Kent News.

CHESTERTOWN - NOV. 23, 1889.

AN INTERESTING CASE.

Steinmier vs. The Tolchester Company—Suit for $10,000 Damages.

The case of Daniel Steinmier against the Tolchester Beach Company—a suit for ten thousand dollars damages—was commenced in the Talbot county circuit court at Easton last Tuesday. His honor Judge Stump presided dlone. The plaintiff was represented by Harrison W. Vickers and James A Pearce, Esqs., of Chestertown; the defendant by Messrs. H. V. D. Johns, of Baltimore; Albert Constable, of Elkton, and Hon. Charles H. Gibson, of Easton. H. H. Barroll, Esq., one of defendant's counsel, was prevented from attending by other pressing engagements. The case was called in the Kent county court in October and removed on defendant's motion to Talbot.

The plaintiff's complaint was "assault and battery, false imprisonment and malicious prosecution," and his witnesses called to substantiate it were as follows: Daniel Steinmier, Patrick L. Leonard, Vachel Burgess, J. Welch Crew, J. K. Aldridge, Willard Melvin, Frank E. Duyer, C. M. Willis, J. L. Hamilton, Edw. Lambert and Marion deK. Smith. On the part of the defence the following witnesses were called: O. H. Paxon, the manager of the Beach Hotel; T. J. Fletcher, the officer who arrested Steinmier; T. L. Zenker and George M. Boone, who assisted in the arrest; Geo. L. Henry, colored, J. Frank Connelly, Geo. W. Hatcherson and Samuel Vannort.

Mr. Vickers, for the plaintiff, made a very strong opening statement; it no doubt impressed the jury as it did the multitude of disinterested auditors by its force and eloquence. Mr. Johns replied for the defence and made a pretty full "opening." As might be expected, the testimony relative to the difficulty itself between Steinmier and Paxon was very conflicting. Steinmier said that Paxon was securing drift logs at Tolchester when he (Steinmier) came up with Leonard, and a contention arose between them; that the two principals were both standing on the same log and together slipped off into the water, about knee deep; that Paxon then directed Fletcher to arrest Steinmier, and the latter drew his pistol to defend himself from injustice. This testimony was corroborated by Leonard.

On the other side, Paxon swore positively that he was struck by Steinmieir and knocked off the log, and then Steinmier drew his pistol and threatened to shoot both he and the officer. Messrs. Fletcher, Zenker, Boone and Connelly all corroborated Paxon.

Marion deK. Smith, Esq., was one of the most important witnesses for plaintiff. He testified that those defendant witnesses did *not* say anything before the magistrate—Justice Burgess at the preliminary hearing—about the striking of Paxon by Steinmier and knocking him off the log. Mr. Johns, of defendant's counsel, made the mistake of trying to break down the force of Mr. Smith's evidence by cross questioning him. The farther he went the more damaging was the testimony. Mr. Constable and Mr. Gibson went to the rescue of their comrade in the combat with the sharp lawyer witness, but were equally as unsuccessful. Melvin, Burgess and others, corroborated Mr. Smith's recollection of the testimony before the magistrate.

The plaintiffs rested their case about noon on Wednesday, after getting in their evidence, when the defendant's counsel immediately offered a prayer asking the court to instruct the jury that there was no evidence legally sufficient to warrant a verdict against their client, and Mr. Constable made an earnest argument and effort to show the non-responsibility of the company for the agent's acts. Judge Stump, in a clear and concise review of the legal points cited, stated that while the point was one worthy of argument, he was of the opinion that the law would not warrant the withdrawal of the case from the jury and he therefore rejected the prayer. The defendant's counsel then proceeded with their witnesses as above stated. The strength of their case rested upon the evidence of Messrs. Paxon, Fletcher, Zenker, Boone and Connelly, and several of the plaintiff's witnesses were used to impeach these.

The case was very ably managed by Messrs. Pearce and Vickers on the one side, and the distinguished counsel for the defense on the other. It excited general interest in Easton. Outside sentiment seemed to be with the plaintiffs.

The testimony was concluded Thursday, and Friday was occupied in the arguments of counsel. The case probably went to the jury yesterday afternoon, and the verdict will not be known before to-day.

HOW TO MAKE ADVERTISING PAY.

How to do it, and how *not* to do it, will be profitable to consider. First, we say frankly to the merchant and business man of repute and good standing that—

Advertising fictitious bargains is a failure.

A small business and large expenses is a failure.

Poor clothing and big advertising is a failure.

Night trade is a failure.

A low price in the window and a high price in the store is a failure.

Old styles and condemned fabrics (no matter how cheap) are a failure.

Shoddy clothing advertised and sold as wool is a failure.

Cheap and inattentive salesmen (hired on commission) are a failure.

Bargains in the newspapers and apologies in the store are a failure.

Large profits and small sales is a failure.

Running down your competitors is a failure, besides being mean.

