Where then was Massachusetts? Where! In the hands of domestic traitors, plotting treason with John Henry, and endeavoring to dismember the sacred Union, the ark of our political safety; and last, not least, at the present trying period, when the old enemy of our free institutions is again, in the field, goaded on by the concentrated venom of half a century, and armed to the teeth with every device that political cunning can engender, Virginia and New Hampshire come arm in arm to the rescue, and strike home in defence of the people. May it ever be thus with these two gallant States. When their banners shall be arrayed on opposite sides, then indeed shall we tremble for the safety of the Republic.

It ill becomes the boy editor of the Atlas to apply such foul slanders to this State, when in his own city, at every step, he must stumble upon some one of the worthies, who, in the second war of independence, degraded themselves by degrading their country. If there is any thing for which New Hampshire should blush, it is that one of her recreant sons should become the rallying point of the treasonable whig toryism of Massachusetts. Should the Granite State ever consent to be nosed about like Vermont, by the overbearing aristocracy of Boston, we will echo the sentiment of their wretched caterer of the Atlas, and pronounce her "politically degraded."

Mr. Van Buren's Letter in England.

We have received by the last packet from London, a pamphlet printed there, entitled "*A Letter from the* Hon. MARTIN VAN BUREN, *Vice President of the United States, relative to the Bank of the U. States, with an explanatory introduction.* London: John Miller, 1836." It shows the high character which Mr. V. B. bears in England—and the clear ideas, which the author of the Introduction entertains of the identity between the late and the present Bank of the United States. We lay the introduction at once before our readers. The whole pamphlet is beautifully printed.

"We present to the public an American document, which we believe will give useful information to the commercial community of this country—viz: the opinions of Mr. Van Buren, Vice President of the United States, relative to the Bank of the United States. British subjects are interested in that Institution. It concerns all of this class to know the opinions of such a man, who, besides filling, at present, the highest office in America, next to that of President, is a candidate for the Presidency, with a greater probability, as it is understood, of his being chosen, than any other candidate. He is the same gentleman who was an American minister in England a few years ago, during which time he became favorably known to some of the highest functionaries in the kingdom. It will be seen that he is opposed to a Bank of the United States, past, present, and future, in every shape and form; only—M. he believes a majority of his countrymen are with him—He states the reasons &c. and a carefully prepared synopsis of the current News of the day, both foreign and domestic.

The publishers of the Chronicle having gained considerable experience in the newspaper business, by a connection of several years standing with one of the most popular newspapers in the country, feel satisfied that they will be enabled to issue a sheet in all respects deserving of liberal patronage. They have already secured for its columns, the aid of several literary gentlemen of this city, and have engaged attentive correspondents to furnish the latest intelligence from Washington and Harrisburg, during the sessions of the state Legislature and of Congress. They design also, in the course of a few weeks, to offer liberal premiums for literary articles, in order to secure for their readers productions from some of the best writers in the country. The works of popular authors will occasionally be published at length in the Chronicle, and no pains nor expense will be spared to render the paper interesting and attractive to every class of readers. public service

Commercial, military, and naval, according to the scale of every branch. Some of the facts stated by Mr. Van Buren, under the head of domestic exchanges, are striking. They may give an idea, though it clearly cannot cover the whole ground, of the great amount of business and trade in the United States within themselves, and go, in part, to shew the rising resources, and consequent power, of that Republic; of which their foreign commerce also gives unequivocal attestation.

