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MINING JOURNAL.

WEEKLY.
J. B. ODER, Publisher.

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Frostburg, Md.....May 21, 1892.

SEPARATION.

Ah! we were very near to-night
The simple word for which we longed,
And there were moments when I thought
Our impulses could not be wronged!

Why was it, when you changed your place
And passed so close beside my chair,
That all the life within me thrilled
With pleasure that was half-despair?

Why was it that I felt your gaze
Still fixed upon me as I read,
Yet, with a strange, defiant fear,
Refused too well to turn my head?

How came it that we lingered on
As one by one the rest withdrew,
Till, without seeing, I was sure
That I was left alone with you?

Could you not hear my pages fast
Turned over with a restless hand?
Did they not whisper all your wish
In words not hard to understand?

And, in the stillness, did they sound
Like breathless rustlings of the leaves
That, trembling, wait the blackening storm
Which silent hangs above the trees?

A word had done it! With a flash
Of heaven's own light from heart to heart,
Resistless love had rent the pride
That kept our pent-up lives apart!

But, ere it came, a sudden breath,
The rising wind of common life,
Blew cool upon us; and we sighed,
And turned to us our lonely strife.
—Macmillan's Magazine.

The Wise Man and His Umbrella.

"'The wise man always carries an umbrella,' is a well-known old saw," said an umbrella manufacturer, "and it is not such a bad one, either; but the wise man who carries an umbrella is still lacking in wisdom if he doesn't place it, when it is wet, handle downward to dry. Show me an umbrella that has holes worn in the silk about the ring at the top, while the body of the material is still intact throughout, and I will show you an owner of an umbrella who doesn't deserve to own one, not if it is a good one; and show me an umbrella that has holes in it along the ribs before natural use of it should make them come there, and I will show you an owner who carries his umbrella more for sake of appearance than for utility.

"A wet umbrella placed handle down drips the moisture from it at the edges of the frame, and the material with which it is covered dries evenly, and leaves no spot still soaked with water. If it is stood handle upward the water runs down to one spot at the top, where the strong cloth lining about the ring holds a good deal of it, and in a comparatively short time rots the material, and it breaks easily.

"The man who carries his umbrella swathed in its case when it is not called into use by rain, to give it and him a more stylish appearance on parade, will soon find it wearing out from top to bottom. This is because of the constant friction between the case and the silk, and no matter of how good quality it may be the holes will appear in it long before they should, and the dealer who sold the umbrella will of course be blamed for selling inferior or damaged goods. There are many people so ignorant of the proper treatment of an umbrella that they will actually roll it up when wet, and leave it rot and mould until the next time they want it for use.

"Of course, if it wasn't for such thoughtful folks we wouldn't sell so many umbrellas, but we would escape a great deal of grumbling and growling from customers about the quality of what we sell. If you want your umbrella, and especially a good silk one, to last twice as long as it otherwise would, always leave it loose, whether in use or not, and dry it open, handle down."

The Cost of War.

