and does not exactly say whether he will permit Judge Childs and his dozen associates to make a President of him, or not. O, dear!—*Providence Herald.*

[For the Eastern-Shore Whig.]

Mr. Editor,—It has become evident to every individual who has observed the productions of the salts that those luxuries, especially more recently the fish, have diminished, and if things exist as they have done the advantages derived from the salts will become quite nominal. Our shores have been frequented this winter to a large extent with Seine Haulers from Baltimore, and every school of fish whenever discovered have been immediately surrounded and caught; and if the weather is sufficiently cold the fish are carried to Baltimore to the injury of the inhabitants of the water and its vicinity where they are caught, and independently of the injury we sustain from suffering such a practice upon our waters, we sustain a great injury upon our shores. I understand the owners of the land on the river more upwards towards Wye, will not suffer the Seine Haulers from Baltimore to haul upon their shores, and the consequence is we have them all upon our river.

It becomes the duty of every individual upon the salts, or indeed every individual who feels an interest for his county to drive those intruders from our shores; and this ought to be done without delay.—If neglected this winter, we shall have an increase in number next fall: I throw out these few hints hoping that some person or persons who feel interest enough for our county, to propose some day and place to meet at, and that soon, and devise some plan to remedy the evil.

A CITIZEN.

Miles River, Feb. 24, 1838

[Communicated for the E. S. Whig.]

LINES

Written on board packet schooner EXILE in the Atlantic Ocean, and dedicated

TO —— ——.

Now in far off eastern skies,
The dappled dawn 'gins to arise;
The stars that twinkle in the sky
Now one by one go out and die;
And through the mantle of the night
Run zigzag streams of golden light,—
'Tis now my thoughts buoyant and free,
Turn back to Home—to LOVE AND THEE!

The moon in unveil'd majesty
Pours down her light upon the sea,
And the FOAMBELLS sparkle bright
Glittering in her mellow light;—
And our "bonnie bark" doth seem
To float upon a silver stream!
Now my thoughts from dross are free—
They turn to Home—to LOVE AND THEE.

ATROCIOUS MURDER.

A crime of the darkest dye, which is calculated to excite feelings of indignation, grief and horror throughout our country, has been committed by one of the Representatives of the people in Congress, in the WILFUL and DELIBERATE MURDER of one of his fellow representatives.

The full detail of the circumstances connected with this fatal tragedy will be found below. [Baltimore Gazette.

We omit the correspondence which passed between Messrs. Cilley and Graves previous to the duel, as well as that of the seconds. We can perceive nothing in the correspondence on the part of Mr. Cilley calculated to wound the honor of Mr Graves. For throughout the whole correspondence he only acted as a high-minded and honorable man. From beginning to end he declared that "in declining to receive the note of Mr. Graves, purporting to be from Col. Webb, he meant no disrespect to Mr. Graves, because he entertained for him the highest respect, and the most kind feelings; but that he declined to receive the note because he chose not to be drawn into any controversy with Col. Webb."

Shortly after the hour of 3 o'clock P. M. the rifles were loaded in the presence of the seconds; the parties were called together; they were fully instructed by Mr. Jones as to their position, and the words twice repeated to them, as they would be, and as they were, delivered to them, in the exchange of shots. After this they were ordered to their respective positions, the seconds assumed their places, and the friends accompanying the seconds were disposed along the line of fire to observe that each obeyed the terms of meeting. Mr. Jones gave the word distinctly, audibly, and in regular succession, and the parties exchanged shots without violating in the least a single instruction. They both missed.