"We are not unaware that the present Bank of the United States derives its charter from one of the separate States—that of Pennsylvania, we believe. It is, however, in effect, the old bank regenerated, as the name shows. It has the same capital,—viz: thirty-five millions of dollars, and the same stockholders. It has its branches, or deputies, in the other Provinces, or States, and has the same Governor and Directors as heretofore. These are established as the central banking company in Philadelphia, one of the chief cities of the Union, where the old National Bank was established. It therefore partakes of the objections which the majority in America attached to the latter institution: which, after the violent struggle alluded to by Mr. Van Buren, was voted down. The new charter for 30 years, is said to have been obtained by what is ascertained to have been a minority of the people in the State mentioned. This minority, having power for one year, passed a law to last thirty, against the previously expressed will of a majority of the whole Union, this State included. We profess not to be acquainted with the details of this trans-Atlantic case, or its merits:—we only aim at imparting a brief, though substantial outline, of the present position of the dispute. The most important part of it is, that a purpose exists, as is believed, to annul the charter, and pay back to the bank the bonus, with which it was thus bought from the minority in one of the States out of the twenty-four which make up the Confederacy. It is plain that there is enough of doubt hanging over the merits of this charter, or, at all events, over the prospect of its continuance, to put foreign stockholders on their guard; and, as Mr. Van Buren's opinions bear essentially upon the subject, and are those of a highly enlightened and well-informed functionary of his country, of ample experience, and distinguished standing, it is right that they should be known. He is identified, we are informed, in his views of public policy, with President Jackson, whom his countrymen have sustained in the Chief Magistracy of America by such repeated expressions of their favorable opinion; under whose administration the United States have had prosperity and peace, including his successful and happy settlement of their dispute with France; and who has shewn throughout his whole administration—as the present good understanding between the two countries may serve to make known—a constant and enlightened desire to be on amicable terms with Great Britain.

"The full passage that follows is from a letter of Mr. Van Buren, (the whole of which is given, at great length, in the American papers.) dated Albany, in the State of New York, on the 8th of August last. It was drawn forth by certain queries addressed to him, publicly by the Hon. Sherred Williams, a member of Congress; so that the correspondence has high sanction on both sides, and may be regarded as an authentic, not to say official, exposition of this important subject. Many others are discussed in the letter, affecting questions of home policy, on which the Americans differ; but as this about the Bank, by affecting British interests, alone claims attention here, we confine our extract to this."

PRICE CURRENT

December, Saturday, 3d.

GRAIN—The prices of all kinds of grain are affected by the scarcity in the money market, and a difference is consequently made between cash and credit sales

Wheat—In the early part of the week a parcel of 4,000 bushels German red wheat was sold at $2,05.—Yesterday a parcel of 4'000 bushels German was sold at $2,10 for red and $2,15 for white; and another parcel of 4,500 bushels German at $2,10. trifling in quantity. A parcel of very good red was sold at $2.

Corn.—In the early part of the week, sales of new Corn, suitable for shipping, were made at 74 a 75 cts. but prices have since declined, and we quote to-day at 70 a 73 cents. Sales of old white Corn at 81 a 83 cents. Last sales of yellow Corn at 96 a 98 cents—now not worth so much.

Rye—Remains at $1,25 per bushel.

Oats—Are scarce at 45 a 46 cents.

DIED

In this town on Saturday evening the 26th ult. Marion Ann, daughter of Mr. Charles Robinson, aged 2 months and 24 days.

CLOCK & WATCH

MAKING.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform the citizens of Easton and its vicinity, that he intends carrying on the above business in all its various branches in the shop in front of Mr. Beaston's dwelling, opposite Ozmon and Shanahan's Cabinet shop and next door to Mr. Charles Robinson's Store; where he can be found at all times to execute all orders in his line of business, in a neat and durable manner, and with despatch. He flatters himself from his experience in the business to give general satisfaction to all who may favour him with their custom; and hopes by personal attention to merit a share of the public patronage which engages his constant attention, which is tendered to the client servant,

WILLIAM COX

TERMS.

CONGRESSIONAL GLORE.—Five dollars in advance during the Session, their residence

Do. do. 11 copies during the Session, W. C.

APPENDIX.—Same price.

The CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE will be sent to those papers that copy this Prospectus if our attention shall be directed to it by marking it with a pen. Our Exchange List is so large that we would not observe it, probably unless this be done.

Payment may be made by mail, post paid, at our risk. The notes of any solvent bank will be received. Orders may be left at their store rooms

Those who subscribed last year, an additional supply of subscriptions in time for which will be sold cheap for cash. Of December—Exchanged for kersey, linsey, wool, coverlets &c.

Their friends, and the public generally are respectfully invited to give them a call.

Nov. 22nd 3w

THE SKETCH BOOK OF CHARACTER;

Or curious and authentic narratives and Anecdotes respecting extraordinary Individuals.

