Kent News.

SATURDAY.....FEBRUARY 16, 1889.

MATRIMONIAL.

WALLIS—WICKES.

A quiet wedding took place near Chestertown on Thursday last. The groom was Mr. ROBERT A. WALLIS, for some years the popular clerk in Mr. C. F. Stam's drug store, and now in a large drug house in Philadelphia; the bride was Miss NETTIE WICKES, daughter of Mrs. E. R. and the late Simon Wickes, and one of the finest young ladies of this community.

The ceremony took place at the residence of the bride's mother at 12 M., and was performed by Rev. S. C. Roberts, of the Protestant Episcopal Church. A lunch was served immediately after and the happy couple took their departure in the 1.30 train for Philadelphia, carrying with them the best wishes of their numerous friends here. The bride was dressed in myrtle-green silk-warp Henrietta cloth, with hat to match, and never seemed prettier or happier than on this glad nuptial day.

The company present consisted only of relatives and intimate friends of the family.

LEAVERTON—MIDDLETON.

On Wednesday evening, Feb. 6, 1889, Salem M. E. Church, Fairlee, was well filled to witness a very pretty but an unobtrusive and quiet marriage. The contracting parties were Mr. FRANK LEAVERTON and Miss ROSE MIDDLETON, both of the immediate neighborhood of Fairlee. As the bridal party entered the church a beautiful wedding march was sweetly played by Miss Lizzie M. Corey, and the "silken cord" was tied into an inseparable knot by Rev. J. D. Reese, pastor of the church, in a strikingly impressive manner, making the tenth marriage by this pastor during this conference year (1888). The bride was attired in a green cloth suit, trimmed in plush, and wore a hat to match. The groom was dressed in a black cutaway suit. Mr. Dickey Smyth and Mr. George Rouse were the ushers, and gracefully followed the contracting parties to the hymenial altar. After the consummation of the marriage they repaired to their home on a farm near Fairlee. We extend to Mr. and Mrs. Leaverton our wishes for a long and happy life. S. S.

Rock Hall Religious Notes.

If it is not intruding too much on your space I will give a few more items exhibiting the interest and development in religious matters characterizing this community. The grand missionary cause which brings to every Christian heart one of God's strongest personal appeals, and opens up one of man's greatest opportunities, has reckived earnest attention, and the responses to calls made for contributions, especially in the Sunday school, have been very encouraging. On Sunday evening during Christmas week the Rock Hall Sunday school held its missionary anniversary. A scripture responsive service in which all the officers of the school and others took part, brought out impressively the great missionary idea as set forth by its Divine Projector, select readings served to illustrate and enforce the same idea, and an address by Gussie Ayers, a member of the school, clearly set forth the best use of a penny. The collection gathered in the envelopes showed that the little gleaners had been faithful to the trust committed to them. Whole amount raised by Rock Hall Sunday school for missions was $62.34; expenses, 75 cents, leaving a balance for missions of $61.59. Amount raised by the Piney Neck Sunday school, $13.07.

Christmas week was not without many features of special interest, but this I presume is too far in the past to chronicle now.

The various benevolences of the church have received due attention and despite the desperate antagonism which the oyster piracy raised against our main source of revenue, we are looking with hope toward the future, and thank God the horizon brightens. Conference will no doubt find us on the roll of honor, yet not unto us, but *unto God be all the Glory.*

Special revival services, commencing on last Sunday evening, are being held in the M. E. Church under the charge of the pastor. One conversion Tuesday evening, and three received on probation Sunday afternoon, one of them being the eight-year-old son of the pastor. Little Stanley gives clear evidence of his acceptance with God. RUSTIC.

SALEM.—Under the indefatigable efforts of Rev. J. D. Reese, pastor of Pomona circuit, this church in Fairlee has been built up gloriously and wonderously, spiritually. He has labored for the good of the people and his church, and now, about the close of the conference year, the citizens of Fairlee and community can join in one accord and say that we have pervading in our midst a strong desire to "worship the Lord in the beauty of holiness." That we have a church with a zeal to work for the Lord, and that this condition of the church is due to the earnest work and interest manifested for the welfare thereof by this man of God. WEST END.

Teachers' Meeting.

Fifty-five teachers were present at the meeting of the association on Friday of last week in Chestertown. Major E. F. Perkins presided and Mr. Topping was the secretary. The questions were interesting and the discussions entered into with the usual excellent spirit. The questions, 1—"How much instruction should be given when the lesson is assigned?" 2—"What is the proper use of the spelling-book and dictionary in the school-room?" and under the head of unfished business, the questions: "Is our course in geography too comprehensive for the general pupil; if so, what should be omitted?" called forth many and somewhat different views, as they were considered from various standpoints.

