Kent News.

SATURDAY.....Dec. 28, 1889.

Sales to Take Place.

Jan. 7—Real estate, by Hope H. Barroll, assignee of mortgage.
Jan. 8—Stock sale by Mrs. S. E. Sutton, J. C. Sutton, Jr., Wm. C. Sutton.
Jan. 9—Mrs. Mary E. Wilson administratrix of Wm. Wilson will sell the personal property of deceased.
Jan. 14—Real estate, by W. A. Miller, mortgagee.

A GREAT MAN GONE.

Henry W. Grady, of Georgia, was a great man. He was but 38 years old, but his death is a felt loss to the whole nation, a special loss to the South and to his own State. His last speech at Boston the other day—the delivery of which may be said to have brought about his death—is a fitting monument of his genius and impassioned eloquence. It thrilled the country with its assertion of the right of the white race of the South to intelligent government and its determination never again to submit to the misrule of the African. Mr. Grady's speech on this occasion was remarkable not only for its fervor and frankness—which conciliated his most unrelenting political opponents—but also for its wealth of recent fact, concisely stated and conclusive upon the point he had in view.

Mr. Grady's fame as an orator was established throughout the United States by his address before the New England Society of New York on the evening of December 22, 1886. He was the first out-and-out Southerner to be invited to a dinner of the New England Society. He chose for his subject "The New South," a topic requiring very delicate handling. His address fully sustained the highest expectations of his friends and surprised those who were but slightly acquainted with his powers. It was pronounced the feature of the occasion and the best speech that had been delivered in New York in many years. Mr. Grady began by saying that he spoke of the new South not as a disparagement of the old, but as the product of new conditions. He sketched the footsore Southern soldier, buttoning up in his faded gray jacket the parole which was taken as a testimony to his children of his fidelity and faith, turning his face southward from Appomattox in April, 1865, ragged, half-starved, heavy-hearted, enfeebled by want and wounds, having fought to exhaustion, surrendered his gun, wrung the hands of his comrades and lifted his tear-stained and pallid face for the last time to the graves which dot the old Virginia hills. He finds his home in ruins, his farm devastated, his slaves freed, his stock killed, his barns empty, his trade destroyed, his money worthless, his social system, feudal in its magnificence, swept away, his people without law or legal status, his comrades slain and the burdens of others heavy on his shoulder. Crushed by defeat, his very traditions gone, without money, credit, employment, material or training, and besides this confronted with the gravest problem that ever met human intelligence—the establishing of a status for the vast body of his liberated slaves—what does he do, this hero in gray, with a heart of gold? Does he sit down in sullenness and despair? Not for a day. The soldier stepped from the trenches into the furrow; horses that had charged federal guns marched before the plow, and fields that ran red with human blood in April were green with the harvest of June; women reared in luxury cut up their dresses and made breeches for their husbands, and with a patience and heroism that fits a woman always as a garment gave their hands to work. The speaker then enumerated the evidences of industrial progress in the South and its advance in all that makes a people great. He was repeatedly interrupted by the cheers of the New Englanders, and the speech exerted a marked influence in bringing about an understanding between the people of the North and South.

Hon. Henry W. Grady was editor of the *Constitution*, Atlanta, Ga., and died of pneumonia in that city on the 12th inst. On the twelfth of this month he made the notable speech above referred to on the race problem in the South at the banquet of the Boston Merchants, an extract from which was published in the NEWS last week. He caught cold while away and was carried home ill, reaching Atlanta on the 17th. He went to Boston against the advice of his physician, as he was threatened with pneumonia. In Boston and other places he greatly exposed himself, and contracted a new cold when delivering his Boston speech. He was only 38 years old, but was one of the ablest writers and finest orators in the whole country.

PREPARING FOR THE CENSUS NEXT YEAR.—In preparing for the eleventh census, to be taken in 1890, Superintendent Porter has issued the first bulletin of the bureau, determining the number of districts and supervisors for each State in the Union, as well as the Territories and the District of Columbia. Maryland has been laid off into three districts, the first including Baltimore city and county; the second, the counties of Caroline, Cecil, Dorchester, Harford, Kent, Queen Anne's, Somerset, Talbot, Wicomico and Worcester; and the third, the counties of Allegany, Anne Arundel, Calvert, Carroll, Charles, Frederick, Garrett, Howard, Montgomery, Prince George's, St. Mary's and Washington. On the supervisors, it must be supposed, will devolve the general work of directing the local enumeration and collection of data required. To make the census valuable it is highly important that these officials should be intelligent and competent to take charge of the work, and, above all, that the best class of subordinates should be selected to operate in the subdivisions of the census districts. For both it is necessary that the appointees shall be faithful, honest, industrious and intelligent men—selected for their competency and willingness to work—and for no other reason. The census is an important business undertaking, depending for its value solely on the accuracy and painstaking honesty with which it is done.

