are total wrecks, and the Lockwood a British ship with passengers for New York, is in a similar condition.

"The Victoria steam tug, assisted by the Life Boat, has made every exertion to save as many as possible of the seamen and passengers from the wrecks. They succeeded in saving a considerable number from the Lockwood and St. Andrew, but in the latter vessel from 80 to 100 souls were left last night. Amongst those preserved was an infant only eighteen months old, whose father and mother were left on board. The Pennsylvania is lying in the surf with her null nearly covered by the sea. The captain crew and passengers are in the rigging, and have been there since last night, the water making a breach over her.

"Last night at a late hour, Mr. Arthur, the active and intrepid manager of the steam tug boats, caused the fuel to be increased and went out to the vicinity of the wrecks, to see what assistance could be rendered. Unfortunately the night was dreadfully severe; a boisterous and piercing wind, with a keen frost, snow, thunder and lightning, combined to augment the sufferings of the poor creatures who were so entirely exposed to the wrath of the elements. It was evident that, if the vessels kept together till morning, many of the sufferers might perish from cold.

Half past One.—"We have just learned that one of the steam tug boats has returned bringing the survivors from the wrecks.

"Captain Smith, of the Pennsylvania, the first and second mates, about seventeen of the crew and four of the passengers have all perished. Twenty-six have been saved Many are left in the rigging.

"The captain and about fifty of the crew and passengers of the Lockwood have been saved. All the survivors on board this ill-fated vessel have been brought away except one man. The wife of this person was on board in a dying state and he refused to quit her. The sight on board was most heart-rendering. Men, women and children were lying dead over the sides or hanging, lifeless in the rigging, having perished from the severity of the weather."

A petition in the Ohio Legislature against horse racing, has been unceremoniously dismissed.

EX-PRESIDENT JACKSON.—The last accounts from Tennessee represents this old veteran in excellent health, being able to attend to the business about his farm.

THE MULBERRY FEVER IN FLORIDA.—The St. Augustine News states that *twelve trees*, of the Morus Multicaulis, were sold lately in that city for six hundred dollars.

"WANTED.—A coachman, to take care of a pair of horses of a religious turn of mind."

We have heard of coachmen of a "religious turn of mind," but pious horses we have never heard of before.

LUSUS NATURÆ.—A hog was killed in this vicinity, says the Raleigh Register, a few days ago, on opening which there were found attached to the *haslet, two hearts*.

A NAME.—The Woods, of Lancashire, are a distinguished family for character, wealth and talent; the eldest son, John Wood, has been returned member of Parliament for Preston several times, and proved himself a steady supporter of civil and religious liberty. A laughable circumstance took place upon a trial in Lancashire, where the head of the family, Mr. Wood, senior, was examined as a witness. Upon giving his name, Ottiwell Wood, the judge, addressing the reverend person, said, "Pray, Mr. Wood, how do you spell your name?" The old gentleman replied--

O double T
I double U
E double L
Double L
Double O D.

Upon which the astonished lawgiver laid down his pen, saying it was the most extraordinary name he had ever met with in his life, and after two or three attempts, declared he was unable to record it. The court was convulsed with laughter.—Gardiner's Music & Friends

EXTRACTS.

1. "Buy a rose?" said a Democratic urchin, presenting a tuft of wilted cabbage leaves to one of the new made Whigs of the day. "Rose! you little rogue, that's no rose." "I know it, sir; but you can *call* it a rose."

2. A gentleman of this city recently went into a merchant tailor's shop, and ordered a coat from a piece of cloth which he selected. The seller told him that Wm. C. R**** had a coat from the same piece. "Then," observed the gentleman, "you ought to make my coat like his. *Finish it on both sides*."

3. A little fellow the other day, in a crowd, cried out "Hurrah for Van Buren!" At which a Harrison man exclaimed angrily, "Hurrah for a jackass!" "That's right," said the boy, "you hurrah for your candidate, and I'll hurrah for mine."

4 A farmer being recently asked by a Whig friend who had sent him a copy of Wise's and Bond's speeches, what he thought of them, replied, "They are very small potatoes; not fit for the table, and worth little for the pigs."—Globe.

The army of the United States as authorized by law, would amount to 12,539 officers and emen. But the entire force at present is only 8653. There being 3885 to be recruited.

