THE KENT NEWS:

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT

CHESTERTOWN, KENT COUNTY, MD.

OFFICE IN MASONIC HALL.

JAS. H. PLUMMER. WM. B. USILTON,

PLUMMER & USILTON,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE solicited, but all articles must be accompanied by responsible names.

Kent News.

Vol. 51. CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND: SATURDAY, OCT. 18, 1890. No. 24.

Professional Cards.

DR. GENESE, Dental Surgeon,

OF BALTIMORE,

has arranged with DR. W. E. BARNARD to assist him in his practice. Attendance every Saturday at Betterton, Kent county, Md., for all duties pertaining to Dentistry. oct1-3m.

DR. C. P. GILPIN,

DENTIST,

CHESTERTOWN, MD., MAIN ST., ADJ. CAHALL'S STORE

Office Hours, 8:30 to 12 A. M., and 1 to 4 P. M

Having enlarged my office and added many new conveniences, I am able to offer my patients much greater comfort while under treatment than in the past. d1-tf.

DR. H. L. DODD,

Homeopathist,

CHESTERTOWN - - - MARYLAND.

OFFICE at his mother's residence.

DR. THOMAS H. COOPER,

HOMEOPATHIST,

Chestertown, Maryland, opposite Voshell House.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 12 M., 3 to 4 P. M. and 6 to 9 P. M., Sunday excepted.

HARRISON W. VICKERS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND.

JOHN D. URIE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office adjoining T. W. Eliason, Jr.'s

Will practice in Kent and Queen Anne's Counties.

BENJ. B. OWENS,

Architect,

N. W. Corner Lexington and Charles Streets

BALTIMORE.

Reference:—"KENT NEWS." n24-tf.

Commission Cards.

Established 1862.

SAMUEL M. LAWDER & SON,

General Commission Merchants

For the sale of Fruits, Fish, Wool, Poultry, Live Stock, &c., &c.

No. 206 South Charles Street,

jan5-y. BALTIMORE, MD.

JAS. W. STEVENS. R. NELSON STEVENS.

STEVENS BROTHERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

Grain, Fruits, Live Stock, Wool and Country Produce Generally.

Special attention given to the sale of GRAIN and FRUITS.

No. 303 South Charles Street, Baltimore, Md.

Reference—Merchants' National Bank.

WRIGHT & LONEY,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

Grain, Fruit, Hay, Poultry, Live Stock Hides, and all kinds Country Produce.

No. 215 S. Charles Street, Baltimore. Md.

REFERENCE.—Drovers and Mechanics' National Bank, cor. Eutaw and Fayette sts. ja29.

JAMES W. JEROME. J. HARRY VICKERS.

JAMES W. JEROME & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

FOR THE SALE OF

GRAIN, FRUITS, LIVE STOCK, WOOL and Country Produce Generally.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO THE SALE OF GRAIN AND FRUITS.

20 East Camden Street, *Near Light St. Wharf),* Baltimore, Maryland.

DAVID B. STEWART. GEORGE W. BERRY.

D. B. STEWART & CO.,

General Fruit and Produce

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

118 East Pratt Street, Balto., Md.

We refer to our present shippers, among whom are many of the most successful fruit growers in this county, also The Merchants' National Bank of Baltimore.

ANDREW W. WOODALL.

Successor to Greenwood & Woodall,

Commission Merchant & Produce Dealer,

No. 53 West Pratt Street.

Special attention given to the sale of Grain Dried, Evaporated and Green Fruits.

J. K. B. EMORY. F. W. NEAVITT.

WM. H. RUTTER

—WITH—

EMORY & NEAVITT,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

FOR THE SALE OF

Grain, Seeds, Hay, Fruit, Live Stock, Wool and all kinds Country Produce.

No. 202 South St., Baltimore, Md.

Reference—Citizens' National Bank, Agents for Wheeler Line of Steamers. je12-y.

PHILADELPHIA.

S. F. CREW,

late of J. P. Moyer & Co.

M. L. COULBOURN,

late Manager of Egg & Poultry Department of J. H. Coulbourn.

CREW & COULBOURN,

Wholesale Produce Commission Merchants

IN

POULTRY, EGGS, GAME, DRESSED PORK, GREEN AND DRIED FRUITS, &c.,

No. 318 North Front Street, Philadelphia.

REFERENCES:—Dr. Samuel Beck, Clerk of the Circuit Court, Kent Co., Md.; Stevens Bros., 303 South Charles street, Baltimore, Md.; Dey & Kugler, 58 Thompson Ave., N. Y.; Produce National Bank, 104 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

R. E. BRICE. J. E. HENDRICKSON.

J. E. HENDRICKSON & CO.,

Produce Commission Merchants

IN ALL KINDS OF COUNTRY PRODUCE AND LIVE STOCK.

