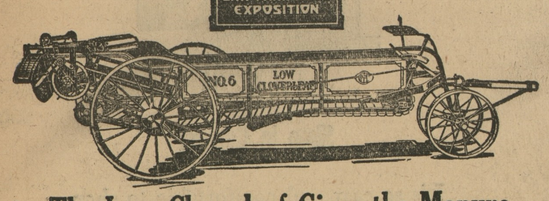

The Low Cloverleaf Gives the Manure Two Healthy Beatings

WE used to think that if we threw manure onto the ground any old way and plowed it under, we were doing a good job. But now we know that won't do. To do any real good, the manure must be broken up into small pieces and spread evenly.

The **Low Cloverleaf** spreader is the one that does this work best. **It gives the manure two healthy beatings,** one with the regular beater, the other with the wide spread disks. When the manure reaches the ground in that condition your soil gets all the good there is in it, and gets it quickly. The **Low Cloverleaf** is one spreader it will pay you to see before you buy. See the local dealer who has one set up for you to look at.

International Harvester Company of America
(Incorporated)

Low Cloverleaf spreaders are sold by

Davis & Satterfield, Chestertown, Md.
C. H. Jefferson, Chestertown, Md.

ARLINGTON L. SPARKS

Chestertown's Best Store

DRY GOODS

NOTIONS

AND

MILLINERY

ARLINGTON L. SPARKS
Chestertown, - Maryland

SPECIAL ATTENTION TO TELEPHONE ORDERS

Coal Under Cover

Palmer's Lump Lime
IN BARRELS

Headquarters for **Cements**

Baled Hay

Agricultural Lime
By Rail or Water

Your Orders Solicited

J. D. BACCHUS
Phone 22 CHESTERTOWN MD

Read The "KENT NEWS"

GUIDE TO TEACHING AGRICULTURAL IS ISSUED

Agricultural College Bulletin Contains Many Suggestions Helpful To Both Young And Old.

"Elementary Vocational Agriculture for Maryland Schools," the first textbook of its nature ever issued by an agricultural college, has been prepared by the States Relations Service of the United States Department of Agriculture, in co-operation with the Maryland Agricultural College and the Maryland State Department of Public Education. It is designed to interest the children of rural Maryland in the things that are going on around them, and the Maryland Agricultural College has arranged to furnish it to the schools of the State at cost.

The lessons in vocational agriculture were outlined by E. A. Miller, specialist in agricultural education with the States Relations Service, under the direction of C. H. Lane, chief specialist in agricultural education with the service. The technical contents, which have special reference to Maryland conditions, were furnished by the following professors of the Maryland Agricultural College: W. T. L. Taliaferro, S. S. Buckley, J. B. S. Norton, Herman Beckenstrater, J. E. Metzger, R. H. Ruffner, E. N. Cory, B. W. Anspon, C. O. Bruce, Nickolas Schmitz, G. E. Wolcott, Roy H. Waite, W. R. Ballard and Thomas H. White.

Lessons Are Timely.

The lessons are outlined after a monthly sequence plan and adapted to the seasonal, agricultural and school conditions of Maryland. By presenting lessons in the subject of agriculture at the time the principles in these lessons should be practiced on the farms of the community, two objects were in view: the vitalizing of classroom work by having timely material at hand for practical work, and the teaching of what is best to do at the time it should be done.

Recognizing that the school conditions of the State make impracticable the giving of more than two, and at the most three, lessons in agriculture each week, the book has been adapted to these conditions. The work is arranged to cover the nine months of the school year, although suggestions for actual management are also provided for the months of June, July and August.

Brings Farm And School Together.

The practical exercises suggested in the book take the direction very largely of club activities and home projects. It is urged by the author that the teachers emphasize this phase of the work. "Teaching agriculture and correlating it with other subjects," Mr. Miller says, "cannot be made effective unless the pupil demonstrates the principles taught in some kind of farm project and utilizes the project experiences in vitalizing the other subjects in the school course."