TWENTY YEARS AT OCEAN GROVE.—The twentieth anniversary of the organization of the Ocean Grove Camp Meeting Association was celebrated last Sunday. Rev. Dr. E. H. Stokes presided. He delivered the anniversary sermon in the St. Paul Methodist Episcopal Church before an audience which crowded the edifice. Dr. Stokes' text was the words, "In the beginning God," from the first verse of the Bible. He reviewed the history of the association. Twenty years ago, he said, the Ocean Grove site was covered with trees, brambles and sand dunes. There are now twelve hundred buildings, sewer, electric light and water system, thirty miles of sidewalks and thirteen miles of avenues. During its existence the association's meetings have fully occupied five years' time. Many other towns are the direct outgrowth of the work of Ocean Grove. When the association was formed people jeered at the idea of a Christian seaside town. "God has greatly blessed the work here," said Dr. Stokes. "Our restrictions are often misunderstood. We insist upon a strict observance of the Christian Sabbath. We prohibit wordly diversions, the sale of tobacco, the sale of liquor and the use of liquor, except in cases of extreme necessity."

Matrimonial.

By 1.30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon Dec. 18th, the parlor at 915 North Calhoun street, Baltimore, the home of the bride's parents, was pretty well crowded with invited guests, anxiously waiting to witness the marriage ceremonies of Mr. GEORGE W. OWENS, of Betterton, Kent county, Maryland, and Miss IDA REED, of Baltimore, Maryland. At about 2 o'clock the happy couple entered the parlor and were at once joined in holy wedlock by the Rev. Mr. Grub. The bride looked perfectly lovely. She wore a dress of amethyst color, Henrietta cloth, and the groom was attired in a neat suit of black. After the marriage we were invited back in another room where we found ice-cream, lemonade and cake in abundance. After the refreshments the bridal party took the Ericsson Line Steamer at 5 o'clock, and should have arrived at their destination, Betterton, at 9 P. M., but the heavy fog interfered with the trip, so they arrived about 9 next A. M. When we got to the future home of the newly made man and wife, we were again made happy, for there we found a large table almost groaning beneath the weight of oysters, wild duck, geese, turkey, and in fact almost everything imaginable that is good to eat. About sixty of the groom's friends, in and around Betterton, had been invited to help put this grand display of grub away. All in all it was a grand affair. They were the recipients of numerous, fine and useful presents, such as silver butter dish from Henry Shaw, Phila.; handsome china tea set from the groom's brother, John S. Owens; two silver castors, large French plate mirror, china table set, bed-room sets, and many more useful articles from their numerous friends. We sincerely wish them a happy and prosperous life.

GALENA LOCALS.

Mrs. J. Thomas Penington has been sick in Philadelphia for the past 3 weeks, Dr. Latimer, of this place, attending her, staying there nearly two weeks the first visit. During the remainder of the time she was in Philadelphia Dr. L. was telegraphed to visit her twice and under his skillful treatment her improvement was so great that she was able to be moved in a special car to Seaford, Del., the home of Mr. P.'s brother, accompanied by Dr. L. It is not often our country doctors are called to see patients in the city; it is generally the reverse.

Mr. E. Gooding suffered a slight paralysis of the tongue a few days ago, otherwise his health is good. His physician thinks he will soon be all right again, which is the sincere hope of his many friends here.

Mr. R. O. Pennington, of Fredericktown, caught a golden carp in the Sassafras river some distance above the bridge; it weighed 17 pounds. He caught several others at the same time, some of them weighing as much as 8 lbs.

Our Oyster Bay was gaily decked out with flags and evergreen and Chinese lanterns in honor of Christmas. We don't think that any one was drowned in the bay. The small boys had their usual Christmas sport with fire crackers, bonfires, etc., otherwise we had a very quiet Xmas. The people of our town were awakened out of their slumbers by the bells of the churches ringing on Xmas morning at 6 A. M.; it was something new here.

Father Murphy held an early service on Xmas morning with a good attendance.

Mr. Wm. A. Miller has been sick for some time but seems to be better at this writing judging by his good humor.

On last Saturday night a large crowd of colored men got into a fracas at one of the branches close by; they used firearms freely and several of them got shot in the melee.

Christmas passed off very quietly with but few exceptions, there having been seen but two or three under the influence of strong drink. Services were held in M. E. Chapel Christmas night and were well attended. The usual treat for Sunday School was held Thursday night in the chapel. Christmas services will be held at Galena and Locust Grove next Sunday. Subjects for Galena, in the morning "Lowliness and Greatness of Jesus," and in the evening "Jesus the King"—a continuation of the series of sermons on heaven. At Locust Grove "Birth and Kingdom of Christ." Watch night services will be held on Tuesday beginning at 10 P. M., subject, "Our Shadowy Life." P.

The Local Market.

