THE KENT NEWS:
PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT
CHESTERTOWN, KENT COUNTY, MD.,
OFFICE IN MASONIC HALL.

WM. B. USILTON. FRED. G. USILTON.
WM. B. USILTON & SON,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

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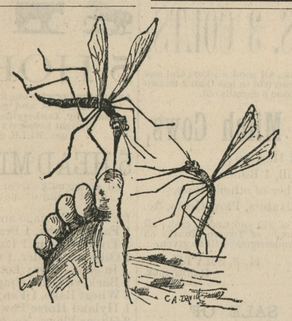
LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE, solicited, but all articles must be accompanied by responsible names.

Kent News.

Vol. 52. CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND: SATURDAY, SEPT. 12, 1891. No. 19.



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August 1, 1891. STILL POND, KENT COUNTY, MD.

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A. W. Stevens & Son's Engines and Threshers,

REEVES & CO.'S STACKERS,

EUREKA WIND MILLS.

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JUST OUT—A New and Splendid Companion

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AN IMPROVED SPRING-TOOTH HARROW!

Steel Frame, elevated throughout its entire length and every tooth riding on a saddle, thus making it the LIGHTEST DRAUGHT HARROW on the market. No two teeth following each other and thereby thoroughly pulverizing the ground. The new Pivoting Frictional Tooth-holder permits the wearing of the Entire Length of the Tooth. Upon an examination we feel the most skeptical will be convinced that we have the FINEST HARROW YET INVENTED.

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Coming FALL, and SPRING of 1892.

These trees are grown from seed guaranteed to be Natural, procured from districts where there are no signs of disease. An inspection of my stock is cordially invited.

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OF ALL THE LEADING VARIETIES.

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There being a prospect of a large demand for trees, it would be well for planters to place their orders early. Address

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Price Reduced on Chilled Plows and Castings!

ONE, Two and Three-horse Plows, The Roland Chilled Plow, The Norris Chilled Plow, The Damascus Chilled Plow, The Chesapeake Plow, and Castings for the above, and Oliver Shears, Concave, Wiard, Wiley and other Plow Castings
For sale by J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.

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Forks, Shovels Spades, Hoes, Rakes, Chain Traces, Hames, Backbands, Rope Traces, Plow Lines, Hame Straps and Strings, Grub Hoes, Pruning Saws and Shears, Pruning Axes and Hooks, Bench Vices, &c.
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Northern Grown Seed Potatoes!

For sale at J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.'S.

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A Large and Splendid assortment of Whitewash Brushes, Dust Brushes, Scrub Brushes, Horse Brushes, Dandy Brushes, Shoe Brushes, Shaving Brushes, Stable Brooms, etc.

J. K. ALDRIDGE & CO.,

April 4, 1891. CHESTERTOWN.

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AND SO IS THE PURCHASER WHO ENTERS

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WM. R. ALDRIDGE.

—I HAVE A—

Complete Stock!

IN EVERY PARTICULAR.

MATTINGS, 18c. to 45c. per yard.
Ginghams, 10c. to 25c. per yard.

Plaid Muslins, Sateens, Embroidery.

We make a specialty of

Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes.

Straw Hats, Glassware, Gentlemen's Flannel Shirts from 50 cents to $2.50. Nice line of Handkerchiefs, etc. Call and see our new line of goods.

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Keeps constantly on hand

Gold and Silver Watches,

AND JEWELRY OF ALL KINDS.

18-Karat Engagement and Wedding Rings,

Rogers & Brother's Silver-Plated Ware,

Clocks of all kinds and Prices.

Spectacles as low as 25 cents.

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Porous Drain Tile!

Egg-Shaped, 2 to 8 inches Calibre. Round, with Collar, 2, 2½ and 3 inches Calibre.
Send for price list and circular.
Address, JERMAN & COSGRIFF, SMYRNA, DEL.,
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When You are About to Purchase Your Fall Supply of Fertilizers Remember That

T. R. HUBBARD & SON

Are Entitled to Your First Consideration.

