Kent News.

SATURDAY.....Dec. 14, 1889.

Sales to Take Place.

Dec. 16—Personalty by E. J. Watson.
Dec. 17—Real estate, by C. T. Westcott, attorney.
Dec. 17—Dwelling house in Chestertown, by M. deK. Smith, attorney named in mortgage.
Dec. 17—Real estate by R. D. Hynson, assignee of mortgage.
Dec. 17—Valuable peach farm, by R. D. Hynson, assignee of mortgage.
Dec. 18—Personalty by Jos. H. Porter.
Dec. 19—Personalty of Lewin J. Usilton.
Dec. 20—Personalty of Amos Wilson.
Dec. 21—Personalty, by R. D. Hynson, attorney.
Dec. 26—Personalty, by T. J. P. Smith.
Dec. 26—Personalty, by L. C. Justis, Jr., agent.
Jan. 7—Real estate, by Hope H. Barroll, assignee of mortgage.
Jan. 14—Real estate, by W. A. Miller, mortgagee.

THE TWO GOVERNORS REACH AN AGREEMENT.—Governor Jackson, of Maryland, and Governor Lee, of Virginia, had a conference in Washington on Tuesday as to the disputed boundary a Hog Island, in the Potomac. There was a pleasant interchage of views, in which Attorney-General Whyte, of Maryland, took part, and a temporary agreement was reached pending the probable repeal by the Virginia Legislature of the Lewis grant, which has given rise to the controversy. By the terms of this agreement Governor Jackson withdraws his already suspended proclamation declaring the leased oyster beds open, with the understanding that Governor Lee withdraws the Virginia police boat, the present status to be continued until a final settlement is reached. Governor Jackson also stipulated that Mr. Lewis is to take no more oysters from the beds pending such settlement, and Governor Lee expressed the opinion that this could be arranged.

THE WOMAN'S COLLEGE, of Baltimore, an institution devoted exclusively to the higher education of women, celebrated its first anniversary on Tuesday. "College Day" was the name applied to all the anniversary exercises bunched together, but separately they were an inspection of the beautiful and extensive buildings from ten in the morning to five o'clock in the afternoon, and speeches, prayer and music in the First Methodist Church at night. Dr. H. C. Wood, of the University of Pennsylvanie, delivered an interesting address on physical culture, and President Hopkins on the aims and progress of the college. Bishop Hurst also make a few remarks. Rev. N. M. Browne, of Newark, Rev. R. W. Todd, of Chestertown, and Mr. J. H. Baker, of Pomona, were present as the visiting committee from the Wilmington Conference and partook of the dinner furnished by the faculty to the official visitors and other guests, which was spread in the basement of the First Church. The institution has 225 students enrolled.

THE funeral of Jefferson Davis, ex-President of the Confederate States of America, took place on Wednesday in New Orleans. The services were attended by great crowds. Bishop Galleher, of the Protestant Episcopal Church, preached an eloquent sermon. The remains were escorted to the cemetery by a great procession of military and civic societies. All the bells in the city were tolled, salutes were fired and buildings generally were draped in mourning. At the same time business was suspended and memorial services were held in nearly ever city and town in the Southern States. They exercises consisted mainly of addresses by prominent ex-Confederates, which were listened to by large audiences.

Those in Baltimore took place in the Fifth Regiment Amory, which was uncomfortably crowded. Mayor Davidson presided and made an address. A memorial address was read by Major Thomas W. Hall, and other eloquent addresses were delivered by Col. Chas. Marshall, Col. D. G. McIntosh, Gen. Bradley T. Johnson, Rev. Dr. W. U. Murkland and S. Teackle Wallis.

Maryland Grangers.

Maryland State Grange met on Tuesday in Baltimore at the hall of the Young Men's Christian Association in seventeenth annual session. There was an unusually large attendance for an opening day, including many lady grangers. Among the State officers are the following: Master, Henry M. Murray, Anne Arundel county; overseer, John W. Corey, Kent; lecturer, Dr. Thomas Welsh, Anne Arundel; steward, Thomas S. Iglehart, Anne Arundel; chaplain, Luther M. Brashears, Prince George's; secretary, Wm. B. Sands, Baltimore; Ceres, Mrs. H. M. Murray; Flora, Mrs. Ella M. Hartshorne, Montgomery; Pomona, Mrs. Annie W. Stevenson, Baltimore county; lady assistant steward, Mrs. L. M. Corey, Kent. Mr. L. C. Justis, Jr., master of Eureka Grange, Kennedyville, was also in attendance.

Reports were submitted by the master and other grange officers, showing about 2,000 members and a generally prosperous condition of the grange. Master Murray, in his report, says that it is true the past year has not been as prosperous a one as the Maryland farmers could wish. They have had to face poor crops and poorer prices. But even this is no reason why they should lose heart or repine. It should rather arouse them to more diligent efforts to put into practice the principles of the order, and to leave no stone unturned, to shrink from no sacrifice of personal prejudice, to better their condition by all righteous means. It is an ill wind that does nobody any good, and if unprosperous years shall avail to drive farmers to organize and co-operate, he for one shall be ready to thank God for the hard times that shall be productive of so much permanent good to them all.

