Supervisor's Notice

Of Appointment Of

ELECTION OFFICIALS

First District—First Precinct
SAMUEL S. HURLOCK, Dem.
PAUL C. PRICE, Rep.
Alex. Powell, Dem.
Fred C. Numbers, Rep.
Judges.
Leonard W. Robinson, Dem.
S. A. Price, Rep.
Clerks.

First District—Second Precinct
S. HARRY TODD, Dem.
LEMUEL MARK, Rep.,
E. C. Walters, Dem.
Roger Williams, Rep.
Judges.
J. Raymond Mulford, Dem.
C. T. Davis, Rep.
Clerks.

Second District—First Precinct
ROBERT C. KENNEDY, Dem.
LOUISE S. PRICE, Rep.
Thomas A. Conner. Jr., Dem.
James A. Nickerson, Rep.
Judges.
Robert H. VanDyke, Dem.
George E. Powell, Rep.
Clerks.

Second District—Second Precinct
JOHN H. MOFFETT, Dem.
RALPH GEARY, Rep.
Walter H. Davis, Dem.
Oliver W. Atwell, Rep.
Judges.
George Webb, Dem.
Merrit Willis, Rep.
Clerks.

Third District—First Precinct
O. S. Dodson, Dem.
MOWBRAY HADAWAY, Rep.
Sutton Tarbutton, Dem.
Harrison T. Cornelius, Rep.
Judges.
Paul Joiner, Dem.
Harry T. Williams, Rep.
Clerks.

Third District—Second Precinct
HARVEY B. MOORE, Dem.
S. Ray Crew, Rep.
H. C. Crew, Dem.
Charles T. Willis, Rep.
Judges.
Mrs. Thomas E. Brice, Dem.
Mrs. Ida Crew, Dem.
Clerks.

Fourth District—First Precince
HARVEY G. BLYMAN, Dem.
C. S. SMITH, Rep.
Geo. W. Rash, Dem.
Minnie B. Falls, Rep.
Judges.
George W. French, Dem.
Don T. Falls, Rep.
Clerks.

Fourth District—N Precinct
WM. T. HICKS, Dem.
M. W. Thomas, Rep.
Thomas G. Wroth, Dem.
J. Taylor Baxter, Rep.
Judges.
J. E. Pennington, Dem.
Howard Pennington, Rep.
Clerks.

Fourth District—Second Precinct
WM. F. MALIN, Dem.
JOHN C. DAVIS, Rep.
E. A. Barnes, Dem.
H. Theo. Jewell, Rep.
Judges.
B. R. Bartley, Dem.
R Clarke Davis, Rep.
Clerks.

Fifth District—First Precinct
WILBUR GALE, Dem.
RUSSELL SEWELL, Rep.
Nelson Rodney, Dem.
H. Barnard Wilson, Rep.
Judges.
T. Bennett Willson, Dem.
Walter H. Coleman, Rep.
Clerks.

Fifth District—Second Precinct
ROY JACQUETTE, Dem.
John F. Newcomb, Dem.
Samuel Kilbourne, Rep.
Judges.
Charles B. Shirley, Dem.
Wm. H. Bryden, Rep.
Clerks.

Sixth District
ARCHIBALD RAMAGE, Dem.
H. P. JONES, Rep.
William T. J. Keyser, Dem.
Frank Skirven, Dem.
Judges.
H. H. Legg, Dem.
O. E. Eireman, Rep.
Clerks.

Seventh District
W. R. STARTT, Dem.
Jno. T. M. ickers, VRep.
Herbert W. Walbert, Dem.
H. M. Baker, Rep.
Judges.
Wm. J. Maslin, Dem.
D. W. Ingersoll, Rep.
Clerks.

H. CLAY BROWN, Pres.
C. FRANK CROW.
OLIN S. DAVIS,
Supervisors of Elections for Kent County.
WALTER FRANCIS, Clerk.

SUPERVISOR'S NOTICE

Of Appointment Of

DOOR AND RAIL KEEPERS

The Supervisors of Elections for Kent County hereby give notice of the appointment of the following to serve as door and rail keepers at the election to be held Tuesday, Nov. 2, 1926.

First District, First Precinct—Henry Benson.
First District, Second Precinct—Norman Merchant.
Second District, First Precinct—D. T. Nickerson.
Second District, Second Precinct—George T. Christfield.
Third District, First Precinct—W. L. Porter.
Third District, Second Precinct—Samuel Brice.
Fourth District, First Precinct—James Sheats.
Fourth District, Second Precinct—John W. Barnes.
Fourth District, N-Precinct—E. G. Nickerson.
Fifth District, First Precinct—James Rodney.
Fifth District, Second Precinct—Clifton Boulter.
Sixth District—A. P. Foreman.
Seventh District—Frank Gilpin.

