Kent News.

SUBSCRIPTION - - - - - $1.00 PER YEAR

FRED. G. USILTON WM. B. USILTON, JR

WM. B. USILTON'S SONS

PUBLISHERS AND EDITORS

SATURDAY, JANUARY 10, 1914.

THOSE were representative meetings held in our Court house this week. While the resolutions have not the "teeth" in them which many would have desired yet the motion back of them will speak louder then mere word. They are respectful and mild evidencing the fact that our citizens believe in law and order and are not the savages which the city press picture us.

REPORTS from all sections of Kent county indicate that the plan to procure an Agricultural Expert for the county has been favorably received and that the outcome is being anticipated with keen interest. Dr. Stabler, who is interested in the plan, has visited other Eastern Shore counties, and everywhere great enthusiasm has been found. The petitions which have been circulated during the last two weeks have been signed by hundreds of land owners and land renters, and it is now expected that a bill, empowering the county commissioners to furnish one-half the necessary amount to meet the other half furnished by the Federal Government will be passed

A BOND ISSUE of $75,000 to $100,000 for the erection of school buildings at Federalsburg, Denton, Preston, Greensboro and other towns is being advocated in Caroline county, and a conference held at the office of the school board, at which the county members of the General Assembly were present, developed a general sentiment in favor of the proposition.

Senator-elect Harvey L. Cooper, suggested that $50,000 in bonds be issued, apportioning $12,000 to Federalsburg, $18,000 to Denton and $10,000 each to other towns when a local subscription of 20 per cent. of the apportionment in each case had been raised. Thomas H. Chambers and H. Burdette Messenger advocated putting all resposibility for the expenditure of the bond issue proceeds on the school board, without restrictions in the bill as to the amount be given each school.

WHY IS IT?

BY A KENT COUNTY MOTHER.

It is hard to understand why training the life work of one-third of our men in agriculture and another third of our men in the mechanic arts has received such tardy consideration all these years, while the training of the remaining one-third for the professional pursuits has been the chief aim of our schools Neither is it easy to see why we have so long placed the emphasis of our scholastic training of the women of the country on subjects indirectly connected with the home, and have left the fundamentals of the housekeeping art to chance, in spite of the fact that probably 85 per cent. of our women pass the greater part of their lives as housekeepers."—From proceedings of National Grange.

Agricultural College, realizing the needs, and knowing full well that the man and woman cannot spare the time for a year or two of college work, has prepared the splendid short courses free. While we may have learned many things after years of experience, yet there is bound to be one or two *little* things which we can pick up that will mean dollars in our pocket, and which we could not afford to waste time in discovering for ourselves.

January 12-17 we can find out "What is my land good for and what can it best produce?" Learn a whole note book full on Farm Crops.

January 12-17 will be on Domestic Science, and I'd like to urge every girl who ever hopes to cook a meal in her own or anybody else's home to take this course. It will be an insurance on the lives of folks around her. She will be assured then that what she does will be all right, and she will save herself many heartaches and backaches and stomachaches.

January 19 will be devoted to chickens, and one little point learned about these money makers will be worth five times the cost of one trip down there.

I think it would be a fine plan for all making up their minds to attend and in their names to be published, that we can go down in a body and make the college people see that Kent county appreciates every effort put forth to better the living conditions of her farmers.

COMMENDS THE NEWS.

ESSRS. EDITORS KENT NEWS:

Gentlemen—I have read, re-read and read again the splendid editorial in the last issue of "The NEWS" anent the recent disturbances in Kent county, entitled "A Stigma Upon Our Citizenship." The sentiments and views therein expressed should voice the opinions and feelings of all right-thinking citizens of Kent and in no uncertain and hesitant manner you have shown the officials who compassed the release of the murderers and who were instrumental in bringing an armed force here to overawe our citizens, behests of a timid [illegible] perhaps in [illegible] a disgrace [illegible]

CITIZENS AROUSED.

A Largely Attended Meeting in Chestertown Court House—Resolutions Backed By Representative Citizens.

