EASTERN-SHORE WHIG AND PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE.

NEW SERIES. "THE PRICE OF LIBERTY IS PETUAL VIGILANCE." VOL. II.---No. 92

ASTON, MARYLAND SEMI-WEKLY. TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1836

HE WHIG AND PEOPLE'S ADVOCATE
Printed and published by
GEORGE W. SHERWOOD,
PUBLISHER OF THE LAWS OF THE UNION,
ERY TUESDAY & SATURDAY MORNING
ERMS:—Semi-Weekly at Four Dol-
rs per annum;—if paid in advance, Three
rs will discharge the debt, and
he Weekly, on Tuesday morning, at Two
lars and Fifty Cents;—if paid in advance,
o dollars will discharge the debt.
payments for the half year, made during the
three months, will be deemed payments in ad-
ce, and all payments for the year, made during the
six months, will be deemed payments in advance
o subscription will be received for less than six
hs, nor discontinued until all arrearages are set-
without the approbation of the publisher.
dvertisements not exceeding a square, inserted
times for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for
ch square for every subsequent insertion—larger advertisements in
rtion.
All communications to insure attention
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THE SATURDAY NEWS
AND
FARMER'S GAZETTE
Devoted to Literature, Criticism, the Fine Arts, General Intelligence, News, &c.
Price Two Dollars per annum—payable in
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On Saturday, July 2, 1836; the subscribers
ommence, in Philadelphia, the publica-
of a new weekly newspaper under the
e of the
The Mag will embrace every variety of
Literature, including, Tales, Poetry, Es-
Criticism, Notices of the Fine Arts, the
&c. The original matter will be sup-
by writers of the first eminence. A re-
correspondence will be maintained with
ington, and the principal Cities of the
and arrangements are in progress by
which Europe will be constantly
ished.
ention will be paid to securing at the ear-
possible date the choicest productions of
British periodical press. Popular novels
necessarily be given, though they will
occasional interfere with a general vari-
The latest news, and all items of inter-
intelligence will invariably form part of
contents.
The Mag will be printed on a folio sheet
the finest quality, and will contain as large
quantity of matter as any weekly
er now published in this country. It will
therefore be the aim of the most fearless
pendence. All undue bias to party politics
sectarian religion will be carefully avoided.
LOUIS A. GODEY,
JOSEPH C. NEAL,
MORTON McMICHAEL.
Agents of this paper will be allowed the u
commission
Six copies furnished for ten dollars.
All payments to be made in advance.
Orders, free of postage, must be addressed
L. A. GODEY, & Co.
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A MONTHLY MAGAZINE OF
Humorous Tales, Essays, Anecdotes, &c. &c.
EMBELLISHED WITH NUMEROUS
GROTESQUE & AMUSING ENGRA-
VINGS.
Each number contains seventy-two octavo
pages, neatly covered and stitched—making
at the end of the year two volumes of eight
hundred and sixty-four pages, and at least
hundred engravings with Tales and Ro-
complete at three dollars per annum.
The cheap and popular form with which
proposed to diversify and distinguish this
has never yet been adopted by any one
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appeared in this country—and
extensive novelty and diversity of
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out its pages, is calculated to render it
agreeable and popular companion for the
most small classes who desire to peruse
gems of the works of celebrated Ed-
Humorists, Delineators and Engravers. The
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shown a decided public advantage, and it is
reasonable whether any other one has ever
brought into active use so large a proportion
really deserving offsprings of genius
talents as the present. Assured that this
ical, affording, as it will, an elaborate
comprehensive collection of lineal Illus-
Satirical Essays in prose and verse,
Tales, Quips, Quirks, and Anecdotes, and
ephemeræ, must have a partial tendency
(among its patrons at least) to divert into
channel much of
expressive action of the mind, consequent
the cares and vexations of business, the
publisher anticipates for it a most flattering and
extensive subscription list. The work, it will
be, will be commenced on the first of July
and continued for one year, therefore every
subscriber will be certain of receiving all the
numbers for which he has paid. When the
numbers are completed and made into
two volumes, they will form one of the
most desirable and amusing records of wit and
humour which can be found in print. Let
public assist the publisher with their pat-
and he assures them he will leave no
stone that will give celebrity and pop-
to his work.
The "EVERY BODY'S ALBUM" will
be issued monthly, in numbers of 72 pages
a variety of embellishments—neatly
in colored covers—printed with new
and on fine white paper, at three dol-
per annum, payable in advance. Two
copies will be supplied to order, for one year,
for five dollars. ☞ When sent to a distance
the city, the work will be packed in
wrappers, to prevent the least rubbing
bends. ☞ Notes of solvent banks of every
description taken in payment of subscrip-
Address the publisher (postage paid)
CHARLES ALEXANDER.
Washington Buildings, Franklin Place, Phila
A specimen number has been received
office and we request our friends to

FOR SALE.

