Kent News.

SATURDAY.....May 4, 1889.

CIRCUIT COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Continued from Last Week.

A DREDGE BOAT CONDEMNED.

State vs. schooner R. J. McAllister—for being used in violation of the oyster law. Smith for State; Hynson for def. Tried before the Court. Capt. Kerr testified to the seizure of the vessel charged with violating the oyster law and Justice Davis to his issuing the warrant for the captain of the boat. The court stated that while there was obscurity and confusion about some provisions of the oyster law there was none upon this point: that a boat is liable to forfeiture for the violation of *any* provision of that law. The boat was therefore declared forfeited, together with all her tackle, etc., and the sheriff was directed to sell the same at public auction; provided the owners failed to pay a certain sum of money (to be named) in lieu thereof. Mr. Hynson noted an appeal. The Court consented to take the testimony of the owner relative to the use of the boat, etc.

THE TAWS CASE—JURISDICTION.

State vs. Capt. Jos. Taws—for firing upon Capt. Kerr and the police boat Helen M. Baughman. Before the Court. Hynson for def., Smith for State. The question of jurisdiction was raised and the defence aimed to show informalities in the arrest. The State exhibited the writ exhibited by Justice Davis under which the arrest was made. His honor, Judge Wickes, stated that he had given this question careful consideration and was in no doubt as to his duty. The offence was committed on Swan Point bar; the party escaped, fled from arrest; the warrant was issued from this county, directed to the sheriff of the county who sent to the city and the arrest was made on the Chesapeake bay. Under the general law these offences may be tried in the county where the offence is committed or where the parties are first brought. The oyster law requires that the offense may be tried before a justice most convenient and accessible and in any county where the proceedings are first instituted. His honor, Judge Stewart, of Baltimore city, recognized the jurisdiction of this court in the preliminary hearing, and if now the effort of the defense were successful and the case removed to Baltimore, the prisoner would quickly avail himself of the plea of a want of jurisdiction by the courts of that city. Witnesses for the defence were directed to be summoned and the case postponed to Wednesday. Mr. Hynson noted exceptions to the Court's rulings.

Capt. Coleman's boat, "Shiloh," and Capt. Sanford's, the "Wm. Nelson," were ordered released.

A CORN THIEF NOT CAUGHT.

State vs. John Walters—for stealing corn from N. Lieberman. Before the Court. Smith for State; Pearce for defence. The Court said not guilty but strongly intimated a belief in the prisoner's guilt. The only witness was dead, and he was a confederate, and such testimony should always be taken with caution.

FRISBY NOT GUILTY.

State vs. Hamilton Frisby—for assault with intent to kill Henry Johnson. This was the shooting case at Mrs. Wickes' farm fully reported heretofore. Jury trial. R. D. Hynson for def., Smith for State. Not guilty. Johnson is about two-thirds crazy and was after Frisby with a heavy stick when the shot was fired.

DID THE JUSTICE DO RIGHT?

State vs. J. P. Hatcherson—for assault upon H. H. Barroll. Smith for State; Slay for def. The defense claimed that the case had already been disposed of by trial before a magistrate at which the defendant appeared and was fined $1. The State objected to the proceeding and demanded the appearance of the justice in order to get all the facts in the case. The Court said that all such cases looked like frauds upon the law. The State proposes to put a stop to it if possible. The justice (Johnson) being unable to appear because of sickness, the case was postponed and witnesses discharged. It will be called again in October.

A "HULL-LESS OATS" DECISION.

One of the important "hull-less oats" notes cases was decided Monday morning. Judge Wickes reviewed the points of the case and was attentively listened to by a full bar and a crowded courtroom. This was the case of Meginniss vs. Johnson. The latter gave a note of $100 in payment of ten bushels of oats. At the same time he received a paper in the form of a contract which bound the Grain and Cereal Company of Carroll county to sell for the said Johnson twenty bushels of oats at $10 per bushel, so that the oats and the contract were the consideration for the note. The note fell into the hands of Mr. Jos. Meginniss, of Queen Anne's, who obtained from Johnson a second note for $80 in lieu of the original $100 note. The Court gave judgment in favor of Johnson, and imposed all the costs upon Meginniss, declaring that the whole transaction was a fraud, and the holder of the note had knowledge thereof as shown by the evidence. The claim set up by Meginniss' attorney that the act of 1888 prevented the Carroll County Company from fulfilling their contract was untenable. The court said that the act was no bar to any legitimate business in oats or wheat, and only interfered with fraudulent transactions. The judge said that while notes in the hands of innocent parties could be collected it was against public policy and good morals to enforce an obligation under the circumstances shown in this case, and the court would not sanction it.

The essential consideration for the note was the *contract*—which stipulated to sell a certain quantity of oats for the maker of the note—and this contract was never complied with; the failure of consideration was fatal to the validity of the note. This was the basis of the Court's ruling.