After which, Mr. Wise called upon the friends generally to assemble and hear what was to be said. Upon the assembling of the friends, Mr. Jones inquired of Mr. Wise whether his friend (Mr Graves) was satisfied? Mr. Wise immediately said in substance: "Mr. Jones, these gentlemen have come here without animosity towards each other; they are fighting merely upon a point of honour; cannot Mr. Cilley assign some reason for not receiving at Mr. Graves, hands Col. Webb's communication, or make some disclaimer which will relieve Mr. Graves from his position?" Mr Jones replied, in substance: "Whilst the challenge is impending, Mr. Cilley can make no explanations." Mr. Wise said, in substance: "The exchange of shots suspends the challenge and the challenge is suspended for the purpose of explanation." Mr. Jones thereupon said he would see Mr. Cilley, and did go to him. He returned, and asked Mr. Wise again: "Mr. Wise, do I understand aright that the challenge is suspended?" Mr. Wise answered: "It is." Mr. Jones was then about to proceed, when Mr. Wise suggested that it was best, perhaps to give the explanation or reason in writing. Mr. Jones then said, in substance: "Mr. Wise, if you require ME to put what I have to say in writing, I shall require you to put what you have said, and may say, in writing." Mr. Wise replied: "Well, let us hear the explanation beforehand, as it may be necessary to put it in writing." Mr. Jones then proceeded, as he now thinks, substantially to say: "I am authorized by my friend, Mr. Cilley, to say, that in declining to receive the note from Mr. Graves, purporting to be from Col. Webb, he meant no disrespect to Mr. Graves, because he entertained for him then, as he now does, the highest respect and the most kind feelings; but that he declined to receive the note, because he chose not to be drawn into any controversy with Col. Webb." Mr. Wise thinks this answer of Mr. Jones was, in substance, as follows: "I am authorized by my friend, Mr. Cilley, to say, that in declining to receive the note from Mr. Graves, purporting to be from Col. Webb, he meant no disrespect to Mr Graves, because he entertained for him then, as he does now, the highest respect and the most kind feelings; but my friend refuses to disclaim disrespect for Col. Webb, because he does not choose to be drawn into an expression of opinion as to him." Such is the substantial difference now between the two seconds, as to this answer of Mr. Jones. The friends on each side, with the seconds, then retired from each other to consult upon this explanation. After consultation Mr. Wise returned to Mr. Jones and said: "Mr. Jones, this answer leaves Mr. Graves precisely in the position in which he stood when the challenge was sent" Much conversation then ensued between the seconds and their friends, but no nearer approach to reconciliation being made, the challenge was renewed, and another shot was exchanged in a manner perfectly fair and honorable to all parties. After this, the seconds and the friends again assembled, and the challenge was again withdrawn, and very similar conversations to that after the first exchange of shots again ensued. Mr. Jones then remarked: "Mr. Wise, my friend, in coming to the ground, and exchanging shots with Mr. Graves, has shown to the world, that in declining to receieve the note of Col. Webb, he did not do so because he dreaded a controversy. He has shown himself a brave man, and disposed to render satisfaction to Mr. Graves. I do think that he has done so, and that the matter should end here." To this, Mr. Wise replied in substance: "Mr. Jones, Mr. Cilley has already expressed his respect for Mr. Graves in the written correspondence, and Mr. Graves does not require of Mr. Cilley a certificate of character for Col. Webb; he considers himself bound not only to preserve the respect due to himself, but to defend the honor of his friend, Col. Webb." These words of Mr. Wise, Mr. Jones recollects, and Mr. Wise thinks he added the words: "Mr. Graves only insists that he has not borne the note of a man who is not a man of honor and a gentlemen."

After much more conversation, and ineffectual attempts to adjust the matter, the challenge was again renewed; and whilst the friends were again loading the rifles for the third exchange of shots, Mr. Jones and Mr. Wise walked apart, and each proposed to the other anxiously to settle the affair. Mr. Wise asked Mr. Jones "If Mr. Cilley could not assign the reason for declining to receive the note of Col. Webb; that he (Mr. Cilley) did not hold himself accountable to Col Webb for words spoken in debate?" Mr. Jones replied that "Mr. Cilley would not assign that reason, because he did not wish to be understood as expressing the opinion whether he was or was not accountable for words spoken in debate." Mr. Wise then, according to his recollection, asked Mr. Jones whether "Mr. Cilley would not say, that in declining to receive the note of Col. Webb, he meant no disrespect to Mr. Graves, either *directly* or *indirectly?*" To which Mr. Jones replied affirmatively, adding, "Mr. Cilley entertains the highest respect for Mr. Graves, but declined to receive the note, because he chose to be drawn into no controversy with Col. Webb. After further explanatory conversation, the parties then exchanged the third shot, fairly and honorably, as in every instance. Immediately previous to the last exchange of shots, Mr. Wise said to Mr. Jones, "If this matter is not terminated this shot, and is not settled, I will propose to shorten the distance." To which Mr. Jones replied, "After this shot, without effect, I will entertain the proposition.