The House Cashier Disappears with $75,000.

Charles E. Silcott, cashier of the sergeant-at-arm's office, United States House of Representatives, disappeared last week with some $75,000 and it is believed he has gone to Canada. Mr. Leedom, the sergeant-at-arms, says that Mr. Silcott had been his assistent for the past six years, and he enjoyed his entire confidence. On the previous Sunday Mr. Silcott went to New York city on business, and promised to return on the following Sunday. When he failed to appear Monday there was some uneasiness among his friends and Mr. Leedom went over to the Congressional Hotel, where Mr. Silcott's wife and family are stopping. They had received a dispatch from New York on Monday, but since that time nothing had been heard from the missing man. Mr. Leedom then examined the accounts of his office, and compared them with the cash on hand, when the startling discovery was made that the funds were about $72,000 short. Inquiry was made at the Treasury Department, and it was found that Mr. Silcott had drawn something like $133,000 for the members of Congress on the usual requisitions, according to the practice that has been observed for many years past.

These requisitions are signed by the individual members and turned over to Mr. Silcott, who generally had them cashed at the treasury and then delivered the money to the respective members. It was a convenient method for the Congressmen, and it had never failed before. It is the fact that the Treasury Department holds the receipts of various Congressmen, who have not received the money, which causes so much uneasiness in congressional circles. The question has been raised whether Mr. Silcott was the agent of the government or simply the trusted agent of the members of the House. There is, of course, but little prospect of the members sustaining the loss, for they will probably take care to have an item put into one of the general appropriation bills for their relief if the money cannot be collected from the bondsmen.

A BOLD THIEF.—While John O. Patterson was standing at a counter in the Delaware Bank, Wilmington, Del., Saturday, a sneak thief seized a deposit box containing $13,000, principally in negotiable securities belonging to Mr. Patterson, and escaped.

GALENA LOCALS.

The Indian Show has been here since Wednesday of last week and the town hall has been literally packed each evening. All have gone away highly pleased at the performances. The company intend staying here another week. They sell medicines of many kinds, and beautiful bead work made by themselves. There are 8 real Indians with this show, from the little papoose to the old chief, and they go thro' their war dances, marriage ceremony, corn dances and other novel Indian customs. It has been patronized better than any show that has visited Galena for a long time.

Messrs. Frank Ruth and Henry Parr have each painted his residence and make a very handsome appearance in their new dress.

Some of the old residents of Galena have moved from our midst; Mr. Peddicord and others intend moving Christmas.

The profound sorrow that a good many of our townspeople experienced at the demise of ex-President Jefferson Davis was noticeable, as all held him in the highest esteem.

There is quite a rivalry for the position of bridge tender at Georgetown, as there are nine applicants for the place. It pays $150 per annum.

I understand that Rev. Mr. Fosnocht's subjects for next Sabbath at Galena in the morning, "Doxology of Heaven;" in the evening, "Seeing God's face, the chief glory of Heaven." At Locust Grove, "A Time of Trouble." P.

Matrimonial.

HENDRICKSON — LOUD.

A pretty wedding took place at the M. E. Church, near Wyoming, Del., on Wednesday morning last, the contracting parties being Mr. JOHN P. HENDRICKSON and Miss LORA V. LOUD, both of near Kennedyville.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. C. R. Blades, of Clayton M. P. Church, at 11 A. M. The ushers were Messrs. Jesse R. Copper, of Kent, and James Y. Lewis, of Wyoming. The wedding march was skillfully rendered by Miss Ida Lewis, cousin of the bride. The bride was beautifully attired in a dress of green Henrietta cloth and hat to match, and the groom in the usual black broadcloth—both presenting as happy and handsome an appearance as the eye could wish to look upon. A large number of the friends and relatives of the popular couple were present to grace the occasion. The church was handsomely trimmed—a floral arch was thrown over the chancel, with a bell of evergreen suspended from the centre; the names of the bride and groom were worked in evergreen on the face of the arch. The ceremony took place under this arch.

The wedding party partook of a breakfast at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Sam'l Webb, of near Wyoming, the latter a brother-in-law of the bride, and proceeded from thence to the church. After the marriage the wedded couple went direct to their home near Kennedyville. The bride and groom both were the recipients of many handsome presents and hosts of friends in Kent wish them a long and happy married life.

Among the guests present were Geo. H. Raymond, Esq., of Smyrna, Del.; Mr. Reese Frazier and sisters, of Dover, Miss Agnes Frazier and Miss Ella Copper, of Kent, Mrs. Annie Lewis, of Delaware, Miss Annie Meredith, of Petersburg, Del., Mr. Frank Burrows, wife and daughter, Kenton, Del., Misses Lulu and Mettie Loud, of Kent.