H. C. BROWN, President,
C. FRANK CROW,
OLIN C. DAVIS,
Supervisors of Elections for Kent Co.
Walter Francis, Clerk.

SUPERVISORS' NOTICE
—OF—

ELECTION

UNDER the provisions of Article 33, Public General Laws of Maryland, title "Elections," the Supervisors of Elections for Kent County hereby give notice that an election will be held in the several Election Districts, and Precincts of Kent County between the hours of 7 o'clock in the morning and 7 o'clock in the evening on

TUESDAY, NOV. 2, 1926

The places wherein such Election upon the date aforementioned will be held in the respective Districts or Precincts are as follows:

First District, First Precinct—Community Fire Co. Hall.

First District, Second Precinct—Davis Co. Store, Galena.

Second District, First Precinct—Wallace Atwell Store, Kennedyville.

Second District, Second Precinct—D. C. Kelley Store, Kennedyville.

Third District, First Precinct—B. F. Rash's Hall, Worton.

Third District, Second Precinct—Turner & Son, Betterton.

Fourth District, First Precinct—Voshell House, Chestertown.

Fourth District, First Precinct—"N"—Kent House, Chestertown.

Fourth District, Second Precinct—Ada E. Jones' Shop, Chestertown.

Fifth District, First Precinct—Jr. O. U. A. M. Hall, Rock Hall.

Fifth District, Second Precinct—Sam'l Burgess Shop, Edesville.

Sixth District—Walter Barnes Room, Fairlee.

Seventh District—Mrs. T. R. Starr's Store, Pomona.

Said Election to be held for the purpose of voting for public offices as follows:

One candidate for Governor.
One candidate for Congress.
One candidate for State Senate.
Two candidates for House of Delegates.
One candidate for Comptroller.
One candidate for Attorney General.
One candidate for Clerk of Court of Appeals.
One candidate for Clerk Circuit Court.
One candidate for Reg. of Wills.
One candidate for Treasurer.
Three candidates for County Commissioners.
One candidate for State's Attorney.
Three candidates for Orphans' Court.
One candidate for Sheriff.
One candidate for U. S. Senator.

Also to vote upon the proposed Amendment to the Constitution of Maryland, which amendment is as follows:

Proposing An Amendment To The Constitution Of The State, 1926

WHEREAS, at the January Session of the General Assembly of Maryland, held in the year 1924, an Act was passed, to wit: Chapter 116 proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Maryland by adding a new section to Article 4, to follow section 31, and to be known as Section 31-A, granting authority to the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore to pay each of the judges of the Supreme Bench of Baltimore additional salaries; in words and figures as follows.

CHAPTER 116

AN ACT to amend the Constitution of Maryland by adding a new section to Article 4.

Section. Be it enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, three-fifths of all the members of both Houses concurring, that the following section be and the same is hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the State of Maryland, and if adopted by the legal and qualified voters thereof, as hereinafter provided, the same shall stand as an additional section to Article 4 of said Constitution, to follow section 31, and to be known as Section 31-A.

31-A. In addition to the authority granted to the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore by the preceding section to pay to each of the judges of the Supreme Bench the annual sum of Five Hundred Dollars authority is hereby given to said Mayor and City Council to pay to each of said judges such further annual sum as an addition to their respectives salaries as the Mayor and City Council of Baltimore shall from time to time deem right and proper, provided, that any such sum being once granted shall not be diminished during the continuance of said judges in office.

Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, by the authority aforesaid, that the said foregoing section hereby proposed as an amendment to the Constitution shall be at the next general election for members of the General Assembly to be held in this State, submitted to the legal and qualified voters trereof, for their adoption or rejection, in pursuance of the directions contained in Article 14 of the Constitution of this State; and at the said general election the vote on said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be by ballot and upon each ballot there shall be written or printed the words "For the Constitutional Amendment," and "Against the Constitutional Amendment," so that the voter may elect; and immediately after said election due return shall be made to the Governor of the vote for and against said proposed amendment as directed by the said 14th Article of the Constitution.

Approved, April 9, 1924.

