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THE LITTLE FOLKS.

In Embryo.

The egg in the shallow, brown nest—
How lifeless, how pale to the eye!
How long it is pressed to the mother's warm breast,
And kept from the shafts of the sky!
Yet listen, my sweet,
Oh, listen, my sweet,
And think on the changes that fall,
For a heart is beginning to tremble and beat
Close under the delicate wall!

A bird is astir in the nest—
The creature of sunshine and day;
How little and weak, with its wide yellow beak,
Its body all naked and gray!
Yet listen, my dear,
Oh, listen, my dear,
And think on the chances that fall,
For the carols of summer are joyful to hear,
And hope is the ruler of all!

As magic is wrought in the nest,
The night is pursued by the morn,
And surely at last from the walls of the past
The life of the future is born.
Then listen, my sweet,
Oh, listen, my sweet,
And think on the changes that fall,
For the heart of the morrow will quicken and beat,
And burst into being for all!
—*Harper's Young People.*

The Rattlesnake's Florida Cousin.

Perhaps if I say it here that the "diamond-back" is scientifically known as crotalus horridus, you will know what I mean; perhaps you will not. Possibly my statement of that zoological fact will only make cold chills creep down your back to no purpose. For the name itself is appalling, and this perhaps is the reason that the people of Florida, who wish to encourage immigration, merely allude to diamond-backs lightly and cheerfully as "rattlers." But there are "rattlers" and *rattlers!* The rattler of the North is more or less common; few have gone "huckleberrying" often without encountering one. The better the ground and the day for finding berries, the better the chance for rattlesnakes, too. But a long stick always made a short end of crotalus adamanteus of Northern New York; were the engagement with crotalus horridus of Florida, though, I should want an uncommonly long stick, and you might look with considerable certainty to find me at the extreme end of it.

The common name by which this snake is known comes from the diamond pattern which Nature, ever liberal with her dyes and designs, has printed upon its back. Nothing could be neater or more becoming. And, so far as looks go, this crotalus is the handsomest and best dressed of his kind. But, since "handsome is that handsome does" only, the diamond-back is not generally admired in the circles wherein he moves, breathes and principally has his being.—*St. Nicholas.*

The Young Coin Collector.

An individual who hoards pieces of money for their intrinsic value is a miser, but he who collects coins with the object of becoming acquainted with their history and of distinguishing their artistic value is a numismatist.

A decided advantage of coin collecting is that, while the subject is inexhaustible in its vastness—and the oldest connoisseur has yet much to learn—a child may commence the pursuit, and reach, as far as his researches extend, a relative perfection of knowledge. A boy possesses half a dozen coppers, and knows all about them; so far he is an adept. Show this future numismatist a cent discovered by your workman behind a mantel in the old homestead, which is being demolished to make room for a Queen Anne cottage. After a short but careful inspection, he exclaims: "This is an American cent; it was struck at the Philadelphia mint in 1793. The female head with flowing hair typifies liberty; the chain of thirteen links on the reverse side represents the union of the thirteen colonies." The boy's eyes fairly glisten with unconcealed covetousness, for this is a coin that has been long desired by him, and that can rarely be found in such perfect condition. One would almost imagine it had been purposely kept without a blemish to delight the heart of our young friend. If you, the finder, do not then and there request his acceptance of the piece for his little collection, but put it back into your pocket to be nicked-worn smooth, and perhaps eventually lost, you are indeed made of unappreciative and unsympathetic dross. Another desirable feature in coin collecting is that while many objects, such as books, bronzes, ceramics, minerals, etc., take up entire cases, if not sometimes whole apartments, for their exhibit, and are perishable or easily damaged, coins endure like indestructible monuments, and can find a place in a comparatively small space.

