of each other.

*** A five dollar note will pay for two copies of the Vade Mecum for one year—or two copies of the Modern Acting Drama—or three copies of the Salmagundi, for the same period.

Address.

CAARLES ALEXANDER,
Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Phila.

March 5 1836.

WATCH & CLOCK MAKING.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has just returned from Baltimore, with a well selected assortment of

MATERIALS

in his line of business, which added to his former stock, renders his assortment general and complete, all of which will be manufactured at the shortest notice and on the most pleasing terms. The subscriber flatters himself from his experience in his line of business, and his personal attention to the same, that he will be able to give general satisfaction to those who may see proper to give him a trial. He has also on hand

New Watches, Watch Chains,
Seals and Keys, Watch Guards,
Silver Thimbles, Silver Ever Pointed Pencils,
Silver Scissor-hooks, Silver Shields,
Plain Gold Rings, Razors, & Razor Straps,
Shaving and Tooth Brushes, Penknives,
Scissors, Percussion Caps, and a variety of other useful articles, all of which he offers at a small advance for cash. He invites his customers and the public in general, to give him a call, view his assortment, and he thinks there is no doubt but they will be induced to purchase.

The subscriber returns his thanks to his customers and the public generally, for the very liberal encouragement he has received at their hands, and still hopes by strict and personal attention to business to receive a portion of the public patronage.

The public's humble servant,
JAMES BENNY.

Jan. 2 tf

N. B. The subscriber must remind those persons whose accounts have been standing over six months, that they must call and settle them by the end of the year, and all those who do not call, will find their accounts placed in the hands of officers for collection.

J. B.

WAS committed to the Harford county jail on the 10th February as a run away, a negro man who calls himself JEREBOAM ARNOL, he is of a very light complexion, appears to be about 50 years of age and is a little gray, he stands ful five feet 11 inches and has a robus and nearly appearance; upon the outer corne of his right eye there is a small scar, which appears to be occasioned by a burn—he refuses to give any information respecting himself except the assertion that he was born free. He had on when committed a pair of pale yellow linsey pantaloons and short coat of the same; a wool hat and a pair of long boots considerably worn.

PRESTON McCOMAS
March 4 1836 Sheriff.

The Republican, Baltimore, Globe, Washington and Whig, Easton, publish 4t law.

CATCHING COLD.

DAMP COLD FEET.

MR. EDITOR.—The following is an extract from DOCTOR GREEN'S Pamphelt on the subject of *health, temperance, and long life*, and during this wet disagreeable weather, no doubt many of your readers will be benefited thereby; therefore please to insert it into your useful paper.

A SUBSCRIBER.

EXTRACT.

My Friend. By writing in a plain style, plain folks may most easily understand what I say; and as an introductory part to the preservation of health, I will say that great part of the sickness throughout the world, is caused by *dampness, by chillness*, and *uneasiness* of the feet; therefore, in the evening, or at any time of the twenty-four hours, bathe them in warm or cold water whichsoever best agrees with you. Do this once or twice a week.

Water thus applied, makes the feet warm, clean and comfortable, preventing that cold, chilly, sweatiness, which renders people so liable to take sick.

Don't be afraid of what is vulgarly called "catching cold;" 'tis but a vulgar notion, and in addition, may it not be said that pure fresh water, is one of the best helps that the giver of all things hath given to us to preserve health and temperance.

It gives cheerfulness to the mind—purifies the blood—cleanses the stomach and creates appetite.

Drinking cool fresh water plentifully at any time, is itself one of the best medicines.

WHY!—INDEED!
COLD WATER!
is the Medic ne, and
the only Medicine,
that will cure.
INTEMPERANCE!

Yes:—By filling the stomach with Cold Water, an immediate stop, is put to Intemperance.—A disgust is produced, for spiritous liquor, and this very disgust—is the object—the secret—the object—of cure.

And—out of this secret—this knowledge—this discovery—hath arisen—the Temperance Societies, throughout the world.

Friend reader—My principles and practice are founded on the laws of nature; yet, perhaps some folks may tell you to the contrary; but in return, you can tell to these "some folks," *that they know nothing at all about it.*

DANIEL L. GREEN.

WOOLLEN SOCKS, OR STOCKINGS.

Accustom yourself to wear wool next to the feet. Some people wear woollen or worsted stockings the whole year through.

If you wear other stockings than woollen, then put socks on, (made of flannel) inside the stocking feet, and change them two or three times a week.

It is a mistaken notion some people have of keeping on their stockings a whole week without changing, as keeping them on so long is apt to blister their feet, and they are apt to get tired—the feet are.

People walk much better, much easier on wool than on cotton, linen, or silk, as there is an elasticity, a softness, and easiness, in wool which linen, cotton, or silk have not.

Furthermore, people wearing woolen covering about the feet will never take cold even if they get wet

Now, by following the above advice, the feet will be kept warm, and it will diffuse an agreeable warmth also throughout the whole system, and counteract the effects of the change of weather.

SHOES.

Wear shoes so large that the feet and toes have room to move, and easily expand themselves; for tight shoes are a crippling, dangerous, and dreadful fashion. They injure and ruin the feet, and prevent the free circulation of the blood, forcing it too much up into the head, causing sick head-ache, and other bodily afflictions which few people know, or think of.

Indeed 'tis difficult to say which is the greater injury to both—mind and body—

TIGHT-SHOES
OR
TIGHT-CORSETTS,

Both are great curses—the one ½ *cripples*—and the other, ½ *kills*—the wearer.