328 North Front Street, Philadelphia, Penn.

Consignments solicited. Returns promptly sent on sale of goods. Orders promptly filled and inquiries cheerfully answered. fe12-y

P. E. CREW & CO.,

(Successors to CREW & IRELAND,)

FRUIT, PRODUCE & LIVE STOCK

Commission Merchants,

324 North Water Street, Philadelphia, Penn.

Strict attention will be given to all consignments or communications. Check and account statement immediately on sales if desired. Berries and Peaches a specialty in their season.

Consignments solicited. Attention given to all orders. P. E. CREW.

ROCK HILL COLLEGE.

Conducted by the Brothers of the Christian Schools. Situated upon the slope of one of the picturesque hills overlooking Ellicott City, Howard county, Md. Scientific, Classical and Commercial courses. Students are received as boarders or day scholars. For particulars address BROTHER DENIS, PRESIDENT. a16-3m.

LIME! GRAIN! FEED!

COAL! WOOD!

B. F. FLEMING

—Chestertown, Maryland.—

Land Lime, Quick or Slaked

Delivered by rail or boat at any point on the Peninsula.

Building and Whitewash Lime!

Persons contemplating Building will find it to their interest to get our prices.

COAL! COAL! COAL!

ANTHRACITE and BITUMINOUS,

In carload lots and the smallest quantities.

Wood, Oak and Pine

in long lengths or Stove size. A large lot of Pine expressly for kindling.

Grain! Feed! Seed!

Highest cash prices paid for GRAIN by rail or water at convenience of the seller. Small and large lots wanted at my feed store.

FEED of all kinds, in large or small quantities, for sale at lowest prices. Hog and Cow Feed specialties.

Call and see me at the old stand.

B. F. FLEMING.

Feb. 22, 1890.

J. HERMAN IRELAND,

KENNEDYVILLE, MD.

GRAIN,

COAL, FERTILIZERS

—and all kinds of—

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.

A full line of CARRIAGES, DAYTONS and ROAD CARTS always on hand. Also, the celebrated ROSS FEED CUTTERS, the STAVER BUCKEYE CORN and COB MILLS, MARSEILLES ADAMS POWER SHELLERS.

I AM PREPARED TO BUY

NEW WHEAT, in any Quantity!

Having removed from Locust Grove, I thank my friends for their patronage and solicit a continuance of the same. J. HERMAN IRELAND,

jy12-tf. KENNEDYVILLE, MD.

W. H. LAMBERT, JR. A. M. BROWN.

A Wonderful Invention

—FOR—

DAIRYMEN!

—AND—

BUTTER MAKERS!

—THE CELEBRATED—

BREAKWATER CHURN

WHICH WILL MAKE

Gilt-Edge Butter!

IN FROM ONE TO FIVE MINUTES EVERY TIME, AND

PRODUCE MORE BUTTER

for same cream than any other churn. No farmer can afford to be without one. It will pay for itself in a few weeks in the increased amount of butter, besides the saving of labor. Try one and be convinced.

LAMBERT & BROWN,

CHESTERTOWN, MD.,

Manufacturers and Sole Agents for Kent, Queen Anne's, Talbot and Caroline counties, Md.

GEO. B. WESTCOTT. CHAS. L. DODD.

WESTCOTT & DODD,

(Successors to N. G. WESTCOTT.)

WE RESPECTFULLY INVITE YOU TO CALL AND EXAMINE

OUR FALL STOCK

comprising some of the following lines:

DRESS FLANNELS,

COLD and BLACK HENRIETTAS,

STRIPED DRESS GOODS,

AND OTHER LEADING STYLES,

DRESS GINGHAMS, OUTING CLOTH,

FLANNELS OF ALL SHADES,

A TWILL FLANNEL for 15c.,

CHILDREN and MISSES UNDERWEAR,

LADIES and GENT'S UNDERWEAR,

NOTIONS OF EVERY KIND,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

WOONSOCKET GUM BOOTS,

HATS and CAPS, QUEENSWARE, GROCERIES, &c.

We respectfully solicit the patronage of the old customers, our friends and the public generally.

s27. WESTCOTT & DODD.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

SCHOOL BOOKS

And SCHOOL STATIONERY.

Stam's Drug Store

LOWEST PRICES! LARGEST STOCK!

TERMS CASH!

Aug. 30. C. F. STAM, Druggist.

AUGUSTUS H. WOODALL,

formerly of Kent County, is now located with the well known and Reliable One Price

CLOTHING HOUSE

—OF—

LIKES, BERWANGER & CO.,

10 and 12 E. Baltimore Street, Near Charles, Balto., Md.,

where he will be pleased to see his friends and acquaintances when visiting the city.