The subscriber will offer at public sale, on
Court House Green, ON THIS DAY, at
o'clock, P. M. for cash, sundry articles of
household furniture, late the property of Eli
Parrott, dec'd.
Sept. 1 R. T. S. DAWSON.

THIRD VOLUME
OF THE
Ohio Farmer,

WESTERN HORTICULTURIST.

In presenting a prospectus for the THIRD VOLUME of the OHIO FARMER to the public, the Editor conceives it unnecessary to enter into a minute detail of its character and object. These have been clearly evinced since its commencement, and from the high estimate received from Agriculturists of the first standing and intelligence, he is no without a hope that his labors have been some service to the cause Western Agriculture; and that there has been, at least partial satisfaction to those who patronise the work. There never was a period of deeper interest the cultivators of the soil in the great valley the Mississippi than the present. There never was a time when intelligence could be put to better use, when knowledge was greater advantage. This is the era of the amelioration the art and science of the cultivation of the earth and the improvement of useful animals. And he who contributes aught towards the diffusion by a cheap medium of what is passing around him, will use more than half of the powers and advantages of his station.—The certainty of a ready market and a rich reward for all the productions of the earth should be a double stimulant to increase the quantity.

The OHIO FARMER will be devoted to Original Essays, and articles selected from the best works, and occasionally illustrated by ENGRAVINGS. No Agricultural work ever published in the West, has been so liberally supplied with original articles, the most of which have been copied and received a wide circulation in other papers. The culture of soil, improvement of animals—of garden vegetables—of Agricultural implements, and Geology, Botany, Chemistry, &c &c. will receive due attention.

SILK.—As the culture of this new article of wealth and industry is exciting universal interest through the whole country, we contemplate devoting a sufficient portion of the next Volume to the Farmer to this subject, to give all new beginners a fair start, who may wish to enter into the business, either on a large or small scale, from the sowing of the mulberry seed to the reeling and manufacturing of the cocoons, colouring &c.

Each Volume of the Farmer is furnished with a copious table and index, expressly for binding and will make about 250 pages. The first number of the Third Volume will be published on the 1st day January, 1836.

CONDITIONS.

The Farmer is published twice a month, at $1,00 *in advance*. All notes on solvent Banks received. Payment may be made at our risk, *free of postage*. Persons obtaining 5 subscribers and forwarding the money, shall receive a copy for trouble.

☞ All Editors, Postmasters and officers of Agricultural Societies are authorised Agents and are requested to act as such.

CLOCK & WATCH

REPAIRING.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform his customers and the public generally, that he has just returned from Baltimore, with well selected assortment of

MATERIALS

to his line of business, which added to his former stock, renders his assortment general and complete, all of which will be manufactured at the shortest notice and on the most pleasing terms. The subscriber flatters himself from his experience in his line of business, and his personal attention to the same, that he will be able to give general satisfaction to those who may see proper to give him a trial. He has also on hand

New Watches, Watch Chains,
Seals and Keys, Watch Guards,
Silver Thimbles, Silver Ever Pointed Pens,
Silver Scissor-hooks, Silver Shields,
Plain Gold Rings, Razors, & Razor Straps,
Shaving and Tooth Brushes, Penknives,
Scissors, Percussion Caps, and a variety of other useful articles, all of which he offers at a small advance for cash. He invites his customers and the public in general, to give him a call, view his assortment, and he thinks there is no doubt but they will be induced to purchase.

The subscriber returns his thanks to his customers and the public generally, for the very liberal encouragement he has received at their hands, and still hopes by strict and personal attention to business to receive a portion of the public patronage.

The public's humble servant,
JAMES BENNY.

Jan. 2 tf

☞ The subscriber must remind those persons whose accounts have been standing over six months, that they must call and settle the same by the end of the year, and all those who do not call, will find their accounts placed in the hands of officers for collection.