THE DAMAGE.—The New York Transcript estimates the amount of damage done all over the country by the late storm at about ten millions of dollars.

The active cruising and efficiency of the U. S. steam vessel Fulton, for the purpose of relieving distressed vessels on the coast, is much applauded in the New York papers.

Nearly five hundred Mechanics have been thrown out of employment by the late fire in Boston.

Formerly it was supposed, if a person drank milk after a meal of fish it would have the effect almost of a poison, but now it is prescribed to remove the danger arising from eating oysters to excess and has been known to succeed when medicines from the apothecary's shop failed.

HEAR IT, YE ABOLITIONISTS.—We stated last week, that a free man had been sold in Worcester county, because, after being absent from the State, he returned, and remained there longer than the law allows. We learn from the Snowhill Banner, that "his return to servitude was entirely voluntary, as he was informed of the penalty, and warned that it would be inflicted upon him. He expresses himself as perfectly satisfied with his present condition, and says that he was well aware of the consequence of delay, but that he prefers slavery in Maryland, to the possession of freedom at the North; and therefore he willingly rendered himself liable to the disposition of the law.—Sun.

From the Washington Globe.

"A CHANGE CAME O'ER THE SPIRIT OF HIS DREAM."

In the Senate to day Mr. Clay appeared in a new part. For some years past he was one of those who saw no harm in the abolition movements. His biographer, Mr. Prentiss (of the Louisville Journal) in his sketch of his life, has taken pains to varnish up for display in the light of Northern philanthropy, Mr. Clay's early emancipation principles. This, Mr. Clay carefully kept alive himself by proposing to set apart in his distribution of the public lands a portion to carry out this scheme. In 1836 he voted against the effort made by the Administration to prevent the circulation of incendiary prints in the South, tending to excite insurrection; and even as late as the last session, he voted against Mr. Rives's resolution throwing cold water on the fire brand petitions continually sent in to Congress. But, to day, what a sudden change we have had in all the Senator's courtesy, kindness, and forbearance for Abolition—no sudden flaw of our variable city weather equals it. During the first part of the session, Mr. Clay dodged every vote, and avoided, by a retreat behind the columns, any expression of opinion about the reception of Abolition petitions; but, to day, he brought in an anti-Abolition petition, and never was a party so belabored in a set speech of hours as the fanatics! fanatics!! He denounced them all, and did not spare even the fair spinsters of the East. He conjured them to remember that, when, with their fair hands, they dipped their pens in ink to sign an Abolition petition, they dipped them in blood!! He exhausted his pathos in portraying "conflagrated cities," "desolated fields," and scenes of "butchery and murder"

There was not a man in the Senate who did not see through this new act of the drama the moment the curtain rose. Mr. Clay finds Harrison has the start of him with the Abolition Antimasonic Whigs. "The dark spirit of slavery" which Ritner conjured up in vain. He had expectations from it, but it embraced Harrison, and perished with Thaddeus Stavens. The Northern friends of Mr. Clay began to question his availability, also, and then a new coalition presented itself as his only alternative. Mr. Tallmadge and Mr. Rives proposed to embalm him with Conservatism, and this sudden hope makes it necessary that a Southern aspect shall be given to his politics, to enable Mr Rives to declare openly on his side.

It will be remembered that Mr. Clay opposed the bill to arrest the incendiary attempts at the threshold.

"June 2, 1836.—On motion of Mr. Calhoun, the Senate resumed (as in Committee of the Whole) the consideration of the bill No. 122, prohibiting deputy postmasters from receiving or transmitting through the mail to any State, in which, by the laws of said State, certain papers therein mentioned, (the incendiary pamphlets and pictorial representations of the Abolition societies,) the circulation of which, by the laws of said State, may be prohibited, and "the amendment of Mr. Grundy having been agreed to" on the question, shall this bill be engrossed and read a third time, it was determined in the affirmative—yeas 18, nays 18."

Mr. H. Clay and all his Northern Whig friends voted in the negative. The Senate being equally divided, the Vice President (Mr. Van Buren) voted in the affirmative.

As another index to Mr. Clay's policy, as late as the last session, we give Mr. Rives's resolution, against which he voted; and add the temperate and mild expressions in which he then encountered Abolition petitions, that it may be contrasted with the vehement and violent declamation in which the whole cause of the fanatics was confounded and denounced by him to day.