A genuine collector is born, not made, yet suitable opportunities for gathering have much to do with the development of the coin-collector's taste. In this respect the young American does not enjoy the local facilities of his European fellow. On the other side of the Atlantic—among the ruins of ancient cities, in mediæval cloisters, churches, and old edifices—are frequently found important hoards of coins almost always of great interest and value. In the new world, coin finds are of rare occurrence, and are notable events in numismatic circles. The Nicholas hoard of bright red and uncirculated cents of the years 1796 and 1797 has furnished to American cabinets nearly all the really fine specimens of those dates, and a discovery of old dollars and half dollars, hoarded years ago by a religious society of Pennsylvania, has given a good and plentiful supply of certain dates that were formerly deemed very rare. The colonial coinages were not particularly extensive, being limited to Massachusetts, Vermont, Connecticut, New York, and New Jersey, but the regular Federal or United States coinage that began in 1793 still offers abundant sources of supply.

Every beginner at coin collecting should first become thoroughly familiar with the coins of the United States, their dates of issue, denomination, weight, fineness, and types. Next to these, the colonial series should engage his attention, and in these two departments he will find sufficient material from which to form an interesting cabinet.

In making a collection of United States coins particular stress must be laid upon the fact that it is neither necessary nor even advantageous to possess all the dates of a given denomination, but simply the various types. Take the dollars, for instance. One type, called "flowing hair," was struck in 1794 and 1795; another, called "draped bust," with a small eagle on the reverse, from 1795 to 1798; another "draped bust," heraldic eagle, from 1798 to 1804. "Flying eagle" dollars were struck in 1836, 1838, and 1839; and from 1840 to 1873, "Liberty seated and eagle" is the unvarying type. Thus there are for this period five types of dollars, which can be represented by five specimens, costing, if selected from the more common dates, but in fine condition, not over twenty dollars. To obtain the entire series, including every date and all the principal varieties, the number needed to illustrate this coinage would embrace not less than fifty specimens, which, exclusive of the famous but not thoroughly authenticated 1804 dollar, would cost not less than four hundred dollars. It must also be recognized that the mere collecting of dates, even if they be of rare American coins, falls far below the true aims of a genuine numismatist.

To collect entire series of the various United States coins entails not only heavy expenditure, but it binds the collector to a task which may exercise his patience and drain his purse, but can never contribute in the least to his mental or intellectual education. Let, therefore, the beginner, who would profit by the experience of others, devote his energies and spare money to the accumulation and formation of a representative collection of coins, one that will comprise a single specimen of all the types of the beautiful gold, silver, and copper coins in the United States in as fine a condition as obtainable. Should rare dates come in his way, let him by all means retain them in preference to those more common, but do not for a moment allow him to imagine that the ownership of a doubtful 1799 or of a fairly preserved 1804 cent contributes in the least to make him better informed or to raise him above his fellow-collectors.

Having become familiar with our national coinage, and having filled a couple of the trays in his cabinet with representative specimens, attention can be turned to the colonial series. On account of the excessive rarity of many of the issues, a complete exemplification of the various types will be found impossible. The collector must therefore content himself with a few examples of the interesting silver coinage of Massachusetts in 1652, of which many varieties are found. He can then easily gather specimens of the cents and half-cents issued by this commonwealth in 1787 and 1788, cents of Connecticut and Vermont in 1785 to 1788, of New Jersey 1786 to 1788, of New York in 1787, and with a few samples of the Anglo-American coinages, such as the "Nova Americana" series (1722 to '23), the Virginia coppers, French-American coins and tokens, coins issued under the authority of the American Congress of 1776, and others, he will soon form an interesting and possibly valuable array, which will appropriately fill another tray of his cabinet.—*Harper's Young People.*

PARROTS ARE SCARCE AND HIGH.

A Bird That Can Whistle and Talk Without Swearing Is Worth $250.

(From the Philadelphia Record.)

That chattering genius of the bird tribe vulgarly known as the poll-parrot is creating something of a financial sensation among fanciers, who find more customers than parrots, but who are timid about holding their prizes at such prices as now prevail, for fear that a West India or South American fleet may at any time overstock the market. "Sure enough, there's a boom in parrots," says a Ninth street dealer, "and we are getting high prices for the birds on hand, especially for Brazilian pets that can talk. The other day we sold a bird for $150, and we hold this one in the cage here (pointing to a fine specimen on a perch near by) at $125."

"These are unusual figures, then?"

