Proclamation

Proposing Amendments to the Constitution of the State, 1920.

Whereas, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1920, two Acts were passed, to-wit: Chapter 319 proposing an amendment to Section 15 of Article III of the Constitution of the State, title "Legislative Department," regulating the compensation of Members of both Houses of the General Assembly; and Chapter 565 proposing an amendment to Section 37 of Article 4 of the Constitution of the State, title "Judiciary Department," regulating the pay of Clerks of Courts; and which said Chapters 319 and 565 are in the words and figures following:

CHAPTER 319.

AN ACT to propose an amendment to Section 15 of Article III, of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department," regulating the compensation of the members of both Houses of the General Assembly of Maryland, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of the State of Maryland for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, (three-fifths of all the members of each of the two Houses concurring), That the following be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 15 of Article III, of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, title "Legislative Department," the same if adopted by the legally qualified voters of the State, as herein provided, to become Section 15 of Article III, of the Constitution of the State of Maryland.

15. The General Assembly may continue its session so long as in its judgment the public interest may require for a period not longer than ninety days; and each member thereof shall receive a compensation of three hundred dollars per annum and five dollars per diem for every day he shall attend the session but not for such days as he may be absent, unless absent on account of sickness or by leave of the House of which he is a member and he shall also receive such mileage as may be allowed by law, not exceeding twenty cents per mile; and the presiding officer of each House shall receive an additional compensation of five dollars per diem. When the General Assembly shall be convened by proclamation of the Governor, the session shall not continue longer than thirty days, and in such case the compensation shall be the same as herein prescribed.

Section 2. And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That said aforegoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Maryland shall, at the next general election for Members of Congress held in this State, be submitted to the legal and qualified voters of the State, for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article XIV of the Constitution of the State of Maryland, and at the said general election the vote on the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment," and "Against the Constitutional Amendment," as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by said Fourteen Article of the Constitution, and further proceedings had in accordance with said Article Fourteen.

Approved April 9, 1920.

CHAPTER 565.

AN ACT to amend Section 37 of Article 4, title "Judiciary Department," of the Constitution of this State, and to provide for the submission of said amendment to the qualified voters of this State for adoption or rejection.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, (three-fifths of all members of each of the two houses concurring), That the following section be, and the same is, hereby proposed as an amendment to Section 37, of Article 4, title "Judiciary Department," of the Constitution of this State, and if adopted by the legal qualified voters thereof, as herein provided, said section shall supersede and stand in the place and in stead of Section 37 of said Article 4 of the Constitution of Maryland.

Sec. 37. There shall be a Clerk of each of the said Courts of Baltimore City, except the Supreme Bench, who shall be elected by the legal and qualified voters of said city at the election to be held in said city on the Tuesday next after the first Monday of November, in the year eighteen hundred and sixty-seven, and shall hold his office for six years from the time of his election, and until his successor is elected and qualified, and be re-eligible thereto, subject to be removed for willful neglect of duty or other misdemeanor in office, on conviction in a Court of Law. The salary of each of the said Clerks shall be forty-five hundred dollars a year payable only out of the fees and receipts collected by the Clerks of said city, and they shall be entitled to no other perquisites or compensation. In case of a vacancyin the office of Clerk of any of said Courts, the Judges of said Supreme Bench of Baltimore City shall have power to fill such vacancy until the general election of Delegates to the General Assembly to be held next thereafter, when a Clerk of said Court shall be elected to serve for six years thereafter; and the provisions of this Article in relation to the appointment of Deputies by the Clerks of the Circuit Courts in the counties shall apply to the Clerks of the Courts in Baltimore City.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said foregoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall, at the next election for members of Congress to be held on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in the month of November, nineteen hundred and twenty (1920), be submitted to the legal and qualified voters thereof for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the direction contained in Article 14 of the Constitution of this State; and at the said election the vote on said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot, and upon each ballot there shall be written or printed the words "For Constitutional Amendment" and "Against Constitutional Amendment," as now provided by law, and immediately after said election due returns shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment, as directed by the said Article 14 of the said Constitution.

Approved April 9, 1920.