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BECAUSE
They are in a position to give you more for the money than anybody else, buying largely as they do and accordingly low, and sell to you direct, thereby saving you a profit.

BECAUSE
They have the latest and the best equipped Fertilizer Machinery, and are at less expense than the city man, and do not take advantage of this saving in selling you.

BECAUSE
They put their goods up in 167-lb. bags as well as always have them in first-class drilling condition and sell all goods delivered without freight, on time if desired.

BECAUSE
They have held their trade, some of their customers having dealt with them for fifteen consecutive years, and some of these very people have threshed this season the largest yield they ever had.

BECAUSE
Just as sure as 2 and 2 make 4, it stands to reason that the more solid value you can buy for the least money, the more money there will be left to go in your pocket.

We are still offering Our A. A. Bone Superphosphate still at $27, time, although some materials have advanced, and our Imperial Compound at $22, time.

T. R. HUBBARD & SON,

Aug. 1, 1891. Manufacturers, Chestertown, Md.

WM. H. CACY,

MANUFACTURER OF FERTILIZERS

Chestertown, Maryland.

"STANDARD!" "NEW LIFE!" "RELIABLE!"

The Above Brands of Fertilizers

have now been used in this and neighboring counties for the past five years, and during that time have given general satisfaction. My facilities for manufacturing are now better than hitherto, and I guarantee to fill all orders promptly and in first-class drilling order. If those farmers who have not yet tried any of our brands of Fertilizers will inquire from some one who has used them as to results obtained, I think they will be induced to give them a trial.

WM. H. CACY,

August 15, 1891. CHESTERTOWN, MARYLAND.

1837. 1891.

FREDERICK FOUNTAIN,

Agent for R. J. BAKER & CO.,

—MANUFACTURERS OF—

HIGH GRADE FERTILIZERS,

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Special Fertilizers for particular crops are claiming general attention, as practical experimental farmers and planters have demonstrated that Fertilizers for each crop are necessary to insure such returns as will pay them for their labor and care. We make a specialty of furnishing in quantities, to suit purchasers, every article used in fertilizing the soil. We will sell separate or will manipulate and mix to order, according to any formula which may be required. We were the First House in Baltimore who furnished this facility for obtaining either the Unmixed Chemicals or the Compounding of Special Formulas.

OUR SPECIAL WHEAT PHOSPHATE

we can confidently recommend as an excellent wheat producer. It has been used for years, and the general satisfaction it has given warrants us in making the statement. We have also constantly in stock our carefully prepared brands of

Ammoniated Bone Superphosphates,
Fine Ground Raw Bone, Pure Dissolved Raw Bone,
Dissolved South Carolina Phosphate, Muriate Potash,
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and in fact anything farmers may want in the form of Fertilizers or Fertilizing Material, at Bottom Prices. Orders solicited. We do not publish certificates, our goods speak for themselves. Correspondence by mail promptly attended to.

FREDERICK FOUNTAIN, Agt.,

June 27, 1891. Chestertown, Maryland.

$6,000 WORTH

—OF—

Fine Spring and Summer Clothing

To be Closed Out, Regardless of Cost, During the NEXT SIXTY DAYS at the Clothing Store of

THOMAS S. BORDLEY.

MY OBJECT is to dispose of every Spring and Summer Suit in the house before the season closes, and to this end I have reduced Every $15, $14, $13, $12, $11 and $10 Suits to **$8.75.** I have nearly Five Hundred Men's Suits, all Fresh and New Goods, cut and finished in the most approved style, and I offer you the choice of any of them for $8.75. The material alone, in many of these Suits, cost more than I now ask for the suit. Three Hundred Boy's ALL WOOL Suits reduced to **$3.50**, worth all the way from $4.50 to 7.50, your pick of any of them for $3.50. Five Hundred Pairs of PANTS reduced to **$2.75**, all wool goods, and including every style. A large lot of CHILDREN'S KNEE PANTS for **25c.** A magnificent assortment of GENT'S FURNISHISH GOODS of every description, All Reduced to Cost. This is, beyond doubt, the Greatest Reduction in Clothing Ever Made in Chestertown. No matter how cheap clothing has been offered you before, either in city or town, our present prices will discount them enormously, and we guarantee perfect satisfaction in every particular.