"Oh, yes. We sold the $150 parrot partly on its merit and partly because it bore a strong resemblance to the recently deceased pet of an old lady on Spring Garden street, who was as fond of her bird as though it had been her daughter. But it was a bright parrot, could whistle like a flute, and knew half a dozen such tunes as 'Comin' Through the Rye,' 'Yankee Doodle,' 'Over the Fence Is Out,' and 'The Old Man's Drunk Again.' The latter tune it learned from its last mistress, along with sundry profane expressions, which cut down its value at least $70. A parrot that could spit out half a dozen tunes without a cuss word, say 'Good-night' and 'Good-morning' at the proper times, and would not fight with the house cat, would, in the present condition of the market, fetch $250."

"Is the parrot market cornered?"

"Oh, no. That was tried once, and a New York firm bought up all the talking parrots in the country quietly, at fair prices, and waited for a big raise. Just as the corner was about to succeed, two vessels sailed into New York harbor with several hundred birds on board, and the pool was broken, the syndicate losing over $100,000 on the deal.

"But that was not so queer as the bad luck of a Captain who bought over a hundred or more parrots in 1884. He left Rio about two months before the Presidential election. The Captain was cock-sure of Blaine's election, and thought that he would make a 'spec' by teaching the birds to say 'Hurrah for Blaine.' The sailors were busy luring the entire voyage instructing the birds in this single sentence. When the vessel arrived, Cleveland had been elected, and the parrots were a dead loss. The Captain didn't get enough for them to pay first cost."

"What are the prevailing prices now?"

"Well, Cuban parrots sell from $5 to $15, and Brazilian parrots from $20 to $25. These are double the prices which have been prevailing. The result is due to a limited supply and a brisk demand. Parrots are great pets, and an old lady bought the other day an old parrot from us for $10 which we had about made up our minds to give away, just because the bird looked like one which she had owned for years, and which had just died."

Saved by a Woman's Bravery.

City banker—Ruined, ruined! I am to-day worse than penniless!

Wife—O, husband, has the bank broken?

C. B.—Worse! worse than that.

Wife—And has your Chicago investment been swept away, too?

C. B.—Yes, and more; all your fortune I was keeping in trust.

Wife—Has it come to that? But cheer up, husband, dear; all will be right. We will weather the disaster.

C. B.—No hope; all is lost.

Wife (heroically)—No; not all. I will countermand the order for that new dress at Madame De Polonaise's.

C. B.—Thank heaven, we are saved. (Tableau.)—*Tid-Bits.*

A Drenching.

Bobby—"Didn't you have an umbrella with you last night, Mr. Featherly?"

Mr. Featherly—"Umbrella? Why, it didn't rain last night."

"Funny," remarked Bobby, dismissing the subject as if of no special importance; "I heard pa tell ma that he saw you about 11 last night, and that you were pretty well soaked."—*Texas Siftings.*

THEY WANTED BAKED BEANS.

An Instructive Story of the Sufferings of Certain Bostonians.

(From the Boston Traveler.)

Quite a number of years ago a young German emigrated to Boston and settled down here among the Yankees. He prospered, set up in business for himself, prospered some more, and after a time went back to Germany and brought over from his native village a young wife. The young people, living and trading among the natives, became pretty thoroughly Americanized, but did not lose their romantic affection for their native land. Children were born to them, they still prospered in business, and after fifteen years the husband retired from trade. His heart still turning to Germany, he determined to take his family there and place the children in school, leaving it to the future to determine whether he should remain the rest of his life in Germany or return to Boston after the education of his six children had been well advanced.

The first day after the family had arrived at the parents' old home was Sunday, and the children, with their father and mother, were grouped around their grandparents' table for breakfast. Instead of being served with the usual plates of Boston baked beans the eldest of the children was asked by the grandfather what he would like to have for breakfast.

"Some beans, if you please," said the boy in his best German.

The grandfather showed some surprise and said a little crustily that he was sorry there were no beans. Then he turned to the next eldest, a girl, and asked her what she would like for her breakfast.

"I'd like to have some beans, please, grossvater," said the girl, as a matter of course.

The grandfather appeared somewhat vexed, but asked the third child what he would have.

"Beans, please," said he.

