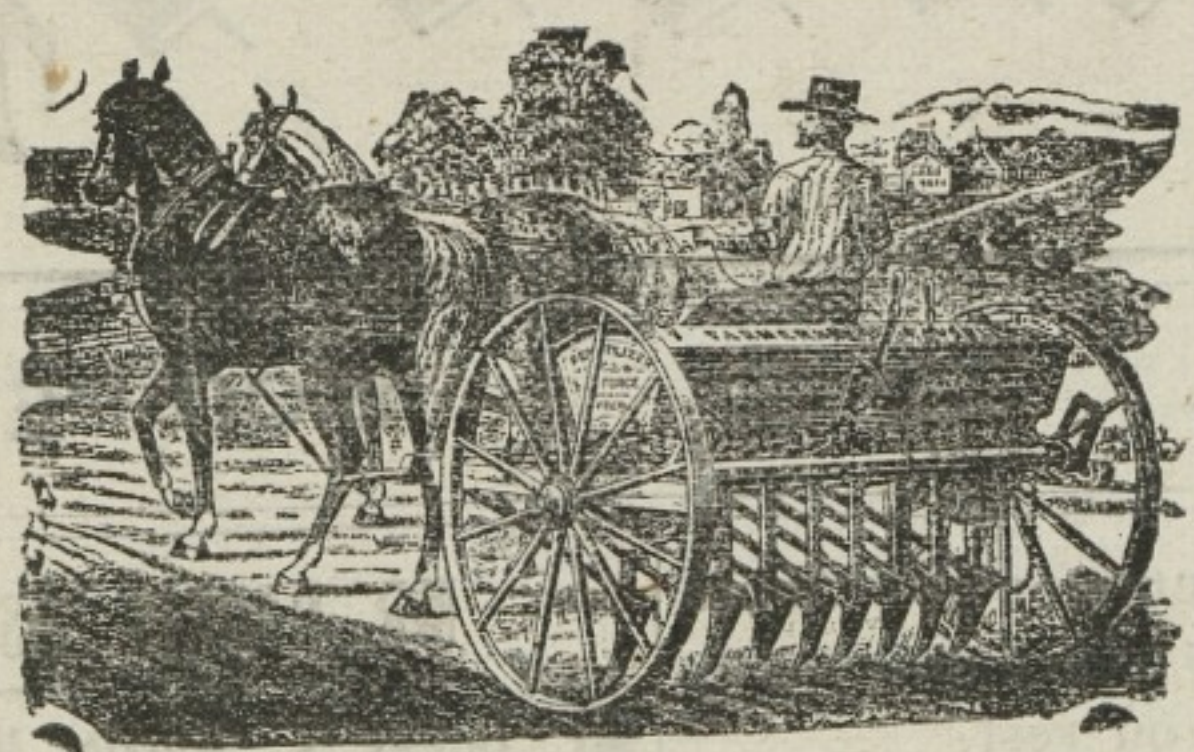


BEKFORD & HUFFMAN GRAIN DRILLS.

POSITIVE
FORCE FEED
for Wheat and
FERTILIZER.



PERFECT SPEED
DEVICE.
DOUBLE
DISTRIBUTORS.

"As ye Sow so shall ye Reap."

The most practical and modern drill on earth, with ribbon steel grain tubes, steel axles and roller bearings, the lightest draught and easiest running grain drill in use. In use everywhere.

Rasin-Monumental Co. FERTILIZERS!

Strictly high-grade. These goods are largely in use in this county, and known to give the best results.

Leather Belting and Lace Leather.

OILS OF ALL KINDS.

Oliver Chilled PLOWS.



Best on earth. In use everywhere. Oliver Plow REPAIRS. We are the Oliver Company's Agents, and are the only house in this town that sells the Genuine Oliver Plows. Beware of bogus Oliver Plows; the town is full of them. Also, Repairs for South Bend, Advance, Syracuse and Ohio Plows.

The CHATANOOGA HANCOCK DISC Plow the marvel of the age, plows and pulverizes hardest fallow ground without the least trouble, try it. It is just the thing.

DISC HARROWS.

of most approved kinds to reduce your soil to a complete seed bed. Buffalo Pitt's Land Rollers, complete implement. Fallow Harrows. A Complete line of Farm Implements.

PUMPS of the most improved patterns. Owens' No. 20 Improved FANS. The only Fan that will positively clean wheat of cockle and cheat.