"Mr. Rives offered a resolution,

"That any interference with the subject of slavery in the Territories of the United States in which it may exist, is inhibited by all the considerations in regard to the rights and interests of the inhibitants of said Territories, the security of the slaveholding States, and the danger to the Union, which are contained in the preceding resolution, as forbidding any interference with, or action on, the subject of slavery in the District of Columbia; and for the further reason that the people of these Territories, when admitted into the Union as States, will be exclusively entitled to decide the question of the existence of slavery, in their respective limits, for themselves."

Against this Mr. Clay voted. He then, in his speech of last session, blamed the Senate as being too hard on the Abolitionists

"The course which the Senate has pursued in regard to these Abolition petitions for two years past is this: a Senator states, from his place, that he is charged with the presentation of one of them, and moves that it be received. Another Senator thereupon rises, and moves that the motion to receive be laid upon the table, and the Senate accordingly order the motion to receive the petition to be laid on the table; and thus the petition is not received in the parliamentary sense. The Senate does not decide the question of reception. This course I have always thought unfortunate. It is unsatisfactory. * * The mode of disposing of these petitions which the Senate has lately pursued, has certainly not produced the tranquilizing effect so anxiously desired. It has, on the contrary, aggravated, and will continue to aggravate, the disease.

"I would receive, respectfully receive, their petitions, refer them, and occasionally present calm and dispassionate reports against them."

After Mr. Clay concluded his metamorphosis of this morning, (reversing his former position,) Mr. Calhoun arose, and congratulated the side of the House which had supported him in resisting the Abolitionists by the operation of the State Rights doctrine, on the happy conversion of Mr. Clay. He said the triumph was completed. The leader of the Northern force, which alone made the phrensy of the fanatics dangerous, in surrendering, disarmed them. Mr. Calhoun's brief conclusion of the scene was so appropriate that Mr. Clay had not a word to say. He had capitulated, resigned his sword, it was courteously received, and so there was an end of all swaggering.

The House of Delegates has decided by a vote of 32 to 31 that Mr. Lassel is not entitled to his seat, and a warrant has been issued for a new election.

MARRIED

On Thursday evening the 14th by the Rev. Jesse Thompson, Mr. BENJAMIN I. BARROW, to Miss ANN MARIA ROLLISON, all of this Town.

Died

On Sunday night last, Mr. HENRY TOMLINSON of this County.

CARD.

DR A. M. White offers his professional services to the *Public*. His residence is in Dover St.

Feb. 19.h, 1839.—4w

Sale.

THE subscriber will offer at public sale on a credit, on Wednesday the 20th inst. at his residence near the Chappel, if fair, if not, the next fair day; the following property, to wit.

HORSES, CATTLE, SHEEP, AND HOGS,

Household & Kitchen Furniture,

TWO HORSE CARTS, ONE OX CART,

and three good yoke of Oxen,

ONE MULE OF GOOD SIZE,

and for the plough or cart is warranted good, among the cattle are some good cows, now with calf; A SECOND HAND GIG and a number of other articles too tedious to mention. The terms will be made known, and the sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.

Attendance given by

THOMAS HENRIX.

Feb. 19, 1839.

N. B. The crop of wheat on the ground will also be sold.

Public Sale.

BY virtue of an order of Talbot county Orphans' Court, will be sold on Wednesday the 27th inst. if fair, if not, the next fair day, at the late residence of William Atwell (of Kings Creek) dec'd. all the personal estate of said deceased,

(*Consisting of*)

Household & Kitchen Furniture,

FARMING UTENSILS,

CORN AND OATS, CORN-BLADES

and other provender,

ONE GIG AND HARNESS

SOME GOOD WORK

Horses, Cattle, Sheep,

And Hogs, Carts, &c. &c.

—Also—

A LOT OF BACON AND LARD,

Sixty-five bushels of seeded Wheat, & 7 of Rye, (subject to the Landlord's rent, which is two-fifths.)

Terms of Sale.—A credit of six months will be given on all sums over five dollars, the purchaser or purchasers, giving note with approved security, with interest from the day of sale—on all sums of and under five dollars the cash will be required before the removal of the property.