The following are among the numerous presents:

Bride to groom, a handsome scarf pin; groom to bride, fine driving horse; Mrs. Hendricksom, the groom's mother, and son, Harry, 1 doz. silver tea spoons; Misses Alzada and Elva Frazier, bisque figure; Mr. and Mrs. John D. Roloff, 1 doz. napkins; Mr. and Mrs. George H. Raymond, silver fruit stand; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. M. Frazier, Mr. Clayton Taylor, Miss Emma Aron and sister, each 1 pair of towels; Mr. and Mrs. John Denney, bed spread; Mr. and Mrs. Sam'l Webb, same; Mr. and Mrs. A Hendricksom, table cloth; Mr. and Mrs. Joshua Copper, butter dish; Miss Agnes Frazier, set of fruit dishes; Mr. J. R. Copper and sister, table cover; Mr. W. B. Copper, carving knife and fork; Miss Lulu Loud, pair of pillow shams; Miss Mary C. Loud, fruit set; Miss Mettie B. Loud, handkerchiefs; Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Webb, crumb tray and brush; Mr. and Mrs. John Caulk, granite kettle.

BRAMBLE — ERDMAN.

On Thursday, the 5th inst., Mr. JAMES BRAMBLE, one of the most prominent merchants of Centreville, led to the hymenial altar Miss M. S. ERDMAN, daughter of Chas. Erdman, Sr., residing near Centreville. The ceremony was performed at 10 o'clock A. M., in the M. E. parsonage at Rock Hall, by Rev. N. McQuay whose wife is a sister to the bride. The bride, attired in a rich fawn colored traveling suit, presented a very graceful and attractive appearance. The bridegroom wore the conventional black with tan colored gloves. The wedding was quiet and unostentatious, being witnessed by only a few near relatives from Centreville and Chestertown. After the usual congratulations the company repaired to the dining room, where breakfast was served. At 11 A. M. the happy couple under a brisk shower of rice started on their weddiug tour to Philadelphia, as bright and joyous as the morning that witnessed the sacred rites by which the twain were made one. They are followed by the best wishes of numerous friends. They were the recipients of handsome presents.

College Notes.

Measles are at work again and Mr. Arthur Merritt is the victim this time. It is to be hoped this very promising young gentleman will not be invalidated very long. Mr. Greenwood has also been on the sick list but returned to his work on Wednesday last. Mr. Toulson lately entered, has been absent for a week or more but from what cause it has not yet been ascertained.

The board-walk is near completion and in the wintry days before us it will be, if not a thing of beauty, a joy and comfort as long as it may last.

Prof. Watts, librarian, has been busily engaged during the past week labeling and numbering the new books just added to the library. The donation by the board is a handsome one.

All alumni and friends of the college are invited to come up and look at the improvements and when the contemplated additions in the way of periodicals have been accomplished a rich entertainment can be found inside the walls of that heretofore comfortless library-room.

Christmas holidays next week. All are looking forward with longing eye to them. School will close last of next week and open on Jan. 2d, 1890. The third school month closed yesterday and the averages of meritorious students will be published next week.

SETTLED FOR $18,000.—The suit of Dr. Nathan R. Gorter against Mr. Robert Garret for professional services has been compromised for $18,000.

In October, 1887, Mr. Robert Garrett and his party left Baltimore for a trip to the West, which finally developed into a tour of the world. Dr. Nathan R. Gorter accompanied Mr. Garrett as his medical adviser having been selected for that position by Prof. Alan P. Smith. After visiting California, the Sandwich Islands, Japan, India and other places, the tourists arrived at Berlin in June, 1888. At this latter place Mr. Garrett informed Dr. Gorter that he no longer desired his services, and the Doctor returned home. Before the separation at Berlin a member of the Garrett party asked Dr. Gorter the amount of his bill, which he declined to give before consulting Dr. Alan P. Smith, whom he considered the senior physician in the case and through whom he had been engaged. After consulting with Prof. Smith and also with Prof. Miles, who was familiar with the case he decided to charge $25,000, which they advised him was a fair charge, considering all the circumstances, the labor, the risks, the hardships attending such a trip, and the fact that it was an almost hopeless case, involving Mr. Garrett's reason and life."

THE FOOT-BALL FIELD.

A Fizzle at Dover.

The football game arranged to take place between the teams of Washington College and Dover Academy, on the grounds of the latter, on Thursday last, ended in a fizzle. The Chestertown boys, after an early start, arrived promptly at Dover, were met by the students of the academy, and escorted to the building. The majority of them spent the morning taking in the town, and at 12 M. were shown out to the dining hall where they did ample justice to what was set before them. Shortly afterwards both teams put on their suits and appeared on the field. The rest is quickly told. Prof. Todd, of the academy, was chosen referee, and Prof. Clarke was to act as umpire. Washington College won the toss and the two teams were about to "line up" for the struggle when an objection was raised to Mr. Massey, of the Chestertown team, on the ground of his not being a student of Washington College. The agreement between the two institutions was, that the match was to be strictly school against school. Chestertown thought it was adhering to this agreement from the fact that Mr. Massey had attended the college two years, had laid off for a year but intended starting in again after Christmas. Dover decided he was not a student and would not allow him to play. Chestertown decided he was a student and would not play without him; consequently the W. C.'s retired to their room, donned their citizens clothes and took the next train home.