The Kent County Court house at Chestertown was packed on two occasions this week with representative citizens who are indignant at the recent events which have occured in this beloved county, Mr. Fred. G. Usilton called the meeting to order and nominated Mr. Wm. F. Russell, Cashier of the Kent County Savings Bank, as chairman, which was promptly seconded by a number. Mr. Russell, in taking the chair, spoke in a forceful and elegant manner of the reason for calling the meeting and pleased everyone by his diginfied and courteous speech.

Upon motion of Mr. Robert G. Nicholson, Mr. Medford P. Brooks was made secretary.

Some little excitement was created by a resolution which demanded that all outside reporters be excluded from the meeting. The resolutions was aimed at a stranger who occupied a prominent seat with pencil and pad. This stranger however, proved to the satisfaction of all that he was no reporter but a native of Caroline and deeply interested in the object of the meeting.

Upon motion of Mr. Wm. T. Nicholson the chair was authorized to name a committee on resolutions, whereupon he named Mr. Harry C. Willis, Rev. Sewell S. Hepburn and Mr. Wm. Bradford Copper.

At a special meeting on Thursday this resolution committee presented their report which was adopted unanimously Rev. S. S. Hepburn read the report and spoke in a most dispassionate but firm manner in voicing the sentiment of the committee. Mr. H. C. Willis also made an impressive speech

The resolutions in full are as follows:

Resolutions By Citizens

MR. CHAIRMAN:

Your committee appointed to draw up such preambles and resolutions as will express the sentiments of this gathering concerning the Jas. R. Coleman murder case, realize the delicate position in which you have placed them. It became our duty to prepare a paper which will give full expression of the feelings of a people who think that they have been belittled by the public press, and who are consequently indignant. To a people who furthermore think a great error was made when the accused were removed from our midst. We have not shrunken from the grave duty you have imposed upon us.

We have striven to stand loyally by our own people and to be courteous and respectful to those in authority while at the same time we endeavor to give a manly and honest expression of the grounds upon which we stand. It has been no easy task to do both of these. Two days and nights of calm and deliberate thought by each of us separately, two hours or more, in a formal meeting, have enabled us with perfect accord to bring before you the following paper, which we hope will meet with the hearty approval of this gathering. We think that each word, sentence and item in this paper should be seriously and carefully weighed by this body before its adoption and if so need be altered as to give full expression of our desires. It is by no means a perfect paper. No one realizes this more than does your committee.

WHEREAS, On the night of December the 23rd, 1913, Norman Mabel and James Paraway, negroes, for the purpose of robbing, by their own confession, did attack and cruelly murder James R. Coleman, a most worthy citizen of our county, who was riding peacefully and in supposed safety along one of our public highways and did divest his person of his pocket book with its entire contents.

AND WHEREAS, On the night of Saturday, December 27th, 1913, certain excited and to us unknown citizens, did attack and break into the jail where the murderers were confined, with the avowed expressed purpose of administering to them summary justice.

AND WHEREAS, To disperse the aforesaid excited citizens, our Hon. Ex-Judge James A. Pearce and Commonwealth Attorney Harrison W. Vickers, did promise to use their influence for a speedy trial of the accused,

AND WHEREAS, Upon the reception of this promise the rioters did quietly disperse,

AND WHEREAS, Certain greatly exagerated and widely spread newspaper reports of the event did great injury to our citizenship by representing us as lawless and ungovernable,

AND WHEREAS, The Hon. Judges of the Circuit Court, did in the exercise of their judgment (by reason of the aforesaid riot and exagerated news report,) request the Governor of the State to send troops to guard the jail and protect the murderers,

AND WHEREAS, The aforesaid troops did come at great expense,

AND WHEREAS, The aforesaid confessed murderers were under the protection of the said aforesaid troops conveyed out of the county where we felt assured they would be held until the ends of justice could be properly met.

We, the citizens and taxpayers of Kent county, in popular meeting assembled for the purpose of upholding our own dignity and expressing our honest sentiments as free born American citizens do resolve.

1. *Resolved*, That we declare our disapproval and *condemnation* of anything like mob violence. We think that justice is always more surely measured out where "the majesty of the law" is upheld.