The correlation exercises set forth in connection with each lesson are largely suggestive. These are intended to indicate how the teacher may take advantage of the experiences and problems the pupils meet in their club and project work to give vitality to the subjects of English, arithmetic, geography, history, drawing and the like.

Although "Elementary Vocational Agriculture for Maryland Schools" is primarily an outline—to guide the teacher, and secondarily as a textbook for pupils, it has a wealth of information of a very practical nature of value and interest to the men and women on the farms as well.

LITTLE CHICKS SHOULD BE PROTECTED FROM VERMIN.

R. H. WAITE,
Maryland Agricultural Experiment Station.

One of the worst things to contend with in the brooding of young chicks, with hens, is lice. Most hens have lice, and if the old brood hen has them, nothing is more certain than that she will very quickly pass them on to the chicks. Lice do not trouble the old hen so much, because they are so much smaller than she is, but with the little chick it is different. It does not take many lice on a young chick to kill it.

The "best treatment" for lice on little chicks is to kill the lice on the old hen before she hatches the chicks. Chicks are so delicate they do not withstand much doping, but, of course, if you have been so careless as to let them get infested, you will have to do something. Lice do most damage on the young chick's head, hence this is the part usually treated. A very small amount of lard or vaseline spread over the top of the head will kill the head lice.

Chicks must be carefully protected from enemies. There are no rules for this, each brooding place being a problem in itself and each requiring a different solution. The principle thing is to anticipate the trouble if possible and take precautions early enough to prevent the enemies from getting a start. Prevention, aside from saving some of the chicks, is much easier than trying to cure. Be on the lookout for rats, crows, hawks, weasels, etc., about the place and take measures that will keep them away from the chicks or keep the chicks away from the enemies. Enemies to poultry will be more fully discussed in another lesson.

Wet grass is fatal to chicks if the old hen is allowed to "drag" them through it. While the grass is wet in the morning or after rains, the hen should be confined, that is if she is in the habit of roaming around in grass tall enough to wet the chicks.

RECIPE FOR GRAY HAIR.

To half pint of water add 1 oz. Bay Rum, a small box of Barbo Compound, and ¼ oz. of glycerine. Apply to the hair twice a week until it becomes the desired shade. Any druggist can put this up or you can mix it at home at very little cost. Full directions for making and use come in each box of Barbo Compound. It will gradually darken streaked, faded gray hair, and removes dandruff. It is excellent for falling hair and will make harsh hair soft and glossy. It will not color the scalp, is not sticky or greasy, and does not rub off.

"KENT NEWS" $1per year.

ATTRACTIVE SURROUNDINGS FOR OUR FARM HOMES

Suggestions For Laying Out Grounds And Planting Attractive Shrubbery.

B. W. ANSPON,
Maryland Agricultural College.

Are you entirely satisfied with your home grounds? Have you envied your neighbor who had a well planted yard? If so now is the time to remedy that condition. As the growing season is rapidly drawing near we should have our plan prepared before planting time comes.

To prepare a plan is not a difficult task. In fact, it proves a very interesting one, when the various members of the family are consulted and their views are incorporated in the plan.

Take the measurements of the grounds and transfer them to a good piece of drawing paper. Locate on the plan all existing objects as house, buildings, fences, trees, walks, etc. This should be drawn to scale. If we use the scale one inch equals twenty feet every inch on the plan will represent twenty feet of the grounds.

With this plan before you it is a simple matter to view the whole area at a glance. Here one can only study the relation of one part to the other. Those plantings that have not pleased us can be changed, and so arranged that they will make more pleasing effects.

Where trees are too crowded this should be indicated on the plan. New groupings, changes in the walks, in fact any work that is to be done on the grounds should be indicated on this plan. Then we will have a clear record of the changes to be made. All the work does not have to be done at once. If limited funds are available a portion of the work can be done this spring, the rest later. Without a plan this would be impossible. No mind can carry a definite plan from one year to the next. We are prone to attempt details that are found in other gardens without considering the general arrangement, from which these details are taken. Consequently a poor garden is the result. Every garden should be a picture. One definite idea should be carried out; all other ideas should be subordinate to this main one.