Now, Therefore, I, Albert C. Ritchie, Governor of the State of Maryland, in pursuance of the direction contained in Section 1 of Article 14 of the Constitution of Maryland, do hereby order and direct that this Proclamation containing a full, true, and correct copy of the text of said Chapter 116 of the Acts of the General Assembly of Maryland of 1924 be published in at least two newspapers in each of the counties of the State where so many may be published and where not more than one may be published then in that newspaper, and in three newspapers published in the City of Baltimore, one of which shall be published in the German language, once a week for at least three months next preceding the general election to be held in the State of Maryland on Tuesday the 2nd day of November 1926, at which election the said proposed amendment to the Constitution shall be submitted in form and manner prescribed by the General Assembly to the legal and qualified voters of the State for their adoption or rejection.

The Return Judges shall make their returns before twelve (12) o'clock noon of the second day after election, that is to say, before noon Thursday following Tuesday of the election in the manner prescribed by law, to the Clerk of the Circuit Court; to the County Commissioners to the Board of Supervisors of Elections and to the Register of Wills of the county aforesaid.

H. CLAY BROWN, Pres.,
C. FRANK CROW,
OLIN S. DAVIS,
Supervisors of Elections for Kent County.
WALTER FRANCIS, Clerk.

INSTRUCTIONS TO VOTERS

1. To vote. Enter room, step up to guard rail, give name and registered residence to the Judges. Wait until your name is found upon the registers, then get ballot from the judge in charge of the ballots. See that he has written your name and number on the coupon attached to the ballot and his own name or initials on the

2. Upon receiving your ballot retire to one of the booths or compartments and prepare your ballot by marking with an indelible pencil after the name of every person, or persons for whom you wish to vote, in the square provided thereof, a cross-mark, for example (X); and in case of a question submitted to a vote of the people, by marking likewise in the appropriate square a cross-mark (X) after the answer you desire to give. You should be careful to make no mark on the ballot other than the cross-marks within the squares.

3. In marking the ballot you may take with you into the polling place any written or printed memorandum or paper to assist you in preparing your ballot, except a facsimile of the ballot to be voted. You must prepare and deposit your ballot without undue delay. Before coming from behind the curtain in front of your compartment you must fold your ballot in the same way as it was folded when you received it, so that the marks which you have made upon it shall be entirely concealed. You then hand your folded ballot to the judge at the ballot box, give him your name and registered address and wait until he tears off the coupon containing your name and number, and strings it, and deposits back of the ballot itself.

[illegible] the judge to deposit the same in the ballot box during the day. You must then leave the polling room and your ballot in the ballot box.

4. A voter must not go in any compartment occupied by another or converse with any other voter while engaged in a compartment, nor can any voter occupy a compartment more than seven minutes if others are waiting.

5. You must not take any ballot outside the guard rail. If you spoil a ballot you must deliver the spoiled ballot to the judge in charge of the ballots and receive another from him. If you spoil three ballots you lose your vote.

6. A voter who is physically disabled from marking his or her ballot must make affidavit to that effect, if he or she desires assistance. The two polling clerks, after such affidavit has been made, can accompany him or her into one of the compartments and there mark his or her ballot as he or she instructs them, marking only the names of the candidates whom he or she shall name. The clerks are not allowed to read the ballot to him or her.

7. Any voter who shall allow his or her ballot to be seen by any person with the apparent intention of letting it be known how he or she is about to vote; or who shall place any distinguishing mark upon his or her ballot, or who shall make a false statement as to his or her inability to mark his or her ballot, or who shall interfere or attempt to interfere with any voter when inside the inclosed space in the polling room, or when marking his or her ballot, or who shall endeavor to induce any voter before voting to show how he or she marks or has marked his or her ballot, shall be punished by a fine of not less than ($5.00) dollars nor more than one hundred ($100.00) dollars, or by imprisonment in jail for a period not exceeding sixty (60) days, or by both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the Court.

INSURANCE.—Forty years experience writing Fire Insurance, without a single disputed claim or dissatisfied client. Representing only reliable companies. L. Bates Russum, Chestertown. Office, Corner Cross and Cannon streets.