The Court expressed surprise that intelligent farmers and others should be humbugged by such transparent frauds—traveling agents for oats, hay-forks, pianos, etc.—and repeated the warning heretofore given that it is best never to sign your name to any instrument in the hands of strangers.

ELECTRAVEST CASE.

The case of Caroline Hadaway vs. Lavinia Smith to recover the farm near Swan Creek held by the latter, was tried before a jury. Mrs. Hadaway was married in 1853 and her husband is still living. Her father, the late John P. Smith, devised her the farm in question in 1871; in 1872 she executed two mortgages on the farm, and in 1876 the farm was sold under the mortgage to Mrs. Lavinia Smith. Jas. H. Hadaway, the husband of the plaintiff, was tried on an indictment charging him with assault with intent to kill, and in 1878 the jury which tried this case returned a special verdict that Jas. H. Hadaway was insane at the time the assault was committed and the prisoner was sent to the Maryland Hospital for the Insane, where he now is. As a married woman could not execute a mortgage unless the husband joined therein, the legislature in 1872 passed a law authorizing a married woman to execute a deed or mortgage when the husband is insane and has been so found under an inquisition; which finding remains unreversed and in force. It was claimed that no commission in lunacy has ever been issued to ascertain whether Mr. Hadaway is insane, and the mortgages were executed under the assumption that the verdict of the jury in the criminal case has the same effect as the finding of an inquisition under a commission *de lunatico inquirendo*. Mrs. Hadaway contended that by the said *inquisition* the legislature intended that a commission should have been issued and that the verdict of the jury in the criminal case could not be substituted therefor. The Court held that the verdict of the jury was sufficient and that the mortgages were good. Exceptions were taken and the case will go to the Court of Appeals. Barroll and Constable for plaintiff; Pearce for def.

Adjourned from Monday to Wednesday.

WEDNESDAY.—The case of Capt. Taws was called and the defense asked for a postponement on account of the absence of witnesses. The Court granted the postponement and required the party to renew his bond.

Mr. R. J. McAllister, of Baltimore, owner of the boat of that name which has been condemned, was sworn and testified that Capt. Kain, who had charge of his boat, had explicit instructions from him not to go upon forbidden grounds. Owns seven boats and this is the first ever condemned for violating the law.

SUIT FOR DAMAGES.

One of the most interesting civil cases tried at the present term was that of "Clarence Smith, by his father, George W. Smith, against John Hurlock, Wm. A. Hyland and Allen G. Jarman," for damages. It occupied the attention of the court for three full days; about forty witnesses were summoned and the whole first district seemed to be interested on one side or the other. Messrs. R. Hynson, R. D. Hynson and M. deK. Smith represented the plaintiff, Clarence Smith, and J. A. Pearce, H. W. Vickers and H. H. Barroll were for the def'ts.

It seems that Sheriff Hatcherson in 1887 sold certain personal property on the John F. Whittington farm under executions against Geo. W. Smith. The defendants in this case—Messrs. Hurlock, Hyland and Jarman—gave the sheriff an indemnifying bond. Clarence Smith claimed that the property sold belonged to him and not to his father; that he was the lessee of the said farm for that year and that his father lived with him only as a general manager by request of Mr. Whittington. The amount of damages claimed was the value of the property sold, between fifteen and seventeen hundred dollars. The argument before the jury was ably conducted; R. D. Hynson led off for the plaintiff and was followed by H. W. Vickers and J. A. Pearce for the defense, M. deK. Smith closing for the plaintiff. The case was given to the jury at 3 o'clock Thursday. The jury remained out until two o'clock yesterday afternoon—twenty three hours—when they came into court with a verdict for plaintiff (Smith) for $646.74.

FRIDAY—Jacob Levy, indorsee of Henry Smeltz vs. John Stevens—suit to recover $120 for a horse claimed to have been purchased. Jury trial. Vickers for plaintiff; Slay for defendant. Verdict for plaintiff.

SMOCK PEACHES.

Henry Spear vs. C. L. Severn—suit to recover damages alleged to have been sustained by reason of defendant refusing to take the plaintiff's smock peaches during the season of 1888, according to contract. Slay for plaintiff; R. Hynson for defendant. Jury trial. Not concluded.

EWING-JANVIER NUPTIALS.

From the Every Evening, Wil., Del.

The wedding of the Rev. HARVEY W. EWING, pastor of Madeley Chapel, and Miss JENNIE JANVIER, sister of Mrs. Presiding Elder Murray, occurred on Thursday evening April 25, 1889, in St. Paul's M. E. Church, Wilmington, Del. Presiding Elder Murray, the officiating clergyman, was assisted by the Rev. L. E. Barrett. The bride and groom, preceded by the ushers, John Magee and the Revs. W. G. Koons and R. Irving Watkins of this city, and the Rev. A. D. Shields of Philadelphia M. E. Conference, appeared at 8 o'clock, and as they passed up the north main aisle to the chancel rail Mrs. Thomas H. Benson played a wedding march. While the simple but interesting wedding ceremony was being performed the assemblage, which nearly thronged the church, stood. The strains of a wedding march again reverberated through the auditorium while the bridal party was passing down the south main isle and from the church.