It is a matter of great regret to all concerned that the game did not come off. It has been talked of for some time and the day ended in a disappointment to all. The reception of the visitors by the academicians was most cordial and nothing can be said too praiseworthy of the entertainment accorded. The point in dispute was one, either side could have yielded without much damage, and it would have been better, perhaps, for W. C. to have given in, but they considered themselves weakened by the absence of Prof. Watts, and they did not care to relinquish what they judged to be their rights. The game was declared forfeited to the Dover boys, but it is hoped that the two teams will be able some time in the near future to meet and victory and defeat decided on a more satisfactory basis.

The Still Pond Team Defeated.

The college football team played a match game on the college ground with the newly-organized team at Still Pond on Saturday last, and defeated it by the score of 36 to 0. The Still Pond team is composed of heavy weights, and has the material to make a good fight with any club after a little more training. They were not booked for a victory against the college regulars, but put up a stubborn game, and have nothing to be ashamed of. Messrs. Usilton and Duer were unable to play on account of injuries at practice, and their places were supplied by Messrs. Hanna and Hammond, who did good work. A good crowd witnessed the game and were quite enthusiastic. Below is the game in detail:

College.	Positions.	Still Pond.
Hammond	Full Back	John Owens
Gerker	Half Back	Thomas
Twilley	Half Back	Turner
Henry	Center Rush	Krusen
Watts	Right Guard	Rasin
Porter	Left Guard	Scott
Perkins	Right Tackle	Clarke
Bunting	Left Tackle	Dr. Drie
Clarke	Right End	Meyer
Hanna	Left End	Porter
Stevens	Quarter Back	Joseph Owens

First half, college wins the toss and takes the ball, giving Still Pond the west goal. A wedge is immediately formed with Gerker in the center. He darts out but is tackled after gaining ten yards. Still Pond makes a foul and 5 more yards go to the credit of the college. On the next down the ball is quickly passed to Twilley who makes a famous run, rushing about 30 yards and carrying the ball in close proximity to his opponent's goal line. Stevens tries a rush, after gaining very little, he passes the ball to Twilley, who darts through man after man and scores a touch-down 7 minutes after play, and Perkins kicks a goal; score College 6; Still Pond 0. The ball is brought to the middle of the field and Still Pond takes a hand. They start it with a dribble pass it quickly back and gain by a good run some 15 yards. The college here plays badly, and Still Pond gets in its good play and works the ball slowly towards college goal. Now a Still Pond rusher breaks through the line, has a clear field and a touch-down seems sure, but Twilley pluckily tackles him, and he is downed. Now the visitors begin to lose ground by bad playing; they allow their rush line to be broken repeatedly, and they are soon down the field till Gerker thinks he is close enough to try a goal from field but he fails and the ball is brought to the 25 yard line. The two teams now play rather evenly. The college loses and gains, and find the visitors' weight hard to overcome. But the superior training of the collegians begins to tell and they finally force their adversaries close down upon their goal. Still Pond retains the ball, but in passing, their quarter back fumbles, Perkins rushes through the line seizes the treacherous goose egg, and plants it down behind the goal line. Capt. Gerker thinks it too near the angle of the field, seizes from the prostrated Perkins and transfers to the middle of the posts and a second later Perkins kicks a goal, score College 12; Still Pond 0. Ball goes to middle of field and Still Pond tries a pass but is too slow and their quarter back is downed by Perkins before he has moved 6 inches. The ball goes to the college and after gaining little on several downs they resort to rushing which succeeds, finally Gerker tries a kick, Still Pond fails to return to any advantage, and very soon Twilley gets the ball rushes through the line and scores another touch-down, but Perkins fails for goal just as time is called. Score, College 16; Still Pond 0.

Second half, the two teams change goals. Still Pond starts the ball with a dribble, passes to Thomas who kicks well. Twilley catches but does no return to any advantage. Still Pond now has the ball but does not keep it long. A bad play causes Bunting to get his hands on the ball, and goes thundering down the field with no one in front of him, not even a full back. But Thomas is too swift for him, catches him before he can make the coveted goal and downs him. Some good passing now by the college puts the ball in Twilley's hand, and he is quickly behind the posts, scoring a touch-down 4 minutes after play; Perkins again fails for goal. Score, College 20; Still Pond 0. Ball again brought out and after a kick college gets it and after two successful runs by Twilley and Gerker, another touch down is secured but Perkins again fails for goal. Sore College 24; Still Pond 0. Again the college gets the ball after a kick and soon Twilley and Gerker have by good passing secured another touch-down and this time Perkins does not fail for goal. Score, College 30; Still Pond 0. After this the ball goes dangerously near the college goal and it looks as if Still Pond is going to save herself a shut out, but Gerker standing behind the goal line makes a good kick, receives it on the return and makes a good run of 20 yards. College resorts to rushing and the superior training and tactics of the college soon push the Still Pond team back to their goal, and in feinting for a rush, Twilley gets the ball on a pass and secures another touch-down and Perkins kicks a goal just as time is called. Score, College 36; Still Pond 0.