CORRUPT PRACTICES ACT

CHAPTER 122, ACTS OF 1908

171. The following persons shall be guilty of corrupt practices and shall be punished in accordance with the provisions of this act: Every person, who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or by another give or offer or promise to any person any money, gift, advantage, preferment, entertainment, aid, emolument, or any valuable thing whatever, for the purpose of inducing or procuring any person to vote, or refrain from voting, for or against any person, or for or against any measure or proposition at any election or primary election or political convention or session of the General Assembly of Maryland or either House thereof. Every person who shall, directly or indirectly receive, accept, request or solicit from any person, candidate, committee, association, organization or corporation, any money, gift, advantage, preferment, aid, emolument or any valuable thing whatsoever, for the purpose of inducing or procuring any person to vote, or refrain from voting for or against any person, or for or against any measure or proposition at any election or primary election or political convention. Every person who in consideration of any money, gift, preferment, aid, emolument, or any valuable thing whatsoever paid, received, accepted or promised to the advantage of himself or any other person, shall vote, or refrain from voting, for or against any person, or for or against any measure at any such election, caucus or primary election or political convention. Every person who shall, directly or indirectly, pay, give, contribute or promise any money or other valuable thing, to defray, or towards defraying the costs or expense of any campaign or election, to any person, committee, company, club, organization, or association other than to a treasurer or political agent; but this sub-section or paragraph shall not apply to dues regularly paid for membership in any incorporated political club if all money expended by such club for or in connection with the costs or expenses of any campaign or through a treasurer or political agent, as provided in this Act, or to any expenses for postage, telephoning, telegrams, stationery, printing, expressage or traveling and board incurred by any candidate for office or for nomination thereto so far as they are permitted by this Act. Every person who shall, directly or indirectly, by himself or through another person, make a payment or promise of payment, to a treasurer or political agent in any other name than his own; and every treasurer or political agent, who shall knowingly receive a payment or promise of payment, and enter the same or cause the same to be entered in his accounts in any other name than that of the person by whom such payment or promise of payment is made. Every person who being an employer pays his employes the salary or wages due in "pay envelopes" upon which there is written or printed, or in which there is enclosed any political motto, device or argument containing threats, express or implied, intended or calculated to influence the political opinions or actions of such employes, or within ninety days of any election or primary puts, or otherwise exhibits, in the establishments or place where his employes are engaged in labor, any hand bill or placard containing any threat notice or information that if any particular ticket or candidate is elected or defeated, work in his place or establishment will cease in whole or in part or his establishment be closed up, or the wages of his employes be reduced other threats expressed or implied, intended or calculated to influence the political opinions or actions or his employes. Every person, who, before, during or after election or primary election, by himself or by any other person, either directly or indirectly, gives or provides or pays, wholly or in part, the expenses of giving or providing any meat, drink, entertainment or provisions to or for any person, for the purpose of influencing that person or any other person, to give or refrain from giving his vote at the election or primary election, or to influence his vote in any other way therein, or on account of his having voted or refrained from voting, or being about to vote or refrain from voting, and every elector who accepts the same, or any of the same, for any or the purposes aforesaid. Every person who shall be guilty of any corrupt practices as aforesaid shall be fined not less than three hundred dollars, nor more than one thousand dollars, or be imprisoned for one year, or both, and shall be ineligible to any public office or public employment for a period of four years from and after the time of the commission of such offense.

GIVING AWAY LIQUOR ON ELECTION DAY

For the information of all persons concerned, the following Act of the Legislature, passed March 24th, 1895, is published:

AN ACT

Prohibiting the sale of Spirituous or Fermented Liquors in the counties or the State on the day of Election.

SECTION 1. Be is enacted by the General Assembly of Maryland, that it shall not be lawful for the keeper of any hotel, tavern, store, drinking establishment, or any other place where liquor is sold, or any person or persons, directly or indirectly, of any kind, on the day of election hereinafter to be held in the several counties of the State.

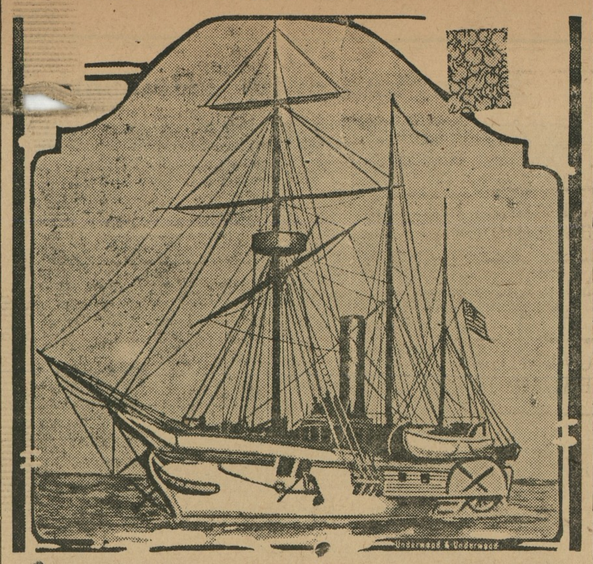
SECTION 2. And be it enacted, That any person violating the provisions of this Act shall be liable to indictment by the Grand Jury of the county where such offense is committed, and shall, upon conviction before any judge of any of the Circuit Courts of the State, he find a sum not less than fifty dollars for each and every offense; one-half the fine is paid to the informer and the other half to the County Commissioners for the use of the public roads.