A reception at the residence of Presiding Elder Murray followed the wedding. There were present: William Ewing of Cecil county Md., father of the groom; Mr. Wilmer Ewing of Philadelphia, and Miss Flemming, Mr. and Mrs. Wesley Ewing, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Ewing, Mr. and Mrs. George Ewing, Lewis Ewing, Miss Ewing, Mrs. Edwin P. Janvier of Still Pond, and Edwin Janvier the bride's brother, Miss M. Lou. Janvier sister to the bride and Mrs. George Janvier of Newark, Del., Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Janvier and Mr. and Mrs. Philip White of Philadelphia, Dr. and Mrs. Jacob Todd, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Moon, the Rev. and Mrs. L. E. Barrett, the Rev. and Mrs. D. H. Corkran, the Rev. and Mrs. C. A. Grice, and Rev. Julius Dodd, the Rev. R. C. Jones, A. M., Mr. Stephen Morgan, Miss Amanda Wilbert, Joseph Pyle, Mr. and Mrs. George Jones, the Rev. F. Snowden Thomas, A. M., John Magee, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Bush, Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Baynard, Dr. John M. Curtis, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Todd, Mr. and Mrs. Pusey A. Walton, the Rev. W. G. Koons, Mr. and Mrs. Ell Mendinhall, the Rev. R. Irving Watkins, Miss Jennie Scott, Dr. and Mrs. J. Harmer Rile, Mr. and Mrs. Melville Gambrill, Mrs. Hester Henderson, the Rev. A. D. Shields, Mr. and Mrs. John S. Mullin, Jr., the Rev. and Mrs. J. D. C. Hanna, Robert Gibson, Miss Gibson, and Rev. W. R. Huston, Misses Martha and Emily Flinn, Miss Ella Wheeler, Mrs. Shakespeare of Dover, Mr. and Mrs. Delaware Mason, Mrs. M. Anna Taggart, and Mr. and Mrs. William H. Groves. A wedding spread was enjoyed, and pleasant social time was had.

Mr. and Mrs. Ewing were recipients of many handsome and valuable presents. The bride and groom left on the 1.49 P. M. train for Washington, D. C.

COOPER — WELLS.

Dr. J. W. Cooper, of Elkton, formerly of Chestertown, was married at 7 o'clock on Thursday evening of last week to Miss Annie R. Wells, a well known and popular young lady of that place, daughter of Mr. Joseph Wells, a prominent citizen. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Charles Hill, pastor of the Elkton M. E. Church, at the residence, on East Main street, where they still reside. But few were present besides relatives of the bride and groom. Miss Estelle Haines played the wedding march. Among those present were Dr. Peter Cooper, of Wilmington, Del., and Dr. T. H. Cooper, of Chestertown, brother of the groom. A reception was held from 8 to 10 o'clock.

Easton District Preachers' Association,

to be Held at Still Pond, Md., May 21, 22, 23, 1889.

PROGRAM.

TUESDAY AFTERNOON, AT 3 P. M.—1. Devotional Exercises. 2. Organization. 3. Address of Welcome, by Rev. J. D. Rigg. Response by E. C. Atkins. 4. "Easton District and its outlook." J. France. 5. "With what frequency is it advisable to administer the Sacrament of the Lord's Supper?" R. H. Adams, J. A. Brindle, F. J. Cockran.

TUESDAY EVENING.—1. Sermon by R. C. Jones. 2. "What is the best plan of conducting Revival work?" W. M. Warner, W. W. Sharp, J. B. Merritt, D. Gollie.

WEDNESDAY MORNING.—1. Devotional Exercises. 2. "Pastoral Work." "Essay by W. S. Robinson. 3. "Is the General Rule respecting the Instruction of Children practicable; and if so, what is the best Method of observing it?" J. A. Arters, E. C. Atkins, J. M. Lindale, G. T. Alderson. 4. A Review of Robert Elsmere, by R. W. Todd. 5. "Is public or private solicitation the best method of raising church benevolences?" R. K. Stephenson, J. D. Rigg, I. G. Fosnocht, G. S. Conoway.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.—1. Devotional Exercises. 2. "The proper care of Probationers." Essay by W. W. W. Wilson. 2. "*Resolved*, That the action of the General Conference in extending the Pastoral term was wise." E. P. Roberts, S. M. Morgan, J. Robinson, J. D. Lecates. 4. "The imperative demand of the Pulpit of to-day upon the ministry." Essay by W. R. Mowbray.

WEDNESDAY EVENING.—Devotional Exercises. 2. "The proper treatment of converted children." Essay by G. W. Townsend. 3. "What is the duty of a Christian in the present crisis of the Temperance reform?" R. C. Jones, C. A. Hill, A. Chandler, W. Sheers, J. D. Reese.