After Mr. Cilley fell, Mr. Wise, for Mr. Graves, expressed a desire to Mr. Jones to see Mr. Cilley. Mr. Jones replied to Mr. Wise, his friend is dead, and went on to Mr. Graves, and told him that there was no objection to his request to see Mr. Cilley. When Mr. Jones approached Mr. Graves, and informed him that his request should be granted, Mr. Graves inquired, "How is he?" The reply was, "My friend is dead, sir." Mr. Graves then went to his carriage. Mr. Wise inquired of Mr. Jones, before leaving the ground, whether he could render any service, and tendered all the aid in his power. Mr Wise and Mr. Jones concur that there were three shots exchanged.

Such is the naked statement of all the material facts and circumstances attending this unfortunate affair of honor, which we make in justice to our friends, to ourselves, to all concerned, to the living and to the dead; and it is made for the only purpose of allaying excitement in the public mind, and to prevent any and all further controversy upon a subject, which already is full enough of woe. We have fully and *substantially* stated wherein we agree and disagree. We cordially agree, at all events, in bearing unqualified testimony to the fair and honorable manner in which this duel was conducted. We endeavored to discharge our duties according to that code under which the parties met, regulated by magnanimous principles, and the laws of humanity.—Neither of us has taken the least exception to the course of the other, and we sincerely hope that here all controversy whatever may cease. We especially desire our respective friends to make no publication on this subject. None can regret the termination of the affair more than ourselves, and we hope again that the last of it will be the signature of our names to this paper, which we now affix,

GEO. W. JONES.
HENRY A. WISE.

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

From the Baltimore Republican

☞ We ask a careful persual of the subjoined resolutions. They are concise, logical and orthodox. As political apothegms, they will serve for themes for a discussion of the whole subject to which they refer.

MR. GRASON'S RESOLUTIONS ON THE CURRENCY, *introduced into the House of Delegates on the 14th inst., and ordered to lie on the table.*

Resolved by the Legislature of Maryland, That according to the Constitution of the United States, Congress have the power "to lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts, and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defence, and general welfare of the United States."

Resolved, That the words "general welfare," as therein used, convey no definite or general powers, but are intended as a limitation of the purposes for which money is to be raised.

Resolved, That Congress have no power to raise a revenue, except for the purposes specified; and that the power thus given for one purpose, cannot be exercised for a distinct and different purpose.

Resolved, That if the States have a right to establish Banks, the General Government has no power to limit, extend, or regulate their operations; and if this cannot be done by an act of Congress, the same thing ought not to be effected by means of the public revenue.

Resolved, That the public revenue, being drawn from the people of all the States ought to be used for the benefit of the whole people according to the provisions of the Constitution, and ought not to be loaned to particular classes, or to banks, or to individuals, for purposes of trade or speculation.

Resolved, That Banks which require a National Bank to keep them within proper limits, and to prevent them from issuing more paper than they can redeem, are not suitable fiscal agents of the government, whose duty it is, to receive and pay away the revenue in specie, or its equivalent; and which duty it has found great difficulty in performing, in consequence of the failure of many of those Banks to return the money which had been committed to their charge.

Resolved, That a National Bank which excludes the government directors from a knowledge of its most important transactions, which, under false pretences and for its own inconvenience, induces the treasury department to postpone the payment of the public debt; which employs its funds for political purposes, and after doing all this refuses to submit to an investigation of its concerns, cannot be considered a suitable or faithful agent of the government, for the collection, custody and disbursement of its revenue.

Resolved, That a National Bank, which has the power to control all other banks, and is subject to no control itself; which extends and curtails its operations, according to its interest or caprice, which at one time is able to produce a pressure upon the whole community, and then is reduced by mismanagement to the verge of pankruptcy, cannot be considered a very safe regulator, either of the state banks, or of what is called the currency.

Resolved, That the use of Banks, whether local or national, as depositaries of the public money, having been found by continued experience, to be productive of great evils and inconvenience, it now becomes the duty of the general government, to employ its own agents for the collection, safe keeping and disbursement of its own revenues; so that they may be at all times available for the purposes, for which only, according to the constitution, they ought to be raised.