Article 33 of the Code of Public General Laws, as amended by the Acts of 1900 and 1901, says:

Whoever, during the hours of registration, or revision of registration, or during the hours of election or canvas of votes or of making returns thereof in any precinct, shall bring, take, order or send into, shall or attempt to bring or take or send into any place of registration or of election any distilled or spiritous liquors, wine ale or beer, or, shall at any such time or place drink or partake of such liquors, shall upon conviction thereof be fined not less than ten dollars nor more than $100.

WM. W. GOODMAN,
Sheriff.

Historic Vessel Given to Erie



The Wolverine, the first iron vessel ever built by the United States navy, and the fifth steam-propelled man-o'-war, will soon steam into Erie, Pa., to end its arduous life. The Wolverine, originally called the Michigan, has been the entire naval force of the United States on the Great lakes since 1844. During the Civil war it was used to keep Confederates from running arms across the Canadian border. The ancient vessel was to have been junked, but the people of Erie asked that it be given to them.

Teamwork Keynote of Success

The operators of your central office are everlastingly plugging for you. Here, "actions speak louder than words."

IF

(With apologies to Kipling)

If you can watch your board when all about you
The rows of shining signals wax and wane;
If you can challenge in on all your flashes,
And on the lingering one-lights do the same.
If you can overlap, and keep from lapping
Into the adjacent operator's way,
And work on speed, and yet be safe from errors,
And see that observations are O. K.
If you can do all this, and not go boasting,
But do it in a just and generous way,
The road of progress has been opened to you,
You'll be a "Central Chief," my girl, some day.

—VIRGINIA MULLAN,
Baltimore Telephone Operator.

Teamwork is the keynote of success. Every business, industry or individual that has ever amounted to anything had to have co-ordination and teamwork to bring about the results obtained. On investigation you will find that the success of any industry is dependent on the teamwork of the several departments or with the employees in each individual department. The successive operation of a utility depends on the teamwork of its employees.

A homely illustration of teamwork was impressed on the writer a number of years ago while driving with a gentleman behind a pair of horses who were of about equal size and speed, but one was lazy while the other, attended strictly to pulling her part of the load. The horse on the "near" side threw her weight into the collar and kept it there while the "off" horse had to be touched up with the whip every once in a while. The gentleman accompanied each flick of the whip with a firm admonition "do your duty, Sam," which always brought about results for the time being, but must be repeated often. In working with people during the past quarter of a century the writer has often been struck with the similarity of workmen to that team.

As an example visualize the operations of the telephone system, which has made a neighborhood of the nation. There could be no telephone service without the switchboards and associate equipment, the poles, wires, cables, conduit lines and other plant over which the conversations are carried between subscribers in the same locality, or from one community to another in the same state or even to a distant state or country.

Before a telephone office is established the engineers must go over the ground carefully and make a survey of the conditions to see whether a central office is needed. Among the things to be considered are the number of people in that particular community who may be expected to require telephone service at the present time or within the near future. Another factor which is given serious consideration is the number of people who may locate in this community within five, ten, fifteen, or twenty years and the class of business which they will operate.

With these facts in hand the engineers figure from past performances in other sections what may be expected in the way of telephone growth and what revenue may be expected from the service which will be furnished.

After this is done other engineers must figure the construction costs of building the necessary plant including switchboards, frames, batteries, poles, cross-arms, wire, and cable, and the maintenance and operation of the system. When this is completed and the officials pass on the estimate the work is authorized. Then the supply department must be called on to furnish the material with which the plant will be constructed. After the installation is finished the system is turned over to the operating and maintenance departments who must carry on the service and see that the various units of plant function properly and work together to furnish the public with a satisfactory communication system.

The operators at the switchboards must work together in the interest of good service. Each operator is trained to answer calls and establish communications on her position of the board and to help other operators adjacent to her position as required. In doing this she must carry on her work in an efficient way so that she is helpful in her efforts to assist her fellow workers.

The wire chief who supervises the installation and maintenance of the telephones and plant must have the co-operation of his installers and repairmen; in order to co-operate successfully with the manager and chief operator each of whom is responsible for a particular branch of telephone service.