THURSDAY MORNING.—1. Devotional Exercises. 2. "In what did the Merit of Christ's Sacrifice, as a means of Redemption, consist?" Essay by S. J. Morris. 2. "*Resolved*, That Woman ought to be eligible as Delegates to the General Conference." N. McQuay, T. H. Haynes, W. B. Walton, H. C. Turner.

G. W. TOWNSEND, W. S. ROBINSON, R. K. STEPHENSON, } Curators.

A Palatial Train.

The cars which conveyed the Presidential party from Washington to New York, which left the former city at 12.10 o'clock on Monday morning, is said to have formed the most gorgeous and best appointed train ever run in America or in the world. They were lighted by electricity and heated by steam. In them one might travel from ocean to ocean without wanting for anything. A well-stocked library was in one car and a complete barber's outfit in another; bath-rooms at every hand, and by a new invention electrical light furnished illumination for each berth. But the crowning glory of the train was Vice-President Thompson's car, which President Harrison occupied. Its beautiful ornamentation was hid beneath a wealth of ferns, evergreens and roses until the interior presented an almost unequaled vision of woodland grandeur.

STILL POND NOTES.

On account of the storm last week, which lasted nearly four days, the fishermen at Betterton and Barnard's were compelled to stay on shore and contrive some way by which they could invest the vast amount of currency which they have accumulated during the past shad season. Some of them were heard to say they had lost so much by the prevailing winds and stormy weather, and some said they did not lose it at all because they hadn't made it.

Mr. Wm. E. Barnard, son of Norris Barnard, who has been devoting his time for the last four years to the study of dentistry, has just returned from the University of Pennsylvania and opened an office at the residence of his father, where he will practice his profession for the summer.

Miss May Parrott and Mr. Harvey Turner, who are attending college, were home recently on a brief vacation. Mr. Chas. Harper was also home from Dover on account of sickness.

The Guiding Star Lodge, No. 216, I. O. G. T., held its quarterly election last Monday evening in the Town Hall at Still Pond. The following is a list of the successful candidates: For Chief Templar, C. B. Krusen; vice, Sister Irene Covington; rec. sec'y, Bro. G. B. Krusen; financial sec'y, Bro. Wm. Medders; treasurer, Sister Maggie Harper; chaplain, Sister Nellie Krusen; marshal, Bro. I. R. Starkey; guard, Bro. Corsis Harris; sentinel, Sister Josephine Jones; organist, Sister Gulie Parrott.

The game of ball reported in your last issue and won by the Still Pond nine was earnestly fought for by the Kennedyville club, which is much smaller than their opponents. Mr. I. R. Starkey umpired the game with perfect fairness. NECTAR.

EDESVILLE LOCALS.

The rains of last week did considerable damage to roads and bridges, some of which latter were indeed washed away. Ponds or pools of water in every direction; the fact being noticeable because they cover such places as are rarely seen under water.

We have no court business with which to get notoriety; all is quiet with us.

Miss Bella S. Wheatley, of Baltimore, is visiting Mrs. J. Frank Wheatley.

Our commissioner, Mr. John Dickinson, is having the road widened from the village to the gate of Mr. H. A. Willson. This improvement has the endorsement of all, but the villagers do not want that stable to remain as it nearly obstructs to the centre of the new road.

At the M. P. Church Rev. Mr. Benson delivered an appropriate address Tuesday morning in connection with other religious services. The centenary of Washington's inauguration was thus celebrated in our community. We have read with great interest the addresses delivered on that occasion from the various sections and was particularly pleased with ex-President Cleveland's, Dr. J. J. Murray's and Bishop Howe's, a synopsis appearing in the *Sun* of Wednesday.

Our neighbor, Mr. Wm. Wagner, met with quite a loss one day this week. I am unable to fully describe the circumstances, but it seemed that he had turned his two horses in the horse-yard and while running about, the younger of the two (a young horse purchased but a short time since) was kicked on the inside of the stifle joint and which bones were terribly splintered, causing this splendid animal to fall heavily and helpless to the ground. Mr. W. called in Dr. Fisher for advice as to the nature of the fracture, and was advised that nothing whatever could be done for him, and a man was employed to kill him, which was done. Mr. Wagner had but a short time since purchased this young horse, paying a good price believing there was great promise of usefulness in him. Many of us who love a horse can corroborate this view of the animal and deeply sympathize with his owner in the loss. OBSERVER.