The literary committee reported the following questions for discussion at the next regular meeting: 1—"What are we to understand by Language Lessons?" How and to what extent shall we teach them to the 3d and 4th grades respectively?" 2—"By what means may our puplils be induced to become better writers?" Mr. Greenwood delivered an interesting address on "Teaching and its Results." Miss Beall read an entertaining essay upon "Man and Woman." Miss Link gave a happily rendered recitation, which was duly appreciated and enjoyed.

FROM PEDDLER TO MILLIONAIRE.—A. M. Cannon, the Washington Territory millionaire, was peddling sewing machines in Portland, Oregon, nine years ago. A year or two later he moved with his family to Spokane Falls, then a mere settlement, making the trip of 500 miles in his wagon. The little money he had was invested in land. A year later later he was a banker and today his wealth is estimated at between $4,000,000 and $6,000,000. He rose with the boom that has given Spokane Falls a population of 12,000 and growing.

GALENA LOCALS.

Harvesting Ice.

The people here are glad this week, as the owners of ice-houses are filling them up with excellent ice, about 4 inches thick.

A Double Funeral.

On Thursday, 31st ulto., about 1 o'clock P. M., Miss A. Armstrong died. On the same night, her brother, J. M. Armstrong, died of heart disease. Both were buried from the same house on Sunday afternoon at 2 P. M. Services were conducted by the Rev. Mr. Batte. It was a most solemn and affecting sight to see two coffins, side by side, with their occupants ready for the burial. The corpses were viewed by a large concourse of people from the town and vicinity. The active pall-bearers for Mr. Armstrong were six members of the vestry of Shrewsbury Parish, the deceased being a member of said vestry for upwards of 30 years, and registrar of the parish for the last 15 or 20 years. Mr. A. was of retiring disposition, but of sterling qualities.

A Halt in Spring Work.

This cold weather has stopped several of our farmers from plowing, as they had commenced farming operations during the the mild weather of Janurry, but as soon as ground hog day was past they brightened up with the prospect of an ice crop before them, which the have fully realized.

Beautiful Caskets.

It was generally remarked at the funeral of the Armstrongs, what *beautiful caskets,* but when it was known who the undertaker was—the genial Quimby, of Millington—the surprise was not so great.

A Postoffice Scene.

Our postoffice on Saturday morning presents a scene more like a large reading room than a county postoffice; a good many of the subscribers of the KENT NEWS are anxiously waiting the arrival of the mail to look over the "Kent Bible," as they call the old stand-by, the KENT NEWS. Our obliging postmaster always has a good fire and plenty of seats. You may know from such a company there are always friendly comments. P.

KENNEDYVILLE LOCALS.

Preparing for Fire.

Since the fire at Mr. Jos. Weer's, the people of Kennedyville have been alive trying to make preparations for the next fire. The men of the community have already organized a fire company with Dr. J. K. H. Jacobs as president. They are having a fire wagon built. They are also talking of having a large wind-mill to furnish water in case of fire.

Mite Society Meeting.

The Presbyterian Mite Society met at Mr. Frank Roeder's on the evening of Feb. 6th. After the business of the society had been carefully attended to, the company was entertained with song and violin music until a late hour, when the company retired to their homes.

Creamery Enterprise.

The creamery here is running with flying colors. The old cream vats are too small for the run of milk they are now having. They have just had a large receiving vat made to accomodate the increase of milk. It is 15 feet long, 6 feet wide, and 2 feet deep. Monday they received 7,500 pounds of milk. Mr. E. H. Eshleman, the creamery man, is making first-class butter and getting top prices for it all the time. He is competing with creameries that have been in operation several years.

Matrimonial.

Cards are out announcing the wedding of Mr. George Bolton, of Worton, to Miss Nora H. Bennett, daughter of Mr. John R. Bennett, Kennedyville.

The Ice Harvest.

The ice harvesters are making good use of this spell of weather in filling their ice-houses. But the ice is as yet poor. D.

Tolchester News.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The long but not very wintry months at this place will soon end. Already signs of spring are here—the fishermen. The shores near here are all taken by them. Some fears have been expressed that the warm weather this winter has injured the prospect.

This part of the bay at this date is covered with drift ice, but the industrious dredger does not stop, as this has been a favorite ground for him this winter. Another sign of approaching spring is the fact that we of the Beach are being connected with the main land through the skill of Mr. T. E. W. Crew, who is engaged in building a bridge and otherwise improving the road near the wharf.

We of this part of the county are enjoying general good health.

Farmers in this vicinity have much of their spring work done.

One of our neighbors, after spending the winter in the barn with the rats, (to use his own words) has taken up his residence in his dwelling.

We greet with joy the statement that Fairlee is to have a creamery. Truly Kent is keeping abreast with the times in all except the free bridge.

The *whale* has not yet arrived at the Beach, but the Tolchester steamboat *will* about March 6, making her usual two trips a week. Perhaps she may make a special trip on the 4th, to accommodate those who may wish to attend the inauguration. If so she will leave this place at 7.30 A. M., and Baltimore at 7 P. M. Due notice will appear in the NEWS. N. E. G.

