Two colonies have already sailed, principally composed of free people from South Carolina. The first has arrived at St. Marck's, and the emigrants have commenced work upon the homesteads donated them. The third company leaves on the 23d of April, from New Haven, Ct. It will be followed, early in the May, by vessels from a Canadian port and Boston. All these companies will devote themselves to the culture of cotton.

It is claimed that Hayti is admirably adapted to raising this staple. It produces two crops, averaging 500 pounds per acre to each crop. Cotton grown in Hayti sells on the wharf at Port-au-Prince at from 83 to 10 cents per pound, and varieties of Sea Island have sold in New York at 14 cents a pound. Hayti is the third coffee-producing country in the world. It exports annually about 55,000,000 pounds. Its commerce with the United States is the eighth in importance to this country, and may be very largely increased.

The colored people in our midst should direct their attention to this movement. All persons of the class desired-farmers, laborers, and mechanics—will obtain all needed informations by writing to the Haytien Bureau of Emigration, Boston, Mass—New York Paper.

## REPORT OF THE TRAVELLING AGENT.

DR. JAMES HALL, Dear Sir:-I send you herewith an account of the contribution made to the funds of the Maryland State Colonization Society during the month of March, with the names of the respective donors:

Smith & Curlett, Norris & Baldwin, Ward & Bros., A. Jarret, F. W. Brune, Geo. Wm. Brown, Longcope & Ramsey, A. Stirling, Jas. Armstrong, Jas. Beatty, Dr. Whitridge, each \$5.00; Wm. Knabe, \$3.00; Dr. B. H. D. Bull, \$2.50; Geo. A. Reinicker, Rev. H. Harman, Jno. P. Pleasants & Sons, each \$2.00; Rev. W. H. Laney, Rev. T. Sewel, Dr. Keener, each \$1.00	\$69	50
BALTIMORE COUNTY.		
Jno. Ridgely, of H., Chs. Ridgely, of H., each \$10.00	20	00
ANNE ARUNDEL COUNTY.	3.14	
Annapolis.—John Tucker, \$2 50	2	50
Owens, each \$1.00; Mrs. Sears, 50 cents	3	50 00
Jon. Y. Barber, Saml. Owens, Mrs. J. Plummer, Mrs. S. A. Plummer, each \$1.00; Thos. Leach, Lewis Chaney, Wm. Hardesty, each 50 cents		50 00
CALVERT COUNTY.		
Smithville.—C. Fowler, \$5.00; Capt. Griffith, \$2.00; Rev. Jas. Chaney, Col. Spignel, Dr. Petherbridge, R. Griffith, each \$1.00	11	00
Total for March,	\$133	00
Respectfully submitted,		
P. D. LIPSCOMB, Travelling	Agen	t.

## TERMS.

This Journal is published Monthly, and is furnished to Subscribers at \$1.00 per year whether sent by mail or otherwise. All profits arising from its publication are applied

to advance the general purposes of the Society.

All Communications intended for the Maryland Colonization Journal, or on business of the Society, should be addressed to Dr. James Hall, General Agent, Colonization Rooms, No. 65 Second Street.

## MARYLAND COLONIZATION JOURNAL.

CONDUCTED BY JAMES HALL, GENERAL AGENT OF THE MARYLAND STATE COLONIZATION SOCIETY,

New Series. BALTIMORE, MAY, 1861.

Vol. 10.-No. 24.

Ir is not our duty, as editors of this Journal, to treat politically or otherwise, of the war going on in our once happy, but now sorely distracted country; for Colonization is still, as it has ever been, the embodiment of a sound and Christian policy. It tramples upon the rights of none, but like that truest of all charities, which thinketh no evil to its neighbor, it has endured for many years, and must continue to endure and hope all things for the objects of its peculiar care—the free people of color and through them the heathen who people Africa.

Surrounded by enemies on all sides, Colonization has ever moved on in an even and quiet way, and now while confusion rules the hour, and the whole world is moved by events which are transpiring around us, when all other works of benevolence seem to be forever checked in their progress, Colonization points to the new Republic of Liberia as an undying evidence of its success. Like our own unhappy country, this Republic may hereafter become the scene of strife and confusion, but thirty years of steady and uninterrupted progress has fully demonstrated the capacity of the black man for self-government. We say thirty years of self-government, although less than fifteen have elapsed since Liberia declared herself independent of the American Colonization Society, because it is well known, and the fact is duly appreciated by all unprejudiced persons who have been personally familiar with the progress of events in Liberia, that even while the colony was nominally under the control of white agents, its actual every day rulers were colored men. Nearly all the colonial Governors selected black men for their advisers, who generally had things their own way, and the same was much the case in the various missionary departments, several of which have for a number of years been exclusively under the successful direction of colored men. The white men sent out were not all first class men, but being white men, they were expected to rank and take influence above the colored colonists; but in this they failed, partly in consequence of ill health, and partly for the simple reason that many of the colonists who were under their temporal or spiritual control, would have outranked them in any country where each could have had a fair trial.

An old and tried friend of Africa, on being asked after his return from a second visit to that country, what thing, of all others, astonished him v. 10

Maryland Historical Society

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