J. B.

WAS COMMITTED to the jail of Baltimore City and County on the 27th day of September, 1835, by R. Middleton, Esq. a Justice of the peace in and for the city of Baltimore, a mulatto woman as a runaway, who calls herself ELIZA JACKSON, says she was born free and was bound to Sarah Robinson near the Point Spring.—Her age is about 18 years, and height 5 feet 2 inches; has two scars on her forehead and a scar on the right side of her nose. Had on when committed a light calico frock, straw bonnet, red striped handkerchief on her neck, blue cotton stockings and fine morocco slippers. The owner (if any) of the above described mulatto girl, is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be discharged according to law.

D. W. HUDSON, Warden,
of Baltimore City and County Jail.
Oct. 18 w

Denton Hotel
FOR RENT.

TO RENT for one or more years, that well known and commodious Brick Tavern, situate in the town of Denton, at present and for some years past occupied by Mr. Abraham Griffith, and known by the name of the

DENTON HOTEL.

This property is commodious and comfortable and possesses many advantages as a public house. To a man well calculated to conduct it, an opportunity offers for doing a profitable business. Possession will be given on the first day of January next. Those wishing to rent are requested to examine the property. For terms apply to James Saugston, Esq Denton, or to

JOHN SNOW, Agent.
near Hillsborough, Caroline county Md.
Sept 10 tf

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber intending to decline farming, will sell at private sale and on a liberal credit, his stock of

Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs.

Also, his farming utensils. This stock consists of 10 head of horses, 16 head of cattle, 42 head of sheep, and 24 head of hogs, 2 yoke of oxen.

G. TURBUTT.

N. B. I have about 150 bushels of good white wheat fit for seed.

G. T
Oct 15 tf

WAS COMMITTED to the jail of Baltimore City and County, of the 19th day of September, 1835, by Joseph Shane, Esq. a Justice of the peace in and for the city aforesaid, a negro woman, as a runaway, who calls herself Sarah Queen, who says she was born free and was raised by her aunt Rachael Bryan in Anne Arundel County, near Rattlesnake Springs—Her age is about 21 years and her height is 5 feet 2½ inches—Had on when committed a light colored frock, small muslin shawl, fine straw bonnet trimmed with white ribbon, black cotton stockings and black morocco shoes—Has with her a female child named Elizabeth Ann, aged about nine months.

The owner, if any, of the above described woman and child, is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take them away, otherwise they will be discharged according to law.

D. W. HUDSON, Warden
of Baltimore City and County Jail.
Oct 11

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Matthew Higgins dec'd, are requested to come and settle the same or they may expecte to find their accounts in the hands of

JOSIAH HIGGINS, Adm.
Matthew I. Higgins dec'd.
Aug. 13 tf

Talbot County to wit.

ON application to me the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid by petition in writing of Thomas Henrix stating that he is under execution, and praying for the benefit of the act of Assembly, passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, for the relief of insolvent debtors; and he several supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned in the said acts; and the said Thomas Henrix having complied with the several requisites required by the acts of Assembly, I do hereby order and adjudge that the said Thomas Henrix be discharged from his imprisonment, and that he be and appear before the Judges of the Talbot County Court, on the first Monday of November Term next, and at such other days and times as the Court shall direct; the same time is appointed for the creditors of the said Thomas Henrix to attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the said Thomas Henrix should not have the benefit of the said acts of Assembly. Given under my hand this 12th day of February, 1836.

LAMBERT W. SPENCER.
Aug. w3m

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the late firm of Wilson & Taylor, are requested to come forward and settle their accounts. The subscriber will be in Easton, at the store of Stevens & Rhodes, every Tuesday from the 23d, until Tuesday, 1st of November, after which date, the accounts will be placed in an officers hands for collection, according to law.

JACOB C. WILSON.
aug 30 tf

NEW FIRM.
BELL & STEWART,

Beg leave to inform their friends and the public generally that they have commenced the

Coach, Gig & Harness Making

in Easton at the old stand at the North end of Washington Street for, many years kept by Joseph Parrott, and recently by John W. Millis, where they intend carrying on the above business in all its various branches. The subscribers having [illegible] particularly brought up to the business, they [illegible] flatter themselves that they will be able to give general satisfaction to all who may favor them with their custom, as they intend to keep constantly on hand the best materials and employing experienced workmen. They will also pledge themselves to work on the most reasonable terms for cash or country produce.

April 5 3m 1aw1

LATEST FASHIONS.