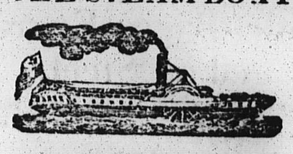
Sale to commence at half past nine o'clock, and attendance given by

WILLIAM WILSON, adm'r.
of William Atwell, dec'd.

Feb. 19th, 1839.

N. B. The lease of the Farm for the present year will be sold—The rent one third of the long Corn.

THE STEAM BOAT



MARYLAND

Will commence her regular trips, between Baltimore and Easton, on Tuesday the 26th inst. She will leave Baltimore every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 7 o'clock for Annapolis, Cambridge and Easton, and leave Easton every Wednesday and Saturday mornings, at 7 o'clock, for Cambridge, Annapolis and Baltimore. All baggage at the risk of its owner. L. G. TAYLOR, Capt.

Feb. 19, 1839.

To the Public.

Mr. John Satterfield having transferred to the subscriber his shop and fixtures, respectfully informs the customers of the establishment and the public generally, that he will carry on the

TAILORING BUSINESS

IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,

at the old stand on Washington street. He will warrant his work to fit, and in point of style and workmanship flatters himself he can give general satisfaction. He keeps constantly employed good and efficient workmen.

The public'e obt. servant,
JOHN H. K. SHANNAHAN.

N. B. Mr. Satterfield is engaged in my employ, and will use every exertion in connexion with myself, to accommodate the old customers and the public generally.

J. H. K. S.

Feb. 19, 1839. tf (G6weow)

"Matchless Sanative."

THE subscriber has been appointed Agen for the sale of this renowned medicine, celebrated for its wonderful cures of

CONSUMPTION,

and all affections of the lungs.

He has just received a supply, and offers it for sale. A further notice of this medicine will be given next week.

August 21, 1838 HENRY THOMAS.

READ THIS.

Cabinet Making.

ALL kind of Cabinet work done by the subbuscriber at the shortest possible notice, and at the most reasonable terms. Also Coffins of all kinds made to order, at the following reduced prices viz:

Mahogany Coffins made for	$10,00
Walnut do. made for	6,00
Ridge top pine made for	3,50
Flat top do. made for	2,50

The subscriber has a first rate HEARSE, which will be furnished on all occasions with Coffins.

The public's ob't. servant,
JAS. S. SHANAHAN.

N. B. The subscriber wishes to take two boys as apprentices to learn the Cabinet business. J. S. S.

Easton Jan. 15, 1839—tf—(G)

A CARD.

A BIRTH NIGHT BALL will be held at the Assembly Rooms of Abram Griffith in the Town of Easton, on the 22nd proximo at half past seven o'clock, P. M.

James M. Lloyd,
Tench Tilghman,
Saml. Hambleton, Jr.
H. L. Edmondson,
Mathew Spencer,
J. Bozman Kerr,
J. L. Martin,
T. S. Dawson,
Robert Rose,
W. E. Nicholson.
} MANAGERS.

Tickets to be had of the Managers or at the bar of A. Griffith.

Feb. 12 2w

For Sale.

THE Subscriber will sell at private sale, 3 yoke of Oxen well broke.

He also wishes to purchase, a pair of Mules for which he will give a liberal price.

JOSIAH HIGGINS.

Trappe, Md. Feb. 12, 1839—3w

Public Sale.

BY virtue of an order of Talbot county Orphans' Court, will be sold on Wednesday the 20th inst. if fair, if not, the next fair day, at the late residence of Richard Denny, dec'd. (in Deep Neck,) all the personal estate of said deceased, the legacies excepted, consisting of

Household & Kitchen Furniture,

Farming Utensils,

Horses, Cattle, Sheep

AND HOGS, CORN-BLADES.

Bacon and Lard.

And a variety of other articles!

Terms of Sale.—A credit of six months will be given on all sums over five dollars—the purchaser or purchasers, giving note with approved security, with interest from the day of sale—on all sums of and under five dollars, the cash will be required before the removal of the property.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. an attendance given by

SPRY DENNY and
WM. K. LAMDIN, Ex'rs.
of Richard Denny, dec'd.

Feb. 12, 1839—2w

NOTICE.

I DO hereby forewarn all persons from hunting or Gunning on the Farm called Peck's Point.—I will prosecute with the utmost rigor of the law persons disregarding this notice—I have been so harassed and trespassed on by persons going on the Farm for the purpose of Duck Shooting, &c. that, in justice to myself I am compelled to give this notice.