Advertising goods "at less than cost" all the year 'round is a failure and a lie in the bargain.

How to Do It.

Stick to a legitimate business.

Advertise sensibly and keep the goods you advertise, and you are bound to succeed.

There is nothing more important to a business man than advertising. It always pays handsomely when sensibly and truthfully—and too much money cannot be expended in this way, as has been found by the wisest business men everywhere. A merchant ought not to expect to do much business without advertising. Give the people an invitation to call and tell them what you have to sell. Do this constantly; not by little bits and jerks. Do this in the *best mediums*—that is, in local and reliable newspapers which go into the families of the community, and not on fence posts and barn doors.

Liberal expenditures in advertising bring liberal returns. Bear this in mind.

THE official returns of the election in Maryland have been tabulated by the secretary of State, and shows the total vote for comptroller to be: Baughman, democrat, 103,900; Wellington, republican, 96,527; Stone, prohibitionist, 3,741. Baughman's plurality, 7,373.

College Notes.

Mr. Thos. Toulson, of Pomona, matriculated on Tuesday last, and now 66 appear at roll call. Everything is moving along smoothly, and a bright future seems to be ahead of the time-honored institution.

The afternoon meeting of the college Y. M. C. A. was graced last Sabbath by the presence of several members of the fair sex. Their presence was appreciated, and it is hoped more will follow their example. They always lend an air of refinement wherever their interest is manifested, and nothing but a happy effect can follow their attendance upon these meetings. The doors are wide open to all who will decide to take advantage of the very interesting lectures given by Dr. Reid every Sunday afternoon.

The College Athletic Association held a meeting on Tuesday afternoon last, to organize a foot ball team to meet Dover Conference Academy. The game will take place in Chestertown, on Thanksgiving day, Nov. 28. The Dover boys stipulated that Washington College should play with a team composed exclusively of members of the college. This will necessitate the temporary expulsion of some members of the Athletic Association who are not members of the college. The team will be weakened by this arrangement but they hope to give the Dover boys a tussle. The following are the members composing the newly organized team. Messrs. Duer, center rush; Watts, right guard; Porter, left guard; Bunting, right tackle; Perkins, left tackle; Ringgold, Clarke, end men; Stevens, quarter back; Twilley, O. Clark, half backs; Usilton, full back. The introduction of Prof. Watts on the rush line is a good move, and it is to be hoped he will make his weight felt on the 28th.

Below are the names of the meritorious students who received an average of over 80 out of a possible 100: Messrs. David and W. Ford, C. H. Turner, Robert and Walter Hill, J. N. Boston, G. R. Downey, J. T. Morris, T. W. Perkins, Paul Graham, W. H. Bonwill, Frank Stayton, H. Carvill, H. G. Simpers, E. W. Welch. The following received marks of over 90 and are deserving of special mention: W. W. Woodall, 98.60; Gurney Knotts, 98.12; Arthur Merritt, 98.05; Carl Westcott, 99.40; C.C.Brown, 95.97; Harry Catlin, 95.96; N. Perkins, 94.50; W. C. Copper, 93.54; L. M. Barnard, 93.40; C. P. Hammond, 93.20; J. S. Clayton, 93.10; J. F. Kendall, 92.88; H. Hurtt, 91.43; W. W. Crowding, 91.02. These averages show that good work has been done and great interest is still being manifested.

The continued rain has made the path on the college campus a very disagreeable one, and shows that the suggestion as to the advisability of putting a plank walk was a good one. Indications seem to be favorable to its being put there, too, which makes all interested correspondingly happy.

Mr. Anderson, of Milford, Del., Mrs. Dr. Reid's brother, has been on a visit for several days to the college, and expresses himself as highly pleased with the surroundings of the institution. The situation is unsurpassed, he thinks, and although divested of the accompaniments of leafy spring-time, he can easily picture its beauty when grass and trees have put on their emerald loveliness.

Dr. Reid, on Thursday morning last, gave the boys a wholesome lecture on the use of tobacco. It is surprising to see the prevalence of the habit in the comparatively small crowd of young men and boys that attend the college. The Dr. touched upon the evil effects to the constitution, showing the deadly poison contained in the weed, and also tried to impress upon the minds of the boys the disgusting indecency of the habit. It is to be hoped his advice will be taken in good part, and an improvement be noticed.

Mrs. Morrison, Mrs. Prof. Micou's mother, is lying dangerously ill at the home of her son-in-law, Prof. James R. Micou, on the college campus. Mrs. M. has been a great sufferer for several months past, and little hopes are entertained of her recovery. Great sympathy is felt for her family, in the midst of which she has always been such a comfort and pleasure.

IN FAVOR OF HIGH LICENSE.