Respectfully, &c.

THOMAS S. BORDLEY.

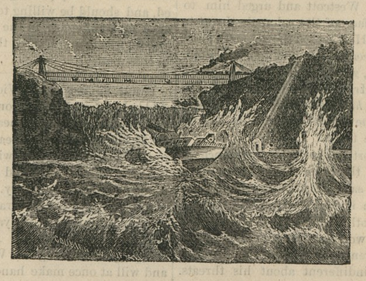
FOR RYE, WHEAT, GRASS

And Permanent

Pure ANIMAL BONE, Dissolved ANIMAL BONE, and ANIMAL BONE SUPER-PHOSPHATE.

Valuable Circulars and Samples Free on application.

JOSHUA HORNER, JR., & CO., Bowly's Wharf And Wood St. Baltimore, Md.



SCENES OF GRANDEUR.

The Horseshoe Falls at Niagara—Ride on the "Maid of the Mist"—Cave of the Winds.

Continuing our narrative from last week, we leave the American Falls, which are 167 feet, and proceed to the Horse Shoe Falls, which are 158 feet. Here is grandeur indeed, and on a different scale from what we saw at the other fall. The water here is very deep as can be seen by the color, which is a beautiful green. Almost double the amount of water falls here as compared with the American falls. As it strikes the rock bed below the spray rises like smoke from a burning building. So much did it resemble smoke that C. persisted in saying "just see the white smoke!" We are now standing within twenty feet of the precipice and can touch the water as it hurries past us for its great leap. We look up the river and see the rapids rolling tumultuously towards us—the green water of the mighty falls at our feet, while below us the hissing caldron of spray and the river with its steep bank beyond are seen.

Tradition tells us that the Indians living near the falls used annually to offer as a sacrifice to the Great Spirit of Niagara, the fairest maiden of the tribe, sending her over the falls in a white canoe which was decked with fruits and flowers. The honor of being chosen as the heroine of this human sacrifice was eagerly coveted by the Indian maidens. On one occasion the daughter of a chief was selected. Her father betrayed no feeling, but as the white canoe, guided by his daughter's hand, reached the rapids, he leaped into a canoe and followed her, nearly overtaking her, and met his death a few moments afterwards.

These falls extend from the Canadian shore to Goat Island, the width being estimated at 2,376 feet. It derives its name form its shape. It is estimated that the sheet is fully 20 feet thick in the centre or where it looks so green; an estimate which was corroborated in a singular manner in 1829. A ship named the Detroit, having been condemned, was bought and sent over the falls. On board were put a live bear, a deer, a buffalo and several smaller animals. The vessel was almost knocked to pieces in the rapids, but a large portion of her hull went over entire. She drew eighteen feet of water, bnt did not strike the cliff as she took the awful plunge. The animals when last seen had fallen from the boat and were soon killed.

Passing along the edge of the rapids we come to the Three Sister Islands, which are connected to Goat Island by three foot bridges. We see in the rapids an old log which is the remains of what once used to be an island of twenty acres. It is only a question of time when the Three Sister Islands will be washed away by the swift flowing rapids. It is impossible for a boat to cross the rapids, and many have been the attempts and just as many have been the deaths. Continuing our way a short distance along the rapids we come to the head of Goat Island and here we view the broad and placid river above spread out in a beautiful wide sheet of water. In the distance we see Navy Island, celebrated in the history of baorder warfare, the sight of old Fort Schloser, on the American side, and the town of Chippewa, on the Canada shore. While on the island we pluck some pretty red berries, ferns and field flowers. Signs are numerous telling visitors not to destroy the trees, shrubbery, etc., but as it did not say berries we thought it was all right. From Prospect Park at one wide sweep we behold Niagara, stretching from the American to the Canada side in magnificent prospective. Between, as if in the grasp of the cataracts, we see Goat Island, which we have just left hanging precariously above the abyss. The scene is certainly one of the grandest of terrestrial nature.