2. *Resolved*, That we hereby express our support and newspapers our [illegible] over the injury they have [illegible] our county by their exag- [illegible] of this most deplorable [illegible]ry.

3. *Resolved*, While we have the most profound respect for and highest appreciation of the honesty, ability and integrity of the honorable judges of our court, and while we realize that they have the safety of our homes and property and our very lives largely in their hands, we at the same time realize they are human and consequently are liable to err. We think it was an error of judgment to request troops to be sent here. We recognize the fact that they had two good reasons for doing so, the *riot* and the *exaggerated* reports.

4. *Resolved*, That we deplore the coming of the troops—

1st. Because their coming will have a bad effect upon that element (found here and everywhere) who are ready to resort to mob violence in every case of assault or murder. The innocent are liable to suffer at the hands of this unruly, thoughtless element. In the future they will endeavor to get in their work before there is a possibility of troops coming.

2nd. We are sure their coming will have an ill effect upon the *bad* negro in our midst, whose name is legion. He already thinks he is the pet ward of the federal government and now feels doubly assured that the State also will come to his aid when he goes wrong.

Resolved, That we commend the action of the Chestertown colored Law and Order League as expressing the true meaning of good citizenship.

Resolved, That we compliment our local press in their summary of the situation as expressed in their editorials, which voiced the true sentiments of the people.

Resolved, That we hereby petition our citizens to be law-abiding, and after this formal expression of our *honest* and *deep* rooted convictions, we bow in submission to the due course of the law.

Several resolutions looking to ascertaining the position of the Court as to capital punishment were voted down, but the following offered by Mr. Wm. T. Nicholson, was passed by a very large majority:

We, representing the citizenship of Kent county, in mass-meeting assembled, denounce the passage of the Act of 1908, whereby when a jury returns a verdict of murder in the first degree it is left within the discretion of the court to sentence the person so convicted to capital punishment or to life imprisonment. We believe such change in the law to be wrong in principle. It substitutes the opinion of the judge for the verdict of a jury. The verdict of a jury in such cases is the verdict of the people and should not be reversed by the court, since similar power is now in the hands of the Governor of the State and should not be also lodged in the discretion of the court, since this would make the court both the judge and the jury in capital crimes. Therefore, be it—

Resolved, That we urge our Senator and Delegates in the General Assembly to use all means in their power to secure the repeal of the Act of 1908, so that when a jury returns a verdict of murder in the first degree the person so convicted shall surely receive the punishment meted out to him by the judgment of his peers.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to each member of the House and Senate.

WHO PAYS THE COST?

TO THE EDITORS OF KEPT NEWS:

After having carefully read the details of the late Coleman murder affair, and having considered carefully the various attitudes that have been taken by the people and courts of Kent county, I desire to assert through your valuable organ my unbiased opinion of the case. No well informed and law respecting citizen will advocate the maintenance of lynch law as a safeguard to justice, neither do the people of Kent county intend to tolerate the customs of barbarous ages.

While there are those who have not composed themselves, but who have allowed their indignation to cause them to assert their favor of lynching, there are yet others who do not favor lynchings, but who are yet highly indignant over the actions of those higher in authority than the humble servants in the persons of State's Attorney Harrison W. Vickers and his co-laborers, who fought so hard to maintain justice where it should have been maintained (here in Kent county).

In making these assertions I have no partisan motives in view, since I am not and never have been a politician. But as a citizen and voter I feel constrained to assert my unbiased opinion of the manner in which cold-blooded murderers are being protected at such an enormous cost to the State and those who are responsible for the act, when there was absolutely no need for such demonstrations as was witnessed in Chestertown a few days ago.

The resentment of the people, which has been unbefittingly characterized as the "mob" could have been easily abated had the promise of the State's Attorney been fulfilled and justice meted out to the deserving ones; but because a few hot-blooded youngsters, who did not properly understand the situation of matters, made the bold boast that the negroes should never leave Kent county alive, the court, composed of men whose determination should have been to uphold the right and defy any interference from outside representation, catered to the whims of an ingrafted defense and declared that (the court) were unable to give the criminals a fair trial here.