For country produce the stores here were dealing yesterday as follows for

Dressed turkey hens	16c.	per lb.
" " gobblers	12½c.	"
" ducks and chickens	10@12c.	"
" geese	10c.	"
Country sausage	12c.	"
Country butter	25c.	"
Eggs	18c.	a doz.

There is nothing doing here this week in corn.

The House Committees.

The House committees for the Fifty-first Congress were announced on Saturday. Nearly all of the Maryland members have been assigned to important committees, where they can do valuable work for their constituents and the State generally.

Mr. Gibson again sits at the river and harbor table and is exceedingly pleased. There was a lively contest for places on that committee, for a river and harbor bill is about due for passage during the present Congress. There are several important improvements under way in Maryland rivers and harbors, and Mr. Gibson is not modest in asking for what he thinks the State should have. He is also assigned to the committee on militia. In the last Congress he had four committees: rivers and harbors, militia, printing and government printing office.

Mr. Stump goes to the committee on immigration and naturalization, which promises to be one of more than usual importance during the present Congress by reason of the numerous propositions that will come before it for investigation.

Mr. Rusk, after a lively struggle, secured a reassignment to the naval committee. This was one of the last committees completed, and there was a strong competition among certain democrats. His second assignment is to the committee on Indian depredations.

Mr. Compton's familiarity with District affairs was recognized, and he goes back to the District committee. As that is one of the hardest working committees in the House, he is relieved from any other assignments. Last Congress, in addition to the District committee, he served on labor and ventilation and acoustic.

Mr. Stockbridge is very well satisfied with his assignments to the committee on commerce and committee on mines and mining.

As was to be expected Mr. McComas received excellent treatment in spite of the fact that he was anti-Reed man in the late contest for the speakership. His assignment to the committee on appropriations is in itself quite a prize, but in addition he also has a place on the committee on election of the President and Congress. From a political standpoint this is regarded as one of the most prominent committees in the present Congress, and there was a lively scramble for positions upon it. Last Congress Mr. McComas had but one committee.

Christmas at Rock Hall.

Rock Hall never appeared to better advantage on a Christmas occasion than it did on Wednesday last. And all without the aid of "Old King Alcohol" too. The people seemed to be in a general happy mood all day; the feastings, the reunions, and the social joys were noticeable on every hand.

At night there was a general illumination. The dwellings and business houses were bright with blazing lights and pretty flags, while the streets of the town were thronged with happy citizens. A big cannon was hauled up from one of the boats—planted in the open street—and a salute of twenty rounds fired in honor of the glad day.

The M. E. Church held an evening service appropriate to the day, and there was not standing room in the sacred edifice. Pastor McQuay certainly had cause for thankfulness over the success of this service. The Sunday School children were out in force and were duly recognized by "Old Kris" in the distribution of gifts.

Hurrah for Christmas! Happy Christmas without drunkenness! W.

Forgetting an Old Friend—The Weather and Prices in the West.

A lady subscriber in Stephenson county, Illinois, in remitting her subscription to the NEWS, takes occasion to remark:

Were it not for the NEWS I would not know what was going on in Kent, for not one of those whom I *thought* my friends write to me. I am entirely forgotten in my native land. What joyous days I spent on dear old "Tulip Forest," with my idolized parents who are now sleeping their last sleep. "Light lie the mould upon their good gray heads."

We are having one of the mildest winters ever experienced in this State. The plows are still running, and what is more, the ground is in excellent order. The pearl craze is close by us, but have not sought any ourselves. Produce is way down—oats 17c., corn 25c., rye 35c. with us. But farther south corn is 12 and oats 7c. M. A. L.

What is Wanted for Rock Hall.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—In last week's KENT NEWS an article was published commending an application for dredging out Rock Hall creek. That is not what the interest of that community needs. What it needs and what should be done is the cutting across Swan Point opposite the wharves at Deep Landing, which would enable the steamers B. S. Ford and Gratitude to make the trip to Baltimore in half an hour less time than the present; and then if the Kent County Railroad Company could be induced to extend their road to Deep Landing, it would give an additional through travel from Baltimore and the South to New York via Bombay Hook and New Jersey Central, and give the farmers in the lower section the advantage of Philadelphia and New York markets as well as Baltimore.

A CITIZEN OF THE FIFTH DISTRICT.

ROME, Italy, Dec. 10, 1889.

DEAR NEWS:—I have visited Naples and the ruins of Pompeii; gathered some ferns in the cells of wild beasts in the old amphitheatre of Herculaneum; have been sketching in a mountain village just behind Vesuvius; returned to Rome, where we have spent a month in studying art among the historical ruins of the Roman Forum, Palaces of the Cæsars, Thermal of Caruculla, and the most picturesque environs of this eternal city. Rome is so gratifying, as everything is as described. Hope to send the NEWS a long letter later on, giving details of this trip; weather now very fine, clear and cold; Alps outside city crested with snow. To old Kent and native land merry Christmas and happy New Year.

ROSALIE MITCHELL.