Resolved, That the increase of banks and bank paper in this country, and the extensive American credits in England, led to overtrading, excessive importations, speculations and extravagance;—which, according to their natural course, terminated in embarrassment, distress and bankruptcy

Resolved, That banks which commit such errors, certainly require some controlling power, to restrain them within legitimate bounds; and in the accomplishment of this object, the State of Maryland seeks no aid from a National Bank, or from the general government, but depends entirely upon her own laws, for the government of her own corporations.

Resolved, That the suspensions of specie payments by the banks and the consequent issue of small notes, by corporations and individuals, have driven from circulation the only kind of money which is known to the Constitution of the United States, or recognized by the laws of Maryland.

Resolved, That the General Government, so far as its action and influence extend, has endeavoured to secure a sound currency to the people of the Union; and that it is the duty of the legislature to restore a specie circulation to the people of Maryland, so that they may not be compelled by the laws, to pay in gold and silver, while they are compelled by the banks to receive irredeemable paper.

THE DUEL.—A full account of the late melancholy duel will be found in our columns to-day. We add the subjoined paragraph from the New York Gazette, which represents the affair in a more disgraceful light, if possible:

"We'll have thee, as our rarer monsters are,
Painted upon a pole; and underwrit,
Here you may see the murderer!"

"Every effort was made after the first and second fires to persuade the challenger and his friends to withdraw the challenge, on the ground that there was no personal animosity between Mr. Cilley and Mr. Graves, and that the matter had proceeded far enough to appease Mr. Graves's wounded honor. But Mr. Graves' seconds would not agree to any accommodation unless Mr. Cilley would say that he believed Col. Webb to be a gentleman. He refused to do it, and died. He fell mortally wounded into the arms of one of his seconds, and survived but one minute. It was a chance shot, in the abdomen. The wind was so high that they could not shoot with any accuracy, else the same fate might have fallen to Graves. But, sir,

"Happy was he that died,
For many deaths will the survivor suffer."

There is not an honorable man living who knows all the circumstances, that would not at this moment prefer the situation of Mr. Cilley, stiff and cold as he is, to that of his antagonist, and of his antagonist's *seconds*, who perpetrated his murder. A Southern *gentleman*, of high rank, technically acquainted with duelling, and approving duelling, told me just now that he did not blame Webb for challenging Cilley, nor did he blame Graves; but said he in *such a quarrel*, the SECONDS who allowed a second fire, ought to be HANGED for MURDER.

MARRIED

On Thursday 1st of March, by the Rev. Mr. Hazel, Mr. RICHARD SNEED, to Miss ANN PARROTT, all of this county.

On Thursday the 1st inst. at 4 o'clock, in the afternoon, by the Rev. Mr. Drane, Mr. CHARLES H. RIGBY, to Miss ELIZABETH ANN RIGBY, all of Talbot county.

DIED

On Sunday night last, Mrs. ELEANOR HARRISON, consort of A. B. Harrison, Esq. of this county.

The Siamese Twins.

THE united brothers CHANG-ENG, will be in Easton, at the Union Tavern, on Monday and Tuesday the 12th and 13th inst. They will receive visiters between the hours of two and three in the afternoon and from 7 to 9 in the evening.

☞ Admittance 25 cents. No Re-admission.
March 6, 1838.

NOTICE.

The Thorough bred Horse,
UNCLE SAM,
Will stand at Denton, and Federalsburgh, in Caroline county, New Market, and Cambridge, in Dorset county, and Trappe, Talbot county, every other week, and the balance of the time in Easton, for particulars see Handbills.
March 6, 1838.

TO RENT,

A pleasant and commodious Dwelling House, till the end of the present year—enquire at the Drug Store of

SOLOMON J. LOWE.
Jan. 6, 1838.

Cattle Show & Fair.

FOR the Exhibition and sale of Live Stock, Agricultural Implements, and House-hold Manufactures; to be held at Easton, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, the 1st, 2d and 3d days of November next; commencing at 10 A. M. on each day.

The Trustees of the Maryland Agricultural Society for the Eastern Shore, have Resolved; that the said Show and Fair, be held at the place and times above mentioned; and that the following premiums be offered, and awarded, to the owners of such articles as may be deemed worthy of them.—viz.

HORSES.

For the best Stallion, thorough-bred and over 3 years old	$10 00
For the best Stallion not thorough-bred and over 3 years old	10 00
For the best Stallion, of any blood and under 3 years old	8 00
For the best brood Mare,	10 00
For the best Filley,	8 00
For the best Saddle-horse,	5 00
For the best Harness-horse,	5 00

Asses and Mules.