NATIONAL AID FOR THE WORLD'S FAIR.—Senator Ingalls has introduced in the United States Senate a bill to aid and secure the commemoration of the four hundredth anniversary of the discovery of America. The bill provides that the President shall appoint, by and with the consent of the Senate, a commission, consisting of two members from each State, of different political affiliations, two from the District of Columbia, and one from each of the Territories. The President is authorized to extend an invitation to all the American nations and States, inviting them to unite in celebrating the anniversary. Should Italy, Spain or other European powers desire to join in the celebration they shall be invited. The bill provides that the commission shall meet in Washington after thirty days' notice and organize. It shall then secure a site by purchase or otherwise for the convocation of nations of an area not less than 300 acres of ground. The President shall apportion the land for the buildings of the various countries, each one to select its own style of architecture. The appropriations are as follows: For the purchase of ground, $5,000,000; for grading and clearing, $1,500,000; for building of the United States, $500,000; for incidental expenses, $1,000,000; total, $8,000,000.

AGRICULTURAL INTERESTS.

The Still Pond Club Meeting—Discussion—Fattening Stock and Poultry—Marketing Calves—The Fence Question Again Touched—Pears—Will Manure Cause Blight?—Laundries and Bakeries Not Wanted—Club Purchases—Improving County Roads to be Discussed Next.

STILL POND, Dec. 6, 1889.

The Club met to-day at the residence of Mr. Geo. W. Rodenhiser. The usual number was present and at the proper hour the president's gavel beat the summons to order.

The minutes of last meeting were read and approved. Asking questions was the next order of business. Fattening stock by the molasses process seemed to exercise some of the members. W. D. Pennington advised mixing the molasses with bran; some with cut feed; none seemed to doubt the fattening quality of the fluid, and, in time, we may look for its general use as an important factor in the fattening process.

W. D. Pennington claimed that a calf of his gained three lbs. per day by adding a tablespoonful of castor oil to each ration.

Mr. Rodenhiser gave milk, salt, and meal. After a calf is 5 weeks old he will do better without milk; give cabbage, meal and fodder.

W. D. Pennington said this will do for some calves but not for others.

Wm. Bowers: I give my calves meal at noon and allow them to suck cow night and morning.

J. W. Hickman: I tie both cow and calf and learn them to lead; can ride a horse and lead any of my cows or calves. I take the calves off at the 9th milking and keep them tied continually; if allowed to run, even in a large stable, they will run off more flesh than they will take on. It will ruin any cow to let calf run with her.

W. D. Pennington: Take calf off soon as milk is good; give skim milk and meal; if it scowers, heat an iron hot and heat the food and it will cure any case.

J. W. Hickman: The time to market Hereford or Short Horn is when they reach a weight of 200 lbs., which they will attain in 5 weeks.

Jas. S. Harris: A calf weighing 200 lbs. will always bring the top of the market if in good condition.

Pennington: A neighbor of mine raised a calf which weighed over 600 lbs. at seven month's old. A man who always ships the best of anything is sure to get the best prices. A commodity of any kind labeled with his name is a signal for high prices.

Kruzen: Is it best to confine turkeys when fattening?

Hickman: Put turkeys in a dark cellar, stuff with corn meal and brick dust and it will fatten them in an incredible short time.

Rodenhiser: I have known geese stuffed in fattening which weighed 40 lbs.; wheat is best for laying hens, corn for fattening.

Pennington: How should celery be treated in winter?

Kruzen: Trench it as you would trees, covering with rails and fodder.

Harris: Have members who have no fences suffered from depredations of stock?

P.: Have not suffered a loss of $5 in two years.

N. Barnard: $1 would cover my loss; fences cost one-third and often one-half the value of a farm. Can farmers afford so great an outlay these hard times? Wake up to the inevitable; the fence must go.

P.: What varieties of pear should we plant?

Harris: Bartlett, Duchesse and Mannig's Elizabeth; the latter will be small if land is poor or trees old; would also plant Howell if I were not a peach grower. They ripen with Crawford's Late. Southern pears will injure the price of pears in the future. The Le Conte is grown there in great abundance.

P.: The market statements the past season quoted Bartlett at $3 per barrel and Le Conte at $3.50. Picked mine Sep. 1st; they are of excellent flavor when not too ripe, otherwise they are mealy.

Barnard: Whole orchards of this variety blighted in the South this year. Will manuring cause blight?