It appears, according to the estimates of French and German statisticians, there have perished in the wars of the last thirty years 2,500,000 men, while there has been expended to carry them on no less than the inconceivable sum of $13,000,000,000. Of this amount France has paid nearly $3,500,000,000 as the cost of war with Prussia, while her loss in men is placed at 155,000. Of these 80,000 were killed on the field of battle, 36,000 died of sickness, accidents or suicide, and 20,000 in German prisons, while there died from other causes enough to bring the number up to the given aggregate. The sick and wounded amounted to 477,421, the lives of many thousands of whom were doubtless shortened by their illness or injuries. According to Dr. Roth, a German authority, the Germans lost during the war 60,000 men killed or rendered invalid, and $600,000,000 in money, this being the excess of expenditure or of material losses over the $1,250,000,000 paid by France by way of indemnity. Dr. Engel, another German statistician, gives the following as the approximate cost of the principal wars of the last thirty years: Crimean War, $2,000,000,000; Italian War of 1859, $300,000,000; Prusso-Danish War of 1864, $35,000,000; War of the Rebellion—North $5,100,000,000, South $2,300,000,000; Prusso-Austrian War of 1866, $330,000,000; Russo-Turkish War, $125,000,000; South African Wars, $3,770,000; African War, $12,250,000; Servo-Bulgarian, $176,000,000. All these wars were murderous in the extreme. The Crimean War, in which few battles were fought, cost 750,000 lives, only 50,000 less than were killed or died of their wounds, North and South, during the War of the Rebellion. The figures, it must be remembered, are German, and might not agree precisely with the American estimates. The Mexican and Chinese expeditions cost $2,000,000 and 65,000 lives. There were 250,000 killed and mortally wounded during the Russia-Turkey War, and 45,000 each in the Italian War of 1859, and the war between Prussia and Austria. In the other wars the loss of life was relatively less, which did not make either the men or money easier to part with in the more limited areas where they occurred. And this is but a part of the accounting, since it does not include the millions expended during the last twenty years in maintaining the vast armaments of the European Powers, the losses caused by stoppage of commerce and manufactures, and the continual derangement of industries by the abstraction from useful employment of so many millions of persons held for a period of military service extending from three to five years.—Toronto Mail.

White tar is one of the latest inventions or discoveries. It will not become soft under the sun's rays in any climate, and is expected to be used largely in calking the seams of fine yachts.

THE LIVELY KANGAROO.

HABITS OF THE INTERESTING AUSTRALIAN MARSUPIAL.

The Way They Eat and Herd—Their Care for Offspring—Efforts to Domesticate Them in England—Value of Their Hides and Flesh.

The habits of the kangaroos resemble those of the sheep and deer. They are very shy, and have the senses of hearing and smell very acute. They are gregarious, and are seen in droves of from twenty to fifty, but are then very difficult to approach. They are entirely terrestrial, and when alarmed rise on their hind feet and look about them. When they discover danger, they start off, leaping from fifteen to twenty feet at a jump. They are herbivorous, and during the warm, sultry hours of the day resort to cool, shady bush or forest, where they sleep, going out in the evening for food.

In ordinary weather, the large kangaroos (Macropius giganteus) are seen feeding in the daytime, the drove led by an old buck. They eat principally grass, heather, and tender shrubs. The latter they browse on by standing erect on their hind feet. They are especially fond of what is called kangaroo grass, but will also eat barley, oats, or rye if they can get them.

Their ordinary position is a crouching one, on account of the disproportionate size and length of the hind and front legs. When they rise on the powerful hind toes, they often stand over five feet high, and use their forepaws as handily as a squirrel does to convey food to the mouth. They can go a long time without water and are often found miles away from any rivulet.

A doe has but one young at a birth, which she carries in her pouch. The feeble offspring continues to increase in size, from sustenance exclusively derived from the parent, for a period of eight months. After this time its small head may be seen protruding from the pouch and cropping the long grass at the same time as the mother. It lives thus till it is able to run alongside of her, but the instant she scents danger her little one is quickly thrust back into the pouch for safety. The natives call the young joeys, and they are pretty little creatures, with their soft silvery fur, sharp ears, and bright eyes.

The kangaroo can be easily tamed, and though a formidable animal to encounter in its wild state, when domesticated it is inoffensive and a very cleanly one. Since 1865 considerable attention has been given to its economic value as regards the use of its meat and skin. In 1874 an attempt was made to domesticate some in England, but being kept cooped up in pens like those of a menagerie, it totally failed. The problem of their acclimatization has, however, at length been solved, and experiments remarkably successful have been made.

At Tring Park, the residence of the late Baron de Rothschild, a number of kangaroos were brought from Australia and turned loose into the park and woods in hopes of breeding them. Unfortunately a male and young one were poisoned from eating the pernicious Portugal laurel. Fresh ones were imported, and the greatest success has crowned the efforts to breed and acclimatize in England. They have done so well that there are now in Tring Park twenty-eight or thirty native kangaroos, including the black and red species, Bennett's wallaby, the black wallaby and the large Macropius or giant kangaroo.