Make Your Own Plan.

One should select the style of gardening one wishes to follow and adhere to that style.

For most conditions the informal style is best. In arranging our plan according to this style there are several general principles that should be considered.

1. Keep the centers open. This provides for a large expanse of lawn, which serves as a background upon which to make the picture by means of trees, shrubs and flowers.

2. Plant in masses. In this style we desire the effect of the mass rather than the individual plant.

3. Arrange the groups in irregular borders, not in straight lines. To unite the buildings with the grounds vines and foundation plantings of shrubs are useful. Thereby the angular lines of the foundations can be concealed.

Send to reliable nurserymen for their catalogues. From these select the plants wanted. Great pleasure can be derived from groupings of native plants. There are many native plants in this State that lend themselves to planting in the home grounds. Among these may be mentioned button-bush, flowering dogwood, arrowwood, fringetree, elders, alders, wild azalea, mountain laurel, oaks, pines, maples, hickories, tulip popular, sweet gum, black gum, etc.

With so many plants to select from that are perfectly hardy there is no reason why we should select tender plants. Frequently we see such plants that are tied up in straw and burlap during the winter to prevent their freezing.

SOYBEANS IN MARYLAND.

Of late a great deal of interest in soybeans has been manifested throughout Maryland. Soybeans are well adapted to practically all sections of Maryland, as far as climate is concerned, but thrive best on rich loam and clay soils. They will not grow as well as cowpeas on poor, sandy soils, but are far better than coypeas on stiff, clay soils. They will also stand poor drainage better than cowpeas will. In other words, in those sections where cowpeas do not grow well, soybeans will be far more satisfactory. They are also better adapted to the stiff clay soils in the sections now producing cowpeas well than the cowpeas are.

The two important factors to be taken into consideration in the production of soybeans are inoculation and the selection of the proper varieties.

Practically all soils in Maryland must be inoculated for soybeans if they have not previously grown soybeans successfully.

The best varieties for Maryland are Wilson, Virginia, Ebony, Cloud, Arlington, Medium Yellow, Haberlandt, Hollybrook, Peking and Taba. The Mammoth Yellow variety is commonly found on the market but it is one of the poorest varieties for Maryland except where it is simply used for a green manure crop.—Nicholas Schmitz, Maryland Agricultural College Extension Service.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given that the subscriber has obtained from the Orphan's Court of Kent county letters testamentary on the personal estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

EDMUND B. PENNINGTON,

late of Kent county, Maryland, deceased.

All persons having claims against deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof, to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of October, 1916, otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefits of said estate. All indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber.

Given under my hand and seal this 29th day of March, 1916.

EDMUND B. PENNINGTON, Jr.,
Executor.

a1-4t

1916 1916

R. F. Parks & Son

CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND

SPRING TIME IS HERE!

The Season Is Coming

We have prepared in advance for our business wants with new goods at old prices. New Wash Goods with German Dyes, and new goods with fast standard colors, operating on a profit-sharing basis.

Commence with Percales, Ginghams, Kindergarten Cloths and other wash fabrics; Bates and Toil de Noide Ginghams, the cream of patterns from the manufacturers; same old dyes, every yard fast colors, and same old price, 12½c.

Remnants of the above go at 10c per yard.

Muslins at less than market price, too, next week.

We have 4 4 Muslins, good value, 8c.

We have 4-4 Muslin, extra value, 9c.

We have 6-4, 7-4, 8-4, 9-4, 10-4; start 10-4 Sheeting at 23½c.

We have Pillow Cases, Bolster Cases, Sheets; Pillow Cases, 12½c each; Bolster Cases, 25c, 35c, 40c; Sheets, 80x90, at 65c, 75c, 98c, old prices.

We have a nice line Curtain Scrim at old prices, from 10c up to 35c yard.