50 *FIFTY DOLLARS FOR LIFE SCHOLARSHIP* **PALMS BUSINESS COLLEGE**

1709 Chestnut St., PHILADA., PA. (Both Sexes.) Position for Graduates. Time 3 to 4 mos. Best Equipped. Best Course of Study. Circulars free if you name this paper.

THOMAS G. WROTH,

UNDER STAM'S HALL. CHESTERTOWN, MD.

—A NEW AND COMPLETE STOCK OF—

BOOTS, SHOES and RUBBER GOODS

for Men, Ladies and Children, in all Styles and at PRICES TO DEFY COMPETITION. We cordially invite you to inspect our stock, believing we can at all times suit you both as price and quality. We are still selling the genuine RIVETED SHOE for both Men and Boys, and as LOW AS ANY HOUSE ON THE SHORE. We also handle the justly celebrated Snag Proof RUBBER BOOT. In fact we keep everything pertaining to a well regulated Shoe Store. We have also added to our stock a nice lot of UMBRELLAS, which will be handled at bottom figures.

Very respectfully, **THOS. G. WROTH,**

Sept. 20, 1890. UNDER STAM'S HALL

BARGAINS IN FALL AND WINTER GOODS!

WM. R. ALDRIDGE,

(STORE NEXT DOOR TO J. K. ALDRIDGE'S HARDWARE STORE.)

WE HAVE A COMPLETE and well selected Stock of Dry Goods, including Challies, Satteens, Percals, Ginghams, Outing Cloths and all kinds of Dry Goods. A very large and fine line of White, Plaid and Striped Muslins, Hamburg Edging and Insertings, Flouncing for Ladies' dresses. Straw Mattings in White and Colored, 12½c. to 40c.; Straw Hats for Men, Boys and Children, 10c. to $2.00. We will continue to keep a full line of Shoes for Boys, Girls, Men and Women, ranging in price from 50c. to $3.50. We have a lot of Ladies and Misses Shoes and Slippers which we will sell very cheap. A nice line of FLANNEL SHIRTS from 50c. to $2.50. Neckwear, Hosiery, etc.

I will be glad to welcome my old friends and the public generally.

May 17, 1890. **WILLIAM R. ALDRIDGE.**

That Boy **Or Young Man.**

What shall be done with them? Have them educated for business and self-support by sending them to

SADLER'S BRYANT & STRATTON *Business College* And School of Rapid *Shorthand.*

During the past twenty-six years this institution has made a specialty in preparing young men and women for business. It is the oldest, the largest and the most successful school of that kind in the country. Now is the time to enter and become qualified for positions in business.

For Catalogue, Terms, etc., address

W. H. SADLER, President,

10 and 12 N. Charles St., Baltimore, Md.

FULLY APPRECIATED!

Judging from the way our Clothing has been moving, especially since our reduction sale started, we cannot but arrive at this conclusion: That the trade has learned where to get squarely treated with Honest Goods and Bottom Figures at all times. Now as we have had a good season and have run out a great many goods, still we have some left which must get out in order to make room for stock to arrive. This enumerating prices does the consumer no good. Come in and see the goods for yourself and we will make the price satisfactory. The goods have got to move and we will put a price on them that will make them go.

SHOES:

In shoes we handle only Men's, Boys' and Youths' and by not mixing our stock we can give more attention to one line and give you a better assortment at closer figures. We have secured the exclusive right for the sale of the celebrated line of Men's, Boys' and Youth's Fine Custom Made Shoes, which have been sold here for six years. We carry them in stock, all styles, sizes and lasts, and make to measure anything you want, and guarantee satisfaction in every case. GOOD DRESS SHOE, $1.00, $1.25. PLOW SHOES, 80 cents to 90 cents.

We now Control the Celebrated Riveted Shoe!

This shoe needs no comment as it is known to be the BEST SHOE in the country for the money. The former price of this shoe has been Men's, $3, Boy's $2.65, but as you know we always give you the advantage of low prices at all times. We have cut the prices down and will sell MEN'S, $2.75, BOYS' $2.50. At these prices it cannot be equaled. Beware of imitations. This shoe we control and it can only be found at

A. FRIEDMAN,

Opposite Stam's Hall. *The Leading Clothier.*

Premeditated Resolution!

AN IRREVOKABLE DECISION!

I HAVE too many Goods; we are getting too little money cash; cash is a mighty lever; I am going to make a clearing sale; the knife is ground sharp; cutting is being done; Down, Down Go Prices.