WESTERN MARYLAND COLLEGE.—The Westminister *Advocate* states that the public school teachers of Carroll county, 145 in number, with the examiners of five counties and Prof. M. N. Newell, of the State Normal School, visited Western Maryland College last week. All were evidently pleased with what they heard and saw, and many were surprised at the extent and excellence of the facilitities for thorough education and for the convenience and comfort of students here offered. At the mass meeting, held in Central Hall School that night, Prof. Newell said that, Western Maryland College might justly be called the leading college in the State, for giving equal attention to both sexes and equal attention to all sides of education, the physical, the mental, the moral the athletic.

IT is related of Hewitt, of New York, that when he was quite a youth his father, who was an Englishman, and who had married a mountain girl, moved to New York, taking with him a good name and all his wealth, which consisted chiefly, besides his household goods, of a turning machine. Young Hewitt got into Columbia College, graduated with high honor, became a tutor for Mr. Peter Cooper's son and daughter, and later his son-in-law. He has lived to see a partial fulfilment, at least, of the wish he was taunted by Ben. Butler in Congress into making—that he would live to see the day when he should not be known as Peter Cooper's son-in-law, but Peter Cooper should be known as his father-in-law.

Edesville and Vicinity Locals.

A Touch of Winter.

The recent cold snap caused the creeks leading to the most important steamboat landings to close up, travel thereby being stopped. At such times we all realize how *far* we live from Baltimore, and, coupled with it, is the sighing of our business men, whose only relief seems to be their longing for communication. The telephone would be a grand thing. Come now, gentlemen, (business men) some little enterprise will establish this every-day necessity. The anxiety of those who have ice-houses, together with a large number of others interested in the crop, is relieved at this writing by reason of the ice-cold weather, and all are harvesting.

The Laundry a Success.

That laundry which was established in the village, on Maple avenue, is winning deserved success, special attention being paid or given to the cleansing of painters' overalls.

Personal Notes.

Mrs. Smith, wife of our neighbor and friend, Mr. D. A. Smith, is confined to her room by that dreaded disease rheumatism. The little daughter of H. A. Willson is lying seriously ill with pneumonia. We sincerely trust she may recover. Mrs. E. R. Roe's auction sale of store goods at Sandy Bottom, last week, was largely attended and prices were generally satisfactory. Mrs. R. vacated the premises the following day, when Messrs. Charles A. and George W. Rouse took possession and have started out on their mercantile voyage. The young men, however, should do their own advertising. C. A. Leary, Esq., having moved to his shipyard farm, contemplates replacing the old fence along the public road with a handsome and substantial one. Messrs. Greenwood & Stavely have about put the finishing touches to the interior of the magnificent and commodious dwelling. We'll have to call and see him.

The Sociable.

The young people's "sociable" is in full bloom. At the meeting held at Mrs. Wm. H. Coleman's, the program was nicely rendered and greatly enjoyed by the large and appreciative company. The Misses Coleman, of Baltimore, were paying a visit to the family, and were gratified to meet their many friends on the occasion. At this meeting the sociable was kindly invited to hold the next at Mr. Wm. Burgess' the invitation being as kindly accepted, and all met there Friday evening, the 8th instant, and enjoyed immensely the hospitality of their bachelor host.

A Pleasant Affair.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Frank Wheatley celebrated last Monday evening the fifteenth anniversary of their marriage, at their residence. The day was threatening, but cleared away bright, and a large number of their friends (estimated at 150) were in attendance, and many presents were received. After the many kind-hearted congratulations for the present and sincere wishes for continued happiness, the Sociable gave notice of a program specially prepared for the occasion, which consisted of instrumental music by Mr. A. L. Judefind; solo, by Miss Eva Gresham; reading, by Miss Lillie Shaw; trio, by Misses Edith and Minnie Stevens and Miss Belle Coleman; essay, by Miss Ella L. Jump. Each of the participants did themselves great credit. The essay, being specially prepared for the celebration, vibrated with tingled merriment all through the assemblage, as the essayist proceeded with her personal efforts toward the bride and groom.

Refreshmeuts were served from nine o'clock until sometime after midnight. The tables were laden with almost everything to satisfy the cravings of the inner man, and their beautiful arrangement evidenced the skillful manipulation of accomplished hands.