Harris; A successful pear grower says he never stops to consider that question. The blight will strike us occasionally, anyhow, manure or not; so the best plan is to manure annually and get more and better fruit and higher prices. If they blight, plant others in the same holes. The disease is not in the roots but in the tops.

Dinner was now announced and all repaired at once to the dining room. Our iron-clad rule, confining our bill of fare to a plain, substantial repast, forbid any elaborate effort on the part of our good matron. But I am sure never was a meal more heartily enjoyed than this. Not an item was on the table but was cooked or baked in the most approved manner.

As soon as we felt comfortable after dinner our joint session was called to order. The ladies now took a prominent part. Our secretary, Mr. Kruzen, read the minutes of our morning session and the secretary, Mrs. Harris, of the ladies' organization read their minutes and were both approved.

One of the sterner sex ventured the suggestion that a laundry be organized in the neighborhood, and the way the ladies floored this proposition was somewhat remarkable.

Mrs. J. S. Harris was the first speaker. She said that if such an institution was started they would all bolt in less than a month; the cost would be greater, troublesome to carry clothing there and back; the delay in returning the fabrics would be irksome, etc.

Mrs. Rodenhiser: She did not approve of the enterprise, was fearful of this bolt, clothing might get wet carting them to and from the establishment, would be no economy in it, was satisfied with the old way.

Mrs. H. Kruzen: Also apprehensive of a bolt, cost too much, clothing would get rumpled in transit, do not want any change.

Mrs. Wm. Bowers: Would not trust her clothing in the hands of strangers; they might mix them and misfits be the consequence.

Mrs. W. D. Pennington would bolt now, was afraid they could not get along harmoniously, she wanted to live friendly with everybody and would run no risks.

Some one ventured the remark that love and unity would prevail; no trouble in getting along peaceably and pointed out as an example their brothers, fathers and cousins in Still Pond. Several enterprises had been started there sometime back and it was interesting to note the harmony and unity that prevailed in such cases. Then a burst of laughter broke forth and drowned out further remarks; and we men just kept quiet for the sake of peace.

Then some busy male member suggested that a bakery be started, it would make our wives and daughters so much less work. This suggestion met a like fate, our sisters did not want it. They knew their bread was pure and sweet now. When such labor was entrusted to other hands, they would not guarantee such results; then a "man" claimed it would be a blessing to the bachelors in our midst, they could buy their bread and live well.

Now, there were some young ladies present and this idea met with opposition. If bachelors were made too comfortable they probably could not be induced to marry. This argument was too powerful for us, so we said not another word about it.

The poultry question now came up for discussion. Mrs. Rodenhiser thought her hens layed but few eggs when the price was good and a great many when the price was low. She mixes their food with milk, which has the effect of increasing the quantity of eggs.

Mrs. Kruzen found corn with occasional change the best diet.

Mrs. Bowers: We use corn mainly, with good results.

Mrs. Pennington: It is desirable to keep hens comfortable. Let them out in the snow and they will cease to lay.

Mrs. Harris: We gave ours access to 300 bus. of shells and never before or since have they produced as many eggs.

Hickman: Our hens get wheat, corn, offal, cooked meat, mush and a little of every thing about the house and farm, and the results are highly satisfactory, both in eggs and chicks.

Barnard: Do not believe in nursing chickens too much. If you provide everything for them they soon become too lazy to scratch; exercise is good for every living thing and hens should earn their bread by the sweat of their brow.

Messrs. Editors, my paper is already too long and your space too valuable to give further attention to our proceedings, suffice it to say that the secretary was instructed to procure wholesale catalogues of wearing apparel and other goods, with a view of making purchases of many domestic articles and farm machinery. The asparagus beetle and other insects were discussed at length.

The following question was adopted for discussion at our next meeting:

Is there not a sufficient sum expended in temporarily improving our leading county roads every ten years to macadamize them and pay the annual interest on the sum so invested? Adjourned to meet at the residence of Mr. Henry Krusen the last Thursday in Dec., the day after Christmas.

EUSEBIUS.

THE PRICE TOO HIGH.—Miss Gwendoline Caldwel has been interviewed in Paris on the subject of her broken engagement with Prince Murat. She says her lawyers induced her to tell the Prince his financial demand for his title in exchange for her wealth and companionship were too steep. She would marry him tomorrow if demands were les unreasonable. Miss Caldwell's lawyer says her income is about $100,000 a year, the greater part of which the Prince wanted control. Prince Murat's counsel says his demand was "a bagatelle of about $60,000 a year for necessary expenses, and a small consideration aside from that, which did not amount to much." The "small consideration" was a cash advance of about $500,000 which would free him from all his obligations and place him in control of a large amount of property.

WANTS HIS COUNTRY'S NAME CHANGED.—The following is a petition signed by D. Edmund Webster, which Vice-President Morton has laid before the United States Senate: "I would propose that we change the name of the United States of America to the United States of Columbia, and do partial, though tardy justice, to the first real discoverer of the country, and put it to vote at the next national election. I think something of the kind has been mentioned in Congress before. I am in my eighty-second year and as poor as Job's turkey, but I thought of this many years and would like to see this done while I live.