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, BOOTS, SHOES, SLIPPERS, CARPETS, MATTINGS, &c., any stock and all of Our Stock Must Move. I am going to offer Unprecedented Bargains, one of which is Thirty Dozen Ladies' and Children's Handkerchiefs, ranging from 4c. to 12c. each, many of them worth actually 25c. each. Another, a genuine German Linen Table Damask, at 52½c. per yard, worth 60c. Another, a Pure Linen Towel at 15c., two for 25c., worth 20c. each. A lady's Corset at 25c. worth 35c. per pair; Lady's Vest at 10c. and 15c. apiece, a Gent's Unlaundried Shirt at 50c., worth 60c.; five dozen Percale Shirts that cost 8, 9, 10, 50 and 12 dollars per dozen, any of them at 62½c. each; Dress Ginghams, from 7½c. per yard up; other Dress Goods at Reduced Prices,

Shoes, Slippers! Shoes, Slippers!

Ladies' Shoes, Misses Shoes, Men's Shoes, Children's Shoes and Slippers at the CLOSEST CASH PRICES. I defy competition. Give us a call, it is to your interest.

May 17, 1890. **R. F. PARKS,** CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND.

BETTER VALUES

THAN EVER.

OEHM'S ACME HALL.

Such a line of Suits, Overcoats, Furnishings, and Men's and Boys' Requirements for top and under wardrobe, has never before been shown in Baltimore under one roof.

Sack Suits, from..... $5 to $15
Business Suits, from..... $8 to $18
Walking Suits, from..... $10 to $25
Dress Suits, from..... $10 to $25

OEHM'S ACME HALL.

Overcoats Whether the neat and dressy Top Coat for Fall and early Winter, the thicker Coat for comfort, or the Ulster or Storm King to defy the weather, our styles and prices will please you. These Overcoats include Kerseys, Meltons, Thibets, German Cloths, Beavers, Chinchillas, and all the best of Imported and American weavings.

Prices from $5 to $25.

OEHM'S ACME HALL.

Boys' Wear From the Shirt Waist and Kilt to the richest effects in suits for young men, we have made rare and elegant provisions. Our Juvenile Department is a treasure house of Style and Beauty in Boys' Suits at right prices.

Prices range from $2 to $20 for Suit or Overcoat.

OEHM'S ACME HALL.

That Hat Department is a WELL STOCKED branch where everything useful and comfortable, attractive and unique can be found. Foreign Novelties in headwear a special feature. Our $1.49 and $4.98 qualities are wonders in style and cheapness.

OEHM'S ACME HALL.

Furnishings Colder days call for WARMER Underwear See our wonderful values. Neckwear, Shirts, Cuffs, Collars, Handkerchief, Gloves, and all other requisites of a gentleman's wardrobe, at "way down" prices.

OEHM'S ACME HALL.

Samples And Self-measurements sent promptly on application. The courtesies and conveniences of our Great Store always at your services when in the city.

Oehm's Acme Hall,

MEN'S AND BOYS' OUTFITTERS

5 & 7 W. Baltimore Street,

Near Charles, - Baltimore, Md.

October 4, 1890.

J. H. SIMPERS.

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

LARGE GENERAL STOCK!

LOWEST PRICES!

DRY GOODS—Flannels, Kerseys, Cassimeres, Ginghams, Dress Goods, Outing Cloth, Muslins, Blankets, &c.

NOTIONS—Hosiery, Gloves, Neckwear, Corsets, and a General Notion Stock. Would call SPECIAL attention to our line of UNDERWEAR, comprising Ladies' Vests, Children's Vests, Men's and Boys Undershirts in all sizes and ranging in price from 25c. up, Men's Heavy, Dark Overshirts as low as 50c.

BOOTS and SHOES—Men's and Boys' Winter Boots, Rubber Boots and Shoes, Men's, Boys', Ladies' and Children's Shoes in medium to fine quality, at guaranteed prices. Look at our $250 Oyster Boot.

QUEENSWARE, and GLASSWARE.

HATS and CAPS of the newest Fall Styles.

Full Line of GROCERIES, TOBACCO, &c.

Examine our Goods and Prices before purchasing elsewhere; it will pay you to do so.

J. H. SIMPERS.

October 4, 1890. CHESTERTOWN.

COAL and WOOD!

OWING to the scarcity of money we will sell Coal at a very small advance above cost FOR THE CASH. Remember we sell

The Lea Coal

WHICH IS THE BEST WHITE ASH COAL FOR GENERAL USE.

Probably it will be to your advantage to get our prices and examine our stock before you purchase.

2240 Pounds for One Ton.

Office on Cannon St., near Princess.

J. T. TWILLEY.

July 17, 1890—tf.

