BALANCE SHEET, 1841.

Maryland State Colonization Society.

Dr.		Cr.	
Orion Expedition,	$3,230 89	George Hoffman,	$ 120 00
Rev. Wm. McKenny,	93 96¼	State Appropriation, 1827,	930 00
Lafayette Expedition,	345 70	John Hoffman,	100 00
Sarah and Priscilla,	661 26½	Profit and Loss,	22,572 62
Brig Bourne,	1,096 07	State Colonization Tax,	3,796 11
American Board of Com'rs of Foreign Missions.	1 45	John D. Toy,	298 14
African Civil List,	20,337 73	Baltimore Expedition,	76 18
Personal property in Africa,	5,169 79	Jacob Hiss,	21 00
Bills Receivable,	508 18	Stephen Smith,	173 68
Peter Hoffman,	422 95	Benjamin Alleyne,	14 95
Purchase of Territory in Africa,	2,054 93	Colonial Currency,	1,400 00
Colonial Store,	3,421 81	Thomas Gross,	5 00
Ann Expedition,	2,757 11½	J. & J. Williams,	21 25
Expenses of Emigrants in Africa,	15,199 65	Charles, in Liberia,	20 00
Public Improvements in Africa,	18,060 31	Columbia Expedition,	248 88
Expenses of Agency House in Africa,	2,247 29	Cape Palmas Packet,	1,140 58
Contingent Expenses in Africa,	6,531 79	Colonial Agency in Africa,	459 06
Individual accounts in Africa,	2,597 61	Samuel Bayard,	8 00
Harmony Expedition,	872 69½	John Boardley,	194 94
Savings' Bank of Baltimore,	100 00	George R. McGill,	100 00
Fortune Expedition,	1,331 41	John Easter, of Jno.	12 19
Financier Expedition,	620 98	State Fund,	86,139 91
Niobe Expedition, 1st,	1,120 00	Rev. I. A. Easter,	32 30
Colonization Journal,	2,304 07	Bills Payable,	4,113 91
American Colonization Soc'ty,	1 80	Contributions,	16,662 47
Ezekiel Harrington,	71 41	George R. Vickers & Co.	75 00
John B. Russwurm,	4,086 93	Robert Mickle, Treasurer.	19 13
Samuel F. McGill,	755 00		
Prot. Ep. Board of Missions,	28 01		
Mrs. E. H. Tubman,	347 15		
Military Stores in Africa,	1,617 37		
Niobe Expedition, 2d,	2,654 89		
Rev. Thomas C. Thornton,	35 00		
Rev. John M. Roberts,	14 00		
Joshua Stewart,	25 00		
Dr. R. McDowall,	105 00		
Oberon Expedition,	1,751 06		
Government Farm, at Mount Tubman,	2,130 25		
John H. Kennard,	493 58		
Martin & Mathers,	1 50		
Ladies' Society,	94 58		
Public Farm at Cape Palmas,	4,298 22		
Colonial School,	452 82		
Boxer Expedition,	599 37		
Discount and Interest,	454 13		
Trafalgar Expedition,	1,480 44		
Boston & Price,	4 00		
Contingent Expenses in Am.	798 96		
Home Expenses,	17,289 83		
Paul F. Sansay,	15 00		
Harriet Expedition,	2,498 91		
Collection and outfit of Emigrants,	5,133 79		
Charles B. Calvert,	49 12		
Rev. M. Macfarland,	100 00		
Dr. James Hall,	280 53		
	$138,755 30		$138,755 30

We have been repeatedly censured both by our personal friends, the friends of our cause, for filling up our last number entirely with the debates and acts of the Slave-Holders Convention, and for the neutral or non-committal character of our prefatory remarks. The advocates of the Convention claiming it as a right, that we should sanction measures of what character soever tending to increase the emigration of the free people of colour from Maryland. The opponents on the other hand call upon us to renounce and abjure all doings of the Convention, tending, in any degree, to curtail the rights of the coloured population, or render their residence in this country less desirable than at present. The abolitionists in the meantime declare, that we act in concert with the slave-holders, and that colonizationists themselves instigated not only the Slave-Holders Convention, but gave tone and character to its action. Now what does all this prove but that individually, and as the organ of the Colonization Society, we have pursued the right track, that we have fairly steered our bark amid the rocks and quicksands on either side. And what does it prove of the cause of colonization itself, thus to receive the censure and crimination of the ultraists of all parties? Why only this, that colonization is the true course, the only ground on which all can meet, the only mode by which good can be effected to the people of colour, consistent with the present constitution of society and the guaranteed rights of the citizens of the slave-holding states,—the only mode by which a great and threatening evil can be stayed and averted.

With the various conflicting interests of this state or the Union, with sects or parties, political or religious, colonization has nothing to do. In principle it asks nothing, it takes no hue from any or from all. It contains within itself all the elements of a great, a glorious cause, and from its own intrinsic merits, and from that alone it claims the good will and favour of all good men, all friends of the *human* race, whether of African or of European descent. If in the prosecution of its legitimate objects, colonization favours the views or executes the purpose of any particular body of men; it argues not that it swerves from its true course if by removing the coloured population of the state, great political good is accomplished, it follows not that the Colonization Society is a political association—if the condition of the Americo-African emigrant is materially improved by his removal to a land of freedom, the colonizationist is not necessarily an abolitionist, a disunionist, or an amalgamationist—if in the planting of the colony on the Coast of Africa, the facilities for the success of missionary operations are greatly increased, if the colonists themselves prove ever practical teachers and preachers of civilization and the gospel, the Colonization Society is not, therefore, essentially and wholly an association for the support of missions in Africa. All these are but the necessary beneficial results of the great scheme of colonization, whose creed has ever been, 'to remove the free man of colour with his own consent to the Coast of Africa,' thereby effecting the greatest possible good to three distinct classes of men, viz: the white American citizen, the Africo-American, and the native African.

Maryland Historical Society

The Maryland State Colonization Society Papers

XII. Newspapers
A. Maryland Colonization Journal

2. June 1841 (n.s. I, 1)--May 1861 (n.s. X, 24)

1842