A. M. E. Conference.

This conference, which met in Chestertown on Wednesday of last week, closed its session on Monday night last. The presiding bishop, J. P. Campbell, announced the appointments for each of the three districts, namely: Baltimore, Potomac and Hagerstown. For the first named the appointments were as follows:

Rev. Wm. Arnold, presiding elder; Bethel Church, T. G. Steward, D. D.; Waters Chapel, F. J. Peck; Long Green, J. H. Ballard; Port Deposit, J. H. Robinson; Havre de Grace, W. D. Schureman; Chesapeake City, E. E. Hughes; Elkton, D. G. Hill, D. D.; Cecilton, J. D. Banks; Chestertown, L. A. Jackson; Bultertown, S. C. Buder; Centreville, F. S. Dennis; Church Hill, W. H. Raikes; Easton Station, J. W. Diggs; Unionville, W. H. Rodgers; Denton, S. H. Cooper; Ivorytown, Thomas H. Thurston; Cambridge, Charles Baurne; Crisfield, R. T. Queen; Fruitland, L. W. Ballard; Pocomoke City, J. B. Warner; Darlington, P. H. Green; Vienna, Jas. Wooten.

Last Sunday was a big day in Chestertown with the colored people. All the colored churches were filled to hear noted members of the conference. The big tabernacle had large audiences and services conducted by the bishops. The steamers Emma Giles, from Baltimore, and Gratitude, from Centreville, brought excursionists, and trains on the railroad also ran from Smyrna. The utmost good order prevailed throughout the day.

The appointment of Rev. L. H. Jackson to the Chestertown charge for the third year was a great gratification to the membership, and when it was made known there were loud demonstrations of approval. The local church—known as Bethel—numbers 160 members and has been considerably involved in debt, but is now greatly encouraged by the favorable action of the conference. The pastor requests us to say that the kindness of members of Janes Church in assisting to entertain the conference is highly appreciated and will be reciprocated.

THE Baltimore members of the Independent Order of Odd-Fellows celebrated April 26th at the anniversary of the day when the first lodge of that organization was founded in that city, seventy years ago. The weather interfered somewhat with the programme, and a street parade which had been planned for the afternoon had to be abandoned. There was a double celebration at night. In Odd-Fellows' Hall, on North Gay street, the Encampment Drill Association gave an entertainment, which was largely attended. Mr. John M. Jones, secretary of Grand Lodge of Maryland, delivered an address, giving an historical sketch of the order.

SCHOONER LOST BUT THE CREW SAVED.—J. H. Marvil, of Laurel, Del., a few days ago received a cablegram from Gibraltar announcing the loss of the schooner Mary E. Bacon, but the saving of the crew of seven or eight people. The cablegram was signed by Capt. William J. Eskridge, and its receipt caused much rejoicing in Laurel, as the schooner was owned in that town and had several weeks been given up for lost with the probable drowning of all on board.

CLAYTON is to have an Episcopal chapel. Supt. I. N. Mills has donated the site, and the frame comes from Ezekiel Fleming, of Harrington and William Taylor, of Middletown.

CHARLES H. BLACKISTON, of Denton, Md., whose wife recently eloped with Emmett Downes, of that town, he filed an application for divorce.

WHEN you visit Baltimore stop at the Maltby House, where will be found first-class accommodations and exceedingly low rates.

THE NEW YORK CENTENNIAL.

The City Packed with Strangers from all Sections of the Country—An Immense and Enthusiastic Demonstration.

The centennial celebration of the inauguration of Gen. Washington as the first President of the United States on the 20th of April, 1789, was begun in New York city on Monday with the reception of President Harrison. There was an imposing naval parade in New York harbor, a luncheon in honor of the President at the Lawyers' Club, a public reception at the City Hall and the big centennial ball at night. New York city was crowded with strangers. The weather was fine, and the city, with its thronged and gayly decorated streets, probably never presented a more animated series of pictures. The harbor was alive with craft of all descriptions, and the naval parade was a brilliant and imposing spectacle.

The presidential party went from Washington to Elizabeth, N. J., by rail and were taken thence to New York on the United States steamer Despatch. On the arrival of the Despatch opposite Wall-street ferry a barge manned by a crew of shipmasters from the Marine Society of the port of New York, with Capt. Snow, the president, as coxswain, went out to the vessel. The members of the crew were uniformed in black frock coats, striped trowsers and silk hats. Following the example of General Washington, President Harrison was rowed ashore in a barge. As he stepped out of the boat the presidential salute of 21 guns was given. The President was received by Governor Hill, Mayor Grant, Hamilton Fish, president of the centennial committee, and Wm. G. Hamilton, chairman of the committee on States. Hon. Hamilton Fish delivered the address of welcome. After the reception and lunch at the Equitable Building, the distinguished party were escorted to the Governor's room in the City Hall, where the President held a public reception.

Tuesday, however, was the big day. The chief features were religious services in St. Paul's Church, where Washington worshipped on his inauguration day, an oration by Chauncey M. Depew, a speech by Presidence Harrison, a poem by Whittier, an imposing military parade with 50,000 men in line, and a banquet at night, with speeches by President Harrison, Ex-Presidents Cleveland and Hayes, Governor Hill and others. In the military parade the Fifth Maryland attacted special attention, and was enthusiastically cheered. The weather was superb, and the celebration in all its details most successful and inspiriting. It required more than five hours for the procession to pass a given point. All along the route the greatest enthusiasm prevailed. The pageant is said to have been the grandest ever witnessed. At night there were fireworks.