Silver Powders

A SURE CURE FOR

HOG CHOLERA.

REFERENCES:—Wm. T. Nicholson, J. M. J. Byron E. J. Watson, and others.

FOR SALE AT CHESTERTOWN CREAMERY.

s20-tf. **R. G. NICHOLSON.**

SUCCESS IN LIFE.

A Millionaire's Advice to Boys Making a Start—How to Succeed—The Method to Be Observed.

BY ANDREW CARNEGIE.

You are about to start in life, and it is well that young men should begin at the beginning and occupy the most subordinate positions. Many of the leading business men of Pittsburg had a serious responsibility thrust upon them at the very threshhold of their career. They were introduced to the broom and spent the first hours of their business lives sweeping out office.

I was a sweeper myself, and who do you suppose were my fellow-sweepers? David McCargo, now superintendent of the Allegheny Valley Railroad; Robt. Pitcairn, superintendent of the Pennsylvania Railroad, and Mr. Moreland, city attorney of Pittsburg.

Begin at the beginning, but aim high. I would not give a fig for the young man who does not already see himself the partner or the head of an important firm.

There are three dangers in your path: the first is the drinking of liquor, the second is speculation and the third is "indorsing."

When I was a telegraph operator in Pittsburg I knew all the men who speculated. They were not our citizens of first repute; they were regarded with suspicion. I have lived to see all of them ruined, bankrupt in money and bankrupt in character. There is scarcely an instance of a man who has made a fortune by speculation and kept it.

The man who grasps the morning papers to see how his speculative ventures are likely to result, unfits himself for the calm consideration and proper solutions of business problems with which he has to deal later in the day, and saps sources of that persistent and concentrated energy upon which depend the permanent success, and often the very safety, of his main business. The thorough man of business knows that only by years of patient, unremitting attention to affairs can he earn his reward, which is the result not only of chance, but of well devised means for the attainment of ends.

Nothing is more essential to young business men than untarnished credit, and nothing kills credit sooner than the knowledge in any bank board that a man engages in speculation. How can a man be credited whose resources may be swept away in one hour by a panic among gamesters? Resolve to be business men, but speculators never.

The third danger is the perilous habit of indorsing notes. It appeals to your generous instincts, and you say, "How can I refuse to lend my name only to assist a friend?" It is because there is so much that is true and commendable in that view that the practice is dangerous. If you owe anything whatever to any one, all your capital and all your effects are a solemn trust in your hands, to be held inviolate for the security of those who have trusted you. When a man in debt indorses for another it is not his own credit or his own capital that he risks; it is the money of his own creditors. Therefore, I say that if you are ever called upon to indorse, never to do it unless you have cash means not required for your own debts, and never indorse beyond those means.

Assuming that you are safe in regard to these, your gravest dangers—drinking, speculating and indorsing—the question is, how to rise? The rising man must do something exceptional, and beyond the range of his special department. He must attract attention. A shipping clerk may do so by discovering in an invoice an error with which he has nothing to do, and which has escaped the attention of the proper person. If a weighing clerk, he may save for the firm by doubting the adjustment of the scales and having them corrected. Your employer must find out that he has not got a mere hireling in his service, but a man; not one who is content to give so many hours of work for so many dollars in return, but one who devotes his spare hours and constant thoughts to the business.

Our young partners in Carnegie Brothers have won their spurs by showing that we did not know half as well what was wanted as they did.

There is one sure mark of the coming millionaire—his revenues always exceed his expenditures. He begins to save as soon as he begins to earn. Capitalists trust the saving young man. For every $100 you can produce as the result of hard won savings, Midas, in search of a partner, will lend on credit a thousand; for every $1,000 fifty thousand.

It is not capital your seniors require; it is the man who has proved that he has the business habits which make capital. Begin at once to lay up something. It is the first $100 saved which tells.

And here is the prime condition of success in the great secret; concentrate your energy, thought and capital exclusively upon the business in which you are engaged. Having begun in one line, resolve to fight it out on that line; to lead in it; adopt every improvement, have the best machinery and know the most about it.

Finally, do not be impatient, for, as Emerson says, "No one can cheat you out of ultimate success but yourselves."

LITTLE Stella Woyda, of Chicago, a six-months-old child, was killed by a big female cat last Tuesday, her breath actually having been drawn out by the feline. On Monday afternoon the baby was put in the cradle, the cat being placed alongside of it for a plaything. During the afternoon it was noticed that the cat kept continually near the baby's bed, but little attention was paid to this. In the evening the mother, thinking her child was sleeping remarkably quiet, went to the cradle to take it out and was horrified to find her infant dead. The cat had sucked its life away. Efforts were made to resuscitate the child, but without avail. The cat has been a household pet for years.