ORPHANS' COURT, Tuesday, December 24.—Present Judges Walker, Fisher and Moffett.

Letters testamentary on the personal estate of Henrietta E. Howard were granted unto B. Howard Haman of Baltimore city. The will of Mrs. Matilda C. Pearce was filed for probate.

STATISTICS OF SOUTHERN LOSS AND GROWTH.—The Manufacturers' *Record* of Dec. 20, in showing the phenomenal increase of wealth in the South since 1880, incidentally portrays the vast loss inflicted on that section by the event of the civil war. In 1860 the assessed value of property in the whole United States was $12,000,000,000, of which the South had $5,200,000,000, or 44 per cent. The South was at that time the rich and prosperous section. Mississippi, for example, had $160,000,000 more of property than Connecticut, and was fourth in the list of States in per capita valuation. The census of 1870 indicated a vast destruction of property in the vanquished section. It had but $3,064,000,000 of assessed valuation, as against $5,200,000,000 ten years before, the loss being $2,100,000,000. The *Record* estimates the real loss at fully $5,000,000,000. As the *Record* puts the valuation for 1889 at $4,220,156,400, it would appear that the South is still poorer than she was in 1860. Her present rate of increase is, however, very rapid, the gain since 1880 being $1,306,729,927. The *Tradesman* of Chattanooga, going upon data obtained from Governors and comptrollers-general, places the present population of the South at 19,489,150, the gain since 1880 being at the rate of 3.3 per cent. per annum.

WEALTH OF THE UNITED STATES.—The New York *World* has obtained from the treasurer of each State the value of property as assessed for taxation. The census office in 1886 made a report of its exhaustive and laborious inquiry into the proportions existing in each State between taxed property and actual wealth, which range between 25 per cent. in Illinois and 68 in Wyoming. The *World's* report shows an increase in taxable property of $6,963,000,000, and an increase in actual wealth of $18,162,000,000 since 1880. The total wealth is $61,450,000,000, exclusive of the public property, and $3,093,000,000 property invested and owned abroad. The assessed value of taxed property and our actual wealth at different decades has been:

Year.	Assessed Value.	Actual Wealth.
1850	$ 5,287,613,148	$13,652,499,739
1860	12,084,500,005	31,201,310,676
1870	11,342,789,366	30,068,618,507
1880	16,902,993,543	43 642,000,000
1889	23,719,000,000	61,459,000,000

The wealth of the United States now exceeds the total wealth of the whole world at any time previous to the middle of the eighteenth century, and the amount invested abroad is alone equal to the national wealth of Portugal and Denmark. The total wealth of only five nations is equal to the mere increase of the United States in the past nine years.

THERE are strong indications that the popular demand for restriction of immigration will receive attention during the present session of Congress. The President's recommendation upon the subject in his recent message and the bills introduced in the Senate and about to be introduced in the House show that in the opinion of practical politicians the question is already ripe for action.

Office Local Board of Health,

DECEMBER 12th, 1889.

Complaint has been made to me, as the executive office of the Local Board of Health, that parents and others had permitted children under their charge to attend school when exposed to contagious diseases.

The prevalence of German Measles (Rothelyn) in our midst, undoubtedly is due, in a large measure to want of proper care in this direction. Whilst German Measles is one of the mildest of contagious diseases it is not free from danger by any means, and if teachers, parents and others are derelect in their duty in mild diseases, they will prove so when the trouble is of a more serious and dangerous character. We publish below an extract from the law governing such cases, and earnestly hope some regard will be paid to its injunctions. It is not the desire of the board to deal harshly with any one, and hope it will not be necessary to do so:

Chapter 55, laws of 1882, sec. 5. "And be it enacted, That any person, parent or guardian or other party, who carelessly carry about children or others affected with infectious disease, or *who knowingly or willingly* introduce infectious persons into other people's houses, or *permit children* under their care to attend any *school, theatre, church* or any public place where they will be brought into contact with others, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred dollars in each and every case."

Respectfully,

W. FRANK HINES, M. D.,
d14-3t. (T.) Sec'y Local Board of Health

COMMENT ON MR. GRADY'S SPEECH.