In reparing the following work from ample materials, care has been exercised to avoid, in the main, the beaten track of former compilers; to present the reader rather what was inaccessible, than to copy well known biographies and events. The principal object of the present collection, is to supply a pleasing variety of that kind of incident, which, by exhibiting the marvellous in circumstance, and the extraordinary in character, displays the occasional waywardness of event and its frequent curious operation upon the human mind. It would be easy to prove that, independently of mere entertainment, a knowledge of remarkable facts is necessary to correct the judgement even upon every-day transactions, and that in the science of life, as well as in every other, it is necessary to become acquainted with the exception to the general rule. To estimate properly what is, we must possess some knowledge of what *may* be; and the information is only to be acquired by an attention to the memorable and peculiar, which *have been*.

The publication was commenced in July. It will be issued in semi-monthly numbers, containing 80 pages each, and will be completed in five months, or sooner, at the option of the publisher, and will contain, in all, over 400 pages. The numbers will be sent by mail to any part of the Union, carefully packed.

TERMS.

One dollar for the complete work, or six copies for Five Dollars. Address,

L. A. GODEY,

100 Walnut street, Philadelphia.

Nov. 12

LATEST FASHIONS.

THE Subscriber takes this method to inform his customers and friends generally, that recently he has spent a week in Baltimore in taking LESSONS FROM ONE OF THE MOST APPROVED CUTTERS IN THE CITY. The subscriber feels assured that he will be able to give general satisfaction to all who have heretofore or may hereafter be kind enough to patronize him. The fashions of the present season may be seen by calling at the subscribers shop in Easton.

Hoping for a continuance of public favor I remain the Public's Obedient Servant.

THOMAS J. EARICKSON.

Oct. 22, 1836. tf

Dr. Brandreth's

Vegetable Universal Pills.

Established in England, 1751.

Science should contribute to the Comfort, Health, and Happiness of Mankind."

THE Subscriber has been appointed sole agent in Easton for the sale of the above pills. He is in possession of numerous respectable certificates and invites all those afflicted to give him a call.

Many persons who have commenced with them under the most trying circumstances of bodily affliction, when every other means and medicine & proved altogether unavailing, have been restored to health and happiness from their use, and the consequence is, they are now recommended by thousands of persons whom they have cured of Consumption, Influenza, Colds, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Head Ache Pains, and a sense of fullness in the back part to the Head, usually the symptoms of Apoplexy, Jaundice, Fever and Ague, Billious, Scarlet, Typhus, Yellow and Common Fevers of all kinds, Asthma, Gout, Rheumatism, Nervous Diseases, Liver complaint, Pleurisys, Inward Weakness, Depression of the Spirits, Rupture, Inflamation, Sore, Eyes, Fits, Palsy Dropsy. Small Pox, Measles, Croup, Coughs, Whooping Cough, Quinsy, Cholic, Cholera Morbus, Gravel, Worms, Scrofula, Dysentery, Deafness, Ringing Noises in the Head, King's Evil, Scrofula, Erysipelas, or Saint Anthony's Fire, Salt Rheum, White Swellings, Ulcers, some of 30 years' standing Cancers, Tumors, Swelled Feet and Legs, Piles, Costiveness, all Eruptions of the Skin, Frightful Dreams, Female Complaints of every kind, especially Obstructions, Relaxations, &c.

Price 25 cents per box, with full directions.

CHARLES ROBINSON.

Nov 12 tf

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of three writs venditioni exponas, issued out of Talbot county court and to me directed and delivered, one at the suit of Anna Maria Tilghman, against Howell Bowers and Henry Catrup, one at the suit of Robt. H. Rhodes, against Howell Bowers, and the other at the suit of Jabez Jenkins, against the said Howell Bowers, will be sold on Monday the 5th day of December next, between the hours of 10 o'clock, A. M. and 6 o'clock, P. M. of said day, for cash, the following property to viz:—seven head of cattle, five hogs and six shoats, three head of horses, a quantity of corn, corn blades, top fodder, oat and rye straw, two cultivators, three baskets, one old ox yoke, singletrees, hams, a quantity of pumpkins, three scythes and cradles, rakes and hoes, one old gig and harness, one corn barrel, one shovel, two dung forks, one horse cart and geer, one old ox cart, one drag harrow, one old fluke do. garden and vegetables, four kills of potatoes, one grind stone, two axes and four wedges, one wheel barrow, one eight day clock, two end tables, one dining table, one looking glass, one dozen brown windsor chairs, one pair brass andirons, one pair tongs and shovel, two carpets one bureau; six old windsor chairs, one fowling gun, pair bellows, four beds bedsteads and furniture, two arm chairs, six other chairs, one pair glass lamps, one water stand, one desk and bookcase, one cradle, two kitchen tables, one peck measure, one large iron kettle, pots, ovens, tubs, jars, &c. in the kitchen one pair andirons, shovel and tongs, one kitchen cupboard, one tin kitchen, one spade [illegible] and iron wedges, one keg, three pot racks, six silver spoons and all the residue of the kitchen furniture and farming utensils the crop of Rye seeded on the farm called Mount Pleasant, and the crop of Potatoes on the premises where the late Howell Bowers dec. all seized and taken to satisfy the above mention writs of Venditioni Exponas and the interest and costs due and to become due thereon.