It is now evening and we are shown especial honor by Mr. Well, proprietor of the International. The beautiful lawn was illuminated by the pyrotechnic display on the fountain, which was further enhanced by the addition of fairy lamps which spread out in the velvety lawn in the following letters "P. P. A.," Peninsula Press Association, and the charming music rendered by the orchestra added another spell to the dazzling scene and, of course, we were charmed with the entertainment in our honor. A hop was given in the spacious parlors for which neat programs were printed, "In honor of the Peninsula Press Association."

About two o'clock next morning we start for a trip on the "Maid of the Mist." We descend 290 steps to the river below and donning water proof coats and hats go on deck of the little boat. It is hard to distinguish the men from the women when dressed in these rubber coats. The brave little propeller is not quite as large as the Gratitude. It has an engine of one hundred horse power. From the deck of this little steamer is had the only comprehensive view of the vastness, sublimity and grandeur of Niagara's matchless cataract. We pass American Falls to the foot of the great Horseshoe Falls. The spray is so great as we pass the former that we can see but little, but as we pass closer to the foot of the latter we realize for the first time the awful majesty and power of nature's greatest wonder. Just imagine, if you can, riding on a little boat to an embankment higher than the M. E. Church steeple, over which embankment fully 1,350,000,000 of cubic feet of water is passing every minute! And as it falls the roar drowns our voices and makes it useless to speak. We go closer and closer until the strong current drives us back. Not until we are driven back does the captain reverse his wheel. On the trip back we stop off on the Canadian side and there procure a carriage for a drive through the Queen's Park. From this side of the falls the view is beautiful as we are directly opposite the great falls. We stop for a short while at the Clifton House, from whose dining room the falls of Niagara are in full view. Here the queen is want to come and spend seasons of rest and quiet. The little steamer is named after the Indian girl, or maiden of the mist.

Modern fancy portrays the real spirits of the Indian maidens sacrificed to the spirit of Niagara in days gone by, as idealized into the maiden of the mist; a mythical and typical maiden, dwelling at the base of the falls and continuously both by day and night disporting herself in the ever rising and never failing clouds of mist or spray, awaiting and greeting the spirits of those victims (some unfortunate by accident, and some more unfortunate by suicide,) who from time to time yield up their lives to Niagara, or as the Indians pronounced it, "Ni-a-ga-ra, the thunderer of waters."

Our next point of interest is the Whirlpool Rapids. This wonderful spot is about two miles from the falls, down the rushing green river, which, flowing at profound depths between high banks, looks so quiet, yet sullen, after leaving the howling abyss at the foot of the falls. But what a change at Whirlpool Rapids! The whole force of water concentrates itself here, it seems as though it would tear asunder the steep hills that enclose it, so wild and startling is its terrific power; as far as the eye can reach the water thunder down in seething, heaving masses of foam, throwing up streams of water covered with spray, and in places whirling it up into angry billows, twenty or thirty feet above our heads as we stand on the shore.

It was across the rapids that on Friday a tight rope walker passed over and there in the middle of the rope was a handkerchief that had been tied there by the daring Canadian. The height of the hills are over 200 feet and the depth of the water is 300 feet. It is impossible for a boat to pass through safe. It is here that the foolish swimmers pass though in barrels, etc. Our driver stated that he had helped to place a young man and his girl in a barrel not long since and saw them make the journey through the rapids a distance of 2½ miles in two minutes!