Wednesday, the last day of the great centennial celebration, was devoted to a civic parade, in which seventy-five thousand people took part. It was an immense affair, and had it taken place at night, would have equaled, if not surpassed, the Mardi-Gras processions in New Orleans. Floats and tableaux, representing almost every industry, were seen in line, showing the fine work of the skilled artisan to excellent advantage. Happy school children marched merrily in line, and contributed their share toward making the last and biggest parade of all a splendid success. Notwithstanding the great crowds that thronged the city of New York, nothing happened to mar the grandest fete in the history of the country.

BALTIMORE MARKET.—The Baltimore papers for yesterday quote as follows:

WHEAT—Fultz, $.85@$.97 for fair to good; Longberry, $.98@$1.00. CORN—White, prime, 41c.@43c. Yellow, 42c.@43c. OATS—32c.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.

BUILDING LUMBER.

DOORS, BLINDS, SASH, SHINGLES, LATHS, PICKETS, CYPRESS FENCING.

THE LARGEST STOCK, OF SEASONED LUMBER, IN THE COUNTY.

FOR SALE AT LOWEST PRICES.

☞ DO NOT BUY without giving me an opportunity to make estimates for you.

T. W. ELIASON, JR.

March 9, 1889.

DR. HENLEY'S EXTRACT OF CELERY BEEF & IRON. TRADE MARK.

A Most Effective Combination.

This well known Tonic and Nervine is gaining great reputation as a cure for Debility, Dyspepsia, and NERVOUS disorders. It relieves all languid and debilitated conditions of the system; strengthens the intellect, and bodily functions; builds up worn out Nerves; aids digestion; restores impaired or lost Vitality, and brings back youthful strength and vigor. It is pleasant to the taste, and used regularly braces the System against the depressing influence of Malaria.

Price—$1.00 per Bottle of 24 ounces.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

WINKELMANN & BROWN DRUG CO., Wholesale Agents, BALTIMORE, MARYLAND.

Sold by C. F. Stam, Druggist, Chestertown

REMOVAL!

CHARLES A. ROUSH,

—DEALER IN—

Fine Watches, Jewelry,

SILVER AND PLATED WARE.

Has removed from 42 West Lexington street to larger and better quarters at

—No. 38 WEST LEXINGTON STREET.

☞ ALL GOODS GUARANTEED. ☜

REPAIRING AT SHORT NOTICE.

CHARLES A. ROUSH,

38 W. LEXINGTON STREET, between Liberty & Charles, Baltimore.

m23.

Hamburgers' Greeting!

To Their Patrons and the Public in General of the Eastern Shore.

WHEN visiting Baltimore, Washington or Wilmington, we invite you to call at one of our stores and inspect our Colossal Stock of

Spring and Summer

CLOTHING.

To be clothed in our Ready-Made Suits means to be Dressed Correctly. A Ten Dollar Bill will buy you a whole suit, which for durability, looks, quality of goods, we defy the trade to produce its equal. These suits are our leaders and if you wish to order one, request us to send you a

--Shannon All Wool Tweed Suit--

Our other Ready-Made Suits of Cassimeres, Worsteds, Cheviots, Broadcloths, etc., range from $12 to $25. Our Custom Department contains all the latest patterns known to the trade. We make Suits to order from $20 up.

OUR CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT,

a big feature of our business, is full of all the Novelties produced this season. The prices for these suits range $3, $4, $5 and $6.

MR. I. WILLIAM HINES, of Kent, who is connected with our Baltimore Store, will take pleasure in showing you through the Stock and making you feel at home.

I. HAMBURGER & SONS,

122 East Baltimore Street, Baltimore, 621 Pennsylvania Ave., Washington, D. C., 209 Market Street, Wilmington, Del.

April 27, 1889—3m.

SPRING HARDWARE!

THE CELEBRATED

South Bend Chilled Plow!

WITH REVERSIBLE SHARE,

is the best on the market. The REMINGTON CLIPPER is light running and made of first-class material. About 200 in use in this section.

☞ Call and examine them, at

WM. A. WHEATLEY'S,

ADJOINING THE BANK.

CHAIN and ROPE TRACES, PLOW LINES, PLOW HAMES, WAGON HAMES, GRUB HOES, GARDEN HOES and RAKES, CURRY COMBS, HORSE BRUSHES, BACK BANDS, WATER BUCKETS, TUBS, WASHBOARDS, BROOMS, SHOVELS, FORKS, SPADES, &c.

Roofing and Spouting a Specialty!

☞ ALL WORK GUARANTEED. ☜

{ WM. A. WHEATLEY }

Adjoining the Bank.

March 16, 1889.

—THE NEW—

{ HIGH-ARM }

SEWING MACHINE.

WHEELER & WILSON, No. 9.