The speech made by Henry W. Grady, of the *Atlanta Constitution*, before the Boston merchants, like the speech made by ex-President Cleveland on the same occasion, is not only provoking discussion in the Eastern papers, but also no little favorable comment. Mr. Grady boldly proclaimed the purpose of the white people of the South to maintain their political domination while doing all that it was possible to do to educate the colored people and protect them in the exercise of the industries for which they were fitted, and he contrasted the practice of the North in shutting out the colored people from all but a few employments with the more generous course pursued towards them at the South. It was one of the surprises of the day that his resolute and clear-spoken expression of the determination of the Southern white citizens to keep political control was loudly applauded by merchants and business men, who all or nearly all belong to the republican party. It was a proof of their consciousness of the difficulty of the problem with which the South has to deal. It was brought more closely home to them by the subsequent remarks of one of the most influential independent republican papers in Massachusetts when it stated, with praiseworthy impartiality, the case of the South in the light of the political ascendancy of the colored people, and in view of the terrible experiences of the Southerner during the reconstruction era, and said in substance and with emphasis, "Put yourself in his place." It is humiliating, says this New England journal, that the negro cannot have hope for fair play and a free ballot, but the value of a vote is in the intelligence with which it is used, and it asks whether the republican majority expected that the freedmen, when given the elective franchise, would make an intelligent use of their ballots. The answer is that it certainly did not, for the persistent and regular presentation of the Blair bill is a confession that the majority of the blacks are even at this day ill-fitted for the full exercise of citizenship. "Let us suppose"—it is the Springfield *Republican* who is teaching the object lesson—"that Boston were suddenly inundated with such an element until they outnumbered the white voters, can any one say that there would not in a short time be a solid Boston just as there is a solid South? Would intelligent Boston be content to be ruled by a propertyless throng? Why is it that Northern republicans settling in the South so soon fall into the habit of voting with the democratic white party? Three prominent republican speakers were sent into the third congressional district of Louisiana a few months ago to help out the party candidate and incidentally to see what a Southern election was like. One of them, Congressman Burrows, of Michigan, expected to be appointed on the House committee on elections, and any information he might obtain would greatly advance his usefulness. He and his associates returned wiser men." The moral of all this is to let the Southern people alone so long as they treat the colored people kindly and provide schools for their education, and do not harass them with federal election laws.

BALTIMORE MARKET.—The Baltimore papers of yesterday quote as follows:

WHEAT—Longberry, good to prime, 80@83.
CORN—white and yellow, 37@39.
OATS—28@30.

—GREAT—

Over Stock Sale!

CONFIDENCE
—BEGETS—
CONFIDENCE,

and because we have always made it a rule to give our trade something better than we promised for the money, their confidence in us grows right along. Here's a hint or two on Men's Suits: Lots have been still cut into; other lots sold way down, but we have 3,000 too many and they're to go.

$10, First-class Cheviot and Cassimere Suits were $15, now only $10.
$15, Splendid Cutaway and Dress Suits. Many were $18, $20 and $22, now only $15.
$20, Elegant Imported Cheviot and Cassimere Suits, now only $20. Cost you $30 elsewhere.

These are hints of what we are doing at

OEHM'S ACME HALL.

BOYS' and Young Men's Clothing!

We clothe more boys and young men than any other three houses in the trade. Why? Simply because we give best values for bottom prices.

FOR THE LITTLE BOYS—
Knee Pants Suits, Norfolks, Knickerbockers and all other elegant styles. Price $2.50 upward.

FOR YOUNG MEN—
4-button Sack Suits, 3-button Cutaways, Walking Suits, Prince Albert or Prince Charles Styles. Price $5.50 to $20.

You would hardly believe it possible to gather such a stock and styles as we show unless you beheld our wonderful assortment of Boys' Clothing. Moreover, we clothe YOUR BOY from hat to hose at

OEHM'S ACME HALL.

FURNISHINGS.

It is surprising what a little cash and a clearly expressed letter will do (if you can't call in person) towards fitting you out stylish and comfortably with Neckwear, Shirts, Collars, Cuffs and all the requisites and neat things of a gentleman's smaller wardrobe. Guarantee you a clear saving of one-fourth at least.

COME TO SEE US when you are in the city, whether to buy, to look or to rest. Our great establishment with all its convenience is at your service. And remember, our Clothing and Furnishings Stock is the largest in the South, and we save you ¼ to ½ on every purchase you make.

OEHM'S ACME HALL,
5 and 7 WEST BALTIMORE ST.
1 Door from Charles St.
December 14, 1889.

N. C. CROW

Is Still on the Corner of Kent and High Streets, Up Town,

Where you can at all times find a seasonable line of

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,
GROCERIES, PROVISIONS,
Gentlemen, Ladies and Children's Shoes

CIGARS AND TOBACCO,

We keep the WM. LEA & SONS' FLOUR for sale by the barrel or sack, we think as cheap as you can get it from the city, and we think their flour has no superior. Come and see us and be convinced that our goods are good and cheap. Country produce wanted

N. C. CROW,
m7 Up Town.

WHITE BLANKETS from $1 per pair up.
J. H. SIMPERS.

This Month

WE TURN ON THE ELECTRIC
!!!! LIGHT! !!!!!

To give publicity to the EXTREMELY LOW PRICES we are now asking

—FOR THE—

Best Made!
Best Trimmed!
Best Fitting!

—AND—

Most Stylish CLOTHING

TO BE FOUND IN
CHESTERTOWN!