JOSEPH R. PRICE.

Feb. 12th, 1839—3w

MARYLAND:

TALBOT COUNTY ORPHANS' COURT,
5th day of February, A. D. 1839.

On application of RUFUS K. FORD, Administrator of Lambert W. Ford, late of Talbot county, deceased—It is ordered by the Court that he give the notice required by law for creditors to exhibit their claims against the said deceased's estate, and that he cause the same to be published once in each week for the space of three successive weeks in one of the newspapers printed in the town of Easton.

In testimony that the above is truly copied from the minutes of the proceedings of the Orphans' Court of the county aforesaid, I have hereto set my hand and the seal of my office affixed this 5th day of February, A. D. 1839.

Test,
JAS. PRICE, Reg'r.
of Wills for Talbot county.

In compliance with the above order,

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the subscriber of Talbot county hath obtained from the Orphans' Court of Talbot county in Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Lambert W. Ford, late of Talbot county, deceased:—All persons having claims against the said deceased's estate are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the subscriber, on or before the 17th day of August next, or they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under my hand this 5th day of February, 1839.

RUFUS K. FORD, Adm'r.
of Lambert W. Ford, dec'd.

Feb. 12 3w

PENINSULAR TEMPERANCE CONVENTION.

THE Temperance Convention to be composed of ten delegates from each county of the State of Delaware, and of the Eastern Shores of Virginia and of Maryland, will commence its session at Chestertown, E. S. Md. on the 20th day of February instant.

The friends of the cause of temperance in Delaware and on the E Shores of Va. and Maryland, are most earnestly requested to appoint, without delay, the delegates for the respective counties, and to select such gentlemen as are sufficiently zealous to be relied on, to attend. It is expected that the meeting will be well attended and will be an interesting one, and it is hoped that ways and means will be devised to give a fresh impetus to the temperance reform over the peninsula.

Feb. 12, 1839.

INSOLVENT NOTICE.

In pursuance of an order of John Stevens, Esq. Chief Judge of the Orphans' Court of Talbot county, Md. I do hereby give notice to all my creditors that the first Monday of May Term next, of Talbot county Court, is the time fixed and appointed for me to appear before the Judges of said county Court, to answer such Interrogatories as may be filed against me. The same time is fixed and appointed for my creditors to appear and shew cause if any they have, why I shall not have the benefit of the Insolvent Laws of this State and the several supplements thereto.

JAMES SEYMOUR, Petitioner.

Feb. 12 3w

DR. W. EVANS'S

CELEBRATED

FEVER AND AGUE PILLS.

This widely-extended and most admirable Remedy for Fever and Ague, and other Fevers, which has already rendered such benefit, and proved a sure and speedy cure for the above named disorders, is particularly recommended to public notice.

On first feeling the premonitory symptoms occur, it is advisable at once to clear thoroughly the stomach and bowels. In no way can this be better and less inconveniently effected, than by taking a few doses of

DR. EVANS'S PURIFYING PILLS,

the value and well authenticated virtues of which medicine have been, and still are, too apparent to call for further comment. They tend to promote a healthy secretion of the Bile, and render the system capable of receiving with benefit The Invigorating and Strengthening Pills.

DIRECTIONS ARE AS FOLLOWS:—

Take four of the Purifying Pills on the first accession of Fever, and continue the same number every other night, till with the additional use of the Invigorating Pills, a permanent cure is obtained.

Take three of the Invigorating Pills in the morning, three at noon, and three in the evening, on the days when the attacks do not occur.

☞The attacks usually occur every other day.

☞Price One Dollar a pack, containing both kinds of Pills.

Sold at Dr. Evans's Medical Establishment, 100 Chatham Street, N. Y., And by his authorized Agents.

LIST OF AGENTS.

T. H. DAWSON & SONS, Easton.
Cambridge—E. P. Lecompte,
Princess Ann—Jno. H. Stewart,
Snow Hill—G Upsher,
Salisbury—Parsons Gordy,
Centreville—Thos. Sutton, P. M.
Denton—Jas. Sangston & Son,
Chester Town—N. T. Hynson.
Feb. 12, 1839.