But we fear our readers will tire of these letters and will hasten to a close. We paid a visit to the cave of the winds alone, the balance of our little party fearing to go. I wish I could pen the feeling that came over me as I entered this dark place dressed in a bathing suit. We went behind the great sheet of water in a cave 150 feet wide, 100 feet high and 75 feet in width between the sheet of water and the rock. The path through the cave is on the natural rock. It is impossible to see for the blinding spray and we had to feel our way round. At times we could see a dark chasm open below us which made the journey more dreadful. We were glad when the other side of the cave was reached and we were conducted over bridges and platforms between and in front of the Central and American Falls, thus obtaining views both *behind* and in front of the great body of falling water. No pen can describe the sublimity and grandeur of the scene, nor can tongue give expression to the awe inspiring sensations produced by this wonderful work of nature. It is the only place where rainbows form an entire circle, six and seven at once. We passed through six that were unexcelled for beauty!

At some future time perhaps we will give some description of the work that has been commenced to utilize this great power of water.

F. G. U.

POLITICAL GOSSIP.

Mr. Vannort's Threat to Withdraw—Hodson and Wellington Speak Their Mind.

The selection of Mr. Charles T. Westcott as chairman of the republican State central committee at its meeting on Thursday has given offense to Mr. Wm. J. Vannort, candidate for Governor. Mr. Westcott represents the wing of the party that was antagonistic to the nomination of Mr. Vannort and which favored Mr. Harry M. Clabaugh, of Carroll county, as the party's candidate for Governor. The fight which began in the State convention was continued in the meeting of the State committee, with the result that Mr. Vannort lost. In that meeting he claimed the privilege that had been accorded to all republican candidates for Governor for the past twelve years of naming the chairman of the State committee. This request met with opposition, and was finally defeated by an overwhelming vote. After the adjournment of the committee Mr. Vannort and his friends had a consultation, and it was agreed between them that if Mr. Westcott accepted the position to which he had been elected Mr. Vannort would resign and leave a vacancy at the head of the State ticket for the committee to fill. A telegram stating these facts was sent to Mr. Westcott. It is said this telegram was prepared by Mr. John T. Ensor, the United States district attorney, who was a friend of Mr. Vannort in the fight. Mr. Vannort is represented as being the candidate of the postoffice and custom-house. A prominent republican leader put it in this way: "It is a case of the city tail trying to wag the country dog."

MR. WELLINGTON SPEAKS OUT.

Mr. George L. Wellington, United States sub-treasurer, who is one of the leaders of the opposition to the sentiment represented by Mr. Vannort, said that immediately upon the election of Mr. Westcott as chairman of the State committee, he notified Mr. Westcott by telegraph of his election and urged him to accept. Yesterday Mr. Wellington received a reply from Mr. Westcott by letter, in which was inclosed the telegram containing Mr. Vannort's threat to withdraw. In this letter Mr. Westcott indicates an intention of accepting the position as chairman of the State committee. He says he appreciates the fact that his selection was due to a desire to rehabilitate the republican party in the State, and to put an end to the warring and strife that has so long prevailed. He says his decision will not be influenced by the threat of the gubernatorial candidate, and intimates that if he can serve the party he is at their service. Mr. Wellington says he has no doubt of Mr. Westcott's intention to accept and be at the head of the State committee for the next two years.

"This last action of Mr. Vannort," continued Mr. Wellington, "has only served to make him ridiculous, not only in the eyes of his party, but throughout the State. I do not think the party will be any great loser if he should adhere to his threat and retire from the ticket. Before the State convention Mr. Vannort came to Baltimore and placed himself in the hands of the postoffice and custom-house factions, and he has been their exponent ever since. He did not go near or consult with any one outside of this coterie, and they have used him as they saw fit. When he came into the meeting of the State committee and named a city man as his preference for chairman he was told plainly that such a course could not and would not be tolerated. He was told that nothing could be gained by keeping alive factional differences in the party. It was time they should cease, and the county members had made up their minds that as the trouble had to end sometime it might as well be fought out now as later. The issue was made as to whether the republican party was to be run in the interest of individuals for selfish purposes or to secure good government to the State. On this issue we won and will continue to win any time it is brought up in the same body. Postmaster Johnson, United States Marshal Airy, Collector Marine and United States District Attorney Ensor are not the republican party in Maryland, and it is not proposed that they shall dictate longer and keep the party widely separated for the purpose of distributing or controling the federal patronage. Mr. Vannort's action in threatening to resign after the committee had selected its chairman was ill-advised. There seems to be no desire on the part of the influences controling Mr. Vannort to fight democrats. They seem never to be happy unless fighting republicans. The mistake that has been made was in permitting Mr. Vannort to be nominated at Ocean City. We had a majority of the convention for Mr. Clabaugh and should have insisted upon his acceptance of the nomination at the hands of the majority.