Lace Curtains, Portieres and Lounge Covers for the summer.

To Arrive

Dress Goods, in Worsteds
Dress Goods, in Silk Taffetas
Dress Goods, Silk Poplins
Dress Goods, Silk Messalines
Dress Goods, Wool Serges
Blacks, Blues, Greens, Browns

We can and will offer at a saving of 25 and 30 per cent. less than market price to-day.

We have a pretty line of Table Linens, ranging in price from 75c to $1.25 per yard.

Also Table Napkins, from 75c to $5.00 dozen.

A pretty line of Towels in Linen, Striped Turkish and Huck, ranging in price from 25c to $1.50 pair.

See our line of Fancy Shirtwaists and Muslin Underskirts, Night Wrappers and Corset Covers, at a very low price.

We have beautiful Waisting Materials in White Voiles, plain and figured; also have Colored Voiles, in Pink, Blue, Green, Lavender and Tan, 40 inch. wide; price 25c per yard.

A new line of SHOES just arrived. Dress and Work Shoes for Men, Women and Children, at a reasonable price.

Trunks, Suit Cases, Hand Satchels and Pocketbooks to suit everyone's purse.

Mattings, Rugs, Etc

CHINA, JAP, CREX

10,000 Yards Matting at old prices, from 12½c to 40c yard. (Have an offer for every roll we have from an importer at an advance, yet we have saved them for our patrons.

LINOLEUMS, American and English, from 50c to 65c square yard.

China, Glassware and Queensware

Special Bargain in 100-piece Dinner and Tea Sets. Prices $10.50, $11.00, $12.50, up to $25.00.

Chamber Sets, from $3.00 to $10.00, in pretty new designs, in 9, 10 and 12-piece sets.

R. F. PARKS & SON

Leader in General Merchandise, Fertilizers, Grass Seed, Etc.

Chestertown, - - - Maryland

Tolchester Company

SPRING SCHEDULE
(Weather Permitting)

Sassafras River Line

In effect 2.45 p. m. March 18, 1916.

Mondays and Wednesdays steamer will leave Fredericktown at 7 a. m., Betterton 8.15 a. m., Buck Neck (Wednesdays only when tides will permit) 9.30 a. m., Worton Manor 9.30 a. m., Tolchester 10.15 a. m.

Tuesdays and Saturdays steamer will leave Baltimore at 2.45 p. m. for all the above landings except Buck Neck. Does not stop at Tolchester on Saturdays.

Freight for Buck Neck landed only on Wednesdays only.

Port Deposit Line

In effect 2.45 p. m. March 15, 1916

Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays steamer leaves Baltimore at 2.45 p. m. for Tolchester. Betterton, Havre de Grace and Port Deposit.

Tuesdays, Thursdays, Fridays and Saturdays steamer will leave Port Deposit at 7.00 a. m., Havre de Grace 7.30 a. m., Betterton 8.45 a. m., Worton Manor (Friday) 9.30 a. m., Tolchester (except Saturday) 10.15 a. m.

Tolchester Special

Beginning Saturday, March 11th, steamer leaves Baltimore at 7.00 a. m. and 2.30 p. m. Leaves Tolchester at 9.00 a. m. and 4.30 p. m.

For further information apply to agents at different wharves or

THE TOLCHESTER COMPANY,
d25-tf Pier 16 Light St., Baltimore, Md.

Md., Del. & Va. Railway

CHESTER RIVER LINE.

SCHEDULE

In Effect Monday, April 10th, 1916

Steamer will leave Baltimore Pier 9, Light St. wharf Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 1.00 p. m., weather and tide permitting for the following points

Rock Hall, Queenstown, Sogles, Spaniard's Point, Cliffs, *Ashland, Quaker Neck, Booker's, *Riverside Rolph's, *Piney Grove, arrive Chestertown about 7.30 p. m.

*Stops on signal.

Returning steamer leaves Chestertown for Baltimore Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 7.00 a. m. weather and tide permitting, stopping at the above landings arriving in Baltimore about 1.00 p. m.