Decided to Be the Best in the World. The Tension Perfectly Automatic, Perfection of Seam, Simplicity, Durability,

and the Only Machine in the world that makes a Lock Stich without the use of a Shuttle. Those who wish a Sewing Machine combining all the best results of inventive skill and construction, to do the service of a lifetime, should not fail to examine our

No. 9, Sold on Easy Monthly Payments.

OVER 100 IN USE IN KENT AND QUEEN ANNE'S COUNTIES.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Thanking the public for past favors I solicit a share in the future. Give me a call. Address

CHAS. J. REICHE,

Feb. 2, 1389. Chestertown, Kent Co., Md.

AGENT WANTED in Centreville. Address above.

PLOWS!

The Norris Chilled, Oliver Chilled AND ACME

constantly kept on hand. Also, all the REPAIRS for the above and Roland Chilled Plows, Concave, Meih & Horton, and Wiley.

FLOUR by the barrel at lowest rates, delivered free.

LIME by the barrel or bushel.

SEED POTATOES at N. LIEBERMAN'S, MELITOTA, MD.

ap20-3t.

C. M. LUCAS,

[at the old stand opposite the KENT NEWS office]

—DEALER IN—

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry,

—ALSO—

FINE EYE-GLASSES

and SPECTACLES, ROGERS' SILVER-PLATED WARE. He also keeps the high standard of 18-karat Wedding Rings; Solid Silver Waltham Watches only en dollars. Mar. 2, 1889.

J. S. MACDONALD,

MANUFACTURER AND DEALER

—IN—

FINE JEWELRY, WATCHES, SILVERWARE &c.,

m32-y Nos. 6 and 8 N. Charles St., Balto. Md.

50,000 CABBAGE PLANTS

hardened and ready for planting in open ground. Also, ALL OTHER PLANTS in their season. Cheap for cash at LITTLE GROVE.

m16-tf R. G. NICHOLSON.

Grand Display!

NEW SPRING GOODS

Dry Goods

Dress Novelties

Fancy Notions

Shoes and Slippers

Stylish Clothing

Nobby Hats

Furnishing Goods

—AT—

WRIGHT'S NEW STORE

Burchinal Building.

—AGENT FOR—

Butterick's Patterns

April 6, 1889.

Buy the Best.

GET CROPS AND IMPROVE YOUR LAND.

LISTERS'

well known Phosphates.

H. S. MILLER & CO.'S

various preparations from BONES.

Full value given for your money. The above Phosphates for sale by

W. N. E. WICKES.

March 30, 1889—2m.

COAL and LIME!

THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR

BUILDING LIME

—AND—

WHITEWASH LIME

is at J. D. BACCHUS'

Coal and Wood Yard!

Special inducements to contractors and builders. Would be pleased to quote you.

Very respect,

Mar. 30, 1888. J. D. BACCHUS.

ESTABLISHED 1886.

D. T. WILLIAMSON,

Practical Watch Maker, Jeweler, and Engraver,

Cross Street, near High, - Chestertown, Maryland.

—A LINE OF—

WATCHES, CLOCKS & JEWELRY

Kept constantly on hand at LOWEST PRICES.

With Reliable Goods and Skillful Workmanship we solicit a share of the public patronage.

☞ REPAIRING and ENGRAVING ☜ accurately executed at short notice.

We make a specialty of American Watches at low prices. Our stem-wind and set Watch at $4.00 is positively the best low-priced watch in Ladies' and Gentlemen's sizes. March 25, 1889—y.

CHARLES KESMODEL.

DIAMONDS - - WATCHES - - JEWELRY, SILVERWARE.

A FINE ASSORTMENT OF

ARTISTIC CLOCKS and BRONZES

Diamond Setting a Specialty!

Fine Watch Repairing!

119 N. Eutaw St., Baltimore, Maryland. opposite Joel Gutman & Co.

Mattings! Mattings!

JUST RECEIVED AND TO ARRIVE.

New Designs! Choice Styles! Lower Prices! Great Variety

Ranging in Price from 9 1-2 Up to 35 and 40c. per yard!

Also, CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS.

Respectfully R. F. PARKS.

a13.

REGISTRATION NOTICE!

MAY SITTING

THE UNDERSIGNED, OFFICERS OF REGISTRATION for the respective election districts of Kent county, will sit for the correction of their lists from 8 o'clock A. M. to 6 o'clock P. M. on MONDAY and TUESDAY, the 13th and 14th days of May, 1889,

AT FOLLOWING NAMED PLACES:

For the First Election District:
At GALENA.

For the Second Election District:
At KENNEDYVILLE.

For the Third Election District:
Samuel W. Wallis' Store, BUTLERTOWN, near Worton Station.

For the Fourth Election District:
On Monday at POMONA, on Tuesday at the Court-House, in Chestertown.

For the Fifth Election District:
At EDESVILLE.