Why could they not be given a fair trial? Was it because the court was unable to judge rightly? Was it because the evidence was not sufficient to find a true bill? Or was it because the entanglements of politics had intercepted fair play? Let the court answer, so that the people of Kent county may know why justice cannot be obtained through the courts of Kent county.

The negroes confessed to their awful crime. Their statements were sustained by evidence indisputable. Then what more could be done than to convict and punish—the only right thing to do?

Wilson and all other modern philosophers of political economy may wear themselves out talking about economizing the State's money, but while the State persists in lavishing its funds to protect lawless negroes it is useless for any one to say any more about political economy.

There is an element of the negro race in this county that are a menace to the welfare of the public. They are an indolent, evil provoking, mischief making class, who if not shown that they will be punished for their mis-doings, will continue to harass and terrorize our citizens who are afforded practically no protection other than their firearms.

Away with laws that protect cold blooded murderers, and leaves the citizen to the mercy of thieves and robbers, and enact other laws that will show to the criminal that there is no escape and at the same time protect our good citizens.

The resentment shown by the people of Kent county over the recent military demonstration is to be commended, and it is to be hoped that a repetition of this outrage may never occur again.

Remember, Mr. Taxpayer, that $2,000 the estimated cost of sending troops to Chestertown must be paid by you, not the protected negro.

Yours in good faith,

CITIZEN AND VOTER.

Judge Pearce's Statement

TO THE PUBLIC—

The newspapers of Kent county have freely expressed their views upon the situation which resulted from the recent brutal and lamentable murder of James R. Coleman, as it was their right as public journalists to do, and a number of citizens of the county at a public meeting held on the 8th instant, in Chestertown, have adopted resolutions giving expression to the views they entertain. It is not my purpose here to criticise any mere expression of opinion, either from the press or in the resolutions mentioned, since under free government the free and temperate expression of public opinion upon public questions cannot be denied. The policy of such expression, or the form it may assume, may be questioned; but the right never. There is, however, one statement alleged in the press as a *fact* as to which the public has not been accurately informed, and as this *fact* is especially within my personal knowledge, I feel that it is due to the public, to the court, and to myself, that this should be made clear beyond question.

In the editorial of the Transcript of January 3rd I am represented as stating to those whom I addressed in the court house yard on the night of December 27th, that the judges had authorized me to say "that the prisoners would not be taken away from the jail, and that the grand jury would be called together on Monday morning and the prisoners given a speedy trial." Also later in the same editorial it was said "that these assurances were made upon authority from the court that the prisoners would not be removed from the jail and that they would be tried *here*." It is apparent also from the report of the Grand Jury to the court that its members had received the same information as to my statement as that upon which the Transcript editorial was based.

In both of these extracts the *inference* is permitted that the prisoners would, *under no circumstances*, be removed from the jail, and in the latter it is distinctly charged that I said they should be tried *here*.

I was not authorized to make, and did not make, either of these statements, and I was never more seriously aware of the necessity of careful and accurate statement than at that time. What I did say was, "that I was authorized by Judges Constable and Hopper to say (for I had not communicated with Judge Adkins) that the grand jury would be convened on Monday morning to investigate the murder; that *pending this investigation* the prisoners would not be removed from the jail, and that a speedy trial should be given."

The differences between that statement and that attributed to me, are material and apparent when calmly considered and heard. I do not doubt that the statement attributed to me was made in reliance upon the ordinary sources of information, and therefore do not question the good faith of the editorial. But it must be remembered that those whom I addressed were laboring under great and natural anger and excitement. In such circumstances it is not surprising if the statement made was given a construction not justified by the language used, or should be unconsciously exaggerated in attempting to repeat it.

It is undisputed, I believe, though I was not present at the time, that on Saturday afternoon the prisoners were brought out of the jail by the sheriff and State's Attorney for the purpose of sending them to the jail of Baltimore City for safe keeping, but the people who were assembled protested and refused to allow their removal and the attempt was abandoned. Shortly afterwards, as I am informed, for I was still not present, the State's Attorney addressed the crowd and stated that the Court had ordered the Grand Jury to meet on Monday morning, that he would not further attempt to remove the prisoners and that a speedy trial should be had.