The old gentleman here grew decidedly angry. But he asked all the rest of the children in turn, down to the youngest tot, and all declared that they wanted some beans. And when they found they could have none the smallest children, overcome all at once by homesickness, began to cry, and the older ones looked very distressed and unhappy. The grandparents rebuked the father and mother for not rearing their children with better manners. The parents protested that it was perfectly natural, and began to feel decidedly homesick themselves.

"It's no use," said the father to the mother after the meal was over and they had retired to their chamber. "We have made a mistake, and neither we nor the children can be contented here. It isn't that we can't do without baked beans on Sunday morning exactly, but that we have become such thorough Yankees that we shall be homesick here."

"I think you are right," said the wife; "and now that we have made up our minds to that, hadn't we better go back to Boston, and educate our children there?"

"I think we had," said the husband.

After a short stay, which nobody enjoyed, the family packed up their baggage, and returned to Boston. And all because there were no baked beans on Sunday morning!

Etiquette for the Parlor.

Do not manifest impatience or interrupt when another is speaking. If you thing the monologue has continued long enough, lean comfortably in your chair, assume an expression of intense interest, close your eyes and snore, not harshly or impatiently, so as to give offense, but with the long-drawn, musical cadences of a contented man, who is glad to sleep, and has nothing for which to remain awake.

Do not introduce professional topics in general conversation. It is much better to talk about yourself all the time. Then people will have no difficulty in understanding you. A sweet, white-haired old lady, who is devoted to foreign missions, will hardly rise to the level of your enthusiasm when you tell her how they scored six times before they got the word, and then they swaggled off with Scraggy Jim at the pole and Wild Sal running under the wire, and Sleepy Jane, that you backed to win in three straight heats, broke four times on the first quarter, and got shut clean out at the distance pole. You will interest her more deeply if you tell her how all the girls are dead set after you, but you are too hard-heartedly sharp for them. This kind of talk always interests old married people.

Do not continually interject "you know" and "you see" into your conversation. Say, rather, "Savy, John?" or "Ketch on that, Cull?" or "Dye tumble, Shorty?" Then people will know that you have been to college away from home.

Never listen to a remark the first time it is made. This will give you an opportunity of saying "Beg pawdn" at intervals. Then everybody will know that you have been abroad—in your mind.

Talk in very loud tones, of course. Speak up so the company will hear you. In the parlor, or at the table, always talk with the man farthest away from you. Then people will say, "Who is that eloquent young auctioneer?"

The oppressive little lapses in conversation can be most beautifully filled in by whistling. If you can drum an accompaniment on the window-pane with your fingers, the effect will be charming. People will be greatly pleased with you—when you go away. But, of course, they will be too polite to say so.—*Burdette.*

Picking Up a Coin.

Several merchants were once sitting in the front office of the Suffolk Insurance Company, then on the corner of State and Congress streets, when one of them observed another crossing State street. He remarked:

"Here comes L——; just see how quick he will pick this up."

He placed a dime upon the floor. On entering, the watched party noticed the coin, and placing his foot upon it halted, drew out and pretended to use his pocket-handkerchief, but dropped it upon the silver. Then he stooped, raised both, and placed them in his pocket.—*Boston Transcript.*

If She Ever Marries.

A few years ago Hastings' graded school had a good attendance of young misses from 10 to 14 years of age, and at recess a group of these girls gathered around a new comer from the country "getting acquainted," as it was termed, and one of the lot asked her her name. She gave it as Sarah Jane Annie Presley. "Is it to be continued?" queried one in an honest tone.—*Detroit Free Press.*

"Nasal Voices, Catarrh and False Teeth."

A prominent English woman says the American women all have high, shrill, nasal voices and false teeth.

Americans don't like the constant twitting they get about this nasal twang, and yet it is a fact caused by our dry stimulating atmosphere, and the universal presence of catarrhal difficulties.

But why should so many of our women have false teeth?

That is more of a poser to the English. It is quite impossible to account for it except on the theory of deranged stomach action caused by imprudence in eating and by want of regular exercise.

Both conditions are unnatural.