Now Look at these FIGURES:

ON OVERCOATS:—A Genuine English Kersey Overcoat, perfect in fit, perfect in finish and satin lined for $8.75. This is the Overcoat we advertised last month for $10.00, and sold lots of them to customers who pronunced them the cheapest they ever saw. If they were cheap at $10.00 what are they at $8.75? This is only one of a hundred just such bar gains in Overcoats. This month we will sell you a very nice Overcoat for a child from four to fourteen years of age for only $1.25, better grades for $2.00, $3.00, $4.00, $5.00, &c. We will give you your choice of nearly 100 Children's Suits for only $2.00, many of which cost nearly double this amount to produce.

MEN'S SUITS in Sack and Cutaways, strictly all-wool. Hundreds of them for only $7.50. Many other sold for $10.00, $12.00 and as high as $15.00. Come in and prove it. Don't buy them if you are not thoroughly convinced of the truth of what I say.

GENTLEMEN'S DRESS SUITS.—There never was a finer line in our town than I have at present. All fresh and new, bought from Schloss Bros. & Co., the recognized leaders of Fine Clothing in America. They are Tailor Made in every particular, and far cheaper than you can buy them in the city.

MY STOCK OF CLOTHING IS LARGER than it ever was and Must Move, and my object in giving these extremely LOW PRICES is to move the great bulk of it before January. If you don't want to buy, come in and look, so that you can tell your neighbor who may want to buy, what we are doing.

Respectfully, &c.,

T. S. BORDLEY,
Dec. 14, 1889. BORDLEY'S CORNER.

NEW! NEW!

Fall and Winter Goods!

DRESS GOODS, CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES, KERSEYS,
Flannels, Cheviots, Tickings!

DRESS GINGHAMS, PRINTS,
WHITE AND COLORED BLANKETS.

UNDERWEAR of all Grades at Prices to Suit all. Hosiery, Gloves, Shawls, Corsets, Suspenders, Collars, Neckwear, Handkerchiefs and Notions in great variety.

MEN'S and BOY'S WINTER BOOTS

MEN'S SHOES, LADIES' SHOES!
MISSES' SHOES, CHILDREN'S SHOES!
RUBBER BOOTS and SHOES!

HATS and CAPS! CARPETS and OIL CLOTHS!

Full line of Groceries and Queensware. All at lowest prices.

J. H. SIMPERS,
Oct. 17, 1889. CHESTERTOWN.

To the Ladies, Only!

LOOK, NOW IS YOUR CHANCE TO GET THE BEST

Sewing Machine Made

FOR THE LEAST MONEY!

—THE NEW—

{HIGH-ARM}

WHEELER & WILSON, No. 9.

The only machine made in the world that makes a Lock-Stitch without the use of a shuttle. I have sold 94 this year, all of which give perfect satisfaction. I have them in Walnut, Oak and Cherry Woodwork. CHEAP FOR THE CASH, and will give FIFTEEN MONTHS on the Installment Plan to pay for one. Old machines taken in trade.

Orders by mail receive prompt attention. Thanking the public for past favors I solicit a share in the future. Give me a call. Address

CHAS. J. REICHE,
Nov. 16, 1689. Chestertown, Kent Co., Md.

Feed and Provision Store!

EDWARD J. WATSON,

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has opened a new store on High Street, next to the Express Office, in Chestertown, and will keep on hand a

GENERAL STOCK OF

Grceries and Provisions

FEED, HAY,
CORN, CHOP STUFF,
OATS, MEAL, FLOUR, &c.,

will be furnished at short notice at lowest prices.
GROCERIES of all kinds; Vegetables, &c.,

I shall endeavor to keep a General Feed and Provision Store, and respectfully ask a share of the public patronage. E. J. WATSON.
Feb. 2, 1889.

J. N. WHEATLEY.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS!

Sugar, Coffee, Teas, Spices, Flour, Meal, Meat, Lard, Canned Goods, Tobacco, Cigars, Snuff, Pipes, &c., &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES!
of good quality and cheap.
Also a line of
DESIRABLE DRY GOODS

Country produce wanted.
It will pay you to give me a call before purchasing.
J. N. WHEATLEY.

Closing Out Sale
—OF—
PERHAPS the LARGEST STOCK of
General Merchandise!
IN THE COUNTY,
—BY—
GEORGE W. HARPER,
STILL POND,
Beginning MONDAY, Dec. 9, 1889.

Notions,
Dry Goods,
Groceries,
Furniture,
CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS
Mattings,
Hardware,
Tinware,
Clocks,

BOOTS & SHOES

In fact everything usually kept in a first-class store, including a good line of

--CHRISTMAS GOODS--

Suitable for young and old.

Intending to quit the Store Business I shall offer my Entire Stock at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES. Everything to be Closed Out at Once. This sale will prove of great interest to those who purchase for cash.

GEO. W. HARPER,
CORNER STORE, STILL POND.

CHRISTMAS!

M. A. TOULSON

has received and displayed his

Holiday Goods!!

A Larger Stock Than Ever Before, and to Suit all Tastes.

We extend a hearty welcome to all. Come and Look. Glad to see you.