The Court of Appeals of Maryland, in Blake vs. Burke, 42nd Md. 45, has said that a prisoner committed on a legal warrant in one county of the State may be removed to another county by the sheriff without writ or other special authority in writing from a judicial officer; and the same Court in State vs. Wade, 87th Md 549, has said that it is the duty of the sheriff to keep a prisoner committed to his custody, in the county, *unless some necessity makes it proper to remove him*; but it is his province to determine in the honest exercise of his discretion when such necessity exists. If the sheriff therefore honestly believed when the attempt to remove them was made, that such necessity existed, he was within his legal right in making the attempt. But I believe he wisely concluded when the people forbid the removal, that there was more danger at that time in the attempt to remove them, than in retaining them, especially after the statement made to the people by the State's Attorney.

At this stage of the excitement I informed Judges Constable and Hopper by telephone of the assurances the State's Attorney informed me he had given the people, and they by telephone, authorized me to say, if it should appear to be necessary for the preservation of peace and order, that they approved and joined in the assurances of the State's Attorney; and some hours later when the situation again became threatening, I made to the crowd then present the statement I was so authorized to make.

It is thus clear to any intelligent candid mind that the only pledge authorized or given was that the prisoners should not be removed peuding the investigation by the Grand Jury and that a speedy trial should be had. This pledge has been redeemed, and neither the good faith of the Court or of anyone representing it can be questioned.

The Judges knew, and I knew, that after indictment found, the Constitution guaranteed in all capital cases, the right of removal for trial if demanded by the accused, and that they were powerless to refuse it. If they had authorized me to say that the prisoners should be tried *here*, regardless of their Constitutional right of removal, and I had so assured the people, they and I would have been guilty of wilfully and deliberately deceiving the people. The removal of the prisoners from the jail was within the sheriff's control until indictment was found; but the moment the application for the removal of the trial was made, and the passage of the order for removal the control of the sheriff and the State's Attorney ceased.

The Court has publicly announced that it alone is responsible for the presence of the militia on the morning of the 31st of December, and however citizens may differ as to the need of their presence, all should remember that the ultimate responsibility for the orderly, peaceful and constitutional trial of the accused, and execution of the final judgment was upon the Judges under their oath of office.

The resolutions adopted at the meeting of the 8th inst. correctly report the statement made by me.

JAMES A. PEARCE.

January 8, 1914.

STOCKHOLDERS MEETING.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of The Peoples Bank of Chestertown, Maryland, will be held at their banking house in Chestertown, on WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 21ST., 1914, for election of Directors for the ensuing year.
d27 tm A. PARKS RASIN, CASHIER.

FOR SALE.

BATEAU 23½ feet long, 5½ feet beam with 5½ horse power Mianus engine; works fine. Price $150. Also one small 16 foot bateau, nearly new, for $15. Apply to C. G. HADAWAY,
d13-3t* Chestertown No.

STORE HOUSE FOR RENT.

CORNER STORE ROOM IN LOCUST GROVE for rent. Stable and lot convenient. Possession January 1, 1914.
Apply to J. A. STAUFFER,
dec20 tf Locust Grove, Md,

FOR SALE.

CHESINUT POSTS delivereed near Chestertown or Worton at 15c.
J. W. RUSSELL,
c20 Chestertown, Md.

FOR SALE.

Single row CORN PLANTER with fertilizer attachment, bran new, never been used. Cost $15; will sell for $5. Also Feed Cutter at same price. Address
MICHAEL FLEISCHMAN,
d27-3t Piney Neck, Rock Hall.

WANTED

Reliable Working, hustling foreman for fine farm in Talbot county. Please state age, size of family and wages expected.
A. W. WALLIS,
d13 tf Longwoods, Md.

WANTED.