Catarrhal troubles everywhere prevail and end in cough and consumption, which are promoted by mal-nutrition induced by deranged stomach action. The condition is a modern one, one unknown to our ancestors who prevented the catarrh, cold, cough and consumption by abundant and regular use of what is now known as Warner's Log Cabin Cough and Consumption Remedy and Log Cabin Sarsaparilla, two old fashioned remedies handed down from our ancestors, and now exclusively put forth under the strongest guarantees of purity and efficacy by the world-famed makers of Warner's safe cure. These two remedies plentifully used as the spring and summer seasons advance give a positive assurance of freedom, both from catarrh and those dreadful and, if neglected, inevitable consequences, pneumonia, lung troubles and consumption, which so generally and fatally prevail among our people.

Comrade Eli Fisher, of Salem, Henry Co., Iowa, served four years in the late war and contracted a disease called consumption by the doctors. He had frequent hemorrhages. After using Warner's Log Cabin Cough and Consumption remedy, he says, under date of Jan. 19th, 1885: "I do not bleed at the lungs any more, my cough does not bother me, and I do not have any more smothering spells." Warner's Log Cabin Rose Cream cured his wife of catarrh and she is "sound and well."

Of course we do not like to have our women called nose talkers and false teeth owners, but these conditions can be readily overcome in the manner indicated.

Interesting Facts.

There are 2,750 languages.

America was discovered in 1492.

A square mile contains about 640 acres.

Envelopes were first used in 1839.

Telescopes were invented in 1590.

A barrel of rice weighs 600 pounds.

A barrel of flour weighs 196 pounds.

A barrel of pork weighs 200 pounds.

A firkin of butter weighs 56 pounds.

The first steel pen was made in 1830.

A span is ten and seven eighths inches.

A hand (horse measure) is four inches.

Watches were first constructed in 1476.

A storm moves thirty-six miles per hour.

A hurricane moves eighty miles per hour.

The first iron steamship was built in 1830.

The first lucifer match was made in 1823.

Gold was discovered in California in 1848.

Coaches were first used in England in 1569.

Modern needles first came into use in 1545.

Kerosene was first used for lighting purposes in 1826.

The first newspaper was published in England in 1588.

The first newspaper advertisement appeared in 1652.

Until 1776 cotton spinning was performed by the hand spinning wheel.

Glass windows were first introduced into England in the eight century.

Albert Durer gave the world a prophecy of future wood engraving in 1527.

Measure 209 feet on each side and you will have a square acre within an inch.

The first complete sewing machine was patented by Elias Howe Jr., in 1846.

The first steam engine on this continent was brought from England in 1753.

The first knives were used in England, and the first wheeled carriages in France in 1559.

The present national colors of the United States were not adopted by Congress until 1777.

An inch of rainfall is equal to 14,500,000 gallons per square mile.

He ate green cucumbers;
They made him quite sick;
But he took a few "Pellets"
That cured him right quick.
An easier physic
You never will find
Than Pierce's small "Pellets,"
The Purgative kind.
Small but prec ous. 25 cents per vial.

Emperor Frederick was born in 1831, and is in his 57th year.

A Flat Contradiction.

Some one has told you that your catarrh is incurable. It is not so. Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will cure it. It is pleasant to use and always does its work thoroughly. We have yet to hear of a case in which it did not accomplish a cure when faithfully used. Catarrh is a disease which it is dangerous to neglect. A certain remedy is at your command. Avail yourself of it before the complaint assumes a more serious form. All druggists.

The old "Slave Mart" building in Nashville is being torn down.

If Sufferers from Consumption,

Scrofula, Bronchitis and General Debility will try SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites, they will find immediate relief and permanent benefit. The Medical Profession universally declare it a remedy of the greatest value and very palatable. Read: "I have used Scott's Emulsion in several cases of Scrofula and Debility in Children. Results most gratifying. My little patients take it with pleasure."—W. A. HULBERT, M.D., Salisbury, Ill.

There are 172 known species of creatures that are blind.

READ THIS, NERVOUS SUFFERERS.

Do Not Fail to Heed the Warning.

Have you dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation, kidney and liver disease? Fever, boils? Neglect them may take years from your life.

Have you nervousness, weakness, nervous debility, sleeplessness and exhaustion? Every beat of your heart is but a miner's march towards your grave.