M. A. TOULSON,
Dec. 14, 1889. DRUGGIST.

HOLIDAY GOODS!

Christmas Presents

LARGE COLLECTION OF VERY DESIRABLE GOODS FOR PRESENTS, IN FINE

JEWELRY -:- WATCHES -:- DIAMONDS,
AND FANCY GOODS.

LOWEST PRICES!

J. S. McDONALD,
d14. No. 6 and 8 N. Charles St., Balto., Md.

Per Steamer Meteor.

SIMMONS & DAVIS NO. 1 HEART

SHAVED
SHINGLES,
AND URQUAHART
No. 1 SAWED SHINGLES.

A Large Stock direct from Plymouth, N. C.
For Sale by T. W. ELIASON, JR.

POULTRY WANTED!

To the FARMERS and POULTRY RAISERS of Kent County!

HAVING made arrangements to fill several large orders for Poultry for Christmas and New-Year, I will give the HIGHEST CASH PRICES for all good stock delivered to me for Christmas, commencing Monday, Dec. 16, and ending Saturday, Dec. 21. I should like to have the bulk of it to arrive Wednesday and Thursday, Dec. 18 and 19. And for the New-Year Dec. 27, 28, 30 and 31. My agent, JOHN W. DAY, of Warwick, is buying for me, but it may be he will not be able to see you all. If he don't, bring it to me, and I will give all of you the top market price; or you can address me for prices, &c. at Townsend, Delaware.

WALTER E. HART,
dec14-4t. TOWNSEND, DEL.

WANTED
White Oak and Hickory LOGS.
Will pay full Cash Prices for Good Logs. Address
Chas. Scott & Co., Keystone Wheel Works, Philadelphia, Pa.

READY MADE SUITS
CAN BE HAD AT
MALLALIEU'S MILLS,
out of the Best Cloth for $7.50 to $10. Pants from $2 to $3.25. no30-1m.

FOR a FINE 5c. or 10c. CIGAR go to J. L. McFEELY'S.

BARGAINS
—IN—
DRY GOODS!
Fancy Notions,
A
Fine Shoes,
STYLISH CLOTHING
—AT—
WRIGHT'S,
Burchinal Building.

Holliday Goods!
GO TO—
C. M. LUCAS'
JEWELRY STORE

and see his Beautiful Jewelry. He has laid in for the Christmas Holidays. He has some Little Watches for Young Ladies, only $30, Stem-winders and Solid Gold. These watches are made by the Waltham & Elgin Watch Co. He also has

RINGS, SLEEVE BUTTONS, JERSEY PINS
SCARF PINS, HANDSOME CLOCKS,
and RODGERS' TRIPLE PLATE.

Call and see for yourself. d7.

New Store--Old Stand!

Mrs. D. GRUBER

HAS thoroughly renewed and refitted her business property up town and is now better able than ever heretofore to supply the public with

Fresh Bread, Buns, Cakes and Pies

and indeed everything in the Bakery Line. Long experience, the best material, and personal attention to the business enables her to give the very best goods for the least money.

CONFECTIONERY.—I have also added to my stock a line of confectionery, such as Fresh Candy, Nuts, &c., to which I invite attention. Give me a call. MRS. D. GRUBER.
sep8-y. Up Town.

Here we Are in Season Again!

HEATERS! RANGES!
and Cook Stoves.

WE are still selling the SPEAR'S GOLDEN SUN HEATERS. There are none better. They are economical burners, and give satisfaction generally. Are also selling the SPLENDID FIRE-PLACE HEATERS this fall. It has been sold in this section during the past six years, and has proven quite satisfactory. Will be pleased to show these goods and give prices.

Excelsior Cook Stoves!

The Excelsior Cook Stove is still to the front. It is undoubtedly the Best Cook Stove on the market. It is only to be used to be liked. Have them in all sizes. Repairs for the Excelsior kept in stock. Have plenty of other styles Cooking Stoves and Ranges.

HEATING STOVES!

In the way of Heating Stoves we have too many to mention. Have a splendid assortment. Right along with the same line of goods we will mention Coal Shovels, Coal Hods, Coal Sieves, Zinc, Stove Boards, &c. Resp'y,

J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.,
Oct. 5, 1889. CHESTERTOWN.

COAL and WOOD!

WE WILL call the attention of the community to our stock of COAL and WOOD. And we will just say—probably it will be to your advantage to call and examine our stock, and get our prices before buying elsewhere. We are glad to say that we are still handling the

LEA WHITE ASH COAL,
WHICH IS THE BEST COAL

for general use that we can buy, and will sell at a small margin for the cash, but all bills which are not settled within 30 days interest will be charged from the day of sale. We also give

2240 Pounds for One Ton.

Office on Cannon St., near Princess.

J. T. TWILLEY.
July 13, 1889—tf.

Taxes in First District.