Regular Customers for Saturday Evening Post, Ladies Home Journal, Country Gentleman. Subscription taken at regular rates.
WILLIAM T. SMITH,
Special Agent.
Also agent for Baltimore Star. d13-3t

FOR SALE.

NO. 1 FRESH COW, young, and SEVERAL HEIFERS. Reason for selling—short of feed.
Booking orders for pure bred Jersey Pigs.
Apply to HOWARD JONES,
dec27-3t Telephone No. 306-13.

FOR SALE

TWO SPRING COLTS, one good driving horse 10 years old; one Tomato Rigging and Springs. Apply to J. RAYMOND WALBERT,
d6 3t Chestertown R. R.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS

Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphan's Court of Kent county letters testamentary on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

WILLIAM M. CLENDANIEL,

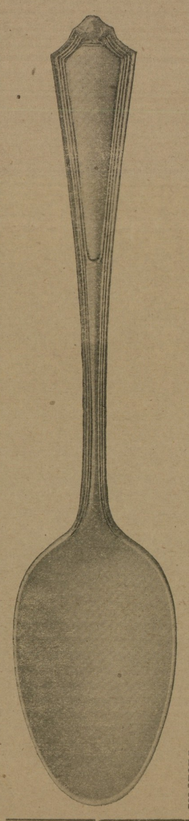
late of Kent county, Maryland, deceased.

All persons having claims against deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the proper vouchers thereof, to the undersigned on or before the 10th of July, 1914, otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefits of said estate. All indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber.

Given under my hand and seal this 6th day January, 1914.

LAURA E. CLENDANIEL,
j10 4t Executrix.

Good Silverware in Chests or Single Pieces



It doesn't make any difference whether you wish to buy merely a single piece of silverware or want to buy a complete chest—our silverware stock is prepared for the purpose of satisfying those who want a complete assortment to choose from.

We sell only such silverware as the best manufacturers make—silverware that has a national reputation, and whether you want single pieces or a complete chest, we are sure it is to your advantage to see us. This line Beautiful Plymouth Pattern Price $52

J. S. KREEGER,
Jeweler and Optician
CHESTERTOWN, MD.

FOR SALE.

MAMMOTH BRONZE TURKEYS, extra fine this year, bred from Madison Square Garden winners. Will weigh 40 to 45 lbs. at 1 year old.

Gobbler weighing 20 lbs. and over	$10.00
Gobbler weighing 20 lbs. and over	7.50
Gobbler weighing under 20 lbs.	5.00
Hens weighing 15 lbs. and over	5.00
Hens weighing 12 lbs. and over	4.00

It costs no more to raise a 40 lb. Turkey than a 20 lb. one. Breed for the best.

WM. B. WILLIS,
d13-3 R. R. No. 3, Worton, Md

FOR SALE.

A HOUSE with 5 rooms, ¼ acre of ground in Rock Hall on road leading to Steamboat wharf. Reasonable terms.
n22-2m JOS. D. HYNSON.

FOR RENT.

THE KENT HOUSE now occupied by Mr. Wm. T. Hicks. Possession given Jan. 1, 1914.
o18 THOMAS W. ELIASON.

FOR RENT OR SALE.

HOUSE, LOT AND GARDEN, Stable, Meat House, Chicken House, at Locust Grove, all in first class order, and a good well of water under porch. For sale or for rent and can give possession at once.
W. J. RUTTER,
or H. M. RUTTER,
dec21-3t Locust Grove, Md.

FOR RENT FOR 1914.

ONE SEVEN ROOM DWELLin Kennedyville. Apply to
E. L. REDMILE,
n29 3t Kennedyville, Md.

FOR RENT.

A 4-ROOM HOUSE for small family in Kennedyville; has good garden and also well in yard. Possession at once.
SHAFER, REDMILE & CO.
n29 3t Kennedyville, Md.

FOR SALE.

The 7-room Dwelling now occupied by me. Front of brick, three stories high with dry cellar. Rear framed, situated upper end of town near Catholic church. Has alley entrance for team plenty room for stable and garden. Possession at once. Apply
MRS. H. C. KELLEY,
n30-3t or CHAS. S. SMITH.