☞A Letter from Mr. Sheldon P. Gilbert, to Dr. Wm. Evans, proprietor of the celebrated Camomile Pills:

Dear Sir—Had the immortal Cowper known the medical qualities of the Camomile Plant, he as well as thousands since (besides myself) would have experienced its wonderful effects on the nervous system: The public utility of Cowper was blighted in the bud, tho' the natural effect of his nervous debility upon the mental powers, which made it necessary for him to seek relief beneath the rural shade, but the calm retreat gave his physical nature no repose. If some one then had known the secret of concentrating the medical virtues of Camomile, the discoverer would have been immortalized with poetic zeal as the benefactor of suffering man.

The above lines were prompted from the effect I have experienced from Dr. Wm. Evans' Camomile Pills.

Yours, with esteem,
SHELDOM P. GILBERT,
Durham, Green Co., N. Y.

☞Another recent test of the unrivalled virtue of Dr. Wm. Evans' Medicines.—Dyspepsia, ten years standing.—Mr. J. McKenzie, 176 Stanton street, was afflicted with the above complaint for 10 years, which incapacitated him at intervals, for the period of six years, in attending to his business, restored to perfect health under the salutary treatment of Dr, W. Evans.

The symptoms were—A sense of distension and oppression after eating, distressing pain in the pit of the stomach, nausea, impaired appetite, giddiness, palpitation of the heart, great debility and emaciation, depression of spirits, disturbed rest, sometimes a bilious vomiting, and pain in the right side, an extreme degree of langour and faintness; any endeavour to pursue his business causing immediate exhaustion and weariness.

Mr. McKenzie is daily attending his business, and none of the above symptoms have recurred since he used the medicine. He is now a strong and healthy man. He resorted to myriads of remedies, but they were all ineffectual. He is willing to give any information to the afflicted respecting the inestimable benefit rendered to him by the use of Dr. Wm. Evans' medicine.

☞An Extraordinary and Remarkable Cure.—Mrs. Mary Dillon, Williamsburgh, corner of Fourth and North streets, completely restored to health by the treatment of Dr. W. Evans, 100 Chatham st.

The symptoms of this distressing case were as follows: Total loss of appetite, palpitation of the heart, twitching of the tendons, with a general spasmodic affection of the muscles, difficulty of breathing, giddiness, langour, lassitude, great depression of spirits, with a ear of some impending evil, a sensation of fluttering at the pit of the stomach, irregular transient pains in different parts, great emaciation, with other symtoms of extreme debility.

The above case was pronounced hopeless by three of the most eminent physicians, and the dissolution of the patient daily awaited by her friends, which may be authenticated by the physicians who were in attendance. She has given her cheerful permission to publish the above facts, and will also gladly give any information respecting the benefit she has received, to any inquiring mind.

MARY DILLON.

☞DYSPEPSIA AND HYPOCHONDRIACISM.—Interesting Case.—Mr. William Salmon, Green street, above Third, Philadelphia, afflicted for several years with the following distressing symptoms. Sickness at the stomach, headache, dizziness, palpitation of the heart, impaired appetite, sometimes acid and putrescent eructations, coldness and weakness of the extremities, emaciation and general debility, disturbed rest, a sense of pressure and weight at the stomach after eating, nightmare, great mental despondency, severe flying pains in the chest, back and sides, costiveness, a dislike for society, or conversation, involuntary sighing and weeping, languor and lassitude upon the least exercise.

Mr Salmon had applied to the most eminent physicians, who considered it beyond the power of medicine to restore him to health; however as his affliction had reduced him to a very deplorable condition, and having been recommended by a relative of his to make trial of Dr. Wm. Evans' medicine, he with difficulty repaired to the office and procured a package, to which, he says, he is indebted for his restoration to life, health and friends. He is now enjoying all the blessings of health.

Persons desirous of further information, will be satisfied in every particular as to this astonishing cure, at Dr. Wm. Evans' Medical Office, 100 Chatham st. N. Y.

☞A severe case of Piles cured at 100 Chatham street.—Mr. Daniel Spanning, of Shrewsbury, Eden Town, New Jersey, was severely afflicted with Piles for more than 20 years. Had had recourse to medicines of almost every description, also the advice of several eminent physicians, but never found the slightest relief from any source whatsoever, until he called on Dr. Evans, of 100 Chatham street, N. Y. and procured some medicine from him, from which he found immediate relief, and subsequently a perfect cure.