Attendance by

JO: GRAHAM, Shff.

Nov 26

MARYLAND.

Talbot County Orphans' Court,

22nd day of Nov'r: Anno Domini 1836.

On application of John Kemp Executive of Captain James Dawson late of Talbot county deceased—It is ordered, that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks, in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the foregoing is truly copied from the minutes of proceedings of Talbot county Orphans' Court, I have hereunto set my hand, and the seal of my office affixed, this 22nd day of Nov. in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty six.

Test, JA: PRICE, Reg'r.

IN COMPLIANCE WITH THE ABOVE ORDER,

Notice is hereby Given,

That the subscriber, of Talbot county, has obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot county in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of Capt. James Dawson late of Talbot county, deceased.—All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber on or before the 22d day of Nov. next they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 18th day of June eighteen hundred and thirty-six.

JOHN KEMP, Executor of Capt. James Dawson, deceased.

Nov. 26

New fall Goods.

W. H. & P. GROOME

HAVE just received from Philadelphia their fall supply of goods, consisting of a general assortment of

Dry Goods, Hardware, Cutlery, Liquors, Groceries, China, Glass, Queens-ware, &c.

Among which are superior Old Hyson and Imperial Teas, family Flour, Cheese Sperm Oil &c.

Oct. 8 6w sow

PORK WANTED.

SEALED Proposals for supplying the Alms House of Talbot County with pork will be received either by the subscriber, or by Wm. A. F. C. Kemp overseer until first of December.

WM. LOVEDAY, Treasurer.

Nov. 22 td (G)

Negroes For Sale.

WILL be sold for a term of years a likely Negro man and woman, both young and healthy; the man is a first rate farm hand and a tolerable waiter; the woman a Good Cook. They will be Sold on Liberal terms; for particulars apply to

WM. C. RIDGAWAY

Who has on hand for Sale several second handed Gigs, among them is one nearly New and but little used. Also 3 or 4 Good work Horses and 2 or 3 Carts, &c. &c.

Nov. 19th 3t

Public Sale.

THE Subscriber intending to close his business, will offer at Public Sale, on Friday the 2nd. December, inst. a variety of valuable stock consisting of

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and Hogs,

and a valuable Yoke of Stiers. Also, House hold and kitchen furniture, and a variety of farming utensils, &c. &c.

Terms made known day of Sale.

Attendance given by

EDWARD O. MARTIN.

Nov 19 4t

A. C. BULLETT when in Easton will attend to professional and other business at the office of Wm. H. Hayward Esq. till further notice.

The subscriber has several Houses to rent.

Nov. 12 4t

Public Sale.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Talbot County, the subscriber will sell at public vendue on Wednesday the 7th day of December next at the late residence of Lambert W. Spencer dec. all his household and kitchen furniture consisting of 1 eight day clock, tables, chairs, bedding &c. together with a variety of other articles.

ALSO

On the following day (Thursday) at Miles River Ferry, the deceased's entire stock of

Horses, Cattle, Sheep, and Hogs.

a variety of farming utensils, the crop of corn (about 200 barrels,) a quantity of Top Fodder and Corn blades, several tons of hay, one half of a hauling seine and batteaux, and the Ferry Boat and rope. A credit of six months will be given on all sums over five dollars the purchaser giving note with approved security, bearing interest from the day of sale; for all sums of five dollars and under the cash will be required; sale to commence at 10 o'clock.

SAM'L. W. SPENCER, Adm. of LAMBERT W. SPENCER, Dec.