Every phase of the business all the way from the president of the company down to the last office boy calls for teamwork.

Awakening of Old Madrid

Madrid is now one of the busiest and most progressive cities of southern Europe, and the sleepy Old world spot of former days is no longer recognizable. Skyscrapers are going up in great numbers.

Light on Natural History

The discovery of a section of a large caribou horn imbedded in a swamp near White Cloud confirms the belief held by old-timers that Michigan once was the habitat of this northern game animal. This is the second find of this nature within recent years in the same territory.

National Gems

According to old philosophy a particular talismanic gem is allotted to each country in the world. Thus England has the diamond, France the ruby, Germany the hematite, Ireland the emerald, Italy the sardonyx, Japan the jade, China the pearl, Spain the turquoise and America the tourmaline.

Married to a Tree

A Hindu in the Punjab cannot be legally married a third time. When therefore, he wants a third wife he is married to a tree, so that when he actually does take another wife she counts as his fourth.

THE DEMOCRATIC TICKET DESERVES YOUR SUPPORT

Over 3,000 people decided who the candidates of the Kent Democracy should be this year. No Boss did it, and no Boss could have prevented just what happened. It is a splendid ticket and deserves the support of the people.

Now, in the light of all these proceedings, it is the duty and should be the pleasure of all affiliated Democrats to vote for the nominees of the Democratic party.

What is the use of a Primary if we do not abide by it? No man can call himself a Democrat who participates in a Democratic primary and then repudiates his act. No man can be a faithful member of a church, a lodge or any other organization, who allies himself with the opposition to such such church, lodge or other organization. Nor can he label himself a Democrat and be found always on the side of the opposition. The Democratic party has put up good men for office. Several of them are candidates for the office they already fill. The Democracy approved their candidacy at the Primary election, and so far as we know the Democrats who opposed the successful candidates are living up to the announcement of their own candidacy, when they proclaimed to the people that they would abide by the decision of the Democratic Primary. In other words they promised if defeated they would give their loyal support to the Democratic ticket.

We have heard rumors of faithlessness, but we hear such reports every campaign, and in nine cases out of ten the reports are false. We take it for granted that every man who claims to be a Democrat will sink his personal dislike to any one candidate, and will remember that the defeat of any candidate on the Democratic ticket is not a personal matter, but will go out as a Democratic party defeat.

Vote the Democratic Ticket!

Tree Surgeons Advance

Tree surgery is making marked advances. Many of the professionals in the business are discarding the concrete and cement filler and use a material made from baked cork, put under high pressure. This new filling is both permanent and flexible. Being lighter than the wood it replaces, it is conducive to quick healing through the growth pressure.

Good Ancient Philosophy

It is desirable for a ruler that no man should suffer from cold and hunger under his rule. Man cannot maintain his standard of morals when he has no ordinary means of living.—Kenko Hoshi (Japanese Buddhist priest of the Fourteenth century).

Nothing Beats Good Old Epsom Salts

Now supplied in Tablet Form and Sugar Coated—Called Dill's Epso-Tabs

Everyone ought to get the wonderful cleansing benefits of Epsom Salts at regular intervals. The trouble has always been that only a few could take them without getting sick and nauseated.

Now science has come to the rescue and perfected a sugar coated tablet of Epsom Salts with a special coating of Salol—the greatest intestinal antiseptic in all medicine. Druggists and dealers everywhere are being supplied with this new tablet as fast as possible.

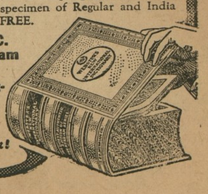
To insure getting the genuine Salol coated Epsom Salts compound tablet—specify Dill's Epso-Tabs. All dealers dispense a large box for 25 cents. New tangled and habit forming laxatives will have to go now. Activate your liver—cleanse the blood and intestinal tract with Dill's Epso-Tabs. The Dill Company, Norristown, Pa.

"SUPREME AUTHORITY"

WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

—THE MERRIAM WEBSTER

Because
Hundreds of Supreme Court Judges concur in highest praise of the work as their *Authority*.
The Presidents of all leading Universities, Colleges, and Normal Schools give their hearty *indorsement*.
All States that have adopted a large dictionary as *standard* have selected Webster's New International.
The Schoolbooks of the Country *adhere* to the Merriam-Webster system of diacritical marks.
The Government Printing Office at Washington uses it as *authority*.
WRITE for a sample page of the *New Words*, specimen of Regular and India Papers, FREE.



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Get The Best!

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