At the close of the Catholic Congress in Baltimore a great mass meeting was held on Sunday night at Harris' Academy of Music. It was attended by persons of all shades of religious opinion. On the stage sat His Eminence Cardinal Gibbons, Monsignor McColgan, Archbishop Elder, Bishop Virtue, Bishop Keane, the Rev. James Nugent, the Rev. James Cleary and some hundred prominent citizens interested in the movement. Every seat in the great theatre was occupied and crowds were turned away. Mr. Harris tendered the use of the academy free as a favor to his friend, Archbishop Ireland.

Cardinal Gibbons presided and in a short speech said that "the blow that we strike tonight is a blow struck for the cause of the laboring man, and it must and shall be successful." He then introduced the Rev. James Nugent, the English orator, who spoke briefly. He was followed by Archbishop Ireland, who made a strong appeal for the suppression of the liquor traffic.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

"First. That high license is at present the only feasible and the only hopeful means of stemming the deluge of vices and crimes of which drunkenness is the frightful source.

Second. That to make the remedy really effective the license should be put so high as to make it practically prohibitory as regards the multitude of low saloons which are demoralizing and brutalizing the poor who, more than any other class, need the help and comforts of religion to make their hard lot endurable.

Third. That not merely a high license will secure all the good aimed at by the movement, but that certain restrictions should be enacted as to the time and place of sale, and the character of those who may be permitted to carry on the traffic. Thus the number of saloons in any one radius should be limited by statute; they should not be suffered too near to churches or schools. The excellent Sunday law of our city upon this point should be rigidly enforced, and failure upon the part of the authorities to carry out the law should be summarily punished; the license to sell at all should be issued to none but persons of tried character who can be depended upon to use their privilege in the interests of sobriety and public order, and finally the violation of the law in any of these points should work either temporary or perpetual forfeiture of the license, according to the number of such violations.

Fourth. That this assembly pledge themselves to do all in their power to secure this most desirable end, and to work for it with tongue and pen until their efforts are crowned with success."

Political Prophecies.

Easton Democrat.

That Hon. F. T. Shaw, of Carroll, will be speaker of the House of Delegates.

That Hon. Robert F. Bratton, of Somerset, will be President of the Senate.

That Gov. E. E. Jackson will be elected to the U. S. Senate.

That Comptroller Baughman will be elected Governor to fill Jackson's unexpired term.

That Secretary of State E. W. Lecompte will be elected comptroller when Baughman resigns.

That Hon. Chas. H. Gibson will be again nominated for Congress next year.

Political Realities.

KENT NEWS:

There's many a slip twixt the cup and the lip.

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.—At the recent meeting of the board of directors of the House of Correction, ex-Gov. Lloyd, Stevenson Archer and E. G. Kenly were appointed a committee to draft resolutions on the death of Richard Hynson, Esq., who until the time of his death was a director of the institution.

THE Talbot county grand jury reported the public roads in "wretched condition" and warn the supervisors. They recommend a change in the road system by the next legislature.

THE NAVASSA MURDERERS ON TRIAL.

The Baltimore *Sun* of Wednesday says: The hundreds of people who thronged the United States court room yesterday gazed upon a scene that has never perhaps had a parallel in this city—eighteen men on trial for their lives. The seating capacity of the court was by no means sufficient to accommodate the crowd of spectators, and a mass of standing humanity surrounded the benches. A fellow-feeling for those on trial was no doubt the cause of the colored element predominating in the audience. Inside the rail a number of the members of the Baltimore bar and others were to be seen, all attracted thither by the unwonted scene.

The men on trial were the colored laborers who are charged with having committed the murders at the Island of Navassa on the 14th of September. They were brought from jail in the middle district patrol wagon guarded by deputy marshals and a detail of patrolmen and handcuffed in pairs. There are five indictments against each prisoner, the trial that commenced yesterday being on the indictment for the murder of James Mahon. George Singleton Key is charged with having fired the pistol shots that caused the death of Mahon, and the others are charged with being present, aiding and abetting in the murder. In addition all are charged with conspiring to commit the crime.

The trial is being held in the United States Circuit Court before Judges Bond and Morris. United States District Attorney Hayes conducts the prosecution, the defence lawyers being Archibald Stirling, ex-United States district attorney, and his son, J. Edward Stirling; Robt. P. Graham, of Salisbury, Md.; James D. Cotter, E. J. Waring, col'd, and Jos. S. Davis, col'd.

After impaneling the jury Mr. Hayes proceeded to give the motive for the killing, which he gathered from the proof, as follows: The leaders in the conspiracy were tired of the hard work. Some weeks before the riot some seventy of the men were told that they were largely in the debt of the company, and that it would take three months to work out their indebtedness. The idea that they would have to work three months and get no pay was the moving cause of the riot. They resolved to get away by any means in their power, and the more evil disposed proposed the plan of only a strike at first; then the plan was changed to kill the officers, hoping as a consequence of the fight and the deaths some means would be provided by which they could flee to the neighboring island of Hayti, only about 45 miles away, and after awhile unknown get back to the United States. They had attempted to build a raft before and make their escape. This appears to be the only reasonable conclusion from the facts. Men who had been in the employment of the company for years and years at that island were not in the riot. Nearly every prominent man in the conspiracy had only been there a few months.