Nov. 21 ts G

Notice.

A Meeting of the Talbot County Colonization Society will be held on Tuesday evening the [illegible] November next at half past 6 o'clock—Punctual attendance is requested. Several addresses will be delivered.

By order,

SAM. HAMBLETON, Jr. Sec.

TAKE CARE.

I forwarn all persons from hunting on the farm where I reside, as the Dogs have made great havoc among my sheep at different times. I shall hereafter put the law in force against any person who shall violate my orders and also shoot all dogs I catch on the farm with or without their owners, as I am determined to put a stop to the destruction of my sheep.

Nov. 8 WILLIAM HOXTER.

DEAFNESS.

A York paper sayeth, that a remedy for the restoration of hearing and eyesight is to be had of Doctor Green, Bethlehem, Pa.

It proves effectual when the affliction is caused by nervous weakness, as the remedy gives health and strength to the whole nervous system.

Now—according to the Doctor's practice and principles that

MUCH OF THE ART OF PHYSICK, CONSISTS IN KNOWING WHEN NOT TO GIVE IT,

the restoration of hearing is brought about without giving any Physick!—without giving any medicine! as hath been experienced in the editor's own family, as well as in the families of many of his neighbors also. Therefore and in part return for such great benefits received, we make the above known for the good of our fellow citizens in similar distress.

For a fee of five dollars, assistance is sent—free of postage, for as many as are afflicted in family including the relative of such family also.

For a fee of ten dollars assistance is sent—free of postage also—for 3 or 4 persons more—in addition—as at times, neighbors, may be, in want of some

And, in case other sickness besides deafness and loss of eyesight happening, help is sent for such sickness without any charge.

The fee pays for all and every help sent to families for time to time

This is considered a praiseworthy plan.—And in conclusion, it will, no doubt, be very satisfactory for people to know that the assistance is not to be applied to the ears—nor the eyes.

NOT AT ALL.

Consequently no danger whatever can happen to them—no—none whatever.

And during the time that people are using his assistance at home, and learning how to help themselves to restore and recover their hearing—their eyesight, and their health again,

They can follow their customary business;

They can live as usual;

And they can also eat and drink what tastes best.

The following is an extract of a letter from Mr. Baker, to the Printer.

MY FRIEND,

The method of using Doctor Green's remedy is innocent—is easy and performs the cure by strengthening the nerves. My neighbor Jones' wife thought she would try it too, being a long time troubled with weak and sore eyes, together with her deafness, (caused by nervous weakness,) so she sent the customary fee and got some, per mail free of postage, which in a little more than a week made them as good and strong as ever, doing needlework without spectacle, and now restored to her sight as well as to her hearing.

C. F. BAKER.

N. B. With the remedy the patient receive an instructive and easy way how to preserve health in general, throughout the whole year. This is a great value to families (both to parents and children) and 'tis sent without any charge whatever. It always accompanies the remedy for deafness and eyesight.

Until quite lately people had to go to the Doctor to get help.

This was to them great trouble.

Absence from home and business neglected.

Danger of travelling,

Running the risk of getting sick, from home which often happened.

Being obliged to stay with the Doctor at times from 1 to 2 or 3 weeks, and sometimes longer.

Generally cost from 20 up to 30, 40, 50 dollars, and sometimes more.

Now—by this new plan of sending help to people at their homes, all this is saved, and costs so little that 'tis not worth mentioning

C. F. BAKER.

State of New York, Nov. 12 1835.

PROPOSALS

FOR carrying the mails of the United States from the 1st of February, 1837, to the 30th of June, 1840, on the following post routes in Maryland, will be received at this Department until the 22d day of December next inclusive, to be decided on the 26th day of said month. The contracts are to be executed by the 25th day of January next, and the service is to commence on the 1st day of February, 1837.

MARYLAND.

1423 From Bell Air (1010) by Harford Furnace and Abington, to Michaelsville, 17 miles and back once a week.

Leave Bel Air every Saturday at 5 a m, arrive at Michaelsville same day by 11 a m.

Leave Michaelsville every Saturday at 1 p m, arrive at Bel Air same day by 6 p m.

