mineralogists nor botanists. Every one believes that the farther into the interior the richer and more healthy the country becomes; but we have no civil engineers to open roads for us into the country. But if we had these things the natives would soon see the superiority of our customs, and would be glad to adopt our laws and religion. Now where are we to get these things unless they are sent to us? The prejudice is so strong against us here that we cannot come here and learn them. We are ridiculed and slandered because enlightened nations trifle with our laws and overreach us in our treaties; yet who has taught us to make laws, or where did we learn to frame treaties? Many of my people in this country are prejudiced against the Colonization Society, and say they wish to get rid of the free blacks, that they may hold the slave more easily. But can this be their intention! Four fifths of all the immigrants are slaves, liberated to go to that country, and at that rate the slaves will have left the country before the free people.

But, whatever is the motive of the Colonizationist, I believe the Society has done great good for Africa. I think it would be better for Liberia if the Society could be more discriminate in the kind of immigrants it sends to us, but I suppose that is impossible, and I must say that the Society is nobly endeavouring to counteract the flood of ignorance it is compelled to pour into the country by establishing schools in the receptacles. I object to persuading any man, or set of men, to go to Liberia; for, as a general thing, those who have to be persuaded to their own good are not capable of appreciating the good when it is obtained. Yet, for every African who feels himself oppressed in this country, I think Liberia is the best place now known. Liberia has its faults like other places, one of which, and perhaps the greatest, is its acclimating fever. But with proper care this is not to be dreaded. I was confined to my bed only two or three days, and took but one dose of medicine for the fever. I do not think that two deaths out of every six that occur during the acclimation of the immigrants can be attributed to the fever alone. Imprudence and want of proper attention are the great destroyers of life among the new comers.

W. H. Davis.

New York, Oct. 22, 1858.

COPY OF A LETTER TO REV. LONDON EVANS.

Liberia, *July* 13, 1858.

Dear Uncle,—I have arrived at Liberia and am well and all the children. I was happy to meet my home and friends, they met me kindly. I have seen Mr. Bowen. The chills never left me until I got on the coast of Africa; remember my love to Floridy and the baby and also to Sarah, and tell her she had better come with me, I think she would be much pleased. You must be certain and come out next fall; this is your home, the emigrants all that come out now go to Careysburg, but if you want a home you come to Cape Palmas. Just across the street from where I stay is a large Methodist Church. Your services is much needed there. Tell my aunt that Mr. Coleman has a note about the things that Mrs. Adams put up for me, she will find it just as I told her. Give my love to Amy White and tell her I and the children are well, and if she ever wants to be a free woman to come here. Nothing more, but good bye and come on. Give my love to all enquiring friends, I am in Cape Palmas.

Elima Young.

Sailing of the Emigrant Ship.—The M. C. Stevens sailed from this port on the 3d inst. bound on her fifth voyage to Africa—she carried twenty cabin passengers and about fifty emigrants, besides a full cargo of freight, including the usual six months supplies for the "new people."—We received letters from her captain and one of the passengers dated when abreast of Cape Henry, on the 7th inst. All were well and anticipating an agreeable passage. She goes directly to Sierra Leone, there to land Messrs. White and Miles for the Mendi Mission, with Rev. Mr. Stone and lady, who will there take the English Mail Steamer for Lagos, near which place they are to locate and labor for the Southern Baptist Board. Mr. Harris a colored supercargo who returned from Liberia in the Ship, will also be landed at Sierra Leone, with goods which are consigned to him for account of his employers.

Most of our city readers will remember London Evans who now appears as an emigrant to Liberia. It is long since the old man began to solicit money to purchase his children, and we regret he was obliged to leave several behind him—he was getting old, though in perfect health, and was anxious to see his children comfortably settled in Africa before he died.

The following is a list of her cabin passengers—Rev. John Seys, U. S. Agent for Recaptured Africans; Rev. J. Rambo and lady, Rev. Mr. Hubbard and lady, and Rev. Mr. Messenger and lady, of the Prot. Epis. Mission, to be stationed at Cape Palmas, Cavalla and Nitea Lue. Rev. Mr. Stone and Lady for Lagos. Rev. Messrs. Miles and White for Mendi Mission. Miss Kilpatrick for Methodist School at White Plains; besides the above are the following Liberians: Rev. Bishop Burns of the Methodist Church; Judge B. V. R. James, Miss Strobel, Miss Thompson, Dr. Lang and Lady, Thos. M. Chester, and H. M. Harris.

Emigrants from this State—London Evans, Violet Evans, Florida Evans, Harrison Evans, Amia Evans, McLain Evans, Henrietta B. Thompson, Cornelius R. Thompson.

The Ship will sail again for Africa on May 1st. Applications for freight or passage should be made to Dr. James Hall, at this Office.

REPORTS OF THE TRAVELLING AGENTS.

Dr. James Hall, *Dear Sir*:—I send you herewith an account of the contributions made to the funds of the Maryland State Colonization Society during the months of October and November, with the names of the respective donors:

Baltimore.	
J. W. Cullum, $50; Levi Perry, $25; Brown & Brune, $10; Thomas Kelso, Daniel Dale, William West, Cash, Cash, Walker, Richardson & Co., A. Schumaker, W. Wilson & Sons, Nichs. Popplein, Isaac Reynolds & Son, Rev. Dr. Backus, D. B. Smull, each $5; Young, Carson & Bryant, $2 50; W. Wilkins, $2; Rev. E. Heffner, H. H. Graw, Cash, William Coles, M. J. & W. A. Brown, Cash, B. Thomas, John V. Emich, H. & W. Spilker, each $1; Collected by Mrs. Cullum, $4 42	$162 92
Baltimore County.	
John H. Herbert, $2; John S. Hughes, J. Harrison, Jr., William Hiss, each $1.	5 00
Harford County	
Dublin M. H., $6 50; Darlington M. H., $4 50; Dublin, by two, 50 cents; Dr. W. S. Forwood, Hon. E. H. Webster, R. Enlows, each $1; J. Enlows, $5; Cash 85 cents; James W. Tolley, J. H. Scarff, each $1; S. Pocock, 50 cts.; Charles Parlet, 25 cents; A. Johnson, 20 cents; D. Standiford, 25 cents; L. Rockland, 25 cents; Henry Seler, $1; Mr. Moneykhison, 50 cents; Miss Margaret Stepheson, $5	34 05
Caroline County.	
Dr. Rousset,	1 00
Total for October and November,	$202 97

Respectfully submitted,

Baltimore, November 30th, 1858. J. W. CULLUM, *Travelling Agent.*

Maryland Historical Society

The Maryland State Colonization Society Papers

XII. Newspapers
A. Maryland Colonization Journal

2. June 1841 (n.s. I, 1)--May 1861 (n.s. X, 24)

1858