The presents received by them were as follows: two sets of china, one by a club composed of Messrs. Samuel Burgess, John C. Wood, Frank E. Stevens, Charles L. Miller, W. H. Greenwood, Jos. L. Leaverton T. B. Durding, John E. and Walter H. Haddaway, and the other by Mr. W. H. Coleman and family; 1 dozen siver forks, by Mr. Wm. Stevens and family; 1 pair handsome blankets, by Mr. D. A. Smith and family; 1 white bed spread, by Miss Mary Price; 1 britania coffee pot, by Mr. C. A. Leary and family; 2 water sets, one by Mr. Geo. E. Leary and family and one by Mr. A. L. Judefind; Longfellow's poems and inkstand, by Rev. R. F. Benson; 3 toilet sets, one by Miss Nannie Wickes, one by Miss Edith Richards and one by Mr. William Harrison and wife; bisque ornaments, by Mr. Geo. F. Leatherberry and wife, of Baltimore; 1 large lamp, by Mr. James E. Jewell and wife; 1 comb and brush, by Mr. Jos. F. Leary and wife; ½ dozen goblets and pair towels, by Mr. Lemuel Stevens and wife; 1 glass set, by Mr. L. C. Ayres and wife; 1 dozen large dinner napkins, by Mr. A. J. Rees and family; 1 elegant set castors, by Miss Lillie Shaw; 2 fruit plates, by Miss May Sutton; 1 carriage whip and waiter, by Mr. Chas. Judefind and sister; 1 galvanized kettle, by Mr. John N. Dodd and wife; 1 galvanized bread pan, by Mr. W. A. Wheatley and wife; 1 salt box and set for spices, by Mr. Page Strong and sisters; 1 elegant butter knife, by Rev. Dr. D. W. Bates and wife; 3 butter dishes and glass dust pan, by Miss Etta Leaverton and Mr. J. L. Gale and wife; 1 fairy lamp, by Miss Eva Gresham; 1 pair pickle dishes, by Mrs. A. E. Willson; 1 handsome pin-cushion, by Miss Fannie Russell; 1 dozen salt stands, by Miss Cora Jewell and Master Howard Benson; 1 pair fruit dishes, by Mr. Milton Maslin; 4 water pitchers, one by Mr. W. J. Beck and wife, one by Miss Gertie Yarnell, one by Miss Lillie Cosden and one by Mr. Luther Francis; 1 spoon holder, by Miss Kate Wickes; 1 elegant match and cigar combination, by Miss Julia Thompson; ½ doz. tumblers, by Mr. T. H. Casey and wife; 2 fruit dishes, 2 pickle dishes and 2 meat dishes, by Mr. R. J. Wilkins and family; fruit bowl and plates, by Mrs. Clothier and family; 1 dozen fruit plates, by Mr. T. G. Clothier and ladies; 7 fruit bowls, by Mr. J. L. Gale and wife, Mr. George E. Lambert and wife, Mr. Jos. S. Leaverton, Mr. P. Jump and wife, Mr. Lonnie Stevens, Mr. Jos. N. Wheatley and Mr. J. W. Sutton and wife; 5 fruit sets, by Mr. W. S. Maslin and wife, Mr. J. C. Wheatley and wife, Mrs. Clothier and family, T. G. Clothier and ladies, and one set no card; 1 cup and saucer, by Master Paul Hadaway; 1 elegant table cloth and ½ dozen napkins, by the Misses Fowler, of Chestertown; 1 do. by Mr. T. W. Edes and wife; 1 do. by Mr. J. L. Leary and wife; 1 pair towels, by Rev. and Mrs. T. O. Crouse; 1 do. by Mr. T. Waters Russell and wife; 1 do. by Miss Sallie Maslin; 1 do. by Mr. Willie Wilkins; 1 do. by Miss Emma Parvis, of Seaford, Del.; 1 do. by Mr. W. K. Judefind and wife; 1 do. by Mr. J. W. Clary; 1 do. by Mr. P. Jump and wife; 1 do. by Mr. C. M. Crown; 2 brooms, by Mr. W. K. Judefind; 1 rocking chair, by Mr. William Wagner and wife; 1 tidy, by Miss Stella Lambert; 1 coal scuttle, by Miss Helen Burgess; ham, lard and sausage, by Mr. T. A. Hudson and wife; 1 toilet set, by Messrs. Charles B. Eeck and George Stevens; toilet soap, by Mr. Damon Rollison. VISITOR.

Our Military Strength.

The Secretary of War transmitted to Congress on Monday an abstract of the militia force of the United States organized and unorganized. The report shows that the aggregate organized strength is divided as follows: Commissioned officers, 8,397 enlisted men, 98,109; number of men available for military duty unorganized, 8,104,028. Of this number the Territories furnish 399 commisnioned officers, 3,818 enlisted men and 234,000 unorganized men available for service. Of the States, New-York has the largest representation, 769 commissioned officers, 12,762 enlisted men and 613,469 men available for service. Pennsylvania comes next with 572 commissioned officers, 7,779 enlisted men and 613,369 available men unorganized.

Marland has 49 general staff officers, 51 regimental, field and staff officers, 104 company officers 134 musicians, 1,798 privates aggregating 1,983. Number of man available for military duty unorganized 125,000.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.—The twenty-first annual session of the Grand Lodge of Maryland, Knights of Pythias, was held this week at their hall in Baltimore. Chesapeake Lodge at Rock Hall, which is now the only lodge of the order in this county, was represented by Mr. Joseph R. Ryan. The order is in a very properous condition in the State, having 90 lodges, with a membership of 6,672 and a reserve fund of $177,846,25 in the treasuries of the various subordinate lodges.