Now, therefore, I, Albert C. Ritchie, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct that this Proclamation containing a full, true and correct copy of the text of said Chapters 319 and 565 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1920, be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State where so many may be published and where not more than one may be published then in that newspaper, and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which shall be published in the German language, once a week for at least three months next preceding the general election to be held in the State of Maryland on Tuesday, the 2nd day of November, 1920, at which election the said proposed amendments to the Constitution shall be submitted in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly, to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

THE GREAT SEAL OF THE STATE OF MARYLAND

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State of Maryland. Done at the City of Annapolis, this 23rd day of July, nineteen hundred and twenty.

ALBERT C. RITCHIE.

By the Governor:
PHILIP B. PERLMAN,
Secretary of State.

KI-MOIDS
(Tablets or Granules)
FOR INDIGESTION
Sour or without water; ...t to take.
...K RELIEF!
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...OTT & BOWNE
...RS OF
...MULSION 11

HEMPHILL EXPLAINS ORGANIZATION OF NEAR EAST RELIEF

Prominent New York Banker Says Aim Is 100% Relief of Starving Peoples.

"Just what is the Near East Relief? is the question that many people are asking whose interests have been awakened to the terrible conditions existing in the Levant today," says Alexander J. Hemphill, President of the Guarantee Trust Company and well known New York banker and financier. "In prosaic facts, the Near East Relief is a body incorporated by act of Congress the object of which is 'to provide relief and to assist in the repatriation, rehabilitation and re-establishment of suffering and dependent people of the Near East and adjacent areas; to provide for the care of orphans and widows and to promote the social, economic and industrial welfare of those who have been rendered destitute or dependent, directly or indirectly, by the vicissitudes of war, the cruelties of men or other causes beyond their control.'

ALEXANDER J. HEMPHILL.

100 Per Cent Relief.

"The aim of the organization is 100 per cent relief, the relief which puts those aided on a self-supporting basis, which instills in them a confidence for the future, places in their hands the means with which to begin life anew, and in their hearts the courage to go on. Work, that is the prescription subscribed and provided by those loyal men and women who have journeyed into perilous places for the sake of their fellow men; to make these people independent for the future, to encourage the flickering fire of national pride.

"There are 82,291 workers employed in the industrial establishments of the Near East Relief, where wool is furnished for the women to spin and weave, and all the girls who are strong enough are washing wool, sewing beds, grinding and sifting wheat, tailoring and learning to make lace. The big problem is to make these women independent.

"About 500 American men and women, Near East Relief workers, are now in the field, including 36 eminent physicians and surgeons, 76 nurses, 7 mechanics, 15 industrial experts, 16 agriculturists, 14 bacteriologists, 197 relief workers, 25 supply and transport workers, 19 teachers, 20 administrators, 34 secretaries, 7 engineers and 45 army officers.

Where Money Goes.

"Funds for relief purposes are distributed in two ways: First, the various relief centers are authorized by the Executive Committee to draw sight drafts on New York for specific amounts each month; second, by supplies purchased in America, the major portion of which are shipped to the committee warehouses at Derindje, and the remainder either to Beyrouth or Batoum.

"The relief is rapidly expanding and meeting the situation, but the future depends on the continuation of American support."

According to Mr. Hemphill, the need for American help to see the destitute peoples of the Near East through the crisis of present conditions is greater now than ever before on account of the uncertainty as to the future, the truculence of the Turkish government and the danger of bolshevism from Russia which threatens to engulf the whole of Armenia.

Who Direct the Work.