It is thought proper to publish in connection with this notice the subjoined sections of the registration law, which bear particularly upon the rights of the citizen and the powers and duties of the Register:

SECTION 3. *And be it enacted*, That each of the said officers of registration shall have in addition to the other powers conferred upon him by this Act or which may be hereafter conferred upon him by law, during the respective times of his appointed sittings, under the provisions of this Act, the powers of a Justice of the Peace to preserve order and enforce obedience to his lawful commands, at or around his place of registration—to keep the access to such place open and unobstructed, to prevent and suppress riots, tumults, violence and disorder and all other improper practices, at, around or near his place of registration, tending to intimidation, or to the obstruction of the work of registration, or of the revision of the registration, and to protect and keep safe the registries of voters or pool-books, hereinafter referred to, while in his custody and possession; he may compel the presence of witnesses before him, while sitting as an officer of registration, for all purposes connected with the performance of the duties of his office, by summons and attachments; he may while sitting as such officer of registration, commit for trial any person committing, at or around his place of registration, any offence forbidden by this Act; he shall have the power to issue any of said summons, attachments or commitments, when sitting in any county of this State, to the Sheriff of said county, or to any Constable thereof; all such processes shall be served by said respective officers in the same manner as if they were issued by a Judge of a Court of Record, having jurisdiction of the subject matter, or by a Justice of the Peace, exercising police powers within such respective jurisdictions; the Sheriff or Constable, in any county of this State, who shall serve any of said processes, shall receive the same fees, and in like manner, as it is, or may be by law provided, that he shall receive fees in other State cases; but no officer of registration shall charge or receive any compensation for any service performed under this Act, except such as is provided by this Act.

It is also thought proper to publish the following sections of Chapter 155 of the Act of 1888, showing changes of times for sitting of Registrars and their duties:

SEC. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That said several officers of registration for the respective election districts of the counties of this State, instead of sitting five days in September and two days in October in each year, as prescribed by the said Act of eighteen hundred and eighty-two, chapter twenty-two, section ten, shall sit for the purpose of performing the duties imposed upon them by said Act, and by this Act, daily for two successive days in the month of May, for three successive days in September and for five successive days in October, in every year in which an election shall be held in said counties; said sittings in May and September to commence on the second Monday of said months respectively, and the October sitting to commence on the first Monday in October. Said sittings shall in like manner be called the May, September and October sittings. The said respective officers of registration shall sit at the said several sittings in the several counties with open doors from 8 o'clock A. M. until 6 o'clock P. M. on each day of their sessions, and their proceedings shall be public and open to free inspection, without any obstruction whatever. The places of their sitting shall be selected as prescribed in said Act of eighteen hundred and eight-two, chap. twenty-two.

SEC. 4. *And be it further enacted*, That each of said officers of registration in Baltimore city shall be entitled to receive four dollars per day for every day he shall be engaged in the discharge of his official duties, exclusive of office rent and the cost of stationery; and each of said registration officers in the counties shall receive a per diem of four dollars for every day he shall be engaged in the dicharge of his official duties.

SEC. 5. *And be it further enacted*, That the said several officers of registration shall give notice signed by him or them of the times and places of his or their several respective sittings for five days before his or their several respective sittings in May, June, July, september and October, by publication as prescribed in the said Act of eighteen hundred and eighty-two, chapter twenty-two; and should changes of the places of their sittings become necessary, due notice thereof shall be given, as provided by section fourteen of said Act.

SEC. 7. *And be it further enacted*, That said officers of registration, when sitting at their respective May, June, July and September sittings, and the first sitting in October, shall register as provided in the said Act of eighteen hundred and eighty-two, chapter twenty-two, all qualified voters who shall present themselves for registration; and in addition to said work of registration they shall carefully revise and scrutinize the said registries of voters so received by them from said Clerks of the several Circuit Courts and of the Superior Court of Baltimore city, to the end that all errors therein shall be errected; and the names of all voters entered therein who shall have died or become for any reason disqualified, or who for any cause shall have ceased to be entitled to remain on said registration books, shall be stricken off. In order that the work of striking off from the registries the names of all dead and disqualified persons, and of all persons erroneously or improperly placed thereon, may be thoroughly and accurately accomplished, it shall be the duty of said several officers of registration at their May sitting to go carefully over the whole list of names upon said registries in their respective precincts and election districts, and to note for striking off the names of all persons whom from their own information, or from information furnished to them from others, they have good reason to believe to be proper to be stricken off. Having made out this list, which shall be at all times open to public inspection, it shall be their duty to address written notices to all the persons whose names are set down thereon, except those known to be dead, calling on said persons to appear before them on or before the first day of July sitting in the city of Baltimore, and the first day of the September sitting in the counties, to show cause why their names should not be stricken from said registries, which notices shall be served in Baltimore city by the police of Baltimore city, and in the counties by the Sheriff of the several counties, upon all of such persons who can be found by them, and said notices shall also be sent by mail to said persons, addressed to them at the places from which they were registered, should no cause, or, in the judgment of said officers of registration, an insufficient cause to the contrary be shown by the first day