Steamer leaves Baltimore, Pier 9, Light St., Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 4.00 p. m., weather and tide permitting, for

ROCK HALL.

Returning, Steamer will leave Rock Hall for Baltimore weather and tide permitting, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday 8.00 a. m. arriving in Baltimore 10.00 a. m.

This Time Table Shows the times at which steamers may be expected to arrive at and depart from these several wharves but their arrival or departure at the times stated is not guaranteed, nor does the Company hold itself responsible for any delay or any consequences arising therefrom.

WILLARD THOMPSON,
General Manager

T. MURDOCH,
General Passenger Agent.
W. H. BROWN, Agent, Baltimore

Headquarters for

Paint and Paper

I AM LOCATED in my new STORE and PAINT HOUSE, Cross St., Chestertown, where we would be pleased to submit prices, show samples and estimate on papering your house.

A LARGE LINE OF WALL PAPER

Be sure you get the best workmen and the best material. Don't waste good money on bad material. Masury's Paints are the best on the market. We are sole agents for this district, and are always ready to show you sample cards and quote prices.

We Paper Your Room For $3.00 and Upward

and guarantee satisfaction or no money. If you want your Pictures Framed, call and see our selections of mountings before going elsewhere. They are the finest in town.

WM. L. FOWLER,
Cross Street,
CHESTERTOWN, MD.

SHERIFF'S NOTICE TO

TRADERS AND OTHERS!

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN to all persons and bodies corporate or politic doing business in Kent county and requiring a State License to obtain a license or renew the same on or before

The First Day of May Next

A failure on the part of persons now engaged in business to renew their licenses by the first day of May next, will subject them to fine.

Clerk A. Parks Rasin will be ready to issue licenses on or before the first day of May next at his office in the Court House.

Those interested are notified of the following requirements of the license law:

If applicant's stock in trade does not exceed.....	$ 1,000	...	$12.50
If over $1,000 and not over..	1,500	....	15.50
" 1,500 " "	2,500	....	18 50
" 2,500 " "	4,000	....	22.50
" 4,000 " "	6,000	....	30.00
" 6,000 " "	8,000	....	40.00
" 8,000 " "	10,000	....	50.50
" 10,000 " "	15,000	....	65.50

The applicant must either make oath, as heretofore, before the Clerk of the Circuit Court of the county where he is engaged in business, of the amount of goods kept on hand at the principal season of sale, or the oath may be administered by a Justice of the Peace when the person wanting a license applies through an agent.

STALLIONS—Any owner and keeper of every Stallion or Jack shall before being permitted to stand or station such animal pay to the Clerk of the Circuit Court or some one of the counties of the State the highest sum that he intends to receive for the season for one mare, and the receipt of the said Clerk, with the seal of his Court attached thereto for said sum, shall be the license for standing or stationing such a stallion or jack for one year from the date thereof; provided, that in no case shall the sum directed to be paid by this section for such license to be less than ten dollars, and that every stallion or jack, upon which the said tax is paid, shall be exempt from all other State tax.

Any owner or keeper standing or stationing any stallion or jack without a license shall forfeit and pay twice the sum authorized and required to be paid in the last preceeding section one-half to the State and the other half to the informer.

J. THOMAS HADAWAY,
a15-3t Sheriff of Kent County.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

Notice is hereby given that the subscribers have obtained from the Orphan's Court of Kent county letters of administration on the estate in Kent county, Maryland, of

THOMAS A. MATTHEWS,

late of Kent county, Maryland, deceased.

All persons having claims against deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the proper vouchers thereof to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of October, 1916, otherwise they may be excluded by law from all benefits of said estate. All indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the subscriber.

Given under my hand and seal this 29th day of March, 1916.

STANLEY W. MATTHEWS.
HERBERT M. MATTHEWS
a1-4t Administrators.

©Maryland State Archives, msa_sc6000_16_1-0138.jpg