THE SUPREME COURT ON TRUSTS.—The trusts of the country have reason to dread the results of the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States sustaining the action of Judge Barrett in dissolving the North River Sugar Refining Company. The court holds that any "agreement, association, combination or arrangement, or whatever else it may be called, having for its objects the removal of competition and the advancement of the prices of the necessaries of life, is subject to the condemnation of the law, by which it is denounced as a criminal enterprise." The North River Company was such an enterprise, it is held, having entered the sugar trust in order to remove competition and advance the price of sugar. The principles of the decision are evidently of wide application. There are many associations besides trusts that exist merely to limit production and advance prices. All are alike inimical to the interests of the community which they rob.—*Balto. Sun.*

STRONG YEAST.—A farmer living a few miles from Smyrna was aroused a few nights ago and believing robbers were around started, with revolver in hand, accompanied by his wife, who held the light to investigate the lower rooms. He found no robbers, but discovered a large china plate laying on the hearth. His wife had made up a batch of dough to raise, and raise it did—kicking off the plate, which caused the alarm. To return to bed would be to spoil the dough, as it would be too light in the morning to make good bread. It was about 1 o'clock and the good lady prepared to make out her rolls. She remarked to her husband that she had used good yeast, but she had never used any before that was capable of raising two full-grown persons out of bed at that hour of the night.—*Clayton Call.*

RENOUNCES REPUBLICANISM.—Gen. S. R. Bruce, of Pulaski, Tenn., a gallant Union general and a life-long republican, and one of the most influential members of his party in that State, has come over to the ranks of democracy. In a letter announcing his change of politics Gen. Bruce says he has "come to the conclusion that the republican party is a fraud and a sham." Continuing, Gen. Bruce says: "There is too much violation of civil-service law, too much boodle in the management of the pension office and too much tariff to suit the masses of the American people. The democratic party is the only party for the people, and with that party I propose to act and vote in the future." Gen. Bruce was formerly a State Senator in Alabama, and has held many offices of honor and trust in the republican party.

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS, Tuesday, Nov. 19, All present except Mr. Ernest of the first district. Eugene Gooding, collector, mailed check for $180 on account of jail bonds and interest in his hands. An order was drawn upon Wm. H. Coleman for $20 on account of jail bonds and interest. Board settled its note of July 2, 1889, to C. J. Scott for money borrowed to redeem jail bonds presented on that day by agent of express company for payment. An order was passed ordering clerk to notify collectors to be prompt in paying the levies in their hands subject to order.

TROUBLE IN OHIO POLITICS.—Forakerism is going to be a disturbing factor in Ohio politics next year and the year after if the friends of the defeated candidate for Governor act on their present threats. They are very angry. They say that Congressmen Thompson, Grosvenor, Kennedy and Butterworth "knifed" Foraker and advised others to "knife" him. Next November these gentlemen will be candidates for reelection to Congress, and the Forakerites will try to "get even" with them. The schism in the party thus developed may produce important political results in Ohio.

THOSE who were fortunate enough to be present at last evening's entertainment at Association Hall, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A., received an unique musical treat. The attraction was the Boston Ideal Banjo, Mandolin and Guitar Club. Widely known throughout New England and New York State. The rendering of the various numbers stamped the members of the club as artists of high merit. A large and enthusiastic audience manifested its appreciation by constant encores and recalls. Later in the evening a private reception at the Irving House was given to the Club.—*Phila. Daily News.*

ORPHANS' COURT, Nov. 19.—Present, Judges Walker, Fisher and Moffett.

Ordered that Stephen Kindall, administrator of J. H. Kendall, be authorized to sell the personal estate of his decedent at public sale. The register of wills was directed to send the will of Henrietta E. Howard to Theodore E. Corefield, notary public, Philadelphia, to have the same probated. Grant letters testamentary upon the personal estate of William Archibald unto Mary J., William and James Archibald.

THE GREAT NOVELTY in this year's Boston State fair, now being held in that city, is a wonderful canal which occupies the ground floor of the main hall. It is five hundred feet in length and twenty-one in width. On its surface are seen steam launches, small side-wheel steamers of old and new models, canoes, rafts, marine bicycles, life-saving apparatus and passenger gondolas, the whole making an interesting and novel display.

A SWINDLER sold a Clinton county, Michigan, farmer a receipe for making his wheat weigh twice as much as it ought to, and signed a contract to divide the money gained by the extra weight with the scientific swindler. The "contract" eventually turned up as a promisory note and the farmer paid $200 for it—and didn't advertise the matter with a brass band either.

Sales to Take Place.