OSCAR L. WILLEY, who murdered Francis Valentine in Baltimore last week, was declared not guilty by reason of insanity and sent to Spring Grove Asylum.

OYSTER FARMING.

Prof. Brooks' Theory Adopted by Mr. John K. Cowen—Would It Settle the Vexed Question?

"A condition and not a theory" is what confronts us in this vexed oyster question. Prof. Brooks, and Mr. Cowen, and Mr. Hodson, may theorize as much as they please, but it will amount to little without practical demonstration, and the serious thing now is to inspire sufficient confidence in the people to allow of any new methods of dealing with this subject. The "theory" appears sound and good, while the "condition" is bad—very bad. Oyster legislation has been almost a farce, and proceedings under it worse than a farce. But will the people have the heart or the judgment to try a plan so radically different as that proposed by the writers above named?

The Easton *Ledger* thinks that nothing will ever induce the people of Maryland to "turn over the Chesapeake bay and its tributaries to private owners."

Messrs. Cowen and Hodson think that Prof. Brooks' theory is the true one for the preservation of the oyster interests of the State. Succinctly stated, it is:—that *private property in land is the basis of all land cultivation,* and that the principle is as applicable to land under water where oysters grow, as to land above the water where corn, wheat and potatoes grow. That the State should confer proprietary rights to these lands for a proper consideration; that they should be surveyed, bounded, mapped and buoyed, and cultivated by their owners all the year round as farms on dry land. This system has been adopted in New York, New Jersey, Connecticut and Rhode Island, where the oyster beds have pssed from State ownership to individual ownership, and the result has been that the oyster production has been vastly increased and become a source of immense wealth.

Maryland has about 640.000 acres of oyster land, or land under water, and 120,000 acres of natural beds. These 640,000 acres could all be made to yield oysters under proper culture, as has been done in the States above named, giving a largely increased supply of this desirable food and increased employment to labor. The oyster navy would then be a useless appendage, oysters would increase instead of diminish, as now, and the revenue of the State be greatly increased. We subjoin an extract from this paper, which will be read with interest:

"A Connecticut writer gives the following account of the result of three years of oyster farming under the wise laws of that State: 'Fifty thousand acres of entirely barren ground covered thirty, forty and fifty feet deep by the waters of Long Island Sound have been made into productive oyster beds, and have multiplied *by an hundred fold* the production of native oysters. Ten years ago tens of thousands of bushels of oysters were imported from New York, New Jersey and Rhode Island. and now hundreds of thousands of bushels are yearly exported to these States and to Massachusetts. Millions of dollars are now invested in the industry, thousands of men and women are employed, millions of bushels are in growing crops, and hundreds of thousands of dollars yearly come into the State as proceeds of exported oysters. The oyster authorities have paid more than fifty thousand dollars to the towns and to the State for grounds to cultivate, and pay a yearly tax to a large amount.'

"The establishment of an oyster-farming industry in our waters would soon double the productive area of Maryland; it would rapidly increase the wealth and prosperity of our people; it would soon remove all danger of the loss of our oysters, and it would ultimately, by taxation, relieve the people of the interior of most of the burden of the support of our State government.

"The only obstacle in the way of the development of such an industry among us is the existence of the sentiment that since the oyster grounds belong to the whole people they are not a proper field for private labor and industry. Sea fishes have always been regarded as common property because it is not within the power of individuals to improve them or increase their numbers or value; but this is not true of oysters. An oyter is as subject to improvement by cultivation as a potato, and the cultivation of oysters is, therefore, a perfectly proper and legitimate employment for labor and capital, and the common right to the beds must in time give way to private enterprise, just as surely as the common rights to the natural products of the soil has given way before the progress of civilization.

"Under our present policy our beds have yielded about ten million bushel of oysters a year from grounds which are capable of yielding over five hundred million bushels annually.

"Our present policy has resulted in the destruction of some of our most valuable beds, and in the serious injury of all of them, while other States have greatly increased the value of their beds, at the same time that they have increased instead of restricted the fishing.

"It has paid a profit of less than 100 per cent. annually upon the capital invested in the business, while money thus invested in other States has paid an annual interest of more than 200 per cent.

"It has given employment to about fifty thousand of our people for part of the year, while our grounds should give profitable employment to five hundred thousand people for the whole year.

It has paid our oystermen about two million dollars a year, although our grounds should pay to their cultivators over sixty million dollars a year.

"Our six hundred thousand acres of oyster ground has paid to the State treasury about fifty thousand dollars a year, and it has paid about ten thousand dollars a year to the school fund; while the Governor of Rhode Island reports that his State will this year receive a revenue of over eleven thousand dollars from eleven hundred hundred acres of oyster ground, none of which is so valuable as that of our State. On the same basis our revenue should be more than six million dollars a year."

WHEN you visit Baltimore stop at the Maltby House, where will be found first-class accommodations and exceedingly low rates.