1424 From Northeast (1352) to Port Deposit, 10 miles and back once a week

Leave Northeast every Friday at 8 a m, arrive at Port Deposite same day by 11 a m

Leave Port Deposit every Friday at 1 p m arrive at Northeast same day by 4 m

☞ *Proposals for carrying this mail three times a week in stages, in connection with the Bel Air and Elkton mails, will be considered*

1425 From Church Hill (1354) to Dover, Del. 28 miles and back once a week

Leave Church Hill every Tuesday at 7 a m arrive at Dover same day by 5 p m.

Leave Dover every Wednesday at 6 a m arrive at Church Hill same day by 3 p m

1426 From Cambridge (1379) by Church Creek and Tobacco Stick, to Robinson's and Griffith's Store, (distance and localities not ascertained,) and back once a week

Leave Cambridge every Saturday at 6 a m,

Leave [illegible] arrive at Cambridge

1427 From Elk Ridge Landing (1372) by Patuxent Forge and Higgins's Store to Davidsonville, 21 miles and back once a week

Leave Davidsonville every Thursday at 10 m, arrive at Elk Ridge Landing same [illegible] 5 p m

Leave Elk Ridge Landing every [illegible] day at 4 a m, arrive at Davidsonville same [illegible] at their [illegible] from Boonsboro (1391) by [illegible] personal [illegible] burg, Brownsville, Burkettsville, [illegible] ion of the [illegible] ville, to Barry, 20 miles and [illegible] week

Leave Boonsborough every NNY. at 1 p m, arrive at Barry same p m

Leave Barry every Wednesday at [illegible] o'clock arrive at Boonsboro same day by 12 noon

NOTES.

1. Each route must be bid for separately The route, the sum, the mode of service, and the residence of the bidder, shoud be distinctly stated in each bid.

2. No proposal will be considered unless it be accompanied by a guaranty signed by two responsible persons in the following form viz:

"The undersigned [illegible] and guaranty [illegible] that [illegible], if his bid for carrying the mail from [illegible] to [illegible] be accepted by the Postmaster General, shall enter into an obligation prior to the 25th day of January next, with good and sufficient sureties, to perform the service proposed"

Dated " 1836."

This should be accompanied by the certificate of a postmaster, or other equivalent testimony, that the guarantors are men of property, and able to make good their guaranty. ☞ No exemption from this requirement is allowed in favor of old contractors, railroad companies, or any other companies or persons whatever.

3. The distances as stated in this advertisement are believed to be substantially correct but the bidder will inform himself on that point, as no increased pay will be allowed for any difference when the places are named correctly.

4. The schedules are arranged so as to allow seven minutes to each post office for opening and closing mails generally and one hour to the distributing post offices; but the Postmaster General may extend the time on allowing like extension to the contractors.

5. The Postmaster General may alter the schedule, and alter the route, he allowing a *pro rata* increase of compensation for any additional service required, and for any increased speed, when the employment of additional stock or carriers is rendered necessary.

6. He may discontinue or curtail the service, whenever he shall consider it expedient to do so, he allowing one month's extra pay on the amount dispensed with.

7. He may impose fines for failure to take or deliver a mail or any part of a mail; for suffering the mail to be injured, wet, lost, or destroyed; and may exact a forfeiture of the pay of the trip, whenever the trip is lost, or the mail arrives so far behind schedule time as to lose connexion with a depending mail.

8. He may annul the contract for repeated failures to perform any of the stipulations, for refusing to discharge a carrier when required, for violating the Post Office law, for disobeying the instructions of the Department, or assigning a contract, without the previous consent of the Postmaster General.

9. If the contractor shall run a stage or other vehicle more rapidly or more frequently than he is required by the contract to carry the mail, he shall give the same increased celerity and frequency to the mail, and without increase of compensation.

10 Contractors on stage and coach routes shall, in the conveyance of passengers, give a preference to those who are brought in the connecting mail lines, over those travelling any other; so that connecting mail stages shall form continuous travelling lines.

11. On routes where the mail is in stages, and the present contract superceded by an underbidder [illegible] are the stage property requisite [illegible] formance of the contract, he shall purchase from the present contractors such of the stage horses and property as may be suitable to the service, at a fair valuation, and make payment therefor by reasonable instalments. Should they not agree as to the suitableness of the property, the terms, or the security, each may choose a person, who may appoint a third and their decision shall be final; or the Postmaster General will name the umpire. This will be made the condition of any bid under that of a present contractor, and should the underbidder fail to comply, his bid will be offered to the contractor; but should he decline it, the proposal of the underbidder will be accepted unconditionally.