Nov. 25—Personalty, B. F. Beck, Broad Neck.
Nov. 30—Personalty, C. C. Strong, adm'r, Jos. Maslin.
Dec. 3—Personal property of George H. Clark, by R. D. Hynson, attorney.
Dec. 6—Personal property, by R. D. Hynson, trustee.
Dec. 7—Cattle sale by F. E. Marsh.
Dec. 17—Real estate, by C. T. Westcott, attorney.
Dec. 17—Dwelling house in Chestertown, by M. deK. Smith, attorney named in mortgage.
Dec. 17—Real estate by R. D. Hynson, assignee of mortgage.
Dec. 17—Valuable peach farm, by R. D. Hynson, assignee of mortgage.

GOOD ADVICE TO COLORED MEN.

Urged to Leave the Cities and Till Lands in the West.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* writes: The proposed National Colored Convention, called to meet here in February, will be largely attended. If the delegates are actuated by sincere and practical motives, it may be productive of benefit to the race. But if, as it now looks, those who will be most prominent in it are mere political agitators, "professional negroes," as they are styled here, no good results need be anticipated. Among the great body of the white people in every section of the country mere politics is entirely secondary, and in every community many of the largest taxpayers and leading business men not only stay away from political meetings, but even frequently refrain from voting. With the colored people this is altogether different. From the time that suffrage was bestowed upon them the low political schemers and demagogues of both races have abated no effort to impress them with the view that politics should go side by side with religion, or in advance of it. This has been the fruitful cause of all, or nearly all, the differences and dissensions springing from the color line. The tenor of the call for the convention indicates plainly that politics is to be the great object of the meeting, and not the material interests of the race. Last night a meeting of colored local politicians was held at the liquor saloon of Perry Carson, one of the most noted of the "professional negroes" of Washington. It was called to make arrangements for the coming convention, and the cut-and-dried programme was of the usual order, but there was a departure which was not anticipated. Mr. Moss, a colored lawyer, left the beaten track. He spoke words which were golden, and should be well pondered over by those for whom they were intended. According to the *Evening Star* he said he was tired of this thing of always asking for assistance from the white people, and the time, he thought, had come when the colored people must take some action themselves. This thing of colored people staying in the city, shooting crap, going to parlor socials and waiting at hotels should stop. There are thousands of acres of land in the West, good, fertile soil, where they can go and raise corn, potatoes and wheat. That is what they had better do instead of holding Thanksgiving Day prayer meetings and conventions. The colored people have grand churches all over the country, which is a good thing; but instead of spending so much money in that direction they had better follow the line of march West and erect workshops and factories, and show the white people that they can be free and independent.

WILLIAM CRESWELL, son of Charles Creswell, of Elk Neck, Cecil county, Md., was drowned in the North East river, near Red Point, on the 15th inst. He was engaged in capturing crippled ducks, and in company with another young man, had just started from the shore, when the gilling skiff in which they were was struck by a squall and capsized. Mr. Creswell was highly respected in the neighborhoood where he lived.

NOT GUILTY.—In the circuit court for Queen Anne's last week the case of the State vs. Samuel G. McCollister, charged with shooting at Dr. J. H. W. G. Weedon with intent to murder, August 31, excited much interest. A full account of the affair was published in the NEWS at the time. In this case McCollister was the one who received the wound. The jury brought in a verdict of not guilty.

THE Methodist Episcopal general missionary committee, in session at Kansas City, appropriated $1,225,775 for the work next year.

THE Second National Bank of Elkton, Md., has been authorized to begin business with a capital of $50,000.

FIFTEEN HUNDRED HOGS have died of cholera around Middletown during the last two months.

ATTENTION is invited to A. Friedman's new clothing advertisement.

BALTIMORE MARKET. — The Baltimore papers of yesterday quote as follows:

WHEAT—Longberry, good to prime, 80@83.
CORN—white and yellow, 40@42.
OATS—24@27.

MARRIED.

On Nov. 19th, 1889, at Still Pond, by Rev. J. D. Rigg, JOHN CAIN and EMMA SHOOK, both of this county.

DIED.

On the evening of Nov. 9th, 1889, MARY E., wife of LEWIS S. HEPBRON, and daughter of the late James A. Roseberry, in her 55th year. She did what she could to relieve the afflicted and distressed.

MRS. MARY E. HEPBRON.

After more than two years of battle with bronchial and pulmonary disease, this estimable lady yielded up her pure spirit, at her home near Still Pond, on Saturday evening, Nov. 9, in the 55th year of her age. Uniting with the church in early life, she adorned her profession by the "beauty of holiness" for nearly forty years. She was a lady of great refinement of manners, gentleness of spirit, and remarkable energy in the management of her affairs. She had the happy faculty of looking on the bright side of things; and those who had the privilege of converse and association with her always felt encouraged to the practice of a cheerful christianity. The brightness that adorned her character was not the ephemeral sheen of galvanism, but the steady glow of an inner life that broke through the shrouding of great physical weakness, and made the chamber where she met her fate "above the common welks of virtuous life, quite on the verge of heaven." None who knew her well ever received a wrong impression of the Christian life, nor were tempted to substitute the false for the true. Her wise counsels, her sunny presence, her devotion to the interests of her family will be greatly missed; yet the reflection that she has exchanged earth's sufferings for heaven's rest, brings consolation to the stricken family. Funeral services were held in Still Pond church on Tuesday afternoon, attended by about two hundred sympathizing friends, and she was laid to rest in the family lot close by.

