No. 64.

MONITO. (Standard.) Bay colt, very small star, right hind foot white; foaled May 12, 1886. By TENNESSEE WILKES.

First dam Monica, by MAMBRINO ABDALLAH (full brother to Lottie Thorn, 2:27, and to Byerly Abdallah, sire of Jerome Turner, 2:15½).
Second dam by Bronaugh's Denmark.

For extended pedigree, see Monica, No. 20.

Bred at Ewell Farm.

No. 65.

MUSKET. (Standard.) Brown colt, right hind heel white; foaled April 30, 1886. By ENFIELD, 2:29.

Dam IRENE (dam of Hardwood, 2:24¾), by COLUMBUS, sire of Little Mack, 2:28.

Bred at Ewell Farm.

No. 66.

RIFLE. (Standard.) Brown colt, without white; foaled April 13, 1886. By ENFIELD, 2:29.

First dam IRONETTE (sister to Hardwood, 2:24¾), by BLACKWOOD Jr., 2:22½.
Second dam IRENE (dam of Hardwood, 2:24¾), by COLUMBUS, sire of Little Mack, 2:28.

Bred at Ewell Farm.

No. 67.

TENANT. Bay colt, with left hind heel white, very dim star in forehead; foaled May 1886. By ENFIELD, 2:29.

First dam Roan, by Tom Hal, sire of Brown Hal, 2:17½, and Little Brown Jug, 2:11¾.
Second dam, by Pointer's Slasher (pacer).

Pointer's Slasher, by Old Mountain Slasher, out of the noted premium mare, Zephyr, by McMeens' Traveler, sire of Joe Bowers, 2:32, and grandsire of Joe Bowers Jr., 2:18.

I farmed the dam of this colt from Mr. Jno. A. McMeens, of Carter's Creek, Tenn.

PACING HORSES.

In this catalogue all animals by trotting-bred sires are classed as trotters, and those by pacing-bred sires as pacers, the blood of the dams and the natural gait being, for the time, ignored. Some arbitrary line of division was necessary and this seemed the most simple, although the result is not always satisfactory. For instance, the filly Reata, by Tennessee Wilkes, out of Lizzie Moore, is found among the trotters; but she is a pacer, her dam a pacer and pacing-bred, and the second and third dams of Tennessee Wilkes are pacing-bred, so that Reata has more pacing than trotting blood. Laurel by Brown Hal is among the pacers, though her first, second and third dams are by standard trotters.

But pacing blood has done so much for the trotter, and so many trotting-bred horses are natural pacers, that no sharp line of division can fairly be drawn. It may not be uninteresting to examine these two points briefly and imperfectly.

Blue Bull, a pacing stallion, is second only to George Wilkes as a sire of trotters, having to his credit fifty-three 2:30 trotters and pacers, five of them with records below 2:20. Smuggler, a pacing stallion, held for eight years the best trotting stallion record, viz., 2:15¼. Bonesetter, a pacing stallion, still heads all trotting stallions in number of heats (88) trotted below 2:30. Again, there are but three stallions up to this date with records below 2:20 that have sons or daughters also with records below 2:20. Bonesetter, 2:19, is one of these, his daughter, Flash, having a record of 2:19½.

When we turn to brood mares, the fastest two, three and four-year-old records are respectively those of Wild Flower, 2:21, Hinda Rose, 2:19½, Manzanita, 2:16, all out of pacing-bred dams. The two fastest trotting records are those of Maud S., 2:08¾, and Jay-Eye-See, 2:10. Their dams are granddaughters of the old pacer, Pilot, and have no known trotting blood. The best campaigner