NOTICE is hereby given to the tax-payers of the First District that the books for the present year are in my hands, the bills are made out, and the TAXES ARE NOW DUE. Prompt settlements will save interest, cost and much worry to all concerned.

For the conveniences of tax-payers I will be in Millington on Saturdays; Galena on Tuesdays, and Sassafras on Wednesdays. WM. H. FORD,
Aug. 17, 1889—tf. COLLECTOR.

MONEY NOTICE.

We desire a settlement with all our customers, especially with those whose notes and accounts are over-due. We mean this for every one. Some of the notes we have had to take up in bank, and we insist upon the immediate settlement of these also. Parties having notes over-due will receive notice through the mail so that no one can have an excuse for failure to meet the same.

CHAPMAN & LAMBERT.
jy20-tf.

FESTIVAL and SUPPER.

A FESTIVAL and SUPPER will be held at the New Methodist Episcopal Church, Zion, at the school-house, Morgan's Creek Neck, on the evenings of Dec. 26, 27 and 28. Proceeds for the benefit of the new church. All are cordially invited.

THE COMMITTEE.
d14-3t*.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS indebted to me are hereby notified to call at my store on or before JAN. 1st, 1890, and settle the same. I intend to discontinue the store business and my books MUST BE CLOSED.

G. W. HARPER.
Dec. 7, 1889.

TAX NOTICE.

All tax-payers of the FOURTH DISTRICT are notified that the taxes for 1889 are now over due and for 1888 are long in arrears. Settlements must be prompt. I will be at the Court House EVERY TUESDAY, and at home on SATURDAY.

H. M. STUART, COLL.
d7-tf.

MRS. JULIA R. CRAWFORD,
Permanent and Transient Boarding,
511 South Sharp Street,
Three doors below Barre Street, Balto., Md.

Professional Cards.

DR. THOMAS H. COOPER,
HOMEOPATHIST,
Chestertown, Maryland, opposite the Voshell House
Office hours from 10 to 12 A. M. and 7 to 8 P. M. Sundays excepted.

G. ALLEN JARMAN, D. V. S.,
—GRADUATE OF—
The American Veterinary College, N. Y.,
CHESTERVILLE, MD.

DR. H. L. DODD,
Homeopathist,
CHESTERTOWN - - - MARYLAND.
OFFICE at his mother's residence.

DR. J. HORTON KELLEY,
(UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA.)
fe2. *GALENA, KENT CO., MD.*

DENTIST.
DR. C. P. GILPIN,
CHESTERTOWN, MD., MAIN ST., ADJ. CAHALL'S STORE.
Office Hours, 8:30 to 12 A. M., and 1 to 4 P. M.
Having enlarged my office and added many new conveniences, I am able to offer my patients much greater comfort while under treatment than in the past. d1-tf.

DR. JAMES W. URIE,
HOMEOPATHIST,
STILL POND, MD.

HARRISON W. VICKERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND.

JOHN D. URIE,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Office adjoining T. W. Eliason, Jr.'s Store. will practice in Kent and Queen Anne's Counties

JACOBY & MILLER,
AUCTIONEERS,
HAVING had large practice in the Auctioneering Business, we guarantee perfect satisfaction in every case. All persons wishing our services will please have JACOBY & MILLER put at the bottom of their bills and paper advertisements. In employing the two the charge will be the same as for one man.
G. W. JACOBY,
WM. R. MILLER,
aug. Auctioneers, Galena, Maryland.

BENJ. B. OWENS,
Architect,
N. W. Corner Lexington and Charles Streets,
BALTIMORE.
Reference:—"KENT NEWS." n24-tf.

Insurance!

FIRE, LIGHTNING AND LIFE!!

WM. H. McFEELY'S
AGENCY.

INSURE YOUR BUILDINGS
Against Fire and Lightning. Fires occur at unexpected moments, and a few dollars expended in Insurance furnishes very substantial assistance in event of loss.

INSURE YOUR LIVESTOCK
Against Lightning and Fire. Payment for same is promptly made if killed on premises or anywhere else.

INSURE YOUR GRAIN
In the barn. The value of two bushels of wheat will protect $1,000 worth of grain for a month. Policies issued for from Two Weeks to Three Years at low rates.

INSURE YOUR LIFE
In the "New York Life," where you have the privilege of settling up your policy at the end of every five years, just as one's circumstances may demand

WM. H. McFEELY,
Gen'l Ins. Agent, Chestertown, Md.
Office on Court street. jy9-tf.

LOOK! LOOK!

J. T. BLACKWAY.

THE OLD RELIABLE UP-TOWN STORE.

FIRST AND LAST CHANCE!

GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS, CANNED GOODS,
TOBACCO, CIGARS, CONFECTIONERY
all sold at bottom prices for cash.

All goods purchased of me if not as represented if parties will return them their money will be returned to them. Give me a call and I will show you that I will do as I say.

J. T. BLACKWAY,
N. E. Corner High st. and College avenue
Dec. 22.