"I look to recognize, through the beautiful mask of their perfection,
The dear familiar faces I have somewhile loved on earth."

FRIEND.

To the Ladies!

YOU can easily get your DRESS GOODS at home and you can very soon get them soiled, but you cannot have them cleaned or dyed at home, but if you go to

MRS. KATE BRADLEY'S,

three doors below the postoffice in Chestertown, you will find the prices for Cleaning and Dyeing and she will inform you that you can have such work done at the

—NEW YORK—

Steam Dyeing, Scouring and Repairing Co.,

No. 307 N. Howard St., Baltimore,

where your work will be done at short notice. Remember we Steam and Reline your Plush Coat, which makes it equal to new, at a very small cost.

R. LEE NEWNAM, PROP'R,
No. 307 N, Howard Street.

s14-6m.

"HOME AGAIN!"

THE PUBLIC ARE INVITED TO CALL AT THE

OLD STAND

ON COURT STREET., CHESTERTOWN,

and examine the FRESH and NEW STOCK of GOODS just bought for cash by

JAMES A. SHAW,

which consists of Leather

BOOTS AND SHOES

TO SUIT ALL CLASSES.

Gum Boots and Shoes, Body Boots, Hip and Short Boots, and Boots for Men, Women and Children.

GROCERIES.—Flour by the Barrel or Bag, Hominy, Beans, Sugar, Coffee, Baker's Chocolate, Tea, Soap, Soapine, Soda, Rumford's Yeast Powder, Lamp Chimneys and Burners, Coal Oil, Salt and many other things. All of which can be bought of me as cheap as at any place on the shore. Give us a call and we will try to please you.

☞Also, TOBACCO and CIGARS.

JAMES A. SHAW,
Court Street, Chestertown.

j12.

1,000

MEN'S, YOUTH'S, BOY'S and CHILDREN'S

Suits and Overcoats

to be sold in the Next Sixty Days, far below cost of manufacture, at T. S. BORDLEY'S Clothing Store. Instead of waiting till after the season is over, and until everybody is supplied, to cut down prices, I have determined to *cut now*, and *cut fearfully*, while you are in need of clothing and while your are thinking of buying.

300 MEN'S SUITS,

in Sacks and Cutaways, all new and desirable goods, that sold for $5.50, $6.00, $6.50, $7.00, $7.50 and $8.00 have all been marked down to only $4.90, far below the cost of producing them.

200 MEN'S ALL WOOL SUITS,

in Sacks, Walking Suits and Four-Button Cutaways, in all the most popular colors, that sold for $10.00, $12.00, $13.00, $14.00 and $15.00 *now only* $7.75. This is the greatest bargain ever offered to the public. Many of these all wool suits cannot be duplicated for much less than double the money I am now asking for them.

200 BOYS' ALL WOOL SUITS,

from 13 to 18 years, that formerly sold for $6.50 to $10.00 *now* at only $6.00.

300 CHILDREN'S SUITS,

age 4 to 14 years. Your choice of a vast majority of them for only $2.00, many of them cost more than double the money you pay for them.

DRESS SUITS.

I have the finest and most complete line of Gentlemen's Dress Suits ever offered for sale in Chestertown. Prince Albert, Four-Button Cutaways, Walking Suits, many of which are trimmed with satin throughout, at prices that will really astonish you. For example, a perfect-fitting, black, wide wale Walking Suit for only $11.90, that sells everywhere for $16.00.

Now a Word About Overcoats;

I am selling a genuine Satin-lined, English Kersey Overcoat for only $10.00, worth $15.00. I bought all the manufacturer had of them for the *spot cash*, and bought them very low. A good Beaver Overcoat for $4.60, that retails for $8.00 everywhere. A Child's Overcoat for $1.50, guaranteed to give good service.

Gent's Furnishing Goods.

The finest line of Gent's Furnishing Goods, all new and just opened, in the town. An *all wool* red flannel Undershirt for 48 cents, think of it! The earlier you call the better the bargain you will secure.

I don't ask or expect you to rely simply upon this advertisement for proof of what I say. Call at the store and prove it for yourself, and if you don't find exactly what I advertise, don't buy.

Respectfully, &c.,

T. S. BORDLEY.

Nov. 16, 1889.

OEHM'S ACME HALL

BEST-MADE

FALL and WINTER CLOTHING.

After all, it's as much in the "how" as in the "what" you sell to people that brings people to you and keeps them there. The humblest farmer-boy is treated as courteously and served as faithfully by as the richest merchant; and our promises are always realized.