THE Subscriber takes this method to inform his customers and friends generally, that only he has spent a week in Baltimore in taking LESSONS FROM ONE OF THE MOST APPROVED CUTTERS IN THE CITY. The subscriber feels assured that he will be able to give perfect satisfaction to all who have heretofore may hereafter be kind enough to patronize him. The fashions of the present season will be seen by calling at the subscribers shop in Easton.

Hoping for a continuance of public favor I remain the Public's Obedient Servant.

THOMAS J. EARICKSON.
Oct 21 1836. tf

Rail Road Notice.

Pursuant to the provisions of an act of the General Assembly of Maryland, entitled "An act to incorporate the Eastern Shore Rail Road Company" and the several supplements thereto, books of subscription to the capital stock of the Eastern Shore Rail Road Company will be open on the SECOND MONDAY of NOVEMBER next, at ten o'clock, A. M. and continue to be opened for the space of three days successively thereafter, between the hours of ten o'clock A. M. and two o'clock, P. M. at the commodious in each of the counties hereinafter mentioned—That is to say:

At Vienna, for Dorchester county, under the direction of Thomas H. Hicks, Dr. William Jackson, William J. Ford, Dr. Joseph Nichols and Samuel Sewell.

At Princess Anne, for Somerset county, under the direction of Arnold E. Jones, Joseph S. Coxman, John Dennis, Edward Long and Littleton D. Teackle.

At Snow Hill, for Worcester county, under the direction of Dr. John P. R. Gillis, Dr. John S. Spence, Samuel R. Smith, John U. Dennis, and Dr. John J. Martin.

At which time and place the commissioners appointed at the session of the Legislature, 1835, held at Denton, in Caroline county, on Wednesday the fourteenth day of September, 1835, among other proceedings, it was ordered, that, in pursuance of an act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at May session, 1835, ch. 274, the foregoing notice be published in each of the news-papers printed in the several counties therein named; also in the Delaware State Journal, and Delaware Gazette, printed at Wilmington, and the Intelligencer, printed at Georgetown, in the State of Delaware—in the United States Gazette, the National Gazette, and the Pennsylvanian, printed in the city of Philadelphia; in the Norfolk Beacon, printed at Norfolk in the State of Virginia—and in the Rail Road Journal, printed in the city of New York—the publication to be commenced in the first week of October, and to be continued weekly thereafter, at the amount of three dollars much to the said newspapers.

By order,
THOMAS EMORY, President.
LITTLETON DENNIS TEACKLE, Secretary.
Denton, Md. Sep. 16, 1835.

The publisher will be pleased to forward the newspapers containing the notice to the above named Secretary, at Princess Anne, Somerset county, Md.
Oct. 22, 1835.

STEVENS & RHODES

BEG leave to inform their friends and customers, that they have removed to the Store House, formerly occupied by the late William Clark, and more recently by Wilson and Taylor, and there have just opened

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF
SEASONABLE GOODS,

To which they would respectfully invite attention. They will take in exchange for goods at cash prices, Kerseys, Linseys, and Feathers.

Oct. 25, 1835. 1aw3w

NEW FALL GOODS

WILLIAM LOVEDAY.

Has just returned from Philadelphia and Baltimore, with an additional supply of fall and winter goods, which added to his previous purchase, renders his assortment now, very general and complete—He flatters himself he can offer them on such terms and at such prices as will be agreeable to purchasers, and therefore invites his friends and the public generally to call and examine his assortment.

Kersey, Linsey, Feathers, &c. &c.—taken in exchange.
oct. 25

Collector's Notice.

ALL persons indebted to Talbot County for Taxes for 1835, are hereby notified that there accounts are now due; the short time allowed by law for the collection of the same precludes all possible indulgence on the part of the Collector; prompt payment is therefore expected, and required persons holding property in the County and residing elsewhere, will please pay attention to the above.

WM. R. TRIPPE, Collector.
Sept 19 1w4

POETRY.

THE BROKEN HEART.

How many bright eyes grow dim—how many soft cheeks grow pale—how many lovely forms fade away into the tomb, and none can tell the cause that blighted their loveliness. As the dove will clasp its wings to its side, and cover and conceal the arrow that is praying upon its vitals, so it is the nature of woman to hide from the world the pangs of the wounded affection. The love of a delicate female is always shy and silent. Even when fortunate, her scarcely breathes it to herself, but when otherwise she buries it to cover and brood among the ruins of her peace. * * * Look for her after a little, and you find friendship weeping over her untimely grave, and wondering that one who but lately glowed with all the radiance of health and beauty, should so speedily be brought to darkness and the worm.