Now, as this curious and valuable animal has been so successfully bred in England, it is astonishing some enterprising American has not already introduced it into the United States. There is no doubt that with the same care that has naturalized the ostrich, kangaroo farming would be equally profitable. It would pay the government to place a few pairs in the Yellowstone Park, where they would be unmolested, and our large Western cattle farmers would do well to try them. It is surprising how little is generally known of the value of kangaroo skins as an article of commerce. Yet in Newark, N. J., six thousand skins are said to be received every week from New Zealand and Australia for the making of fine shoes and other articles.

Up to 1869 the animals were only killed for their meat, and the skins cut up into shoestrings and leather thongs, etc. An Englishman at this time discovered the valuable quality of the leather and brought some skins to this country. The tanners fought shy of such hides, and he at last got rid of them to a bookbinder for corners for ledgers and commercial books. The valuable qualities soon after this began to be recognized, as the grain prevents its absorbing water, but then it was found very difficult to procure enough skins. Three years ago the establishment now working them in Newark sent out agents to make arrangements for a continuous supply.

It was very soon found that kangaroo hunting was a dangerous business, as when brought to bay it fights bravely for life and leaps like a flash on the hunter, trying to tear open the chest with the terrible claws of the front feet. Seven or eight men go out together, and wear a strong protection on the chest. Then the heat on the plains where the greater species congregate, whose skins are most valued, is often 140 degrees. It is a profitable business all round, especially to the hunters if they escape accidents, as they realize about 70 cents a pound for the hides when sold at the seaports by auction for shipping to America.

Not only are the hides of much value, but its flesh also. The hind quarters of a large buck often weigh over eighty pounds each, and the hams find a ready sale. The tail and head are especial epicures' favorites. The flesh is dark and gamey, and though perhaps not equal to that of our deer, steaks from young animals are juicy and tender and much sought after. As we have every climate within our boundaries, it is quite certain we have all that is required for the kangaroo, and as they have not all the diseases sheep are heirs to, so much the more easy and profitable would be their rearing. As they have such decided grain-eating proclivities, we have another chance in our favor, as every cereal grows in abundance with us.

India Rubber Pavements.

A German engineer has paved a bridge with india rubber, and the result has been so satisfactory that it is to be applied on a larger scale. It is found to be more durable than asphalt, and not slippery. A section of roadway under the gate leading to the departure platform of the St. Pancras Terminus, London, has for some years past been paved with india rubber, and many people must have been pleasantly surprised at the deadening of sound when passing over it on wheels, and at the grateful elasticity to the tread when traversing it on foot.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

OUR STORE

Is not the child of chance, but the ripened fruit of

TRUTH, INDUSTRY AND ACCOMMODATION!

Truth—in the fulfilment of our obligations!
Industry—in our tireless effort to please!
Accommodation—in our endeavor to do all for our customers they cannot do for themselves!

We announce a continuance of our great sales in

Dry Goods, Dress Goods —AND— Milinery,

and that we are better than ever prepared to promise delightful surprises in each department.

We will enter into no detail, preferring that each reader of this announcement shall come and see for him and herself that we are now as heretofore,

First in Style! Best in Quality! Lowest in Price!

Under these circumstances the seed of dull trade cannot germinate in our garden, for popularity is the flower that blooms there in profusion, as rich as those which adorn our

LADIES' DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED HATS!

With the axe at the root of high prices, with the dross refined and none but the pure gold of uttermost perfection in all our lines, is it any wonder that our store is the Mecca of fashion-hunting pilgrims? Is it any surprise that all who properly appreciate solid goods and minimum prices should flock to our establishment as did the people of old to the glittering market-places of the Orient?

One suggestion, however, to those who are delaying—remember, it is just as sensible and important to be on time as to be in style. Come at once and see our new goods.