Have you neuralgia, rheumatism, epilepsy, palpitation, the tobacco or morphine habit? Any one of these is liable at any moment to take your heart in its deadly grasp.

Have you headache, loss of memory, numbness, tremblings, prickly sensation, cold feet or weariness of the limbs? The sword of Damocles is suspended above you, for just so sure as you neglect these symptoms, just so sure will paralysis, insanity, prostration or death follow.

Save yourselves from these alarming results while there is yet time by the use of that most wonderful discovery for the nerves, Dr. Greene's Nervura Nerve Tonic, which is a perfect and complete cure for all the above diseases. Pronounced the greatest medical discovery of the century.

It will take away your nervousness and make your nerves strong and steady. If you are weak, tired and exhausted, it will make you strong and vigorous. It will cure your indigestion and dyspepsia, give you an appetite, regulate your bowels, kidneys and liver. It will give you natural and refreshing sleep, stop all palpitation of the heart, trembling, nervousness, headache and neuralgic pains. It is a perfect specific for nervous debility and exhausted nervous vitality. It is the best spring tonic, invigorator and restorative in existence, for it makes the weak strong, invigorates the tired and overworked brain, nerves the weary limbs, and restores health, strength and vitality.

Do not fail to use this wonderful remedy, and you are sure of a cure. For sale by all druggists at $1 per bottle. If your druggist does not have it, he will get it for you. Insist upon having Dr. Greene's Nervura Nerve Tonic. Its discoverer, Dr. Greene, is the great specialist in nervous diseases, of 35 West 14th St., New York, who can be consulted free of charge, personally or by letter.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE
BEST IN THE WORLD. Get the Genuine. Sold Everywhere.

Why Laura Lost Her Beau.

Laura once had an affluent beau,
Who called twice a fortnight, or so,
Now she sits, Sunday eve,
All lonely to grieve,
Oh, where is her recreant beau,
And why did he leave Laura so?

Why, he saw that Laura was a languishing, delicate girl, subject to sick headaches, sensitive nerves and uncertain tempers; and knowing what a life-long trial is a fretful sickly wife, he transferred his attentions to her cheerful, healthy cousin, Ellen. The secret is that Laura's health and strength are sapped by chronic weakness, peculiar to her sex, which Ellen averts and avoids by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This is the only remedy, for woman's peculiar weaknesses and ailments, sold by druggists under a positive guarantee from the manufacturers, that it will give satisfaction in every case or money will be refunded. See guarantee on bottle wrapper.

Louisa M. Alcott directs in her will that all her manuscripts be burned.

Consumption Surely Cured.

To the Editor:—Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remedy FREE to any of your readers who have consumption if they will send me their Express and P. O. address. Respectfully,
T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.

If afflicted with sore eyes use Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle.

St. Jacobs Oil cures NEURALGIA, LUMBAGO, BACKACHE, TOOTHACHE, HEADACHE, SCIATICA, PROMPTLY AND PERMANENTLY. At Druggists and Dealers. Everywhere. THE CHAS. A. VOGELER CO. BALTO. MD.

$93 Sewing Machine Free! We want one person in every village, town and township, to keep in their home a Size of our ART SAMPLES; to those who will keep and simply show these samples to those who call, we will send, free, the very best Sewing Machine manufactured in the world, with all the attachments. This machine is made after the SINGER patents, which have expired. Before the patents run out, this style machine, with the attachments, was sold for $85; it now sells for $20. Reader, if you see fit to you the most WONDERFUL THING ON EARTH, but you can secure one of these machines absolutely FREE, by simply sending your application comes in first, from your locality, and if you will keep in your home and show to those who call, a set of our elegant and unequaled art samples. We do not ask you to show these samples for more than two months, and then they become your own property. The art samples are sent to you ABSOLUTELY FREE of cost. How can we do all this?—easily enough. We often get as much as $200 or $300 in trade from even a small place, after our art samples have remained where they could be seen for a month or two. We need one person in each locality, all over the country, and take this means of securing them at once. Those who write to us at once, will secure, FREE, the very best Sewing Machine manufactured, and the finest general assortment of works of high art ever shown together in America. All particulars FREE by return mail. Write at once; a postal card on which to write to us will cost you but one cent, and after you know all, should you conclude to go no further, why no harm is done. Wonderful as it seems, you need no capital; all is free. Address at once, TRUE & CO., AUGUSTA, MAINE.