READY-TO-WEAR.

You can search the trade through; but you'll see no such Clothing as that made by us. We've the stock, style, facilities and workmen.

Business Suits from	$ 7 to $10
Walking Suits from	10 to 25
Dress Suits from	10 to 35

The newest, neatest and nobbiest styles known.

OEHM'S ACME HALL.

JUVENILE CLOTHING.

But in Juvenile Clothing—there's where we have the whole course, inside track and all. No excuse for dressing your boy like a circus freak; give him a show, with us.

Suits for small Boys	$2½ to $ 7½
Suits for older Boys	10 to 12
Suits for young men	7 to 18
Overcoats from	1½ to 18

and every possible pattern, backed by highest style. The boys know us and they'll tell you where to buy. Our Hattery is beautiful. Every newest design, every proper material.

Jockeys, English Jockeys,
Tams, Glengarys,
Helmets, Jerseys,
and the newest notion
the Berlin Student Cap
from 50 cts. to $2.50.

OEHM'S ACME HALL.

OVERCOATS.

Overcoats like our this year's make you'll never see. Our leadership shows itself here. Of course we won't argue the necessity for the Fall Overcoat; common sense and the edict of Fashion says you must have it. Ours sweep from $6 to $30.

Style and neatness from	$ 6 to $10
Style and beauty from	10 to 20
Style and luxury from	15 to 30

and you can't duplicate them for much more.

FURNISHINGS.

Our all wool, hygienic, undyed and faithful-fibre Underwear is in elegant stock at popular prices. Will save you many a cold this Winter. In fact we can meet your wishes or preferences at every point. Our CUSTOM department is a special feature and one that is out-stipping itself this season. Send for catalogue, self-measurements and samples. Fit and satisfaction guaranteed.

Oehm's Acme Hall,

5 and 7 West Baltimore Street,

1 door from Charles Street.,

Oct. 5, 1889. BALTIMORE, MD.

WANTED.

100,000 BUSHELS of NEW CORN

—AND—

25,000 BUSHELS of WHEAT,

delivered at any station on the Balto. & Del. Bay and Queen Anne's Railroads.

Telephone call 15.

B. F. FLEMING,
Chestertown, Md.

n17-tf.

JACOBY & MILLER,

AUCTIONEERS,

HAVING had large practice in the Auctioneering Business, we guarantee perfect satisfaction in every case. All persons wishing our services will please have JACOBY & MILLER put at the bottom of their bills and paper advertisements. In employing the two the charge will be the same as for one man.

G. W. JACOBY,
WM. R. MILLER,
Auctioneers, Galena, Maryland.

aug.

25c. Will buy a Pound of Good Natural Tobacco at J. L. McFEELY'S.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE

—OF A—

VALUABLE

PEACH FARM!

BY VIRTUE of the power and authority contained in a certain mortgage from James Rankin and wife and Montgomery Rankin and wife, to George B. Westcott, dated the 21st day of December, 1886, and recorded among the land records of Kent county, Maryland, in Liber S. B., No. 8, Folio 483, &c., the undersigned as assignee of said mortgage, will offer at Public Sale,

At the Court House Door in Chestertown, Maryland, on

Tuesday, the 17th of December, 1889

AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A. M., ALL THAT

Valuable Farm

lying in the Fifth Election District of Kent county, Maryland, on the public road leading from St. Paul's Church to the village of Georgetown, about two miles from Tolchester Beach, composed of parts of the tracts called ARCADIA and THE ECCLESTON TRACTS, &c., and now generally known as

"Caulk's Field Farm,"

CONTAINING

213 ACRES OF LAND,

MORE OR LESS, and which is more particularly described in the aforesaid mortgage.

THE IMPROVEMENTS consist of a

—SUBSTANTIAL—

Brick Dwelling House,

GRANARY and CORN-HOUSE, and other usual OUTBUILDINGS.

There is about 6,000 PEACH TREES,

five and six years old, also an OLD PEACH ORCHARD of about 2,000 Trees, and about 250 Trees of Pears, Quinces, Plums, &c.

The soil is kind and adapted to the growth of cereals and fruit.

Terms of Sale:

Cash on day of sale or within sixty days there after, at the option of the undersigned.

RICHARD D. HYNSON,
Assignee of Mortgage.

JOHN H. GREENWOOD, AUC'R. no16-ts.

Mortgagee's Sale

—OF A—

DESIRABLE FARM!

BY VIRTUE of the power and authority contained in a mortgage from Laura V. Sanders and Wm. E. Sanders, her husband, to George B. Westcott dated the 10th day of September, 1885, and recorded among the Land Records of Kent county, Maryland, in Liber S. B. No. 7, folio 25, etc., the undersigned as assignee of said mortgage will sell at Public Auction

At the Court House door in Chestertown, Maryland, on

Tuesday, the 17th of December, 1889

AT HALF-PAST ELEVEN O'CLOCK A. M.,

—ALL THAT—

Valuable Farm

on which said mortgagors reside in the 2d election district of Kent county, situated on the public road leading from Chestertown to Crumpton and fronting also on Cherry Lane, comprising parts of tracts called

KILLINGSWORTHMORE

And "DARBY,"

—CONTAINING—

309 ACRES,

MORE OR LESS,

and which is particularly described in said mortgage.