B. STERN & CO.,
FROSTBURG, MD.

April 23

Edwards & Son,

—AT THEIR—

Great One-Price Store,

OFFER THE FOLLOWING

UNEQUALED BARGAINS:

Our immense stock has been bought direct from the manufacturers, thereby saving to our patrons the middleman's profit.
We are the largest dealers in our line in all Maryland.
We offer better inducements to the public to patronize our store than can be given by any other house in our line.

☞ Read carefully and considerately the following:

500 pairs ladies fine button Dongola Boots at.....$1.25
500 pairs ladies fine Dongola button Boots at..... 2.00
500 pairs Reed's celebrated button Boots at..... 2.50
500 pairs Cousin's world-renowned button Boots at..... 2.50
500 pairs Pel's easy-fitting button Boots at..... 2.50
500 pairs men's extra-good quality heavy Boots at..... 1.50
500 pairs men's all kip Boots at..... 2.00
500 pairs men's fine French kip Boots at..... 3.00
500 pairs boys' winter Boots, extra good, at..... 1.25
400 pairs boys' kip Boots at..... 1.50

We keep in addition to the above superior Boots a full line of the celebrated

Walker Boots for Men and Boys.

400 pairs ladies' heavy winter Shoes at.....85 cents
00 pairs misses and children's winter Shoes at.....50 cents

A Full Line of the Genuine Milwaukee Oil Grain Shoes in Button and Lace.

EDWIN C. BURT'S NEW YORK SHOES,
A full assortment in widths A to E.

400 pairs infants' Shoes at..... 30 cents
300 pairs children's Shoes at.....50 cents
400 pairs misses Shoes at.....$1.00
300 pairs boys' Shoes at.....75 cents
200 pairs men's dress Shoes at.....$1.00
400 pairs men's fine dress Shoes in Congress and Bal's, good wearers, at.. 1.25

Mens, Boys and Children's latest New York city styles in HATS for Fall and Winter wear,

Best Assortment and Lowest Prices.

We are the only agents for Dunlap's extra-quality New York Hats.
Full line of Stetson Hats.

OUR TRUNK AND SATCHEL DEPARTMENT, - - SECOND FLOOR.

With feelings of pride we call special attention to this department. We positively assert that it is unexcelled anywhere. Here you find beautiful Trunks ranging in price from $2.50 up. Satchels from the finest to the cheapest.

"THE LIVING WORLD."

We offer to the public "The Living World," a magnificent book, elegantly bound and beautifully illustrated. This instructive book was produced at a cost of over one hundred thousand dollars; it should be in every household and we propose to put it in the reach of every patron of our store. It costs you nothing. It is absolutely a free gift when you have purchased for cash goods amounting to fifteen dollars. We give you a card and every time you make a purchase the amount is recorded on the card and when your purchases amount to fifteen dollars the book will be given you.
You are not requested to buy the whole amount at one time. You have to July 1st, 1892. Ask for a card. Tell your friends about it.

SAMUEL J. EDWARDS & SON'S
Great One-Price Shoe, Hat and Trunk Store.
Cumberland, Md.

GENERAL ITEMS.

Excursions to California.

Weekly excursions leave St. Louis every Thursday evening at 8:35 and arrive at San Francisco at 10:45 p. m. the following Monday. These trains are equipped with the famous Pullman tourist sleeping cars which run through to San Francisco without change. Price of double berth only $3.75 for the entire journey.

The route is *via* the Wabash, Rock Island, Denver & Rio Grande and Southern Pacific—the scenic line of the world. For rates to all points in the west, northwest and southwest, map folders, etc., see nearest ticket agent or write to F. H. Cristram, central passenger agent, Pittsburg, Pa.

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

A Rare Chance!

FURNITURE At Cost!

OWING to the calamity which recently befel my store building, destroying the roof and third story, and not being able to get a place to remove my stock to keep it out of the weather, I am compelled to dispose of same at almost any price in order to save it from ruin by rain or snow, either of which is likely to occur at any time at this season of the year.