Christmas Entertainments!

IN LECTURE ROOM OF BOND M. E. CHURCH
—ON—
TUEDAY EVENING, Decem'r 24.
RECITTIONS, DIALOGUES, TABLEAUX, VOCAL and INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.
Admison, 30 cents; - Children, Half Price.
Doors open at 7 o'clock.

Thurday Evening, December 26th,
Pro John G. Robinson and Family,
GRAN VOCAL and INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC
Admison, 30 cents; - Children, Half Price.
Doors open at 7 o'clock. d7-3t.*

—GREAT—
Over Stock Sale!

CONFIDENCE
—BEGETS—
CONFIDENCE,

and because we have always made it a rule to give our trade something better than we promised for the money, their confidence in us grows right along. Here's a hint or two on Men's Suits: Lots have been still cut into; other lots sold way down, but we have 3,000 too many and they're to go.

$10, First-class Cheviot and Cassimere Suits were $15, now only $10.
$15, Splendid Cutaway and Dress Suits. Many were $18, $20 and $22, now only $15.
$20, Elegant Imported Cheviot and Cassimere Suits, now only $20. Cost you $30 elsewhere.

These are hints of what we are doing at

OEHM'S ACME HALL.

BOYS' and Young Men's Clothing!

We clothe more boys and young men than any other three houses in the trade. Why? Simply because we give best values for bottom prices.

FOR THE LITTLE BOYS—
Knee Pants Suits, Norfolks, Knickerbickers and all other elegant styles. Price $2.50 upward.

FOR YOUNG MEN—
4-button Sack Suits, 3-button Cutaways, Walking Suits, Prince Albert or Prince Charles Styles. Price $5.50 to $20.

You would hardly believe it possible to get such a stock and styles as we show unless you beheld our wonderful assortment of Boys' Clothing. Moreover, we clothe YOUR BOY from hat to hose at

OEHM'S ACME HALL.

FURNISHINGS.

It is surprising what a little cash and a clearly expressed letter will do (if you can't call in person) towards fitting you out stylish and comfortably with Neckwear, Shirts, Collars, Cuffs and all the requisites and neat things of a gentleman's smaller wardrobe. Guarantee you a clear saving of one-fourth at least.

COME TO SEE US when you are in the city, whether to buy, to look or to rest. Our great establishment with all its convenience is at your service. And remember, our Clothing and Furnishings Stock is the largest in the South, and we save you ¼ to ½ on every purchase you make.

OEHM'S ACME HALL,
5 and 7 WEST BALTIMORE ST.
1 Door from Charles St.
December 14, 1889.

FOR RENT for the year 1890:
DWELLING HOUSE corner Princess and Cannon Streets, Chestertown.
o12-tf. Apply to H. C. CHASE.

FOR RENT for 1890.
A STORE HOUSE at LYNCH'S, Kent county—an excellent stand for a general store and drug store, on moderate terms. Apply to R. D. HYNSON, Att'y, Chestertown, or to JULIA A. HOSSINGER, Lynch's.
a17-tf

FOR RENT for the year 1890:
The STORE-HOUSE and DWELLING at Grey's Inn Wharf. For further particulars apply to S. J. WICKES, Rock Hall P. O., Kent co., Md.
no30-3t.

FOR RENT:
The STANLEY PROPERTY situated near Still Pond. Good Dwelling, 14 Acres of Land. Terms, $100, payable semi-annually.
Address N. McQUAY, Rock Hall.
no30-3t.*

FOR RENT for 1890:
DWELLING HOUSE on Mill street, in Chestertown, suitable for a small family. Apply to MARY A. DAVIS, Chestertown.
d7-3t.

FOR RENT for Next Year:
THE DWELLING and STORE HOUSE, in Chestertown, on High near Kent street, adjoining Wheatley's Corner, and now occupied by Mr. Jas. B. Sappington. A good stand for most any kind of business, and a desirable residence.
Apply to JOHN F. HOWARD, Chestertown.
d7-tf.

FOR RENT for 1889:
A DWELLING and STORE-HOUSE combined, located at STANLEY.
Apply to W. J. COLEMAN, Still Pond P. O., Md.
d7-3t.*

This Month

WE TURN ON THE ELECTRIC
!!!! LIGHT! !!!!!

To give publicity to the EXTREMELY LOW PRICES we are now asking

—FOR THE—
Best Made!
Best Trimmed!
Best Fitting!
—AND—
Most Stylish CLOTHING
TO BE FOUND IN
CHESTERTOWN!

Now Look at these FIGURES:

ON OVERCOATS:—A Genuine English Kersey Overcoat, perfect in fit, perfect in finish and satin lined for $8.75. This is the Overcoat we advertised last month for $10.00, and sold lots of them to customers who pronounced them the cheapest they ever saw. If they were cheap at $10.00 what are they at $8.75? This is only one of a hundred just such bargains in Overcoats. This month we will sell you a very nice Overcoat for a child from four to fourteen years of age for only $1.25, better grades for $2.00, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00, &c. We will give you your choice of nearly 100 Children's Suits for only $2.00, many of which cost nearly double this amount to produce.