NOT A DOUBTFUL STATE.—"Papa, what is a doubtful State?" asked little Freddy, who had been looking over the political news.

"Marriage is a doubtful state, my son," answered Brown, with a humorous twinkle in his eye as he looked at his better half. Don't you think so, Mrs. Brown?"

"No, I don't think it's a state at all," she answered; "to me it always seemed like a terror-tory."

Brown was silent.

A STRANGE BIRD that came from the swamps of Lower South Carolina is mentioned by the Charleston *News and Courier*, "Roughly described, it is about the size of a hen, but with wings twice the length. The wings present a plumage of yellow and black, with small polka dots over the feathers. The feet are like those of an eagle, with long sharp claws."

POLICE JUSTICE—What's the charge against this man? Office Rafferty (who made the arrest)—Vagrancy. Police Justice—But why did you arrest a man on such a charge when he carries on a business right here in the block? Officer Rafferty—I took him at his word, your honor. When I asked him to buy a ticket to our charity ball game, he hadn't a cent.

POET (who is reading his verses to a friend)—"Ah! my words seem to touch you. You are shedding tears!" "No, only wiping off the perspiration."

Friend—"And do you still hunger for fame and renown to the exclusion of everything else?" Poet—"Yes—that is—well, except a ham sandwich now and then."

FIRST TRAMP—"I suppose you struck a tender cord when you told your pitiful story to the lady."

Second Tramp—"Not a bit of it. It was the toughest wood I ever tried to saw."

SHE HAD NO DEFENSE.

Old Judge Grepson, a justice of the peace, was never known to smile. He came to Arkansas years ago, and year after year, by the will of the voters, he held his place as magistrate. The lawyers who practiced in his court never joked with him, because every one soon learned that the old man never engaged in levity. Every morning, no matter how bad the weather might be, the old man took his place behind the bar which with his own hands he had made, and every evening just at a certain time he closed his books and went home.

Several days ago a woman charged with misdemeanor was arraigned before him.

"The oldman seems more than ever unsteady," remarked a lawyer, as the magistrate took his seat. "I don't see how a man so old can stand the vexation of a court much longer."

"I am not well to-day," said the Judge to the lawyers, "and any cases you may have you will dispatch to the best, and let me add, quickest of your ability."

Every one saw that the old man was unusually feeble, and no one thought of a scheme to prolong a discussion, for all the lawyers had learned to almost reverence him.

"Is this the woman?" asked the Judge. "Who is defending her?"

"I have no defence, your honor," the woman replied. "In fact, I do not think that I need any, for I am here to confess my guilt. No man can defend me," and she looked at the magistrate with a curious gaze. "I have been arrested on a charge of disturbing the peace, and I am willing to submit my case. I am dying of consumption, Judge, and I know that any ruling made by the law can have but little effect on me;" and she coughed a hollow, vacant cough, and drew around her an old black shawl that she wore.

The expression on the face of the magistrate remained unchanged, but his eyelids dropped and he did not raise them when the woman continued:

"As I say, no man can defend me. I am too near that awful approach to pass which we know everlasting death to soul and to body. Years ago I was a child of brightest promise: I lived with my parents in Kentucky. Wayward and light-hearted, I was the admired of all the gay society known in our neighborhood. A man came and professed his love for me. I don't say this Judge, to excite your sympathy. I have many and many a time been drawn before courts, but I never before spoke of my past life."

She coughed again and caught a flow of blood on a handkerchief which she pressed to her lips. "I speak it now because I know this is the last court on earth before which I will be arraigned. I was fifteen years old when I fell in love with the man. My father said he was bad, but I loved him. He came again and again, and when my father said that he should come no more, I ran away and married him. My father said I should never come home again. I had always been his pride and had loved him so dearly, but he said that I must never again come to his home—my home, the home of my youth and happiness. How I yearned to put my head on his breast.

"My husband became addicted to drink. He abused me. I wrote to my father asking him to let me come home, but the answer that came was: 'I don't know you!' My husband died—yes, cursed God and died! Homeless and wretched, and with my little boy, I went out into the world. My child died and I bowed down and wept over a pauper's grave. I wrote my father again but he answered: 'I know not those who disobey my commands.'

"I turned away from that letter hardened. I embraced sin. I rushed madly into vice. I spurned my teaching. I was time and again arrested. Now I am here."

Several lawyers rushed forward. A crimson tide flowed from her lips. They leaned her lifeless head back against the chair. The old magistrate had raised his eyes. "Great God!" said a lawyer, "she is dead." The woman was his daughter!—*The Issue.*

Golden Thoughts.