READY-MADE HARNESS.

and sell at smallest margins. I also make a specialty of \$10.00 Harness. Collars, Bridles, Harness, Traces, Strap Work and all furnishings used on the farm. Disc Harrows and Land Rollers.

Splendid stock of Lap Dusters, Fly Nets, Horse Goods.

GEO. W. SMITH.

Elipson Building.

Chestertown, Maryland.

WALL PAPERS

BIG LINE.

The 6, 7 and 8 cent kinds at 3 cents the roll.

Nice Line of Furniture,

Bedroom Suits, Buffets, Refrigerators, Couches, Lamps, Bed-springs, Mattresses, etc.
Framed Pictures and Picture Frames made to order. Big line

READY-MIXED PAINTS,

Lead, Oils, Window Glass.
All goods at extremely low prices.

Mattings!

The new Mattings have the floor. They are shown here in the latest colorings, styles and quality. China Matting for wear. Prices range from 9c. to 27½ cents in the Linen Warp Matting. Beautiful Carpet Patterns, and the price 15c to 25c the yard. Buying direct as we do enables us to give an advantage in price.

CARPETS.

We sell you the Best 2-Ply Ingrains, strictly all wool 55c. at.....

JOHN BARTLEY,

Chestertown, Md.

Next to old bank.

WAGNER'S

Green House Restaurant

West Pratt Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

L. & P. WAGNER,

The restaurant is the oldest and most extensive of its kind in the city.

SETTLERS OF DUPLIN COUNTY

One of the Fairest Portions of North Carolina.
Interesting Stories of the Great Men
The County Has Produced in all
Lines of Effort.

MOST OF THE FIRST FAMILIES CAME FROM MARYLAND.

Duplin county at the first, 1749, touched the borders of New Hanover, Bladen, Cumberland, Johnston, Craven and Onslow. The eastern part of Johnston became Dobbs county in 1758 and the western part of Dobbs became Wayne, 1779. Jones county on the eastern border of Duplin was formed from Craven, 1779. Until 1784 Duplin included what is now Sampson county and, in this paper the old name will be used to cover the whole territory. It was one of the fairest portions of North Carolina. Large streams which flowed through every part of it indicated fertile lands and afforded cheap and easy transportation for the timber and naval stores which were then the chief articles of commerce. The Indians were excellent judges of a location which furnished materials for easy and luxurious living; and their chief settlement was near the present town of Kenansville. A large mound in which they buried their dead long stood about a mile from the courthouse, indicating at once their ownership and their good sense. The public high-way ran from Wilmington to Smithville, dividing the county into nearly equal sections. The courthouse stood on this road about the centre of the county. Four miles north of the courthouse the road forked, the right leading to Dobbs courthouse which stood two miles across and up the river from Whitehall. The foundations of the old building may still be seen on the plantation of James Whitfield, Esq.

Into this beautiful region there came, singly or in groups, men who by taste and experience were prepared to make the most and best of it. They were from different quarters, but the largest and most influential body of them came from Maryland. The mention of a few families will make this appear: Clark, Wright, Beck, Houston, Hollingsworth, Hines, (in Maryland written also Hinds, Hynes, Hynder), Darden (written Durdin in Maryland to this day), King, Hobbs, Kinneer (written in Maryland Conner), Rutledge, Carr, Dixon, Kirby (Kerby), Sutherland, Glisson (Gleeson, Gleason), Bowden, Millard, Meredith, Howard, Blackman, Cooper, Hynson, Winders (Winters), Ballard, Cook, Fennell (Fennile, Fennell, Fennil), Murray, Chason (Cheson), Bell, Carroll, Hicks, Torrance, (Tarrance), Thompson, Dunn. I think, though I am not sure, that Bunting, Holmes and Sampson came from New England to Maryland and thence to North Carolina and Duplin county.