Pale as the white rose withering she lay.—
Lovely, though dying and her eye divine
Gleamed o'er the deepening shadows of decay,
Like a stray sunbeam on a ruined shrine.

She seemed too beautiful for death's embrace,
And hollow as empirt her as a zone;
Language had fled, but Music's pictured grace
Hung on those lips that late had breathed its tone

Oh thou! the perjured, cruel, faithless, blind!
How couldst thou bow such sweetness to the dust!
How break the heart, where thy lo[illegible] image shrined,
Dwelt in the beauty of undoubting trust?
But thou didst break it. Nature could not cope
With love neglected, whose undying power,
Even from the very sepulchre of Hope,
Gushed forth like perfume from a trampled flower.

Tears for thy absence, sighs at thy neglect,
Prayers for thy safety, smiles at thy return,
And a fond blindness to thy worst defect,—
Thou did'st repay with undissembled scorn.
Yet there she lay, and on her dying bed
She bless'd thy name,—then kiss'd the lock of hair
That from thy brow in happier days she shred,
Then look'd to heaven, and prayed to meet thee there!

And—oh a holy look of hope and peace,
She bowed her head—the parting pang was o'er,
Yet no convulsion marked the soul's release,
The pained lip a smile of rapture wore;
Her fleeting soul one radiant beam had caught,
Warm from the fountain of Eternal Day.
And left the image of the breathing thought
Impressed in beauty on the breathless clay.

I saw her buried with patrician state;
The sable plumes waved proudly o'er her bier,
To deck the dust, to which in fry yield no hate.
And as I gazed upon the formal scene,
Where all was cold collectedness and art,
I thought one tear of secret grief had been
A fitter tribute to a broken heart.

WE PART.

We part to meet when o'er the plain
The summer sun is shining;
And thickly round each fresh support
The clust'ring vines are twining.

We part to meet when fairest flowers
Around our cot are blooming;
When Cynthia's purest beams descend
The fairy scene illuming.

We part—where roses rich and rare
The lov'd bowers are adorning,
To deck their petals moist with dew,
We meet at early morning.

We part to meet, when o'er the bank
By wat'ry sweetly calming,
The willow spreads its verdant robe,
By gracefully inclining.

We part, yet in memory o'er the past
A ray divine pure is throwing,
A sweet remembrance of its joys
In fine fond heart is glowing.

We part, when day's tyrant voice
Is heard, thy footsteps greeting,
The place where pass'd the adieu,
How dear will be our meeting.

We part, but on its axle firm
Time's rapid wheel is turning;
We soon shall meet, to trim
Hope's lamp, now dimly burning.

We part, but absence has no power,
Affections chord to sever:
A little space, and then we meet,
To part again? No—never!

ORIGIN OF GENIUS.

Columbus was the son of a weaver, and a weaver himself.
Rabelais, son of an apothecary.
Claude Lorraine was bred a pastry cook.
Moliere, son of a tapestry maker.
Cervantes served as a common soldier.
Homer was a beggar.
Hessiod was the son of a small farmer.
Demosthenes, of a cutler.
Terence was a slave.
Richardson was a printer.
Oliver Cromwell was the son of a brewer.
Howard an apprentice to a grocer.
Benjamin Franklin, a journeyman printer
Doctor Thomas; Bishop of Worcester, son of a linen-draper.
Daniel Defoe was a hoiser, and the son of a butcher.
Whitfield, son of an innkeeper at Gloucester.
Sir Cloudesly Shevel, rear-admiral of England, was an apprentice to a shoemaker, and afterwards a cabinboy,
Bishop Prideaux worked in the kitchen of Exeter College, Oxford.
Cardinal Wolsey, son of a butcher.
Ferguson was a shepherd.
Neibuhr was a peasant.
Thomas Paine, son of a staymaker at Thetford.
Dean Tucker, was the son of a small farmer in Cardiganshire, and performed his journeys to Oxford on foot.
Edmund Halley was the son of a soapboiler at Shoreditch.
Joseph Hall, Bishop of Norwich, son of a farmer at Ashby de la Zouch.
William Hogarth was put apprentice to an engraver of pewter pots.
Doctor Mountain, Bishop of Durham, was the son of a beggar.
Lucian was the son of a statuary.
Virgil of a potter.
Horace of a shopkeeper.
Plautus, a baker.
Shakespear, the son of a woodstapler.
Milton of a money scrivener.
Cowley, son of a hatter.
Mallett rose from poverty.
Pope, the son of a merchant.
Gay was apprentice to a silk mercer.
Dr. Samuel Johnson was son of a bookseller at Litchfield.
Akenside, son of a butcher at Newcastle, England.
Collins, son of a hatter.
Samuel Butler, son of a farmer.
Ben Johnson worked for some time as a bricklayer.
Robert Burns was a ploughman in Ayeshire.
Thomas Chatterton, son of the Sexton of Redcliffe Church, Bristol.
Thomas Gray was the son of a money scrivener.
Matthew Prior son of a joiner in London.
Henry Kirk White, son of a butcher at Nottingham.
Bloomfield and Gifford were shoemakers.
Addison, Goldsmith, Otway, and Canning were sons of clergymen
Person son of a parish clerk.