The error of the moment becomes the sorrow of the whole lifetime.

Life is a beautiful night in which as some stars go down others rise.

Those who live on vanity must not unreasonably expect to die of mortification.

A beautiful and chaste woman is the perfect workmanship of the true glory of angels.

We often excuse our own want of philanthropy by giving the name of fanaticism to the most ardent zeal of others.

Never fear to bring the sublimest motive to the smallest duty, and the most infinite comfort to the smallest trouble.

People to live happily with each other, must fit in, as it were—the proud to be mated with the meek, the irritable with the gentle, and so forth.

Cultivate the mercy that sees in others only their good points—the truth that clings to things as they are, not as represented by others.

One who is never busy can never enjoy rest; for it implies a relief from precious labor, and, if our whole time were spent in amusing ourselves, we should find it more wearisome than the hardest day's work.

It is self-sacrifice which in countless ways oils wheels of life, relieving distress, soothing sorrow, bringing joy into families, cementing friendship, endearing men to one another and lessening all the burdens of life.

Cherish your heart's best affections. Indulge in warm emotions of filial, parental, fraternal love. Think it not a weakness. Love everything and everybody that is lovely. You cannot make the cord of love too strong.

Never tell people several faults at once. You will profit them nothing, but discourage them greatly. Rather set their faults gradually before them, as you see they have the courage to bear the sight with advantage.

Unselfishness and thought for others characterize the really polite person. He gets out of his "insular point in space," and looks with the keen eyes of kindly observation aided by imagination at other people and he endeavors to treat them as he himself would wish to be served. So as we reflect on those who have this very great charm, we may consider a few points in which many people are deficient in it.

Wise Words.

Not to sow, means not to reap.

A bad egg takes up as much room as a good one.

If we could know all, we could forgive more easily.

Get each man right, and the nation will be right.

It is better to fail in trying to do good than never to try.

The more money a man has, the more he needs religion.

Wrong doing people are the most exacting of all people.

Heart work is something that cannot be paid for in money.

You can tell what a man believes by finding out what he does.

Necessity is not only the mother of invention, but the father of lies also.

The great essential in saving men is to convince them that you love them.

The man who is always looking for an easy place will have a hard time of it.

The preacher fails who tries to preach a doctrine that hasn't been tested in his own heart.

If you want to have plenty of opportunities for doing good, be sure that you do not neglect the first one.

YOUNG MR. MACEY—Miss Edwards says that the women in ancient Egypt used to run their husbands and all the household to suit themselves. Lucky we live in America, eh? Mr. Binthayre—Are you married, Macey? Macey—No. Mr. Binthayre—I thought not.—*Life.*

ADVERTISING AND JOB-PRINTING.

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CHICAGO'S WORKING PEOPLE.

Over 100,000 Persons Find Steady Work at Good Wages.

Inspector Joseph Gruenhut, of the city health department, the acknowledged authority on Chicago labor statistics, says:

"The condition of the laborers in Chicago was never better than it is today. No one is idle, except from laziness. This condition of the laborer is of course due to the prosperous condition of trade itself in all branches. All laborers in Chicago work ten hours a day except the building trades and cigarmakers. There is very little difference in wages now and a year ago. In the matter of holidays and lessened hours of work without decrease in wages, there is a noticeable advance. Nearly all the large dry goods and mercantile establishments give a Saturday half holiday during at least June, July and August. Many places begin work at 8 o'clock instead of 7 as formerly, and many others stop work at 3, 4, or 5 o'clock Saturday afternoon instead of 6 o'clock, as formerly. All things considered, there is a much better understanding between employers and employes than a year ago."

AN ARMY OF WORKING PEOPLE.

There is in Chicago an army of 15,000 carpenters, 125 of whom are women. They get from $2.25 to $3.50 a day and a good carpenter is never out of a job, except voluntarily. The mason, plasterers and bricklayers make another army of 15,000 men and they make from $3.25 to $4 a day, There are nearly 15,000 workers in iron and steel. Unskilled labor in these trades averages $1.50 a day, while a skilled laborer easily obtains $4 to $4.50 daily.

Over 3,000 bakers in wholesale and retail establishments supply the needs of Chicago. Nearly 1,000 of these are women. The hours of this trade have been shortened two hours a day with no decrease in wages.

There are 2,300 dressmakers employed in shops, 50 of whom are "man milliners." The employers include 1,600 dressmaking firms. The employes make from $1 to $3 a day.

Sixty packing and slaughtering establishments furnish employment to over 15,000 men who make from $1.25 to $4.50 a day. Dry goods stores, wholesale and retail, employ 25,000 people, nearly 10,000 of whom are women. The female clerks make from 75 cents to $1.50 a day while their brethren, touching elbows with them at the same counter, make from $1 to $2.50 a day.