For the best Jack, over 3 years old,	10 00
For the best Mule over 3 years old,	8 00
For the best do under 3 years old,	5 00

CATTLE.

For the best Bull over 2 years old	10 00
For the best do under 2 years old	10 00
For the 2d best do do	5 00
For the best Milch-cow over 3 years old,	10 00
For the 2d best do	5 00
For the best heifer under 3 and over 1 year old,	8 00
For the 2d best do of any age,	5 00
For the best yoke of working Oxen,	10 00
For the best beef	8 00

SWINE.

For the best Boar,	8 00
For the best Sow,	8 00
2d best do	6 00

SHEEP.

For the best Ram,	6 00
2d best do	4 00
For the best Ewe,	5 00
2d best do	3 00
For the best pair of Wethers over 2 years old,	4 00
For the best do do under 2 years old,	4 00

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

For the best Agricultural Machine or Implement that may be considered new and deserving the patronage of the Society,	10 00
For the 2d best do	8 00

HOUSEHOLD MANUFACTURES.

For the best sample of domestic sewing Silk,	2 00
For the best pair knit Silk Stockings, of domestic Silk,	2 00
For the best sample of Cocoons, not less that 5 lbs.	2 00
For the best piece of Kersey, not less than 10 yards.	4 00
For the best piece of Kersey, cotton warp, for laborers, not less than 10 yards,	4 00
For the best piece of Flannel not less than 10 yards,	4 00
For the best piece of Cassinet not less than 10 yards,	4 00
For the best piece of Carpeting not less than 20 yards,	5 00
For the best Hearth Rug,	4 00
2d best do	3 00
For the best Counterpane,	4 00
2d best do	3 00
For the best piece of linen Sheeting not less than 12 yards,	4 00
For the best piece of table Linen not less than 10 yards,	4 00
For the best Table Cloth,	2 00
For the best piece of Towelling, not less than 10 yards,	4 00
For the best pair of knit woollen Stockings,	1 00
For the best pair of knit cotton do	1 00
For the best pair of knit thread do	1 00
For the best pair of Laborer's Shoes,	2 00

The Stockings to be of a size for a man or woman.

The dying of all domestic Fabrics to be done at home; in awarding the premiums, regard will be had to the beauty of the coulors, figures and texture, as well as to the durability of the articles.

For the handsomest specimen of Fancy work; not subject to the above restrictions,	3 00

BUTTER.

For the best sample of fresh Buttter, not less than 5 lbs.	4 00
2d best do do	3 00
For the best sample of potted Butter, not less than 5 lbs. and not less than 3 months old,	4 00
For the 2d best sample under the same restrictions,	3 00

A statement of the manner of making and preserving it will prove acceptable.

FERMENTED LIQUORS.

For the best sample of domestic Wine,	$2 00

CROPS.

For the best crop of Irish Potatoes from one acre,	5 00
For the best crop of Turnips, of any variety, from 1-4 acre,	5 00
For the best crop of Sugar Beet, from 1-4 acre,	5 00
For the best crop of Mangle Wurtzel from 1-4 acre,	5 00
For the 10 best contiguous acres of Wheat,	10 00
For the best acre of corn,	5 00
For the best average acre of a crop of corn, of not less than 40 acres,	10 00
For the greatest net profit, actually obtained from an acre in one year,	5 00

An average sample of one bushel must be offered for Exhibition; and in no case will a premium be awarded, unless satisfactory evidence be produced to the Judges, that the ground has been accurately surveyed, the crop produced carefully measured by the bushel, and the sample selected in the presence of not less than two competent and disinterested witnesses.

PLOUGHING MATCH.

For the best ploughing with two horses or mules, - - - -	5 00
For the best do with Oxen,	5 00
To the successful ploughman in each case, - - - - -	2 00

No article will be entitled to a premium, unless the bona fide owner of the same be a resident of the Eastern-shore of Maryland, and a subscriber to the Show. The rules and regulations for the management of the Cattle Show, will be published in due season.