THOUSANDS say that Ely's Cream Balm cured them of CATARRH. Apply Balm into each Nostril. ELY BROS., 235 Greenwich Street, N. Y.

CURE FOR THE DEAF. Peck's Patent Improved Cushioned Ear Drums Perfectly Restore the Hearing, whether the deafness is caused by colds, fevers or injuries to the natural drums. Invisible, comfortable, always in position. Music, conversation, whispers heard distinctly. We refer to those using them. Write to F. HISCOX, 853 Broadway, cor. 14th St., New York, for illustrated book of proofs, FREE.

$5 to $8 a day. Samples worth $1.50 FREE. Lines not under the horses' feet. Write Brewster Safety Rein Holder Co., Holly, Mich.

Blair's Pills. Great English Gout and Rheumatic Remedy. Oval Box $1.00; round, 50 cts.

HERBRAND FIFTH WHEEL. Latest Buggy and Carriage Improvement. HERBRAND CO., Fremont O.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION

GOLD is worth $900 per lb. Tettit's Eye Salve is worth $1.00, but is sold at 25c a box by dealers.

NEW CRAZE. Apiaculture, 64 page book for 15 cts. A. Andrews, 193 Wash. St., Chicago.

Now is the Time

Now is the time to purify your blood and fortify your system against the debilitating effects of spring weather. Serious consequences often follow this lassitude, which degenerates into debility unless favorably acted for the appearance of disorders. You are run down. No specific disease has manifested itself, but the condition of your system is low and your blood is in a disordered state. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now, before some serious disease gains a firm hold upon your system.

Purify Your Blood

"I was troubled with an eruption of my skin, which covered nearly my whole body. I doctored it for a year without help; then I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla and two bottles completely cured me. I cheerfully recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla for any similar disease." M. J. CLARKE, Decatur, Ill.

"For some years I have been afflicted with eczema of a very stubborn form. Three bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla cured me. I am now well and praise this excellent remedy." MARY L. OWENS, Troy, Ind.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is prepared from Sarsaparilla, Dandelion, Mandrake, Dock, Pipsissewa, Juniper Berries, and other well known vegetable remedies, in such a peculiar manner as to derive the full medicinal value of each. It will cure, when in the power of medicine, scrofula, salt rheum, sores, boils, pimples, all humors, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, indigestion, general debility, catarrh, rheumatism, kidney and liver complaints. It overcomes that extreme tired feeling.

Build Up the System

"Last spring I seemed to be running down in health, was weak and tired all the time. I took Hood's Sarsaparilla and it did me a great deal of good. My little daughter, ten years old, has suffered from scrofula and catarrh, a great deal. Hood's Sarsaparilla did her more good than anything else we have ever given her, and we have tried a number of medicines." MRS. LOUISA CORP, Canastota, N. Y.

N. B. If you have decided to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

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The treatment of many thousands of cases of those chronic weaknesses and distressing ailments peculiar to females, at the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y., has afforded a vast experience in nicely adapting and thoroughly testing remedies for the cure of woman's peculiar maladies.

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Many times women call on their family physicians, suffering, as they imagine, one from dyspepsia, another from heart disease, another from liver or kidney disease, another from nervous exhaustion, or prostration, another with pain here or there, and in this way they all present alike to themselves and their easy-going and indifferent, or over-busy doctor, separate and distinct diseases, for which he prescribes his pills and potions, assuming them to be such, when, in reality, they are all only *symptoms* caused by some womb disorder. The physician, ignorant of the cause of suffering, encourages his practice until large bills are made. The suffering patient gets no better, but probably worse by reason of the delay, wrong treatment and consequent complications. A proper medicine, like Dr. PIERCE'S FAVORITE PRESCRIPTION, *directed to the cause*, would have entirely removed the disease, thereby dispelling all those distressing symptoms, and instituting comfort instead of prolonged misery.

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