ETYMOLOGY OF THE NAMES OF COUNTRIES.

The following countries were named by the Phœnicians, the greatest commercial people of the ancient world. These names, in the Phœnician language, signify something characteristic of the places which they designate.

Europe signifies a country of white complexions. So named because the inhabitants there were of a lighter complexion than those of Asia and Africa.

Asia signifies between, or in the middle—from the fact that Geographers placed it between Europe and Africa.

Africa signified the land of corn or ears. It was celebrated for its abundance of corn, and all sorts of grain.

Lydia signifies Thirsty or dry—very characteristic of the country.

Spain, a country of rabits, or Conies. This country was once so invested by these animals, that they sued to Augustus for an army to destroy them.

Italy, a country of pitch—from its yielding great quantities of black pitch, Calabria for the same reason,

Gaul, modern France, signifies Yellow Haired, as yellow hair characterised its first inhabitants.

The English of Caledonia is a High Hill. This was a rugged, mountainous province in Scotland.

Hibernia its utmost or last Habitation, for beyond this, westward, the Phœnicians never extended their voyages.

Britain the Country of Tin—as there were great quantities of Lead and Tin found on the adjacent islands. The Greeks called it Albion signifies in the Phœnician tongue, either White or High Mountain, from the whiteness of its shores, on the high rocks on the western coast.

Corsica signifies a woody place. Sardinia, the footstep of a man, which it resembles. Rhodes, Serpents or Dragoons, which it produced in abundance. Sicily, the Country of Grapes. Scylla, the whirlpool, Destruction. Charybids the Hole Destruction. Syracuse signifies Bad Savor, called so from the unwholesome marsh upon which it stood. Etna signifies Furnace, or dark or smoky.

The above were gathered from a very ancient history of Britain.—Pittsburgh Visitor.

Lowell girls.—As is always the case where woman contends for her rights with omnipotent man, these poor girls have been forced to succumb, being fairly starved out, and have for the most part, resumed their former avocation. As it is here, so it is Massachusetts, the females must work, and toil, and drudge, while their taskmasters grow rich upon their earnings, and endeavour to diminish as much as possible the remuneration to those in their employment. We had no expectation that the girls of Lowell would succeed in their demands, but we rejoiced in the turn out, as public attention would most likely be called to the matter, and by that means the masters be shamed out of their grasping and selfish pertinacity.

In New York, the condition of the seamstresses will never be ameliorated until they co operate together, and systematize a union, and co-operative combination, where the junction of their interests, and the knowledge of their rights, would enable them to struggle with confidence for a fair participation of the profits which result from their labours. A girl goes now to her employer with her stocks, shirts, waistcoats, and her other articles of workmanship; he reduces her prices to the very lowest cent; and, if she remonstrates, he has a ready and conclusive answer, "I shall not give you more; and if you don't like it, there are plenty ready to take it." What can she say? Single and isolated weak in her nature, and retiring and unassuming in her character; not made to resist, and endowed with all the gentleness and kindness of heart which exposes her to oppression, unhappily, instead of protection; she makes a virtue of necessity and eats her hard-earned bread with painful and reluctant feelings. On this account we regret the failure of the Lowell girls, and see no hope for those of this city, until they coalesce in a firm combination, and establish a scale of remuneration from which no intimidation shall make them recede.—*N. Y. Ex.*

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