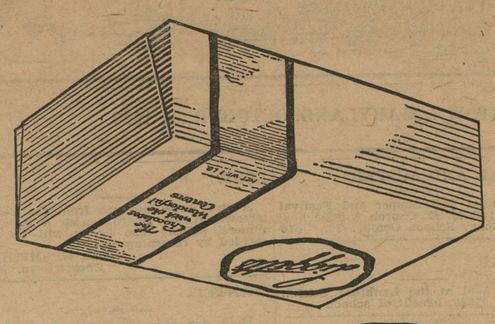
Mr. Hemphill is the Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Near East Relief. Other members are Dr. James L. Barton, Secretary of the Foreign Department of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions; Edwin M. Bulkley, banker, of Spencer Trask & Co., New York; Judge Abram I. Elkus, former United States Ambassador to Turkey; Harold A. Hatch, a well known New York cotton man; Herbert Hoover; William B. Millar, one of the Secretaries of the Interchurch World Movement; Henry Morgenthau, United States Ambassador to Mexico; Edgar Rickard of the American Relief Administration; Charles V. Vickrey, who is Secretary of the Near East Relief, and Dr. Stanley White secretary of the Board of Foreign Missions of the Presbyterian Church.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children
In Use For Over 30 Years
Always bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

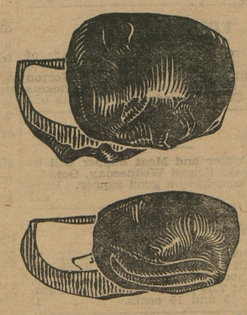
NOTICE.

If there is a sewing machine in Chestertown not giving satisfaction send me your address and I will call to adjust same at moderate cost. Work guaranteed. Oil, needles, straps and attachments for all sewing machines.

COL. A. H. SUPLEE, Chestertown, Md.
o9-tf



YOU'LL have to bite into one of these chocolates to learn just what that means. Flavor doesn't show on the surface. In the meantime, stop at our candy counter and get some to take home. Packed in a strikingly handsome orange-and-gold box.



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GALENA, - - - MARYLAND

At this time we have quite a few purchasers for real estate, and are in position to buy or sell on commission any property that is placed in our hands to be disposed of

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Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter s Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
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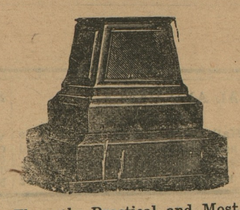
Of Every Description
Cut on Monuments and Tombs



The only Practical and Most Reasonable Price Dealer in the County.
Large stock to select from.
CHESTERTOWN MARBLE & GRANITE WORKS
Phone 276. J. W. KIRBY, Prop.

H. E. Perkins, Attorney.

RATIFICATION NISI

William E. Seney et al
versus
John Seney

In the Circuit Court for Kent County, In Equity. No. 2067.

ORDERED, this 13th day of Oct., 1920, by the Circuit Court for Kent County in Equity, that the Auditors Account and Report, stated and reported by S. Scott Beck, Auditor, in the above entitled cause, be Ratified and Confirmed, unless cause to the contrary thereof be shown on or before the 8th day of Nov., next, provided, a copy of this Order be inserted in some newspaper printed and published in Kent county, once in each of two successive weeks before the 1st day of November next.

A. PARKS RASIN, Clerk.
True Copy—Test:
A. PARKS RASIN, Clerk.

Nobody thinks anything now of going away on a trip

THE railroads were partly responsible. But it wasn't until the automobile reached its present state of development that the old barriers against travel were finally broken down.

II

More people own automobiles today than ever thought of owning a horse and buggy in the old days.

That's because the *cost of motoring* has been brought within reach of the average citizen's pocketbook.

We look upon it as part of our job to *keep it there*. If it weren't for the trade of the *man with the medium priced car* there wouldn't be much in this tire business for us.

III

The less a man has to spend on motoring, the more important it is that his tires should be of *first quality*.

Any tire is *not* good enough for the small car owner. He wants a tire that will give him *just as much for his money* in the small size as the big car man gets for his money in the large size.

IV

In thinking over what kind of tires we would represent in this community we tried to *put ourselves in the place of* the car owner. And we believe we hit it exactly when we selected U. S. Tires.

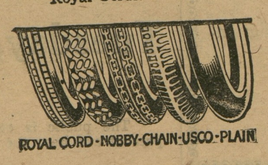
Select your tires according to the roads they have to travel:

In sandy or hilly country, wherever the going is apt to be heavy—The U. S. Nobby.

For ordinary country roads—The U. S. Chain or Usco.

For front wheels—The U. S. Plain.

For best results—*everywhere*—U. S. Royal Cords.