☞An Extraordinary Cure performed by Dr. Wm. Evans, of 100 Chatham st. N. Y.—Mr. W. W. W. of 160 Eldridge street, was labouring under a disease, which was by many physicians considered incurable, and could find no relief from any source whatever, until he made application to Dr. Evans, and placed himself under his successful course of treatment, from which he began to find immediate relief, and in a few weeks was perfectly cured.

☞REMARKABLE CASE OF ACUTE RMEUMATISM, with an affection of the Lungs—cured under the treatment of Dr. Wm. Evans, 100 Chatham street, New York. Mr. Benjamin S. Jarvis, 13 Centre street, Newark, N. J. afflicted for four years with severe pains in all his joints, which were always increased on the slightest motion; the tongue preserved a steady whitenesss, loss of appetite, dizziness in his head, the bowels commonly very costive, the urine high coloured, and often profuse sweating, unattended by relief. The above symptoms were also attended with considerable difficulty of breathing, with a sense of tightness across the chest, likewise a great want of due energy in the nervous system.

The above symptoms were entirely removed, and a perfect cure effected by Dr. W. Evans

BENJ. S. JARVIS.

City of New York, ss.

Benjamin S. Jarvis being duly sworn, doth depose and say that the facts stated in the above certificate, subscribed by him, are in all respects true.

BENJ. S. JARVIS.

Sworn before me, this 25th of Nov. 1836.
WM. SAUL, Notary public, 96 Nassau st.

The above medicine for sale by

T. H. DAWSON & SONS,
Easton, Md.

Feburary 12,

NEW
Tailoring Establishment.

THE subscriber begs leave to inform the citizens of Easton and its vicinity that he has take the room formerly occupied by Mr. James D. Duncan as a Hat Store where he is prepared to execute all work entrusted to him with neatness and despatch, and in the most fashionable style.

If he fails to fit persons favoring him with their custom, he will pay them for their Cloth or make them another suit.

The public's ob't. servant,
ELISHA MECONNEKIN.

N. B. The subscriber receives the latest Fashions, quarterly from Philadelphia, and also is the agent for T. Oliver's late improved rule for cutting garments. E. M.

Jan. 15, 1839—(G3w)

Farm for Sale.

THE subscriber will sell upon accomodating terms his farm in Chapel district in Talbot county, at present in the tenure of Wm. Gardner. This farm is adjoining Tilghman's mill, formerly Holts mill, and within one and a half miles of the Primary School house, at Presimmon bottom, the soil is well adapted to the growth of Wheat, Corn and Rye, an dvery susceptible of improvement.

THOS. C. NICOLS.

Easton Jan. 15, 1839—(G) tf

New Hat Store.

The subscriber has re-commenced the Hatting business in the Store next to William Loveday's and second door from the Bank He has just received a large supply of the best materials, and intends to manufacture

HATS,

AND

BEAVER BONNETS

at the lowest prices, (Wholesale and retail)

His assortment of Hats, &c. is very complete. He solicits a continuance of support from his old customers, and the public generally, and he hopes to be enabled to give satisfaction to those who may favor him with a call.

ENNALLS ROSZELL.

Easton, Jan 1, 1839.

N. B. The above business will be conducted by Mr. Thos. Beaston. E. R.

Teacher Wanted,

FOR Primary School District No. 1, Election District No 4. a person competent to teach the usual branches of an English Education, bringing good testimonials of character and capacity will be employed by application to the trustees.

RICHARD ARRINGDALE,
HARRISON MACKEY,
WILLIAM ATWELL.
Trustees.

Dec. 25, 1838.

Winter Arrangement.

The subscriber will run a Hack during the Session of the Legislature to and from Broad Creek to Easton twice a week, connecting with the mail boat from Annapolis to the former place. Leaves Annapolis Mondays and Thursdays—Easton, Wednesdays and Saturdays. Fare from Easton to Broad Creek $3.

ELIJAH McDOWELL.

January 8

MILLING.

THE subscriber takes this method of informing the public, that he has rented the Mill for the year 1839, well known by the name of Holt's mill, and thinks that from the experience that he has in the business that he will be able to give general satisfaction to all who may favor him with their custom.

The public's obedient servant,
JAMES W. STARKEY.

Jan. 22, 1839