BALTIMORE MARKET.—The Baltimore papers for yesterday quote as follows:

WHEAT—Fultz, $1.05@$1.11 for fair to good; Longberry, $1.07.@$1.12. CORN—White, prime, 41c.@43c. Yellow, 40c.@43c. OATS—32c.

LOST COW.

Lost, strayed or stolen some time during the summer or fall of 1888, a Red and White HEIFER, two years old next Spring. Any information of her whereabouts will be thankfully received and liberally rewarded.

L. C. JUSTIS, Jr., fe2-3t. KENNEDYVILLE.

THOMPSON LINE CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

LUBRICATING AND KEROSENE OILS,

KAINIT, SALTS, LATHS, LIME,

Plastering Hair, Cement, Plaster, Seeds, Gasolene and Bituminous Coal,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

in all kinds of

BUGGIES, PHAETONS, DAYTONS, ROAD CARTS, BUCKBOARDS, and WAGONS of every description.

We also have the agency for THE REMINGTON and the "WORLD" TYPE-WRITERS. Every business man should have one.

As Usual, Freighting!

Our vessels, the Schooners "ADAMS" and "REMITTANCE," are in complete order, and now running in our line. All freights handled with promptness and dispatch. Advancements made on grain to reliable parties.

JOSEPH W. THOMPSON, Sept. 29, 1888. MANAGER.

TAX NOTICE.

THE Tax-Payers of the Fourth Election District are hereby notified that I am now prepared to receive their taxes for the year 1888. The levies will be due on the first day of January, 1889, and the taxes must be paid on or before that date in order to meet them. The necessity for prompt payment is therefore obvious to all.

I may be found at the hardware store of Wm. A. Wheatley, adjoining the Chestertown National Bank, from 10 o'clock A. M. until 3 o'clock P. M. on Tuesdays and Saturdays.

H. M. STUART, COLLECTOR. Dec. 22-tf. Chestertown.

LIFE INSURANCE PAR EXCELLENCE!

Read Carefully, and Consider Well!

New Twenty-Year Distribution Plan.

The New Policy of THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK is *Life Insurance in the truest and best sense of the term,* as it not only indemnifies the family for the loss of the productive life, but also *secures the Insured himself* against possible adversity in old age. By the expenditure of a comparatively small sum annually during a portion of the active years of life, every healthy man may now make sure provision for his family in the event of his early death, and equally sure provision for himself in the event of long life. The old and selfish objection, "I must die to win," does not apply to this policy.

As those who die during the first fifteen or twenty years of insurance will secure to their estates, *without any dividend,* the return of all the premiums paid and a higher rate of compound interest than could be realized in any other legitimate investment of the sum paid annually for the insurance, it is desirable that the profits should be accumulated for the benefit of those who live long and pay most, thereby equalizing the burdens and the compensations in favor of the greatest good to the greatest number of the assured.

The longer the term for which dividends are accumulated and become payable, the greater advantage there will be to surviving investors.

To those seeking the best possible form of Life Insurance contract for the money, The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York offers its Twenty-Year Distribution Policy.

Special attention is invited to its numerous privileges. At the end of the distribution period (twenty years), or at the end of any subsequent five-year period, the insured has the choice of any one or more of the following options:

1. He may draw his accumulated dividends in cash and continue his insurance for the original amount with continued participation in profit.
2. He may use the dividends to purchase a life annuity, which, as shown by experience, is more than sufficient to pay the premium forever after, thereby guaranteeing a *self-sustaining* and *dividend-paying policy.*
3. He may draw the cash value of his policy, which is guaranteed by the company to be the full reserve and the full amount of the dividends which have been accumulated at compound interest for twenty years. The policy is thus practically an ENDOWMENT at the ordinary "life rate."
4. He may convert the entire cash value of his policy and dividends into a Life Annuity, payable to one alone or to the husband and wife and children, in the order designated, and until all are dead or have reached a stipulated age. He may thus secure himself and family against every possible contingency.
5. He may exchange his policy for a Paid-up Policy and draw his accumulated dividends in cash, thereby securing both a Paid-up Whole Life Insurance and an Endowment, and reducing the total cost of his insurance below that of any other plan ever devised.
6. He may take a Paid-up Policy and use his dividends to purchase additional Paid-up Insurance.
7. He may continue his original policy in force and use his accumulated dividends to purchase Paid-up Additions, which experience has shown to be in excess of the total premiums paid, thus securing the largest possible benefit to his family in the event of his death. In this case he may use the cash value of his additions in payment of future premiums, and any unused portion will be paid with the policy as a claim.
8. He may extend the original dividend term from one five-year term to another, and obtain all the advantages of survivorship for such extended period.
9. He may use his accumulated dividends as above and draw his future dividends each year in cash, or use them to purchase annual additions to his policy.
10. He may draw the cash value of a part of his policy and accumulations, and repeat this action at the end of any subsequent five-year period, still keeping insured for the remainder and still retaining his partnership interest in the company. *Under this option a policy-holder may successfully endow, under the one contract, several distinct periods of his life.*
11. He may have the whole amount of his policy and accumulated dividends paid in annual, semi-annual or quarterly instalments, with interest, beginning at the maturity of the policy, *thus securing the beneficiary against loss through dishonest trustees or unfortunate investments.*

Finally, he may avail himself of any privilege which sound business management can confer, suited to his peculiar circumstances and in keeping with the rights of policy-holders in a strictly mutual company.