12. The proposals should be sent to the Department sealed, endorsed "mail proposals in the State of ," and addressed to the First Assistant Postmaster General.

AMOS KENDALL.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

October 25, 1836.

Nov. 12 law 4w

Talbot County to wit.

ON application to me the subscriber, one of the Justices of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid by petition in writing of Thomas Henrix stating that he is under execution, and praying for the benefit of the act of Assembly, passed at November session, eighteen hundred and five, for the relief of Insolvent Debtors; and the several supplements thereto, on the terms mentioned in the said acts; and the said Thomas Henrix having complied with the several requisites required by the acts of Assembly, I do hereby order and adjudge that he said Thomas Henrix be discharged from his imprisonment, and that he be and appear before the Judges of the Talbot County Court, on the first Monday of November Term next, and at such other days and times as the Court shall direct; the same time is appointed for the creditors of the said Thomas Henrix to attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the said Thomas Henrix should not have the benefit of the said acts of Assembly. Given under my hand the 13th day of February, 1836.

LAMBERT W. SPENCER

NOTIC.

THE Subscriber's Mill at "Sherwood's Branch," is now in full and successful operation, under the care and management of Mr. Isaac Ireland.

E. N. HAMBLETON

Oct. 15 3w

TAKE NOTICE.

PERSONS calling for letters or sending for them must pay the postage before they can have them, as I am determined to give no credit, the law is this, "Post Masters are unauthorized to give credit for postage, want of funds therefore is no excuse for failure of payment, all newspapers and pamphlets must be paid for the quarter in advance" [illegible] not be delivered [illegible] Sarah and Priscilla [illegible] supplies the ensuing spring; in the [illegible] 1834, the Bourne left Baltimore with [illegible] migrants for the colony; the following spring the Harmony; in the fall of 1835, the Fortune was chartered and sailed for Cape Palmas, the Emmeline carried out the spring expedition of 1836, and on the 31st of October in this year, the Niobe with thirty-two emigrants and the necessary supplies, weighed anchor for Maryland in Liberia.

Dr. Hall, late Governor of the colony, had charted the Niobe for a trading voyage, on the western cost of Africa, on his own account; and the Board of Managers availed themselves of so excellent an opportunity to despatch the fall expedition of the present year. By the same vessel, the American Board of Commissioners for foreign missions, set out the Rev. [illegible] and lady, to join Mr. Wilson, This stock consists of Cape Palmas. Mr. White head of Cattle, 38 head of sheep and [illegible] 17 head of hogs 2 yoke of oxen—The Terms of sale are as follows, a credit of six month will be given on all sums over five dollars, the purchasers giving notes with good security, bearing interest from the day of sale, all sums of and under five dollars the the cash will be required—in all cases the terms of sale must be complied with before the property is removed.

G. TURBUTT.

Dec. 3

School Notice.

THE inhabitants of the several School Districts in Talbot County are hereby notified that by An Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, passed at December Session 1835, chap. 278, Sec. 3., is made necessary that Trustees and Clerks, for each School District must be annually elected in the month of December. Therefore the Clerks of each and every district must give notice of said election at least 10 days previous to the holding said election, that the new Trustees may have an opportunity of making contracts with Teachers for the next year to commence on the 1st January.

THOS. C. NICOLS, Clerk to Commissioners.

N. B. There will be an election for three Trustees and Clerk, held at the Court House in Easton, on Saturday the 17th December next at 3 o'clock, P. M. for School District No. 2, in Election District No. 1.

W. C. RIDGAWAY, Clerk.

Nov.

Denton Hotel

FOR RENT.

TO RENT for one or more years, well known and commodious Brick tavern, situate in the town of Denton, Caroline county, and for some years past occupied by Abraham Griffith, and known by the name of

DENTON HOTEL

This property is commodious and possesses many advantages which recommend it to a man well calculated to conduct it, an opportunity offers for a profitable business. Possession will be given the first day of January next. The rent are reasonable and may be requested to examine the premises. For terms apply to James Sangston, Denton, or

JOHN SNO[illegible]

near Hillsborough, Carolina

Sept 10 tf

NOTICE

THE Steamboat [illegible]

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