The stock comprises Walnut, Oak and Poplar Bed Room Suits; at least 25 Parlor Suits of the latest styles and upholstered in all kinds of Plushes, Brocatels, Tapestries, etc., ranging in price from $25 to $125; also a very fine lot of Upholstered and Rattan Easy Chairs, especially selected for the holiday trade, and a fine lot of Lounges, Bed Lounges, Side-Boards, Hall Racks, Wardrobes, Extension Tables, all kinds of Mattresses, Springs, and, in fact, everything pertaining to a first class Furniture store. Some of this Furniture has been slightly damaged, but the bulk is yet uninjured, and that which has been damaged in any way will be sold exceedingly low. This is an opportunity to get

GOOD FURNITURE CHEAP

which no one in need of same can afford to miss.

Trusting that my friends and the public in general will avail themselves of this chance to get cheap Furniture, and at the same time assist me in a time of need, I am,

Respectfully,

C. F. NICKEL.

Nov 28

A PURE ARTICLE.

READ below what the Revenue Agents have to say of the manufacture of the

BRADDOCK RYE WHISKEY:

OFFICE FIRST NATIONAL BANK, CUMBERLAND, MD., Aug. 16, 1888.

I hereby certify that during the time I was deputy collector internal revenue for District of Maryland James Clark, in the manufacture of his Braddock Pure Rye Whiskey, according to the record from government books, used only rye and barley malt.
WEBSTER BRUCE.

OFFICE BRADDOCK DISTILLERY, CUMBERLAND, MD.

Having been under assignment as United States storekeeper and guager at the Braddock distillery of James Clark, I hereby certify that in the manufacture of his Braddock Pure Barley Malt Whisky only barley malt is used.
JOHN H. YOUNG.

Having been under assignment as United States storekeeper and guager at the Braddock distillery of James Clark while in operation I hereby certify that in the manufacture of the Braddock Pure Rye Whisky only rye and barley malt are used.
J. P. WILLARD.

Don't fail to read our double-column advertisement printed elsewhere in this paper.

No supply for the Holidays is more seasonable than an enjoyable quantity of pure Whiskey. In this and all respects we have undoubtedly fine and reliable goods.
JAMES CLARK & CO.,
55 Baltimore street,
Dec 13 Cumberland, Md.

PRINTING. BOOK BINDING. BLANK BOOK Manufacturing.

ARTHUR SHRIVER & CO.,

THE Leading Establishment of Western Maryland having added greatly to their facilities, are better than ever prepared to promptly execute all orders for work in their lines.

The Finest PRINTING, The Most Elegant Book Binding, The Most Substantial BLANK BOOKS

NO CHEAP WORK.

28 South Centre Street,
Cumberland, Md.
Aug 2

FLINTSTONE

CANNED GOODS

Pack of 1891.

I INVITE the attention of the public to the superior quality of my "FLINTSTONE" brand of Canned Fruits and Vegetables, to be found on the shelves of all firstclass grocery stores in the county. My pack is as follows:

Cooking Tomatoes—Choice, fully ripe and superior flavor.

Extra Tomatoes—Finest whole Tomatoes, ready for slicing.

Dessert Apples—Selected varieties, packed in full syrup and ready to serve as dessert fruit.

Pie Peaches—Extra mountain Peaches, fine flavor, all full cans; nearly one-third more Peaches in can than Baltimore packed pie peaches.

Corn—Selected variety of Sugar Corn, packed when young and tender with utmost neatness and care.

My goods are sold to all merchants at moderate prices and will give full satisfaction in every particular.

Notice—All the corn packed at my Flintstone Canning House this season has on the label a *fac-simile* of my signature, thus:

B. L. Turner

Any can which does not bear my signature was not packed this season. [Jan 16]

Miscellaneous Advertisements.

Our Famous Brands of

Reingold, Erlanger and Export Bottle Beer

Are Now on the Market.