The policy contract is of extreme simplicity, the only condition contained therein being the payment of the premium.

It may be exchanged for a Paid-up Policy of definite amount any time after three years.

It is paid *immediately* at the death of the insured.

The liberality of the contract and the guaranteed cash value and dividends make it a better business security than any other form of policy now issued.

It is simple, liberal, non-forfeitable and incontestable (except for fraud), after two years. It is the best form of policy ever offered by any company, and is issued by

the Largest, Strongest, Safest and in Every Respect the Best Life Insurannce Company in the World.

Assets Jan. 1st., $126,082,153 56

AS FACTS are better than estimate—as we judge of the probabilities of the future by the actual results of the past, *and as the introduction of the survivorship dividend feature into the new policies may reasonably be expected to more than counterbalance any probable depression in modern rates of interest,* the following pro-rata illustration of results actually accomplished are arranged and submitted for inspection, in the confident expectation that these results will be fully equalled, and in all probability exceeded, in the form of policy here presented, viz:

ORDINARY LIFE TWENTY-YEAR DISTRIBUTION.

AGE 35 YEARS. POLICY NO. 16,429.

PRO-RATA FOR $10,000.

Premiums paid in 20 years	$5,374
1st Option, Cash Value of Dividends	4,271
2d Option, Life Annuity Purchasable by Dividends	378
3d Option, Cash Value of Policy	7,219
4th Option, Annuity purchasable by Value of Policy	639
5th Option, Net Paid-up Policy (dividends $4,271, being drawn in cash)	4,760
6th Option, Gross Paid-up Policy (dividends being converted into Paid-up Insurance)	$12,870
7th Option, Policy with Paid-up Additions Purchased by Dividends	18,110

NOTE.—The figures here given show the actual condition of the above policy at the end of twenty years from the date of issue. The options are some of the privileges granted in the new contracts.

Besides the above, the OLD MUTUAL issues Every Desirable Form of Policies, including Endowment, Return Premium and Limited Payment (a most excellent policy), the new distribution feature applicable to all, with five, ten, fifteen or twenty year distribution periods.

Ask for an illustration of a 20-*Payment* 20-*Year Distribution Policy.*

For rates, illustrations and full explanation of any form of Insurance, call on or address

L. B. RUSSELL, Agent,

OFFICE—Three doors above Express Office. CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND.

What is our Business?

BOOTS and SHOES

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

And Don't You Forget It

WE will sell you a Lady's Genuine Kid Front, Glove Kid Top, Worked Button Holes and Solid Leather for $1.50 a pair, others sell them for $1.75. We also have an imitation for $1.25. We have a Large Stock of Ladies' Shoes of all kinds.

A Solid Leather Plow Shoe for $1.00. A Man's Solid Boot for $2.00. A Man's Solid Boot for $1.75. A Whole Stock Boot, 22-inch Leg and Solid for $2.50. A Man's Kip, 22-inch Leg, Three Soles, Double Upper Boot for $2.75. It is the Best Boot in the county for the money. Our Kip Boot for $3.00 is a daisy. Men's Seamless, Balmoral $1.25. A Finer One for $1.50, equal to some you buy for $2.00, and our old Reliable Shoe for $3.00 is the Best Dress Shoe for wear that is made for the money.

Rubber Goods of Every Description for the feet.

Fine Assortment of Children's Shoes, Mundell's Solar Tips, 8 to 10 1-2, $1.10.

Don't fail to call and see our stock before you buy. Remember, under Stam's Hall, next to C. F. Stam, the druggist.

M. T. GOSLEE,

THE SHOEMAN,

Chestertown, Maryland

P. S.—The best $2.00 Lady's Shoes in the county. Feb. 9, 1889.

SHERIFF'S SALE

BY virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias, issued out of the Circuit Court for Kent county, State of Maryland, at the suit of James Brice, against the goods and chattels, lands and tenements of George T. Perkins, to me directed, I have seized and taken in execution all the right, title, claim, interest and estate at law and in equity of the said Geo. T. Perkins, in and to the following property, to wit:

THE LIFE ESTATE OF SAID GEORGE T. PERKINS in and to

ALL THAT FARM

OR TRACT OF LAND,

Lying in the Fourth Election District of Kent county, on Chester river, adjoining Chestertown and the lands held under lease from Washington College, and

Containing 180 ACRES,

3 ROODS and 36 PERCHES,

more or less; it being the same property which was owned and occupied by the late Mrs. Mary R. Perkins.