Over 10,000 printers are employed by 500 printers and publishers. The men make from $2 to $5 a day.

Thirty steam railroads are operated in the city limits, and they employ over 30,000 men. Wages run from $2 to $3 for switchmen and $3 to $4 for engineers to $60,000 a year to a prominent railroad president.

A FARMER SWINDLED.

Two Men Offer to Buy His Farm and Induce Him to Put $1,500 in a Tin Box—He Opens the Box and Finds the Money Gone.

On Wednesday Mr. John Rhodes, who lives just over the Queen Anne's line, in Talbot county, was getting ready to go to Denton to draw $1,500 from the bank, and intended to go to Baltimore on Thursday morning to buy a stock of goods for his sons to begin merchandising at Hall's Cross Roads. About the time he was ready to start, two strangers drove up with a good team, and presenting a good appearance. They told Mr. Rhodes they wished to buy his farm, and after some conversation, they prevailed on him to go over the place. While doing so, he informed them of his intentions as to his visit to Denton.

After some time they agreed upon a price for the farm, the money to be paid in cash, and thereupon the strangers told Mr. Rhodes they, too, were going to Denton, and would take him in their carriage, and did so. Mr. Rhodes drew the $1,500 from the bank, and the three started back. When nearing Mr. Rhodes's place, the men took out a watch and remarked that they must be at Cordova at a certain hour, and would have to leave Mr. Rhodes at his gate, to which he agreed. They then counted out $3,000 to bind the bargain as to the farm, and placed it in a tin box and suggested to Mr. Rhodes that he could put his $1,500 in there also, as they were going to leave the box with him and he did so. The strangers then locked the box, gave it to Mr. Rhodes, and drove off, keeping the key, and saying they would be at his house by 9 o'clock Thursday morning with the balance of the purchase money which they would pay him and have the necessary papers prepared and delivered.

So far all had apparently been perfectly open and satisfactory, but during the night Mr. Rhodes grew uneasy and finally smashed the box open and found that there was neither the $3,000 that the strangers had put in, nor the $1,500 of his own that he had put in but, in lieu thereof, some paper and a chip. He is consequently minus $1,500. Of course the strangers have not been heard from since. Mr. Rhodes regrets the loss of his money but as he is a man of means it will not seriously affect him. A trick somewhat similar was attempted, without success, on Lemuel Coursey only a short time ago, not far from Mr. Rhodes's, as was published in the NEWS at the time.

THE "PRIVATION POLICY" AND THE DUTY OF REFORMERS.—In the New York *Globe* of last week is an interesting article by Mr. A. B. Farquhar, the well-known manufacturer of agricultural implements, of York, Pa. and Mr. Edward Atkinson, the writer on economic questions, in which the attention of the public is called to the fact that the McKinley tariff embodies a policy of "privation" for manufacturers as well as consumers. The high duties the bill imposes on raw materials, such as wool, tin, tinware, iron, steel, flax, hemp, &c., deprives our manufacturers of all chance of manufacturing goods at low cost. That is to say, it forces them to quit business or sell at high prices that restrict consumption in the home market and absolutely prohibit their entrance into the foreign market. The new policy is, therefore a policy of privation. Its effect must be to diminish production, inasmuch as there will be fewer buyers when prices are made higher by the tax on raw materials. A decrease of production for the home market means, of course, less employment for workmen and privation in many homes. At present we manufacture to some extent for the foreign market, but the increased tax on raw material and the consequent necessary enhancement of prices must diminish our sales abroad. That, too, would mean less work for our factories to do, lower wages and increased poverty. Privation of industry, privation of products, privation of exports—this is the trinity of evils Mr. McKinley is bringing upon us, according to the article in the *Globe*, under the specious name of "protection." The policy of privation is repugnant to the constitution, which prescribes that taxation must have for its object revenue, and not the transfer of A's money to B's pocket, however praiseworthy the business of the latter may be.

THE Chicago *Graphic* contains an illustration of a colossal design for a memorial to Christopher Columbus in connection with the world's fair. It represents an immense globe resting on a circular base surrounded by bronze figures holding lamps. The pedestal is a succession of graceful arches, in the centre of which are to be elevators to carry visitors up to the body of the ball, which is to be hollow and divided into different sections. The equator is to be represented by a great balcony running round the middle of the globe, and from which a fine view of the city and surrounding country can be obtained. On the top a ship floats with the American flag proudly flying to the breeze.

THE Bible is like the leaves of the lemon tree—the more you bruise and wring them, the sweeter the fragrance.—*M'Cheyne.*

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