S. HAMBLETON, Chairman.
T. TILGHMAN, Secretary.
March 6th, 1838. 3w

A VERY SUPERIOR FARM AT AUCTION

—part of which is adapted for the cultivation of Peaches—within a few miles of Baltimore on MONDAY MORNING, April 16th, 1838, at ONE o'clock, at the Exchange, where a plat may be seen.

The subscriber will offer that extensive Tract, embracing 1150 acres in Anne Arundel county,—and binding on the Patapsco nearly three miles—where there are numerous Landings and deep Water, and a part of the same on Rock creek. It is only 13 miles from Baltimore, and with the present facilities may be said to have the choice of Washington City, Philadelphia and Baltimore markets; about four hundred acres are cleared. Thirty of which are good Meadow land, the remainder is well timbered. There are four tenements upon the Tract, with never failing streams of Water. The soil is well adapted for the growth of Rye, Oats, Corn, Tobacco, &c and fruits of almost every description. For the cultivation of Peaches there are but few if any superior localities in the country. The land is high, and not subject to severe frosts; in its neighborhood the raising of this species of fruit has and is now carried on very advantageously;—besides other advantages there are on the land about 20,000 cords of Hickory, Oak, Pine and Chesnut Wood, which from its proximity to the water and steady market renders it valuable. The Tract will be sold either together or separate as may suit—and the plat is now at the Auction Room. Persons visiting the place will be shown any part, and can form an essential value.

Terms: *one third cash, on the day of sale, 1-3 in 12 and 1-3 in 18 months with interest,* to be secured by bonds with approved security.

H. W. BOOL Jr. Auct.

or to the proprietor, Charles S. Hammond, Frederick, Md.

Baltimore. Feb'y 20th, 1838 —mar 6 wts.

Blacksmithing.

THE subscriber begs leave to return his sincere thanks to his friends and the public generally, for the very flattering encouragement he has received from them. Grateful for past favors he solicits a continuance of the same. After twenty-four years experience in the business he thinks he can assure them that their orders shall be fulfilled with that neatness, durability and despatch, which if equaled, shall be surpassed by none.

He still continues at his old stand at the corner of the woods, with a full supply of STEEL, IRON and Coal, ready for HORSE SHOEING. All kinds of edge tools made and repaired All kind of *plough work;* also HARROWS, CULTIVATORS, CART WORK, &c.

The public's obedient servant,

E. McQUAY.

Feb. 27 tf

BLACKSMITHING.

The subscriber having become sole proprietor of the Blacksmith Shop, at Hook-town, formerly occupied by Mr. E. McQuay, is now prepared to execute all work in his line CASTEEL AXES made and repaired, at the shortest notice and on reasonable terms.

He solicits a share of public patronage, and pledges to attend to all orders in his line of business with promptness and despatch.

JOSIAH C. ROBINSON.
Feb. 20 tf (G3w)

N. B. All persons indebted for the past year to the subscriber, are hereby notified to come forward and settle the same by note or otherwise.

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale a small farm called

MORLING'S CHANCE,

situated on a branch of Third Haven River, adjoining the Land of Mrs. Rogers, the late William Hayward, and James Bartlett, containing between fifty and sixty acres of land, with Wood Land, supposed to be sufficient for the use of the Farm.

ALSO,—Two hundred acres of first rate Wood Land, consisting of Pine and Oak, situated near Denton, Caroline county, directly on the Choptank River—For further information, apply to the subscriber, or to Thomas S. Hayward, near Easton.

WILLIAM B. SMYTH.
Easton, feb 13, 1838. tf

NOTICE.

THE undersigned commissioners appointed by Talbot county Court, to value and divide the real estate of Robert Collison, deceased, late of Talbot county, according to the provisions of the Acts of the Assembly in such case made and provided, do hereby give notice to all concerned, that we shall meet at the dwelling house on the farm of said deceased situated in the Bay-side on Thursday the 22d day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, to proceed in the business for which we were appointed.

JOHN KEMP,
JOSEPH BRUFF,
JAMES M. SETH,
EDWARD COVEY,
WILLIAM W. LOWE.

Feb. 20 5w

Wanted for the present year,

A Teacher of moral habits, for Primary School, Election District No. 4, School District No. 2, in Talbot county, competent to teach Reading, Wrighting, Arithmetic, Geography, English Grammar and Mathematics. Immediate application to be made to any of the Trustees.