United States Tires

ABE COHEN, Sandy Bottom, dM

A. S. TURNER & SON, Chestertown, Md.

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS

1. To vote. Enter room, step up to guard rail, give name and registered residence to the Judges. Wait until your name is found upon the registers, then get ballot from the judge in charge of the ballots. See that he has written your name and number on the coupon attached to the ballot and his own name or initials on the back of the ballot itself.

2. Upon receiving your ballot retire to one of the booths or compartments and prepare your ballot by marking with an indelible pencil after the name of every person, or persons for whom you wish to vote, and to the right thereof, in the blank space provided therefor, a cross-mark, for example (X); and in case of a question submitted to a vote of the people, by making likewise in the appropriate space a cross-mark (X) against the answer you desire to give.

In voting for Presidential Electors, you may either make a cross mark (X) in the square opposite the name of each one of the persons, (not more than 8 in number) for whom you wish to vote, or you may vote for the 8 candidates for Presidentian Elector of any political party, by making your cross-mark (X) in the square opposite the surnames of the candidates of the party of your choice for President and Vice-President.

If you wish to vote for some one whose name is not printed on the official ballot (you can write the name of such person in the blank space on the ballot) provided for that purpose and place the cross-mark opposite such name in the blank space provided therefor.

3. In marking the ballot you may take with you into the polling place any written or printed memorandum or paper to assist you in preparing your ballot, except a facsimile of the ballot ot be voted. You must prepare and deposit your ballot without undue delay. Before coming from behind the curtain in front of your compartment you must fold your ballot in the same way as it was folded when you received it, so that the marks which you have made upon it shall be entirely concealed. You then hand your folded ballot to the judge at the ballot box, give him your name and registered address and wait until he tears off the coupon containing your name and number, and strings it, and deposits your ballot in the ballot box. You must then leave the polling room and cannot again go behind the guard rail during the day.

4. A voter must not go in any compartment occupied by another or converse with any other voter while engaged in a compartment, nor can he occupy a compartment more than seven minutes if others are waiting.

5. You must not take any ballot outside the guard rail. If you spoil a ballot you must deliver the spoiled ballot to the judge in charge of the ballots and receive another from him. If you spoil three ballots you lose your vote.

6. A voter who is physically disabled from marking his or her ballot must make affidavit to that effect if he or she desires assistance. The two polling clerks, after such affidavit has been made, can accompany him or her into one of the compartments and there mark his or her ballot as he or she instructs them, marking only the names of the candidates whom he or she shall name. The clerks are not allowed to read the ballot to him or her.

7. Any voter who shall allow his or he rballot to be seen by any person with the apparent intention of letting it be known how he or she is about to vote; or who shall place any distinguishing mark upon his or her ballot, or who shall make a false statement as to his or her inability to mark his or her ballot, or who shall interfere or attempt to interfere with any voter when inside the enclosed space in the polling room, or when marking his or her ballot, or who shall endeavor to induce any voter before voting to show how he or she marks his or her ballot, shall be punished by a fine of not less than five ($5.00) dollars nor more than one hundred ($100) dollars, or by imprisonment in jail for a period not exceeding sixty (60) days, or by both fine and imprisonment; in the discretion of the Court.

FOR SALE
10 KENT AND QUEEN ANNE FARMS
Some of these farms are as good as any in the two counties. Several beautifully located on Chester River and in a high state of cultivation.
—ALSO—
8 Houses For Sale
Seven in town and one in Lynch. An inspection of these properties is solicited.
Terms made to suit.
T. G. WROTH
REAL ESTATE
Court Street, Chestertown, Md.

Lexington Market
NOW IN
CHESTERTOWN
ALL FRESH MEATS
LUNCH MEATS
SALADS, POULTRY
FRUITS and VEGETABLES
We want to buy Eggs Butter and Country Produce.
H. B. Barnett,
110 Cross St. Phone 243

NOTICE.

On and after October 4, 1920, due to necessary repairs, the Crumpton Bridge will be closed to travel. By order of
GAULT APPLEGARTH,
s25 Road Engineer for Kent County.

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