THE IMPROVEMENTS consist of a

Good Frame Dwelling,

BARN and CORN HOUSE, CARRIAGE HOUSE, MEAT HOUSE, etc.

There is an Excellent Peach Orchard of about 3,500 Peach Trees,

also an APPLE ORCHARD. This is considered one of the best farms in the county, the soil being rich and under good cultivation.

TERMS OF SALE—Cash.

RICHARD D. HYNSON,
ASSIGNEE OF MOTGAGE.

JOHN H. GREENWOOD, AUC'R. no16-ts.

Insurance!

FIRE, LIGHTNING AND LIFE!!

WM. H. McFEELY'S AGENCY.

INSURE YOUR BUILDINGS

Against Fire and Lightning. Fires occur at unexpected moments, and a few dollars expended in Insurance furnishes very substantial assistance in event of loss.

INSURE YOUR LIVESTOCK

Against Lightning and Fire. Payment for same is promptly made, if killed on premises or anywhere else.

INSURE YOUR GRAIN

In the barn. The value of two bushels of wheat will protect $1,000 worth of grain for a month. Policies issued for from Two Weeks to Three Years at low rates.

INSURE YOUR LIFE

In the "New York Life," where you have the privilege of settling up your policy at the end of every five years, just as one's circumstances may demand

WM. H. McFEELY,
Gen'l Ins. Agent, Chestertown, Md.

☞Office on Court street. jy9-tf.

Taxes in First District.

NOTICE is hereby given to the tax-payers of the First District that the books for the present year are in my hands, the bills are made out, and the TAXES ARE NOW DUE. Prompt settlements will save interest, cost and much worry to all concerned.

For the conveniences of tax-payers I will be in Millington on Saturdays; Galena on Tuesdays, and Sassafras on Wednesdays.

WM. H. FORD,
Aug. 17, 1889—tf. COLLECTOR.

IF WE GO BY THE ALMANAC

Only One Week is Left of Fall 1889.

THUS FAR the year has been noted for its unparalleled Storms, Floods, Freshets and Singular Wetness, and will pass into history as part of the record of a remarkable year. It was a strange fall. It was a Strangely Active, Good Fall for Us. Standing on the edge of Winter, the Holidays ahead of us, we are inclined to believe that we will have an Immense Winter Trade. Never did we have a

FINER STOCK of CLOTHING!

or Lower Prices to Offer.

You can find Bargains in every department. As money is scarce we know you will require double duty for every dollar expended, and in every case we will give you full value for your money. We have a good, durable Suit for $5 00, a good Cassimere or Wool Suit for $10 00, a good, substantial Overcoat for $3 50, a better Overcoat for $5 50, a Fine Dress Overcoat for $8 50. A full line of Men's and Boys' Kersey Suits, at Bottom Prices. Pants, Pants, Pants—We have the Greatest Bargains in Pants ever offered in Chestertown, from $1 00 up to $5 00. Boys' and Children's Suits—We have a Fine Assortment, price from $1 25 up to $7 00 per suit. Storm, Storm, Storm—Storm Overcoats in all the leading shades. Fine Dress Suits in Prince Alberts, French Wide Wales, Cutaway Frock and Cutaway Sack Suits, Satin-Lined, Corded-Edge Chinchilla Overcoats, in Blue, Black and Brown; Fur Beavers, Meltons, French Wide Wales and English Kersey Overcoats, in all shades, a luxury, nicely trimmed and made in the finest style, at lowest prices, and that guaranteed 20 per cent. lower than any other house.

A. FRIEDMAN,

Nov. 23, 1889. *The Clothier and Merchant Tailor, Chestertown, Maryland.*

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS!

CARPETS!

CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS! CARPETS

CRANE BROTHERS,

No. 8 W. Baltimore St., near Charles,

—DEALERS IN—

CARPETS, CARPETS,

OIL CLOTHS,

Mattings, Rugs, &c.

HAVING ENLARGED THEIR STORE ARE NOW PREPARED TO SHOW ONE OF THE FINEST LINES OF GOODS

ever exhibited in Baltimore city, in all the latest Shades and at LOW PRICES. Our Goods are not surpassed in Baltimore. Remember, we always guarantee to more than meet competition, as our expenses are smaller than any other Carpet House in the city. We respectfully solicit an inspection of our goods before buying elsewhere.

CRANE BROTHERS,
No. 8 W. Balto. St., near Charles, Baltimore.

Oct. 19, 1889—3m.

BARGAINS

—IN—

DRY GOODS!

Fancy Notions,

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