And I hereby give notice, that on

TUESDAY, 5th of March, 1889,

At 12 o'clock M., in front of the Court House, at Chestertown, I will offer for sale at public auction said property so seized and taken in execution to the highest bidder for cash, to pay and satisfy said writ, interest and costs due and to become due thereon.

JAMES A. CASEY, SHERIFF.

J. L. HAMILTON, Aug'r. fe9-4s.

FOR the Largest and Best Assortment of Tobacco and Cigars go to J. L. McFEELY'S.

Prices Reduced!

PERSONS generally wish to buy at the lowest rates, quality considered. This is natural. We desire to sell you all the goods we can—and in order to do this—will offer every inducement possible in prices as well as in the quality of goods. We now have in store a large stock of goods suitable for the season, in part as follows:

Dry Goods! Dry Goods!

GINGHAMS, 6 and 8 cents per yard, Nice Styles DRESS GINGHAMS, 9 and 10 cents per yard, PRINTS and SATTEENS, 5-4 and 10-4 SHEETING, White, Red and Black Flannels, Canton Flannels.

FRUIT OF THE LOOM MUSLIN, 9 1-2 cents per yard.

ANDROSCOGGIN MUSLIN, 8 1-2 cents per yard.

and other popular makes of Bleached and Unbleached Muslins at low figures. A 34-inch PLAIN DRESS GOODS in New Shades at 25 cents per yard. We have more Blankets than we wish to keep over, and now offer them at a discount of 10 per cent.; also a lot of Colored Blankets and Bed Comforts at low prices, a lot of Fine Unlaundried SHIRTS, slightly soiled at 75 cents, former price, $1; a large line of MEN'S UNDERSHIRTS, and LADIES' VESTS at reduced rates, HOSIERY in all grades.

A Good Corset for 50 Cents.

We have reduced prices on Men's and Boy's Heavy Boots, Rubber Boots and Shoes at lowest prices. Would call attention to our stock of Men's, Ladies' and Children's Shoes. We will sell you Shoes as cheap as you will find them anywhere.

Full Line of CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE, HATS and CAPS, &c., &c.

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!

Teas, Coffee, Spices, Flour, Buckwheat, GRANULATED SUGAR, EIGHT CENTS PER POUND; Hominy, Canned Goods, Chocolate, &c.

Don't Miss the Place:

{ J. H. SIMPERS }

Chestertown.

Feb. 2, 1889.

Coal, Coal.

To Our Friends and the Buying Community.

WE are pleased to say that we are now ready to receive orders for Fall Delivery of our celebrated SCHUYLKILL WHITE ASH COAL, and the best evidence of its good quality that we can produce is its constant increase in patronage. We have tried other Coal, but we can find no other that gives us the satisfaction of selling as the

SCHUYLKILL COAL!

We think it would be advisable for all interested to call and inspect our stock, and compare our prices before giving your order. We would advise all to buy early as possible for the outlook to us is for higher prices. We have always and shall continue to give 2,240 pounds to each ton.

TERMS, CASH; interest on all unpaid bills from day of delivery if not paid within 30 days.

Jluy 14, 1888. J. D. BACCHUS.

WILLIAM PARR'S

NEW HARNESS STORE

I have just opened a nice line of

Robes, Blankets, Whips, Saddles, Bridles, all Kinds of Harness,

which I am selling very low. Also have in stock everything that is kept in a First-Class Harness Store, from a 10-cent Hame Strap to a Set of Fine Harness.

Encourage me by buying your Harness Goods where you can have them neatly and promptly repaired. Thankful for past patronage I remain yours respectfully,

WILLIAM PARR, no3-1y. STILL POND, MD.

COAL and WOOD!

WE WILL call the attention of the community to our stock of COAL and WOOD. And we will just say—probably it will be to your advantage to call and examine our stock, and get our prices before buying elsewhere. We are glad to say that we are still handling the

LEA WHITE ASH COAL,

WHICH IS THE BEST COAL

for general use that we can buy, and will sell at a small margin for the cash, but all bills which are not settled within 30 days interest will be charged from the day of sale. We also give

2240 Pounds for One Ton.

Office on Cannon St., near Princess,

J. T. TWILLEY & CO.

May 26, 1888—tf.

The Painter and Paper Hanger,

F. J. CARTER

has just received a large stock of

WALL PAPER,

and I am adding to this stock weekly.

ALSO, A LARGE STOCK OF

WINDOW SHADES

of all the latest styles.

Customers can have their Paper trimmed while they wait. No extra charge for trimming.

A call will be appreciated.

Opposite the "Voshell House."

Main St., a few doors above Postoffice.

WANTED.

100,000 BUSHELS of NEW CORN

—AND—

25,000 BUSHELS of WHEAT,

delivered at any station on the Balto. & Del. Bay and Queen Anne's Railroads. Telephone call 15