DANIEL L. GREEN.

COMPLIMENTARY.

[*From the Old to the New World.*]

In Germany, at a Temperance Society meeting the subjoined sentiment was given by the President,

The Rev. Von Shorenstein.

The following is a translation:

SENTIMENT.

The Philanthropist, Doctor Green, a subject* of Rettingsdorff, in the dominions of North America.

The man whose mind (moved by divine light) first conceived a remedy for intemperance.

Whose writings first enlightened America on the subject, and awoke into life our European Temperance Societies.

Let the christian hand (*Christliche hande*) be extended to this man throughout Christendom.

Rev. Von Shorenstein,
President.

The translator will consider it necessary to explain and state, that Rettingsdorff, in the European German language, signifies Reading.

'Tis a city, situated on the river Schuylkill, in Pennsylvania, where the Doctor resides who is the originator of what is termed the "Cold Water System," as a remedy for intemperance; and which system gave rise to the Temperance Societies throughout the world.

*People in Europe are called "subjects," but in America, are called "citizens."

MARYLAND.

Talbot County Orphans' Court.

11th day of MARCH, Anno Domini, 1836.

ON application of RICHARD ARRINGDALE, Admir. of Ann Fountain, late of Talbot county, deceased—It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 11th day of March, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty six.

L.S.

Test,

JAS. PRICE, Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE ORDER,

Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber, of Talbot county, hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Ann Fountain, late of Talbot county, deceased.—All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 13th day of Sept, next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 11th day of March, eighteen hundred and thirty-six.

RICHARD ARRINGDALE, Adm'r.
of Ann Fountain, deceased.

March 12 3w

WAS COMMITTED to the Jail of Baltimore City and County on the 2d February, 1836, as a runaway, by Nicholas Brewer, Esq. a justice of the peace in and for the city aforesaid, a negro boy, who calls himself HENY MYERS, and says that he was born free, and was raised at the Franklin Factory. He is about 10 years of age; 4 feet 4 inches high; his clothing consists of a blue cloth roundabout jacket, grey cassinett pantaloons, old cotton shirt, old shoes, and old hat. The owner, (if any,) of the above described negro boy, is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take him away, otherwise he will be discharged as required by the act of Assembly.

D. W. HUDSON, Warden,
of Baltimore City and County Jail.

mar. 12 3w.

Easton and Baltimore Packet,

SCHOONER

JOHN EDMONDSON,

Robson Leonard, Master.

The Subscriber grateful for past favours of generous public, begs leave to inform his friends and public generally, that the above named Schooner, will commence her regular trips between Easton and Baltimore, on Sunday the sixth of March, at 9 o'clock, in the morning, and returning will leave Baltimore on the following Wednesday at 9 o'clock, in the morning, and continue to sail on the above named days during the season. The John Edmondson is now in complete order for the reception of Freight or Passengers; having sailed as a Packet for about six months and proved to be a fine sailed and safe boat, surpassed by no vessel for safety, in the bay. All Freights intended for the John Edmondson will be thankfully received at the Granary at Easton Point, or elsewhere at all times, and all orders left at the Drug Store of Dr. Thomas H. Dawson & Son, or with Robert Leonard who will attend to all business pertaining to the packet concern, accompanied with the Cash, will meet with prompt attention.

The Public's Ob't. Serv't.
JOSHUA E. LEONARD.

march 8, 1836.

Easton and Baltimore Packet.

THE SPLENDID NEW SLOOP

THOMAS HAYWARD.

WILL commence her regular trips between Easton and Baltimore, on Wednesday the 2nd of March, (weather permitting,) leaving Easton Point at 9 o'clock, and returning will leave Baltimore at 9 o'clock on the following Saturday, and continue sailing on those days throughout the season.

The THOMAS HAYWARD has run as a packet, giving general satisfaction as a fine sailer and safe boat. She is fitted up in a highly commodious manner for the accommodation of passengers, with State Rooms for Ladies, and comfortable berths; and it is the intention of the subscriber to continue to furnish his table with the best fare that the market affords.

☞ Passage $1,00; and 25 cents for each meal.

Freights will be received as usual at the subscriber's granary at Easton Point by Mr. P. Barwick, who will faithfully attend to their reception in the absence of the subscriber; and all orders left at the Drug Store of Thomas. H. Dawson & Son, or at the subscriber's residence, will receive his personal attention, as he intends, himself, to take charge of his vessel.

The subscriber has employed Mr. N. Jones as Skipper, who is well known as a careful & skilfull sailor, unsurpassed in experience and knowledge of the bay.

Thankful for the liberal share of patronage he has hitherto received, he will spare no pains to merit a continuance of the same.

The public's obedient servant,
SAMUEL H. BENNY.

Feb. 23 tf (G)

N. B. Orders for goods, &c. should be accompanied with the cash; those not handed to the subscriber by Tuesday evening, will be received at the Drug Store of Messrs. Thomas H. Dawson & Son, where the subscriber will be in waiting until 9 o'clock on Wednesday morning. This request is made in order that the subscriber may be punctual to his hour of sailing.

Persons indebted to the subscriber, are requested to settle by the last day of March, otherwise their accounts will be placed in the hands of an officer, as it is not convenient for me to give that personal attention I have hitherto one, being much absent from the county.

S. H. B

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