FOR SALE.

ONE HORSE, good worker and driver, 1 Surrey, 1 Top Buggy, 1 Dearborn, good as new; Plow, Cultivator, Harrow, Double Bed Room Set of Furniture, Bed Springs and Mattress, Wardrobe and Kitchen Dresser, other useful articles. Apply to
HENRY STROCKER,
n29-3t* near Wesley Chapel, Edesville, Md.

FOR SALE.

PURE BRED MAMMOTH BRONZE TURKEYS. Apply Perkins Hill Farm.
S. C. SKINNER,
dec27 tf Kennedyville Md.

MULLIN'S

Clean Up Sale

25 % & Off

Winter Suits, Overcoats and Trousers; Big Stock, Big Assortment, every size for

Men and Boys

$10 now $7.50
$10 now $9.00
$15 now $11.25
$20 now $15.00
$25 now $18.75
$30 now $22.50

Latest styles and best makes and if you have been waiting come at once and get the best while sizes and assortment is unbroken.

10 % Off Tailoring

in our Custom Dept. from heavy weight Suits, Overcoats and Trousers; same work, same trimmings, same guarantee as to fit and make-up.

Mullin's Big Home Store
WILMINGTON

Bargain Sale of Winter Goods

Monday, January 12th, to Saturday, January 17th

Ladies' Winter Coats, regardless of cost, from ..... $2.95 Up
Men's Suits, from ..... $4.35 Up
Boys' Suits, from ..... $1.65 Up

General Reductions in House Dresses, Muslin, Percales, Ticking, Hosiery and Corsets.

Men's, Women's and Boys' Rubber Boots much below regular cost.

Highest Prices paid for Eggs, Poultry, Old Rubbers and Gums

Cut Prices in Groceries, Meats and Shoes.

P. W. CARRIER
jan10 3t BUTLERTOWN (near Worton).

ROCK HALL'S

Leading Feed Store

In connection with our General Store at Rock Hall we will handle all kinds of Feed, such as

Hay, Grain, Bran, Chop, Mill Feed, Oats, Wheat, Corn, Meal, Chicken Feed, Etc., at reasonable prices

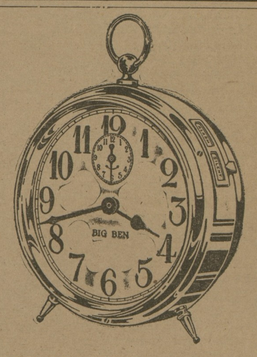
GENERAL EXCHANGE.—We are in a position to grind your corn. We will guarantee satisfaction.
N. B. ASHLEY, GEN'L MGR.,
dec13-6m Rock Hall, Md.

FOR SALE.

ONE 3-HORSE POWER INTERNATIONAL GASOLINE ENGINE, in first-class condition and used but little. Also one 8-inch Feed Grinder and one Pump Jack. Will sell the above very reasonable for cash or satisfactory note.
EDWARD MORGAN,
dec13 3t* Betterton Md.

DON'T WAIT

Order your Incubators, Brooders, and Baby Chicks NOW. Delivered any time. You are welcome to visit my yard and inspect my B. R. Chickens.
OWEN C. SMITH, AGT.,
Cypress Incubators,
Chestertown, Md.



WE'VE sold some alarm clocks in our life but we've never seen anything quite so well built, quite so well finished and quite so good looking as Big Ben.

He is absolutely the finest sleepmeter made, the first one we've felt like displaying in our window alongside of cut glass and silverware.

$2.50

This is the clock you have seen advertised in the big magazines

ROTE, The Jeweler,
Chestertown, Md

Piano Contest

¶ Don't lose sight of the fact we are still giving votes on the Piano.

¶ During the month of January we will give 10 votes for every 1 cent you spend with us.

¶ For every dollar paid on account during the first two weeks in January we will give 1000 votes.

¶ Better get in the game.

VANSANT & NEWSOME

Progressive Head-to-Foot Outfitters

CHESTERTOWN, - - MARYLAND

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc6000_14_1-0012.jpg