MEN'S SUITS in Sack and Cutaways, strictly all-wool. Hondreds of them for only $7.50. Many of them sold for $10.00, $12.00 and as high as $15.00. Come in and prove it. Don't buy them if you are not thoroughly convinced of the truth of what I say.

GENTLEMEN'S DRESS SUITS.—There never was a finer line in our town than I have at present. All fresh and new, bought from Schloss Bros. & Co., the recognized leaders of Fine Clothing in America. They are Tailor Made in every particular, and far cheaper than you can buy them in the city.

MY STOCK OF CLOTHING IS LARGER than it ever was and Must Move, and my object in giving these extremely LOW PRICES is to move the great bulk of it before January. If you don't want to buy, come in and look, so that you can tell your neighbor who may want to buy, what we are doing.

Respectfully, &c.,
T. S. BORDLEY,
Dec. 14, 1889. BORDLEY'S CORNER.

CHRISTMAS GREETING!

COLIN F. STAM

BEGS TO ANNOUNCE THAT HE WILL HAVE A GRAND OPENING OF

CHRISTMAS GOODS

At His Store,
On SATURDAY, Dec. 14.

A general invitation is extended to the public to visit him on that day. His stock will embrace presents and Christmas tokens suitable for all persons and all ages.

STAM, on the, Corner, under Stam's Hall; the Flag on the tower of hall will show you the place. Remember the Grand Opening at 9 A. M., Saturday morning.
Chestertown Dec. 7, 1889.

Holliday Goods!

—GO TO—
C. M. LUCAS'
JEWELRY STORE

and see his Beautiful Jewelry. He has laid in for the Christmas Holidays. He has some Little Watches for Young Ladies, only $30, Stem-winders and Solid Gold. These watches are made by the Waltham & Elgin Watch Co. He also has
RINGS, SLEEVE BUTTONS, JERSEY PINS, SCARF PINS, HANDSOME CLOCKS, and RODGERS' TRIPLE PLATE.
☞Call and see for yourself. d7.

To the Ladies, Only!

LOOK, NOW IS YOUR CHANCE TO GET THE BEST
Sewing Machine Made
FOR THE LEAST MONEY!
—THE NEW—
{HIGH-ARM}
WHEELER & WILSON, No. 9.

The only machine made in the world that makes a Lock-Stitch without the use of a shuttle. I have sold 94 this year, all of which give perfect satisfaction. I have them in Walnut, Oak and Cherry Woodwork, CHEAP FOR THE CASH, and will give FIFTEEN MONTHS on the Installment Plan to pay for one. Old machines taken in trade.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Thanking the public for past favors I solicit a share in the future. Give me a call. Address
CHAS. J. REICHE,
Nov. 16, 1689. Chestertown, Kent Co., Md.

FOR SALE!
Orchilla Guano!

A PURE BIRD DEPOSIT WITHOUT MANIPULATION.

Has stood the test for seventeen years by experienced farmers. None has proven equal to it as a permanent Improver. For Corn, Grass and PEACH TREES especially.
E. J. WATSON,
o12-6m. CHESTERTOWN.

NOTICE.

The Board of County Commissioners for Kent county give notice that no articles or supplies of any kind for Kent county, purchased by any county officer, supervisor or agent, will be recognized by the board unless such purchase or purchases have been made upon the written order of the County Commissioner of the district in which the party purchasing such supplies or goods may reside.
By order of the board,
T. WATERS RUSSELL, Clerk.
Nov. 26, 1889.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE
—OF A—
VALUABLE
PEACH FARM!

BY VIRTUE of the power and authority contained in a certain mortgage from James Rankin and wife and Montgomery Rankin and wife, to George B. Westcott, dated the 21st day of December, 1886, and recorded among the land records of Kent county, Maryland, in Liber S. B., No. 8, Folio 481, &c., the undersigned as assignee of said mortgage, will offer at Public Sale,

At the Court House Door in Chestertown, Maryland, on

Tuesday, the 17th of December, 1889

AT ELEVEN O'CLOCK A. M., ALL THAT

Valuable Farm

lying in the Fifth Election District of Kent county, Maryland, on the public road leading from St. Paul's Church to the village of Georgetown, about two miles from Tolchester Beach, composed of parts of the tracts called ARCADIA and THE ECCLESTON TRACTS, &c., and now generally known as

"Caulk's Field Farm,"
CONTAINING
213 ACRES
OF LAND,

MORE OR LESS, and which is more particularly described in the aforesaid mortgage.

THE IMPROVEMENTS consist of a
—SUBSTANTIAL—
Brick Dwelling House,
GRANARY and CORN-HOUSE, and other usual OUTBUILDINGS.

There is about 6,000 PEACH TREES,

five and six years