THOS. CASSON,
ROBT. RAISIN,
EDW'D. FLYNN.
Jan. tf Trustees.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY.

A YOUNG MAN who writes a good hand, understands accounts and sales thoroughly, and can produce undoubted evidence of good morals, and industrious business habits will hear of a situation in a store by making application to the Editor. The terms will be liberal.

Easton, Jan. 23. 8t

The Union Tavern,

IN EASTON, MD.

THE subscriber having taken a new lease of this COMMODIOUS ESTABLISHMENT, including the private dwelling houses lately attached to it. The proprietor, solicits the patronage of Travellers and citizens of Talbot and the neighboring counties. His exertions to please all persons shall be redoubled and unremitted; and, as that respectable and veteran Inn-keeper, Mr. Lowe, has declined the business, the subscriber flatters himself that he will be able to hold a fair & equal competition with any other individual in his line.

At the *private house* of the Union Tavern Ladies and Gentlemen can be at all times accommodated in separate parties free from all noise and interruption, and shall receive the strictest attention.

☞ The patronage of the Judges and Counsel, who attend the Courts, sitting in Easton, is solicited and every possible attention to their comfort and convenience is promised.

☞ The *stables* belonging to this establishment will be largely extended and improved immediately, and the utmost care of horses will be taken.

☞ Terrapin and Oyster suppers promptly prepared.

☞ His carriages will be in constant attendance at the Steamboat to convey passengers to any part of the Peninsula.

E. McDOWELL.
Easton, Talbot county, Md.
Nov. 14, 1837.

CARD.

SAMUEL HAMBLETON, Jr., has removed to the office on Washington street, formerly occupied by the late Dr. Ennalls Martin, and lately by William R. Price, Esq. where, or at his residence immediately adjoining, he may at all times be found by those having professional business with him.

Jan. 3 4t

LATEST FASHIONS.

JOHN SATTERFIELD respectfully informs his customers and the public generally, that he has just received his

Fall and Winter FASHIONS

and is prepared to execute all kinds of work in his line of business, with neatness and despatch.

Thankful for past favors, he solicits a continuation of the same, and invites gentlemen to call and see his card of fashions, consisting of the latest improvements and most approved styles.

Frock Coats, Dress Coats, Vests, Children's and youth's clothes, and every description of Gentlemen's wearing apparel in all their varieties and fashions, will be cut in a handsome style, *warranted to fit* and made in a durable and neat manner at the shortest notice.

Notice.

ALL persons are hereby forwarned, from hunting with Dog or Gun, on my premises, (Wye Island.)

VALENTINE BRYAN.
Jan. 9 3t

ESTRAY COLT.

Came to the subscribers on or about August last, a Bay Colt, supposed to be about 3 years old—three white feet, and several white spots on the back. The owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take him away.

JNO. W. ARRINGDALE.
Jan. 23 3w

NOTICE.

THE undersigned, Commissioners appointed by Talbot county Court, to value and divide the Real Estate of James G. Elliott, late of Talbot county, deceased, according to the provisions of the acts of Assembly in such case made and provided, do hereby give notice to all concerned, that we shall meet at the late residence of the said James G. Elliott, in Talbot county, on Thursday the 22d day of March next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. to proceed in the business for which we are appointed.

WILLIAM ROSE,
CORNELIUS SHERWOOD,
THOMAS HOPKINS,
SYDENHAM T. RUSSUM,
WM. POWELL.
COMMISSIONERS.

Feb. 13

MARYLAND.

CAROLINE COUNTY ORPHANS' COURT,
February Term, A. D. 1838.

ON application of Jesse Hubbard, Administrator of William P. Kelley, late of Caroline county, deceased—It is ordered that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate; and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in Easton.

In testimony that the above is truly copied from the minutes and proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed this thirteenth day of February, A. D. eighteen hundred and thirty-eight.

Test,

WM A. FORD, Reg'r.
of Wills for Caroline county.

In compliance with the above order,
Notice is hereby given,

That the subscriber of Caroline county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Caroline county in Maryland, letters of Administration on the personal estate of William P. Kelley, late of Caroline county, deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the tenth day of October next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand this 13th day of February, 1838.

JESSE HUBBARD, Adm'r.
of William P. Kelley, dec'd.

Feb. 20 3w

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc4925_scm13074-0948