"I am not fighting Mr. Vannort, but I am opposed to the factions that are controlling him. When I opposed Mr. Mason as chairman of the committee Mr. McComas was put up with the expectation that I dare not oppose a man from my own district. But in this case it was measures and not men that I was fighting, and I would have fought Mr. McComas as bitterly as any other man if I thought he was the exponent of a sentiment that only tended to disrupt my party.

"Should Mr. Vannort resign the State central committee has full authority, under the party constitution, to fill the vacancy. There will be no necessity for calling another State convention. I do not think Mr. Clabaugh will now be the candidate, and I am not at this time prepared to say who will be selected to take the vacancy on the ticket."

"AN UNENVIABLE POSITION."

Mr. Thomas S. Hodson, another State leader who favored Mr. Westcott's election said: "The threat of Mr. Vannort has placed him in a most unenviable position. It is an acknowledgment that his purpose in becoming the party candidates was not to fight the democratic enemy and win republican success, but for the ulterior purpose of controling party machinery in the State. Nothing has been said against Mr. Westcott's fitness for the place, nor has his republicanism and loyalty to party been attacked. The only objection urged is that he is not in accord with Mr. Vannort. In accord on what? If he is a republican, and if he is capable the lack of accord must be in some point that does not affect a fight with the common enemy. The fact is that Mr. Vannort and the faction behind him went to Ocean City with two objects in view. In securing Mr. Vannort's nomination they hoped to control the chairman of the State committee and to secure in advance one delegate at large to the next national convention. Their forces gathered at Ocean City to push Mr. Vannort into the nomination, no matter how it came. In this they succeeded by the courtesy of Mr. Clabaugh's friends. The State committee, however, have defeated them in the attainment of the first advantage they expected this nomination to secure them. The threatened resignation of Mr. Vannort was the result of a conference held after the adjournment of the committee. While the committee were still in session Mr. Vannort was approached by Mr. John W. Belt, of Prince George's county, and told to resign then. This he declined to do, saying that it would be unjust to his friends for him to back out, and that he was going to stick and win the race. During a later consultation it was again urged upon him to resign or force Mr. Wescott to stand aside. Mr. Vannort is made to appear as an individual who has been very much wronged. As a fact he was doing a great injustice to his party by aiding to keep alive factional differences in Baltimore city. The county members were tired of seeing the city tail wag the county dog, and they came here prepared to put an end to this strife. Mr. Vannort was set up to represent one small faction in the republican party, and the whole party in the State did not care to be dominated by this faction. They took the matter into their hands and have settled it.

WHAT MR. VANNORT SAYS.