It will be of interest to glance at the history of some of these families. They came from good homes on the Eastern Shore of Maryland which has been settled since 1631, bringing with them some wealth, considerable intelligence and a certain degree of familiarity with the best social and domestic life of the time. The Dixons were men of force and speedily obtained recognition and place. One of them was the first clerk of the county. Many years later one of the descendants, James Dixon, long held the same office. Robert and James were several times elected to the Legislature. Joseph Dixon was a member of Congress and left a sum of money, large for those times, to educate the poor children of the county. Of the Kings two were members of the Legislature and one, William R., was a member of Congress in this State, Senator from Alabama, and Vice-President. Daniel Glisson was for twenty years in one or other branch of the Legislature. Of the Wrights, Thomas was for a number of years sheriff, while David and William were several times members of the Legislature. Thomas Hicks was a member at the Convention of 1774 and 1775, also of the Legislature of 1775. He died soon afterwards. Andrew and Daniel Thompson came to Duplin before 1783. In that year the former married Ann Hicks and on her death, 1789, married her sister, Lucretia. Dadel Thompson married Miss Legate, of Brunswick. These brothers were from Berlin, Md. Of their descendants Thomas was murdered by Tories near Clinton, Jacob was captured in the battle of Camden and carried to Charleston, never to be heard from afterwards; James did service in the Revolution and was often elected to the Legislature after the war. The Clarks were among the earlier settlers. They were people of wealth and also of refined taste and elegant culture. One of them built, about two miles north of Faison, what is a fine specimen of the best class of colonial homes. It is yet standing and after more than a hundred years is still, with a few exceptions, the best house in the county. The lawn, the garden, the flowers, the street on which stood the negro cabins were greatly superior to those which one usually finds in new settlements. Another of the Clarks built a similar house one mile west of Faison. It was burned by the Federal soldiers in the spring of 1865. Still another residence of similar style was owned by Samuel Dunn. His education had been completed in Dublin and literature was his recreation from the

cares of business. His library would be considered a good one even in these times of abundant and cheap books. He came, 1796, from Kent county, where his family had been rather prominent one for more than a hundred years; married a sister of Hon. Charles Hooks, died 1839.

The Hollingsworth family was the oldest and also one of the first to settle in the county. According to Burke, Landed Gentry, they were comfortably settled in England before the Conquest. Valentine Hollingsworth came to America with William Penn, 1682, and for almost twenty years was a member of the Legislature of Pennsylvania. Two of his descendants, Stephen and Henry, came to Duplin and settled on Stuart's Creek. Others of the family followed. John was a member of the Convention at Halifax, April, 1776. Charles was a lieutenant in the battalion which was formed for the defence of the coast about Wilmington. Samuel was a leader of the patriots in Cumberland. Henry and Zebulon, sons of the first Henry that came out, were pensioned by order of Congress in 1793, for military service during the Revolution. Stephen was a man of large landed estate, a Baptist minister, a stirring patriot in Bladen where such men were much needed. Some years after the establishment of the Hollingsworths on Stuart's creek the Aldermans came out from New Jersey and settled in the same region, drawn probably by some tie of acquaintance or religious belief. They came from England where they were out of harmony with the Established Church and therefore unpleasantly situated in their homes. Prof. Alderman, superintendent of graduated schools in Henderson, has among his heir-looms a writing desk which was brought over by the family on their first coming to America. Thomas Kennear (Conier) was sheriff of Dublin. The first of the name in Maryland, was Philip Conier who, 1647, was appointed by Governor Calvert a commissioner of Kent county, and, 1652, was appointed commander of the county. But there is not time or space for more of these details of persons and family history. The making of Duplin was the work of men such as those whose names have been mentioned. Of course there were many others. Some came from other colonies but no other province furnished so many settlers of such excellent quality as Maryland. It is proof of the character of the people that for twenty-seven years Duplin furnished the Congressman for the district in which it is situated. It also gave to the State an excellent governor.

Of course people like these would not be indifferent to the education of their children. Besides the neighborhood and family schools there were at a very early period two academies of high grade. One of them, now known as the James Sprunt Institute, was at first Grove Academy and stood a mile beyond the town limits. For many years it had a very extensive patronage, and it is still quite as flourishing as ever. The other was Green Academy, about three miles north of Faison and rivaling the Grove in reputation and patronage. It was conducted by such men as Husted, of Raleigh, and the Elliotts, A. M. Green, of the family now in Goldsboro, and Wilson was the founder and first teacher.

The Established Church was not popular. The citizens would not have it. A parsonage and glebe, near the courthouse was purchased and Governor Tryon sent them Rev. Hobart Briggs, but he soon had to leave the community and the property was sold by act of the Legislature. Afterwards there was no other Episcopal church in the county until the close of the civil war, save perhaps a small body of churchmen in Clinton, North Carolina. Presbyterianism as an organized body had its