☞ Address all orders to

CUMBERLAND BREWING COMPANY,

TELEPHONE CALL, 96-4. [April 4] CUMBERLAND, MD.

CARLOADS of CLOTHING ARRIVING.

NO TIME TO WRITE AN ADVERTISEMENT.
FALL IN WITH THE CROWD,
COME AND SEE FOR YOURSELF.
MARX WINELAND, Main Street, Frostburg, Md.

JOHN CHAMBERS,
—DEALER IN—
STAPLE AND FANCY
GROCERIES,
Flour, Feed and Provisions.
Queensware, Woodware. Tinware.
Canned and Fresh
Oysters
A SPECIALTY.
Main Street, - - FROSTBURG, MD.
March 29

I Say There--Ahoy There, MY FRIEND!

IF you are bound for any other drug store than DAN KRAPF'S you are a somnambulist, or, in plainer words, a

"SLEEP-WALKER."

The old "McNeill stand" is the location, just between Betz's jewelry store and Moat's Opera House.

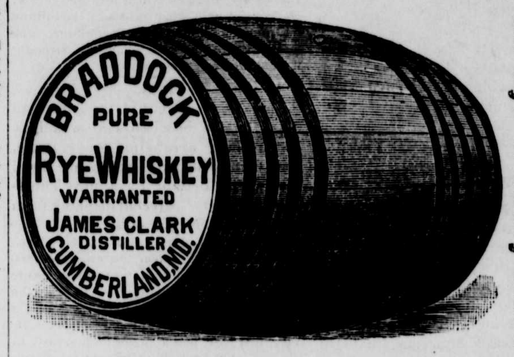
If you amble anywhere near you cannot fail to see it, even though asleep. Every time you visit me I assure a wide-awake interest, and the display also of an ever-growing and attractive stock of goods, which will meet your desires in every particular. I am not a cutter, but I am a runner, and I get there, sweet marjoram, also "sweet spirits of nitre," with a sufficient quantity of sweet oil.

☞ Prescriptions will be as thoroughly comprehended and compounded as elsewhere.

DAN. KRAPF, Jr.,
PHARMACIST.
Feb 21

"Braddock" Pure Rye.

The Best All-Rye Whiskey Made



To all those desiring a pure and unadulterated Whiskey for the Holidays, or for Medicinal Purposes, or as a Beverage, we take pleasure in recommending our

"Braddock" Pure Rye Whiskey,

DISTILLED FROM THE VERY CHOICEST

MOUNTAIN RYE AND SPRING WATER.

These goods are distilled under our own personal supervision, and we have, therefore, no hesitation in guaranteeing all our "Braddock."

We are the Largest Distillers and Dealers in all grades of fine

Whiskies, Brandies, Gins, Wines, Alcohol,
&c., &c., &c.,

in Western Maryland, and are fully equipped to supply the wants of our customers.

Give the "Braddock" a Trial.

THE BEST ALL-RYE WHISKEY MADE.

☞ Special and prompt attention given to all orders.
☞ Correspondence solicited
☞ Read in another column of this paper what the Revenue Agents who have charge of our Distillery have to say regarding the purity of our goods.

Soliciting a share of your patronage, we are yours very truly,

JAMES CLARK & CO.,
Distillers Braddock Pure Rye,
55 Baltimore street, - - CUMBERLAND, MD.

Price List of Braddock is as follows:

We sell our celebrated Braddock Pure Rye at $2, $2.50, $3 and $4 per gallon, according to age. In ordering, always send money by Postal Note or Money Order. At offices where Postal Notes cannot be obtained and money is enclosed, 2-cent stamps can be sent for Jugs as follows: 1-gallon Jugs, 15 cents; 2-gallon Jugs, 30 cents; 3-gallon Jugs, 45 cents; 5-gallon Kegs, $1. When you desire goods packed in boxes, add 10 cents for box and packing, otherwise goods will be shipped without boxing.

It is unlawful to ship whiskey C. O. D., consequently money must always accompany your orders.

JAMES CLARK & CO.

Dec 13