Mr. Vannort remained in the city Friday, expecting an answer to his telegram from Mr. Westcott. In the telegram he requested Mr. Westcott to address him here. No answer was received, and Mr. Vannort expects to leave this morning for his home in Kent county. When asked if he knew that Mr. Wellington had received a letter from Mr. Westcott signifying his determination to accept the chairmanship of the committee Mr. Vannort said: "I have not heard that such a letter has been received, but if it is true and Mr. Westcott does accept the chairmanship, then I shall hand my resignation to the committee as soon as I am officially informed of it. This is the only means at my command for resenting the act of distouresey on the part of the committee for refusing me a privilege that has been accorded my predecessors for the past twelve years. It would be impossible for me to make a successful and vigorous fight aided by a man who is not in accord and sympathy with me. I could not make the race under such leadership and retain my self-respect. The action of the committee was a great surprise, and I was grieved to find that the movement against me in that body was backed by men whom I have always regarded as my warmest personal and political friends. The truth is the Eastern Shore is a small place and will not admit of too many leaders. I think the animus of this fight can be found in this fact. There are now some people in that section who occupy prominent positions and who pose as leaders who are afraid of sharing their power with others. I made an honest request of the committee and it was denied me. I named three gentlemen, any of whom would be acceptable to me, to manage my campaign. Not one was accepted, and I have now made up my mind that unless Mr. Stephen R. Mason, of Baltimore city, is made chairman of the State committee I will retire from the ticket and let some one else take my place. Mr. Mason has been recommended to me by members of both factions in the city as a capable and acceptable man; he cannot, therefore, be said to represent any faction. I accepted him on this ground, and am determined to adhere to what I say. If Mr. Mason is not chosen I will not make the race. I am only waiting to hear from Mr. Westcott. On his answer will depend my future action. There will be no dallying in the matter, and if I cannot conduct the campaign on my own methods and with people who will aid and not retard me, I will not enter the fight at all."

CAPTAIN BURCHINAL.

It is said that Capt. Wm. D. Burchinal, a close friend of Mr. Westcott, has gone to Kent county to consult Mr. Westcott in reference to accepting the chairmanship. Captain Burchinal, it is said, will urge Mr. Westcott to accept, believing such action to be in the best interest of the whole party.

THE GUNNING SEASON.

Will Soon be Here—Local and General Law.—Licenses.

The Baltimore *Sun* of Wednesday contained a full synopsis of the laws governing shooting in the various counties of the State. We clip the following, which is applicable mainly to the Eastern Shore counties:

WOODCOCK.

The woodcock is another game bird that is much sought after. The State law allows shooting between June 15 and February 1. Some of the county laws allow shooting as early as June 10. Most of the counties have local laws are follows: Caroline—July 5 to February 1. Cecil—June 10 to January 1. Dorchester—June 15 to February 1. Kent—July 4 to February 1. Queen Anne's—July 4 to February 1. Talbot—July 4 to January 1.

PROLIFIC RABBITS.

Rabbits, the delight of the German-American sportsmen, abound all over the State, and though thousands upon thousands are killed every season, so prolific are they that there is apparently no diminution in their numbers. On some of the islands in the Chesapeake Bay from a nucleus of half a dozen pairs placed there two years ago hundreds were killed last season, and they are reported to be overstocked again. The State laws allows shooting from October 15 to January 15. The local laws are: Caroline—November 1 to January 1. Cecil—November 1 to January 16. Kent—November 1 to December 24. Queen Anne's—November 1 to December 24. Somerset—November 1 to March 1. Talbot—October 15 to December 31. Wicomico—November 1 to February 15. Worcester—November 1 to January 15.

PARTRIDGES.

Partridge-shooting is to the field sports what duck-shooting is to water sports. It is the acme. The state abounds in the game, and the favorite sports are readily accessible by rail and water routes. Not until October 15 can the gunner lawfully shoot partridges in Maryland. Then he must confine his shooting to Allegany, Garrett and Talbot counties.

The general State law allows shooting from November 1 to December 24. This law applies in all counties where there is no local law. Where there is a local law it takes precedence over the State law. Caroline—November 1 to January 10. Cecil—November 1 to January 10. Dorchester—November 1 to February 1. Somerset—November 1 to March 1. Talbot—October 15 to December 31. Wicomico—November 1 to January 1. Worcester—November 1 to February 1.

The charges for game licenses to non-residents is in Kent $4.50

SHIPPING LICENSES.

In Queen Anne's, Kent and Caroline counties it is unlawful for any person to ship game to sell, at any season, without a license. The cost of license is $100, with $5 fine for each bird shipped in violation.

Honor itself is but the highest form of vanity.

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